# THE CHATHAM RECORD

ESTABLISHED SEPT. 19, 1878.

PITTSBORO, CHATHAM COUNTY, N. C. SEPTEMBER 12, 1918

VOL. XL NO. 6.

# IMPORTANT NEWS THE WORLD OVER

IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS OF THIS AND OTHER NATIONS FOR SEVEN DAYS GIVEN

What Is Taking Place Ir The Southland Will Be Found In Brief Paragraphs

Domestic

Manufacture of beer in the United States will be prohibited after next December first as a war measure. This announcement comes straight from the food administration, which said that this decision had been reached at conference between President Wilson and representatives of the fuel, food and railroad administrations and the war industries board.

Warning has been issued to manufacturers of all beverages and mineral great curtailment" in fuel for the manufacture of glass containers, of tin of food products in such beverages."

Four persons were killed and more than seventy-five others injured by the explosion of a bomb in a crowded entrance to the federal building in Chicago. The explosion is attributed to the I. W. W. Raids on two headquarters of the I. W. W., within fifteen minutes after the explosion, resulted in the arrest of nine men.

deered by the United States shipping within the minimum age limit. board in 1917, operated in ocean trade a fleet of eleven steamships flying the Stars and Stripes, has been taken over by A. Mitchell Palmer, alien property

Federal officials in New York City estimate more than forty thousand suspected slackers have been arrested in that city and in nearby cities in the great round-up of draft evaders conducted by twenty-five thousand soldiers, sailors, police and government

Nearly one million men, or half the railroad employees in the United States, share in additional wage increases approved by Director General McAdoo for track laborers, watchmen, other maintenance of way employees, clerks, station agents and other classes of employees drawing relatively low pay.

The garnisheeing of railroad employees is forbidden by Director General McAdoo as a means of eliminating much legal work heretofore necessary. It is made plain, however, that employees who do not pay their debts will be summarily discharged. This is considered a death blow to shylocks dealing in salary assignments.

# Washington

coast of France while homeward gin.

in pay by the railroad administration. Pekin, China, advices to the state department say the Czechs have taken Chita, a junction point in Siberia and

Sudden pressure of business within the last two days makes it extremely unlikely that President Wilson will make the Liberty Loan tour he originally planned. Senators from the cotton growing

states at a conference decided to protest to President Wilson against any action by the war industries board looking to the fixing of the price of

It has been reported, and what seems partial confirmation has been given the report, that German main headquarters has been moved from Spa, Belgium, to Bonn, Germany,

Americans who lose their lives in the war abroad will be buried there only temporarily. Where identification is possible, the bodies will be placed in marked graves, to be taken up when the war is over and brought home.

More than one million six hundred thousand United States troops had been embarked for all fronts up to August 31.

President Wilson has asked Attorreport of the circumstances surrounding the so-called slacker round-up in New York in which upward of forty thousard men were taken into custody by agents of the department of

justice. Marshal Haig's forces are moving on Cambrai, the key to a large section of the old Hindenburg line, and if that place 's taken it appears that the enemy will be quickly forced to evacuate the salient in which he is rapidly difficulty of the present decisive batbeing pocketed by the French and tles against an enemy filled with ha-American "Evance on the Oise-Ailette tred, jealousy and the will to destruc-

lines in the south. The guns of the allied armored train sult of the recent allied victories. were very effective in the fighting. | Huge fires. which were seen in

1 Marken 42

Death sentences of ten negro sol diers who participated in the riot at Houston, Texas, August 23, 1917, have been commuted to life imprisonment by President Wilson. In six other cases the president affirmed the death sentences because the condemned men had been found guilty of having deliberately and with great cruelty murdered civilians.

Although the senate has adopted a resolution authorizing the president to establish dry zones around coal mines. ship yards, munition and other war plants, it has failed in every attempt to reach a final vote on the emergency agricultural appropriation bill with its order providing for national prohibition from July 1, 1919, until the nation's huge army is mustered out after

Holding that it had jurisdiction over regulating street car fares in all municipalities of Alabama, the state public service commission set aside the 7-cent car fares granted the Montgomery Traction company by the city com- army standing today substantially in

