

The Chatbam Record.

For Larger Advertisements Liberal Contracts will be made.

NORTH STATE HAPPENINGS

Occurrences of Interest Gleaned From All Sections of the Busy Tar Heel State

Taylorsville Train Wrecked.

Statesville, Special.—The mixed passenger and freight train from Taylorsville, which is due in Statesville at 10:10 o'clock was wrecked Thursday morning at a point about one and a half miles south of Hiden. Two loaded box cars, the baggage and mail car and the second-class passenger coach left the track and were badly damaged, but no one was hurt. The locomotive broke loose from the derailed cars and remained on the track unharmed, and the first-class passenger coach, which was at the rear of the train, did not leave the rails. As soon as the extent of the damage was learned the locomotive proceeded to Stony Point station, where an empty box car was secured. Chairs were placed in the car and it was taken to the scene of the wreck. Captain Rowland quickly transferred the passengers to the box cars—'a side door Pullman'—and the engine and car came on to Statesville, arriving here on schedule time. The train which arrived here from Charlotte at 10 o'clock was sent back to Charlotte and the morning train to Taylorsville was annulled. What caused the wreck is not known and neither Engineer Patton or Captain Rowland offer any theories as to the cause.

New Industrial News Deal.

Greensboro, Special.—Another turn was taken in the affairs of The Industrial News Thursday, when Judge Boyd signed an order transferring the bankruptcy proceedings against the corporation to Mr. G. S. Ferguson, Jr., referee in bankruptcy. Referee Ferguson will advertise a meeting of creditors for the purpose of electing a trustee for the purpose of winding up the affairs of the bankruptcy. The Daily Industrial News, which was established here as the Republican organ in North Carolina early in October, 1905, was placed in the hands of a receiver November 14, 1909, and the paper suspended publication January 29. The receiver made three attempts to sell the property, not a single bid being offered at the last sale, on February 15th. The failure to resurrect The Industrial News means that, for a while, at least, Greensboro will be without an Associated Press morning paper.

Mr. Walter H. Savoy, the representative of the Mergenthaler Company, is here and has arranged to have the Linotype machines used by The Industrial News boxed and shipped to the company's factory in Brooklyn, N. Y. Mr. Charles G. Harrison, of the Harrison Printing Company, has been engaged to take down and prepare the machines for shipment and went to work on the job Thursday.

Hearing in Whitney Case.

Salisbury, Special.—For the purpose of conducting a special hearing in the litigation against the Whitney Power Company, of Pittsburgh, owners of the big electric and water-power plant being developed at the Narrows, on the Yadkin River, near Salisbury, A. H. Price, of this city, went to New York Thursday. Hon. John S. Henderson, receiver of the \$10,000,000 concern, and Burton Craige, also of this city, are also in New York for the hearing, which, it is said, will last ten days. The principal issue in the cases arises over a claim of the contracting firm of the T. A. Gillespie Company for a balance of about \$253,000 alleged to be due from the Whitney Company. It is believed here that all the differences will be adjusted and work resumed on the big plant.

In Trouble Again.

Raleigh, Special.—Fred Miller, the young man of good family who came into the limelight some months ago through being arrested and held in jail some time on suspicion of being connected with the murder of Dr. W. E. Smith, of Richmond, last November, is in trouble again, having been jailed on the charge of robbery. He is accused by Gordon N. Morgan.

Fate Uncertain.

Raleigh, Special.—Governor Kitchin will special his order very soon as to whether former Sheriff Anson, of Sampson county, shall serve his six years' sentence for embezzlement of county funds in the penitentiary or on the roads of Sampson county. Friends of the prisoner are urging that he be allowed to remain in Sampson and serve on the roads. The carrying out of the sentence to the State's prison has been suspended several weeks, in order that the Governor might have opportunity to look into the merits of the appeal for change of sentence.

His Eye Removed.

