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TAFT AND SHERMAN ARE RENOMINATED BY THE OLD WING OF REPUBLICAN PARTY

WITH 344 DELEGATES NOT VOTING, THE PRESIDENT RECEIVES
A MAJORITY OVER ROOSEVELT, LaFOLLETTE AND
CUMMINS OF ONLY 21.

THE DEMONSTRATIONS WERE NOT OVER EXCITING

Colonel's Followers Did Not Walk Out of Convention as Was Expected They
Might Do, But Instead Were Silent in Their Seats, Preferring to Do
This Rather Than Be Charged With Bolting—Sherman's Vote Was 597
—Taft Makes a Statement.

Chicago.—With nearly 350 of the Roosevelt delegates declining to vote and hastening away at adjournment time to tender to Col. Theodore Roosevelt the nomination of a new party the fifteenth Republican national convention at the end of a long and tumultuous session Saturday night renominated William Howard Taft of

important than those of the election campaign which is to follow between the two great national parties. The question here at stake was whether the Republican party was to change its attitude as the chief conservator in the national of constitutional representative government and was to weaken the constitutional guarantee of life, liberty and property and all other rights declared sacred in the Bill of Rights, by abandoning the principle of the absolute independence of the judiciary, essential to the maintenance of those rights. The campaign carried on to seize the Republican party and make it the instrument of reckless ambition and the unsettling of the fundamental principles of our government was so sudden and unexpected that time was not given closely to show to the people and the party the dangers which confronted them. It was sought to break the wise and valuable tradition against giving more than two terms to any one man in the presidency and the danger from its breach could not be measured. The importance of the great victory which has been achieved can not be over-estimated. All over this country patriotic people tonight are breathing more freely than a most serious menace to our Republican institutions has been averted.

"It is not necessary tonight to speak of the result in November and of the issues which may arise between the Republican and Democratic parties during the presidential campaign.

"It will be time enough to do that after the action of the convention at Baltimore. It is enough now to say that whatever may happen in November



WILLIAM H. TAFT.

Ohio for President, and James Schoolcraft Sherman of New York, for Vice President.

President Taft received 561 of the 1,078 votes in the convention, or 21 more than a majority.

The decision of the Roosevelt people, under direction of their leader, to refrain from voting, left no other candidate. The announcement of the Taft victory was greeted with cheering from his adherents and groans and hisses from the opposition.

When it became absolutely certain early Saturday that Mr. Taft would be nominated without great difficulty the leaders in control of the convention decided to give him as a running mate his companion on the ticket in 1908.

All others dropped from the race and Mr. Sherman was the only candidate regularly placed before the convention. A motion from New Hampshire to make the nomination by acclamation was declared out of order. There were many scattering votes on the roll call that ensued.

The convention amid much confusion adjourned sine die.

At no time was there an indication of a walk-out of the Roosevelt delegates. They expressed their revolt by silence.

In the confusion just before the adjournment, a resolution was adopted giving the national committee power to declare vacant the seat of any man on the committee refusing to support the nominees of the regular convention of 1912.

Sherman's vote was 597.

President Taft made the following statement:

"The national convention of one of the great parties is ordinarily important only as a preliminary to a national campaign for the election of a President. The Chicago convention of last year was much more than this and is in itself the end of a pre-convention campaign presenting a crisis more threatening and issues more



JAMES S. SHERMAN.

ber, great victory for the Republican party and the United States has been won. The party remains as a great powerful organization for carrying out its patriotic principles as an urgency of real progress in the development of the nation along the constitutional lines upon which it was constructed and has even been maintained; and its future opportunity for usefulness is as great as its achievements in the past."

Talk of Adjournment.

Chicago.—The rapid progress made by the convention after the contests were disposed of in the adoption of reports of all of the committees up to that of the committee on resolutions materially altered the prospects as to final adjournment. It was believed by the leaders that it might be possible to conclude the nominations and adjourn by midnight or earlier.

Sherman Appreciates Honor.

Utica, N. Y.—Expressing appreciation of the honor conferred by the Republican national convention in selecting him for a second time as nominee for Vice President, James S. Sherman declared that although it was his preference to retire from public life, he had been honored too greatly by the party to decline a renomination. "To appreciate its full significance," he said, "one must remember that not for three-quarters of a century, has a renomination been accorded to any one for this office."

