RALEIGH REGISTER.

"Our's are the plans of fair delightful peace,
"Unwarp'd by party rage to live like brothers."

RALEIGH, N. C.

Friday, June 20, 1845.

DEATH OF GEN. JACKSON.

This event, long anticipated from waning strength, occurred at the Hermitage, near Nashville, Tenn. on Sunday, the 8th inst. General JACKSON was in the 79th year of his age.

We can say with all sincerity—Rest to his ashes, and Peace to his soul! We shall not sit in judgment on his character. He is no longer accountable to man for his actions, though the American people must feel the influence of those actions for years to come. But low in the darkness and silence of the dust, to which he is gone down, his ear will be as deaf to the voice of panegyric, or of censure, as his bones will be insensible to the warmth of the Sun that shines on his grave, or the fury of the tempest that howls over it. Though we have condemned, most deliberately and conscientiously, many of the public measures of the deceased, we shall not endeavor to pluck a single chaplet from his brow. His death will create a sensation not only throughout the Union, but the world. It is by extinguishing in an instant the great lights of the land—the men whose hands have held the reins of power, and whose minds have ruled the destiny of a nation—it is by extinguishing these in an instant, that Death makes his power universally known. In the grave of Lord NELSON, at his interment, were deposited the colours of the victory under which he fought, and fell, and yet conquered. In the grave of Gen JACKSON, let the banners of Party be deposited, and with them be forever consigned to oblivion, all the animosities of his political opponents!

BE ON YOUR GUARD.

A Bank Note of $50, ingeniously altered from a $5 Bill, was presented at the counter of the Branch Bank of Cape Fear yesterday, and instantly detected. It was a Note of the Bank of the State of South Carolina, payable at Charleston, to C. WEBB.

CONGRESSIONAL ELECTION.

Our Election for Members of Congress, in North Carolina, takes place on Thursday, the 7th day of August. The following are the Candidates in nomination:

Districts.	*Whigs.*	*Loco Focos.*
1st	T. L. Clingman,	
2d	D. M. Barringer,	Charles Fisher,
3d	A. B McMillan,	David S. Reid,
4th	Jonathan Worth, Alfred Dockery,	
5th		James C Dobbin,
6th	Thomas D. Meares,	James J. McKay,
7th		J. R. J. Daniel,
8th	R. S. Dennell,	Henry S. Clark,
9th	David Outlaw,	Asa Biggs.

THE AMERICAN REVIEW.

We have just received the June Number of this able Work, and think it bids fair to cause its opponents, as some one has said, to "nib their pens anew." The political article, headed "The mystery of iniquity," shows in strong colours, the criminal acts occurring during the great political contest of 1844; and we regard as highly worthy of perusal, the Essay from the now well-known pen of "*Il Secretario*," on the character and advancement of American Letters. But there is one other, entitled "Modern Criticism," containing opinions to which we must express our unqualified dissent; being, as it is, an Eulogium on the character of the Writings of Madame DUDEVANT, or, as she chooses to call herself, GEORGE SAND. We think no writings, more prejudicial to the morals of a community, could well be introduced than those cheap, yellow-covered Pamphlets, emanating from the pen of *George Sand* and *Paul de Kock*, and now inundating the streets of our large Cities We feel surprized, that the tokens of disapproval, with which their publication has been met by enlightened and liberal critics, should be ascribed to a narrow-minded desire to prevent the freedom of speculation. We must especially reprobate the strong language, which is used towards the Paris Correspondent of the "National Intelligencer," in saying as the Review does—"But his hostility to this writer in particular (George Sand,) occasioned, *possibly*, by some personal slight, breaks into a morbid virulence, and resembles the reckless rancour of the bigot." The whole article, as it seems to us, would be more befitting the age of VOLTAIRE and TOM PAINE, than the "Age of Reason."

EXECUTIVE CORRUPTION.

Nothing has a more corrupting influence on the human mind, than political power. It is the lever which changes the external situation of National, as well as individual man. In *Monarchies*, it is a part of the official duty of Ministers, to carry all their measures, whether of ambition or interest, by the application of a *panacea*, which puts to flight all the scruples of political consciences. *Republics* are too pure to sanction such barefaced peculations; at least, the *douceur* is given in a different way. Here, Members of Congress are rewarded with splendid embassies, Cabinet Offices, &c. while their partizans and retainers choose their own share of the political spoil. And fully to compensate their subserviency, the sturdy dogs, who will not doff their caps and bend their knee to the Idol, are pushed off the log to make room for these disinterested Patriots.

