

THE CHATHAM RECORD

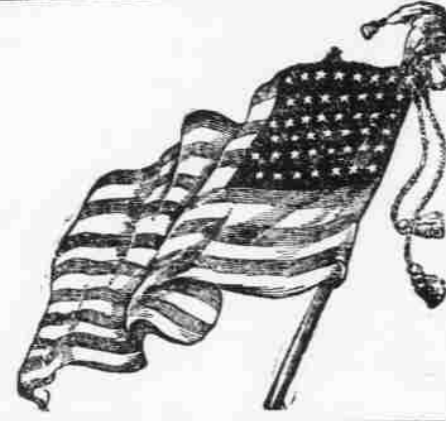
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Democratic in politics.

Entered at the postoffice at Pittsboro as second-class mail matter.

H. A. LONDON, Editor.



I pledge allegiance to MY FLAG and to the Republic for which it stands; one nation indivisible with Liberty and Justice for all.

THURSDAY, MAY 29, 1919

Wine Making Prohibited

UNDER an Act of Congress, approved November 21, 1918, the manufacture of wines for beverage purposes from fruits, berries or food materials of any kind is prohibited after May 1, 1919. All persons are forbidden to produce any wines for beverage purposes after that date or to sell any wines for beverage purposes after June 30, 1919 or after May 1, 1919, to use any wines manufactured after that date for sacramental, medicinal or other than beverage uses, in the manufacture or preparation of beverages, or to sell the same for beverage purposes.

This does not prohibit making wine intended for sacramental, medicinal or other beverage uses, but the vessel containing such wines must bear a label rectangular in form, 4 by 6 inches, printed in letters easily legible, warning all persons that the use or sale of the wine for other than sacramental, medicinal, or non-beverage purposes, will subject them to imprisonment not exceeding one year, or a fine not exceeding \$1,000, or both.

The Internal Revenue Department announces that the provisions of this Act will be strictly enforced. Heretofore persons have been permitted to make wine not in excess of 200 gallons for their own family use. Now, however, no wine may be made for any use except sacramental, medicinal, or non-beverage purposes.

The Act applies, of course, to wines made not only from grapes, but also blackberries and other food products.

All persons (except those already bonded) desiring to use or sell wines for other than beverage purposes will be required first to qualify therefor by filing with the Collector of Internal Revenue an application in duplicate for a permit, and a bond in duplicate to be approved by the Collector.

20,000 Motor Trucks Free

More than \$45,000,000 worth of motor trucks are about to be distributed by the Secretary of Agriculture through the Bureau of Public Roads to the state highway departments. These trucks have been declared surplus by the War Department and are to be distributed to the states under the provisions of section 7 of the Postoffice appropriation bill. The trucks are of heavy road type and are the first allotments of a number which will follow.

These trucks must be used by the states on roads constructed in whole or in part by Federal aid, for which \$200,000,000 in addition to the former appropriation was given to the states under the same bill. All that the states must do to acquire the use of these 20,000 trucks, which range in capacity from two to five tons, is to pay the loading and freight charges.

Of the 20,000 motor vehicles to be acquired practically free by the states, 11,000 are new and 9,000 are used, but all are declared to be in serviceable condition. The motors will be apportioned to states only upon request of the state highway departments on the basis of the requests received from the respective states, and in accordance with the apportionment provided in the Federal aid law approved in 1916. The requirements of the law are such that the Bureau of Public Roads cannot distribute any trucks to counties or individuals.

Alarming Divorce Statistics

THE University News Letter, in a recent issue, published some interesting though amazing divorce statistics. Based on the 1919 Federal Census bulletin on marriage and divorce, it is noted that in 1916 per 100,000 inhabitants the rate for the country-at-large was 112. In Nevada the rate was 607 while in North Carolina it was only 31—the lowest rate of any state in the Union except South Carolina which abolished legal divorces in 1878. The rate for the District of Columbia is only 14. The total number of divorces in the United States in 1916 was 109,000 (nearly 300 a day) as compared with only 42,000 in 1890. One marriage out of every nine is ended by a divorce.

