

# THE WEEKLY RALEIGH REGISTER, AND NORTH CAROLINA GAZETTE.

Published every Friday, by WESTON R. GALES, Editor and Proprietor, at Three Dollars per Annum.

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NO. 30.

## RALEIGH REGISTER.

RALEIGH, N. C.

Tuesday, April 29, 1845.

The "Fayetteville Observer" states that, at the Loco Foco Convention recently held in this District, the choice was made on the twentieth balloting, and was finally unanimous, though in the course of previous ballotings, others had run frequently and materially ahead of the nominee, Mr. DORRIS.

We observe that at a Whig meeting in Montgomery County, Gov. MONROE was nominated as the Congressional Candidate for the District. We have no idea that the Governor will accept, but if he would, what a leader the Whigs could boast of in the lower House?

The "Tusculum Monitor" announces the death of Rev. EDWARD DRUMGOOLE SIMS, late Professor of English Literature in the University of Alabama, a Graduate of our University, and formerly a Tutor in the Institution. He is spoken of in the most exalted terms, as a Scholar, gentleman and Christian.

### CHLORIDE OF LIME.

We have many people who are not aware of the excellent effects of Chloride of Lime, in purifying places charged with foul air, and destroying the smell arising from sewers, gutters, &c. It is very cheap, and certainly efficacious. A table-spoonful, in a gallon of water, thrown into a place designed to be purified, will destroy the odor. The advantages that would result from its use, during the approaching warm weather, are too obvious to be dwelt upon.

### A PITHY OBSERVATION.

The eccentric, but shrewd author of "Lacon, or many things in a few words," speaking of Government matters, says: "An upright Ruler asks, what recommends a man; a corrupt Ruler, who?"

### VIRGINIA ELECTIONS.

The election for Members of Congress and of Members of the Legislature, came off on Thursday last, in Virginia. We have only a few returns, but those do not look the brightest in the world, and give reason to fear that the Texas question has embroiled the Whigs somewhat, and produced disastrous results. But, we are confident from the returns, is beaten, but it is somewhat of a set-off, that BAYLEY, (in Wise's District) is also beaten by SOUTHALL; and this is about the amount of our information with regard to the Congressional Election.

The Legislators are all in doubt. It gives us, however, great pleasure to announce the election of JOHN W. STRAY, Esq. Editor of the Intelligencer, to represent the Town of Petersburg. The "Cockade" and its Delegate are alike worthy of each other.

### IOWA.

The People of the Territory of Iowa, to whom the Constitution recently formed by a Convention for its State Government was submitted for their approbation, have rejected the same by a majority of some 2,500 votes. A new Convention must, we presume, be called, and a new Constitution framed and submitted to Congress, before that Territory can enter the Union as a State.

### PITTSBURG.

The Pittsburg papers announce the receipt of \$500 as a contribution from Mr. Buchanan, the Secretary of State. The President has subscribed \$100; ex-President Adams \$50, and Mr. Blair (of the Globe) \$200.

The Treasurer of the Pittsburg Relief Fund, announced under date of Friday, the receipt of \$1,608. Among the contributors were Chester Jennings, City Hotel, New York, \$100; Coleman & Stetson, Astor House, \$100; Jacob Little, \$50; Curtis & Hand, of Philadelphia, \$100; the town Council of Steubenville have contributed \$500.

Friday last was observed in Pittsburg, agreeably to a recommendation of the Councils of that City, as a day of fasting, humiliation and prayer. Divine service was held in all the Churches.

### COLLEGE RIOT.

There has been a disgraceful Row at the University of Virginia, between the Students and Faculty, and the Military had to be called in to quell it. Two of the Professors' houses were mobbed, fire crackers thrown into them, to the great alarm of the females and children especially, the College windows and doors broken, and an attempt made to blow up the old trees around the College. An effort was made by those students who had not mingled in these outrages, to bring the whole body to an agreement to be peaceable, without success. In this emergency, the Faculty at length called in the police, and finally the military force, and the University is now in possession of a body of five hundred soldiers. A meeting of the Students was held, and resolutions passed, pledging their honor, that if the military were withdrawn order should be restored. The Faculty replied that they must have some more tangible assurance than mere Resolutions, but agreeing to the proposition, if the names of the students were signed to the Resolutions. This was not done, and subsequently another meeting was held, similar resolutions passed, and the same reply was given. Most of the Students have left; the Faculty, it is understood, will resign; and for the present the College appears to be broken up.

