

BRIEF NEWS NOTES FOR THE BUSY MAN

MOST IMPORTANT EVENTS OF
THE PAST WEEK TOLD IN
CONDENSED FORM.

WORLD'S NEWS EPITOMIZED

Complete Review of Happenings of
Greatest Interest From All
Parts of World.

Southern.

A Birmingham, Ala., dispatch says that a train on the Queen and Crescent, running forty minutes late, was held up about twelve miles north of Birmingham, and four sacks of registered mail, said to contain over fifty thousand dollars taken. There is no clue to the robbers.

The body of United States Senator A. O. Bacon reached Macon on a special train from Atlanta. Hundreds of Macon people were in waiting at the station and stood with bared heads as the casket containing the remains of the dead Georgia senator was taken from the car and placed in the hearse and transported to the city hall. The funeral services were held in Christ Episcopal church, of which Rev. John Bunting is rector, and was attended by large concourses of people. The church only seats one thousand people, and many stood outside during the burial service.

The forty-ninth anniversary of the entrance of the Northern soldiers into Columbia, S. C., was marked by the unveiling of a granite boulder.

Some unknown person has been making a target out of one of the faces of the Cordele, Ga., city clock in the court house steeple for practice with a rifle.

The \$1,500 trophy for the best peck of oats, contested for at the National Corn exposition at Dallas, Texas, was won by a Canadian.

Stopping an Illinois Central passenger train in the woods near Love Station, Miss., a mob of about fifty masked men held passengers and members of the train crew at bay under cover of revolvers while they forced Sheriff E. F. Nichols of DeSoto county to turn over to them Johnson McGuirk and Bill Phillips, negroes, accused of wounding J. K. Ingram, a wealthy mill owner, near Byhalia, Miss., several weeks ago. McGuirk was hanged from a railroad trestle and Phillips restored to the custody of the sheriff. The train was then permitted to proceed.

Amounting to between fifteen thousand and forty thousand dollars was secured by regiments who wrecked the safe of C. H. Bonner, a business man of Milledgeville, Ga. One of the robbers bound and gagged the night watchman, and guarded him, while two others exploded three charges of nitroglycerin, completely demolishing the safe, and emptied it of what is said to have been the accumulation of a lifetime. Mr. Bonner has made no definite estimate of his loss. The regiments escaped without detection, and apparently left no clue by which they may be traced.

A dispatch from Pensacola, Fla., says Lieut. J. McC. Murray of the United States naval aviation corps, stationed there, was instantly killed when his machine plunged into Pensacola bay. He fell about eight hundred feet. The machine was demolished. Lieutenant Murray's body was discovered shortly afterwards about one hundred yards from the spot where he fell. Lieutenant Murray had been flying out in the gulf, and was returning to the station when the accident occurred. An investigation has not revealed the cause of the accident.

General.

With molten lead and red hot pieces of cornice falling about them, sixty men and twenty women made their way out of a factory building in Green street, New York City, when three floors were a raging furnace, but every one escaped unhurt.

Maximo Castillo, the bandit, has been taken by United States troops to Pachuca, N. M. With him are his wife and two Indian women. The bandit apparently was not at all averse to being placed under the protection of the United States.

Among the stories told by the passengers of the steamship Columbia of the Anchor line, and the Red Star liner Lapland, which came into the port of New York City three days late, was the statement that the passengers were startled by the appearance in the northern sky of a brilliant ball of fire. Shooting in a parabola toward the liner, it seemed to them almost certain to fall on the Lapland's deck. Instead it burst into pieces with the report of a cannon and sank into the sea.

Four white men, charged with burglary, one charged with carrying concealed weapons and another charged with larceny, escaped from the Hancock county jail at Bay St. Louis, Miss., by digging a hole through a three-foot brick wall. One of seven negro prisoners who refused to leave said the escaped men were directed in their work by Alfred Oliver, aged 20, charged with burglary, and breaking jail. He said one of the prisoners escaped through the hole, stole the jail key from the sheriff's office, a hundred yards away, and then released the other five.

