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Happenings of This and Other Nations For Seven Days Are Given.

What is Taking Place in the Southland Will Be Found In

The operations of the German subcoast raises no new issues, as far as important progress. the British government is concerned, in the opinion of Lord Robert Cecil. minister of war trade, who discussed the latest development in the relations between Great Britain and the Unit-

Radical changes in the treatment of mails on neutral ships are promised in the reply of the British and French governments to the American pro-

mails. Navy officials anticipate that Amerfles as against the eight sixteen-inch ported, will be granted. guns of the ships for which bids will

be opened October 25. Samuel Gomper, president of the American Federation of Labor, is one of the members named by President unexpected attack.

mission. ernment regarding the recent submarine raid, and no action will be taken

until all the naval phases of the raid have been digested by the president. The war department has announced itself prepared to receive applications for reimbursement of civilians who attended authorized military training camps at their own expense during

Submarines of belligerent powers visiting American waters will be accorded the treatment which is their

marines of neutral and belligerent neutrality must rest entirely upon the

negligent power. a neutral harbor, and it is stated that lies. the U-53 over which the controvery

he had no right whatever to question Germany's intentions. An investigation will be made, and the president will then speak.

the Italians.

hundred prisoners. King William of Wurtemberg, tele-

honorable peace."

Nothing but artillery bombardments factory progress is reported in North is reported in the Austro-Italian the-

Dalmatia took the news to Switzer- its way to the ginneries. land, but did not know the cause of In Dobrudja heavy fighting contin- 3,500,000 bushels from the amount equal competition. les along the line south of the Conforecasted in September, 1916.

Stanza-Bucharest railway, with Bucharest recording progress for the Rusand on their left wing.

The Teutonic forces have evacuated the towns of Chavdar Man, Ormanli and Haznatar, in Greek Macedonia. A Copenhagen dispatch announces that the Danish submarine Dykkeren was sunk after a collision with a Nor-

wegian steamer. ing 216 persons recued from the ship from the September, 1916, estimate. sunk off Nantucket October 8 by a and the Jenkins, 31.

Steadily the pressure of the Austro-German forces is compelling the Roumanian troops who invaded Transylvania less than eight weeks ago to fall back upon or toward their own

In the vicinity of Gorizia and to the south of that region the Italians have repulsed heavy Austrian counter attacks, taking four hundred pris-

The French and British have been repulsed in a new attempt to break through the German lines between the Ancre and the Somme rivers in

France. The Italians have again taken the offensive in their endeavor to reach Triest, Austria's chief port on the

Adriatic. The Italians claim to have taken 6,000 prisoners southeast of Gorizia. marine boat U-53 off the American and claim also that they have made

The Austrian line between Tobar

and Vertorba, in the Austro-Italian theater, has been broken. The Austrian town of Novavilla and

part of an enveloping hill has fallen Allied governments reiterate their Five hundred and thirty Austrian prisoners have been taken in the

Trentino region, in adidtion to the capture of salient trenches. The Germans are continuing their victorious onrush in Transylvania, and the Roumanians are in full re-

treat before the avalanche. Bavarian troops are reported to have invaded Roumania, and reports tests against interference with such are that they are rushing on almost

unimpeded. The allies have demanded that the can battleships authorized next year Grecian monarchy relinquish control will be armed with twelve 16-inch ri- of its navy to them, which, it is re-

The last demand on Greece was made, according to the allies, as a precautionary measure to protect themselves from the possibility of an

The allies have demanded that Greece relinquish control of the Pi-No decision has been reached anent raeus-Larisas railway to them, which the policy of the United States gov- Grecian dispatch say will be granted. Premier Asquith, speaking in the English commons, says this is no war of aggression, but that it will be continued until the central powers pay for what he terms their cruelty and

> The food supplies of the American Red Cross Commission operating in Serbia are practically exhausted, and it is stated that the commission's relief work will cease by the end of

November. The French newspapers, speaking of the raid of the German U-53, say it is a challenge to the Americans to "find out where they stand." They say that Germany is convinced, too, that the challenge will not be accepted and has absolutely no fear of Ameri-

can participation in the war. In the Somme sector the French have captured the village of Bovent, the north and west outskirts of Ablaincourt and also the greater part of

the Chaulnes wood. All attacks by the allies along the Cerna river have been repulsed by the Germans.