### FIRE IN THE DISMAL SWAMP.

A letter in the Charleston Courier says that there has been a raging fire 12 days, destroying thousands of cattle and other stock, and immense quantities of timber and staves. A number of runaway negroes, who have been in the Swamp for years, have been forced to return to their masters, to escape the flames; and one man and his wife, who remained 26 years, having then one child, returned to their master, miles from Suffolk, Va., accompanied by fifteen healthy children, 14 of whom were born in the Swamp. Many bears, and other wild animals, have been seen since the fire broke out.

"How fine  
The power to fix the hue of beauty's cheek,  
The sparkling of the diamond eye—the look  
That speaks without a tongue, yet speaks the soul  
Quicker than tongue'er uttered?"

The above sentiment of the Poet involuntarily occurred to us, as we gazed with unmingled admiration at the magnificent Painting just finished by Mr. JAMES HART, and elegantly framed, representing Bishop IVES in the act of administering the rite of Confirmation. The Painting, with the frame is 64 feet wide, and 94 feet high. It contains the Bishop, and four female figures of the size of life. The likeness of the Bishop is most striking; the attitude admirable and expressive; the kneeling figures graceful and exquisitely proportioned; and the whole, well calculated to preserve a vivid recollection of our beloved Diocese, in the performance of one of his most interesting duties.

This splendid Painting is intended, we learn, to grace the spacious Hall at St. Mary's School—a room well calculated to develop and set off all its beauties and excellencies. It was painted expressly for the esteemed Rector, Mr. SAUNDERS, who, desiring in some way to express and perpetuate a sense of his own and the Church's obligation to the Bishop for his constant and unremitting care of this valuable Institution, happily thought of this mode. Bishop IVES, it is well known, was the originator of this School. He first suggested the plan of a Boys' School, and by his personal solicitations, procured a large part of the funds for the buildings. When the Boys' School fell through, and there was danger that the buildings might pass from the Church, the Bishop, by becoming personally responsible for the rent, giving his bond with sureties for its payment for five years, secured them for their present purpose. To his exertions before the opening of the School, and to the confidence of the Diocese in his judgment, it is owing, in a great degree, that it has met with such signal favor from the public.

But we are losing sight of Mr. HART's Painting, which is sufficient of itself, without other evidence, to stamp the imprimatur of Art on his fame. He is, we understand, a Tennesseean by birth, but he is a Painter by nature, who, after taking Portraits for some time, went to Europe, and there accomplished himself in his Profession, under the best Masters. He is still a young man, and bids fair to reach the topmost round of the Professional ladder. And, independent of the pleasure which is afforded by the success of genuine merit, it is, in itself, a grateful sensation, to feel that our country is rising fast into eminence in the various departments of the Fine Arts.

### THE AMERICAN REVIEW.

Mr. C. W. WEBSTER, one of the Editors of this able Periodical, recently established, and devoted to the permanent maintenance of Whig principles, is now in this City, for the purpose of extending the circulation of the Work. Its support by the party, is earnestly recommended by the leading Whigs of the country, as demanded by the permanent interests of the nation. And, for the sake of perfect confidence in its political course, assurance is given under the signature of the first men of the country, that the continual assistance of able writers has been secured, and that full trust is reposed in the views and abilities of the Editors.

The Loco Foco party have, for years, had a Review distinguished for ability, but maintaining all the pernicious doctrines by which it is characterized, while the Whigs have had no general organ, before this, through which to utter their sentiments, and spread a healthier influence through the community. We trust that it will be adequately sustained, and that the Whigs of North Carolina will not be behind hand in the good work.