A LONG LETTER.

Mr. John R. Peters, jun., who accompanied the American Embassy to China, arrived at New York on the 28th ult., in the Bazaar. He informs the editors of the Commercial Advertiser that the Emperor of the Celestial dominions has written a letter, in the Chinese and Mantchou languages, to the President of the United States, which is six feet long by three feet wide! Mr. Peters saw the letter. It is written on yellow paper, inclosed in a yellow silk case, and is now in the hands of Dr. Parker for translation. It was expected that it would be sent home in the next ship.

THE FAYETTEVILLE FIRE.

We have received a temporary sheet from the Office of the "Fayetteville Observer," whose Editor, with his proverbial energy, has contrived, out of the scanty materials in his possession, to make quite a respectable show in the way of a publication. The Editor will, however, in a very short time, procure new materials from the North, and the "Observer" will rise like a Phœnix from its ashes. There is, in the sheet now received, a very particular account of the Fire, but it varies so little from that already given by us, that we deem it unnecessary to re-publish it. We are glad to learn, that with a few exceptions, the sufferers will be able to stand up under their loss.

The "Observer" says—"A check for $100 was received this morning from a venerable and distinguished gentleman of Raleigh, as his own contribution for the relief of the needy sufferers."

LAND SALES.

Why is it, that the President of the United States has ordered Sales of Public Lands to take place in six or eight different *new* States about the same period of time? The design cannot certainly be to enlist the attention of Capitalists, because it is not possible, that they can possess the power of *ubiquity* and be every where at once. The old plan used to be, to have sales in different States, in different months.—Why is it changed under this Administration? The only motive we can conceive of, is, by distracting the attention of *buyers*, to have no sales at all, and thus throw open the rich lands of the new States, to public entry, at a mere nominal price, to the great detriment and wrong of the old States! We should like some apologist of this present *proscribing* Administration, to give a plausible reason for this simultaneous sacrifice of the Public Domain. We pause for a reply.

INCENDIARIES.

Nearly every exchange paper we open contains accounts at successful incendiarism or attempts at arson. From the numerous conflagrations in the North, it would appear that a set of scoundrels infest the larger cities who make arson a trade. In the South, too, these burnings are becoming quite too frequent—and it is somewhat remarkable that they occur mostly at a season of the year when the weather is so hot that fires are not needed for comfort.

DEATH OF DISTINGUISHED MEN.

Eminent citizens connected with the Government who have died within the last four years:

President Harrison, Ex-President Jackson.

Secretary Upshur, Secretary Gilmer, Attorney-General Legare.

Judges Thompson and Baldwin, of the United States Supreme Court.

Senator Southard, New Jersey; Senator McRoberts, Illinois; Senator Linn, Missouri; Senator Porter, Louisiana; Senator Fulton, Arkansas; Senator Bates, Massachusetts; Senator Betts, Connecticut.

General Macomb and General Eustis.

Commodore Hull, Commodore Claxton, Commodore Shubrick, Commodore Porter, Commodore Kennon.

Judge Rowan, Kentucky; Judge Buchanan, Maryland; and Judge Gaston, of this State.

Add to these, the following distinguished citizens, who have played no unimportant part in the history of the country: Bishop Griswold, Vermont; Rev. Dr. Channing, Massachusetts; Rev. Dr. Breckenridge, Louisiana; John Forsyth, ex-Secretary of State; General Porter, ex-Secretary of War; Nicholas Biddle; Thomas Morris, ex-Senator, Ohio; James Lanman, ex-Senator, Connecticut; John Holmes, ex-Senator, Maine; Judge Cowan; General Morgan Lewis; Asher Robbins, Rhode Island; Virgil Maxcy; ex-Governor Mason, Michigan; Governor Kavanagh, Maine.

COL. JOHN HOKE

Died at his residence in Lincolnton, on the 9th instant, of Pneumonia, at the age of 97 years. The large concourse of his fellow-citizens, who assembled to pay the last sad tribute to his memory, gave ample evidence of the high esteem in which he was held.

