The Chatham Record

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 6, 1909.

H. A. LONDON, Editor.

THE General Assembly of North Carolina convened in the State Capitol at noon today. The Senate was called to order by Lieutenant-Governor Winston, who will act as its presiding officer until the inauguration of the new lieutenant-governor next Tuesday. Of course Mr. A. J. Maxwell was re-elected chief clerk and Mark Squires was elected reading clerk.

The House was organized by the election of Hon. A. W. Graham as Speaker, T. G. Cobb chief clerk and R. M. Phillips reading clerk.

While of course regretting that our countyman, Mr. R. H. Hayes, was not elected Speaker, yet we are pleased to know that the honor has been bestowed upon one so worthy and competent as Judge Graham.

ON and after the first day of this month it is unlawful for any person to manufacture or sell any kind of intoxicating liquors. This is in accordance with the act of the Legislature which was approved by the voters of the State by a majority of over forty-four thousand.

Because Prohibition now prevails throughout our State its advocates must not think that they can now rest from their labors. There is more need now than ever before of a thorough organization, in order to enforce a rigid execution of the prohibition laws. The Legislature ought to give our county officers full and ample power to enforce the laws, because hereafter we cannot depend so entirely upon the revenue officers to break up "blockading."

THE annual report of the board of directors of the State Prison submitted to Governor Glenn Saturday gives the financial condition for 1907 and 1908, which shows the prison to be in fine shape financially, and contains some important recommendations from Superintendent J. S. Mann.

Chief among these recommendations is that all county chain gangs in North Carolina should be abolished. Superintendent Mann points out that in forty counties of the State over 1200 prisoners are serving sentences on chain gangs, that the counties do not in any way act in concert with each other, each county being in supreme control of its own gang, prescribing its own rules of discipline, of clothing, of feeding, of guarding, of quartering and working, and that as a result, in addition to what is known as the State's Prison, North Carolina has forty wholly independent State prisons under forty separate and distinct managements, with forty different distinct sets of rules and regulations, and over which there is absolutely no State supervision and inspection. Lack of hospital facilities is assigned as another reason for the abolishment of the county chain gang. The report further insists that every person in North Carolina under conviction and serving a term of imprisonment for crime should be under the direct, immediate and exclusive care, management and control of the State.

Under the chain-gang policy of our State much progress has been made in road building and this improving of our public highways was largely responsible for the institution of the chain gang. While we are not prepared to advocate the total abolishment of these chain gangs, as above recommended, yet we fully concur in the recommendation that they should be under state inspection, for abuses are less liable to exist under this arrangement than under the present policy. As the State, through its solicitor, prosecutes and convicts these prisoners, it cannot and should not evade its responsibility for those whom it has fettered in crime. As there are so many counties which have chain gangs, it is highly improbable that all of Superintendent Mann's recommendations will be carried out, but they are worthy of the most serious consideration of our Legislators now in session which it is hoped will be given them.

AFTER a painful sickness of several months, which he had endured with a Christian's resignation and a hero's fortitude, John Randolph Lane fell on sleep on the afternoon of last Thursday, expiring with the dying year.

He was the highest ranking officer which this county furnished to the Confederate army, having been for nearly two years the colonel of the famous 26th N. C. regiment. He was among the first volunteers from this county, having enlisted as a private in company G, 26th regiment, and his promotion was due entirely to his own personal merit and worth. Without the advantages of a collegiate or even academic education, without any previous military training whatever, and without the advantages of influential friends, this country youth, this farmer's son (the best type of our country's manhood) attained that high position and discharged its duties with distinguished honor to himself and to his State. No greater praise can be given him or any man, than to say (as can most truly be said of him) that he was a worthy successor of the first two colonels of his regiment—Zebulon B. Vance and Harry K. Burgwyn.

Col. Lane may well be called a [illegible] scarred veteran, for he was [illegible] in five times, and his recovery from some of these wounds seems almost miraculous. Although he had no military training whatever before volunteering, he learned so rapidly that under his command the regiment maintained the high standard of discipline and efficiency which it had attained under the lamented Burgwyn. Notwithstanding its almost annihilation at Gettysburg and Bristoe Station, the regiment before the opening of the next campaign in May, 1864, had been recruited to 750 men and was pronounced by Gen. Heth to be one of the best drilled regiments in his division.

