

THE WEEKLY RALEIGH REGISTER, AND NORTH CAROLINA GAZETTE.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY BY
ESTON R. GALE,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

"OUR'S ARE THE PLANS OF FAIR DELIGHTFUL PEACE, UNWARD BY PARTY RAGE, TO LIVE LIKE BROTHERS."

FRIDAY, MARCH 29, 1844.

VOLUME XLV
NUMBER 27.

The Register.

Published Weekly, at Three Dollars per Annum.

RALEIGH, N. C.

Tuesday, March 26, 1844.

ANOTHER PATRIARCH GONE!

It is with unaffected sorrow, that we have to announce the sudden death of our venerable old Gen. Edmund Jones, of Wilkes County, this State—than whom a nobler spirit never shined. He was found dead in his bed, on Sunday morning the 17th inst. having retired the night before, in usual health! Gen. Jones was his 73d year, and during his long life was ever distinguished for energy and decision of character, and an ardent devotion to liberty and popular rights. He has repeatedly served the public in various capacities, and his faithfulness and integrity, in every trust committed to him, are too well known to dwell on here. His manners were remarkably dignified, though unassuming, and though life he enjoyed that confidence and esteem, to which he was entitled by his many virtues and excellent qualities.

WHIG ALMANAC.

This is a most useful and convenient publication, and every Whig should have one. It contains not only the calendar and astronomical facts for the coming year, but a great variety of exceedingly useful statistics and other matter, interestingly relating to this period, and especially to all who feel a lively concern in political affairs, the public policy, and the momentous political contest, by which the year 1844 is destined to be distinguished.

Among the principal contents of this Almanac are the lists of the holders of the chief Offices in the several branches of the National Government, the pay and their political connections—a history of our Tariff legislation, with the present tariff and former ones, and some instructive comparisons between them—extracts from the celebrated and very able and valuable Report of Mr. McDouglass on the National Bank, made by him as Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, in the House of Representatives, in 1837—extracts from a most valuable and able Speech of Mr. Clay on the Public Lands, giving comprehensive views of that important subject—election returns fuller and more complete than have been before collected in one publication—interesting anecdotes of Politics and Politicians, never before published—the number of Electors in each State, as shown by the census of 1840—and various statistical tables of population, State debts, Governors and Judges of the several States, &c.

CLAY CLUBS.

A Club was formed in Richmond County on the 6th inst. Col. J. W. Covington, President; C. C. Covington and J. C. Knight, Vice-Presidents; S. M. Ingram, Secretary; M. L. Douglas, Treasurer. We like much the tone of the following Resolutions, adopted at the first meeting:

Resolved, That each member of this Club take up himself the character of special agent in the great cause, and that each member take a pride in marching in the Whig ranks on to victory. Resolved, That Richmond has been right in its course, and we believe she will continue to be so.—We challenge any County in the State for the largest Whig majority next August proportioned to our number of votes.

A Club has also been formed in Chatham County, of which Robert Woody was chosen President; Solomon Stuart and Eli Pogonman, Vice-presidents; G. W. Daffron, Recording Secretary and Riley Way, Corresponding Secretary.

The following gentlemen have been appointed by the Wilmington Clay Club to proceed to Charleston, and accompany Mr. CLAY thence to Wilmington, viz: Gen. James Owen, Gen. C. R. Lee, Dr. Thos. H. Wright, Gen. Alex. McRae, Wm. W. Potter, F. C. Hill, Asa A. Brown, Wm. Wright, A. J. DeRosset, Jr., George Davis.

At a Whig meeting held in Cleveland County on the 11th inst. Resolutions were unanimously adopted, approving the nomination of WILLIAM A. GRAHAM, for Governor, and HENRY CLAY, for President.

Mr. CALHOUN has accepted the appointment of Secretary of State, conferred upon him by Mr. TYLER.

PITTSBURG ELECTION—ALL RIGHT. The election in the Pittsburg district of Pennsylvania, to fill the vacancy in the House of Representatives created by the resignation of the Hon. Mr. Wilkins, took place on Friday last, and resulted in the triumphant election of C. DARBY, Esq., the regular nominated Whig candidate, by a large majority over all the other candidates. His opponents were E. D. GAZMAN, Esq., and N. B. CRAIG, (Liberty party).

