

ed States with pellagra is

by further defining the already admitted exceptions to the literal construction of the act. By the decrees, they furnish useful precedent as to the proper method of dealing with the capital and property of illegal trusts. These decisions suggest the need and wisdom of additional or supplemental legislation to make i easier for the entire business community to square with the rule of action and legality thus finally established and to preserve the benefit, freedom and spur of reasonable competition without loss of real efficiency or progress.

but they clarify those important decisions

It has been said that the court, by in troducing into the construction of the statute common law distinctions, has emasculated it. This is obviously untrue. By its judgment every contract and com bination in restraint of interstate trade made with the purpose, or necessary effect of controlling prices by stifling competition, or of establishing in whole or in part a monopoly of such trade, is condemned by the statute. The most ex treme critics cannot instance a case that ought to be condemned under the statute which is not brought within its terms as thus construed.

The sugestion is also made that the Su preme court by its decisions in the last two cases has committed to the court the undefined and unlimited discretion to determine whether a case of restraint of trade is within the terms of the statute. This is wholly untrue. A reasonable restraint of trade at common law is well understood and is clearly defined. It does not rest in the discretion of the court. It must be limited to acomplish the purpose of a lawful main contract to which, in order that it shall be enforceable at all, it must be incidental. If it exceeds the needs of that contract it is void.

Methods of Dissolution.

In the Standard Oil case the Supreme and circuit courts found the combination to be a monopoly of the interstate business of refining, transporting, and marketing petroleum and its products, effected and maintained through thirty-seven different corporations, the stock of which was held by a New Jersey company. It in effect commanded the dissolution of this combination, directed the transfer and pro-rata distribution by the New Jersey company of the stock held by it in the thirty-seven corporations to and among its stockholders, and the corporations and individual defendants were enjoined from conspiring or combining to restore such monopoly; and all agree ments betwen the subsidiary corporations tending to produce or bring about further violations of the act were enjoined.

In the Tobacco case, the court found that the individual defendants, twentynine in number, had been engaged in successful effort to acquire complete do minion over the manufacture, sale, and distribution of tobacco in this country and abroad, and that this had been done by combinations made with a purpose and effect to stifle competition, control prices, and establish a monopoly, no only in the manufacture of tobacco, but also of tin-foll and licorice, used in its manufacture and of its products of clgars, cigarettes and snuffs. The tobacco suit presentend a far more complicated and difficult case than the Standard Oil suit for a decree which would effectuate the will of the court and end the violation of the statute. There was here no single holding company as in the case of the Standard Oil trust. The main company was the American Tobacco company, a manufacturing, selling and holding company. The plan adopted to destroy the combination and restore compe tition involved the redivision of the capital and plants of the whole trust between some of the companies constituting the trust and new companies organized for the purposes of the decree and made parties to it, and numbering, new and old, fourteen.

Purpose Not Confiscation.

It is not the purpose of the statute confiscate the property and capital of the offending trusts. Methods of punishment by fine or imprisonment of the individual

sarily tend to disturb the confidence of the business community, to dry up the now flowing sources of capital from its places of hoarding, and produce a halt in our present prosperity that will cause suffering and strained circumstances among the innocent many for the fault of the guilty few. The question which I wish in this message to bring clearly to the consideration and discussion of congress is whether, in order to avoid such a possible business dauger, something cannot be done by which these business combinations may be offered a means, without great financial disturbance, of changing the character, organization and extent of their business into one within the lines of the law under federal control and supervision, securing compliance with the

anti-trust statute. "Generally, in the industrial combiations called "Trusts.' the principal business is the sale of goods in many states and in foreign markets; in other words, the interstate and foreign business far exceeds the business done in any one state. This fact will justify the federal government in granting a federal charter to such a combination to make and sell in interstate and foreign commerce the products of useful manufacture under such limitations as will secure a compliance with the antitrust law. It is possible so to frame a statute that while it offers protection to a federal company against harmful, vexatious and unnecessary invasion by the states, it shall subject it to reasonable taxation and control by the states with respect to its purely local business.