Salisbury, Special.—As a result of the explosion of a powder magazine at the Southern Railway shops at Spencer last October, an operation was performed Wednesday upon Fred Loftin, of Salisbury, one of his eyes being removed. A piece of steel was found behind the eye, and the other member is said to be severely injured. Mr. Loftin is the last victim of the explosion to be dismissed from a hospital here.

Cloers' Victims Increase.

Statesville, Special.—Additional charges against the Cloer brothers Robert and Joe Cloer, the noted neck flashers who are in jail here awaiting trial, continue to pile up and it is probable that the number of their victims will never be known. There are probably many victims who know that the Cloers are now in jail but they don't care to let it be known that they cashed bogus checks, because the telling will not bring back their money, and few of us are anxious to let it be known that we have been taken in or worked by a sharper. This is preliminary to saying that Mr. R. F. Burton, cashier of a bank at Marion, was shown a photograph of Robert Cloer—the one who operated most extensively—the other day and recognized him as the man who passed a forged check on the Marion bank. This is the first case to turn up from the Marion section.

Pitt County Teachers.

Greenville, Special.—Pitt county has a teachers' association that ranks with the best in the State. It has a membership considerably above one hundred, holds meetings once a month and is attended by practically all the public school teachers in the county. Through the efforts of the association, led by the county superintendent of schools, Prof. W. H. Ragsdale, educational interest has reached a high pitch over the entire county. In addition to the splendid programme participated in by various teachers of the county, a prominent educator from different colleges in the State is secured to address each meeting of the association. The address at the meeting last Saturday was by Prof. J. Henry Highsmith, of Wake Forest College, and is pronounced one of the best the association has ever heard.

State Officers' Club.

Raleigh, Special.—The North Carolina State officers are organizing themselves into a social club with a limited number of outside members, the indications being that the organization will come to be quite a feature of interest in Raleigh. The entire Woman's Club building, west of Capitol Square, has been leased, except the assembly room, which the women will retain for meeting purposes. It has been a matter of dissatisfied comment for some time among the State officers that they had no place where they could come together in a social way and exchange views without the formalities of some official session or conference. To Hon. B. F. Dixon State auditor, is due the credit for having hit upon a solution of the difficulty in conceiving the formation of the club.

Many Want Jobs.

Raleigh, Special.—Governor Kitchin says he is receiving many letters from people in various parts of the State asking to be appointed as inspectors of illuminating oils under the operation of the act passed by the recent Legislature providing an inspection system for North Carolina, provision being made for each inspector, one for each congressional district, the pay for each not to exceed \$1,000 per year. The Governor says, however, that he finds that the appointments are not to be made by him, but by the State Department of Agriculture. The act becomes operative July 1, and will necessitate the testing of all illuminating oils offered for sale in the State, the inspector's tag of approval being necessary on every package of oil before it can be offered for sale at retail.

Pasture Treatment Successful.

Statesville, Special.—Mr. Fred Abernathy, who was bitten by a rabid dog two or three weeks ago and went to Raleigh to take the Pasteur treatment for hydrophobia, passed through Statesville Monday evening en route to his home at Oak Forest. He can now rest assured of no further ill effects as a result of his experience with the mad dog.

Special Tax For Schools.

Raleigh, Special.—The election for special tax of 15 cents on the \$1,000 of valuation and 45 cents on the poll to maintain the schools of Raleigh township for nine months, in place of six, was Tuesday won by the schools, which polled 1,154 votes out of 1,849 registered. The opposition voted only 345. The deficiency in funds was caused by the voting out of the liquor dispensary and for two years the schools have had only a six months' term. The increase applies to next year's terms, as the schools are now closed.

Wounded Negro Dies.

Fayetteville, Special.—Robinson Elliott, negro, who was shot while resisting arrest, by Deputy Sheriff Godwin, Sunday, died from injuries Tuesday night, after amputation of his wounded leg. When shot, Elliott was engaged in a hand-to-hand fight with the deputy while his daughter was attempting to place a shotgun in his hand. The coroner's jury rendered a verdict of self-defense.

