

VOL. XXXIX. PITTSBORO, CHATHAM COUNTY, N. C., MARCH 28, 1917. NO. 34.

## THE CHATHAM RECORD

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One Square, one insertion - . \$1.00 One Square, two insertions - \$1.50 One Square, one month - - \$2.50 For Larger. Advertisements Liberal Contracts will be made.

# IMPORTANT NEWS

Happenings of This and Other Nations For Seven Days Are

What is Taking Place in the Southland Will Be Found in Brief Paragraphs.

storm which swept over New Albany, field next October to proceed. Ind., demolishing scorese of residences and several industrial plants.

Private John Poor of the third comgun batteries at Fort Williams.

The railway managers and represen- Spain in 1898. taives of the four trainmen's brother-

Governor Harrington of Maryland Monday, April 2. has ordered cut two companies of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad bridges in Washington. over the Susquehanna river at Havre

(Maine) is made that German subma- speed up naval construction. rines are known to be not far from be made on Maine ports.

Passengers on the Anchor line 110-foot type.

It is the concensus of opinion in diers facing the enemy. the entire country that railway strikes belong only to the past. The decision European War of the Supreme court has made it qualified to pass on the merits of the

decision of the Supreme court anent not permitted the lights to shine. the 8-hour day for railway men is whether the decision applies to all people engaged in railway work. It is said that for every five men employed in the operation of trains there are

The curtain rang down in what is believed to be Alabama's most sensational murder case when David D. Overton, who murdered his political rival, Judge W. T. Lawler, in Huntsville, and who escaped from jail recently, was shot to death by deputy a half miles in the St. Quentin region. sheriffs, near Birmingham, Ala.

The 1916 cotton crop of the United States was 11,442,838 equivalent 500pound bales exclusive of linters.

cover everything except guns, arms and ammunition.

Under cover of darkness, seven sailors of German commerce raiders in-

forestalled a movement by the cadet turbances. corps, who intended to present the man emperor. \*

## Washington

When the president addresses congress at the extraordinary session he because of the unlawful aggressions of German submarines.

Secretary Redfield wired the Emergency Peace Federation in New York that its doctrines are directly promoting an attack on American citizens

The government war risk insurance

It is confidently predicted that the sians. president will advance the date for

Chief Justice White, in rendering

the decision of the Supreme court anent the eight-hour decision, declared both carriers and employees, en- mans. gaged in a business charged with a bublic interest, subject to the right of congress to compulsorily arbitrate France will be free of a foreign foe. a dispute affecting the operating of hat business. This is the most farreaching point of the decision.

All reports to the state department from Petrograd are to the effect that porting the de facto government set up by the revolutionists.

rine menace has begun.

Heretofore the government has deelined to issue policies on articles declared contraband by the belligerents, including almost all American products, but in the future this policy will he abandoned, and insurance will be respondents say that the retreating the entrance of the United States into Carried on everything transported by Germans are laying waste cities and war with Germany. American merchantmer

The American government has decided upon sweeping measures to be put into effect following the expected declaration by congress soon after it meets in extra session that a state of war atcually exists between the United States and Germany.

It is statd that the United States government is preparing to lend the allies five billion dollars.

The exact measure of American participation in the war is not expected to be revealed until after the president addresses congress and until public sentiment crystallizes.

It is stated that no political alliance with any allied power is contemplated, although naval and military co-operation, as well as financial assistance, will be unsparing.

The war department has ordered the Between twenty-five and fifty per- preparations for the national memosons were killed and probably one rial celebration and peace jubilee of handred or more were injured in a the blue and Gray on Vicksburg battle-

The extra session of congress is expected to formally declare a state of war existing, vote a large sum, probapany, coast artillery corps, died at bly a half billion dollars, for national Portland, Maine, from a bulelt wound defense, and clothe the president with received when he tried to halt two authority to use the armed forces of strangers detected near the 12-inch the United States as it empowered Mc-Kinley to deal with the menace of

President Wilson has met the conhoods have agreed upon a tentative stantly increasing probability of war hasis for the application of the Adam- with Germany by summoning congress to assemble in extraordinary session

Early recognition by the United First regiment, Maryland National States of the new government set up Guard to guard the Pennsylvania and the Russian revolutionists is forecast