The war industries board, with the approval of President Wilson, is soon to appoint a committee to consider the ficials here that the next few days will desirability and feas" "ty of effecting see the plans of the opposing coma stabilization of cotton prices and waters that there will be "further other matters connected with handling

plate for cans, of transportation and and prompt punishment of those culpa- is given only one construction here. ble in the atack on the British embas- Apparently it was intended to mean sy at Petrograd when the embassy that the retirement had come to an was sacked and Captain Cromie was end and that the Germans expected to 1-illed, sent a "hot" telegram to the stop the allied advance along the old Bolsheviki government at Moscow. front. In that event, it was said to-

to who will be required to register under the new man-power act, all men who have not reached their forty-sixth birthday on or before registration day, show how Marshal Foch proposes to September 12, will be included within assail the problem that baffled the On the ground of German ownership, the maximum age limit, and all who the American trans-Atlantic company, have reached their eighteenth birthday breaking of this advanced line of dewhich, until its ships were comman on or before that date will be included fefense set up by the enemy on Bel-

President Wilson has decided that the seven recognized societies doing welfare work among the American soldiers at home and overseas shall conduct a joint campaign for the funds necessary to carry on their work during the coming year.

# European

Berlin and the province of Branden burg have been placed under "the law relating to a state of siege, which provides for a fine or imprisonment of persons inventing or circulating untrue rumors calculated to disquiet the pop-

The Germans continue to give ground before the allied armies over the one hundred and fifty mile battle front from Ypres to Rheims.

inflicted on the Germans by the French in the old Noyon salient.

The French and Americans in the staggering blow to the enemy.

north, have pushed their lines eastward at numerous points.

The litle forest of Coucy, the west- ried the German positions on the high ern portion of the great wooded sector ground between Peiziere and the Hav-The United States army transport east of Laon that has barred a direct rincourt wood. After sharp fighting in Mount Vernon was torpedoed by an advance eastward, has been entirely the course of which heavy counterenemy submarine 200 miles from the taken by the forces of General Man- attacks were repulsed with losses, we

bound, but was able to return to port. The effect of the recent British suc- on the ridge overlooking Gouzeacourt The report to the navy department cesses are hourly becoming more ap- and captured Gouzeaucourt wood. makes no mention of any casualties. parent. The enemy is steadily but "On the left of our attack, other There were probably 600 or 700 navy surely going back. Successive minor English troops successfully advanced men on board, but no military units. victories in Flanders, the application our line in the eastern portion of the Railroad employes of the lower paid of sustained pressure in the battle Havrincourt wood. We captured a classes, not covered by the first big zone south of the Scarpe, the exploita- number of prisoners in these operawage increase, were granted raises tion of the advances north of Peronne tions." and the steady bombardment from the British cannon are all helping the gen- AMERICAN TROOPS CROSS

eral movement. In the wake of the German retirement, fires are reported, together with

seem to have been freely used. On the banks of the Somme south Glennes to Vieil Arcy. of Peronne the Germans are manning machine guns and trench mortars strongly and firing heavily on the crossings and their approaches, apparently fearing a British attempt to

Diaries taken from German prisonlong continued fighting as never be-Our enemy is superior to us in numbers and everything else. Victory now is out of the question," is a typical GERMAN SUBMARINE

excerpt from an unposted letter. Count George F. von Hertling, the imperial German chancellor, has refor his retirement.

submarine in shelling a Dutch trawler the United States. recently off Krommenie, North Holand to demand compensation.

German airmen near Pont-a-Mousson routed the enemy. One enemy machine was driven down.

"The German people understand the tion, but has unanimously decided to Entente riled troops in northern devote all its strength to defend European Russia, aided by Russian assaults against its sacred soil and orces, on August 31, captured the kulture which had been won in peaceenemy's positions north of Obozer- ful work." This is the way Kaiser skaya, 75 miles south of Archangel. Bill sizes up the situation as the re-

ENEMY HOPES TO DELAY OR STOP ADVANCE OF ALLIES ON OLD BATTLE LINE.

# ALLIES FEELING THEIR WAY MORE THAN 19,000 PRISONERS HEAVY DEFEATS ARE INFLICTED HAIG WINNING IN THE NORTH A VERY FASCINATING PROGRAM

Careful Advance Is Being Made Through Screens of Machine Gunners on Fighting Front.

Washington. - With the German the positions it occupied before last March 21, when its greatest offensive was launched, it appears certain to ofmanders revealed.

