

BRIEF NEWS NOTES FOR THE BUSY MAN

MOST IMPORTANT EVENTS OF
THE PAST WEEK TOLD IN
CONDENSED FORM.

WORLD'S NEWS EPITOMIZED

Complete Review of Happenings of
Greatest Interest From All
Parts of World.

Southern.

Gov. Judson Harmon of Ohio, one of the most conspicuous Democrats in the country, and one whose name is prominently mentioned as candidate for president, will visit Atlanta during the corn show and will speak on "Legislation Needed for the Development of Agriculture."

On his way back to Chattanooga from Chickamauga Park, President Taft stopped at Rossville, Ga. "I am glad," he said, "to learn that Rossville employs over 2,000. I was greatly surprised when I was in Georgia during the campaigning that 51 counties and three congressional districts were carried for the Republican ticket. That indicates that Georgia is not past redemption. I am here only to congratulate you. I am not here on a political errand."

One hundred years after the New Orleans, the first steam craft that ever navigated the Ohio river, first reached Louisville, Ky., an exact duplicate of that little steamer tied up at a local wharf. Those aboard her, who are making the trip from Pittsburgh to New Orleans, disembarked shortly after the steamer arrived and attended several entertainments given in their honor.

For the first time the government asked the Supreme court of the United States to proclaim as the law of the land that "running a corner" on a stock exchange is a violation of the Sherman anti-trust act. The point came up in the oral argument of Solicitor General Lehmann in support of the indictment of James A. Patten, Eugene G. Scates, Frank B. Hayne and William F. Brown on charges of conspiracy on January 1, 1910, "to run a corner of cotton" on the New York Cotton exchange. Essential counts in the indictment had been declared erroneous by the United States circuit court for southern New York and the government was arguing for a reversal.

Exactly one month and a day earlier than at any previous time in the history of the port, Savannah has overtopped the million-bale cotton mark with 329 bales to spare. This establishes another record for the season. The actual receipts are 1,090,329 bales. The earliest date on which the million-bale mark was reached heretofore was well into December, the mark having been reached in 1905 on December 10, with more recent years ranging from December 14 to 28.

One hundred and forty-nine chairmen in as many Texas counties have been appointed by Gov. O. B. Colquitt to assist in spreading gospel of "good cotton." This fact became known when Gov. Colquitt made public a letter he had written to Governor O'Neal of Alabama, urging him to follow his lead. The governor further declared that the campaign of education would be followed with neighborhood meetings in which an endeavor would be made to show the cotton planter the advantage of marketing his cotton slowly and in reducing his acreage.

A new light was thrown on the outstanding character figure of Abraham Lincoln when President Taft, who came to Lexington, Ky., to witness the dedication of a monument to the "Emancipator," said: "I don't think it is too much to say that Lincoln had the most judicious temperament of any man in history." Mr. Taft paid his tribute with that of Kentucky's mark of reverence for her greatest son in the new state capitol, when a monument to the war president was dedicated.

General.

Andrew Carnegie announced that he had given \$25,000,000 to the Carnegie Corporation of New York, organized heretofore under a charter granted by the New York legislature last June "to promote the advancement and diffusion of knowledge and understanding among the people of the United States."

Managers of three large Boston hotels have refused to allow the Gideons, an organization of traveling men, which seeks to donate a Bible to every hotel room in the country, to place Bibles in their hostleries.

Columbia University is organizing the school of journalism endowed by the late Joseph Pulitzer.

A life term in prison who assaults another person with a deadly weapon is punishable with death under a decision announced by the Supreme court of the United States upholding the constitutionality of a California statute.

The members of the Immanuel Baptist church of Cambridge, Mass., voted not to accept the resignation of Rev. Clarence V. Richeson, now in jail on the charge of murdering Avis Linnell.

A number of negro strike breakers were mobbed by enraged coal miners

Discovery that Mrs. John M. Quinn's first husband, Warren Thorpe, had been shot to death, supposedly by a burglar in the same manner as Quinn had been killed, led the Chicago police to believe that they had in custody a slayer of husbands who may have left behind her a long trail of death.