The floods around Los Angeles, Cal., have severely damaged the citrus fruit crop. The loss is stated to be very heavy. Scores of homes in the lowlands were inundated when a temporary dam, erected to protect railroad tracks, gave way.

Col. George W. Goethals says that, barring unforeseen accidents, the Panama canal will be open for merchant ships July 1. The colonel added that he had always been opposed to the exemption of American coastwise shipping from the payment of tolls, because that would decrease the revenues of the canal, and, in his opinion, would not accrue to the benefit of consumers, but merely increase profits of ship owners. The colonel declined to discuss its legal aspect or its bearing on treaty relations. He says the canal fortifications are entirely adequate and cannot be captured.

Two more Englishmen are reported as having "disappeared" in Juarez, Mexico. The report came from Samuel Steward, who says the men, John Lawrence and a companion named Curtis, went to Juarez to search for William S. Benton. Steward expressed the fear that, like Benton, had been shot. Gustav Bauch, who was on trial for being a spy, also disappeared in Juarez. Thomas D. Edwards, American consul at Juarez, said that when the friends of Bauch went to visit him with bedding and food he was not in the cell where he had been held incommunicado while his trial was held.

Salvador Diaz Miron, editor of El Imparcial, Mexico City, has been placed under police surveillance because of the report that he had threatened to kill Minister O'Shaughnessy, who recently protested to President Huerta concerning the character of anti-Wilson editorials appearing in El Imparcial. It appears, however, that the most serious threat made by Miron was that he "would repeat to Mr. O'Shaughnessy's face what he had written in editorials."

Four persons were killed, five probably fatally injured and twenty-five others hurt in Indianapolis, Ind., when an English avenue street car was crushed between the two heavy tractors. The accident was caused by slippery rails.

Hanging by the cord which tied his milk bottle to his high chair, eight-month-old Clarence Hissom, son of Earl Hissom, of Charleston, W. Va., was found dead by his mother.

Scenes of tumult, which at times bordered on riot, marked the close of the special session of the Ohio legislature, which adjourned sine die at the capital, Columbus. There was an altercation over the automobile license bill between a Republican and Democratic member, but the bill passed.

Washington.

A Washington telegram states that there was \$1,866,619,157 in gold coin and bullion in the United States at the close of the last fiscal year.

Conservation—particularly as it affects the building of water power projects in the navigable streams of the country—was added to the chief administration policies under discussion at the white house. Conservationists have learned in a preliminary way the answer which the Wilson administration has prepared to the question of whether the federal government of the states shall be supreme in the matter of water rights of navigable rivers. It is stated that federal permits for water power projects will be given only to individuals or concerns duly incorporated as public utilities.

The administration Alaskan railroad bill authorizing the president to construct a \$35,000,000 railroad from Alaska's coast to its great coal fields, was passed by the house by a vote of 230 to 87. A similar measure has already passed the senate and the bill will be taken up at once in conference between the two houses, with a view to sending it quickly to the president, who has signified his intention of signing it.

The federal reserve bank organization committee, back in Washington, after a five weeks' trip through the country, in a statement, announces that its selection of federal reserve cities and definition of reserve districts would not be made until it had carefully considered information accumulated on the trip. The statement said the committee found the country very prosperous and learned that bankers and business men are confident of the success of the banking system. Secretary McAdoo declared he hoped the system would be established in time to take care of this year's crop.

State fisheries officials, Eastern fish dealers and representatives of fish and game organizations were before the house interstate commerce committee to discuss the Lanthum bill to prohibit the use of food fish in the manufacture of fertilizer for interstate commerce. Most of the witnesses favored the passage of the bill.

Congress and the nation have paid final tribute to the late Senator A. O. Bacon of Georgia. The ceremonies were marked by simplicity. There were no eulogies—only prayer, and funeral service by the senate chaplain and Bishop Harding of the Episcopal church.

Information that President Wilson would veto the immigration bill if it sent to him from congress with the literacy test provision amazed members of the senate immigration committee. Many of them confessed that they were bewildered, inasmuch as they had determined to retain the literacy test in their draft of the immigration measure as it passed the house, under the impression that the president would accept the bill if it passed the senate. An interesting session of the committee is looked for. The committee had directed its chairman to consult with the president.