This is the fourth vacancy in the House of Representatives that has been filled since the commencement of the present session, and what extremely gratifying, they have all been filled by good and true Whigs.

MR. CLAY'S LIFE AND SPEECHES.

MALLOY'S SPLENDID EDITION, 2 ROYAL OCTAVO VOLS., more than 1250 pages, by DANIEL MALLOY, 4th Edition, New York, Van Amringe & Bly.

It is rarely we have seen two more magnificent volumes than these now under brief review. From what we have repeatedly seen in the Northern papers, we anticipated something handsome, but they transcend all our previous conceptions of their beauty. The embellishments are admirably executed on steel, viz: a spirited likeness by HALPIN, from FENDERICK'S lithograph—a view of the house where he was born in Hanover County, Va.—the Monument on the Cumberland road, near Wheeling, Va.—and Ashland, his beautiful seat, near Lexington, Ky. The work is chronologically arranged from the day of his birth to the Farewell Speech, and closing scene, in the U. S. Senate. There is, also, a copious Index to the who's. There is no man living, whose name is mingled with, and taken so active a part in, the history of the Country for nearly forty years, as Mr. CLAY. His name during all that long period, is associated and identified with almost every prominent act of the Government: The biography occupies about two hundred pages, well and spiritedly written—abounding in anecdotes and scenes of thrilling interest. The Speeches, between eighty and ninety in number, are all prepared with short historical introductions, calculated to impart the object of their delivery, and in most cases, gives the result of the pending question. The whole work, in all and every respect, is worthy of the man it commemorates; and we cordially commend it to all, as eminently entitled to their consideration and support.

The following thirty-nine Speeches with 43 others, many of them among the most important ever delivered by Mr. CLAY, are in Malloy's Edition, and are not to be found in any other collection. They are omitted in all the cheap editions now so extensively circulated. It is due to the Editor, and Mr. Clay's numerous friends, who are desirous of possessing copies of all his Speeches, that this important fact should be stated:

On the direct tax and results of the war,	Jan. 1810
On the bill enforcing neutrality,	Jan. 1817
On commercial restrictions,	Jan. 1817
On Internal Improvements,	Feb. 1817
On the war between Spain and Colombia,	Dec. 1817
On Internal Improvements,	May 1818
On South American affairs,	Feb. 1819
On protection of Home Industry,	April 1820
On the mission to South America,	May 1820
Reply to Mr. Randolph,	Dec. 1824
Address to La Fayette,	Aug. 1826
At Cincinnati, Ohio,	Aug. 1829
War, Pestilence and Famine, at Baltimore,	1828
At Lexington Kentucky,	May, 1839
At Natchez, Miss., on the Tariff,	March 1830
On Nullification, &c. at Cincinnati,	Aug. 1830
In the Senate, on reduction of the Tariff,	Jan. 1832
On the nomination of Mr. Van Buren as Minister to England,	Jan. 1832
On the north east boundary,	July 1832
In support of the compromise Tariff,	Mar. 1833
On President Jackson's return of the Land Bill,	Dec. 1833
On the state of the country,	May 1834
On our relations with France,	Jan. 1836
On the admission of Arkansas,	April 1836
On the fortification bill,	June 1836
On the recognition of Texas,	July 1836
On the Preemption Bill,	Jan. 1838
On the Doctrine of Instructions,	Jan. 1839
Speech at Buffalo, N. Y.,	July, 1839
In Senate on Sub-Presury Bill,	Jan. 1840
On Mr. Calhoun's Land Bill,	Jan. 1840
At the Young Men's Convention at Baltimore,	May 1840
At the Nashville Convention,	Aug. 1840
In Senate, On the repeal of Sub-Treasury Law,	Dec. 1840
" In defence of Mr. Webster,	March 1841
" On a General Bankrupt Law,	Jan. 1842
On the proposed amendment of the Constitution as to the veto power,	Jan. 1842
" On the Compromise Tariff,	Feb. 1842

THE DEAF AND DUMB—Our citizens had the pleasure, on Monday night last, of hearing a lecture on the mode of instructing the deaf and dumb, delivered by Mr. William Cook, formerly a teacher in the Deaf and Dumb Institute of Virginia. It was very interesting, and was well calculated to excite an interest in behalf of that unfortunate class of our fellow beings, who have been deprived of those faculties which bring so much of the comfort and happiness enjoyed in life. The interest of the lecture was greatly enhanced by the presence of a youth, who had been a pupil in the Staunton Institute, with whom he conversed by signs, and who gave undoubted evidence of the great facility with which notes can be instructed.