"Never was a more truthful saying uttered than that 'to the victors belong the spoils,' for all parties, civil, military, religious and political, have ever acted on that principle from the earliest period of the history of man to the present day; and surely then, if the victors are to share the spoils; who should receive the 'first trust' but those who have fought with the most courage and done the most execution, who have been in the service 'even from their boyish days,' always engaged where their services were most necessary and effective."—New York Plebeian.

The foregoing is the most shameful avowal we have ever seen of political profligacy. The assertion, that proscriptive is the accredited doctrine of all parties, is fully falsified by the experience of Gen. HANCOCK's short reign. The Whigs, however, have but little interest in the matter, beyond the maintenance of a great conservative principle, for but few Whigs are in office to be decapitated by the political guillotine. There may be some in subordinate stations, but none in important offices; and the process of removal, only exchanges an old Loco for a new one.

### WRITINGS OF HUGH S. LEGARE.

We learn from the "Charleston Courier," that Messrs. BERGESS & JAMES of that City, are about to commit to the press, a work of the highest attraction—"The Writings of HUGH SWINTON LEGARE," comprising "Selections from his contributions to the Southern and New York Reviews;" "Portions of his Diplomatic Correspondence;" models of their kind; "A Journal of the Rhine," written by the author during his diplomatic ministry at Brussels; and never before published; and the "Orations" which have ranked him as one of the Ciceros of the age, together with a number of his "Private Letters," which are said to be replete with the most racy, literary and general. We learn that this new and valuable contribution to American literature, is to be published under the auspices and for the benefit of the sister of the lamented and gifted author.

### GOOD FORTUNE.

Mr. DELAVAN, the Proprietor of the Delavan House, Albany, has made a successful hit in boring for water. He is building a magnificent hotel five stories high, which is supplied with pipes, in the expectation of getting water from the city waterworks. He was disappointed in this source, and commenced boring for water, in which operation he was so fortunate as to hit a stratum of coarse sand, from which gushed a stream of pure soft water, affording about 20,000 gallons per day, which, by appropriate apparatus, is distributed to every part of the house. What makes this especially important, is, that Mr. D. keeps a temperance hotel.

### PROSCRIPTION.

No government can be free where the right of opinion is denied. We hold this truth to be self-evident. Let us look a little into the matter. Here is a man holding a petty office under the General Government. He is admitted to be "honest, faithful and capable." But at a period of great political excitement, in the exercise of his constitutional rights, but without making himself a partizan, he goes to the Polls and votes for the man of his choice. That choice is not the choice of the Nation. Is it not monstrous, tyrannical, despotic, that this man should be proscribed, and sent out upon the wide world with a beggarly family, for daring to enjoy his privileges as a freeman? Is this the liberty and toleration, that our Revolutionary Patriots fought to establish? Let each honest heart answer!

In connection with this subject, we publish the following extract of a letter from Mr. JEFFERSON, illustrative of his course in regard to appointments to office, merely asking the question—was THOMAS JEFFERSON a Democrat?

WASHINGTON, JULY 17, 1807.

"MY DEAR FRIENDS: Yours of the 11th is received. An appointment to public office of mere profit, I have ever considered faithful service in either our first or second revolution as giving preference of claim, and that appointments on that principle would gratify the public and strengthen that confidence so necessary to enable the Executive to direct the whole public force to the best advantage of the nation.

"I have never removed a man merely because he was a Federalist. I have never wished them to give a vote at an election but according to their own wishes; I have only requested that they would be quiet, and they should be so.

"Present to Mrs. Page, and receive yourself, my affectionate and respectful salutations.

"TH. JEFFERSON.

A summary mode of settling the License question has been adopted by the Corporation of Huntsville, Ala., who have fixed the license for retailing spirituous liquors, within one mile of the Court House, at \$2,500.

Printer's Language.—Every profession has its technical terms, and of course, the printers have a "small smattering," which is intelligible only to the craft. The following says the Delaware Republican is a specimen; it don't mean, however, as much as it would seem to the uninitiated:

"Jim, put General Washington on the galley, and then finish the murder of that young girl you commenced yesterday. Set up the ruins of Hercules; distribute the small pox; you need not finish that runaway match; have the high water in the paper this week. Let the pie alone till after dinner, but put the bathhouse to press, and then go to the devil, and he will tell you about the work for the morning."