"That the punishment fitted the crime" and "blood met blood" on Tripoli battlefields was declared in a cablegram to the Italian embassy by San Giuliano, Italian minister of war, referring to the reported atrocities against the Turks and Arabs.

Returns from New Mexico's state election are still incomplete, but the Republican state central committee concedes the election of McDonald (Dem.) for governor by a majority of 2,000. Returns indicate the election of the entire Democratic state ticket and two Democratic congressmen. The complexion of the legislature which will elect two United States senators, will remain in doubt, but it is now believed that the Republican will have a majority of ten on joint ballot.

Nanking, China, is desolate. Thousands of its inhabitants lie massacred and numerous business houses and dwellings have been looted and burned. Seventy thousand persons already have fled the city and still others are joining the exodus. It was the hand of the Manchus that brought the devastation. While the Republicans were in camp three miles away, awaiting ammunition and reinforcements, the Manchus began the work of carnage.

Arthur Balfour, England's premier and now a member of parliament, resigned as leader of the Unionist party in parliament. Mr. Balfour played an important part in the great constitutional battle over the veto measure and made an urgent appeal to the so-called "last-ditchers" in the Royalist party to help pass the bill in order to save the Unionist party. He condemned the useless fighting when it became evident that the government was able to put through the bill.

Washington.

President Taft granted a ninety-day reprieve to Mattie E. Lomax, a colored woman of Washington, sentenced to suffer the death penalty for murder of her husband.

There is a feeling of deepest concern in government circles over the Chinese situation. News from Canton that foreigners are being threatened was regarded here as ominous. That this government is preparing for eventualities is made clear by the fact that the entire Pacific fleet in the Far East is being dispatched to China. Following orders from Secretary of the Navy Meyer, the Monterey, Saratoga and Quines of the Manila squadron, have sailed to report for duty.

Entirely independent of the government's suit to dissolve the United States Steel Corporation, the so-called steel trust, the Stanley investigating committee of the house is preparing to resume its hearings here to examine some of the biggest figures in the steel industry. It is learned that the house investigating committee hopes to unearth sufficient additional evidence against the steel trust to force the attorney general to file an amended petition against this concern.

The fight of the government to prosecute James A. Patten, the Chicago grain operator, and his associates, Eugene G. Scates, Frank B. Hayne and W. P. Brown, for violating the anti-trust law by cornering the cotton market, was begun before the Supreme court of the United States. Solicitor General Lehmann appeared for the government and an array of counsel for the operators. The charge of combination and conspiracy in restraint of trade is based on the corner of the cotton market in 1910.

That the Panama canal will be ready for service by or possibly sooner than January 1, 1914, a year earlier than the originally estimated date, is the startling announcement made in the annual report of the Isthmian canal commission, submitted to Secretary of War Stimson by Col. George W. Goethals, chairman of the commission and the chief engineer. Legislation for establishment of tolls for use of the canal, for government of the canal zone, for forming a force to operate the canal and for military defenses, "should be provided without delay," recommended the committee because of the expected earlier opening of the canal.

That a man cannot get a new position after he is forty years old was asserted at the employers' liability and workmen's compensation commission by Arthur E. Holder of the American Federation of Labor. He had been speaking of the satisfactory operation of the British compensation act of 1906, which recently he had investigated. Mr. Holder said that regardless of this law there was a marked discrimination against the aged.

Estimates of consular officers abroad of the amount of cotton required by the principal foreign countries for manufacturing purposes during the cotton year ending the cotton year ending September 1, 1912, place the amount at 12,518,112 bales of 500 pounds each. These estimates were called for by the department of state upon the request of the governor of Texas, who wanted the information for the conference of governors at New Orleans. The summary, however, is incomplete, as a number of countries were not included.

COTTON KING OF NORTH CAROLINA

THE 1909 CROP WAS VALUED AT MORE THAN FORTY-TWO MILLION DOLLARS.