President Wilson has authorized the expenditure of the \$115,000,000 emerg-A statement emanating at Rockland ency fund provided by congress to Secretary Daniels has ordered the

Maine shores, and that an attack may New York navy yard to begin immediately sixty submarine chasers of the

eamer Tuscania, British, which has A remarkable feature of the rendiarrived in New York harbor from Glas- tion of the eight-hour decision was gow, say that on March 12, when 300 that in delivering the opinion the chief miles out from the Scotch coast, the justice departed from the written text ship encountered a German submarine, and emphasized the position of men The Tuscania escaped by steering a operating trains in a time of national emergency by comparing them to sol-

Seven Americans and thirteen peras impossible for railway men to sons of other nationalities are reportstrike as it is for sailors and soldiers ed to have lost their lives when the to strike, is the opinion of those best | Healdton was sent to the bottom without warning by a German submarine. The captain of the ship says that he Among interesting features of the probably would have escaped had he

The Germans in the western zone have halted their retreat and are giving battle to the French and English. The Germans say that the retreat twenty-three men performing other in northern France was a masterpiece of strategy, that they lost very few the statement that reorganization of Department, remain in their com-

men and have been enabled to shorten the battle line. The British report progress south-

east of Arras, in northrn France. The French have moved forward between one and a quarter and two and

The campaign against the Turks by the British and Russians is being pushed, and notable gains are reported. Future policies covered by the war nage of more than 1,600 and eight of risk insurance bureau operated by a tonnage of under 1,600 were sunk the United States government will during the week ending March 18, ac-

cording to a British official state-

Two British mine sweepers have recently been sunk. In one fourteen terned at the Philadelphia navy yard, men are missing, and are presumed made an attempt to escape, but were to have been drowned, but in the other

there were no casualties. Emperor William's portrait was torn | An Amsterdam, Holland, correspondfrom the walls of a high school in ent reports that it is rumored that se-Washington, D. C., by the patriotic rious food riots have broken out in students and President Wilson's pic- Berlin, and that soldiers have been ture put in its place. The students sent from the front to quell the dis-

A Rotterdam, Holland, dispatch says teacher of German a resolution pro- that five munitions factories in Dussellesting against the picture of the Ger- dorf, Germany, have been the scene of strikes during the last 48 hours in protest against small rations.

Another important chieftain in Arabia has risen against the Turks. It is announced that Grand Duke is expected to allow how a state of Nicholas will not head the Russian war has actually existed for some time army, as it will not be the policy of the new Russian government to ex-

ploit any member of the Romanoff It is believed in European capitals that the new government of Russia will be the most advanced form of

democracy the world has ever seen. Murmurings are heard that a politibureau, which heretofore has insured cal revolution is brewing in Germany only non-contraband, it is announced, and the world may wake up any mornwill broaden the scope of its opera- ing to hear of a movement in the German empire similar to that of the Rus-

Berlin expresses no alarm at the the extra session of congress due to retreat on the western front, and says the complicated international situa- it is merely a strategic move, and that Von Hindenburg will take care of

himself at the proper time. The British in the last ten days have | ment. captured 140 towns from the Ger-

If the Germans continue their retreat much longer, the whole of The British and French are vigor-

ously pursuing the retreating Germans in northern France. Notwithstanding bad weather and are now in the Federal service will almost insuperable conditions of terthe Russian army and navy are sup- rain and the obstacles placed by the Germans to protect their retreat, both

the British and French armies are Preparation for aggressive action by swooping down upon the fleeing Gerthe navy against the German subma- mans like a whirlwind. This is the news from the allied capitals. Berlin announces that a German submarine sent a French battleship

> the Mediterranean. farm lands in their retreat.

# TO PLACE NATION ON FULL WAR FOOTING

TO FULL STRENGTH OF 87,000 MEN.

This With Naval Construction Al ready Ordered Means President Has Exercised Full Limit of Authority as Commander-in-Chief to Prepare For

For the Army, the President directed that two new military departments be created in the Atlantic Coast region. The order means that the task of organizing whatever Army Congress may authorize will be divided among six departmental commanders instead of four, in the interest of SOME CHANCES MADE IN speed and efficiency in mobilization.

sylvania Guard and two companies of Georgia Infantry en route home from the border for muster out, were ordered retained in the Federal service.

