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IMPORTANT NEWS THE WORLD OVER

Happenings of This and Other Nations For Seven Days Are Given.

THE NEWS OF THE SOUTH

What is Taking Place in the Southland Will Be Found in Brief Paragraphs.

Domestic

Roosevelt had a wordy tilt at a gath- be delayed. ering in New York City when it apfor the East St. Louis riot to the labor unions. Mr. Gompers wanted the galed before he charged responsibility to any set of men. The colonel is to be answered," after he had stated that he was willing to go any length for American labor.

and Samuel Gompers in New York City was brought about by Mr. Gompers charging employers with responsibility for the East St. Louis riot, basing his statement, he said, upon investigations made by competent men employed by the Federation of Labor of Illinois.

Selection day for the new national army is approaching rapidly as the local exemption boards in the various states complete their organization. Strict silence is maitnained by the

administration officials as to what method will be pursued in the selective conscription to be conducted in a

News from the national capital is to the effect that whiskey is doomed. The senate by a vote of 52 to 34 killed the so-called "bone dry" amendment. The house has already acted on this question, and the measure will go to a conference committee from both houses soon.

The lobby and the reception room, the "palm court" and the smoking room of the Waldorf hotel in London, England, July 1, seemed to be full of bright-eyed dark-blue clad women, all smiling, wearing Red Crosses, emphasizing its significance upon a white background. London says they made an eloquent chapter in history.

Washington

of \$100,000,000 to Great Britain and \$60,000,000 to Italy have brought the ly accepted, has been placed to her sea enemies was destroyed.

the German spy menace has caused the government to order quick organi- will fight for democracy abroad." zation of an entirely new secret police partments, and a few other employes not mentioned.

It is announced that the treasury secret service men will continue to work individually on counterfeit cases. Germany has placed a screen of submarines more than a hundred miles out in the Atlantic in an effort to cut the United States' communication lines, is the news given out by the navy department.

A German submarine is reported to have shelled Ponta Delgada, a city in the Azores, 800 miles from the mainland of the United States.

It is probable that Mexico will declare war on Germany within the next thirty days, according to dispatches reaching Washington from El Paso. Even the northern part of Mexico, which erstwhile has been pro-German, is said to be wavering and the sentiment against the Teutons is growing

out that this feature will be entirely love of the fatherland and the monin the hands of the exemption boards. Controversy in the senate over the food control bill and its prohibition taken by administration leaders to lim- Aisne to the Meuse. it debate and force a final vote.

"Drys" opposed to eliminating beers and wines entirely from the "prohibi- big engagement may be in progress. tion" amendment to the food control bill won the first round in the senate

A London dispatch says that Gen- for quite a spell. eral Chang Hsun has informed President Li Yuan Tung that he must re- taken the offensive in a small Macedobecause the Manchu emperor, nian sector. Hsuan Tung, has been restored to the

Evidence that Germany is obtain- were broungt dow nablaze by the Briting vast quantities of food from Euro- ish naval craft and a third machine pean neutral countries has been pre- was damaged. Eight persons were sented to the state department by killed and twenty-four injured. Only 1000.

Great Britain. The present difficulties in China, it entry of China into the war.

Hsuan Tung issued a mandate June 30 Russia will be in at the "killing." announcing his succession to the The British navy is now firmly con-

throne of China. further than to say that General Pershing's khaki clad men will be augrained troops.

News reaching Washington from London recites that all hope that may have existed in Germany for concluding a separate peace in Germany have vanished, and that a new declaration that will serve as a basis for peace negotiations will be made by the German chancellor before the reichstag shortly.

News from China is to the effect that civil war is impending and that already one fight has taken place 35 miles from the city of Pekin between the troops of the monarchy and the republican forces.

There is no doubt of the seriousness of the situation in the Chinese capital. Trains are filled with fleeing Chinese. Hotels are full of foreigners. United States and Japanese soldiers are endeavoring to reach Pekin, but it is Samuel Gmpers and Theodore stated that their arrival will probably

Should Mexico enter the world-war peared to Mr. Gompers that Colonel she probably would not lend any fight-Roosevelt was charging responsibility ing strength, but, but the Tampico oil fields would be made safe for the oil supplies of the allied fleet, the smelters colonel to wait until he had investi- and mills reopened at once to produce munition metals for the allies and the moral effect would be tremendous aids

> Belief in Washington anent the Chinese situation is that the coup d'etat of the Manchu dynasty is doomed to short life. An emergency republican government has been set up at Nankin, and it i sprobable that siege will be laid to Pekin.