Kronstadt, in the southeastern part of Transylvania, the leading indus-

The submarine arm of the imperial arose, in a way attempted to make German navy has ravaged shipping off the eastern coast of the United States. Four British, one Dutch and one Norwegian steamers were sent to the botto either affirm or deny the published tom or left crippled derelicts off Nanreports that he is back in the United tucket shoals. So far as known there States on a peace mission on behalf was no loss of life, though the crew of of the emperor of Germany. He mere | the British steamer Kingston was not accounted for.

A submarine held up the American steamer Kansas, bound from New York for Genoa, with steel for the Italian three-mile limit in which he stated government, but, later on establishing that Germany would be held strictly her identity, allowed her to proceed. accountable to her promise, but said The Kansas then made her usual call at Boston harbor.

Domestic

An El Paso, Texas, dispatch says that a storm, swooping down from over the mountains of the west, play-Violent infantry fighting continues ed havoc in the Georgia artillery camp on the Carso front in the Austro-Ital- blowing down tents and drenching ian theater, with further successes for everything and outside for the hour or more that the storm raged. It was estimated that the wind reached a

velocity of at least fifty miles an hour. The beheaded body of Alphonso Magarian, three years old, who disappeared from his home October 4 last, was found on a city dump-pile in sight

of the boy's home. Cotton is being picked as fast it opens in Alabama, Mississippi, Arkansas, Louisiana and Texas, and satis-

Carolina and Oklahoma, It is the concensus of opinion of One of the largest Austrian war- the experts that the 1916 cotton crop the present prosperity of the country

The wheat crop for 1916 is estimated at 609,557,000 bushels, a drop of prise in post bellum days against un-

Corn production prospects, as a result of favorable conditions during war and would not long have the stim-

Cotton picking in the South made splendid progress during the last fortnight, due to the favorable weather. In South Carolina ginning of cotton is reported as far advanced, and the warehouses are becoming congested.

The white potato crop is the small-Newport, R. I., reports that four de- est since 1911. The production will troyers of the American flotilla probably be around 300,563,000 bushsteamed into the harbor there bring- els, a decrease of 17,929,000 bushels Tobacco prospects are that 1,203,-German submarine. The Ericsson, one 077,000 pounds, somewhat less than of the destroyers to arrive, brought the September, 1916, forecast, but at statement has been received by the the Norfolk. Damages of \$25,000 are 81; the Drayton, 68; the Benham, 36, any rate it is shown that the crop this Department. year will be a record one.

LATEST REPLY TO AMERICAN PROTESTS REITERATES CLAIM TO RIGHT.

Promise to Remedy Any Faults, Abuses of Serious Mistakes in Censorship That May Be Brought to Attention of Allied Governments.

Washington.-In their last reply to American protests against interferences with neutral mails just made a strong position around the northern public, by the State Department, the right to intercept and search all genuine mail found on neutral vessels on the high seas or in allied ports but they promise to remedy "any faults, abuses or serious mistakes" in censorship that may be brought to their attention. They declare unjustified by facts the American charge that illegal juridustion has been gained by diversion of neutral ships from the high seas into the territorial waters of the Allies. The next move of the American Government has not been deter-

> mined. The note, transmitted jointly by the British and French governments was delivered to the State Department by the embassies several days ago has just been made public by agreement of the governments concerned. It makes reply to Secretary Lansing's memorandum of May 24 in which the United States declared the Allies had been guilty of "lawless practices" in their mail censorship methods and that "only a radical change, restoring to the United States its full rights as a neutral power will satisfy this government."

The Allies maintain they are "sincerely endeavoring to avoid any encroachment on the legitimate exercise of the rights of inoffensive neutral commerce" and suggest that the Hague convention quoted in the American memorandum is not binding because it has not been ratified the allied policy has been guided by the intention it expresses.

The note is nearly, 5,000 words in length. It argues that the United postal union convention does not apply and that postal packages may be examined to see if they contain con-

AMERICA ALWAYS READY TO FIGHT FOR THINGS AMERICAN

Pennsylvania Democrats Hear Presi-

dent Wilson at Shadow Lawn. Long Branch, N. J.-In a speech before a large delegation of Pennsylvania Democrats who came here with bands playing and banners flying, President Wilson declared that while he is for peace, "America is always ready to fight for things that are American." He summed up his idea of the issues of the present cam-

paign in these words: "America knows that it is faced with this choice: Peace, the continuance of the development of business along the lines which it has now established and developed and the maintenance of well known progressive lines of action, on the one hand; or, on the other ,a disturbance of policy all along the line, new conditions, new adjustments, undefined alterations of policy and back of it all invisible government."