In the first day's fight at Gettysburg Col. Lane received his most serious wound. One after another of his regiment had been shot down while carrying the flag when he seized it and shouted to his men "26th., follow me!" In a few moments while thus leading his regiment he fell desperately wounded as the enemy broke and fled. On the fortieth anniversary of this incident Col. Lane and the Federal soldier who shot him met on the scene of their bloody conflict and clasped hands in friendly greeting.

Col. Lane was as courteous as he was courageous, as gentle as he was brave, as was illustrated by an incident which strikingly contrasts the chivalrous treatment of Northern ladies by Southern soldiers to the brutal treatment received by so many Southern ladies from Union soldiers. On the night of June 30th (the night before the battle of Gettysburg began) Gen. Pettigrew's brigade was encamped about three miles from Gettysburg. Lieut-Col. Lane of the 26th regiment was the officer of the day, and entrusted with the charge of the picket line. While in the discharge of his duties he met two ladies who were cut off from their homes by the picket lines, and were very much excited and alarmed. He promptly assured them that the Confederates were not making war upon women and children and that he would esteem it a privilege to protect them, and at once advanced the picket line beyond their homes in order that they could return home and be fully protected.

We have not time and space now to give even a summary of Col. Lane's war record of which every North Carolinian should feel proud. After the close of the war Col. Lane returned to his home in this county where he has ever since resided and by his industry and sound judgment had accumulated quite a large estate. He was the first and largest contributor to Chatham's Confederate monument and always exhibited a most kindly interest in and sympathy for everything that related to the Confederate soldiers and his army comrades.

The death of this distinguished hero of the "Lost Cause" is a personal bereavement to this writer, and we shall ever fondly cherish the memory of one whose friendship it was our privilege to have enjoyed so many years.

Negroes Quarrelling Over Taft.

Atlanta, Ga., Jan. 4.— When President-elect Taft accepted the invitation to visit Atlanta the middle of this month, a committee of leading negroes obtained from the chamber of commerce permission to entertain the distinguished visitor for one evening. Now there has arisen a tumultuous controversy between two factions of Atlanta's colored population as to where and under whose auspices Mr. Taft shall speak to them.

The chamber of commerce designated Big Bethel church, which was suggested by the faction headed by Bishop Gaines. So hot has the conflict grown between Bishop Gaines and the faction headed by H. L. Johnson, who wants Judge Taft to speak at the Tabernacle church, that it appears today that a third faction has sprung up. It is understood that this new combination will ask the chamber of commerce to select some other place than either Big Bethel or Tabernacle for the meeting. Failing in this, it is stated the third party will ask Judge Taft not to speak to the negroes at all.

Congress Aids Earthquake Sufferers.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 4.— Bountiful provisions for the earthquake sufferers of Italy was made by Congress today and that, too, by unanimous vote. In the House there was vigorous handclapping as the bill carrying the appropriation was sent on its way. The munificent sum of $800,000 was granted almost immediately after the reception in both houses of a message from the President calling attention to the calamity and the pressing need for aid for the stricken of a sister nation.

The President's signature was not affixed to the bill tonight as it did not reach him, neither the Vice-President, nor the Speaker yet having signed it. The House had adjourned and Speaker Cannon had left the Capitol before the Senate passed the measure.

President Roosevelt will sign the bill making it effective when it reaches him, which probably will be tomorrow.

Volunteers For Chain Gang.

From The Monroe Inquirer.

Seven men who have never been convicted of a crime are serving time on the chain gang in this county. These men have been arrested for various offenses and have been bound over to superior court, and not being able to give bond have voluntarily gone to the chain gang and are wearing the stripes and working like convicts until their trial time in the superior court comes. It is presumed these volunteer road builders will plead guilty of the crimes with which they are charged and when they are sentenced credit will be given them for the time served on the roads. Soon after the last term of superior court for the trial of criminal cases a negro was put in jail to await trial at the November term, and being alone in jail he begged to be allowed to go to the roads and break rock, and that fellow has been making a splendid hand since last August.