While the marriage rate increased 15 per cent in the past 25 years, the divorce rate increased more than 100 per cent. In 1890 the divorce rate increased more than 100 per cent. In 1890 the divorce rate was only 53, jumping to 112 in 1916, more than double. Nearly 37 per cent of all divorces were granted for desertion, 28 per cent on account of cruelty while infidelity furnished grounds for divorce in only 11 1-2 per cent of these divorces. While the divorce rate in North Carolina is low compared with other states, a very alarming thing is the great increase here in recent years. Our increase in population in 26 years was 50 per cent, the increase in marriages was 65 per cent, but the increase in divorces was 253 per cent.

Standpaters in Control

THE election of Senators Penrose, of Pennsylvania, and Warren, of Wyoming, as chairmen of the Senate Finance and Appropriation Committees respectively places at the head of the two most important committees of that body two mossback standpaters. It simply means that the Republicans, who have a majority in the Senate as well as in the House, are to be again led by reactionaries. If the policies pursued by them which led to their downfall seven years ago are again followed, there is little doubt that they will be repudiated by the people next year. Although such well known Progressives as Senators Johnson and Borah led the fight against the reactionary element in the Republican party, they were outnumbered and were easily outvoted.

AMONG the recommendations contained in the President's address, which was read before both houses of Congress last week, were for early return to private ownership of railroads, telegraph and telephones, repeal of war-time prohibition as applying to beers and wines, for woman suffrage, retaliatory tariffs, protection of the dyestuff industry and labor and employment measures. The President announced his intention to turn back the railroads at the end of the calendar year.

WORD has been received from the bold airman, Hawker and Grieve, who recently attempted an overseas flight in their aeroplane seeking to establish a record and win the \$50,000 prize offered for the first successful attempt to fly across the Atlantic without making a stop. They sought to fly from America to Ireland, a distance of 2150 miles in an estimated time of 21 1-2 hours. Hawker and Grieve were picked up by the little Danish steamer Mary 1100 miles from Newfoundland and 800 miles from the Irish coast. They had been in the water only 90 minutes. The water filter in the feed pipe became blocked, was the cause of their mishap.

THE greatest attention perhaps given a veteran of the world war was that shown in New York last Friday to Sergeant Alvin C. York, Tennessee's mountain hero, pronounced by Marshal Foch as the greatest soldier in the Allied army. At a banquet given in his honor, he was placed between a general and admiral. Next day in Washington he was the center of all eyes, Congressmen and other officials showing him every attention possible. Three war decorations told of his bravery and prowess in making a record of 20 Germans killed, 132 captured and 32 machine guns put out of business, all at a single exploit in the Argonne Forest last October. Well may all honor be paid to an American soldier with such a record.

Just Before the Russian Revolution

By ALAN HINSDALE

(Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)
Before the Russian revolution there was no more luxurious dwelling place for a sovereign than the Winter Palace at St. Petersburg. What its condition is now I don't know, for I have not seen it since it ceased to be the czar's residence.

Not long before the breaking out of the world's war, I was a tourist in the capital of Russia, and had letters to the American ambassador there and to prominent Russians. Through the embassy I received an invitation to a ball at this same Winter Palace. I will not pause to describe the scene of splendor, but will mention one woman, about twenty-five, who was not only very beautiful, but bore on her countenance the stamp of a marked spirit within. "That woman," I said to a friend, "interests me; I would like to be presented to her."

"I have her acquaintance," he said, and will introduce you with pleasure. This he did, but I did not find much comfort in the brief chat I had with her. She seemed to have matters on her mind that prevented her making herself agreeable to an untitled stranger from America.