ROTARY PUMP.

The last Petersburg Republican says: We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Messrs. Williams & Co. in to-day's paper. We have had the pleasure of examining one of these Pumps and witnessing its operation, and we do not hesitate to say it is superior to any thing of the kind we have ever seen. It is a *suction* and *force* pump combined, so that, by means of pipes, water can easily be carried to the different rooms in a building, or in case of fire, thrown upon the roof.

☞ A correspondent of the National Intelligencer devotes one long letter to an appeal to the sense of propriety of all right-minded men, to pay the postage on any communications they may have occasion to address to Mr. Clay or Mr. Calhoun. Neither of these gentlemen are entitled to the franking privilege, and both are seriously and inconveniently taxed for postage upon their extensive correspondence.—The writer of the appeal in the Intelligencer suggests to them that they make it an absolute rule, not to take a letter from the Post Office unless it is stamped "paid." The adoption of such a rule is, we fear, their only protection.

IMPORTANT INTELLIGENCE.

BANISHMENT OF SANTA ANNA FROM MEXICO.

The Charleston Courier of Friday last, contains the following important intelligence:

FROM HAVANA AND MEXICO.

The Mexican steamer Neptuna, Captain Parkinson, arrived at this port yesterday, in the short run of 3 days from Havana, bound to New York—put in here for a supply of fuel.

We are indebted to Capt. P. for Havana papers of the 8th inst.

Capt. Parkinson informs us that the Br. mail steamer Medway arrived at Havana on the 7th inst. from Vera Cruz, which port she left on the 1st inst., having on board as passengers General Santa Anna, lady and family, who had been banished from the Mexican territories. They were to proceed to Venezuela.

Gen. Santa Anna was received with every demonstration of respect on his arrival at Havana, being escorted to his lodgings by bands of music, while little attention was paid to Gen. Bustamente, thus shewing that popular opinion was quite unfavorable to the newly constituted authorities of Mexico.

We have no positive particulars as to the course pursued by the Mexican government, in banishing Santa Anna, but Capt. Parkinson informs us that he understood the decree prescribed an absence of ten years.

BEAUTIES OF RACING.—The N. Y. Spirit of the Times, in speaking of Peytona, says: "Barney informed us that on the 4th mile of the second heat he was fearful that the race was lost. He had been spurring his mare so excessively that her lacerated sides became callous, and *he changed his seat in order to get at new flesh!* He could not have won the race by one inch more than he did!"

EDITOR'S CORRESPONDENCE.

U. S. HOTEL, PHILADELPHIA, JUNE 13th, 1845.

My dear Sir: It really to me is astonishing, that people should live contiguous as North Carolinians and Pennsylvanians now do, when expedition and cheapness are considered, and know so little of each other. But one thing diminishes my wonder, and that is the eagerness of the American eye for whatever is distant, foreign, or exotic. Our wayward and ever-wandering imaginations are constantly in search of scenes, events and incidents remote, while the beauties before us are overlooked or not appreciated.

If there be a land on which the Southerner should delight to gaze with more rapture than on all others, it is this. Here it was, that the philanthropic PENN, persecuted by his own country, discarded by his own father, for the expression and maintenance of religious sentiments, formed the first Treaty with the rude savages of the Delaware and Susquehanah—the only one without an oath—the only one which was never violated. And here now in a stupendous and magnificent City, are seen and felt the benign influences of his mild councils and beneficent administration. If there be a land, on which a patriot's soul should feed with more patriotic emotions of delight, save "on his own, his native land," 'tis this.

Passing from North Carolina, the mother of Independence, he goes over the hallowed soil of the "Old Dominion," enjoys in the hospitable Town of Petersburg all that his ancestors before him did, in their early trafic with that commercial mart—views the basin of POCAHONTAS, in his rapid visit to Richmond, her towering Capitol, from which the irresistible eloquence of PATRICK HENRY caused every Delegate to burst forth with his concluding words, "Give me liberty or give me death." Is this nothing to be proud of? Should we not cherish in our heart's innermost recesses such reminiscences; all of which so nearly pertain to the causes of our glorious Independence—enjoyed by none but ourselves on earth, and which is viewed with jealousy by every Prince and Potentate, as tending in their onward progress, to shake the sceptres from their trembling hands, and totter the diadems of royalty from their impotent heads.