JETTON FOUND NOT GUILTY OF MURDER

JURY RENDERS VERDICT IN ONE
HALF HOUR AFTER RE-
TIRING.

LARGE CROWDS HEAR TRIAL

Record-Breaking Scenes of Enthusiasm
—Jetton Receives Verdict Without
Quiver—Shakes Hands With Jury
and Is Congratulated By Friends.

Charlotte, N. C.—"Not guilty."

Two words from the lips of Jury Foreman J. Lee Campbell set free Monroe Jetton from the charge of murder in the first degree and precipitated the most dramatic and uproariously enthusiastic scene ever witnessed in the staid criminal court room of Mecklenburg county.

The verdict of the jury in the case of Mr. Jetton, who on the night of February 10 shot and killed Dr. W. H. Wooten in the bedroom of the former's wife at Davidson, was rendered just 30 minutes after the case had been committed to its hands. Judge Adams recalled the jury once to give additional information, so in all only 25 minutes was occupied in deliberation.

Mrs. Jetton, whose corroboration of her husband's story made it more easily possible for the jury to acquit her husband on the legal ground of self-defense, threw her arms around Mr. Jetton and kissed him. The erstwhile prisoner received the news with the same coolness which has marked his demeanor from the very inception of the tragedy which focused the spotlight of public attention on him. Seemingly had the verdict been otherwise his reception of it would have been the same, but he returned Mrs. Jetton's embrace, and kiss but apparently without emotion.

Then his friends and relatives fell upon him and overwhelmed him with hearty handclaps, congratulations and goodwishes. From the very first he had never lacked for friends and from time to time during the trial some one of these had taken the time to speak a word of encouragement. But he had borne the entire ordeal grimly, with a look on his face which seemed to say that he was asking no odds of anybody; that he would see the thing through. Whether this was desperation or defiance, one could not say, at least there was no tinge of malice in his face.

When the jury entered to make notice its decision Judge Adams bade Jetton to stand and raise his right hand. There rose with him his wife, Mrs. Jetton, and his sister, Miss Jetton, the three clasping hands. Mrs. Jetton bowed her head as if in prayer but faced the jury when the formal question of the clerk was put to them. "Gentlemen of the jury, have you agreed on a verdict?"

"We have."
"Who shall speak for you?"
"Our foreman, Mr. Campbell."
"Prisoner look upon the jury. Jury look upon the prisoner."
"How say you, is the prisoner at the bar guilty of the felony and murder as charged in the indictment, or not guilty?"

There was an instant's breathless pause and then—
"Not guilty," said Mr. Campbell. The cheering that followed interrupted the proceedings, for it was necessary to ask,
"So say you all?"

This was done, and each juror nodded his head.
Mr. E. T. Cansler, attorney for the defense, rested his head on the table in front of him; his eyes were wet. In vain did Judge Adams pound his gavel and in vain did Sheriff Wallace shout in stentorian tones, "Keep silence!" until the crowd had had its vocal will—and that was not until the aged Bolejack stood up to receive his sentence to the electric chair. In the meantime Jetton had walked over to the jury box and shook hands with each member of the 12. Still he had scarcely batted an eye, maintaining his almost sphinx-like reserve.

Villa Rejects Men.

El Paso, Texas.—In a telegram received by the American consul at Juarez, Thomas D. Edwards, General Villa suggested that the Americans reported missing in Mexico may be included in a batch of American recruits which he says he has rejected and will send back to Juarez by the first troop train.

Villa's telegram says there were 15 Americans who wished to join his forces, but he found them unavailable. At present search is being made for Harry Compton and Roger Laurence.

Send Two Big Guns.

Vera Cruz.—The commander of the German cruiser shipped to the German legation in Mexico City two machine guns and 40,000 rounds of ammunition. Accompanying the shipment went a squad of sailors from the Dresden in civilian dress.

The details of bluejackets on duty at the American consulate here was withdrawn and replaced by a marine guard. This step was taken after Gen. Gustavo Maas, commander of the Federal forces here had given his consent.