There is a story connected with her that I will narrate. It was told me by the man who introduced me to her, Paul Katusky. Katusky came from the same place as she. In their social circle was Stephan Serozha, an intimate friend of Paul, whom Paul described to me as a splendid fellow, endowed with great patriotism. There were two girls between whom he divided his attentions. One was Liza Arkadievna, a modest country girl, the other Sonia Mikhailoff, the girl I met at the Winter Palace. The latter spent much time in the capital and was occasionally seen at imperial functions.

Paul told me that Stephan favored Liza, and that Sonia was trying to win him from her. Stephan admitted that Sonia was secretly in favor of the revolutionists, and was endeavoring to enlist the talented Stephan in the cause of the people. But this was confidential. Sonia was supposed to be loyal to the government.

Beyond the fact that Sonia was Liza's rival, Liza distrusted her. She warned Stephan not only against Sonia's influence, but against giving himself up to association with one of the secret circles of revolutionists which were to be found all over Russia. Liza begged Stephan to consider the horrors of Siberia, and the danger he would run by identifying himself with any more disloyal to the government. "Besides," said Liza, "I am told that no one can tell whom to trust; one's most intimate friend may be his betrayer."

One day it was announced that Stephan and Liza were betrothed. Sonia was present at the betrothal ceremony. She seemed not in the least to mind having lost Stephan to Liza and wished them both great happiness. In doing so she kissed Liza. Paul who was present told me that when this salute was given, he judged from the way Liza received it that she considered it a Judas kiss. At any rate she seemed turned to ice.

About a week after this Stephan disappeared. It was not feared by his friends that he had been made away with by the government, for he had not—so he had assured Liza—committed any disloyal act, having promised her that he would not do so. Time passed and nothing was heard of the missing man. At last it was reported by one who knew him that he had been Stephan in shackles on his way to Siberia.

About this time Sonia was placed under arrest by the government, accused of being a member of a revolutionary circle. She had strong friends at court and it was said that they secured her release. At any rate after being held some time her friends expecting every day that she would be sent to Siberia she was let out of prison and restored to favor. It was not long after this that I saw her at the Winter Palace. Paul and I were leaving the palace when she passed out to enter her auto to be driven away to her apartments. I went to Paul's home with him and over a glass of wine and a cigar he told me the story. We little thought that we were so near its climax.

The next day Paul called at my hotel and with a look of horror on his face, told me that when Sonia's chauffeur opened the door of her limousine he found her dead with a dagger in her heart.

I too was appalled but not as much as Paul who had known the victim from childhood.

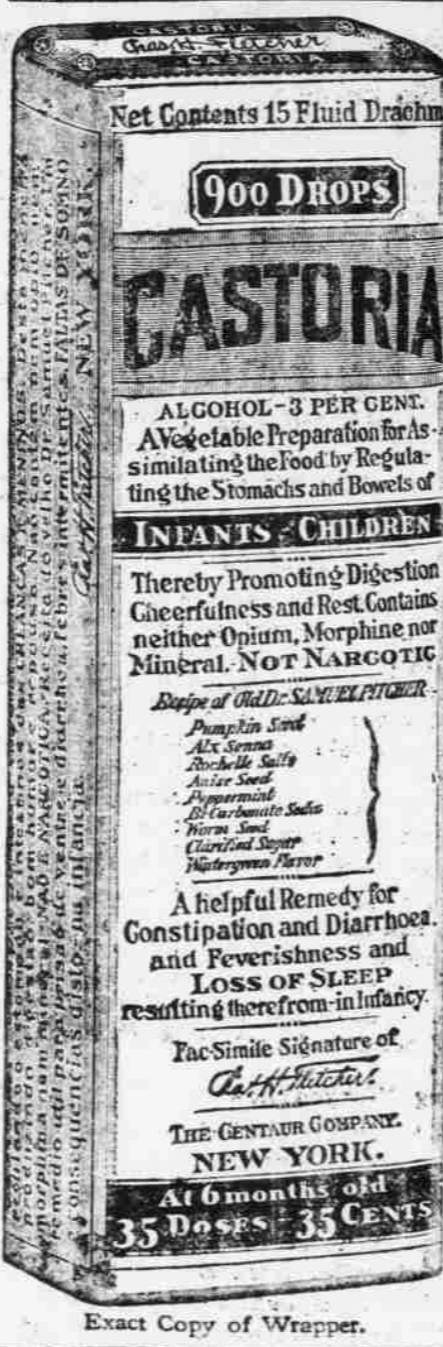
My first thought was that Liza was implicated in the murder, suggested to Paul who frowned it down at once.