Not much wonder that Dr. Faustus was burned for inventing such a diabolical art.

### THE MISSING SHIPS.

It is not probable, that we shall ever receive any more definite information in regard to the missing Packet-Ships than that brought by the Captain of the *Norman*, who states that on his passage from New Orleans to Liverpool on the 13th and 14th of December he experienced the most dreadful hurricane that ever been his lot to encounter. His Ship received a good deal of damage; and on the 19th of the same month he passed, in lat. 30, long. 33, several pieces of a wreck; a long sky-light, booby hatches, and other appurtenances of a Packet-Ship. The England and United States must have encountered the storm, and it is not improbable that what the Captain of the *Norman* saw, were relics of those ill-fated vessels.

### RELIGIOUS SENTIMENTS OF FRANKLIN.

On a day of great anxiety, perplexity, and distress of sentiment, in the Convention that framed the Constitution of the United States, the venerable Doctor FRANKLIN rose and made the following Speech, which is indicating the true Source of political wisdom, ought to be in the memory and heart of every American citizen:

"Mr. President: The small progress we have made after four or five weeks' close attendance and continual reasonings with each other—our different sentiments on almost every question, several of the last producing as many more at present—rethinkings, a melancholy proof of the imperfection of the human understanding. We indeed seem to feel our want of political wisdom, since we have been running all about in search of it. We have gone back to ancient history for models of government, and examined the different forms of those republics which, having been originally formed with the seeds of their own dissolution, now no longer exist; and we have viewed modern States all round Europe, but find none of their Constitutions suitable to our circumstances. In this situation of the assembly, groping, as it were, in the dark, to find political truth, and scarce able to distinguish it when presented to us—how has it happened, sir, that we have not hitherto thought of humbly applying to the Father of Lights to illuminate our future national councils? In the beginning of the contest with Britain, when we were sensible of danger, we had daily prayers in this room for the Divine protection—our prayers, sir, were heard, and they were graciously answered. All of us who were engaged in the struggle, must have observed frequent instances of a superintending Providence in our favor. To that kind Providence we owe this happy opportunity of consulting in peace, on the means of establishing our future national councils. And what is worse, mankind may hereafter, from this unfortunate instance, despair of establishing a government by human wisdom, and leave it to chance, war and conquest.

"I therefore beg leave to move, that henceforth, prayers, imploring the assistance of Heaven, and its blessings on our deliberations, be held in this assembly every morning, before we proceed to business; and that one or more of the Clergy of this City be requested to officiate in that service."

### EDITOR'S CORRESPONDENCE.

NEW YORK, April 24, 1845.

#### "FASHION"

Is "the rage" just now, in the City of Fountains, I refer to a new American Comedy by Mrs. MOWATT, which has been well brought out at the Park Theatre, and had quite a run, and admirably hits off some of the short-comings of our "upper ten thousand." The plot is somewhat as follows: Mrs. TIFANY, who in her teens was a Canal street Milliner, has married a man of some wealth and more enterprise, and persuaded him to purchase a costly house and furniture in the fashionable quarter of the City, and she dashes away in showy style for some time, while he is a slave at the desk, and finally, unable to support her extravagance, forges, to keep himself from breaking, which crime is known to a coarse, vulgar Clerk, who demands money and the daughter's hand as his price of silence. Mrs. TIFANY picks up a live French Count, a disguised Cook and Barber on board of a Steamboat, and *bon-naparte* and *re-vois-tu* him most indignantly. He makes love to Miss TIFANY, and is accepted, and at the same time makes disonorable love to a sweet, innocent, supposed Orphan Girl, who is living in the family. She suspects the Count, and in attempting to unmask his real character at a ball, involves her own good name and her real lover in a rich old Farmer, a long time ago, the friend of TIFANY, is there on a visit, and saves her from the wiles about her, and afterwards discovers himself as her father, which knowledge, for certain reasons, he had kept from her since infancy. Miss TIFANY runs away with the Count, but before they were married, comes back for her jewels, when she finds that he is an impostor, having in the mean time been unmasked by the Orphan girl and Mrs. T's waiting maid, of whom she learned bad French and foreign manners. The Count had been the maid's lover in Paris. The Clerk is turned out, with the information that a prison awaits him as an accomplice, if he dares to show his face again. The Orphan girl has a fortune and a husband, and so ends this new hit at the times. The play bears principally upon two of our faults—the aping of foreign manners, and the snavery, and oftentimes dishonest energy, with which our land-work to support the extravagance of their wives. Talking of extravagance, puts me in mind, perhaps unfairly, of