Hilles May Lead Taft's Campaign.

Chicago.—Charles D. Hilles, secretary to President Taft, probably will be chosen chairman of the Republican national committee. No definite announcement that his selection was certain was obtainable at present, but it was known that he had been endorsed by President Taft and was generally acceptable. Congressman William B. McKinley of Illinois, who has managed the President's campaign and was mentioned for the chairmanship refused to have his name considered.

TAFT AND SHERMAN VOTE

Showing How Delegates Lined Up After Stormy Session of National Republican Convention.

Roll call on nomination:
Alabama—Taft 22; not voting 2.
Arizona—Taft 6.
Arkansas—Taft 17; not voting 1.
California—Taft 2; not voting 24.
Colorado—Taft 12.
Connecticut—Taft 14.
Delaware—Taft 6.
Florida—Taft 12.
Georgia—Taft 28.
Idaho—Taft 1; Cummins 7.
Illinois roll called.
Illinois—Taft 2; Roosevelt 52; absent 2; not voting 2.
Indiana—Taft 20; Roosevelt 3; not voting 7.
Iowa—Taft 16; Cummins 10.
Kansas—Taft 2; not voting 18.
Kentucky—Taft 24; Roosevelt 2.
Louisiana—Taft 20.
Maine—Not voting 12.
Maryland—Taft 1; Roosevelt 8; absent 1, not voting 5.
Massachusetts—Taft 20; Roosevelt 9; not voting 1.
Minnesota—Not voting 24.
Missouri—Taft 16; not voting 20.
Montana—Taft 8.
Nebraska—Roosevelt 3; not voting 14.
Nevada—Taft 6.
New Hampshire—Taft 8.
New Jersey—Roosevelt 2; not voting 26.
New Mexico—Taft 7; Roosevelt 1.
New York—Taft 76; Roosevelt 8; not voting 6.
North Carolina—Taft 1; Roosevelt 1; not voting 22.
North Dakota—LaFollette 10.
Ohio—Taft 14; not voting 34.
Oklahoma—Taft 4; Roosevelt 1; not voting 15.
Oregon—Roosevelt 8; not voting 2.
Pennsylvania—Taft 9; Roosevelt 2; Hughes 2; not voting 62; absent 1.
Rhode Island—Taft 10.
South Carolina—Taft 16; absent 1; not voting 1.
South Dakota—Roosevelt 5; LaFollette 5.
Tennessee—Taft 23; Roosevelt 1.
Texas—Taft 31; absent 1; not voting 8.
Utah—Taft 8.
Vermont—Taft 6; not voting 2.
Virginia—Taft 6; not voting 2.
Virginia—Taft 22; one absent, one not voting.
Washington—Taft 14.
Wisconsin—LaFollette 26.
Wyoming—Taft 6.