I did not receive a solution of the mystery till after the deposition of the czar and the release of the Siberian prisoners. Then I heard it from Paul. Sonia was a government spy. For revenge upon Stephan who had turned from her to Liza, she falsely denounced him as a revolutionist. Her arrest was a blind. A circle of revolutionists to which she belonged, and whose secrets she was giving the government, learning of her treachery appointed one of its number to dispatch her.

Stephan being freed from Siberia rejoined his betrothed.



Chatham church auxiliary has sent in 12 pair stockings, Boniece 14 pair socks. A box of 9 pair stockings that were not marked, have also been received. Corinth auxiliary sent in a box of splendid clothing, three quilts and five new aprons for the Belgian camp. The following letter from B. L. Par-



GASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. Williams

In Use For Over Thirty Years

GASTORIA

Cross-Linehan Comp'y
 RALEIGH'S LEADING CLOTHIERS
 Spring and Summer **CLOTHING**
 Latest Styles, Gents' and Boys' Furnishings

 When You Come to Raleigh Make Our Store Headquarters, Where You Can Get Anything Man or Boy Wears

The Greensboro Daily News, Greensboro N. C.
 A Special Session of Congress is now being held to consider the Peace treaty, the League of Nations, the railroad problem, taxation and many other things vital to America's interests. You will want to be fully informed about this history-making session because the legislation to be considered affects the rights of every person.
 The Greensboro Daily News is well equipped to handle the news, complete and quickly. This newspaper is served not only by the full Associated Press service, but maintain an extra leased wire from Washington to Greensboro.
 Among the special features of the Daily News service are the David Lawrence articles, the Washington service of Theodore Tiller, the London Times Cable service, the Clinton W. Gilbert articles, special Raleigh service, and many Sunday features, including a colored comic section.
 Send \$2.50 now for a six months subscription, Daily and Sunday, and get a new map of Europe free.
Greensboro Daily News, GREENSBORO, N. C.

SAY IT With Flowers
 The reasonable flowers now are: ROSES — ASTERS — LILIES
 Our specialties are WEDDING AND FUNERAL FLOWERS
 LOCAL AGENT, MISS ELLIAN RAY, PITTSBORO.
J. L. O'Quinn & Co. FLORIST, RALEIGH, N. C. PHONE 149

NOTICE TO CREDITORS. Having qualified as executor of the estate of the late Wiley Austin, this is to notify all persons holding claims against his estate, to present the same to the undersigned on or before the 22d day of May, 1919, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will make immediate settlement of the same.
 G. W. RIVES, Executor.
 May 22, 1919—pd—Siler City, R. S.



The New American Figure

Young fellows and older fellows today are paying more attention to themselves. They have realized the tremendous importance of sound bodies and being a well dressed man. It is absolutely necessary if you want to succeed as well as enjoy life. It is the hour and the time for Boone's De Luxe Suits right from the master tailors of "The House of Kuppenheimer" and others that make these good clothes. They are styled and styled and made to perfection and priced to make friends.