FINE DISPLAY IN NEW YORK

North Carolina Canning Clubs Are
Attracting Attention Everywhere
and Advertising State.

Charlotte.—The New York papers are having much to say about the exhibition of canned goods from North Carolina which is now being held in the Grand Central Palace under the auspices of the Housewives' League. Mrs. James McKimmon of this state is in charge and the display, not only of the goods on exhibition but the young girls who did the work as well, is attracting much attention. The following is from The New York Tribune under a fine three column picture of the exhibit:

"Right smart of canned stuff they've got up at Grand Central Palace. Juicy tomatoes, luscious blackberries, plums, pears, beans, all kinds of berries, fruit and vegetables, all put up in shining glass by the farmerettes of the Girls' Canning clubs of North Carolina and sent here to show those who go to the Housewives' League exhibit what good little Southern girls are made of."

"Yes, there's a Housewives' League exhibit at Grand Central Palace. Some people haven't realized it yet, because the Women's Industrial Exhibit also is there. They are running simultaneously, and everything in the food line is under the auspices of the league. And for youth and excellence the North Carolina girls take the prize."

"These canning clubs, as some persons know, and some don't, belong to the United States Department of Agriculture, and the Government has put Mrs. Jane S. McKimmon in charge in North Carolina. She sits in the booth at the Housewives' League show and tells callers how the farmerettes do their work, through this new work, to love the country and not yearn to migrate to a city as soon as they grow up."

"There was one girl of 15 in Jamestown, who wanted to go to high school," she said between taking orders from visitors. "She put up 400 cans of tomatoes from surplus product on her father's farm. She took one to the grocer in the little town, and when he saw how good they were he took them all, at 10 cents a can. That totalled \$40 and I'm sending her to school this winter."

"Thirty counties organized now in North Carolina, and each county has from three to six clubs. The counties are helping us now, because we have helped them by keeping business in the state that formerly went to outside canning factories. We have teachers who go from place to place, and in country school houses or in big, sunny farm house yards, with improvised stoves, the girls learn scientific canning. They learn how to pack fruit in tin cans and solder it—that's the kind we sell at 10 cents a can."

Dental Association Meets.

Charlotte.—The Cleveland district of the State Dental Association may decide to make Charlotte the permanent winter meeting place.

This matter was threshed out in the association meeting in the council chamber of the city hall recently, but no agreement was reached. The decision was referred to a committee, which will report its recommendation at the next meeting of the association.

The dentists meet twice yearly, in the winter and in the summer and it was proposed at this session to have this city for the winter headquarters and Shelby for the summer meeting place. That town was named as the next place of convention, which is to occur in August. The dentists adjourned after engaging in several interesting clinics, led by prominent members of the society.

The election of officers resulted in the following selections:
President, Dr. A. B. Holland, of Caroleen; vice president, Dr. E. M. McConnell, of Gastonia; secretary, Dr. I. W. Jamieson, of Charlotte; treasurer, Dr. L. P. Baker, of Kings Mountain; essayist, Dr. J. R. Osborne.

Manufacture Brick.

Salisbury.—To manufacture 100,000 brick daily is the determination of G. W. Isenhour & Sons, of East Spencer. The concern is undergoing some important changes by which the sons, Messrs. L. C. Isenhour, C. W. Isenhour and Rufus Isenhour, take an active part in the management of the two plants, one in East Spencer and another at Whitney.

Raising Money for Military School.

Salisbury.—Of the \$35,000 desired for the establishment of a military school in Salisbury \$15,000 has been subscribed and committees are hard at work to secure the remainder. Prof. A. S. Ford of the Alabama State Normal is in Salisbury this week, conferring with local business men relative to opening the school.

An enthusiastic meeting was held a few days ago at which plans were perfected to continue the effort until the school is secured.

Hard Yarn Men Meet.

Gastonia.—The Hard Yarn Spinners Association of the South has been in annual session here recently, the sessions consuming almost the entire day and concluding with a banquet at the Falls House, given complimentary to the association by the Gaston County Textile Association. The meeting was largely attended and the number of spindles represented was exceptional large. As the business sessions are held behind closed doors, the nature of the business transacted is not known.