LAUNDERERS CONVENE

Third Annual Meeting of the Association Meets in Goldsboro.

Goldsboro, Special.—The third annual convention of the Launderers' Association of the Carolinas convened in this city Monday morning and is largely attended by representative citizens from the more progressive towns of the sister Carolinas. At 10 o'clock Monday the convention was formally called to order in the public chamber of commerce by its president, Mr. C. M. Brown, of Asheville. After address of welcome by Col. J. E. Robinson, editor of the Argus and response by Mr. H. A. Smith, of Florence, S. C., the convention got speedily down to business. The afternoon's business session was opened at 2 o'clock, but adjourned at 3 o'clock to the Country Club, the members leaving on the train at 3:10 for that delightful location, where the deliberations were resumed at 3:45, and a barbecue was tendered by Mr. B. H. Griffin, of the Kennon.

Desire Better Corn Crop.

Gastonia, Special.—To stimulate the growing of corn in Gaston county, Mr. A. C. Stroup, who is in charge of the Government's co-operative demonstration work for this county, will offer prizes aggregating nearly \$200 for the best yields of corn to the acre during the coming season. The number of prizes and the rules and regulations governing the contest will be made known in a few days. It is open to all farmers in the county. Gaston farmers have heretofore raised cotton almost to the exclusion of all other farm products and it is desired to stimulate them in the raising of corn and other grains.

Working on Big Bridge Across Albemarle Sound.

Newbern, Special.—The N. & S. Railroad is now running a train daily which is getting up material for building the great bridge across Albemarle sound. About two years ago when work was first begun on the bridge hundreds of piles, some 70 feet long, were cut and placed on the railroad right of way between Washington and Beaufort. The company now has an engine and a crew with a steam loader at work loading these piles and taking them to Mackeys Ferry. So far as can be learned the actual construction work on the bridge itself has not yet begun, but large quantities of material are now being placed in readiness to begin the work.

Much Activity at Spencer.

Spencer, Special.—Not for more than a year has there been as much activity at Spencer as at the present time, the Southern Railway pay roll having been greatly increased this month by reason of larger appropriations for work in the big shops here. More men are said to be in the service in Spencer now than for two years and many are moving their families to live. The repair work on engines and cars accumulated during the past business depression will keep the employees busy for many months and this in addition to the regular work at the shops.

Ancient Relic Unearthed.

Fayetteville, Special.—Harry Wakeland, the young son of Prof. C. R. Wakeland, of this place, some days ago unearthed in plowing, an ancient spear head, evidently of the pattern used by the soldiers of the sixteenth century, particularly the Spanish, French and Italian, having the small hook in use at that period. The whole head is 12 inches long. It is probable that the spear and its bearer were lost by Verrazzani, the Italian explorer (employed by the French), or De Ayllen, the Spanish slave trader in their expeditions in 1524 and 1520.

State Banks Good Showing.

Raleigh, Special.—A summary of the condition of State, private and savings banks at the close of business February 5th by the Corporation Commission shows that there are 311 banks and they have aggregate resources of \$48,954,015, a gain of \$1,206,000 over the report of a year ago. The deposits aggregate \$33,262,679.

Lumber Flume 17 Miles Long.

Winston-Salem, Special.—Wilkes county is to have the longest lumber flume in North Carolina. It will be 17 miles in length and it is being installed by the Giant Lumber Co. The men at the head of the flume will begin work at 6 a. m., putting in the lumber while the employees in North Wilkesboro begin receiving three hours later, it requiring this time for the plank to float down the river. The flume, already constructed for several miles, is a fine and expensive piece of work and is frequently used by other lumber dealers.

North Carolina Sues Tennessee.