CUTTON GAIN IS 42 PER CENT

The State Raised Ten Million Dollars Worth More of Cotton Than Corn.—Wheat Showed a Severe Falling Off in This State.

Raleigh.—A special from Washington states that cotton was king in North Carolina in 1909, according to the figures of the Census Bureau just issued, which are subject to revision. This crop was valued at \$42,066,000, or \$31,286,000, tobacco at \$13,348,000, peanuts at \$5,369,000, hay and forage at \$4,782,000, wheat at \$4,120,000, sweet potatoes and yams at \$4,338,000, potatoes at \$1,755,000, oats at \$1,742,000 and dry peas at \$1,244,000.

An increase of 42 per cent. is noted in the cotton acreage between 1895 and 1909, while corn decreased 26.749 acres, of 9 per cent. The cotton production in 1909 was 655,132 bales, and 34,053,531 bushels of corn were raised the same year. The tobacco acreage also showed a gain of 18,867, or 9.3 per cent. The greatest gain was noted in peanuts, which amounted to almost double the crop grown in 1899. The acreage increase was 99,278, or 108.6 per cent. Wheat showed a severe falling off in the decade, decreasing 245,072, or 32.8 per cent.

Sweet potatoes and yams showed an increase of 23.3 per cent in acreage, 16,010 acres having been planted in the crop. The ground planted in potatoes increased 8,371 acres, or 35.4 per cent, but oats showed a decreased acreage of 42,756 acres, or 15.8 per cent. Dry peas showed a gain in acreage of 81,527, or 92 per cent.

North Carolina New Enterprises.

Two certificates of incorporation and one amendment were filed with the secretary of state. The Gastonia Garage Company of Gastonia, authorized capital, \$50,000, with \$2,000 paid up by A. G. Myers, John C. Rankin, W. H. Adams and R. Grady Rankin. Farmers' Union Warehouse Company of Kinston; to operate warehouse for storage of cotton and other products; authorized capital, \$50,000, divided into shares of \$5 each; subscribed, \$1,500, by T. Edwards, Jno. F. Harper, Lemuel Taylor, L. F. Doughty and others. The Cape Fear Country Club members its charter so that it may build club house for entertainment of members and visitors to Wilmington and New Hanover county. C. E. Taylor, Jr., is president and Milton Calder is secretary.

A Young Boy Was Killed.

Information has just reached Asheville of the killing near there of young Harry Sutton, a 15-year-old boy, at Big Creek in Haywood county, several miles from Waynesville. The information reached Waynesville in a telegram sent to the sheriff and is very meager. It is said that the boy was shot by a man named Messer but the cause of the trouble is not learned. At Waynesville it is reported that young Sutton was employed by the Champion Lumber Company. His body was brought to the home of his parents in the lower part of the county.

Pathfinders in Greensboro.

James A. Henstreet and Ira D. Waterman, two experienced automobilists and pathfinders spent a night in Greensboro on the way from Jacksonville to New York. They are engaged in laying out a new route for the American Automobile Association and are preparing a strip map which will be put in the hands of the members. The new route will be by way of Lynchburg and Danville to Greensboro leaving Roanoke and Winston-Salem to one side. The route from here to Charlotte will be the same as that of the national highway.

Good Work at Penitentiary.

Superintendent Laughlinhouse, of the state prison, gives the statement that on the farms this year he has made fifteen hundred bales of cotton on fifteen hundred acres, enough corn and forage to last nearly two years, enlarged the buildings for stock and forage, and done much work in putting dykes on Roanoke river so as to make possible a bigger crop next year. This is good news and is a result of good farming and good business methods, and speaks finely for the management.

Appear Before Clerk of Court.

A number of the parties interested in the Big Cold Water Drainage district appeared before the clerk of the court at Concord to discuss the matter of finally declaring the proposed district a regular drainage district. The preliminary survey had already been made and the engineer and board of viewers has recommended that the creek be drained. There were a number of interested parties at the hearing both for and against the proposition. There was a lengthy argument on the matter.