The next session of the North Carolina Teachers' Assembly will be held at Atlantic Hotel, Morehead City, June 15-18th, inclusive.

Mr. M. L. Shipman, Commissioner of Labor and Printing, has appointed Mr. Geo. B. Justice, of Charlotte, as his assistant.

The county will be flooded with eloquence for the next few weeks. Congress and the Legislatures in many of the States will be in session.

The statistics of life insurance people show that in the last twenty five years the average length of a man's life has increased 5 per cent., or two whole years from 41.9 to 43.9 years

---

The first division of Admiral Sperry's battleship fleet has been directed to go to Naples to assist in the relief work. The remainder of the fleet is to be distributed at various points on the Mediterranean at Admiral Sperry's direction.

In the election held in Haywood county Saturday, to fill the vacancy in the General Assembly caused by the death of Representative-elect H. R. Ferguson, W. T. Lee, Democrat, was unanimously chosen. There was no Republican candidate for the position.

Deputy Insurance Commissioner W. A. Scott calls attention to the fact that for the year ending January 1st. 1909, there were in Mecklenburg county nineteen barn-burnings with every indication that they were of incendiary origin and without any clue whatever as to who were the guilty parties.

He Clothes the World and Goes Naked Himself.

From the Smithfield Herald.

Think of the importance of the cotton crop to clothe the people of this big world. If no cotton should be planted for two or three years cloth would be too high to buy as is it would be almost impossible to get enough material of any other kind to make clothing. We know of no other cheap cloth making material. Cotton stands in the world without a competitor as a cheap material for clothing. In view of this it does seem that the makers of cotton should be paid for their labor. With no real competitor in the field beside it, why should it not sell for enough to pay the farmer to make it? In many a Southern home the child will be this winter sitting huddled around small fires, barefoot because cotton is selling at 7 1-2 to 8 1-2 cents, and after paying the debts, not enough left to buy shoes. In many homes the family will sleep cold every night because there is no money to buy beds or cover to go on them. The cotton crop has gone for less than the cost of production and there is nothing left to buy with. Many a man, woman and child are without comfortable clothing, to say nothing of Sunday wear, and all because of the low price of cotton. Men with their wives and children have worked hard to make and house large crops of cotton and now go in rags and suffer with cold, while mill men and speculators and some big cotton dealers ride in automobiles and Pullman cars and enjoy high living with good incomes. Such a condition of things is not right and there should be found some way out of a trouble like this. We hope it will be found.

Both Caught the Otter.

From the Smithfield Herald.

Mr. Dick Stephenson, of Cleveland township, makes money by trapping. Up to a few days ago he had caught seven minks this season. Since then he set a steel trap in a certain place and covered it over with leaves. Later Mr. James Stephenson went to the same place and set a trap about four or five feet away, not knowing about the other trap. A large otter got one of his hind feet in one of these and ran around trying to get loose until he was caught by one of his forefeet in the other trap. The two men will sell the otter's skin and divide the money, as both caught him. It is worth eight or ten dollars.

The Pure Food Law.

Secretary Wilson says: "One of the objects of the law is to inform the consumer of the presence of certain harmful drugs in medicines." The law requires that the amount of chloroform, opium, morphine, and other habit forming drugs be stated on the label of each bottle. The manufacturers of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy have always claimed that their remedy did not contain any of these drugs, and the truth of this claim is now fully proven, as no mention of them is made on the label. This remedy is not only one of the safest, but one of the best in use for coughs and colds. Its value has been proven beyond question during the many years it has been in general use. For sale by G. R. Pilkington.

Charles Brown, a farmer living near Selma, N. C., was fatally shot from ambush Sunday night by an unknown person.

JUST ONE WORD that word is

Tutt's,

it refers to Dr. Tutt's Liver Pills and

MEANS HEALTH.

Are you constipated?
Troubled with indigestion?
Sick headache?
Virtigo?
Bilious?
Insomnia?

ANY of these symptoms and many others indicate inaction of the LIVER.

You Need

Tutt's Pills

Take No Substitute.