Roll Call Vice President.
Alabama—Sherman 22; not voting 2.
Arizona—Sherman 6.
Arkansas—Sherman 18.
California—Sherman 2; not voting 24.
Colorado—Sherman 12.
Connecticut—Sherman 14.
Delaware—Sherman 6.
Florida—Sherman 12.
Georgia—Sherman 28.
Idaho—Hadley 8.
Illinois—Sherman 9; not voting 49; (vote challenged).
Illinois—Result of poll of delegation: Sherman 10; not voting 17; absent 30.
Indiana—Sherman 21; Hadley 2; not voting 7.
Iowa—Sherman 16; Borah 10.
Kansas—Sherman 2; not voting 18.
Kentucky—Sherman 26.
Louisiana—Sherman 20.
Maine—Absent 12.
Maryland—Sherman 8; not voting 3; absent 5.
Maryland—Sherman 20; Borah 9; Hadley 1; not voting 6.
Minnesota—Not voting 24.
Mississippi—Sherman 17; not voting 3.
Missouri—Sherman 20; not voting 16.
Montana—Sherman 8.
Nebraska—Beveridge 2; not voting 14.
Nevada—Sherman 6.
New Hampshire—Sherman 8.
New Jersey—Not voting 28.
New Mexico—Sherman 8.
New York—Sherman 87; not voting 3.
North Carolina—Sherman 6; not voting 1; absent 17.
North Dakota—Not voting 10.
Ohio—Sherman 14; not voting 34.
Oklahoma—Sherman 4; not voting 16.
Oregon—Borah 8; not voting 2.
Pennsylvania—Sherman 12; not voting 63; absent 1.
Rhode Island—Sherman 10.
South Carolina—Sherman 15; not voting 3.
South Dakota—Not voting 10.
Tennessee—Sherman 23; not voting 1.
Texas—Sherman 31; not voting 8; absent 1.
Utah—Sherman 8.
Vermont—Sherman 6; not voting 2.
Virginia—Sherman 22; not voting 1; absent 1.
Washington—Sherman 14.
West Virginia—Not voting 16.
Wisconsin—Charles E. Merriam 20; not voting 2; absent 4.
Wyoming—Sherman 6.
Alaska—Sherman 2.
District of Columbia—Sherman 2.
Mail—Sherman 6.
Philippines—Sherman 2.
Puerto Rico—Sherman 2.
Unofficial vote—Sherman 597; Borah 21; Hadley 14; Merriam 20; Beveridge 2; Gillette 1.
Absent 85.
Present, but not voting 338.

ROOSEVELT NAMED BY PROGRESSIVES

COLONEL'S DELEGATES FROM
ALL STATES HOLD INDEPENDENT
CONVENTION.

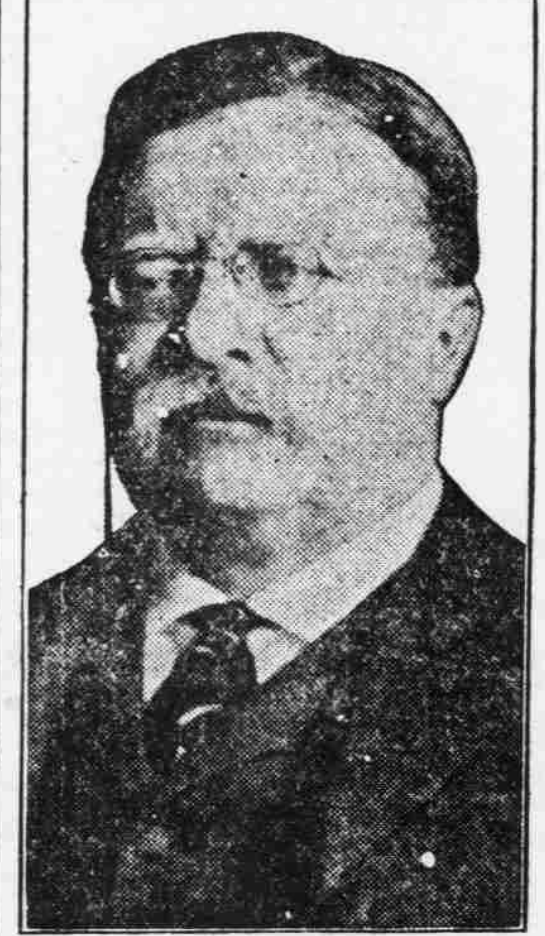
NAME VICE PRESIDENT LATER

Much Enthusiasm Prevails in Orchestra Hall, Birthplace of New Party Sufficient to Carry Conviction That Organization Means Business.

Chicago.—Former President Theodore Roosevelt was nominated for President on an independent ticket Saturday night in the dying hours of the Republican national convention in which he had met defeat.

The followers of Colonel Roosevelt gathered in Orchestra Hall, less than a mile from the Coliseum and pledged their support to the former President. Colonel Roosevelt said:
Gentlemen: I thank you for your nomination and in you I recognize the lawfully elected delegates to the Republican convention who represent the overwhelming majority of the voters who took part in the Republican primaries prior to the convention and who represent the wish of the majority of the lawfully elected members of the convention. I accepted the nomination subject to but one condition.