> News reaching Washington is to the effect that the new government in China can put up a big fight, but that it cannot hope to be successful. The monarchists could not foresee that the militarists would adhere to the republican ranks, and it is believed that Chang far overplayed his hand, and his cards must inevitably be thrown into the discard.

The unsuccessful attack on the ships of the United States expeditionary force to France has revived the rumor that German spies are operating in Washington. The government will very probably mete out the death sentence to future capture spies.

Relief and gratification of officials over the safe arrival of the last units of the United States expedition to France is unbounded, but it is noticed that there is a feeling of great indignation that the German admiralty is so familiar with the plans of the navy.

A semi-official German statement says that food riots have occurred not only in Stettin and Dusseldorf, but also in two Silesian cities, Gleowitz and Hindenburg. Troops put down the riot without firing a gun. Secretary Daniels announced on the

night of July Fourth the safe arrival at a French port of the last ships of It is announced that additional loans | the first American overseas expedition. The Americans did not lose a man, a ship nor an animal. Twice on total war loans of the United States the way across the Atlantic German to the allies to \$1,203,000,000. This does submarines attacked in force and were not, however, include Russia's quota, fought off, and the secretary is inwhich, though it has not been formal- formed that at least one of the under-

credit, and is awaiting the call of the | Newton D. Baker, secretary of war. speaking in New York City on the Immediate necessity for smashing Fourth, said that "we must fight for democracy here at home as our armies

By order of the king of England the system, the national intelligence serv- Stars and Stripes floated over the city ice, which is composed of operatives of London on the Fourth. Private of the state, war, navy and justice de- buildings were bedecked with flags as never before. The premier took an active part in the celebrations.

Regulations to govern the next step toward selecting a national war army for the military registered service on June 5 have been issued at the direction of the president. The order of arms, ammunition and evplosives. liability of the men registered is to be determined later.

Brigadier General Crowder, provost near future for the organization of the exemption boards.

Citizenship sermons, at the behest ment is gratified at the unanimity of o ftheir requirements. the response.

European War

Copenhagen, Denmark, hears that there is much dissatisfaction among the Saxon soldiers. They are loyal, but outspoken in their aims. They Regarding exemptions, it is pointed freely admit that they are fighting for archical principle, but not for the house of Hohenzollern.

On the western front the British feature has reached such an acute continue to advance, and the French stage that formal steps have been artillery is active from north of the

Artillery activity has increased on the entire Austro-Italian front, and a Greater activity is reported on the Roumanian front, which has been silent, so far as the outside world knows,

The Germans are reported to have

Two of the German machines that took part in the air raid on Harwich slight material damage was inflicted.

The Russians are holding their reis reported, arose over the refusal of cent gains in Galicia, and it was not a the president to uphold the decision grandstand play, as Germany would to break with Germany, it having been have the world believe. Add to this reported that he is opposed to the the fact that stronger activity is reported all over the Russian theater A Pekin dispatch announces that of war, and the outlook is hopeful that

vinced that the German submarine War department officials will go no campaign will result in failure. Pursuit of submarines has become so livemented as rapidly as expedient by a ly that a U-boat which shows its periconsiderable contingent of other scope in channel waters does so with zens to the police." the greatest risk.

OFFICIAL REPORT SHOWS THAT THIRTY-SEVEN WERE KILLED AND 141 WOUNDED.

Most Daring Raid Yet Made by German Airmen-Contingent Larger and Descended Lower Than on Any Previous Raid.

London.-The second descent upon London by a squadron of airplanes was made between nine and ten o'clock in the morning, when the business section of the metropolis was most crowded. It was officially announced that thirty-seven persons were killed and 141 injured by the raiders.

Although the German contingent was larger, more daring, more deliberative in its methods and descended much lower than on the visit of June 13, the number of killed and wounded was, according to the first official roll, roughly, one-third the previous casualty list. This destruction of property may have been greater, but that it is impossible to estimate.