"Corporations organized under this act should be prohibited from acquiring and holding stock in other corporations (except for special reasons, upon approval by the proper federal authority), thus avoiding the creation under national auspices of the holding company with subordinate corporations in different states, which has been such an effective agency in the creation of the great trusts and monopolies. "If the prohibition of the anti-trust

act against combinations in restraint of trade is to be effectively enforced. it is essential that the national government shall provide for the creation of national corporations to carry on legitimate business throughout the United States. The conflicting laws of the different states of the Union with espect to foreign corporations makes it di%cult, if not impossible, for one corporation to comply with their requirements so as to carry on business in a number of different states."

Federal Commission Proposed.

I do not set forth in detail the terms and sections of a statute which might supply the constructive legislation permitting and aiding the formation of combinations of capital into federal corporations. They should be subject to rigid rules as to their organization and procedure, including effective publicity, and to the closest supervision as to the issue of stock and bonds by an executive bureau or commission in the department of commerce and labor, to which in times of doubt they might well submit their proposed plans for future business. It must be distinctly understood that incorporation under a federal law could not exempt the company thus formed and its incorporators and managers from prosecution under the anti-trust law for subsequent ilegal conduct, but the publicity of its procedure and the opportunity for frequent consultation as to the legitimate purpose of its transactions would offer it as great security against successful prosecutions for violations of the law as would be practical or wise.

I recommend that the federal charters thus to be granted shall be voluntary, at least until experience justifies mandatory provisions. The benefit to be derived from the operation of great businesses under the protection of such a charter would attract all who are anxious to keep within the lines of the law. Other large

to secure money were discussed by the executive council of the organization, in session at Memphis, Tenn. A majority of the members appeared to favor the inauguration of a campaign

asking voluntary contributions in every camp of the organization. judges' stand at Savannah, Ga., at the finish of the seventh Vanderbilt Cup

passed the performance of Harvey op of New York; Wililam O'Connell, Herrick, in covering 202 miles at an archbishop of Boston, and Diomede Palma, in a Mercdes, was second.

concensus of opinion indicates the ent pontiff. following results: Alabama 1,500,000,

Arkansas and Missouri 950,000, Florida and Georgia 2,650,000, Louisiana 375,000, Mississippi 1,150,000, Oklahoma 960,000, North Carolina and Vir1 ginia 1,000,000, South Carolina, 1,500,-000, Tennessee and Kentucky 450, 000, Texas and California 4,300,000, total 14,835,000. This forecast relates to actual growth, exclusive of linters

'epacks and similar additions.

General. Upton Sinclair, author and Socialist, will get his divorce from his wife, Meta F. Sinclair, if the court approves the recommendation made by Referee W. S. Keiley. With the recommendation for an interlocutory decree went the referee's report of the testimony, containing interesting details of life at Arden, the summer camp of the Sinclair colony, while Harry Kemp, the Kansas poet and corespondent in the case, was a dweller there with other literary people. The ugly smirch of suspected brib-

ery was trailed across the train of James B. McNamara for the alleged murder of Charles Haggerty, one of twenty-one victims of the Los Angeles Times disaster. A pleased prosecution and a dumbfounded defense took stock of the day's work of Samuel L. Brown, chief investigator of the state, who arrested three men and stacked District Atorney Fredericks' desk with bank notes taken from the arrested men's pockets in Fredericks' presence.

What is announced to be the larg est sale of jewels on record opened in Paris, France, when the literally priceless collection of Abdul Hamid, exsultan of Turkey, came under the hammer. Although only a small fraction of the treasures displayed was

disposed of, they reached a total of \$540,000. The best price paid was for a necklace composed of three rows of 154 pearls and clasp formed of three rows of brilliants, which brought \$184,000.