GUILFORD HOME NO BURDEN

What is Done There Toward Making The Institution Self-Sustaining—Supt. Doing Good Work.

Greensboro.—In his report to the Board of County Commissioners the superintendent of the county workhouse or reformatory, had a credit item of over a thousand dollars, realized from the sale of fresh butter beans, fresh corn field peas and turnip greens to the merchants of Greensboro. He had sold \$540 worth of butter beans alone, and over \$400 worth of field peas.

Asked how he got them shelled ready for market, he replied that he hustled everybody out of bed about two o'clock in the morning that he was to have the truck on the market, and got the shelling done on time in this way, letting the inmates of the reformatory sleep later to make up for the early rising.

The superintendent also said that the farmers in the locality, were beginning to make a "fuss" over this "free labor competition with them in raising and selling truck. This is one way in which Guilford is trying to solve the problem of what to do with the women and boys of a railroad city, who otherwise would live up in jail, since road sentences are not desirable for this class of convicts, nuisances or vagrants.

The women of the work house also do the entire laundering, patching, mending, etc. for the road forces, and are now at work cutting and making the county convict uniform to be issued soon as winter suits, and also to comply with the act of the last legislature requiring that misdemeanors or convicts shall not be clothed in stripes after January 1st. Besides this, the city convicts will have in the new suits of winter clothing, made by the work house women.

Set Date For Bond Election.

At the meeting of the Board of Aldermen, the date for the bond election for the purpose of raising school money to build another brick structure was set for January 16. There has been a hope that the election could be called for December and the work on the books and the campaign concluded before the first of the year. But it had been deferred until too late a date and the middle of the first month in the year was concluded the wisest time upon which to call so important an election. The holiday season was considered too busy. A new registration will be necessary. There has not been one since 1901, when there was a school election.

Disappeared on July 20.

Concerning the theft of \$20,000 from the registered mail reported from Greensboro, a shipment that originated at Raleigh and was addressed to New York, it was learned at Raleigh that the package really disappeared July 20, and not a week ago as the reports had it. The registry was fully insured so that neither the government nor the Raleigh bank that made the shipment suffered any loss from the theft.

Guilford Teachers Meet.

The Guilford County Teachers' Association met in the court house and continued the study of "The Teacher and the School," which had been designated as the reading course for the fall months. Prof. J. A. Matheson of the faculty of the State Normal College gave a talk upon the subjects treated in the book. The phonetic method was also discussed at some length.

Earle Vautare Has Been Arrested.

Earle Vautare, a self-styled anarchist and clairvoyant, who fleeced a number of Greensboro people out of diamonds and jewelry to the value of three or four thousand dollars, has been arrested and is now in Terra Haute, Ind., was the news conveyed in a telegram to Chief of Police Isely. It is probable that the Indiana officials will release Vautare and he will be brought here for trial.

Raleigh.—Maj. J. J. Bernard left for Asheville, to muster in Company K, Third Regiment. This company, Captain Armond in command, takes the place of the Weldon company, disbanded.

Pearce is Granted Bail.

Held without bond by the coroner's jury of Franklin county, J. Hackney of Greensboro, who fleeced a number of November of Alexander Macon, aged twenty-one, was granted bail in the sum of \$10,000 by Judge R. B. Peebles, before whom the case was heard. The hearing was on habeas corpus proceedings, the writ having been sued out before Judge G. S. Ferguson, who is now holding court at Tarboro, the Solicitor of the Fourth District, Mr. Allesbrook, being in attendance.

North Carolina's Exhibit.

Assistant State Horticulturist S. B. Shaw left a few days ago on a scout-trip in search of fruits and vegetables to be placed on display at the National Horticultural Congress, which will be held this year in St. Joseph, Mo., November 23-December 2. State Horticulturist Hunt is also on gathering material for North Carolina's exhibit, which will be shipped in the near future. This state always holds her own at these national exhibits and captures silver cups and blue ribbons.