The flight of the Germans over London lasted about twenty minutes. English airmen engaged the enemy for several minutes over the metropolis, and anti-aircraft guns were firing the Argentine flag. briskly, but without destroying any of the twenty or more invading machines. | SELECTION OF NEW

The admiralty was able to report however, that naval airmen who followed them to sea brought down three machines. A British squadron sent up from Dunkirk to intercept the returning raiders did not encounter them because they had taken a more northerly route, but the British airmen met and destroyed seven other German

WILSON ORDERS EXPORT PROVISION INTO OPERATION.

Becomes Effective July 15.-Complete

Embargo of Foodstuffs Considered. Washington.- Government control of American exports authorized in a provision of the espionage act, was ordered put into operation July 15 by President Wilson in a prociamation putting under license shipments to all countries of the most important export commodities.

In a statement accompanying the proclamation, the President declared the government's policy will be first to give consideration to American needs; next, to meet as far as possible the requirements of the allies, and lastly to supply the neutral countries wherever practicable. It is made clear that every effort will be made to see that no supplies reach the central powers.

The commodities named in the list put under control are coal, coke, fuel, oils, kerosene and gasoline, including bunkers, food grains, flour and meal, fodder and feeds, meats and fats, pig iron, steel billets, ship plates and structural shapes, scrap iron and scrap steel; ferro manganese fertilizers,

The inclusion of foodstuffs in the proclamation lends color to statements that the administration is considering marshal general, will set a date in the the advisability of a complete embargo for sixty days on all food shipments to give the country time to ascribe the amounts of its supplies and of the department of labor, were de- to give allied and neutral countries livered Sunday, July 1. The depart- opportunity to present a full program

CHINESE REPUBLIC IS REPORTED RE-ESTABLISHED.

Washington.-Official dispatches to the Chinese legation here said the republic had been firmly re-established at Nanking with Feng Kue-Chang, the former vice president, as president of the new provisional government. Republican troops were reported converged toward Peking to drive out the Manchu forces remaining in possession there in the name of the imper-

GERMAN DOES NOT KNOW WHERE TO GO

Richmond, Va.-Asserting that he does not know where to go, and that he does not want to go to Mexico, E. K. Vietor, erstwhile German consul here, could not tell what he would do as a result of the report from Washington, requesting those who were in charge of German consulates in this country to leave the United States. He recently disposed of his tobacco warehouse property for \$100,-

WILL NOT TOLERATE ROWDYISM BY SOLDIERS

New York.-Soldiers who interfere with free speech, free press or the right peaceably to assemble and petition the government, break the law, according to a statement of Secretary of War Baker. The secretary's communication was in response to a request against soldiers and militiamen "breaking up meetings, arresting citizens, raiding rooms and head-

FOUR MEMBERS OF THE CREW WERE LOST WHEN THE SHIP WENT DOWN.

The State Department Announced the Sinking of the U. S. Steamship Orleans, But Withheld the Place and Time of Attack.

Washington,-The American steamship Orleans, of the Oriental Navigation company, has been torpedoed and crew were drowned, but all members of the armed naval guard were saved. The state department, announcing the sinking, withheld the place and the time of the attack.

New York.—The Orleans, a vessel of 2,808 tons gross, left here June 18 with a cargo for France, commanded by Capt. Allen D. Tucker. Of her crew of thirty-six, ten were American

After Germany announced unrestricted submarine warfare, the Orleans was the first American steamship to reach France from an American port. She was formerly the Avellaneda and later the Menaptha, under

Officials Are Silent But Drawings Will Likely Take Place This Week.

Washington.-Selection day for the new national army is approaching rapidly as the local exemption boards in the various states complete their organization, give serial numbers to the registration cards and forward certified copies to Provost Marshal General Crowder. Indications are that the drawing will be held this week, but no official statment has been made as to the war department's plans.

Administration officials still maintain strict silence as to the method to be followed, but the recent statement by Secretary Baker that the drawing would be held in Washington, coupled with the stres laid upon the serial numbering of registration cards, indicates the general outline of the plan. It is understood that it is proposed to place in a single jury wheel in Wash ington one complete set of numbers. When a number is taken from the wheel, the man in each exemption district whose card bears that serial number will be drafted. Thus as each number is drawn, approximately 30,000 men will be drafted, or one in each exemption district. If 1,200,000 men are to be called before the exemption boards in the first selection. which seems highly probable, only forty numbers would need to be

There are numerous complications which must arise and the method of solving them can be known only when the plan in detail is made. For instance, the number of registered individuals in each district who are liable for military service will certainly not be the same. Aliens are registered, but not liable for duty.