BOARDING SCHOOLS. Of which, there are many here, quite lions in their way, as regards the number of Pupils, fashion, and cost, and I shall take some future opportunity of mentioning them particularly. There are many Institutions, however, in the neighborhood of the City, for the manufacturing of Drawing Room Goddesses, which I prefer to those in Town, and of them having come under my observation considerably, I have induced the Principals to send you an Advertisement, and shall take the liberty of mentioning the School particularly. It is four miles from the City proper, near the East River, a quiet, retired, and beautiful spot, and combines the advantages of the City and country, as the City can be reached every half hour, by Omnibus or Rail Road. Mrs. BARRETT and her husband, are persons of respectability and talent, and superior Musicians. The number of Pupils is quite limited, and they are all of one family. I have no hesitation in recommending it to such of your friends, as wish, for any reason, to give their daughters a Northern education.

NEWBURN, N. C., APRIL 22d.—The last mail brought the distressing intelligence of the death of ROBERT S. MOORE, Purser of the U. S. Ship *Vandal*, only son of our late townsman, Robt. G. Moore.

We sympathize with his afflicted mother and water in their severe trial. My He, "who is a very present help in time of trouble," sustain them by his grace! In the relations of life, the deceased was all that they could desire. His kindness, his generosity, and his tender regard for their welfare, were expressed by the last words which fell from his lips. There are many, in this community, who can testify to the noble traits of his character, and who have learned with the deepest regret, that he has gone to that home from which none ever return.—*Newbernian*.

### MARRIED.

In Baltimore, Dr. Richard Barrum, formerly of this County, to Miss Elizabeth Ann Hurst.

### Died

In Wake Forest on the 16th inst. at the residence of John W. Harris, Esq., Mrs. Susan Young, in the 80th year of her age. Yes, having filled up the measure of her life with those generous virtues which make her society so agreeable, and all her conduct so bright with true Christian benevolence, she is gone—gone to the home of goodness, and the communion of disinterested love. Several years before her departure, she suffered much from disease, but always acquiesced in the will of Providence with a resignation that never diminished. Her numerous friends will ever remember the native benevolence of a heart that knew no selfishness. All kindness, she could not labor too much to make her friends happy—while self was forgotten, almost as a non-existent thing. Such a disposition could but gain the hearts of all. With the strictest truth,

"None knew her but to love her,  
None named her but to praise."

Her friends at a distance will be happy to learn that during her last illness, she exhibited the same Christian fortitude which had marked her preceding life. Sometimes, in an agony of pain, she would pray that she might not linger—then, quickly checking herself, sweetly exclaim, "I fear I murmur—not my will, O Lord, but thine be done." She conversed upon death with the greatest composure, and repeatedly expressed her wishes with regard to her burial. Several times, in a very happy frame of mind, she requested those around her to sing the songs of Zion. At length, the Angels came to bear away the undeterred, sleeping spirit. There was no dread of the grave, but "sustained and soothed by an unflinching trust," she gently fell asleep. What a glorious awakening! In Heaven, forever happy and forever blessed!—*Communicated*.

In Hillsboro', on the 16th inst. Mrs. Elizabeth Eates, aged about 90 years. Also, in Hillsboro', the 17th instant, Mrs. Tempe A. Taylor, consort of Maj. John Taylor, aged about 60 years. Also, in Hillsboro', on Monday morning last, Thomas Clincy, Esq. for many years Postmaster of the town, aged about 64 years.