Mr. Cook intends visiting different parts of North Carolina, with the hope of being able to excite sufficient interest on the subject, to enable him to establish a school in this State for the instruction of our deaf and dumb. We wish him much success; and we feel confident that his appeals to the philanthropy and Christian feeling of our people will not be disregarded.

[We unite with our friend of the "Hillsboro' Recorder," in all that he says on this subject. No one can witness the interesting exhibition referred to, without having the best feelings of his nature excited, and his sympathy strongly enlisted on behalf of the afflicted beings, who are the subjects of the present appeal.]

WILL BE IMPEACHED.

Judge ELLIOTT, the Democratic gentleman who granted the vast number of illegal certificates of naturalization, in N. Orleans, will be impeached, and probably with success. The Committee's report was sustained, 36 to 9.

Destroy their fit and sophistry in vain!

They quick resume their dirty work again! The Loco Focos have begun, in good earnest, the game so boldly played by them in 1840, and we are glad to see it, for it betokens the rottenness of their cause. Abuse is the main weapon they rely upon; and hence, the private character of Mr. Clay is to be assailed by the affiliated Press, in the same way as the good HARRISON was traduced in 1840. "A Loq Cabdy" for a dwelling, and "Hard Cider" for drink, were thought monstrous for a Presidential Candidate by the Loco Focos then, and sneers, abuse and contumely were heaped upon the people's Candidate. Not contented with this, the war-worn veteran was branded as "A Granny" who wore Petticoats; an imbecile in Council, and "A Coward" on the field of Tippecanoe. Nor did this vituperation end with his triumphant election, for then it was charged that the people themselves were bought with "British Gold."

And now, HENRY CLAY, whose spotless and patriotic public character is the theme of songs, whose name is lispied by almost untold infants—he is to be assailed in the same manner, and by the same party. All we have to say is—

"Lay on MacDuff," but remember the Ideas of November!

HENRY K. NASH, ESQ.

It is with deep regret we perceive by the subjoined Card, published in the "Hillsboro' Recorder," that the State is about to lose from her legislative halls, the services (temporarily we hope only) of the talented young Statesman, whose name heads this paragraph:

TO THE WHIGS OF ORANGE.

The time is approaching when you will be called upon to select some suitable person to represent you in the next General Assembly; and as my name has been spoken of by numerous friends as a suitable one to be placed on the Whig ticket, you will excuse my taking this occasion, and this mode of announcing to the people of the county, that I cannot be a candidate in the ensuing summer. I have been forced to this conclusion by reasons of a strictly private nature, which I may be excused from stating here. It may be, that at some future day, the reasons which have constrained me to pursue this course may have ceased to operate, when it will give me pleasure to testify to my fellow-citizens my gratitude for past favours received at their hands, in any position which they may be pleased to assign me. It may not be improper for me here to remark, that though not a candidate, I do not expect to be an inactive spectator of the coming contest; but that the claims of the great Statesman of the West, of Wm. A. Graham, Orange County's favorite son, and the principles of the Whig party, will always find in me a zealous advocate.

Respectfully, your fellow citizen,
HENRY K. NASH.

Hillsborough, March 19.

BANK FAILURE.

THE PHOENIX BANK at Columbus stopped payment on the 11th. The extent of its circulation is not given, nor the cause of the failure. Cotton speculations are probably at the bottom of the affair. The Banks and Agencies in Columbus are said to be holders of time checks of the concern, for about \$200,000.