INDUSTRIAL WORKERS PLOT TO DESTROY CROPS.

Soux Falls, S. D.-Regular army officers in South Dakota claim to have reliable information that Industrial Workers of the World leaders in the state have maps of the agricultural districts of the state, and have men stationed throughout the state who will make simultaneous attempts to burn this season's crops.

Federal officers have been appraised of the plot, and every effort will be made to apprehend those connected with it, it was said. The revelations were made public as a warning to the farmers of the state to guard against the activities of the plot-

WORKING OF SPIES DISCLOSED BY NORTHCLIFFF.

Washington.-Lord Northcliffe, head of the British mission in this country, authorized publication of parts of a confidential speech on spies and censorship made to the National Press club July 4. He described the work of spies in England and the flood of fatal information that pours over the cables through neutral countries to Germany, and spoke of the dangers of any except technical military and naval censorship of the press.

How Many Do You Eat? An expert in statistics has calculated that a woman marrying at twenty, and caring for a family of four children until she is forty-five, will peel no fewer than 83,000 potatoes for home

True.

"This thing of being so much in love that you can't eat," observed the man who knows, "is not infrequently caused by the high price of flowers and theater tickets."-Widow.

AMERICAN VESSEL MORE COOPERATION AMERICAN TROOPS PREDICTS THE END

PERPLEXING PROBLEMS. THAT MUST BE MET IN STAMPING OUT EVIL.

REPRESENTATIVES OF ALLIES

Have Come to America in Effort to Run Down German Agents.-Many Schemes Set on Foot by Detectives.

Washington.-More complete and efficient co-operation of United States secret service agents with those of its European allies is recognized as sunk by a submarine. Four of the the great problem that must be met

in stamping out the spy evil. While it was stated that operatives of the state, war, navy, and justice departments are co-operating with good results in running down active alien enemies, it was strongly indicated that much remained to be accomplished in relationships with the services of foreign countries.

Representatives of the allies already are in this country, it is understood, and are working to bring about the desired co-operative action. This work, for obvious reasons, could not be considered seriously before the United States entered the war, and the working out of the ramifications of a co-ordination scheme require unusual discussion, as well as time for setting the actual machinery in mo-

States was confronted at the entrance ners report the sinking of one subof America into the war with a program of discouraging magnitude. The machinery of the departments, built up almost entirely for the handling of domestic problems, was suddenly required to shoulder the immense burdent of coping with thousands of plotters and spies.

Many schemes set on foot by enemy plotters have been thwarted and it is said that the archives of the departments contain records of activities, which would, if made known, be of startling nature.

That the attacks upon American transports were the result of the work of spies is accepted generally in Washington without surprise. The sailing of transports, although not mentioned by the newspapers, was known to a large number of persons, who witnesed the transfer of troops from points in the United States and their departure.

MAJOR GENERAL WOOD INSPECTS CHARLOTTE SITES.

During One Day's Stay He Visits Three Sites and Delivers Two

Addresses. Charlotte.—Geeneral Leonard Wood commander of the United States army, department of the southeast, spent Thursday, July 5, in Charlotte, and it was a busy day for the distinguished soldier and citizen.

In addition to inspecting three possible sites for an army camp which it is hoped will be located at Charlotte, he found time to deliver two addresses, one to an audience of thousands on the First Presbyterian church lawn at six o'clock in the evening, and the other following the banquet served at the Selwyn hotel in his honor at 8:30 o'clock. For no matter how busy the general is; and in these stirring times of preparation that America may do her part in the world-struggle for democracy no man is busier, he always finds time to preach the "doctrine of preparedness" and never loses an opportunity to say a word, wherever he may be, that will help to stir the American public to a realization of the gravity of the crisis with which the American nation is

confronted. In his rather blunt, but direct and soldierly way, General Wood told North Carolinians a good many things they had probably not heard or thought of before, and it is not to be gation that falls upon every citizen tion. in this time of national peril.