An official Iowa trademark was reg-

and typicaly African in feature. The change came gradualy. At the time son of Robert Leonard has been se per part of his body were white as in his mind as to his guilt, according The manufacturers of High Point of his death Payne's face and the upthose of any Caucasian,

Ninetene new members were added to the college of cardinals, the gov-When a white streak flashed by the erning body of the Roman Catholic church. A surprise came in the ceremonies when it was made known that 2 years old. race, the American automobile world the pope had created a cardinal "in Money played a conspicuous part in hailed Ralph K. Mulford, driver of a pectore"-that is, "in his breast"-the the evidence. Lozier car as a new champion. Not identity of the one so honored not is here aiding the coroner. only had Mulford lowered all previous being revealed. Of these 19 three are Vanderbilt records, he also had sur- Americans-John M. Farley, archbish-A Bronze Statue of Ruffin.

average of 74.63 miles an hour. De Falconio, apostolic delegate to Washington. America now has four mem-The New Orleans Times-Democrat bers of the college, that, practicaly presents its corerspondents' final re- unchanged in personnel, will doubtports on the cotton crop of 1911. The less name the succesor to the pres-

Washington.

at Manila an expeditionary force of Bar Association a committee was ap- North Carolinians during the past year from 500 to 2,500 soldiers for immediate dispatch to China to protect foreigners and to keep open the railway communication between Pekin it was decided a lifesize or heroic sity of North Carolina, at the annual and the sea. This, it was declared by the state department, is not to

be considered an intervention force in favor of either the rebels or the imperialists, but is merely this coun-

Boxer protocol, with the provisions in certain parts of the county. And each year to the North Carolinian of that document. largely given over to tariff bills," said is heartily co-operating. The ravages

Rperesentative Underwood, majority leader of the house. "I we can con- until two years ago, have been mark-All the Democratic members are prepared to make concessions in the interest of harmony. They expect to have passed through the house tariff revision, which the Democratic party

believes the county wants. Wharton Barker, a retired banker of Philadelphia, sprang asensation on the senate committee on interstate commerce, when he alleged that a New York financier told him in 1904 that the financial interests would support Theodore Roosevelt for president, because Roosevelt had "made a bargain" with them

them "on the railroad question." Mr. Barker's statement came in the midst of a vigorous attack on the "money trust." Colonel Roosevelt declared Mr. Barber's statement to be a "pipe dream."

The annual report of Royal S. Cabell, commissioner of internal revenue, makes several startling declarations. All records were broken in the past fiscal year in the production of alcoholic liquors. The smoking of opium is a widespread vice in this country, and opium joints exist in every city of considerable size. The offenders, by fine of the corporation, or combinations that fail to take advantage istered with the secretary of state. White and E. C. Harris; treasurer, the state. They entrough the day after the murder by double system of taxing oleomarga-W. T. Yancey; secretary, J. F. Webb; girls from Davidson county to Char-

cured, and hardly any doubt exists The People Want Belt Line. to the evidence which has already are much pleased with the idea of the come to the jury of inquest. Their Southern Railway Company having unminds are practically a unit, as to der advisement the building of a belt the guilt of the suspected man. Bob line around that part of the city where percentage of recoveries. When the Leonard is 26 years old, has a wife the industries are the thickest. It is and two children, the youngest a boy said that the line will branch off

> city and thence through the more thickly built factory district. On ac-

Ruffin in a year will be a notable addi- greatly congested by the much shifttion to the monuments in Raleigh. It ing of the freight cars and the buildwill be placed either in the routnda ing of this belt line would greatly reof the new building being erected for relieve the situation.

the state, or in the Capitol Square. That was the decision of the commit- Patterson Memorial Cup Awarded.

tee in charge of the matter, at a For the surprising excellence of his session with Chief Justice Clark, recently published book "The Life and the chairman at his home. At the Works of Bernard Shaw," as compar-The United States is keeping ready last meeting of the North Carolina ed with the literary effort of other pointed to take into consideration the Patterson memorial cup was whether there should be made a bust awarded to Dr. Archibald Henderson or a statue of Chief Justice Ruffin and of the chair of mathematics, Univermeeting of the North Carolina Literbronze statue should be made.