The statement in the official German communique that "our new The British, demanding reparation lines" had everywhere been occupied To remove any misunderstanding as day, the light forces of the French, British and American armies will soon reach this defensive position and subsequent operations quickly will French and British general staffs, the gian and French soil.

was evident from reports that the allied forces were still feeling their way forward carefully through the rear guard screens of machine gunners which still cover many portions of the enemy's present fighting front. Behind this screen the Germans were believed to have reoccupied the old Hindenburg defenses, which probably have been repaired and supplemented.

### SHARP GAINS MADE IN BRITISH ADVANCE

London.-The British in an advance over a four-mile front between the Havrincourt wood and Peiziere have captured all the German positions on the high ground between these two points and won their old trench positions overlooking Gouzeaucourt, ac-Particularly heavy defeats have been cording to the official communication from Field Marshal Haig. The Gou-

zeacourt wood also is in British hands. English and New Zealand troops region between the Vesle and Aisne performed the task and during the rivers, east of Soissons, have dealt a fighting repulsed heavy German coun-

ter-attacks. Field Marshal Haig's men, in the . The text of the statement follows: "Advanced detachments of English and New Zealanders attacked and cargained the old British trench line

# THE VESLE IN FORCE

With the American Army on the explosions, in the various sections, es- 'Aisne Front.-In the face of the stiffpecially the area in front of the Hin- est machine gun fire since the Amerdenburg line from the Bapaume-Cam- icans crossed the Vesle in force, Ambrai line southward where the torches erican infantry advanced at certain points on a curve line extending from

> The advance was preceded by a heavy artillery bombardment, which continued all night.

From the plateau the Americans ers show that the Germans on the necessarily cautious owing to the carrying a wounded soldier through for the men, it was said at the provost western front have suffered from the commanding position of La Petite machine gun fire to shelter, he was marshal general's office, fore. "We are in mortal danger every in that region. The French and Am- theless brought his comrade to safety day. We cannot last much longer, erican artillery bombarded the moun- and realizing the scarcity of stretch-We cannot hope for further successes. tain, where the Germans had built ers, insisted on others being taken to strong emplacements.

# TORPEDOES TRANSPORT

Paris.—The American transport

American aviators in a battle with from a chill resulting from exposure. surance at reasonable rates.

# YEAVY WEATHER AND MUDDY GROUND STAYS ADVANCE

With the British Army in France .-Although little strips of ground have ues along the entire front in the direcbeen gained here and there along the battles lines that zigzag across Atois and Picardy, the British troops gener- latest advices the French and British ally were stationary. A heavy rain, troops nevertheless are meeting with whipped along by a chilly wind, has stubborn resistance, in which intense covered the battlefield wiht a coat artillery activity is being carried out. ing of mud. This is a country badly This resistance is taken as an indicatorn by shells and of itself would neo tion that the enemy intends to make essarily result in a slower movement. | a stand along this line.

# BRITISH RE-ENTER FRENCH REOCCUPY

ADVANCED TROOPS PRESSING FORWARD AND GAINING MUCH TERRITORY.

Hostile Attacks Were Largely Local and Were Easily Repulsed by the British.

London.-Advanced British troops announcement.

The British have gained ground along the Vermand-Epehy line. More than 19,000 prisoners were taken by the British in France in the

first week of September.

The statement says: "On the southern portion of the battle front our troops have now entered the area of the defense systems constructed by us prior to the German March offensive. The enemy is offering increased resistance among these

"Our advanced troops are pressing forward and have gained ground in the direction of Vermand, Hesbecourt and Epehy.

"Local hostile attacks were repulsed south of Ploegsteert and east of Wul-British front there is nothing of special interest to report.

## FRENCH REACH FRINGE OF THE ST. GOBAIN FOREST

Paris.—The French troops have captured the village of Mennessis, about according to the French communica- were abandoned.

The text of the statement reads: "North of the Oise, the French roops have captured the village of outskirts of Servais.

### AMERICAN TROOPS CAPTURE THE VILLAGE OF MUSCOURT

Washington.—Capture by American troops of the village of Muscourt with

Headquarters of the American Expe-

ditionary Forces. "Section A. South of the Aisne our and captured 50 prisoners. Hostile farmers against such a movement. counter-attacks in this sector were repulsed and our line was slightly ad- LOCAL AND DISTRICT DRAFT vanced. Two strong hostile raids in the Woevre were beaten off, leaving prisoners in our hands. In Alsace, a successful raiding party inificted losses on the enemy.

