

30,000 ODD FELLOWS MEET IN ATLANTA
Grand Lodge Choses John C. Cockrum for Grand Sire, PARADE WAS BRILLIANT PAGEANT
Nearly 25,000 Men in Line in the Biggest Parade Atlanta Has Ever Seen.
Rebeks Entertained.

Atlanta—The Odd Fellows stormed the city, 25,000 strong; Atlanta gave them almost undivided attention in making them have the time of their lives.
The monster parade, in which fully 25,000 marched, was a brilliant spectacle, and all Atlanta, to say nothing of a good part of Georgia and neighboring states, were on hand to view the pageant as it wound itself through the city's streets, the greatest spectacle of its kind the South has ever seen.
There were close on to 30,000 members of the I. O. O. F. in the city when the grand street parade got in motion.
The barbecue to the visiting Odd Fellows at the Cold Spring "cue ground" was one of the distinctive features of the convention.
To a great majority of the guests the barbecue was a novelty, and as the dishes were served there were few who did not taste daintily before attempting to eat. But that taste captivated all appetites.
Hundreds of Rebekahs gathered in the Odd Fellows' hall to take part in the meeting at which the Atlanta lodges and the state Rebekah assembly gave welcome to the visiting delegates from lodges scattered throughout the United States from Maine to California.
John B. Cockrum of Indianapolis, formerly deputy grand sire of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, was chosen grand sire of the organization and is now at the head of the 2,000, 000 Odd Fellows of the world.
C. J. Keller of San Antonio, Texas, was at the same time elected deputy grand sire over Judge Robert C. Daniel of Griffin, and Grand Representative Hill Montague of Virginia. Mr. Keller received more votes than both of his opponents combined.
The office of deputy grand sire was the only one which was filled at the session of the sovereign grand lodge over which there was an contest. In electing Deputy Grand Sire Cockrum to the place of grand sire the grand lodge followed the precedent of advancement of many years standing.

ALABAMA COTTON MEN PLAN CAMPAIGN AGAINST COTTON PEST.
Mobile, Ala.—J. A. Waters, president of the cotton exchange at Mobile announced that a meeting of cotton men would be called soon for the purpose of raising funds with which to carry on an educational campaign against the boll weevil, which has invaded Mobile county. Every cotton grower in the southern counties of Alabama is to be mailed a copy of an article to be prepared by Dr. W. E. Hinds, entomologist to the experiment station of the Alabama Polytechnic Institute at Auburn, explaining the exact course farmers must pursue in order to be successful in the fight on the weevil. Mr. Waters stated the cotton exchange would spend any amount of money necessary to carry on the campaign.

CRANK AT WHITE HOUSE.
Venerable Hebrew Says He Was Robbed of \$40,000 and Wife.
Washington.—The first crank of the season showed up at the white house. He was Benjamin Snyder, an aged Hebrew, who said his home was in Philadelphia. He told a rambling story to the white house attendants of having been robbed of \$40,000,000 and his wife by a man named Hennessy. He called at the white house, he said, to ask President Taft to get back his money, but he did not want Mr. Taft to bother himself about locating his wife.
Snyder was regarded as harmless by the secret service officers and turned over to the local police. He is being held until word is received from the Philadelphia authorities.

DIAB PICKS SUCCESSOR.
Former Minister to United States To Be Next Mexican Ruler.
Washington.—That Enrique Creel, former Mexican minister to the United States, will be the next president of Mexico, to succeed Porfirio Diaz, and that the honor will not go to Vice President Corral, is the story in circulation among diplomats in Washington.
According to the story, Diaz has let it be known that Creel is to succeed him, and the plans are in readiness for one of the military elections held in that country whenever it is necessary to put a man in office over the protests of the enemies of Diaz.

CHARBON STAMPED OUT.
Baton Rouge, La.—Charbon, which has caused the death of hundreds of cattle in southwestern Louisiana, has been stamped out, according to an announcement here by the sanitary life stock board.
Robbed of \$4,135.
Nashville, Tenn.—At the state fair grounds here H. W. Gardner, a rural route carrier, had his pocket picked of cash, notes and papers valued at \$4,135. No clew to the thief has been discovered.