It is stated by the Washington Correspondent of the "New York Courier," that "the majority of the Senate have adopted this as their principle of action in relation to nominations; that, wherever a good and competent person has been removed by the Executive, with the view of supplying his place with a personal adherent, however competent, as *particeps criminis*, and will be invariably rejected."

MR. CLAY IN GEORGIA.

The distinguished Western Statesman arrived at Columbus, Georgia, on the 11th inst., and was received with the liveliest enthusiasm. The Columbus Enquirer says that the number of persons that poured into the city on the 9th and 10th, seemed to threaten an overflow of that young and thriving city. That paper adds—

At eleven o'clock, the multitude, according to the programme, formed a procession, and, under the direction of Col. A. K. Ayer and his assistants, marched to the bridge, to meet and welcome the honored guest. At twelve he came, when one loud welcome rent the air.—Six beautiful creans, addressed to and signed by the citizens, were presented to the Clay Club rooms, where the crowd was already assembled.—Passing through the room crowded with the fair, Mr. Clay took a station on a platform in front, where he was introduced to the distinguished men and public officers present. Col. Hines Holt then rose, and in an eloquent and chaste address, introduced the former "million of the slaves" to the thousands around him and bade him thrice welcome to the sunny soil of Georgia. The reply of the great Orator of the Union, was worthy of the man that made it.

In the afternoon Mr. Clay received his friends and was formally introduced to such as desired it. On Tuesday, a Barbecue was given in his honor. Mr. Clay was expected to arrive in Augusta yesterday.

THE RIGHT WHIG SPIRIT—At the recent organization of the Clay Club, in Vernon, Connecticut, every Whig voter, in the town was present. In 1840, the town gave 201 majority for Harrison.

FILIAL LOVE—It is mentioned by Miss Pardo, that a beautiful feature in the character of the Turks, is reverence for their mothers. Their wives may advise or reprimand unheeded, but their mother is an oracle, consulted, confided in, listened to with respect or deference honored to the latest hour, and remembered with affection and regard even beyond the grave.

CLAY UPON CLAY—The English manufacturers of China ware are sending us their dinner services stamped with the bust of HENRY CLAY. Mr. Charles G. Williams, a good Whig, is the first to exhibit this new and handsome pattern in our Borough. We would hint to John Ball, that he might please the ladies of this country by touching up the few things in the same style. They all admire Henry Clay.—*Norfolk Herald.*

A new Post Office, called Strickland's, has been established in Duplin County, and Wm. A. Goyer is appointed Postmaster.

At the late term of our Superior Court, Judge Dix presiding, an unusual number of capital cases were on the docket for trial. The State docket was taken up on Wednesday morning, and occupied the Court until late on Saturday evening, without being able to dispose of more than one-half of the business.

Green, a slave, the property of Mr. Hugh Wilson, of this county, indicted for Arson, was convicted, and sentenced to be hung on Friday, the 26th of April next.

Dick, a slave, the property of Mr. Samuel McBroom, of this county, indicted for Burglary, and for an assault on a white female, with an intent to commit a rape, was convicted, and also sentenced to be hung on Friday, the 30th of April next.

Bradshaw Fuller, of Person county, indicted for passing counterfeit notes of the Farmer's Bank of Virginia, was tried, and acquitted in consequence of some technical defect in the evidence. There is, however, no doubt as to his guilt; and though he has escaped the lash of the law in the present instance, it may not be long before full justice shall be meted out to him.

In this connection we must remark, that scarcely a court passes without some case occurring that calls loudly for the establishment of a Penitentiary. Our present mode of punishment for some offenses is quite too sanguinary, and too little in conformity with the feelings of society. It was remarked in our last Legislature, by a promising young member of that body, that "North Carolina had the bloodiest code of laws of any State in the Union;" and we believe the facts sustain the assertion. The two negroes who have been sentenced to be hung on the 26th of April next, are young servicable-looking boys, and imprisonment for life in a Penitentiary, would be an adequate punishment for their crimes; while at the same time they would be spared the evils of a public execution—humanity would be consulted,—and these wretched criminals would have time to reflect upon the consequences of their vices, and to prepare for a future state of existence. We hope that this subject will receive the attention of our next Legislature, and that this reproach will be taken away.