"Section B. The commander-inchief has awarded the distinguished cross to the following men of the American expeditionary forces, for the acts of gallantry set forth after

their names: "Sergeant Albert N. Elsea, machine gun battalion. While acting as machine gun leader near Hilsensirst, France, July 6, 1918. he was wounded in the face by a bursting shell but continued to direct his men until the attack ended and then insisted on

walking to a dressing station. "Corporal Clayton N. Moore, band took up positions in the ravines whichh infantry. During the attack on Hildrain northward, but the advance was sensirst, France, July 6, 1918, while Montagne, which is the highest point wounded, but by unusual pluck neverthe rear and walking himself."

### PLANS BEING PERFECTED TO PENSION AND INSURE R. R. MEN

"Plans for the uniform and equitasigned, giving bad health as the cause | Mount Vernon, formerly the German ble compensation of injured employes steamship Kronprinzessin Cecelie, or the dependents of employes who tions of the allied forces in the region It is officially announced that the which, though torpedoed by a Ger- may be killed in the service of the around Archangel, Russia, says: by the food administration. The cer-Dutch minister in Berlin has been in- man submarine off the coast of France railroads, are being considered," said "After further servere hand-to-hand tificate system by which sugar is alstructed to protest vigorously against was able to make port, was carrying an official announcement, "and it is fighting with an enemy force led by lotted dealers was explained. Notback to hoped that it may also be possible to the Germans, the allied troops have Senator James H. Lewis, of Chicago, ployes upon pension at a given age the number of 150 were captured and that food conservation must be intenland, in which fishermen were killed, Ill., who was among the passengers, as well as to provide for their purall of whom were saved, is suffering chase of life, health and old age in- enemy. The allied casualties were 15,000,000 tons instead of 10,000,000

# FRENCH AND BRITISH MEET WITH STUBBORN RESISTANCE

Paris.-The allied advance contintion of Cambra, St. Quentin, LaFerre, AnizyAnizy-le-Chateau and the Chemin-Des-Dames. According to the

# ALL OLD GROUND

AMERICANS ARE STILL MAKING PROGRESS IN THE REGION OF VILLERS-EN-PRAYERES.

Entire German Line on the North Is Endangered by the British Under General Haig.

Paris.—The French have occupied have entered their old defense sys- all their old trenches along the whole tem on the southern battle line, held of the front to the north of the Aisne prior to the German offensive of last river and also have captured the March, according to the war office towns of Ham and Chauny in the

salient southwest of St. Quentin. South of the Aisne the American troops have made further progress in the region of Villers-En-Prayeres and Revillon. The French advance east of the Canal Du Nord at some places has reached a depth of more than ten

The Germans continue to give ground before the allied armies over the 150-mile battle front from Ypres to Rheims.

Particularly heavy defeats have prepared defenses and sharp fighting been inflicted on them by the French has taken place today at a number of in the old Noyon salient and by the French and Americans in the region between the Vesle and Aisne rivers east of Soissons.

To the north Field Marshal Haig's men have pushed their lines eastward at numerous points into the enemyheld territory for important gains and verghem. On the remainder of the daily are increasing the menace against the entire German line fac-

# NO PROTEST TO BE MADE TO THE PRESIDENT ON COTTON

Washington.-Plans of southern senators to protest to President Wil four miles north of Tergnier, and on son against the proposal of Chairman the t. Quentin canal. Farther south Baruch, of the war industries board, they have penetrated to the northern to have a commission appointed to infringe of the St. Gobain forest up to vestigate the feasibility of recomthe outskirts of the village of Servals, mending stabilization of cotton prices

After a meeting of southern senators, Senator Smith, of South Carolina, announced that a statement which was prepared for presentation Mennessis, and are along the Canal to Mr. Baruch would not be made St. Quentin. South of the Oise the public at present, but that a confer-French have made progress to the ence with Mr. Baruch would be sought.

# STAPLE NOT TO BE TOUCHED BY FEDERAL PRICE-FIXERS

Atlanta, Ga.-There is no occasion for alarm over the agitation to fix cot-50 prisoners is announced in General ton prices, according to a telegram Pershing's communique, received at made public by William J. Harris, the war department. The statement from President Wilson. The message was in reply to one Mr. Harris sent earlier in the day calling the President's attention to the apprehension of many persons over the situation, troops entered the village of Muscourt | and protesting in the interest of the

# BOARDS TO BE ENLARGED

Washington.-As an additional step in speeding up the draft organizations in the effort to induct into military service in October men who register, Provost Marshal General Crowder is planning to enlarge local and district boards wherever necessary.