WASHINGTON GRATIFIED OVER NEWS FROM CHINA.

Washington.-Belief here that the monarchial coup d-etat in China is de-Gneral Chang Hsun's attempt to de- \$45.86. stroy republicanism in China.

Mexico About to Get in Line. El Paso, Texas.-Since the pro-ally campaign in Mexico startel by El Universal in Mexico City, the sentiment favoring the allies has reached northern Mexico, and during the past thirty days a well-defined movement and the alignment of Mexico on the side of the entente allies has devel-

Germans in the north.

RAIDED BY AIRMEN SUNK BY SUBMARINE IN HUNT FOR SPIES ALL SAFE IN FRANCE OF WAR NEXT YEAR

GERMAN UNDERSEA BOATS MADE GOVERNOR BICKETT SPEAKS TO ATTACK ON THE TRANS-PORTS.

Last Units of the American Expeditionary Forces Have Arrived in France.-Not a Life Was Lost During the Transportation.

Washington.-American destroyers convoying transports with troops for France fought off two submarine attacks. The first news of the fights was given out by the committee on public information, with formal announcement of the safe arrival of the of the transports with their con-

At least one submarine was sunk Both of the attacks were made in force, showing that the Germans had information of the coming of the transports and planned to get them.

This announcement was issued: "The navy department at five o'clock this afternoon received word of the safe arrival at a French port of the last contingent of General Pershing's expeditionary force. At the same time information was released that the transports were twice attack-

ed by submarines on the way across. "No ship was hit, not an American The secret service of the United life was lost, and while the navy gunthat others were destroyed in the first night attack."

FRANCE AND ENGLAND CELEBRATES FOURTH OF JULY

United States Soldiers Center of Cele bration in France.

American Independence day was celebrated enthusiastically in England and France as well as on the battle fronts. In Paris, a battalion of the first American expeditionary force on its way to the front was the center of the celebration. The soldiers of revolutionary Russia maintained their attempts to break through the Austro-German lines in eastern Galicia. Cheered by the results of the fighting during the first three days of July, General Brussiloff's men continue their efforts, especially in the region of Brzezany and are throwing fresh forces

against the Teuton positions. During Sunday and Monday the first two days of the new drive, the Rusians captured 300 officers and 18,000 men, and on Tuesday and Wednesday probably added several more thousands to the total. Twenty-nine guns and thirty-three machine guns

were taken from the Austro-Germans. Violent artillery duels have been in progress on the Konfuchk-Ziochoff sector, on the Stokhod, in Volhynia and at Brody, on the Galician-Volhynian border. In the Champagne on the western front the German crown prince has

made another desperate and fruitless effort to break the French lines northwest of Rheims. Attacking in force along an eleven-mile front, the Germans made especially strong efforts around Cerny and Ailles and against the California-Plateou. The French repulsed all attacks

After checking the Germans the French took the iniative in a strategic operation east of Cerny and captured a strong German salient. German attacks on the left bank of the Meuse were repulsed.

Raids and patrol engagements have occupied the German and British further north. Several Austrian attacks on the Carso south of Gorizia were checked by the Italians, Rome reports.

Chinese President Flees.

1 da, Tien, China.-Li Yuan Hung, questioned that he went away from the Chinese president, with two atten-Charlotte leaving the people of this lants, escaped from the palace and city a deeper sense of duty and obli- sought refuge in the Japanese lega-

> PERR CAPITA WEALTH IN UNITED STATES NOW \$45.86.

Washington.-The average man in the United States is \$11.51 richer than | tion beginning July 23 and continuing stined to failure, was increased by he was three years ago. Total money through the 27th. Under the care of each new item of news which came in circulation, shown in a chart in County Agent E. B. Weaver, the boys to the attention of the state depart- the July federal reserve bulletin, has are going to encamp near Asheville, ment. Minister Reinsch reported that risen from \$3,480,000,000 on June 1, possibly on the Biltmore estate. The several, at least some of the northern | 1914, to \$4,742,000,000 on June 1, 1917. outing for the 260 members of Bunmilitary leaders, who are felt to hold The circulation wealth per capita in combe county's corn clubs has been the country's destiny in their hands, 1914 was \$34.35; in 1915 \$35.44; in made posible through the courtesy and have taken the field in opposition to 1916 \$39.29 and in June 1917 was over co-operation of the Asheville Board of