BEAUMONT, TEXAS.—That a sailor returned from aboard the steamer Byland, which arrived at Sabine, Texas, from Tampico, Mexico, has shown the symptoms of yellow fever, is declared by State Health Officer Brumby, who returned to Beaumont after conducting an investigation at Sabine. Five days must elapse, Doctor Brumby explained, before a definite diagnosis would be possible, and in the meantime the vessel is being held in quarantine. No other illness is aboard the Byland.

TO PROBE MILK COST.
Washington.—It is believed that the investigation in progress by the Department of Justice and United States attorney of the District of Columbia into the conditions under which the price of milk is regulated in Washington, marks the opening of a national probe of a simultaneous increase in the cost of that staple in nearly every large city in the East. The Department of Justice, besides having a special agent at work in the District of Columbia, is gathering information regarding conditions in other cities.

WILL ENTERTAIN CROOKS.
Chicago.—Henry Neil, secretary of the National Probation league, has evolved a novel method of attempting to convert crooks and thieves of all kinds to right living and thinking. Neil announced that from sunset to "dips," "bunco-steerers," "panhandlers," "thimble-riggers," "burglars," "punch climbers," "strong-arm men," "second-story men," and crooks in his home. Sandwiches and coffee will be served and no policeman will be admitted.

G. A. R. CONVENTION.
Action About Robert E. Lee Statue Indefinitely Postponed by Veterans.
Atlantic City, N. J.—The hotels, the piers and board walks were crowded with old soldiers and their families who came to attend the G. A. R. encampment.
Commander Van Sant and Hilary A. Herbert of Alabama, former Secretary of the Navy and a general in the Confederate army, were the principal speakers at a large gathering of veterans on the steplchase pier. After a short address by the commander-in-chief, General Herbert eulogized the members of the grand army and their commander. He told how the wearers of the blue and the wearers of the gray were being welded together for the cause of the Union, and he urged a joint reunion of the Blue and Gray veterans.
Commander-in-Chief Van Sant and Gen. Daniel E. Sickles both declared they would work for the proposition that a remarkable scene occurred with the entrance of General Sickles into the auditorium. As he swung down the aisle with a pinned-up trouser leg, giving mute evidence of his heroism, the veterans arose as one man, and four of his command lifted him, hat and all, and placed him on the platform, while the commander-in-chief, and played "Dixie" and the crowd cheered.
Perhaps the largest host from a distance to attend the encampment is the St. Cloud, Fla., veterans, who came with their own band. The commander is G. D. Degraw.
John E. Gillman of Boston for commander-in-chief, and Rochester, N. Y. for the next place of meeting, was the winning combination in the national encampment of the G. A. R.
After a warm debate of more than three hours, the national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, at its final session, indefinitely postponed action of the whole matter in relation to the controversy over the placing of the statue of Robert E. Lee in statutory hall of the capitol at Washington.

FUND TO FIGHT WEEVIL.
Alabama Cotton Men Plan Campaign Against Cotton Pest.
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NEBRASKAN REFUSE TO SUPPORT DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE FOR GOVERNOR.
Lincoln, Neb.—In a statement in which he declares that the crusade which he feels impelled to wage against the liquor interests of the state and nation overshadows a personal and political friendship of 20 years, William J. Bryan announced he had bolted the head of the Democratic state ticket in Nebraska and would not support James C. Dahman for governor.
Mr. Bryan says he regrets that he is compelled to take the stand he does—his first departure from political regularity—but says he feels it his duty to do so—because of the position taken by the Democratic nominee on the liquor question.
The statement which, in a way, is apologetic in tone, does not indicate that Mr. Bryan will support the candidate of any other party.

BASEBALL-PLAYING PREACHER FIRED.
Louisville, Ky.—Because he played baseball and indulged in other athletic sports which were distasteful to the members of his congregation, the Rev. Arthur Brooks, pastor of the Methodist church at Crestwood, was voted unfit to have charge of the parish by a majority of his flock and he announced to his congregation that he was addressing them for the last time. The only thing against the preacher was that he was a member of the Crestwood baseball team and a first class player.