In Rowan county, on the 14th instant, Mrs. Lucy Ford, wife of Mr. Osborne G. Ford, and daughter of Mrs. Judith Ellis, of Jersey Settlement, Davidson county, aged about 24 years. Also, on the 14th instant, at the residence of her mother, in Davidson county, Mrs. Sarah Ellis, daughter of Mrs. Judith Ellis, aged about 22 years. We learn from the Watchman, that the afflicted parent of the deceased sisters has lost four daughters, two grand-daughters, and one daughter-in-law, all in the space of five months.

In Warren County, on the 25th inst. George F. Spruill, Esq. a gentleman of high character, and a most useful citizen.

To Messrs. Henry M. Daniel & Co., Nolley & Tarwater, Washington Avery, Charles Keen, James Litchford, sen., Henry M. Johnson, R. B. Fleming, Ransom Sanders, Wm. Long, O. L. Burch, George W. Haywood, H. W. Miller, John R. Whitaker, John C. Palmer, James Towles, C. B. Root, T. R. Pentress, C. W. D. Hutchings, J. J. Byggs, Sylvester Smith, A. B. Lovejoy, Turner & Hughes, Isaac Rogers, G. Collins, John Creech, George Cook, Talbot Selby, Wm. A. Harrison, Rufus Tucker, Wm. R. Pool, Wm. Peck, Johnson & Harrison, Dilworth Sledge, Richard Smith, Mrs. Mary Wheaton, Buffalow & Smith, Silas Burns, Patrick McGowan, Wm. H. Bufflow, E. E. Harris, John Bufflow, Wm. Ashley, John Hutchins, Wm. Hill, Alfred Jones, and all my other Creditors:

### TAKE NOTICE.

That having been agreed under a *Capias ad Satisfaciendum*, issued at the instance of John A. Wickes, and having given bond for my appearance at the next Term of Wake County Court, to be held at Raleigh, on the 3d Monday of May next, I shall then and there apply to be discharged, under the Act for the relief of honest debtors, passed in 1827, when and where you may attend, if you think proper. FRANK WATKINS.

Raleigh, April 28, 1845.

## Splendid Lotteries for May.

J. G. GREGORY & CO., MANAGERS.

\$30,000!

Alexandria Lottery.

Class No. 19, for 1845.  
To be drawn at Alexandria, D. C., on Saturday,  
May 10, 1845.

PRIZES.		PRIZES.	
1 prize of \$30,000	1 prize of \$3,000	1 prize of \$3,000	1 prize of \$2,500
1 do 10,000	1 do 2,500	1 do 10,000	1 do 2,000
1 do 5,000	1 do 2,000	1 do 5,000	1 do 1,500
1 do 3,000	1 do 1,500	1 do 3,000	1 do 1,000
1 do 2,000	1 do 1,000	1 do 2,000	1 do 500
1 do 1,000	1 do 500	1 do 1,000	1 do 500
1 do 500	1 do 500	1 do 500	1 do 500

Tickets \$10—Halves \$5—Quarters \$2 50.  
Certificates of packages of 25 whole tickets \$130  
Do do 25 half do 65  
Do do 25 quarter do 32 50

\$30,000 Capital.

Alexandria Lottery.

Class No. 20, for 1845.  
To be drawn at Alexandria, D. C., on Saturday,  
May 17, 1845.

PRIZES.		PRIZES.	
1 prize of \$30,000	1 prize of \$3,000	1 prize of \$3,000	1 prize of \$2,500
1 do 10,000	1 do 2,500	1 do 10,000	1 do 2,000
1 do 5,000	1 do 2,000	1 do 5,000	1 do 1,500
1 do 3,000	1 do 1,500	1 do 3,000	1 do 1,000
1 do 2,000	1 do 1,000	1 do 2,000	1 do 500
1 do 1,000	1 do 500	1 do 1,000	1 do 500
1 do 500	1 do 500	1 do 500	1 do 500

Tickets \$10, Halves \$5, Quarters \$2 50.  
Certificates of packages of 25 whole tickets \$130  
Do do 25 half do 65  
Do do 25 quarter do 32 50

\$30,000 Capital.