ARE WELL PLEASED

PROMOTERS OF RANDOLPH-CUM-BERLAND ROAD ENCOURAGED IN THE WORK.

BOND ELECTION IN DECEMBER

Counties Through Which Road Will Pass to Vote For \$50,000 in Bonds—Road Will Tap Some of Richest Forests in the State.

High Point.—The promoters of the Randolph and Cumberland Railway Company, of which Mr. A. E. Tute of this city, is one of the leading spirits, are much encouraged in their work. It is stated that the counties of Moore, Chatham, Randolph, Guilford, Forsyth, Yadkin, et al, through which this road will pass, will order elections to be held on the 11th inst. The election authorized will call for a vote on \$50,000 in bonds each from the townships of Gilmer and Morehead; \$100,000 from High Point, and \$25,000 each from some of the other townships which will be benefited by this road. The company owns a franchise, and they claim that there will be no delay in the construction of the road. The proposed route of the road will be from Southport to High Point, with probably a branch terminus to Greensboro, and a direct line through from High Point to Winston-Salem, and on to a terminal point at Elkin.

It is said that this route will tap some of the richest forest and other sections in the state, and prove of great value to shippers. This road, when completed, will have connection with the four great systems, that reach the state, viz.: the Atlantic Coast Line at Fayetteville; the Seaboard Air Line at a point south of Sanford; the Southern at Asheboro, High Point, Winston-Salem and Elkin, and the Norfolk and Western at Winston-Salem.

Organize a Repair Force.

Statesville.—At their meeting the county commissioners decided to organize at once a repair force to be put to work on the macadam roads of the county. The force is to be equipped with whatever road machinery is necessary and will be operated under the direction of Chairman Mills and Engineer Falls. The county has a lot of macadam road which is badly in need of repair and there has been a clamor for a repair force for some time. The eight road forces at work throughout the county under the provisions of the \$400,000 bond issue will build sand clay roads except at places where macadam is considered absolutely necessary. It has been thoroughly demonstrated throughout the county that sand clay roads are best and least expensive when properly constructed.

Overrules the Exceptions.

Raleigh.—The Corporation Commission makes an order overruling the exceptions of the Southern Railway to the order of the commission that the Southern and the Seaboard Air Line join in the erection of a union station at Rutherfordton and directing the railroad companies to submit plans for an adequate passenger station within thirty days. This is the case in which the Southern set up the novel exception that its Rutherfordton station is incorporated as Hamptonville and that under the law the commission had no right to require the union station proposed because it would be within 5 miles of the Hamptonville station.

Organize a Fair Association.

Albemarle.—A very enthusiastic meeting of the citizens of Stanly county assembled to consider the big Trades Day, which is to be held the 23rd. The citizens present organized themselves into a Fair Association, under the name of "The Stanly County Fair Association," of this Mr. W. L. Mann, of Albemarle, was elected president. There were elected vice-presidents from each township; and the president and vice-presidents are to compose an executive committee.

Will Not Stop Demonstration Work.

Albemarle.—The county commissioners decided not to cut out the farm demonstration work in Stanly. For the past two years Mr. S. A. Underwood has been serving as demonstrator, and the county has appointed sufficient funds to make out his salary, taken with the amount paid by the United States Department of Agriculture. However, a few persons raised a kick and presented themselves with petitions asking the commissioners to discontinue the apportionment. Efforts were in vain.

Concerning Postal Savings Banks.

High Point.—Postmaster Ragan has just received information from the Postoffice Department concerning the postal savings banks which are to be issued January 1, 1912. Depositors may exchange the whole or a part of their deposits on the above date for United States registered or coupon bonds, in denominations of \$20, \$100 and \$500, bearing interest at the rate of 2-1/2 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, and redeemable at the pleasure of the United States after one year from the date of issue.

FROM THE TAR HEEL STATE

Column of Short Paragraphs of General News Gotten Together With Care By the Editor.

Raleigh.—The Raleigh Country Club enjoyed electric lights for the first time, the line just being completed from the city out there.