Raleigh, Special.—Attorney General Bickett, at the direction of Governor Kitchin, has brought suit in the Supreme Court of the United States against Tennessee to establish the boundary line between the two States. The disputed portion is in the Unaka Mountain section and is about 15 miles long and three to four miles wide. Gen. Theodore F. Davidson has been designated to appear in the case.

THE NEW TARIFF BILL

Will Bring Annual Revenue of \$300,000,000.

A FEW IMPORTANT CHANGES

The Payne Bill Expected to Wipe Out the Deficiency—Coffee Still on Free List, Sugar Little Reduced, Wool About the Same, Paper Cut in Half, Graduated Inheritance Tax.

Washington, Special.—Congress received the new tariff bill Wednesday from Chairman Payne, of the ways and means committee, whose name the bill bears. The bill is the product of five months work of the committee and contains 100,000 words. The estimated revenue under the tariff duties prescribed will amount to \$500,000,000, an increase of \$10,900,000 over the Dingley act. A striking feature of the bill is the inheritance tax. A direct inheritance of \$10,000 to \$100,000 is to be taxed one per cent; \$100,000 to \$500,000 two per cent; over \$500,000 three per cent. Collateral beneficiaries are to pay five per cent on all amounts over \$500. The bill authorizes the issue of Treasury certificates to the amount of \$250,000,000 to run one year. Coffee stays on the free list. There is no increase in the beer tax. There is an eight cent a pound tax on tea from the country where it is produced, and nine cents from other countries. The lumber duty is reduced 50 per cent; also steel rails and steel products; coal is to be on a reciprocal basis with countries admitting United States coal free. Wool, first and second class, is unchanged.

There is a reduction of five cents a hundred pounds on refined sugar. Iron ore and hides are on the free list. Shoes are reduced 40 per cent. Window glass is unchanged. Chairman Payne in a statement said that with the return to anything like normal conditions, the nation's deficit will be entirely wiped out; if not the bill provides for the issue of Panama Canal bonds for \$40,000,000 to make up any probable deficiency. The bill provides for reciprocal trade with the Philippines, limiting imports of sugar, tobacco and cigars. The Cuban reciprocity provisions are preserved. A tax is put on the transfer of property. The duties on cigarettes, perfumery, fancy soap, toilet articles, coats, pieces, feathers and fur are increased. The bill adds a new paragraph to the customs act fixing the basis of appraisement at not less than the wholesale price of the article when offered on the market. This basis is expected to result in an enormous increase in revenue. Printing paper is reduced 50 to 60 per cent, and wood pulp will be admitted free from all countries where no export duty is levied. A section is added applying to patents obtained by aliens in the United States. It will compel foreigners obtaining patents to build factories here and manufacture here for our trade. Provision is made to terminate various commercial agreements with foreign countries by notice. It is provided that the bill go into effect the day after it is passed. The following are among the increases: Coal, tar, dyes and cement, 30 to 35 per cent. Asphaltum and bitumen, 15 to 100 per cent per pound. Cast polished glass, 2 to 10 per cent, on smaller sizes. Watch movements, more than seven jewels, 70 cents each; 11 to 15 jewels, \$1.25 each; over 17 jewels, unchanged; watch cases unchanged. Zinc in ore, 20 per cent. Building stone is reduced 6 cents; pig iron is reduced from \$4 to 50 cents per ton; scrap iron from \$4 to 50 cents per ton; bar from 1-16 of 1 cent to 4-10 cent per pound, beams, joints, angles, etc., from 5-10 cent per pound to 3-10 cent per pound; hoop iron and steel bands reduced from 30 to 50 per cent; steel rails and railway bars from \$7 to \$3.50. Fire brick is reduced from 45 to 35 per cent. Marble, sawed or dressed, is reduced from \$1.10 to \$1 per cubic foot. Steel ingots are reduced from 3-10 cents per pound to 7-40 cent.