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REPORT ON RAISING MAINE.
Washington.—Col. William M. Black, United States army, who heads the commission of army engineers in charge of raising the battleship Maine, in Havana harbor, in a preliminary report made to the war department says the keel lies at a depth of from eight to ten feet below the bottom of the harbor.
Colonel Black adds that the Cuban government has turned over to the commission a convenient location on the water front for a storage reservation.

THE NEW SOUTHWEST RAILROAD.
The Winston-Salem Southwest Railroad will be operated as an independent railroad for a time at least. President Fries said that the first few months of the operation of the road would be devoted to freight alone. Four engines and 150 freight cars have been purchased already. Passenger coaches will be bought later.
There is no truth in the report that the Coast Line had offered to buy the Southwest.

HOOKWORM DISEASE WIDESPREAD.
The hookworm specialists find that 75 per cent of the boys and 53 per cent of the girls in the Methodist orphanage at Raleigh are infected with the disease. One-third of six hundred college students examined, are infected and forty-two per cent of more than one thousand men of the North Carolina National Guard are infected. The children of the Odd Fellows' orphanage showed 54 per cent infected.

NORTH CAROLINA AT KNOXVILLE.
The marble display from North Carolina at the Appalachian exposition is notably fine.
Not the least important of the exhibits is a large map of the roads of North Carolina on which are shown the interstate highways planned between Asheville and Charlotte, with continuations to the coast line.
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IMMIGRANTS ARE COMING TO THE SOUTHLAND
Few Foreigners Have Located in the South So Far.
STATES' COOPERATION NEEDED
Industrial Experts Predict That the Movement of Immigrants to the Southern States Will Begin About October.

Washington.—The next act in the drama of the nation's events will be a flood of immigration into the South, not only from the North and Middle West, but from countries of Europe, especially those bordering on the Baltic and North seas. Inquiry at the stations of Norway, Sweden and Denmark elicits the fact that the representatives of these countries are making special efforts to head their migrating citizens into the country south of the Ohio and Potomac and east of the Mississippi. These foreign ministers have gotten busy on the matter and are seeking all information regarding special advantages offered immigrants in the different localities of the South, especially in the states along the South Atlantic seaboard.
The immigration into the South from Europe has by late years been set reager. While the foreign settlers or the ten months ending May, 1910, were in New Jersey 51,000, and near 25,000 in little Connecticut, there came into Georgia from this source 2,500; North Carolina got a scant 300, and South Carolina but 56. Tennessee got just one over 90, while Virginia absorbed only 100. Maryland, with one-fifth the area of Virginia, got 5,000 of them. The small District of Columbia, a cant five by ten miles in area, received as many immigrants practically as the combined states of North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and Tennessee.
Industrial experts predict that the movement into the South will begin about October 1. Large tracts of land are being figured on in Georgia and Florida by several promoting companies as homes for the expected immigration, and in the Southern states farther north there are movements of like character taking place.

RANK OF COUNTRY'S BIG CITIES.
According to figures furnished by the census bureau for 1910, the eight leading cities of the country are shown below.
1. New York 4,766,881
2. Chicago 2,185,283
3. Philadelphia 1,549,008
4. St. Louis 687,029
5. Boston 670,555
6. Cleveland 580,668
7. Baltimore 558,455
8. Pittsburg 533,905

NO SOUDAN MISSIONS.
Decided Stand Taken by the Baptist Foreign Mission Board.
Boston, Mass.—A recommendation that no missions be established in the Sudan, but that the missionaries on the Congo be reinforced and the work extended, is made in the report of the American Baptist Foreign Mission society of the special commission sent by the society to investigate conditions in those regions. It finds that owing to the policy of the British government the establishment of Christian missions in the Mohammedan centers of northern Nigeria is impossible at the present time, but that the opportunities of expansion in the Congo Free State are great.