ary and Historical Association. The presentation was by United States Interest In Eradication of Beetle. Mecklenburg farmers are manifest- Senator Lee S. Overman, who paid ing a keen interest in the eradication high tribute to Mrs. J. Lindsay Pattry's part in complying, together with of the pine bark beetle that is do- terson of Winston-Salem, by whom the the other powers signatory to the ing so much damage to the forests Patterson memorial cup is awarded in this effort, the bureau of entomolo- doing the best literary work for the

"This session of congress will be gy of the Department of Agriculture year.

of the little insect, almost unnoticed | Largest Amount by One Church. West Market Street Methodist Epistinue as we began last session, I ed in those townships where bodies copal church, South, Greensboro, raisthink there will be no doubt as to of pine forests are plentiful. As was ed last year \$20,523.34 for all purthe verdict of the people at the polls. so clearly shown at the pine beetle poses, which is probably the largest conference held in Charlotte the in- amount raised by any single church having been taken to a hopsital. James sect is very insignificant in size but in the state not to have under way enormously large in its destructive ef- anything special in the way of buildings. The finance committee of the forts.

Suggests Brass Band Contest.

Rowland Lovelace, a young white military officers here at the officers' school and that it may be possible to man, 18 years old, was taken from order the bands of the three North Raleigh to Shelby, Cleveland county, Carolina Regiments to be present. He to answer the charge of seduction unsuggests that the citizens offer prizes der promise of marriage. He had disand have other brass bands here, so appeared from Cleveland and was loas to have a big contest, which would cated in the employ of the Lattimore attract many people. This is a matter Lumber Company, near Raleigh. Depwhich the Chamber of Commerce uty Sheriff R. M. Gadney came from Shelby to carry Lovelace back. should take in hand.

Have Elected New Officers.

Started Fifteen Year Sentenced. Charles Noell was brought to Ral-The new board of directors of the Granville County Agricultural Asso- eigh from Lexington to enter upon his ciation, elected at the recent meeting 15-year sentence to the penitentiary as of the stockholders, held their first the principal in the sensational meeting a few days ago. The following "white slave" case there, in which officers were elected: President, B. he and his wife were convicted in M. Caldwell; vice-presidents, E. T. sensational trials that stirred the en-White and E. C. Harris; treasurer, tire state. They enticed two young

has proved that the attack is much more severe in this country. Children, it has been found, respond to treatment much more satisfactory than do adults, and show the greatest disease reaches the point of producing insanity, a suicidal tendency develops and nearly all pellagra victims choose somewhere near the new Pickett Cotton Mills(in the western part of the drowning. Cottonseed oil, Indian corn, certain classes of vegetables and a recently discovered gnat, are among the sup-

count of the large amount of freight posed causes, but the disease still is a handled here the main tracks of the mystery to the scientists. A bronze statue of Chief Justice Southern through the city are at times

Free Use of Panama Canal.

Washington .- A plea for the free use by all nations of the completed Panama canal is made by John Barrett. director general of the Pan-American Union, in a statement published in the official bulletin of the Pan-American Union. Mr. Barrett has made a study of the canal situation in its relation to all republics in North and South America. He urges that Congress make the canal free to all commerce. In case such a plan is not favored, he urges a minimum toll rate, not to exceed 50 or 75 cents a net ton, for foreign trade and free passage for all American ships engaged in coastwise trade.

Have Battle With Bandits.

Bellingham, Wash .-- Two bandits. Walter Foote and Fred James, fortified behind a breastworks cf logs on the banks of the Skagit river, near Sedro Wooley, for three hours stood off a posse of 200 citizens. More than a thousand shots were fired and forty dynamite bombs were thrown against the logs before the highwaymen surrendered. Foote was found to have seven bullets in his body and died after was uninjured and was lodged in the Skagit county jail. The men had held up a saloon, robbed the safe, "covered" the town marshal with revelvers, taken away his weapons and valuables and then fied. Four members of the posse were wounded in the battle that followed.