MORTGAGE SALE.—By virtue of a mortgage executed to me by John T McDonald and wife, Minnie McDonald, and registered on page 170 in Book "E. A.", in the office of the register of deeds for Chatham county, I will sell for cash at public auction at the courthouse door at Pittsboro, N. C., at 12 m. on Saturday, the 6th day of February, 1909, the land described in said mortgage, situated in Cape Fear township, Chatham county, North Carolina, being the whole of the tract of land whereon resided the late William Cotten at the time of his death, he being the sole owner thereof, and sold to the said O. C. Cotten and conveyed by John A. Womack deed, commissioner etc., and sold by said O. C. Cotten and wife to John T. McDonald, containing 51 acres more or less, said land adjoining the lands of Gaston Rollins, dec'd, Jessie Rollins, dec'd, and others said deed being registered in Book "D. G." at page 585 in the office of said register of deeds.

January 6, 1909. B. W. BURT.

Annual Statement.

(continued from last week)

ON ACCOUNT OF BRIDGES.

C L Lester	$ 45.30
W M Lindsey	10.80
W F Ellington	4.
A J Hinton	15.75
O S Dixon	350.
Sion Harrington	37.14
M T Kelly	62.17
John A Knight	11.40
W T Gunter	8.
John A Gunter	14.11
D M Bridges	23.04
T H Yarboro	246.02
B D Woody	80.
J L Gilliland	32.34
Thomas Kelly	33.50
E C Mims	12.50
J A Palmer	24.
W A Pugh	20.
T A Yarboro	.40
A F Harrington	49.50
John Gunter	6.05
Rev A H Perry	13.20
W H Hearne	1065.40
Henry Durham	4.19
J H Dark	66.06
R E Harris	613.11
J R Jones	17.
John R Churchill	1.50
Hunter Bros & J W Williams	21.83
Robert Lee	12.50
B M McIver	3.50
W C Stone	8.82
W R Stone	6.20
Hunter Bros	26.39
A T Campbell	30.
T B Bray	5.
H J Womble	5.
H D Mason	44.70
J J Peoples	7.
M W Duncan	37.60
W A Copeland	6.
A T Ward & S H Hearne	351.75
Harry Jones	10.
Spencer Taylor & F P Nooe	10.
Fred Seagroves	5.
J A Thomas	33.80
Thomas & Perry	70.
T H Buchanan	7.15
C D Moore	6.
C S Wilson	2.50
W L London	.70
W R Stone	4.04
T M Bynum	49.50
Total	3631.52

ON ACCOUNT OF OUTSIDE POOR.

T W Hobby	18.
J S Farrell	5.
J D Hatcher	9.
Wm Pendergrass	7.50
W A Cooper	12.
D G Fox & Smith	38.75
D G Fox & Son	26.25
J T Paschal & Co	2.
J M Sanders	9.
J J Perry	3.
Sam Boggs	2.
I W Clark	2.
Chas Phillips	4.50
Bynum & Headen	12.50
Henry Jones	3.
Thos Womble	30.
W L Griffin	6.
H M London	2.
A J Bynum & Son	47.45
Geo H Brooks	112.62
T C Lawrence	24.50
T B Cole	10.
R L Ward	16.
Granville Perry	24.
C F H White	30.
W E Brooks	38.
Henderson Holt	21.
R D Tally & Son	19.50
W G Cheek	24.
F E Strowd	22.
J T Paschal	5.
S W Willett	55.
W H Collier	28.
T M Bynum	81.50
J R Brown	22.
C H Culver	37.
A N Yarboro	12.
L N Womble	16.
F C Poe	12.
Wesley Holt	30.
C T Norwood	37.
Stokes Judd	8.
Mann Tillman Co	22.50
Bynum & Headen	40.50
Billie Cooper	6.
W P Kirkman	26.
J B Burke	18.
W E Griffin	48.
D N Perry	25.
O M Goodwin	16.50
J R Milliken	12.
John Pennington	24.
H L Burns	18.
W A Farrell	16.50
Ida Jones	6.
L P Council	12.
Lambeth Bros	30.
N G Yarboro	15.
W L London & Son	42.
John Hackney	24.
Pete Dowdy	33.
David Eubanks	10.
Teague & Lambe	5.
J B Thompson	12.
J W Thrift	6.
J L Tyson	36.
J H Cotton	11.
D G Fox & Son	58.50
Geo Pilkington	14.
R R Vann	12.
J B Atwater	27.50
Poe Atwater Mer Co	29.50
Tyson & Dismukes.	27.
Total	$1608.57