Arrangements have been completed to raise the first torpedo boat of the Confederacy from the bottom of Lake Pontchartrain. The boat is lying near Spanish Fort, where it went down. It is proposed to place this vessel on the lawn of the Confederate Soldiers' Home in New Orleans. 1,500 horses have been quarantined in Philadelphia on account of a peculiar mange. Jack Johnson the world champion pugilist is threatened with prosecution if he returns to his former home, Galveston, Texas, for violating the law in having a white wife, besides the fact that a colored woman there says she is his lawful wife. An aeroplane was christened in New York city last Saturday in ceremony like that of a ship, including the breaking of a bottle of champagne. The Seattle exposition will open on June 1st and news direct from there assures the public that 90 per cent of the work was complete on the 1st of March, making it safe to say it will open in completeness. More than 100 cases of illness occurred at Vincennes, Ind., last week at a centennial feast of Masonry. The New Haven, Conn., railroad has forbidden any of its employees to smoke while on duty. A Burglars' Trust has been discovered in which the light fingers of Chicago and Cleveland, O., exchange their liftings for easier disposal. One Bernard Solomon, of Mantecello, N. Y., slashed himself a dozen gashes and set his house on fire, all with suicidal intent Monday. Being rescued and expecting to live he charged a neighbor with the deed, but finding he would die he confessed the truth. Mrs. Bull, the widow of the late Dr. Bull, of New York, who died of tuberculosis at Savannah, Ga., announced that she will build and endow a hospital for the treatment of the dread disease. Musk rat pelts have been introduced on the headgear of the aristocratic fair sex of New Orleans, and the demand has made muskrat hunting an industry which inures to the safety of towns along the levees of the Mississippi.

Washington Affairs. Hon. Joseph Cannon was elected Speaker of the House of Representatives again last Monday. The amended rules of the House takes away some of the powers of the presiding officer. It is estimated that the Payne tariff bill, while reducing duties will increase the revenues as compared with the Dingley bill.

The armored cruisers West Virginia, Colorado, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, California, South Dakota and Washington, eight of the finest of our sea fighters are designated to take part in the Seattle Exposition.

Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Coolidge says the receipts for the first 15 days of March have been 27 per cent better than for the same period a year ago, while the difference in expenditures has been 65 per cent in the treasury's favor.

Lieut. Commander H. J. Cone has been made the head of the bureau of navy engineering, with the rank and pay of a rear-admiral. He distinguished himself in the round-the-world trip.

Foreign Notes. The insurrection started in Cuba last Monday came to an end Thursday night when the entire band surrendered to the civil authorities. The Cuban vice president, Alfredo Zayas, left Havana last Saturday for the United States, taking with him his son whom he will place at Annapolis prior to entering Cornell.

A committee from the textile manufacturing interests of North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and Alabama are in Washington urging that the tariff in their line remain as it now is. At Pandjara, Java, last Thursday landings from Mt. Kentjana fell covering two towns and killing 1000 people. The police of Palermo, Italy, believe they have the man that assassinated Lieutenant Joseph Petrosino. His name is Ialazzato.

Awaiting the Verdict. Nashville, Tenn., Special.—With no indications that the 12 men are anywhere near an agreement, the opinion begins to prevail that a mistrial will be the termination of the famous case against Col. Duncan B. Cooper and Robin J. Cooper and John D. Sharp for the slaying of former United States Senator Edward W. Carmack. Judge Hart at 4 p. m. Wednesday adjourned court and started for his country home.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF

Items of Interest Gathered By Wire and Cable

GLEANINGS FROM DAY TO DAY

Live News Covering Events of More or Less Interest at Home and Abroad.

New York suffered a fire Friday in an apartment store with a loss of \$500,000 and 21 persons hurt. It is believed that a million dollars worth of jewels are in the ruins. The Kernersville Woolen Mills, Kernersville, N. C., were burned Friday with products and raw material. The loss is estimated at \$20,000. John B. Sharp was acquitted Friday, of the charge of conspiracy in the slaying of E. W. Carmack at Nashville, Tenn., and Judge Hart sent the disagreeing jury back to further consider the case of the Coopers.