Durham.—Where there are so many violating the law by selling whiskey, just think of the number who are assisting in it by buying the stuff.

Lancaster.—Mr. J. B. Vaughan of Pleasant Hill township has an apple tree in his orchard that is bearing its second crop of fruit this year, the apples being of good, eatable size.

Statesville.—Rev. C. E. Madry, who is in charge of the First Baptist church, has had a very flattering call to the Tabernacle church at Raleigh. He has the call under consideration.

Statesville.—John Berry, a negro charged with stealing cotton in south Iredell, has been placed in jail here to await superior court. Berry was arrested in Mecklenburg county and sent to jail in default of \$200 bond.

Raleigh.—The Eastern Carolina Christian Conference, in session at Catawba Christian Church, near Raleigh, selected Pleasant Union Church, Harsett county, as the place of meeting for late 1912 conference and named Rev. Herbert Scholts of Macon to deliver the annual address.

Statesville.—At Mooresville Mr. W. S. Flowers sold a cow to a traveling man from Virginia for \$125. While \$100 is considered a big price for a cow, the one which changed hands at Mooresville is said to be well worth the price paid. She is a well-bred Jersey and is said to be a "six-gallon-a-day milkster."

Wadesboro.—Chief of Police J. A. Patrick, of Blewitt Falls captured 32 pints of booze on the Blewitt Falls fifth-of-way near Pee Dee; but the tiger took to his heels and escaped. Several raids have recently been made by the officers and a general cleaning up and "running out" of the undesirable is taking place in this vicinity.

Tarboro.—Cotton receipts at Tarboro, for the week ending November 4, 1911, were 896 bales. For the corresponding week last year there were 840 bales, an increase of 256 bales. This doesn't look as though the Edgecombe farmers were following the advice of the recent Governor's conference to hold cotton.

Bryson City.—Mr. S. W. Black, who had on exhibit some of the finest apples entered at the state fair, has just been notified that he has been awarded second prize in the York Imperial exhibit. Mr. Black has one of the best orchards in western North Carolina, and was possibly the only man who had an exhibit of apples at the state fair from Swain county.

Statesville.—The county board of education was in session and ordered special school tax elections in two districts, the special tax to be voted on being 20 cents on the \$100 and 60 cents on the poll. There are now nearly thirty special school tax districts in the county and as a result there are better school buildings and longer terms.

Winston-Salem.—Fifty-four years of happy married life is the record of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Brown, who live near Walnut Cove, and a few days ago Mrs. Brown celebrated her seventy-eighth birthday. Many friends and relatives through three generations, to the number of one hundred and nine persons, visited the aged and happy couple.

Sanford.—Quite a disastrous wreck occurred one mile south of here when five loaded box cars in the rear of the Seaboard local freight station jumped the track and were torn to pieces and piled up in a deep cut. It is not known what caused the wreck, but it is thought to be a rough place in the track as it happened on a curve and down a steep grade.

Marshville.—Messrs. H. E. and J. B. Clay of Hickory have recently invented a new machine and placed on the market known as the cotton-seed separator. The machine is designed to separate the diseased, immature and otherwise faulty seeds from the sound ones, and will be built in various sizes from the small hand-machine for use on the farm to the large power machines to be used at gins and oil mills.

Winston-Salem.—To establish a system of parks commensurate with the needs and constant development of the Twin City, the Winston-Salem board of trade has inaugurated a specific movement, and a strong committee of representative citizens has been appointed for the purpose.

Raleigh.—Gen. B. S. Ryster and F. P. Hoggard appeared before the Corporation Commission in protest against the action of the commission as state tax commission in assessing taxes against the \$13,500 capital stock of the Oxford Seminary & Construction Co., which operates Oxford Seminary.

High Point.—D. B. Smith, Esq., of Charlotte, will deliver the annual address before the Elks of this city in the auditorium December 3. These beautiful scenes will be interspersed with appropriate vocal and instrumental music by some of High Point's best talent.