DID NOT PRESENT DR. HARDY'S NAME

FRIENDS DO NOT NOMINATE HIM
AND DR. MCNAIRY IS
ELECTED.

DISPATCHES FROM RALEIGH

Doings and Happenings That Mark
the Progress of North Carolina People
Gathered Around the State
Capital.

Raleigh.
That harmony and a spirit of co-operation exists among the members of the board of trustees of the State School for the Feeble-Minded is the encouraging news brought from Kingston by Dr. J. Y. Joyner, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, who is chairman of the board, and who returned a few days ago from the meeting held in Kingston. There is less dissension among the members now than before the meeting was held, according to Dr. Joyner's statement given out recently.

Friends of Dr. Ira M. Hardy, of Kingston, who was superintendent of the school prior to the election, did not present his name for re-election at the meeting of the board of trustees. They realized, after a canvass of the members had been made, that his supporters were in the minority, and that it would be impossible for him to be chosen again, and did not place him in nomination. The result of the election was predicted the afternoon before, or at least it predicted that Dr. Hardy could not be re-elected.

Four members of the board who favored Dr. Hardy asked that they be excused from voting, knowing that he could not be chosen, and not desiring to vote for a second choice, the final vote being eight in favor of Dr. C. B. McNairy, of Lenoir, who was elected, and the other four preferring Dr. Hardy, and not casting a ballot.

Dr. Hardy accepted the result of the election in the best of spirits, and himself stated, after the meeting of the board, that he had lost none of his interest in the school, and that he would continue to work for the best interests of the institution.

Dr. Joyner said that the people of Kingston of course regretted that their citizen was not re-elected as superintendent of the school, but that they seemed to be disposed to stand by him and help him in every possible way in making a success of the institution. They feel that he is a strong man, and that he has the ability to conduct the affairs of the school as they should be.

The executive committee was made at the meeting, covering all of the work that had been made in getting the institution nearer to the stage where it can be opened. It is thought that the school will be ready for opening by the latter part of May or the first of June.

Every member of the board of trustees was present.

Governor Craig Pardons Two.

Governor Craig grants a commutation from death sentence of life imprisonment in the case of Davis Monroe, Robeson county, convicted of criminal assault, the commutation being on recommendation of the father of the injured child, counsel for the prosecution and by Judge Rountree, who imposed the death sentence, because the prisoner was mentally unable to realize the enormity of his crime.

The governor also pardons Ed Stack of Guilford county.

Ask For Lower Rates.

Special from Washington says: The F. S. Royster Guano Company has asked the interstate commerce commission to establish reasonable rates on commercial fertilizer between Norfolk and points in North Carolina on the Atlantic Coast Line and the Seaboard Air Line. The railroads have the same rates they did 15 years ago.

Court Hands Down Decision.

The first of the 1914 opinions handed down by the Supreme Court were given recently and nineteen matters were settled.

The court has not had a decision yet and the large number of decisions for this court will hardly present a case that has any new law in it. One of the cases of local interest was that of John and Norman Forbes against the city of Rocky Mount, the men being damaged by live wires working for the city. The jury gave one \$250 and the other \$2,500.

Plan For Aycock Monument.

In Governor Craig's office recently, members of the Aycock Memorial Committee met and discussed plans for carrying a big campaign for raising funds to erect a monument to Charles B. Aycock. Governor Craig, Judge Henry G. Connor, of Wilson; Superintendent J. Y. Joyner, of the Department of Education; Francis D. Winston, District Attorney; George C. Royall, of Goldsboro; Clarence Poe, of Raleigh, and Col. M. P. Pearsall were present. They agreed that a campaign should be made

Shipman's Plans Are Accepted.

Commissioner Shipman is being congratulated on the fact that the plans he worked out and submitted to the department at Washington for the co-operation of the North Carolina department of labor and printing and the department of commerce and labor at Washington in the gathering of North Carolina data on manufactures and kindred subjects for state and government reports have been adopted by the government authorities and will be applied for the gathering of 1915 statistics.