BEAUTIFUL SMILE—When the cloud of disunion rolled up heavy from the South it clad our political skies in sack-cloth. It hung about us silent, dark, and terrible! And when the sleeping thunderbolt appeared ready at every moment to leap from its stormy home, and explode upon the very hearth-stone of the Union—when our great men in authority stood impotent as infants, to avert the awful catastrophe, the immortal CLAY, with an arm more powerful than Franklin, dispersed the cloud of its wrath, till its darkness dissolved in purple and gold, and the rainbow came out, and sat, like an angel of peace, on its glittering folds.—*Prentice.*

The following persons have been placed on the Tennessee Whig Electoral Ticket, viz: John Bell, of Davidson; G. A. Henry, of Montgomery; J. A. R. Nelson, of Washington; Robert H. Hynde, of Jefferson; John H. Crozier, of Knox; Thomas L. Brantford, of Jackson; Daniel L. Bringer, of Bedford; Neil S. Brown, of Giles; Robt. L. Caruthers, of Wilson; Thos. R. Jennings, of Davidson; John D. Tyler, of Montgomery; Robertson Topp, of Shelby; Wm. T. Haskell, of Madison.

EDITOR'S CORRESPONDENCE.

COLUMBUS, (GA.) MARCH 14, 1844. After spending from 12 o'clock on Monday till this morning in Columbus, Mr. CLAY left us to prosecute his long-intended journey to Raleigh, where, by appointment, he is to be on the 12th of April. He has some business to transact in Savannah, as I understand, and will visit Milledgeville, Macon, and Augusta before he leaves our State. His reception, hitherto, at Mobile and in all the towns and populous neighborhoods on his way thence to the frontier of Georgia, has been one of civility and respect. In Mobile, in Montgomery, and in Muscogee, all parties combined to do him honor. Selma and Montgomery he entered in the rain. But rain and sunshine were the same to his enthusiastic fellow-citizens, to whom he truly said at the latter place that they were not fair-weather friends. In Muscogee, a place scarcely known beyond the limits of Alabama, more than fifteen hundred persons greeted him more hours under a threatening sky to greet him in Mobile. In spite of all his precautions to avoid party topics, it has been impossible not to read in the countenance of his political opponents, and to hear in their social converse, that they entertain no hope of Mr. Van Buren's election, and are preparing to submit to their approaching defeat with good humor.

It is now confidently predicted by many of the Whigs of Alabama that that State will vote for Mr. CLAY. South-Alabama is known to be so inclined; and nothing more is necessary than by mass meetings in North-Alabama, to enlighten those who have been hoodwinked by puerile presses, in order to conform their opinions to those of their southern neighbors.

Of the constancy of Georgia to the sentiments she has lately manifested, no well-informed man doubts. Had distrust existed prior to Monday last the events of that day would have banished it. From the tops of the highest buildings—from windows, doors, and piazzas, crowded with female spectators—from the spacious streets of Columbus, thronged, literally closed up by an enthusiastic multitude, gathered from every part of the widespread territory of Georgia, shouts of applause rent the air as Mr. CLAY replied with intense emotion to the address of Mr. Holt.

In contemplating the bright prospect stretching beyond the gloomy desert we have now nearly crossed, you will, as I do, find consolation for past affliction and gather hope for the future.

Nat. Int.

Mr. CLAY'S VISIT TO RALEIGH.

From every direction around us, we hear that great preparations are in progress for going to Raleigh on the 12th of April.

The people are determined to see and shake hands with the individual whom they intend to elect President in November next. They will pour into Raleigh by wagon loads, and in every other conceivable way, on that interesting occasion.—*DeWelle Reporter.*

Speaking without thinking is shooting without taking aim.

HARD RUN—"Those who trade on borrowed capital ought to break," was a favorite maxim of Gen. JACKSON. We notice that the "Democratic Party" opened the campaign in many places on the 15th inst. by celebrating the birth-day of General JACKSON. Of course the whole proceedings are expected to enure to Mr. VAN BUREN's benefit. In what a pitiable position does such a performance place that gentleman? The most diligent, searching scrutiny of Mr. VAN BUREN's whole career cannot bring to light a single event worthy of commemoration; his warmest supporters do not mention his name in a popular meeting; and, as a last desperate effort to prop his falling fortunes, the Democrats are invited to rally in the name of ANDREW JACKSON.