It is announced that President and Mrs. Taft and ex-President and Mrs. Roosevelt walked to church last Sunday. Arrangements have been completed to raise the first torpedo boat of the Confederacy from the bottom of Lake Pontchartrain. The boat is lying near Spanish Fort, where it went down. It is proposed to place this vessel on the lawn of the Confederate Soldiers' Home in New Orleans. 1,500 horses have been quarantined in Philadelphia on account of a peculiar mange.

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RENDERS VERDICT OF GUILTY

Decision Against the Two Coopers for Killing of Sen. Carmack—20 Years in the Penitentiary the Penalty.

Nashville, Tenn., Special.—Guilty of murder in the second degree—punishment 20 years' imprisonment—this was the unexpected verdict rendered by the jury against Col. Duncan B. Cooper and Robin J. Cooper when the court opened Saturday. The jury Friday acquitted John D. Sharp, indicted with the Coopers for the slaying of former U. S. Senator Edward W. Carmack.

Rush to Sign Bond. Although Judge Hart fixed the bond at \$25,000 there was a rush to sign it on the part of wealthy citizens of Nashville which fairly swamped the clerk of the criminal court. The first to arrive was John J. Greener, who signed for \$10,000 on each bond. Several others had been sent for and telephoned that they would come as quickly as automobiles would bring them. In a few moments Walter O. Parmer arrived and signed for the balance. "I will sign for a million for these men," he remarked. In vain the clerk protested over and over again that more than enough sureties had signed but the inevitable answer was "We want to put our name on that bond too." It seemed as though every friend of the Coopers considered it incumbent upon him to sign the bond. When there was no more room for names at the foot of the document the new bondsmen endorsed across the face until it was difficult to decipher the signatures. When filed the bond totaled nearly a million and a half.

The Jury's Verdict. At 9:25 the 12 men entered the room and took the same seats they had occupied for nearly 9 weeks. "Have you agreed upon a verdict, gentlemen?" said Judge Hart. "We have," replied Foreman E. M. Burke hoarsely. "Advance, Mr. Foreman, and read the verdict."

"We, the jury, find the defendants Duncan B. Cooper and Robin J. Cooper guilty of murder in the second degree and assess their punishment at confinement in the State penitentiary for a period of twenty years." "So say you all, gentlemen?" "So we say all," in chorus. "I thank you, your patience," said the court, "for your gentleness and devotion to the State, and dismiss you to your homes and to your personal vocations. The jurors were tired-looking and disheveled, but with the conclusion of this remark the entire 12 sprang from their seats as one man and hurriedly left the court room.

Verdict a Surprise. The verdict, coming as it did upon the heels of Foreman Burke's declaration Friday that "we are hopelessly tied up as to the Coopers," was a decided surprise. The defendants took it coolly—almost without emotion. In a second after Judge Hart ceased dismissing the jurors, Judge Anderson, of the defense, was on his feet exclaiming: "Your honor, we move that the case be declared a mistrial because of the verdict Friday was the only one, and that it acquitted John Sharp but declared a disagreement on the other defendants. We also ask that the defendants be admitted to bond at once."

A Bailable Case. "The verdict of the jury makes it a bailable case," was the court's report. "Hence I will fix the bond of each defendant at \$25,000 unless there be some objection. In that event I will hear arguments." "It is satisfactory to us," said Attorney General McCann. "And to us," retorted Judge Anderson. "There seems nothing left but for the court to pass sentence," added Judge Hart. "I do not think that necessary," said Judge Anderson. "We move that judgment be suspended and that we be given a new trial. We will be prepared to argue the motion later—probably next week." "All right, judge," remarked the court. "I know you will not delay unnecessarily and I will take it up at your own convenience."