VOTE FOR HUGHES DOES NOT MEAN A VOTE FOR WAR

Lincoln, Neb. - Charles Evans Hughes characterized as "preposterbus" the declaration that a vote for him meant a vote for war. "I am a man of peace," Mr. Hughes said in a Nebraska speech. "Who

wants war? I don't want war." Correct policies, Mr. Hughes said, would keep America out of war. "That sort of thing we have been having will not keep us out of war,"

he said. "It will embroil us in diffi-

culty." In the six addresses which marked the opening day of his presidential campaign in Nebraska the Republican nominee discussed nearly all the issues of the campaign. He characterized as "temporary and abnormal" and urged support of the Republican party so that a protective tariff might be enacted to fortify American enter-

"The country was living," he said,

STEPHANO CAPTAIN SAYS SHIP FIRED ON WITHOUT WARNING.

Washington.-The Britis steamer Stephano, sunk by the German submarine U-52 off the New England coast, was fired on wiwthout warning. her commander, Captain Smith, reported ir. an affidavit received by the State Department. Captain Smith declared three solid shots were used, the first of which hit the Stephano's

BRITISH SHIPPERS FEAR SUBMARINES GROUND FOR ACTION

EXERCISING CAUTION IN ALLOW-ING SHIPS TO LEAVE AT-

LANTIC COAST.

Still Presumbaly in Position to Strike Effective Blows at Enemy Vessels on High Seas, While on Way to Base at Helgo and

New York.-Although there was no news to indicate that the German submarine U-53 still was lurking in the Atlantic Sea lanes and while evidence that the British Admiralty will proceed with caution in allowing British ships to depart from Atlantic

Coast ports. There was a strong tendency in naval circles to believe that the U-53 unless that craft has received fresh fuel supplies on this side of the Atlantic, has hauled off shore and is headed for her base at Helgoland. This belief is founded on the knowledge that the cruising radius of the U-53 class boats does not exceed 7,000 miles, or just sufficient to permit making a voyage out from Helgoland, via the north of Scotland to Newport and return. It is considered possible, however, that sufficient extra fuel was carried to permit of a couple of days stay on the operating ground. By every precedent in commerce destroying work, experts said, the U-53 might be expected to have abandoned Sunday. Merchant ships, it was pointed out, would give the Nantucket lightship a wide berth as soon as appraised of the presence of a sub-

One report that has not been verified was to the effect that the U-53 took on board crude oil from the Christian Knudsen before sinking that craft. In the event that the U-53 has not been able to replenish her fuel by several belligerent powers, though tanks, the view was expressed that the logical course for her to take would be to follow the line of the Gulf stream to the "corner" as it is known to navigators. The "corner" States and the Allies agree that the is the turning point in the North Atlantic where traffic between the United Kingdom and the United States either heads up for the English Channel or shapes away for various ports on the American seaboard. From New York to the "corner" is a distance of about 1.060 miles and from the "corner" to Helgoland via the north coast of Scotland is a distance of about 2,400 miles.

ALLLIES DEMAND GREEKS

TO SURRENDER FLEETS Anglo-French Commander in Mediter-

ranean Also Calls for Control of

Piraeus-Larissa Railway. London.-Vice-Admiral Dartige du Fournet, commander of the Anglo-French fleet in the Mediterranean, has presented an ultimatum to Greece demanding that Greece hand over the entire Greek fleet, except the armored cruisr Averoff and the battleships Lemnos and Kilkis, to the Entente Allies, according to Reuter's Athens correspondent. Demand also is made for the control of the Piraeus-Larissa rail-

"The minister of marine," the correspondent continues, "says vice admral Fournet's demands will be complied with and that the fleet will be handed over before the prescribed

"The demands were made as a precautionary measure to ensure the

safety of the Allies' fleet." It is explained that the dispatch of artillery and ammuniton to the interior, the movements of Greek ships and the continued activity of the reservist leagues have aroused fears of a disturbance of order at points where the Allies' war vessels are anchored and also endanger the security of the Allied troops on the Balkan front.

GERARD DENIES COMING ON SUMBARINE MISSION

New York .- James W. Gerard, United States amhassador to Germany, who returned here on his first vacation in nearly three years, issued a formal statement in which he denied that his homecoming had been caused by the need of warning the administra- late refused to say where their infor- the institution of reforms under the roads. What Buncombe seeks is to tion at Washington of Germany's in-"on the stimulant" of the European | discrimiate submarine warfare against neutral as well as hostile shipping across the Atlantic.