This has now become a contest which cannot be settled merely along the old party lines. The principles that are at stake are as broad and as deep as the foundations of our democracy itself. They are in no sense sectional. They should appeal to all honest citizens, East and West, North and South. They should appeal to all right thinking men whether Republicans or Democrats without regard to their previous party affiliations. I feel that the time has come when not only all men who believe in progressive principles but all men who believe in these elementary maxims of public and private morality which must underlie every form of successful free government should join in one movement. Therefore I ask you to go to



THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

your several homes to find out the sentiment of the people at home and then again come together, I suggest by mass convention to nominate for the presidency a progressive candidate on a Progressive platform, a candidate and a platform that will enable us to appeal to Northerner and Southerner, Easterner and Westerner, Republican and Democrat alike, in the name of our common American citizenship.

Wherever in any state the Republican party is true to the principles of its founders and is genuinely the party of justice and progress, I expect to see it come bodily into the new movement for the convention has just sat in this city in no proper sense of the word a Republican convention at all. It does not represent the masses of the Republican party. It was organized in cynical defiance of their wishes and it has served the purpose only of a group of sinister political bosses who have not one shadow of sympathy with the spirit and purpose of the Republican party of fifty years ago and many of whom have used the party merely as an adjunct to money making, either for themselves or for the great crooked financial interests which they serve.

But we are more fortunate in one respect than our predecessors, for we who now stand for the Progressive cause, the Progressive movement, have done forever with all sectionalism, and we make our appeal equally to the sons of the men who fought under Grant and to the sons of the men who fought under Lee for the cause we champion is as emphatically the cause of the South as it is the cause of the North.

THE REPUBLICAN PLATFORM

It Covers All of the Pending Issues Between the Two Organizations—For Tariff Board.

Chicago, June 27.—The platform adopted by the Republican national convention, reaffirms the belief of the party in the protective tariff and declares that the present high cost of living is "not due to the protective tariff system, as evidenced by the existence of similar conditions in countries which have a tariff policy different from our own."

It declares the party's unchanging faith in government of the people, for the people and by the people, "expressing its veneration for the name of Abraham Lincoln, whose lofty principles and superb devotion to his country were an inspiration to the party he honored."

It expresses its belief in "our self-controlled representative democracy which is a government of laws not of men, and in which order is the prerequisite of progress." "The Republican party," it says, "is prepared to go forward with the solution of those new questions which social, economical and political developments have brought in the forefront of the nation's interest. It will strive to enact the necessary legislation to safeguard the public health, to limit effectively the labor of women and children, to protect wage earners engaged in dangerous occupations, to enact comprehensive laws in place of the present wasteful and unjust system of employers' liability and in all possible ways to satisfy the just demand of the people for the study and solution of complex and constantly changing problems of social welfare.

Rights of Individual. "In dealing with these questions," says the platform, "it is important that the rights of every individual to the freest possible development of his own powers and resources and to the control of his own justly acquired property, as far as those are compatible with the rights of others, shall not be interfered with or destroyed." "The authority and integrity of the courts, both state and federal, must be upheld, the platform adds, but it declares in favor of "legislation to prevent long delays and the tedious and costly appeals which have so often amounted to a denial of justice in civil cases and to a failure to protect the public at large in criminal cases."

It declares the recall of judges "unnecessary and unwise," yet favors such "action as may be necessary to simplify the process by which any judge who is found to be derelict in his duty may be removed from office." It favors the peaceful settlement of international disputes and the reference of controversies between nations to an international court of justice.

The Republican party is opposed to special privileges and monopoly, says the platform, pointing to the enactment of the interstate commerce act and of the anti-trust act. It favors "enactment of legislation supplementary to the existing anti-trust act which will define as criminal offenses those specific acts that uniformly mark attempts to restrain and to monopolize trade."

Benefits of Tariff. "The Republican tariff policy," declares the platform, "has been of the greatest benefit to the country, developing our resources, diversifying our industries and protecting our workmen against competition with cheaper labor abroad.

"Some of the existing import duties," it continues, "are too high and should be reduced. To accomplish this correct information is indispensable. This information can best be obtained by an expert commission, as the large volume of useful facts contained in the recent reports of the tariff board have demonstrated."

As to the high cost of living the platform declares that the party will support a "prompt scientific inquiry into the causes which are operative, both in the United States and elsewhere to increase the cost of living," and that when these facts are known the necessary steps will be taken to reduce high prices.