"COME AND SEE" is all we ask.
 MEN'S SUITS, \$15 to \$60
 BOYS' SUITS, \$5 to \$15
 SHOES, \$5 to \$15
 MEN'S SHIRTS, \$1 to \$10
 SHIRTS, \$1 to \$10
 UNIFORMS, \$15 to \$22
 B. V. D. UNDERWEAR at 50c
C. R. Boone
 "Good Quality Spells What BOONE Sells."
 De Luxe Clothier, Raleigh, N. C.

Land Sale
 By virtue of an order of the superior court of Chatham county, N. C., rendered in the case of E. E. Walden vs. Notie Brady et al., I will, at the courthouse door in Pittsboro, N. C., on Saturday, May 31, 1919, sell to the highest bidder for cash, that certain tract or parcel of land lying and being in Chatham county, N. C., in Haw River township, near the town of Haywood, and more fully described as follows:
 Beginning at a stone on the railroad boundary in the Lasseter road, running north with said road 7 chains, 86 link to a stake in the branch; thence down the courses of said branch to a stake in the Pittsboro road; then with said road to the boundary of the railroad, then as to the beginning, containing by estimation, three acres.
 R. H. HAYES, Com'r.
 May 2, 1919.

Resale of Land
 By virtue of an order of the superior court, rendered in the case of A. J. Riggsbee, administrator of F. M. Riggsbee, vs. L. F. Riggsbee et al., I will, at the premises hereinafter described, on Saturday, May 31, 1919, sell to the highest bidder, a tract of land in Williams township, Chatham county, N. C., bounded on the north by the lands of Bunn Blackwood and Jim Sparrow; on the east by the lands of D. McCauley estate; on the south by the lands of A. Riggsbee; on the west by the lands of Jim Sparrow, containing 142 acres, more or less, and being the lands of the late F. M. Riggsbee.
 Terms of sale: One half cash, remainder in six months, deferred payment to bear interest at six per cent per annum from confirmation of sale; title reserved until purchase money is paid.
 R. H. HAYES, Com'r.
 May 2, 1919.

Summons by Publication
 North Carolina, Chatham County—In the Superior Court, August term, 1919.
 Frank Hanks vs. Mamie Ray Hanks.
 To Mamie Ray Hanks—Greeting: You will take notice that an action as above entitled has been instituted in the Superior Court of Chatham county by Frank Hanks as plaintiff against you, Mamie Ray Hanks, as defendant, for divorce a vinculo matrimonii; that the same is returnable at the courthouse in Pittsboro, Chatham county, N. C., on the 4th Monday before the first Monday of September, 1919, at which time and place you will appear and answer or demur to the complaint, which has been filed in said cause, or the plaintiff will move for the relief prayed for in said complaint.
 Witness my hand, this 5th day of May, 1919. JAS. L. GRIFFIN, Clerk of the Superior Court of Chatham County.

Notice to Creditors.
 Having qualified as administrator of the estate of J. S. Riggsbee, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment to me. All persons holding claims against said estate, are notified to file them with the undersigned for payment on or before the 26th day of April, 1920, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery.
 This May 5, 1919.
 F. A. WARD, Admr.
 J. S. Riggsbee, deceased.