PATENTS

PROCURED AND DEFENDED. Send model, drawing or photo. for report search and free report. Free advice, how to obtain patents, trade marks, copyrights, etc., IN ALL COUNTRIES.
Business direct with Washington saves time, money and often the patent.
Patent and Infringement Practice Exclusively.
Write or come to us at
523 Ninth Street, opp. United States Patent Office,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

CASNOW &

Plant Wood's Seeds
For The
Garden & Farm.

Thirty years in business, with a steadily increasing trade every year—until we have to-day one of the largest businesses in seeds in this country—is the best of evidence as to

The Superior Quality of Wood's Seeds.

We are headquarters for

Grass and Clover Seeds, Seed Potatoes, Seed Oats, Cow Peas, Soja Beans and all Farm Seeds.

Wood's Descriptive Catalog the most useful and valuable of Garden and Farm Seed Catalogs mailed free on request.

T. W. WOOD & SONS,
Seedsmen, - Richmond, Va.

LAND SALE.—Under and by virtue of a degree of the Superior Court of Chatham county, made in a special proceeding entitled W. B. Riggsbee and others against Lottie T. Riggsbee and Lura C. Riggsbee, I will offer for sale to the highest bidder, on the 2nd., day of February, 1909, at the court house door in Pittsboro, North Carolina, at 12.00 o'clock M, the following tract of land, to-wit:—

Situated in Chatham county, North Carolina, in New Hope Township, on the head-waters of Buffaloe Creek, bounded as follows: On the North by the lands of Sidny Farrar, on the East by the lands known as the Lambeth lands, now owned by B. Nooe, on the South by the lands known as the Lambeth lands, and now owned by B. Nooe, and Carey Moore and, on the West by the lands owned by B. Nooe—and containing 30 acres, more or less.

Terms of sale:—One third cash on day of sale, balance due in six months with interest on deferred payment from day of sale, with privilege to the purchaser to pay all cash on day of sale and title is reserved till the purchase price is paid in full.

This 30th. day of December, 1908.

J. ELMER LONG,
Commissioner.

MORTGAGE SALE — BY virtue of a mortgage executed to me by J. D. Brooks and wife, C. W. Brooks, and registered on page 267 in Book "E. A." in the office of the register of deeds of Chatham county, I will sell for cash at public auction at the court-house door at Pittsboro, N. C., at 12 m. on Saturday, the 16th. day of January, 1909, the land described in said mortgage, situated in Hickory Mountain township, Chatham county, North Carolina, adjoining the lands of W. C. Burke and others, beginning on the north bank of Rocky river, about the "High Rock", running thence north 30 degrees east 222 poles to grantees line, thence with his line north 25 degrees west 86 poles to Peoples' corner, thence with his line of marked trees to the fork of the branch, thence down the various courses of the branch 134 poles to walnut tree, thence west 116 poles to the river, thence down the river to the beginning, containing 236 acres, saving and excepting however about 100 acres conveyed by deed registered on pages 314 and 315 in Book "D. K." in said register's office.

W. C. TROY.

December 15, 1908.

Notice of Land Entry.

North Carolina,—Chatham County.

The undersigned Daniel L. Vestal, of Chatham county, North Carolina, enters and lays claim to the following described piece or parcel of land in Matthews township, Ghatham county, State of North Carolina, the same being vacant and unappropriated land, and subject to entry, viz: Certain lands lying and being in Matthews township, of said county and State aforesaid, adjoining the lands of I. H. Dunlap, on the west, on the north and south, and the Brantley heirs, Mary Brantley and D. L. Vestal on the east; being bounded on the north by Tick creek, on the east by the lands of D. L. Vestal, Mary Brantley and the Brantley heirs, on the south by I. H. Dunlap, and on the west by I. H. Dunlap, containing by estimation eight acres.