Announcement was made that General Crowder had telegraphed draft executives in all states asking if an increase would hasten their operation. Boards already have been authorized to use additional registrars.

Employers or dependents of registered men who for patriotic reasons may object to entering a claim for deferred classification on the ground of dependency or occupation, will expedite proceedings and prevent injustice by making the exemption claims

Local boards will find their duties more complicated if registrants entitled to exemption do not claim it or some interested person does not make the claim in their behalf.

### VICTORY WON BY ALLIES IN REGION OF ARCHANGEL.

London.-A British official communication dealing with the operaarrange for the retirement of em- occupied Obozerskaya. Prisoners to ful harvest the administrators agreed slight."

## EIGHTEEN TYPHOID VICTIMS. AMONG INTERNED ALIENS.

Washington.-Eighteen deaths occurred among the 117 cases of typhoid fever which broke out early in August | cieties doing welfare work among the Hot Springs, N. C., the war department announced through the committee on public information. All of the internment camp at Fort Oglethorpe, American people would be asked to entered government service for the

# RAPID RETIREMENT IS ALMOST A ROUT

AMERICANS AND FRENCH ARE DRIVING GERMANS OUT OF STRONGEST POSITIONS.

Enemy Is Being Severely Punished, Among the Attractions Will Be Sales and the End Appears to Be Not Yet in Sight.

The French and Americans are fast driving the Germans out of their po- the North Carolina Live Stock Assositions in southern Picardy and in the ciation it was decided to held the section between the Vesle and Aisne next meeting in Charlotte, December rivers. So rapid has been the prog- 10-13. In coming to Charlotte the ress of the allies—the French in Pic- livestock association feels that the ardy and the Americans and French conferences will be held in a section from Soissons eastward toward where the question of better and more Rheims-that the retirement of the improved blooded stock is receiving enemy has the appearance of the be- proper recognition, and that there will ginning almost of a rout.

the north, from Peronne to Ypres has Different from their usual plan, the been almost as busily engaged with his troops in carrying out successful displays around over the city in such maneuers which are only in slightly places as the lobbies of the principal less degree of rapidity forcing the Germans everywhere to give ground Haig's me again have made the Ger mans taste bitter defeat on numerous sectors and the end of the punish ent livestock men of the state and na-

extending from the old Noyon sector sales of pure bred beef cattle, dairy to Soissons the French have reclaim- cattle, swine, sheep and poultry will ed 30 villages from the Germans; have also be held. The associations comcrossed the Somme canal at several prising the organization which will points and are standing only a short hold this meeting are the North Carodistance from the important junction lina Beef Breeders' and Feeders' Asof Ham with its roads leading to St. | sociation, the State Dairymen's Asso-Quentin and La Fere.

The French and Americans are hard after the Germans between the Vesle Vil-Arcy, they have driven the enemy across the Aisne and are standing or the southern bank of the river. East ward toward Rheims, almost up to the gates of the cathedral city, the Ger man line is falling back northward At the anchor points of the line in the vicinity of Rheims, however, the Ger mans seem to be holding, evidently realizing that a retrograde movement here would necessitate a straightening of their line perhaps as far eastward

The Germans have been violently bombarding the Americans at Frapelle on the eastern end of the battle front in Lorraine, but have attempted no infantry attacks. More than 3,000 shells, many of them gas projectiles, have been sent into the American lines by the enemy.

# FORMER RUSSIAN EMPRESS

REPORTED ASSASSINATED Madrid.-A dispatch was received here from London reporting the assassination of the former Russian empress and her daughters, but in view of the steps taken by King Alfonso to obtain the transfer to Spain of the family of the deposed and murdered Russian monarch the report was treat-

ed with all reserve. El Sol says the Spanish ambassador at Berlin conferred on the question of removing the former empress and herdaughters from Russia with Ambassador Joffre, the bolshevik ambassador at Berlin. At the same time, the newspaper says, a Spanish military medical miss'on which was in Germany in connection with the exchange of prisoners of war, left Germany for Russia and that mission is now with the ex-empress and her daughters.