Hudson-Belk Co.'s BIG, BUSY CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Has Some Big Old-Time Bargains for you. Visit Our Department and Let Us Show You That we can save you money in the Men's and Boys' Department.
 Young Men's Smart, Clean-cut, Waist Seamed Suits, a Big Line to Select from. Priced
 \$22.50 \$25.00 \$27.50 \$29.50
 Men and Young Men's Fine Hand-tailored Suits, made in Style and Quality that make Old Men ask how do you boys sell them for
 \$17.00 \$19.75 \$22.50 \$25.00 \$27.50 \$29.00
 A. B. Kirshbaum Brand Clothing, for style & pep, priced
 \$25.00 \$29.50 \$33.50 \$33.50 \$39.50
 Men's All-round Suits for all kinds of wear, priced
 \$9.95 \$12.50 \$14.95
 Men's Keep Cool Suits, all colors and styles, priced
 \$8.95 \$9.95 \$12.45 up
 Men's Palm Beach Suits, all colors. You ever see a Palm Beach Suit priced
 \$6.95 \$7.45 \$9.95 \$12.50 \$14.95
 Boys' Sunday Suits, priced
 \$8.50 \$9.95 \$12.50 \$13.85 \$14.95
 Boys' All-round Suits, priced \$3.98, \$4.98, \$5.95, \$6.50 and \$7.75.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS
 Men's Fine Sunday Shirts, priced 95c, \$1.25, \$1.98, \$2.50 up.
 Men's Summer Underwear, priced 25c to \$4.75.
 Men's Union Suits, priced 59c, 95c, \$1.25, \$1.48, \$1.98.
 Men's Undershirts and Drawers, priced 25c each.
 Men's Undershirts and Drawers, priced 49c each.
 Men's Lion Brand Collars, priced 15c each.
 Young Men's Fancy Collars, 59c.
 Men's Socks, 5c, 10c, 15c, 25c, 35c.
 Men's Silk Socks, priced 48c, 59c, 65c, 75c.
 MEN'S STRAW HATS, all kinds, shapes and sizes. Men, call for it and we will have it. Priced from 98c to \$7.50.
OVERALLS AND WORK SHIRTS—Men's Carhartt's Brand Overall, best in the world, priced \$1.98.
 Men's Everett Brand Overall, priced \$2.19.
 Men's Blue and Brown Overall, \$1.35 and \$1.98.
 Work Shirts, all kinds, colors and sizes, from 14 1-2 to 19 1-2, priced 89c, 98c, \$1.25 and \$1.48.
 BOYS' OVERALLS, priced 50c, 98c, \$1.25.
 Junior size Overall, priced 98c, \$1.25 to \$1.68.
 Boys' Shirt and Blouse, priced 39c, 49c, 75c and 98c.
 Let Us Clothe You For Less For Cash at
Hudson-Belk Co's Clothing Department, Raleigh, N. C.

W E will from now on give cotton Tuesdays and Fridays each week.
CHATHAM OIL AND FERTILIZER COMPANY, PITTSBORO, N. C.

DON'T KEEP YOUR VALUABLE PAPERS, LIBERTY BONDS AND WAR SAVINGS STAMPS in your house. RENT A SAFETY DEPOSIT BOX, SITUATED IN OUR STEELINED FIRE and BURGLAR PROOF VAULT. ONLY \$2 A YEAR.

Bank of Pittsboro

Notice is hereby given of the seizure of the following property for violation of the Internal Revenue laws of the United States: Six miles east of Goldsboro, Wayne county, N. C., April 18, 1919, one five passenger Ford automobile engaged in transporting illicit spirits from George Batson. Persons claiming the foregoing property will file their claims within thirty days as required by law, or the same will be forfeited to the use of the United States. J. W. Bailey, Collector, Raleigh, N. C., May 15th, 1919.
 Notice is hereby given of the seizure of the following property for violation of the Internal Revenue laws of the United States: At a point six miles southwest of Raleigh, Wake county, N. C., May 15, 1919, one roan colored mule about six years old and buggy and six gallons of untaxed spirits, transporting same in violation of section 3450 R. S., from John McNeill. Persons claiming the foregoing property will file their claims within thirty days as required by law, or the same will be forfeited to the use of the United States. J. W. Bailey, Collector, Raleigh, N. C., May 22, 1919.
 Notice is hereby given of the seizure of the following property for violation of the Internal Revenue Laws of the United States: At one mile west of Castalia, Nash county, N. C., May 8, 1919, one black mare mule, one top buggy, one set harness, seized from Scott Leonard for transporting untaxed spirits. Persons claiming the foregoing property will file their claims within 30 days as required by law, or the same will be forfeited to the use of the United States. J. W. Bailey, Collector, Raleigh, N. C., May 22, 1919.