The platform declares for the "progressive department of our banking and currency system." "It is of great importance," it continues, "to social and economic welfare of this country that its farmers have facilities for borrowing easily and cheaply the money they need to increase the productivity of their land. It is as important that financial machinery be provided to supply the demand of farmers for credit as it is that the banking and currency systems be reformed in the interest of the general business. Therefore, we recommend the passage of state and Federal laws for the establishment and capable supervision of organizations having for another purpose the loaning of funds to farmers."

GOOD ROADS MEET TO BE NEXT MONTH

THE STATE CONVENTION TO CON-
VENE ON JULY 24-25 IN
ANNUAL SESSION.

DOCTOR PRATT IS COMING

The Crest of The Blue Ridge Highway To Be Carefully Discussed—Mecklenburg County Good Roads Are The Center of Attraction.

Charlotte.—Dr. Joseph Hyde Pratt, president of the North Carolina Good Roads Association, wired Secretary Corwith of the Greater Charlotte Club that the annual convention of the association would be held in Charlotte, Wednesday and Thursday, July 24 and 25.

This meeting will bring to Charlotte all the leading good roads enthusiasts in the state. Included in the number will be a select assortment of automobile men, almost everyone of whom is a self-constituted good roads advocate. There will be present also a number of road engineers from the various counties. All in all, it is expected that a large and representative delegation will be in attendance from all sections of the state.

It is regarded as very fitting and proper that this convention of good roads enthusiasts should be held in Charlotte which is the center of the first and foremost good roads development in the South. Mecklenburg has been building good roads, largely macadam, for the past 30 years and has within its borders over 225 miles of improved highway, to say nothing of connecting roads which are not classed as improved for the reason that they are not macadam or sand-clay and yet they are worked and kept in repair by the county. These macadam roads were constructed almost exclusively with convict labor. Today there are three forces at work, partly on extensions and partly on repairs of old roads.

It is planned to carry all of those who come to attend this good roads meeting out to the several convict camps where an ocular and practical demonstration will be given of good roads construction after the very latest and most improved methods. A number of automobiles will be requisitioned and all those who may desire to attend will be cordially welcomed.

North Carolina New Enterprises. Three important charters issued were for the Fabric Development Company of Charlotte, capital \$50,000 authorized and \$30,000 subscribed by W. S. Lee, Charlotte; Thomas Gresham, Richmond, and A. C. Springs, Charlotte, for developing real estate, erecting apartment houses and other buildings. The Freehold Realty Company, Charlotte, capital \$125,000 by A. M. McDonald, J. M. Scott, W. S. Alexander and others, for real estate development. Highland Sewer & Water Co., Southern Pines, capital \$100,000 authorized and \$5,000 subscribed by Henry B. McCormick and others.

Boy Drowned While In Bathing. News reached Washington of the drowning of Napoleon Spencer, the 19-year-old son of Mr. William Spencer, at Rose Bay. The drowned boy with several of his comrades was in bathing and were engaged in diving from a small boat. In some way the boat filled with water and sank. The consequence was that the entire bathing party went in the water, Young Spencer, who was the oldest of the party, becoming exhausted, lost his life.

Baraca-Philathea Convention. The time is rapidly drawing near for the great World-Wide Baraca-Philathea Convention, at Norfolk, June 22-27. Every effort is being put forth to make this the most inspirational as well as enjoyable convention yet held. Aside from the eminent speaker and lecturers who will address the convention, there will be opportunity for delightful recreation as well.

The Miller's Association Meets. A large number of the cities of the state were represented at the annual convention of the North Carolina Millers' Association at Asheville. The meetings were presided over by President James D. McNeill of Fayetteville, and the greater part of the time was given to the discussion of matters of importance to Carolina mill men. The convention decided to work for legislation which will change the law which imposes a tax stamp on feed stuffs and does not tax food manufacturer for human consumption.

Politics in Mecklenburg County. Conceiving that a Republican ticket in Mecklenburg would be of considerable aid to the party, the sentiment among Republican leaders in the county now seems to be in favor of putting forward candidates for the lower House of the state legislature and probably for the state senate. Some time ago it was stated that the Republicans would not put forward a ticket in the election this fall, but it is pointed out that there have been many political developments that may make the step advisable.