SAVANNAH'S POPULATION.
Georgia's Second City Shows Population of 65,064 for 1910.
Washington.—Savannah, Ga., shows a population of 65,064 for 1910, according to figures given out by the census bureau. The 1900 census showed a population of 54,244, an increase of 19.9 per cent.
Savannah's population for 1910 is 339 less than that of Atlanta 20 years ago.
This is a decline within this ten-year period as against the ten-year period from 1890 to 1900. Then the city's growth—showed an increase of 5.6. Atlanta is far outstripping Savannah or any other Georgia city in growth. Atlanta's increase from 1900 to 1910 was 72.3 per cent.

LAFFAYETTE POSTOFFICE ROBBED.
Chattanooga, Tenn.—The safe of the postoffice at Lafayette, Ga., was blown open with nitro-glycerine, and 50,000 two-cent stamps and \$100 stolen. Bloodhounds were sent from the city.
Nation's Death Rate.
Washington.—The death rate in the United States in 1909 was fifteen to each one thousand, according to a bulletin, issued by the census bureau. This is the lowest average ever recorded for this country.

ENGLISH BROKERS FIRM.
English Cotton Men Insist That Cotton Bills Be Guaranteed.
London, England.—The European bankers interested in preventing fraudulent bills of lading in the shipment of American cotton, decided not to recede from their position, and endorsed the action of the recent general banking conference in demanding guarantees from the American banking houses.
The committee took this action after considering the reply of the American bankers to the European proposal and the offer of validation certificates from the railroad. In accordance with this action American banks will be expected to guarantee cotton bills of lading after October 31.

THREE RAILWAY WRECKS.
42 Killed in Indian Wreck; 16 Dead as Result of Kansas Wreck.
Fort Wayne, Ind.—Forty-two persons were killed and seven were seriously injured in a head-on collision between two traction cars on the Fort Wayne-Bluffton division of the Fort Wayne and Wabasha Valley line.
The wreck occurred one and a half miles north of Kingsland, seven miles north of Bluffton, at a sharp curve. The cars in collision were a northbound local car, crowded to the steps and a southbound "extra" car from Fort Wayne. They met while both were running at high speed.
The collision is said to have been caused by misunderstanding of orders in regard to the southbound "extra" cars taking a switch near Kingsland, so that the northbound car could pass it.
Clayton, Kans.—Sixteen persons lost their lives and thirteen others suffered injuries in the wreck two miles west of this town of westbound Rock Island passenger train No. 27, which was running to Denver from Kansas City. The wreck was the result of a cloudburst, which carried out a steel bridge over what is normally almost a dry bed, turning the latter into a torrent and washing out nearly a thousand feet of track. The train, running at full speed, plunged into the gap, the engine and mail car going down into 20 feet of water and the chair car almost telescoped the smoker ahead of it. Many of the passengers in these two cars were killed almost instantly.
Lima, Ohio.—Chicago and Erie railroad fast train No. 4, eastbound, was wrecked near Conant, nine miles west of here, killing an aged woman and more or less injuring twenty-five persons.

AVIATOR LOSES RICH PRIZE.
Plucky Hero Badly Injured After He Had Completed the Most Hazardous Portion of the Route.
Domodossola, Italy.—The great feat of crossing the snow-capped Alpine barrier between Switzerland and Italy in a heavier-than-air machine was accomplished by George Chavez, the young Peruvian aviator.
The plucky hero of the exploit, however, lies in a local hospital badly injured as the result of an accident that occurred just as he had completed the most arduous and nerve-racking portion of a task he had set out to accomplish—a flight from Brig, in Switzerland, across the Alps to Milan, in Italy, in all a distance of about 75 miles.
Both his legs are broken, his left thigh is fractured and his body is badly contused, but the physicians in attendance are of the opinion that these hurts will not prove fatal and that unless unlooked for complications ensue Chavez will be about in two months.
The accident occurred as Chavez was endeavoring to make a landing here. The Alps had been crossed successfully and the aviator was descending with the power of his machine cut off.
When about 30 feet above the ground a sudden gust of wind seemed to catch the monoplane, which turned over and fell, when the crowd that had been watching the descent ran up they found Chavez lying bleeding and unconscious beneath the twisted wreckage.
Fifty miles away and over country that has none of the hazards of the Alps, lay Milan, the goal Chavez was seeking in an endeavor to win a prize of \$20,000 offered by the Italian Aviation Society. Chavez had lost the race.