No Explanations Given. ing is the Executive order bringing

By virtue of the authority vested in the President by the act of Congress approved August 29, 1916, entitled "an act making approprations for naval service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917, and for other purposes" it is hereby directed that the authorized enlisted strength of the Navy be increased to 87,000 men.

Department in every way in their

CALL TO COLORS FOR

to Service for Police Purposes. Washington.-Calling into the Federal service of 14 regiments of the National Guard for police protection purposes was announced by the war

"Many states have deemed it advisable to call out the National Guard for police purposes of protection. As the necessity for such steps arises from issues which are more National than local, it has been deemed advisable by the president to call into Federal service for the above-mentioned purposes fourteen organizations of the

"Massachusetts, Second and Third Regiments. "Pennsylvania, First and

"Maryland, Fourth Regiment. rate Batallion.

"Vermont, Company B, First Regi-"Connecticut, First Regiment.

"Dilaware, First Battalion, First

Regiment. "The following organizations which

"Thirteenth Pennsylvania, A and B Companies of the First Georgia."

STRONG ADDRESS BY TAFT AT NASHVILLE

Nashville, Tenn-Five thousand people heard President Taft deliver of the Danton class to the bottom of a strong address here in the interests of a World League to Enforce Peace Telegraphic news from various cor- and in explanation and justification of

## SECRETARY DANIELS APPEALS FOR RECRUITS

Following the President's authorication that the enlisted strength or the navy be recruited to 87,000 men, Secretary of the Navy Daniels is making a direct appeal to the nation, through the press, for a quick ! response by young men to the President's call. The following telegram was received from Secre tary Daniels, which is self-explana

Washington, D. C., March ,15, 191; 'To the Editor:

"The President last night signed an executive order directing that the authorized enlisted strength of the navy be increased to 87,000. He was authorized by Congress in case of emergency, to direct such increase in enlistment. New ships and ships in reserve are being fully commissioned as rapidly as possible and the need is imperative for a larger enlistment to man them. There has been a net increase of, over 6,500 in enlistment since Congress recently authorized an increase, but many more are needed, and needed now.

"Will you not emphasize this need by giving special prominence in your paper, to the Presidents' order, and also by making an editorial appeal for new recruits for the

navy?

"The navy offers exceptional advantages to young men of stuff and ambition to serve in the first line for national defense. In this emergency you have the opportunity and the privileges of performing this public service, and I am confidently appealing to you for your cordial and helpful co-operation .

"JOSEPHUS DANIELS."

Washington.-Division of the United States into six instead of the existing four military departments was

Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood is trans- needed to meet the situation. ferred from command of the Depart-

The changes were outlined by the Department in the following state-

"To facilitate decentralization of command, the United States is divided into six military departments in place of four now existing. The new organizations become effective May 1,

1917, and comprise the following: "(a) Northeastern Department, to embrace the States of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachuetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut. Head-

quarters at Boston. "(b) Eastern Department to embrace the States of New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, District of Columbia and the Canal Zone and the Island of Porto Rico, with the islands and keys adjacent thereto. of departments carried reports on pre- ter this conflict is over.

Headquarters at Governor's Island. "(c) Southeastern Department, to embrace the States of Tennessee. North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama and Mississippi, together with the coast defenses of New Orleans and the coast defenses of Galveston. Headquarters at Char-

leston, S. C. "(d) Central Department, to embrace the States of Kentucky, Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Iillinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dekota Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Wyoming and Colorado.

Headquarters at Chicago. "(e) Southern Department, to embrace the States of Louisiana (except the coast defenses at New Orleans), Texas (except the coast defenses at Galveston), Arkansas, Oklahoma, New Mexico and Arizona. Headquarters at Fort Sam Houston, Tex.

"(f) Western Department, to embrace the States of Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Montana, California, Nevada, Utah and the territory of Alaska. Headquarters at San Francisco.

"Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood will command the Southeastern Department and Maj. Gen. J. Franklin Bell will command the Eastern Department. Maj. Gen. Hunter Liggett will command the Western Department and Brig. Gen. Clarence R. Edwards will ment. Brig. Gen. Edward H. Plummer will command the troops in the Panama Canal Zone. Other Department commanders will remain as at present."