Commissioner Shipman has just received from Director W. J. Harris of the census bureau, a letter advising him of the acceptance of his plan, which will result in a saving of \$2,000 a year for the state and in eliminating a great deal of annoyance to manufacturers through being called upon by so many different branches of the state and federal government for reports.

Manufacture of Furniture.

The advance report from the department of labor and printing follows:

"The number of factories reporting this year is eighty-seven. Eighty-five of these report a capital stock of \$3,267,355. Two do not report capital stock. Seventy-nine report the use of 9,730 horsepower, seven do not report horsepower."

"The number of employees reported is 6,366. Of these 5,730 are males, 144 women, 134 children, and 388 are unclassified. The highest average daily wage is \$2.79; lowest average wage, 88 cents. Eighty-nine and five-tenths per cent read and write. Twenty-five factories pay wages weekly; sixty-one, semi-monthly. Seventy-three factories report increase in wages; ten, no change; one decreased and two do not report. The average number of hours worked per day is nine and fifty-three minutes. Seventy-four factories use steam for power, four electric; three hand; one steam and electric; one steam and water; three do not give motive power. The estimated value of plants by seventy-two factories, \$2,947,454. Estimated value of yearly output by eighty-two factories, \$11,444,000. Estimated yearly pay roll by seventy-nine factories, \$1,871,566."

"Forty-five and four-tenths per cent report improvement in financial condition; thirty-seven and two-tenths per cent no change; seventeen and four-tenths per cent do not report. Fifty per cent report improvement in general proficiency; twenty-seven and nine-tenths per cent no change; twenty-two and one-tenth per cent do not report."

New North Carolina Charters.

The Hamilton Realty Company, Smithfield, capital \$50,000 authorized, and \$30,000 subscribed by L. H. Allred, D. W. Hamilton and others for a general real estate development business. The Sheppard-Martin Shoe Company, Mount Airy, capital \$10,000 authorized and \$2,000 subscribed by W. L. Sheppard, E. M. Martin and others.

The Vanceboro Tobacco Warehouse Company, Vanceboro, Craven county, capital \$25,000 authorized, and \$850 subscribed by T. M. Howard, L. A. Spear and others for a leaf tobacco warehouse business.

The Barbee Cigar & Tobacco Co., Asheville, capital \$50,000 authorized, and \$10,000 subscribed by S. A. Barbee, Thomas S. Clark and W. P. McLean.

The Green-Hartsell Company, Midland, Cabarrus county, capital \$25,000 authorized, and \$2,100 subscribed. The Fletcher Furniture Company, Winston-Salem, capital \$50,000 authorized, and \$6,000 subscribed.

Patents For Tar Heels.

Special from Washington says Messrs. Davis & Davis, patent attorneys, report the grant to citizens of North Carolina of the following patents: Robert T. Bagley, Whitney, concrete railway tie; David H. Clark and R. J. Morton, Greensboro, picker mechanism for looms; Webster M. Phillippe, Winston-Salem, hub-lock; Thomas R. Post, Wilmington, dating stamp; William B. Sanford, Newbern, hand-torch; Julien H. Thayer, deceased, C. H. Thayer, administrator, Mount Pleasant, gin and delinier saw-dressing machine; Warren F. Blount, Fayetteville, device for measuring mileage; Robert H. Roney, Burlington, linge; Florence Mills, Forest City, trademark for cotton piece goods.

B. & L. Associations in State.

There are 164 biding and loan associations in this state of which only 96 have made the regular annual reports to the insurance commissioner in compliance with state statute. The commissioner says that examinations of the associations show that they are nearly all prospering well. There is upwards of ten millions of dollars invested in the associations. New associations are being formed at Dunn, Harnett county, and at Troy, Montgomery county.

Meeting of Bar Association.