OLDEST EPISCOPALIAN DEAD.
Mrs. Frances Leonard Cleveland of Marietta, Ga., Passes Away.
Marietta, Ga.—Mrs. Frances Leonard Cleveland, Marietta's oldest citizen, died at the age of 94, at her home on Cleveland place.
In many respects Mrs. Cleveland was a most interesting personage. She was one of the few "real daughters" of the American Revolution, being both a daughter and granddaughter of Revolutionary soldiers, and she was a descendant of John and Priscilla Alden, whose love story is told in Longfellow's "Courtship of Miles Standish."
She, also, had the distinction of being the oldest communicant of the Episcopal church in America. When 18 years of age she was confirmed in St. Andrew's church, Philadelphia, by Bishop White of Pennsylvania, who was the second bishop in point of consecration in the American church.
Mrs. Cleveland was born at Bristol, R. I., September 17, 1816.

DARING MAN-BIRD CROSSES THE ALPS
George Chavez Wins Honor of the Greatest Flight.
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COTTON SEED WAR.
Georgia Mills Attempt to Drive Florida Mills Out of Market.
Tifton, Ga.—Tifton is just now the center of a cotton seed war between the oil mill men of Florida and Georgia.
For some time the Florida mills have been coming into Georgia territory buying seed. This year the Georgia mills decided they needed these seed themselves and fierce competitive bidding is the result.
Cotton seed on the local market are bringing nearly twice as much as they did last year. A year ago they were selling readily at 90 cents per hundred, while this year they are bringing easily \$1.65. Part of this advance is due to the advance in price of cotton seed oil, but the larger portion is caused by competitive bidding.
While it lasts the farmer is getting the benefit of the competition.

FUELED LAW BROKEN.
Albany, Ky.—The unwritten code of the Kentucky mountaineers was broken when "Doc" Moles, carrying his baby in his arms, was shot through the heart by a sharp shooting mountain assassin.
It has always been a point of chivalry, even among feudists, not to fire upon a man when a woman or child might be endangered. To carry a child in arms has heretofore been an invariable means of protection. "Doc" Moles had given information to the government revenue officers.

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NORTH CAROLINA EVENTS
Life in the Land of the Long Leaf Pine
Corporation Assessments Increased.
The net aggregate increase in assessments of all corporations in North Carolina for 1910 over 1909, is \$4,410,333 according to a comparative statement issued by the Corporation Commission showing the results of the work of the commission for the past 60 days in lessening the valuation for taxes on public service corporations, miscellaneous industrial corporations, banks and building and loan associations, and certified to the various county authorities and the State Treasurer. The public service corporations are reassessed only every four years, except for improvements, this being an off assessment year. . . . However the increase in the assessment of this class of corporations is \$1,260,932 as compared with 1909, while the increase in the assessment of the industrial corporations is \$3,149,351.
The total assessed valuation of public service corporations is \$95,447,707 and the local assessments deducted \$4,854,502.
The total assessment in 1909 was \$94,183,725. There were decreases in the assessments of steamboat companies, \$30,425; street railway companies, \$80,253; waterworks companies, \$87,900. No changes were made in the aggregate assessment of bridge and canal companies, or the Southern Express Company.
The increase in railroad assessments, an off year, was \$568,802; in electric light and gas plants, \$682,395, and in telephone companies \$206,821, these having the largest aggregate increase assessments.
In miscellaneous corporations the assessment aggregates \$7,910,423, an increase of \$1,416,391. Banks have total assessments of \$19,708,111, an increase of \$912,648, and building and loan associations \$5,290,398, a gain of \$820,112.