# WATERPOWER BILL HAS BEEN PASSED BY THE SENATE

Washington. - The administration waterpower leasing bill was passed by the house after leaders had failed in a second attempt to amend it so as to carry out the wishes of President Wilson that a "fair value" instead of the amount of the "net investment" argued that no previous board had the should be paid by the federal or mu- right or authority to contract with the nicipal governments in taking over power plants at the end of the 50-year lease periods.

# NO PRESENT INCREASE TO BE

ALLOWED IN SUGAR RATION Washington.-Retention of the present sugar ration of two pounds a month for each person was announced tions overseas in the nex year.

# THE PRESIDENT DISCOURAGES SEPARATE WELFARE WORK

Washington.—President Wilson has decided that the seven recognized soamong enemy aliens interned near American soldiers at home and over-Chairman Raymond D. Fosdick, of the ed for work in an effort to standardcommission on training camp activi- ize the hospitals of North Carolina ties, announced that the campaign and increase their efficiency to meet hospital at Biltmore, N. C., and all re- would be conducted during the week the demands during the absence of maining prisoners were taken to the beginning November 11 and that the many physicians and nurses who have give \$170,500,000 to the organizations | duration of the war.

# **GREAT STOCK SHOW**

WILL ECONOMIZE BREEDING OF IMPROVED AND BETTER STOCK OF ALL KINDS.

of Cattle, Swine, Sheep and Pure-Bred Poultry.

Charlotte.-At a recent meeting of be considerable interest among the Meanwhile Field Marshal Haig in people in the surrounding sections. association will put on educational banks, the show spaces in some of the

prominent stores, in warehouses, etc. The regular program, comprising lectures by some of the most prominment seems for them not yet in sight | tion will be put on at one of the local In the latest fighting in the region auditoriums. In addition to this, ciation, North Carolina Swine Growers' Association, the North Carolinaº Sheep and Wool Growers' Association, river and the Aisne and for more than | and the North Carolina Poultry Assoeight miles, extending from Conde to ciation. The general secretary of these associations is R. S. Curtis, animal husbandman of the North Carolina experiment station at West Raleigh. Mr. Curtis will be glad to answer any question relative to the

> Camp Site Condemned. Raleigh.—The United States district

attorney filed petition in the district court at Raleigh for the condemnation of a large portion of the artillery camp to be located near Fayetteville, and other proceedings will follow until title to the property, containing 120 ... 000 acres of land, is obtained. It was learned that the filing of such petition for condemnation does not indicate that the land owners are

not co-operating with the government, but in order to get into immediate possession of the property, the condemnation proceeding is necessary and negotiations will continue between the land owners and the government for the purchase of the property and as fast as purchases are made the parties will be released from the proceedings. If prices are not agreed upon commisioners will appraise the property. It seems to be certain that the camp to be established in Cumberland and Hoke counties is to be of great magnitude and that the work will be pushed vig-

No Contract Will Hold. Durham -An offer of the Durham Traction Company "to pay the bond interest on an amount of the city's street improvement bonds equal to the entire cost of paving the space between the rails and six inches on either side along the tracks of the company throughout the city on basis of one single track; said interest to be at the rates paid by the city on said bonds," was rejected by the board

ney Jones Fuller, who had been engaged as city counsel in this matter. Mr. Fuller advised the aldermen to remain fast to their demands that the traction company pave within the tracks and 18 inches on each side. He traction company whereby the company would not be required to pave

of aldermen after advice from Attor-

Are Now 2nd Lieutenants.

its tracks.

Raleigh .- Among the recent appointees as second lieutenants at Camp Taylor, La., are the following North Carolinians: Gordon McG. Cameron, Southern Pines; Burnice R. Cohoon, Columbia, N. C.; Chas, M. Dobbins, Yadkinville; Wiley B. Edwards, mony; William P. Glass, Cabarrus, N. C.; William W. Hopper, Spray; William B. Lewis, Durham; Ray H. Mann, Canton; Roger A. McDuffie, Greensboro: Daniel M. Nutall, Rockingham;

Hospital Association Formed. Charlotte.-Dr. John Q. Myers returned to Charlotte from Greensboro where North Carolina Hospital Association was formed at a conference of about 75 doctors and nurses representing the majority of the hospitals of seas shall conduct a joint campaign. this State. The association was form-