## BRAND WHITLOCK HAS BEEN WITHDRAWN FROM BRUSSELS

Washington,-Because of "the German government's disregard of its written understandings" for the protection of Americans and American relief work in Belgium, the state department announced that American Minister Brand Whitlock had been withdrawn from Brussels, and the staff of the American Commission for Relief n Belgium advised that they should not remain longer in German occupied erritory.

TWENTY-FIVE TO FIFTY ESTIMAT-ED KILLED AND OVER HUN-DRED INJURED.

## MASS OF WRECKAGE IN PATH

State Troops Asked For .- Aid Rushed From Louisville and Jefferson .-Work of Devastation Leaves Many

New Albany, Ind.-Between 25 and 50 persons were killed and probably 100 or more were injured by a storm which swept over New Albany, demolishing scores of residences and several

industrial plants. Twenty-five bodies have been recovered, and it is expected this number will be materially increased when all the debris of wrecked buildings

The lighting system for the residence section of the city was put out of commission by the storm, and the work of rescue is proceeding with

The storm struck about two miles FIRST DUTY OF NATION from New Albany and moved southwest. Entering the city at State street, near Haly, it swept through three blocks. At the intersection of State and Pearl streets, it left the ground and then struck again at Vincennes street and the Charlestown road nearly a mile away. At that noint dwellings in three blocks were demolished.

In its progress along the Corydon Pike, the storm uprootted hundreds of trees and destroyed many small houses, many of whose occupants

The streets in the path of the storm were a mass of wreckage and it was announced by the War Department. soon seen that outside assistance was

An appeal was made to the city ment of the East to the new Southern authorities of Louisville, who sent a Department, with headquarters at large number of policemen to the Charleston; Maj. Gen. J. Franklin Bell scene. In addition, every available from the Western Department to the officer from the Indiana State Refor-Eastern Department; Maj. Gen. Hun- matory at Jeffersonville and from the ter Liggett from the Philippines to Jeffersonville police force were hurthe Western Department and Brig. ried to the stricken district. A call Gen. Clarence R. Edwards from the was made on the Governor for state the past that the Lord looks after physical necessities of men, but in ad-Canal Zone to the Northestearn De- troops, and it was reported that these children, drunken men and the Uni- dition to their commercial value they partment. Major General Barry, of were on the way. Numbers of citizens ted States. But is is time to awaken are shot through with the spirit of huthe Central Department, and Major from surrounding towns hastened to to the realization that we are forced General Pershing, of the Southern New Albany and offered such aid as into war with the most militaristic Na-

PLANS FOR PARTICIPATION

Preparations Are Talked Over at Cabinet Meeting .- No Half-Way

Measures. Washington.-The American Government has decided upon sweeping measures to be put into effect, following the expected declaration by Con- and that its gunners have the right gress son after it meets April 2, that given them as American citizens to a state of war exists between the use their weapons against the skulk-

United States and Germany. Fully appreciating Germany's policy of acting in war first and talking throughout the war which is at hand. afterwards, the Government has de- the duty of the League to Enforce

at a Cabinet meeting, to which heads organization for permanent reace afparations already made and others

Regretfully the Government appar-Once a state of war is declared to ex- matter before the people so that they ist, aggressive measures are expected can form and express a public opin- bill the consolidation of the three

As outlined after Friday's Cabinet meeting, the preparations of the Gov-

carried out in a systematic manner.

abroad is left to the future. But this possibility is being taken into consideration, and the Government proposes to be ready for it as soon as

sional action are expected to be comand Republican l'aders will confer with the President and members of his Cabinet. Speaker Clark and Representative Kitchin returned to Washington from the South.

The President has not yet written his address to Congress, although he has a general idea of what he will The measures decided upon are

comprehensive.

any contingency. The naval program contemplates the building of vessels of all classes as rapidly as possible, and the manning of them when completed

## \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* THE PRESIDENT'S PROCLA-MATION.

"Whereas, public interest requires that the Congress of the United States should be convened in extra session at 12 o'clock, noon, on the second day of April, 1917, to receive a communication concerning grave matters of national policy which should be taken immediately under consideration.

"Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, president of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim and declare that an extraordinary occasion requires the Congress of the United States to convene in extra session at the Capitol in the city of Washington on the second day of April, 1917, at 12 o'clock, noon, of which all persons who shall at that time be entitled to act as members thereof are

hereby required to take notice." "Given under my hand and the seal of the United States of America, the 21st day of March, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen and of the independence of the United States the 141st." WOODROW WILSON.

# 

IS TO PREPARE FOR WAR

EX-PRESIDENT TAFT DECLARES THAT THERE IS WORSE THINGS THAN WAR.

Germany Has Forced This Country to the Very Verge of Hostilities.

Richmond, Va.-More than 4,000 people heard former President William H. Taft declare that "there are worse things than war, and one of those is the dishonorable yielding to invasion of your rights because you are afraid to fight for our rights and

maintain them." Mr. Taft was speaking in the interests of the League to Enforce

Peace. He continued: "The first duty of the United States, when war is inevitable, is to prepare. We have proceeded on the theory in tion in the world. Even now, we say that with the British Navy and the armies of the Allies we are not in danger. We ought not to lay that flatter

ing unction to our souls." Mr. Taft dramatically recited the instances by which Germany has forced the United States to the very "President Wilson is empowered with authority to ar mthe merchant marine

ing submarine." "During the present crisis and

"There is nothing inconsistent these two purposes. If we are to mote a league to enforce peace, the alone, but requires for his proper de-Aemrican people must be advised of velopment the enrichment of his so-

our representatives." Gov. Henry C. Stuart presided at ernment are not to be for a short war, the meeting and introduced the form- in the state departments and instituor a war marked by half-way meas- er President. Later in the evening tions, the law creating an educational ures. A complete program has been Mr. Taft delivered an address before commission to consider the entire prepared so that everything will be the University Club and this after- school system of the state, the act

ORDER EVOKED BY CALL Washington. - Members of Congress still in Washington received the acts of the General Asembly, and President Wilson's call for an extra I may have omitted some important session April 2 with patriotic expres- measures in this outline. But in tha sions and confident predictions that record above given there will be found the close organization fight in the twenty-two separate and distinct acts, house would not be permitted to delay all dealing with new subjects or old Detailed plans requiring Congres. action on the grave questions to be subjects in a new way. And the fine submitted by the president. The sen- thing about the record is that not one plete when Congress meets April 2. ate organized and adopted its anti- of the acts named was written in a command the Northeastern Depart- Prior to that time, the Democratic filibuster rule during the recent extra spirit of hostility to persons of prop. session.

> American Bark Overdue. London-The American bark Brown use of the hatchet, but was very busy Brothers has been posted as everdue. with trowel, hammer and saw.

INCREASED ACTIVITY NOTICED IN THE NAVY DEPARTMENT

for war were marked by increased and J. S. Keever, all of the vicinity activity with the advancement to of Stony Point. The company, which April 2 of the date of the extra ses has an authorized capital of \$50,000 The Army plans have been fully sion of congress. No actual war steps will operate what will probably be the drawn. Their first object will be to wer taken by either the war or navy only asbestos mine in North Carolina. fully protect the United States against | departments, but there were many in- | The mine, situated on Mr. Halyburdications that preliminary plans have ton's farm near Stony Point, promises been worked out for rapid mcbiliza- to be a rich one, asbestos being found tion of both services. The navy's on several acres. Experts declare asproblems are those of material rather | bestos present in large quantities. if athan personnel.

BIG CONSTRUCTIVE MEASURES WERE CONSIDERED IN PA TRIOTIC FASHION.

# REFRAINED FROM POLITICS

Administration of State's Affairs Were Placed Upon a More Intelligent and Humane Basis By Enactment of Many Forward Looking Laws.