MASONIC HOME NOT SELECTED.
A meeting of the board of directors of the Masonic and Eastern Star Home was held in Charlotte.
Propositions were submitted by Greensboro and Shelby, both extremely liberal, but the vote on these two places resulted in a tie and the meeting had to adjourn in order to allow the representatives more time to raise the bids for their respective places. The next meeting will be held in Salisbury, October 4, to hear additional propositions from Shelby and Greensboro, the committee having narrowed down to these two bidders.
The Masonic Home will cost at the start about \$15,000. The bids of both Shelby and Greensboro represent about \$20,000 in land and cash. It is planned to have the main edifice so constructed that it can be added unto at any time in the future.

MECKLENBURG'S INCREASED WEALTH.
The number of white poll tax payers in Mecklenburg county is 3,887 and 590 colored. There are 282,923 acres of land belonging to whites, and it is valued at \$2,947,507, with 7,192 acres belonging to negroes and valued at \$66,123. The average valuation of land is over \$10 an acre, which makes a total of over \$3,000,000.
Personal property among the whites aggregate \$2,755,693 and real estate \$6,824,319. For the colored race, personal property is listed at \$74,146 and realty at \$166,619.

DR. VESTAL GETS TEN YEARS.
At Greensboro the solicitor accepted a plea of manslaughter rendered by the counsel for the defendant and Dr. Vestal was sentenced by Judge Lyon to ten years hard labor in the State penitentiary. Mrs. Vestal was dismissed.

THE INSIDE FACTS.
About Ben Adhem awoke and was questioned by the angel.
"Write me," said Mr. Adhem, sticking his right hand inside the bosom of his night-shirt and speaking with oratorical fervor, "write me as one who loves his fellow man."
"Come, come!" says the angel. "I'm not a reporter. 'I'm here for facts."
"Well, in that case, write me down as a candidate for office. I thought you wanted something for the morning papers."
Lots of it.
"All your talk about human vivisection is bosh, and you know it," says the man with the crocheted cravat to the reformer.
"Is it?" answers the reformer. "You never happened to be on a summer hotel veranda among a crowd of women when a beautiful grass widow passed, did you?"
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THE NEW SOUTHWEST RAILROAD.
The Winston-Salem Southwest Railroad will be operated as an independent railroad for a time at least. President Fries said that the first few months of the operation of the road would be devoted to freight alone. Four engines and 150 freight cars have been purchased already. Passenger coaches will be bought later.
There is no truth in the report that the Coast Line had offered to buy the Southwest.

HOOKWORM DISEASE WIDESPREAD.
The hookworm specialists find that 75 per cent of the boys and 53 per cent of the girls in the Methodist orphanage at Raleigh are infected with the disease. One-third of six hundred college students examined, are infected and forty-two per cent of more than one thousand men of the North Carolina National Guard are infected. The children of the Odd Fellows' orphanage showed 54 per cent infected.

NORTH CAROLINA AT KNOXVILLE.
The marble display from North Carolina at the Appalachian exposition is notably fine.
Not the least important of the exhibits is a large map of the roads of North Carolina on which are shown the interstate highways planned between Asheville and Charlotte, with continuations to the coast line.
The North Carolina exhibits include bulletins for free distribution inculcating the value of good roads.

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It is always dawn
While the day rolls on—
Night is changing over to a sky of silver
gleams;
Somewhere it is morn,
Never hopes are born,
Wondrous deeds are making from the impulse of our dreams.
Though the night may hold
Us in starry fold,
Or the world about us all be hidden in the gloom,
It is dawn somewhere,
With the eager air
Marvelously tremulous with wonderful perfume.
Out and high and far
Glow the morning star
Marking out the path of day around the sleepy world;
Twilight glows may fade
Into dusky shade
Yet somewhere the banners of the daylight are unfurled.
All the birds and bees
Waken with the breeze
That comes racing with the glints that flame across the blue,
And the flowers are born
In that morning-while
When above them drifts the clinging scent of honey-dew.
Naught to you or me
What the hour may be
When we know the morning glow is never wholly gone,
That though slow and dark
Be the hours we mark
There is light and laughter yet and somewhere it is dawn.