Woman Killed By Robber.

Chicago .- Miss Edith Hocman was shot and killed here by robbers who, disomunting from an automobile, attempted to hold up the young woman and her escort. The escort showed resistance and one of the robbers opened fire upon him. The bullets struck Miss Hoffman, however, and she was instantly killed. The assailants then escaped in their automobile.

Escaped Murderer Recaptured.

Auugsta, Ga .- T. B. Walker, the negro convicted of the murder of Capt. E. S. Hallinshead in Wilkes county. and who escaped at Barnett station while being taken to Washington for execution the following day, was captured in Glasscock county and is being brought to Augusta. Walker was

church has been reasonably success-

ful this year in getting the members That there be a big brass band con- to give weekly, instead of spasmodi³ test in Raleigh next spring is a sug- cally, and this has done great things gestion made by Adjutant-General R. for the work. L. Leinster. General Leinster says that next May there will be a hundred | Must Answer To Serious Charge.

tion, are provided, but the proceeding in equity is a specific remedy to stop the operation of the trust by injunction and prevent the future use of the plant and capital in violation of the statute. I venture to say that not in the history Did as He Was Told. A young Irishman from a remote part of Ireland recently secured a berth as barman at a hotel in Man- chester. The first morning at 6 o'clock young Murphy was instructed to light the lamps outside. This he proceeded to do very businesslike, but half an hour later could not be found. Inquiries were made, and eventually Murphy was seen about 7:30 lighting a lamp near Middleton, having lit all the lamps on the Roch- dale road for about four miles.—Ideas	stamped with a design of a hawk's head within a cog wheel, and the words "Made in Iowa." The Democratic national committee has decided not to open headquarters in Chicago until after January 8. "Alaska is an empire in the mak- ing, and all it needs is a chance to develop," said the Rev. Peter T. Rowe, Episcopal bishop of Alaska, be- fore 500 persons at a "develop Alas- ka' dinner of the chamber of com- merce, Seattle, Wash. The supreme court of New York has granted a decree of separation and \$15,000 a year alimony to Mrs. Lilly Middleton, wife of John A. Mid- dleton, vice president of the Lehigh Valley railroad. The formal order dissolving the	frauds are being perpetrated on the butter-buying public. The internal revenue receipts last year were 322, 526,299, the greaest in the history of the government. Determined to end the practice of "shanghaiing" men and the enforce- ment of a system which virtually amounts to peonage aboard vessels, especially on the "oyster fleet" in Chesapeake bay, Secretary Nagel has ordered a fast boat to go after the of- fenders and police those waters. It is known that men have been drugged at many ports along the Chesapeake, kidnaped and taken aboard the oys- ter boats against their wills. Their filthy quarters, improper food and long hours of labor, often under the	 B. S. Royster, J T. Cozart, R. T. Gregory and W. B. Ballou. It was decided to leave the selection of asassistant secretary to the committee. Union Depot Hearing at Wilson. Mr. W. T. Lee of the State Corporation Commission presided over the union depot hearing here. C. C. Daniels represented the citizens and Col. W. B. Rodman general solicitor, W. R. Hudson general superintendent, B. L. Buff traffic manager, the Norfolk & Southern, and W. H. Newell, general superintendent, C. L. Porter district superintendent and George B. Elliott general counsel, the Atlantic Coast Line. Many citizens appeared asking for the union depot. 	Looming Up Large On the Map. Fuquay Springs is looming up large on the map. It has long been famous for the health-giving qualities of its	of Washington. The negro escaped for the mob, but was later recaptur- ed and again escaped. Want to Help the Victims. New York.—The proposal that the \$190,000 fund, subscribed by labor unions to aid in the defense of the Mc- Namara brothers be turned over to the relatives of victims of The Los Angeles Times disaster was endorsed at a meeting of the Central Labor Union of Brooklyn. The McNamara brothers were severely arraigned and the sympathy and support of the Brooklyn unions was promised to
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