STEAMSHIP COMPANY ASKS \$25,000 DAMAGES

Norfolk, Va.-In the United States District Court the Chesapeake Steamship Company, owners of the Bay liner City of Norfolk, filed a libel suit against the British steamship Hawkhead for alleged damages to the Norfolk. The company alleges that the Hawkhead illegally blocked the harbor, had no lookout, or lights displayed and off Tybee Bar. Customs house offibow. No evidence corroborating his gave no warning of her presence to

U. S. HAS FOUND NO

PRESIDENT WILSON AND SECRE TARY LANSING CONSIDER SUBMARINE ATTACKS.

U. S. DOES NOT ADMIT THIS BELIEVE U-53 IS RETURNING PRESIDENT MAY SEND NOTE

Pointing Out to Germany the Inadvisability of Operating so Close to Territorial Waters of U. S .- International Law Was Not Violated.

Long Branch, N. J .- President Wilson and Secretary of State Lansing discussed in detail at Shadow Lawn German submarine attacks on mersome shipping interests believed she chantmen off the New England coast. has headed for Helgoland, there was The conference lasted until late at

night. It was indicated by officials that facts so far collected through governmental agencies have disclosed no grounds for drastic action by the United States Government because of the attacks themselves. No evidence has been found that international law was violated by the German submarine or submarines. It was understood, however, that the president and Secretary Lansing discussed the wisdom of pointing out to Germany the inadvisability of operating her submarines in close proximity to the territorial waters of

the United States. Administration officials took the possition that the transferring of submarine warfare so close to America's shores was fraught with grave danger because of the possibility of mistakes being made by submarine commanders. Reports that strong sentiment exthe Nantuket shoals locality after ists in Germany for the resumption of submarine warfare on a broader scale caused some alarm among officials.

The announcement of Counselor Polk of the state department in Washington that the United States will refuse to accept the contention of the Entente Allies that neutrals should deny the use of the harbors to all submarines, was discussed by the President and the secretary of state.

In discussions of the submarine attacks officials here referred to diplomatic correspondence between the United States and Great Britain beginning in 1914 in which the American government protested against the patrolling of the American coast outside the three-mile limit by the warships.

GERARD, ON ARRIVAL FROM BERLIN, SILENT AS TO PEACE

Ambassador Does Not Expect to See

Wilson for Several Days. New York. - James W. Gerard. American ambassador to Germany, upon arrival here declined either to affirm or deny published reports that he was returning to the United States on a peace mission on behalf of the emperor of Germany.

Mr. Gerard's attention was called to a story which appeared in The New York World to the effect that his errand was to inform the administration that a renewal of submarine activity is being considered by Germany in a manner which might threaten German-American relations. Mr. Gerard, after quickly glancing through this story,

"You don't see me quoted anywhere

in it do you?" he said: Mr. Gerard said he did not expect to see President Wilson until after the president's return from his trip this week to Indianapolis.

SINKING OF "BLOOMERSDJIK."

DUTCH INDIGNANT OVER

Amsterdam, via London. - The Dutch press is highly indignant at the sinking of the Holland-American Line

steamer Bloomersdilk. "We ask with astonishment," says the Nieus van Den Dag, "what reason the submarine commander could have for torpedoing a neutral vessel with a neutral cargo for the neutral population of Holland.. There was no possibility of a mistake, for the commander of the submarine must have been aware of the character of the vessel anad for that illegal act Germany must be made to pay full compensation."

MYSTERIOUS SUBMARINE IS REPORTED OFF TYBEE BAR.

Savannah, Ga.-The presence of a submarine of undetermined nationality off Tybee bar, below Savannah, was reported to local custom house officials and to the British consul here, it was learned. Officials at both the customs house and consumation came from, but stated that it existing regime, the transfer being have her share of the funds approwas entirely unofficial.

known to be in these waters. Several merchant ships of the Entente Allied Nations are in port here, and while officers of several of them acknowledged that they were "slow in loading" all declared reports of submarine activities would not pre-

vent their departure. It was reported in marine circles here that the Navy Yard at Charleston, S. C., had been advised by wireless of the presence of a submarine cials and those of the British Consulate said their information was that ? the submarine was off the bar.