INVESTIGATION OF RACE

RIOTS IN EAST ST. LOUIS. East St. Louis, Ill.-A federal investigation of race riots here in which been getting more or less criticism were killed and approximately 310 negro homes were burned was begun favoring an open break with Germany by Col. George H. Hunter, chief quartermaster of the central division of the United States army. Colonel Hunter oped. This has been in spite of the is under instructions to make a full pro-German sentiments published daily report of the trouble to Maj. Gen. in Chihuahua City and in other pa Thomas H. Barry at Chicago, com- families and the town is proud of pers believed to be subsidized by the mandant of the central department.

BAPTISTS MEETING AT WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH.

ONE SUBMARINE IS SUNK PRUSSIANISM TO SCRAP-HEAP

Makes Masterly Address on Subject of "Decent Respect to the Opinions of Mankind."

Wilmington.-Predicting that the end of the world war will come not later than autumn of next year and that Prussian militarism is on the way to the scrap-heap; that the "divine rights" of kings is tottering, and that the close of the war will see the organization of a tribunal where representation of the governments, purified by suffering, will sit together settling all differences by diplomacy and logic and not with the sword and fire, Governor Bickett in speaking before the closing session of the Baptist Seaside assembly in the Harbor Island auditorium at Wrightsville beach, delivered a patriotic address that swept his audience completely off its feet and sent his hearers out into the sunlight with a new feeling surging in

their breasts. It was a masterly address. The governor was at his very best and held his audience spellbound until he concluded with the ringing statement that North Carolina would continue to do her part in every way.

Young People Attend Conference. Montreat.—The first young people's conference ever held at Montreat has been largely attended, the personnel of the attendance being among the representative young people of the Presbyterian church U. S. The courses in Bible study, home and foreign mission study along with methods of practical efficiency are conducted during the forenoon by Dr. W. W. Moore of Richmond, Va., John L. Alexander of Chicago, Dr. Gilbert Glass and Mesdames Winsborough, E. C. Crook, S. N. Burts and Miss A. B.

Binford. Sunday, July 1, Dr. W. W. Moore addressed the conference on the threefold need of spiritual, mental and physical culture. It was a most helpful and pointed statement of the necessity of symmetrical development and training. On Monday, July 2, the address was given by Dr. James Lewis Howe of Washington and Lee university. During the present week the splendid gathering of young people will hear addresses by Dr. James I. Vance of Nashville, Tenn., and Dr. John S. Lyons of Atlanta. Charles M. Alexander, a world-renowned conductor of music is on the ground with his abre corps of assistants and has

entire charge of the music. The afternoons are spent in swimming, boating, tennis and "hiking." On Saturday at the hour for the evering meal at the door of the Alba hotel a package of lunch was handed to each one of the young men and girls, who forthwith, under the leadership of Richard Crozier, the director of sports, took the trail to Lookout Mountain, where they ate supper in sight of a glorious mountain rhododendron. Later they returned, making the mountains echo with songs of patriotism and youthful glee.

Call Out Ambulance Company. Greensboro.-The Greensboro Ambulance Company, which has enlisted its full quota of men, will be called out about July 15, according to the telegram received by Henry Foust, the organizer, from Major Jeunemann. This information was not so cheerfully received by members of the company, who had been expecting to leave earlier. For several days the men have been kept in expectation of being called out, and it was not thought that the company would remain in Greensboro anything like so long as it will. The concentration camp for Red Cross ambulance companies at Allentown, Pa., is over-crowded and until more room has been provided new companies cannot be provided for.

Outing for Club Boys. Asheville.-The corn club boys in Buncombe county are going to have a week of fun, instruction and recrea-Trade, of which Mr. N. Bucker is sec-

Has Many Men in Service. Cherryville .- The town of Cherryville and Cherryville township have

thirty-three negroes and four whites during the past few weeks on account of the lack of enlisting in the Gastonia guards. The town has been priding helself upon the men furnished. She has a number of young men, perhaps more than any section of the county, now in actual service on French soil. They come from good them. The town and township are well represented in every department

said: "I'll answer now when murder to those now engaged in subduing the common enemy. The tilt between Colonel Roosevelt