Raliegh.—The finest commentary on the General Assembly of 1917, said Governor T. W. Bickett in a statement issued a few days ago, will be found in the simplest statement of its record. The outstanding feature of that record is that it deals entirely with industrial, social and educational problems. Only in a negative way did the Assembly touch the domain of politics. The big, constructive measures were considered in patriotic . fashion, and it is due the members of the minority party to say that on these questions they refrained from playing politics and gave vote and voice to the support of what they conceived to

be the highest good. The record discloses that the Assembly recognized two fundamental

principles: 1. That every citizen is entitled to a fair chance to make his bread. 2. That a high grade citizenship,

cannot live by bread alone. The constitutional amendment exnpting homested notes from taxation, the crop-lien law regulating the penalty imposed on poverty for its inability to pay cash for supplies, the act providing for the teaching of the fundamentals of good farming in every country school, the law providing for medical inspection of school children so as to discover physical defects in their incipiency, the act to protect the citizen from being defrauded by the sale of nostrums for incurable diseases, the establishment of the home and school for cripples, the state-wide quarantine law, this law providing rural sanitation, were all designed and are calculated to aid the citizen in the world old battle for bread. They deal largely with the

manitarianism On the other hand the constitutional amendment calling for a six instead of a four months school, the act authorizing the incorporation of rural communities, the liberal appropriation for moon light schools, the expansion of the work of rural libraries, the act providing for a system of state highways, the act to encourage the instalverge of war, and declared that lation of running water and electric lights and telephones in country homes, the appropriation to relieve the loneliness of country life by giving wholesome, instructive and entertaining exhibitions in country school houses, the establishment of the home for delinquent women, the creation of the state board of general welfare and public charities, the special act for the building of a new home for the paredness on the one hand, and on blind, the three million dollar bond is-Questions involved were discussed | the other to spread its gospel of world | sue to encourage the building of better school houses in the country, and to provide adequate quarters and equipment for our educational and charitable institutions, all recognize the change our foreign policy and pro- truth that man cannot live by bread

> In addition to these measures that and humane basis by the prison reform ion that will aid the President and hospitals, the act to establish a management, the act to establish a new and modern system of accounting noon he spoke to the Lee Camp of providing for a state board to examine teachers and conduct sub commission to devise an equitable system of taxation, and the law eliminating unnecessary and cumbersome re-

ports of state departments. I do not have before me any list of erty, but every one of them represents a proper conception of public service. The General Assembly made scant

To Operate Asbestos Mine. Statesville.-A charter has been granted an Iredell corporation com-Washington. - Naval preparations posed of G. B. Halyburton, J. W. Sims

NAVY IS ORDERED RECRUITED

# UNITS CALLED TO COLORS

Washington.-President Wilson took steps to place the nation on a war

By executive order, he directed that the Navy be recruited without delay to full authorized war strength of 87,-000 enlisted men. Taken in connection with emergency naval construction already ordered, this means that the President has exercised the full limit of his legal powers as Commander-in-Chief to prepare the Navy for war.

The third step was to assume as a National duty the task of protecting American industries from domestic disorders in the event of hostilities. For this purpose, 11 full infantry regiments, two separate battalions and one separate company of National Guards were called back into the Federal service to act as National police in important districts. Supplementing these troops a regiment of Penn-

The President's orders were made known in terse official statements issued by both Departments. No explanation accompanied them except the military departments, effective May 1, was designed to facilitate decentralization of command. Follow-

the Navy up to war strength.

(Signed) WOODROW WILSON. The Navy must enroll immediately approximately 20,000 men to reach the required strength. Secretary Daniels supplemented it with personal telegrams to newspaper editors all over the country urging them to aid the

power to obtain the men.

TROOPS OF NATIONAL GUARD Fourteen Regiments are Again Called

department. The department issued this state-

National Guard.

"District of Columbia, First Sepa-

New York, Second and Seventyfirst Regiments. "New Jersey, First and Fiftieth

not be mustered out:

has been cleared away.

were injured.

they could. OF UNITED STATES IN WAR.

termined to provide against every Peace is to stimulate military prepossible emergency.

contemplated. ently has decided that since Germany is making war upon the United States through ruthless killing of Americans its character and its need. This takes | cial and intellectual life. and destruction of their ships, the time. The war is on. Its duration is issue must be met with steps much uncertain. We may be confronted so vitally touch the life of the people, more far-reaching than mere attempts | with questions as to the form of peace | the administration of the state's affairs to protect individual merchant craft. within a year. We should keep the were placed upon a more intelligent

to be taken.

The exact measure of American par- Confederate Veterans. ticipation in the war is not expected to be revealed until after the Presi- EXPRESSIONS OF PATRIOTIC dent addresses Congress and until public sentiment crystalizes. Whether an army will be sent

practicable.

military, naval, industrial and financial. They are understood to be most