Buffalo Com. Adv.

CLAY CAKE—The following recipe for making "Clay Cakes" is given in the Hartford Courant.—

Recipe for making Clay Cakes—Half pound butter beat very light, one pound sugar, six eggs, one pound flour, half pint of cream, half a nutmeg, one lemon.



DREADEFUL EXPLOSION AND LOSS OF LIVES.

It is our melancholy duty to record another of those dreadful calamities against which no human foresight can guard.

On Friday morning, a Locomotive, with a Train of thirty-two burthen Cars, left the Depot of Petersburg and Roanoke Road, at about 10 o'clock. After passing the first curve on the road, it was discovered that one of the Cars had got off the track, and the Engine was of course immediately stopped; the Engineer getting down to see what was the nature of the difficulty. As soon as the Car had been again placed on the track, the Engineer returned to his post and put the Engine in motion. No sooner had he done so, than the Boiler burst—tearing the Engine to atoms, and the Engineer literally into pieces; at the same time killing a Negro man, who was a freeman, and injuring another. The body of the Engineer was blown into three pieces,—the head having been carried 50 or 60 yards on one side of the road, that portion of his body between the head and the waist carried a similar distance on the other side, and the part from the hip down falling some 40 yards from the Engine on the right-hand side of the road. The entrails were scattered about in various directions, and pieces of skull-bone found at different places, at a great distance from the scene of the disaster. The Negro freeman who was killed was blown a distance of thirty or forty yards from the Engine, and died in a few moments after the explosion. The other Negro freeman was badly scalded, and severely cut about the left knee.

The Engineer was a very worthy man, by the name of SMITH. He had been in the employment of the Company from the time the Road went into operation, and was the most trust-worthy and trusted Engineer in their service. He was cautious and prudent to a proverb,—never driving an Engine beyond a speed which the greatest prudence justified, and never running the slightest risk of injuring life or property.

Petersburg Intelligencer.

NOTICE.

In Fayetteville, Mr. John W. Emmet, of Salisbury, to Miss Elizabeth W. Colles.

On Tuesday evening, Mr. William Smith to Miss Rebecca Stuart, of Camberland county.

In Bladen county, David Melvin, Esq., to Miss Anne Jane Davis.

In Anson county, Mr. John Pratt to Miss Mary Ann Robeson.

In Robeson county, Mr. Ervin Charlie, to Miss Ann Bethune. Also, Mr. Duncan Johnson to Miss Mary McPhatter.

501 Packages.

STAPLE STOCK, 1844.

Boots and Shoes,
Trunks and Saddlery,
Wrapping Foot-cup and Letter Paper.

THE Subscriber most respectfully informs Correspondents, and the public generally, that he is now receiving his Spring supply, which is very extensive, was carefully selected by himself, and brought principally for Cash, thereby enabling him to offer such inducements to Merchants, and all persons wanting Goods in his line, as cannot fail to give entire satisfaction.

DAVID R. NEWSOM.
Petersburg, Va., March 20, 1844. 25-6w

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

JUNES COUNTY, Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, February Term, 1844.
Daniel & Roundtree, vs.
Brewell Thomas.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant, Brewell Thomas, resides beyond the limits of this State: It is therefore ordered, that publication be made in the Raleigh Register, two weeks successively, for the defendant to appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, at the Court House in Enfield, on the 4th Monday in May next, then and there to show cause, if any he has, why the Lands of the defendant may not be subject to the Plaintiff's demands.

Witness, Thos. Bagley, Clerk of said Court at Office, the 20th March, 1844.
THOS. BAGLEY, C. C. C.
Pr. Adv. \$3. 25

A GOOD SUPPLY of Flour for sale.

WILL PECK.
March 26. 25-3t

CHINA STORE.