High Point.—At the formal organization meeting of the High Point Industrial Club held in the auditorium Mayor F. N. Tate was elected president; first vice president, A. M. Briggs; second vice president, J. M. Hedcock; and Mr. Robert Schrist treasurer.

URGE SOME ACTION ON FAVORED CLAUSE

THE PUBLISHERS DEMAND THAT PRESIDENT TAFT OBSERVE GOOD FAITH.

WAS A SPECIAL PRIVILEGE

Question of Enforcing the Favored Nation Clause Has Arisen Because of Passage of Section 2, of the Act of July 26, 1911.

New York.—The American Newspaper Publishers Association, through John Norris, chairman of its committee on paper, has sent a letter to President Taft urging that the government observe good faith in the observance of the favored nation clause of twenty-eight treaties with respect to the free importation of pulp and paper when made from unrestricted wood. The letter recites substantially as follows:

The question of enforcing the favored nation clause has arisen because of the passage of section 2 of the act of July 26, 1911, which granted a special privilege to Canada in the matter of free pulp and paper and which did not depend upon Canadian concurrence, becoming effective immediately upon the passage of the law. It was a separate and independent tariff provision.

Canada's repudiation of reciprocity and the continued importation of Canadian pulps and paper free of duty after September 21, 1911, the date of the Canadian election, put the United States in position where it was granting a special privilege to Canada and it became obligated by its twenty-eight treaties to give equal treatment immediately to the other nations.

Mr. Norris says there are indications that American paper-makers are seeking to delay the execution of the law by urging reference of the matter to the courts for determination. He points out a precedent for executive action in 1899 when the administration, through instructions issued by the Secretary of the Treasury to collectors, granted to Switzerland, under its favored nation clause, the same rates on wines and spirits that France enjoyed under its reciprocity treaty of 1898.

Joe Matson Has Entered.

Savannah, Ga.—A telegram was received by Secretary Arthur W. Solomon of the Savannah Automobile Club from E. R. Hollander, manager of the Fiat Automobile Company, advising him of the nomination of Joe Matson vice Teddy Tetzlaff as a Fiat driver in the Vanderbilt race at Savannah November 27. Tetzlaff was incapacitated as the result of injuries received in the desert race. Matson is a driver of international reputation and his name but adds one more bright spot in the constellation of world-famous stars that will be represented at Savannah. He won the Indiana trophy in 1909. He and Knipker won sixteen events in 1909, carrying with it the American road championship.

Aviator Rodgers Has Fall.

Los Angeles, Cal.—In an attempted flight from Pasadena to Long Beach, officially to end his Atlantic-Pacific journey, Aviator C. P. Rodgers met with the worst mishap of his career, falling with his machine 125 feet into a ploughed field, half way between the two cities and within sight of his destination.

Although no bones were broken, Rodgers was rendered unconscious. He was badly shaken, his face burned and torn, his hands were crushed by his motor and he complains of severe pains in his side.

Fleet Maneuvers on Virginia Beach.

Newport, R. I.—The first, third and fifth divisions of the North Atlantic fleet of battleships will leave Newport headed for the Virginia coast, off which they will assume the guise of an attacking squadron.

Aged Man Murders Wife.

Macon, Ga.—Mrs. Lizzie McCall, aged 70, was shot and killed by her husband Robert McCall, aged 71 years, while she lay asleep in her bed at her home here. McCall then barricaded himself in another bedroom and when the sheriff broke down the door he was found lying on the bed sound asleep with a shotgun by his side. On the floor lay a half pint bottle which had contained whiskey. McCall told the sheriff that after he fired the shot he drank the contents and went to sleep.

Strike Has Gotten Serious.

New York.—New York's streets have become so littered with piles of garbage as the result of the street cleaners' strike, that Commissioner Edwards will begin the use of disinfectants. He decided upon this measure after a tour of the city with Dr. Ernest B. Lederle, commissioner of health, who feared that conditions were such as to menace public health. Dr. Lederle said he found conditions on the East Side "pretty bad." Rain which is falling is expected to flush much of the refuse away.