The executive commission of the North Carolina Bar Association, at a meeting just held here, has selected Wrightville Beach as the place for holding the next annual meeting on June 29 to July 30. The committee will now give special attention to the preparation of a program that will be one of the most attractive the association ever had. The committee consists of A. W. McLean, Lumberton; T. W. Davis, Wilmington; Harry Skinner, Greenville; T. S. Rollins, A. B. Andrews, Jr., and J. Crawford Biggs.

PHYSICIANS MEET

TRI-STATE DOCTORS HAVE INTERESTING MEETING AT
WILMINGTON.

MEET NEXT IN GREENVILLE

Delegates Vote to Go to Greenville, S. C., Despite Rumors of Local Divisions. New Officers are Elected and New Members Enrolled.

Wilmington.—The sixteenth annual convention of the Tri-state Medical Association adjourned recently after selecting Greenville, S. C., as the next place of meeting and electing officers for next year. A large number of valuable papers were read at the sessions. Officers elected for the ensuing year were:

President, Dr. E. C. Register, Charlotte; vice president for Virginia, Dr. J. Allison Hodges, Richmond; North Carolina, Dr. Chas. T. Harper, Winston; South Carolina, Dr. F. H. McLeod, Florence; secretary-treasurer, Dr. R. LeRoy Hughes, Laurens, S. C. (re-elected); Dr. Southgate Leigh, of Norfolk, the retiring president, was elected a member of executive council in place of Dr. J. Shelton Horsley, of Richmond. Dr. D. T. Taylor, of Washington, was elected a member in place of Dr. Chas. T. Harper, of this city, who was elected vice-president, and Dr. W. W. Fennell, of Rock Hill, S. C., was elected to succeed himself. There were only three vacancies occurring on the council. Columbia also extended invitations through the executive council for convention to meet in that city next year, but owing to the fact that the last meeting held in South Carolina was in Columbia it was decided to meet in Greenville. The recommendation of the council was unanimously adopted by the convention.

After Greenville had been chosen there was a report that the selection was not pleasing to South Carolina physicians, particularly those of Greenville. It was said that there was friction among Greenville physicians. For this reason, it was rumored Greenville did not want the convention.

The executive council was called into special session three hours after Greenville had been chosen and the question was discussed. It was decided not to take the matter to the floor of the convention, but to let it rest for the time being, in hope that some settlement will be affected. It was reported that South Carolina had threatened to withdraw from the association, but this was denied by members of the executive council.

Wake Forest Trustees Meet.

Wake Forest.—The board of trustees of Wake Forest College met here during the anniversary season and discussed many matters of importance to the college.

The proposition of the town of Sylva to move the summer law school there was declined by the board. This town, situated on the Southern Railway, 40 miles from Asheville, made the college an attractive offer some time ago if the law school would hold forth in their town. The matter was referred to a committee and this committee made their report at this meeting. Pastor Ellington, of the Sylva Baptist church, was present and urged the board to move the school to Sylva.

The board, after a statement from President Poteat of the financial needs of the college felt that a campaign to increase the present endowment can not be deferred more than a year or two. The present endowment is worth more than \$600,000.

Road About Completed.

Newton.—The Hickory-to-Malden sand-clay road has been completed to the city limits of Malden. Only two-tenths of a mile still remains to be built to the Lincoln county line. This now gives a stretch of 25 miles of as good as is to be found anywhere in this section of the state. The Lincoln commissioners have agreed to build a road to intersect with the Catawba road at the county line.

Asheville Quits "Trash Farm."

Asheville.—Asheville's municipal incinerator, which has been in the course of erection for the past several weeks, has been finished and was tested recently in the presence of the members of the board of aldermen and heads of the various city departments. The plant was found to be in fine condition, and doubtless will be accepted by the city at an early date.

With a modern crematory at her disposal Asheville will abandon the use of the old "trash farm" that has been used by the city.

Contract to Build New Town.

Salisbury.—Contracts have been closed with a local concern for the finished material for 240 dwellings to be erected at the new town of Baden, Stanly county. With a force of several hundred workmen, including all classes of labor, five contractors are busily engaged in building the hundreds of houses for the Southern Aluminum Company, of Whitney, which concern is developing an enormous electric power plant at that place. The Salisbury concern will deliver the material rapidly as possible.