RAID WAS WORK OF FARM LOAN BOARD LONE SUBMARINE

KNOWN LIST OF VICTIMS IS SIX -THREE OTHERS REPORTED SENT DOWN.

CREW OF ONE SHIP MISSING

Raider, Supposedly U-53, Disappears and Leaves No Trace of Its Course After Wholesale Raid Off Nantucket Lighthouse.

Newport, R. I.—The wholesale raid on foreign shipping south of Nantucket Lightship was the work of one submarine, according to reports of American naval officers. Rear Admiral Albert Gleaves, cammanding the torpedo-boat destroyer flotilla which did such remarkable speedy rescue work, said that the reports of all his officers agreed that to the best of their observation one raider only was concerned. This boat presumably was the Ger-

man U-53, which called at Newport. Admiral Gleaves said he could easily understand the positive statements of the captain of the Nantucket lightship and of sailors of the torpedoed vessels that more than one submarine was concerned. The U-boat he said was very fast and appeared to have been handled cleverly. It was easy, he pointed out, for her to disappear on one side of a ship and then show up unexpectedly at another spot. Doubtless, he believed, she had submerged and reappeared often enough to mislead any but a keen professional observer and to create the impression that more than one sea ter-

ror was operating. borne out by the statements of many of the refugees that the submarine had more business on hand than she could take care of at once and was obliged to request one steamer to wait her turn while another was being put out of commission. Lieutenant Commander Miller of the destroyer Ericsson, who witnessed the destruction of the Stephano said he was positive that only one submarine was in the vicinity at the time.

The raiding has ceased, at least

for the moment. The known list of the victims of the U-boat's exploits remains at six, notwithstanding reports from the Nantucket Lightship that three other ships, the identity of which could not be learned, were sent to the bottom. There also was a persistent rumor, without verification that a British cruiser one of the Allied patrol fleet sent to the submarine zone, had been

attacked . STEAMER ANTILLA STILL

BURNING IN HAMPTON ROADS. Coast Guard Cutter and Tugs Bring Ward Liner Into Port With Fire

Still Raging in Her Hold. Norfolkk, Va.-Towing the still burning steamer Antilla and the yacht Pacifique the coast guard cutter Onondaga and the naval tug Sonoma arrived in Hampton Roads and at last reports were proceeding toward New-

port News. The fire in the freight hold of the Antilla where there is a large quantity of sugar was practically under control when the expedition passed Cape Henry. The naval tug Sonoma pumped water in the burning ship during the entire yoyage of about 120 miles of the Virginia capes, where the Antilla was picked up by the

Onondaga. The fire was raging flercely when the Sonoma reached the scene, but the powerful tug kept a steady stream of water pouring into her frieght hold and practically had the fire under

The Onondaga landed at Newport News, Captain Blackadder, his 13and hands burned while fighting the | Confederate, had frequently representflames but so far as learned no one el his county in the legislature. was injured seriously.

DANISH ISLANDERS

FAVOR SALE TO U. S. St. Thomas, D. W. I .-- The sale of the Danish West Indies by Denmark | the stricken district was distributed to the United States was unanimous- to Buncombe, although this county ly favored by acclamation at a meet- suffered as heavy road losses in the ing held here attended chiefly by flood as any county in the west. Bunworking men-laborers and artisans. combe wants a share of the federal This course was favored rather than aid, but not for the Buncombe county held to be the only means of remedy- priated for the opening of the high-No American undersea boats are ing existing unsatisfactory conditions way through Hickory Nut Gap.

EASTERN BATTLE FRONTS HOLDING INTEREST ABROAD

on the island

London.-On the battle fronts in Europe, Transylvania and Macedonia of greatest interest. According to Berlin, the Rumanians in Transylvania are retreating along the whole line. The Teutonic Allies have recaptured the town of Toerzburg, 15 border. In the Danube, the Germans diner was akin to the Barringers. have occupied an island.

COMING OCT. 24TH

TO MAKE SOUTHERN TRIP THIS MONTH INSTEAD OF AFTER ELECTION.

ITINERARY IS ANNOUNCED

Board Will Leave Washington October 22 and Return on Morning of November 3rd.

Washington. - The Farm Loan Board will go to Raleigh the 24th of this month instead of waiting until after the election. The Southern itinerary of the board has just been an-

nounced. The board will leave Washington the evening of October 22 and will

hold the following hearings: Richmond, October 23; Raleigh, October 24; Columbia, October 25; Jacksonville, October 26; Macon, October 27; Birmingham, October 28; New Orleans, October 30; Jackson, October

31; Memphis, November 1. The board will arrive in Washington the morning of November 2.