Alexandria Lottery.

Class No. 21, for 1845.  
To be drawn at Alexandria, D. C., on Saturday,  
May 24, 1845.

PRIZES.		PRIZES.	
1 prize of \$30,000	1 prize of \$2,500	1 prize of \$3,000	1 prize of \$2,500
1 do 10,000	1 do 2,000	1 do 10,000	1 do 1,017
1 do 5,000	1 do 1,000	1 do 5,000	1 do 1,000
1 do 3,000	1 do 500	1 do 3,000	1 do 500
1 do 2,000	1 do 500	1 do 2,000	1 do 500
1 do 1,000	1 do 500	1 do 1,000	1 do 500
1 do 500	1 do 500	1 do 500	1 do 500

Tickets \$10—Halves \$5—Quarters \$2 50  
Certificates of Packages of 25 whole tickets \$130  
Do do 25 Half do 65  
Do do 25 Quarter do 32 50

\$30,000 Capital.

ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY.

Class No. 22, for 1845.  
To be drawn at Alexandria, D. C., on Saturday,  
May 31, 1845.

PRIZES.		PRIZES.	
1 prize of \$30,000	1 prize of \$2,500	1 prize of \$3,000	1 prize of \$2,500
1 do 10,000	1 do 2,000	1 do 10,000	1 do 1,747
1 do 5,000	1 do 1,000	1 do 5,000	1 do 1,000
1 do 3,000	1 do 500	1 do 3,000	1 do 500
1 do 2,000	1 do 500	1 do 2,000	1 do 500
1 do 1,000	1 do 500	1 do 1,000	1 do 500
1 do 500	1 do 500	1 do 500	1 do 500

Tickets \$10, Halves \$5, Quarters \$2 50.  
Certificates of Packages as above.

Orders for tickets and shares and certificates of packages in the above splendid Lotteries will receive the most prompt attention, and an official account of each drawing sent immediately after it is over to all who may order tickets from us. Address  
J. G. GREGORY & CO. Managers,  
Washington City, D. C.

STATE of North Carolina—JOHN  
STACY COUNTY, IN EQUITY

Kenah Aycock and others,  
vs.  
James Pope and wife Patsy, Garry Simms, and the  
Children and Heirs-at-Law of Edith Burford.

Prayer for partition of the Lands of Joanna Burford.  
I appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the Defendants in this case, are residents of the State of Georgia, and beyond the jurisdiction of this Court: It is ordered, that publication be made for six successive weeks in the Weekly Raleigh Register, that the said James Pope and wife Patsy, Garry Simms, and the Children and Heirs-at-Law of Edith Burford, appear at our Court of Equity, to be held for the County of Johnston, at the Court House in Southfield, on the 4th Monday in September next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the said Petition for partition and show cause why order for partition should not be made as prayed for, or judgment pro confesso will be taken against them.

Witness, W. H. MORNING, Clerk of our said Court, at office in Southfield, the 4th Monday in March, 1845.

WM. H. MORNING, C. M. E.  
Pr. adv. \$5 00; 31—w6w

STATE of North Carolina—WARREN  
COUNTY, Superior Court of Law, &  
April Term, 1845.

Mary A. T. Alston,  
vs.  
Jesse A. Alston.

Petition for Divorce.  
DEFENDANT being called and failing to appear, it is Ordered by the Court, at public call made in the Warrenton Reporter and Raleigh Register for three successive months, notifying Defendant to appear at the next Term of said Superior Court of Law, to be held for the County of Warren, at the Court House in Warrenton, on the third Monday after the month of September next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the Petition, or the same will be heard ex parte.

Witness, BENJAMIN E. COOK, Clerk of our said Court, at office, the third Monday after the fourth Monday in March, 1845.

BENJ. E. COOK, CLK.  
Warrenton, April 26, 1845. 34—3m  
(Price of adv. \$11 25)

COMB AND FANCY GOODS WAREHOUSE.  
Wm. H. Cary & Co.,

186 Pearl St. opposite Cedar St., New York.</