This January 6, 1909.

D. L. VESTAL.

Summons By Publication.

NORTH CAROLINA, Chatham county. } In the Superior court

Nannie Wicker,
vs.
George Wicker

The defendant, George Wicker, will take notice that an action, entitled as above, has been commenced in the superior court of Chatham county by the plaintiff for a divorce from the bonds of matrimony; and the defendant will further take notice that he is required to appear at the next term of the superior court of Chatham county, to be held at Pittsboro, N. C., on the first Monday in February, 1909, and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply for the relief demanded in the complaint. This 30th. day of December, 1908.

JAS. L. GRIFFIN,
Clerk Superior Court.

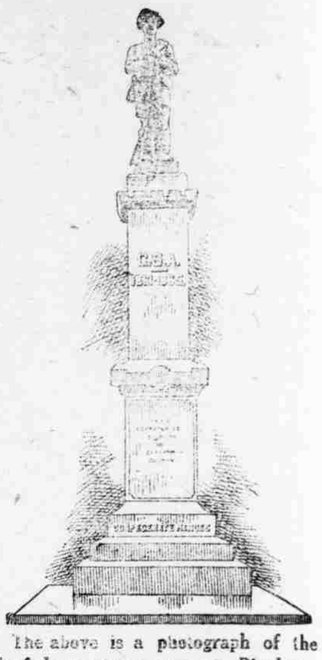
H. A London & Son,
Attorneys of Plaintiff.

NOTICE!

The public is hereby notified that on Monday, February 1, 1909, the joint boards of road and county commissioners will take up and act upon the matter of building a bridge across Rocky river at Green's Mill or elsewhere, at which time all persons interested will be heard.

H. G. DORSETT,
Ex-Officio Clerk to Board.

This January 4th, 1909.



The above is a photograph of the Confederate monument at Pittsboro, which was erected by the Durham Marble Works, Dealers in Monuments, Tombstones, etc.

For designs, etc., write to C. J. Hulin, Proprietor, Durham, N. C.

Improved Passenger Service Via Southern Railway.

Effective Sept. 6th, the Southern Railway will inaugurate through Pullman car service between Raleigh, N. C., and Atlanta, Ga. This sleeper will be handled on train 139, which leaves Raleigh at 4:05 p. m. and on train 43 from Greensboro, arriving at Atlanta at 6:25 a. m. Northbound on train 44, which leaves Atlanta 9:25 p. m., arriving at Raleigh 12:30 noon following day. Train 43 connects at Salisbury with train 35 for Asheville, Knoxville, Chattanooga, Memphis, Cincinnati, Chicago and other points.

For Pullman reservations, call on or write to W. H. McGlamery, P. & T. A., Raleigh, or R. H. DeButts, P. & T. A., Greensboro.

R. L. VERNON,
T. P. A.,
Charlotte, N. C.

PERSONALLY CONDUCTED
Tour to
HAVANA, CUBA
and Return
January 11, 1909

In charge Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Gittis, Raleigh, N. C.

ROUND TRIP

$45:60

And includes meals and Stateroom Berth on steamer.

LEAVES MONCURE 6:09 P. M.

Six Days in Cuba.

All arrangements completed for low hotel rates and side trips in Cuba, and stops will be made at Jacksonville, St. Augustine, Palm Beach, and Miami and carriage drives may be taken at these points.

An attractive part of the trip through Florida is over the Florida East Coast Railway, Concrete Viaduct Extension, through the Keys to Knight's Key Dock, where a steamer of the P. & O. S. S. Co., is taken to Havana.

Party will visit many points of interest in Cuba, including Mantanzas, Gaunajay, Guines, Morro Castle and Cabanas Forts, and through the sugar and tobacco plantations and will return about January 22nd. Those who do not desire to return with the party can leave Havana as late as January 27th. 1909.

For details, write at once to the undersigned, as the party will be limited on account of lack of accomodation on stesmer.

C. H. GATTIS,
T. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

Coffins and :-: caskets :-:

A full stock of Coffins and Caskets always on hand and sold at all prices. All kinds and sizes.

B. Nooe,
Pittsboro, N. C.

Jan. 1, 1908.