U. D. C. Convention Ends. Gastonia.-The twentieth annual convention of the North Carolina division of the United Daughters of the Confederacy came to a close after

a pleasant three days' session. A pretty incident brightened up the routine election of officers when nominations were made for president during the ensuing year. No sooner had Mrs. Duffy named for the high honor Mrs. Thomas Lee Craig of Gastonia, than Mrs. Craig, with fine sense of the proprieties, asked that her name be withdrawn in favor of Mrs. Jacksie Daniel Thrash of Tarboro, who having been nominated by Mrs. Herbert McCullers, of Clayton, was elected by acclamation. Mrs. Craig stated that as one of the histesses of the convention, she could not

consent to the use of her name. A vote of thanks was directed to be sent to R. H. Ricks in recognition of the monument being erected by him to the memory of his comrades in Nash County, also for his gift of \$25,000 for research work concerning

Confederate history in North Caro-A feature of the "Historical Evening" was the presentation of a gold watch to Miss Mildred Lewis Rutherford, of Athens, Ga., historian general of the United Daughters of the Confederacy. The exercises were conducted by Miss Georgia Hicks, state historian. The address of the evening was by Miss Rutherford, her subject having been "The South of Yesterday." Miss Rutherford kept all those present deeply impressed throughout, and stirred them to many moments of enthusiasm. Referring at the close to some of the distinguished men of the south she singled out finally Woodrow Wilson, "Who knew no North, no South, no East, no West, but was standing unequivocally for the right giving fairness to all."

Milk Poisons Score of People.

This outburst captured her hearers.

Hickory .- A score or more of persons were made sick, several seriously, in West Hickory, by drink milk, physicians announced. Six members of the family of John Little were made ill, and the members of at least half a dozen other families were reported affected. One young man, who had drunk some of the milk, went possum hunting, grew sick and had to be hauled home in a wagon. It is believed that the fluid, which caused the trouble, had been allowed to remain in tin containers too long before

being emptied.

Col. Henderson Dies at Salisbury. Salisbury. - Former Congressman John S. Henderson, died at home here year-old daughter and his three at the age of 71 years following two mates, the crew was taken to New weeks illness and a general break-York by the Morro Castle. Several down. Besides serving 10 years in members of the crew had their feet | Congress Col. Henderson, who was a

> Buncombe Beels Slighted. Asheville.-Buncombe county feels slighted. When the federal relief fund for the restoration of roads in

Many Attend Barringer Reunion.

Newton.-More than 500 relatives gathered at the noted Noah Barringer farm east of Newton to celebrate the eightieth annivrsary of Mrs. Eliza Barcontinue for the moment the centers ringer. The late Mr. Barringer had nearly a score of children and they with the grand-children, great-grandchildren and relatives by marriage, constitute what is perhaps the largest miles southwest of Kranstadt and family conection in Catawba county. within seven miles of the Pumanian Nearly everybody present at the big

IMPORTANT NEWS THE WORLD OVER

Brief Paragraphs. Washington

From English sources it is learned into the hands of the Italians. that the reply to the American blacklist note is now on its way to the state

department. As regards the administration of the black list, English news is to the effect that very few individuals have complained about it.

Wilson for the national defense com-

the present year, for which purpose, congress at its last session appropriated two million dollars.

due as warships under international law. This is the announcement direct from the state department. It is announced by the state department that responsibility for failure of a warship to distinguish between sub-

In answer to the implied claim of the allies that submarines of belligerent nations are outlaws and that there is a possibility of the United States being sued if she allows them to make a base in any of her ports, it is held by the state department trial and commercial center, has fallthat a warship has a right to enter en into the hands of the Teutonic al-

Newport a base, Ambassador Gerard, who has arrived from Berlin on a vacation, declines

ly observes that he is "glad to be home again." President Wilson issued a statement anent the submarine warfare near the

European War

Northwest of Seres the British have taken the towns of Kalendra and Homondos from the Bulgarians. In the fighting south of the Somme river, the French have taken twelve

graphed the emperor of Germany that his subjects wish for "a speedy and

ships blew up at Pola, Refugees from is practically picked, and is now on

stans and Roumanians in the center | September will probably be 2,717,932,- ulant. 000 bushels.