How the Jury Voted. The jurors were not inclined to talk but one of them said: "On the first ballot we acquitted John Sharp and disregarded the conspiracy theory. On this same ballot we stood six for guilty of murder in the first degree with mitigating circumstances, five for murder in the second degree with 20 years, the maximum penalty and one for acquittal. The ballots all day Wednesday and Thursday showed the same result. Friday the man who voted for acquittal came over to murder in the second degree but demanded that only 10 years be assessed. The rest of us did not deem ten years as anything like adequate, so we disagreed again. Of course, all this refers to the Coopers, not Sharp, whom we had acquitted. Early Saturday morning the man who was holding out for 10 years agreed to 20 years and the six who were voting for a first degree verdict agreed to this verdict."

UNITED STATES CENSUS REPORT ON THE COTTON CROP. Washington, Special.—Running bales of cotton numbering 13,408,841, of average gross weight of 505 pounds, all equivalent to 13,563,942 500-pound bales, with 27,587 ginneries operating, was the final report of the census bureau Saturday on the cotton crop grown in 1908. The report included 344,970 linters and counts round as half bales. The final 1907 crop report was 11,325,832 bales, equivalent to 11,375,461 500-pound bales with 27,597 ginneries operating.

Included in the 1908 figures are 93,085 bales, which the ginneries estimated they would turn out after the time of the March canvass. Round bales in the report are 340,450 bales. Sea island bales included are 93,848 for 1908 and 86,895 for 1907. The crop by States, in running bales, including linters, follows: Alabama, 1,358,339 bales; Arkansas, 1,018,708 bales; Florida, 71,411 bales; Georgia, 2,022,828 bales; Kansas, Kentucky and New Mexico (including linters, of establishments in Illinois and Virginia), 5,054; Louisiana, 481,694 bales; Mississippi, 1,665,665 bales; Missouri, 60,609 bales; North Carolina, 699,507 bales; Oklahoma, 703,862 bales; South Carolina, 1,239,260 bales; Tennessee, 343,582 bales; Texas, 3,719,189 bales; Virginia, 13,013 bales.

THE HOUSE PASSES AMENDED CENSUS AND HEALTH BILLS. Washington, Special.—In its amended form the House took Thursday for consideration the bill providing for the taking of the next census. The bill was passed at the last session, but was vetoed by the President because of his objections to the provisions which took away from the Civil Service Commission the power of appointment of the clerks. An amendment by Mr. Sterling (Ill.) was agreed to providing that the appointments shall be made in conformity with the law of apportionment among the States under the civil service act. In order to prevent the spread of tuberculosis among government clerks, an amendment by Mr. Bennett (N. Y.) was agreed to requiring that each census applicant furnish with his or her application a certificate of good health. Medical Study of the Temperance Movement in the South." Howard A. Kelly, of Baltimore, on "The Alcohol Problem in Every-Day Life"; T. D. Crothers, of Hartford, Conn. on "The Future of the Alcoholic Problem"; and W. B. Parks, of Atlanta, Ga., on "The Effects of Alcohol on Temperament as it relates to Race and Nationality." The night's session developed much interesting among the scientists as indicating the necessity for laws relating to the care and protection of inebriates.

LYNCHED AT ELKINS, W. VA., FOR ASSAULTING OFFICER. Elkens, W. Va., Special.—Joseph Brown, said to have been an ex-convict, who Thursday evening shot and seriously wounded Chief of Police Scott White, at Whitmore, near here, was taken from jail by a crowd of men at 1:30 Friday morning and lynched. Brown was hanged upon a telegraph pole. Thursday evening White, who is a son of Mayor Washington White, of Whitmore, removed strated with Brown for using offensive language. Brown drew a revolver and shot White and then took to the mountains. He was followed by a posse of citizens, captured and placed in jail. Early Friday it seemed that the whole town was aroused and Brown was quietly taken out of the jail and hanged. Chief of Police White, it is believed, will recover Brown is said to have served several terms of imprisonment.