OPPOSE CHANGES IN LAW

Manufacturers Say That Present Child Labor Requirement is Sufficient—Is The Last Annual Meet.

Charlotte.—There were 700,000 spindles represented at the last of the annual meetings of the Cotton Manufacturers' Association of North Carolina, which was held in the assembly hall of the Southern Manufacturers' Club several days ago. Aside from a general discussion of various topics relating to the cotton goods and cotton yarn trade, with sundry resolutions outlining the position of the organization on matters of pending or proposed legislation, the election of officers for the ensuing year was the most important business transacted. C. E. Hutchison, of Mount Holly, was elected president in the place of R. M. Miller, Jr., resigned; J. L. Erwin, of Concord, was elected vice president in the place of Mr. Hutchison; D. Y. Cooper, of Henderson, former president of the American Cotton Manufacturers' Association and one of the leading spinners in the country, was elected second vice president; J. H. Webb, of Hillsboro, was elected third vice president, and F. L. Black was re-elected secretary and traffic manager.

On motion it was decided to do away with annual conventions in the future and hold semi-annual meetings instead, one meeting in the spring and another in the fall. This will enable the mill men to keep in close touch with each other and with the situation in general.

As to child labor legislation, of which there has been some talk lately, the manufacturers went on record as opposed to any changes from the regulations now in force and urged the committee on legislation to take the necessary steps to make clear the position of the mill men on this vital topic.

Want to Get Rid of "Dope Fiend." The Craven county authorities have in their custody a man whom they would like very much to be relieved of but whom they are afraid to turn loose on the public. The man is J. S. Johnson, formerly of Wilmington, who came to Newbern several days ago and after securing board and lodging at a house just across the Neuse river from Newbern attempted to break into a room occupied by several women and was arrested and placed in jail to await trial. He was arraigned for trial before Judge Whebede, but the trial was put off until the next term of court and the defendant remanded to jail without bond. Johnson is a cocaine "fiend" of the worst variety. A dose of the drug that would kill two normal men, he easily takes.

Serious Wreck on Logging Road. A rather serious wreck on the logging road owned and operated by the Empire Lumber Company of Goldsboro for transportation of logs from their boom on Neuse river to their mill within the city limits. The engine collided with some cars that were standing on the mill yard causing quite a little damage and seriously injuring a small negro boy named Ernest Bonner, who was playing around the mill yard. The boy was caught between the engine and one car and it was about 30 minutes before he could be released. He was hurried to the Goldsboro hospital and an examination showed his leg was badly crushed and broken; but at last reports he was doing nicely.

Give Aid For Aycock Memorial. A very active organization is at work in Bertie county in aid of the Aycock memorial fund. Rev. J. G. Johnson, a native of Wayne county, in charge of the Methodist church at Windsor is organizer for the county. He has an energetic committee at work in every community.

Boy Killed by Shifting Train. The little 8-year-old son of Will Clodfelter, of Thomasville, was killed by a shifting freight train at the railroad crossing in front of the residence of J. C. Green. The young child, Cyrus Clodfelter, was apparently standing on the side track waiting for passenger train No. 36 northbound, to pass when the shifting freight train backed down the track on which he was standing and killed him without warning. He was struck on the head and the entire back portion of the skull and right arm were cut off.

Heavy Wind Storm Does Damage. A heavy wind storm passed over Gastonia and among the damage done was blowing off about 25 feet of the roof of the cotton mill of the Flint Manufacturing Company. At Mount Holly the storm was more severe and is reported that three houses were blown from the foundation and several people narrowly missed being killed. Part of a tree was blown through a window of the Interurban depot there and a hole knocked in the floor. The car service between Gastonia and Charlotte was demoralized for awhile.

A Dangerous Blaze at Lenoir. What threatened to be a dangerous blaze broke out several days ago in the picker room of the Lenoir cotton mills. The fire originated from the opener and leaped to every section of the room, threatening the entire plant. Immediately the company's own fire extinguishing system was brought into service and the Lenoir fire company was called. The fire department responded promptly but the fire was extinguished when they arrived on the scene.