STEBBINS & PULLEN,
Importers,
8ycamore STREET,
Nearly opposite Powell's Hotel,
PETERSBURG, VA.
HAVE received by BANKER G. W. WILKINSON and other late arrivals, direct from LIVERPOOL, SEVENTY PACKAGES
Earthenware and China,
which with our Stock on hand, renders our assortment one of the most complete ever offered in Virginia. We are constantly receiving from the manufacturers, GLASS WARE of every variety.
Also, a full supply of STONE WARE, of very superior quality.
Country Merchants, and others, are respectfully invited to an examination of our STOCK, and we assure them as good an assortment, and as great bargains, as any other house in Virginia.
JOSEPH STEBBINS,
BENE. K. PULLEN.
Petersburg, March 22, 1844. 25-3m

BOUQUETS.

We have received a supply of fashionable Spring styles of Bouquets, Ribbons, Flowers, and other Millinery articles, which we offer to dealers at the lowest Northern prices for Cash or Town acceptances.
Those giving us a call will find a good assortment to select from throughout the season, as we shall keep our assortment complete by weekly additions. Our Bouquets are mostly of our manufacture, and will bear a comparison with any other manufacture in the United States for style, in shape or finish, and will be offered to dealers by the case or dozen at prices which cannot fail to suit.
Our stock comprises every variety of Florence, Fancy, Straw Braid and Willow Bouquets.
Bands Boxes, dress Whitebone, Bonnet Wire, Edgings, &c. always on hand.
The retail trade will find a well selected assortment of fashionable Goods, in our Millinery Room.
CARPENTER, ANDERSON & CO.,
8ycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.
March 21. 25-3v

RICHARDSON & CO.

WHOLE-SALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 83, Main Street,
(Nearly opposite Webb, Bacon & Co.)
RICHMOND, VA.

WE are now receiving our Spring supply, and

are prepared to show Country Merchants a fine stock of
English, French, German and American Dry Goods.
Consisting of articles usually in a Wholesale house, the greater part of them entirely new and very handsome, which we will sell on reasonable terms, making a liberal discount for Cash.
Amongst the assortment may be found in great variety—

- Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings,
 - Alpacas, Prints and Ginghams,
 - Linens, Lewas, Hollands,
 - Tickenbergs, Burlaps and Paddings,
 - Hankerchiefs, Buttons,
 - Thread and Cotton,
 - Pantalon stuffs of every description,
 - &c.
- RICHARDSON & CO.
March 22. 25-3m

PETERSBURG, MARCH 16, 1844.

BRAGG, THOMAS & CO.

HAVE received an entire new stock of Drugs, Medicines, Patent Oils, Dye Stuffs, Perfumery, Glass Ware, Brushes and every article connected with the Drug business. They enumerate some of the articles comprising their stock, to which they would respectfully call the attention of merchants, physicians and others. They only ask an examination of their stock and prices, feeling confident that terms can be made satisfactory.

- Epsom Salts
- Sulphur
- Sal Aeratus
- Pearl Ash
- Copperas
- Blue Stone
- Alum
- Roll Brimstone
- Rulid
- Gum Camphor
- Ginnamon
- Cloves
- Mace
- Nutmegs
- Borax refined
- Gum Aloes
- Assafetida
- Opium
- Cream Tartar
- Ginger, Spice, Pepper
- Starch, Hops
- Salt Sulp; fancy do.
- Glass, Stan Petri.
- Lampblack in half and t
- lb. paper
- Caracac Indigo. [We fore.]
- Caracac Indigo. [We fore.]
- Caracac Indigo. [We fore.]
- Caracac Indigo. [We fore.]
- Caracac Indigo. [We fore.]

Caracac Indigo. [We fore.]

Caracac Indigo. [We fore.]

Caracac Indigo. [We fore.]

Caracac Indigo. [We fore.]

Caracac Indigo. [We fore.]

Attention! Guards.

Parade at the Capitol Square on Saturday next, at 8 o'clock, armed and equipped, in Winter Uniform.
By order of the Captain.
T. H. SNOW, O. S.
Private meeting the preceding evening, at 7 o'clock at the City Hall. Punctil attendance is required.
Raleigh, March 25, 1844.