Why should we turn to the page of ancient history, to read of a Roman soldier's noble daring on the bridge of the Tyber? Of the gallant Spartan who sought death under the shade of Parthian arrows? There is no reason—for here, in a day's travel, are present to our view, fields on which, since the veil has been removed that bound mankind in superstitious awe to Pagan idolatry, feats as daring and noble have been performed. And this for the enjoyment of social liberty and enlightened freedom. No savage revenge, nor brutal courage was the incentive. The effulgent rays of revelation had dispelled the dark gloom, and irradiated the path of Christian warriors.

Who can ascend the ancient Potomac, without calling to mind the days of ancient times? What heart but thrills with gratitude, as it beholds the venerated MT. VERNON—looks on FORT WASHINGTON, and gazes on the lofty rising dome of the Capitol of his country, where freemen assemble to make laws for their own guidance?

But, Sir, I must stop this strain, else I shall grow too tedious. In Washington, we find magnificence, but not Republicanism. All is formality: An Irish Porter guards the entrance to each Department, nor could I see any, from the President down, but the plain and courteous J. Y. MASON, born in Virginia and educated at our University.

At the U. S. Hotel, kept by BUSCH & TYLER, you will be well entertained, and from that City to this, all is correctness and despatch in the transportation of yourself and baggage, while the scene is truly beautiful and enchanting the whole way;—pleasant dwellings—green meadows and thrifty herds feed the eye with constant delight.

On your first approach here, you are struck by a view of Girard College—a building perhaps unrivalled in the world for taste and magnificence, and a description of which, with many others, I will hereafter give. In front of my window stands that chaste and classic structure, the U. S. Bank, with its twenty steps rising to the entrance, under eight neatly fluted columns, and it grieves me to behold "Collector's Office" written on the portals of an Institution, designed by a wise and comprehensive policy to succor the necessitous, and encourage the enterprising.

This Hotel, if not corresponding in its exterior to the noble building that fronts it, at least *within*, contains all that the gentleman of taste, or the fastidious epicure could require. T. C. REA, the Proprietor, is an easy, pleasant—nay, an accomplished gentleman, and all of his superintendents and servants bear his characteristics.

I have much yet to learn of life, and our Landlord, yesterday, was of some service to me. An old Irish woman, with a red and protuberant nose, and teeth which looked like they could bite as deep into a melon as a common jack-knife could cut, was annoying me to purchase her Oranges, when he passed by, and she not knowing but he too was a visiter, though in his own house, insisted that he should take some. She said she was a poor woman by the name of Lyons. No, said REA, your name is not Lyons, nor are you a woman; you are a man by the name of Isaac Monday—so be off with you! Did my time and health admit, I could write you much more; but for the present this must suffice.

Yours, very truly, W. S. R.

FOR THE REGISTER.

MR. GALES: The following lines were written for the Album of an interesting and beautiful little Deaf and Dumb girl of Norfolk, Va. If you think them worthy of a place in your paper, please insert.

C. W. D.

See'st thou the *Rose*, when first it blows,
The dew-drop on its leaf?
'Tis blushing cheek of maiden meek,
Moisten'd by maiden's grief.

See'st thou a *Star*, which shines from far,
And twinkles all the while?
'Tis maiden's eye, all bright and shy,
Set off by maiden's smile.

See'st thou the *Dove*, as from above,
It seeks the parent nest?
'Tis emblem sweet, of maid discreet,
Close by her mother's breast.

See'st thou the *Lamb*, so meek and calm,
But yet of joyous face?
'Tis Christian maid, her hope full stay'd,
On Heaven, her resting place.

When scanned with care, these lines appear
An Image to disclose,
'Tis maiden *Mute*, without dispute,
A Dove, a Lamb, a Rose.

A home on high, beyond a sky,
A happy home for thee,
In Eden's bower, a blissful flower,
May FANNY ever be!

☞ In a Tract recently published by the Maryland Tract Society, the following passage occurs. It contains truth that will be responded to by every one:

"One of the grossest neglects of youth, making incalculable mischief and ruin, is in the improper spending of evening. Darkness was created for quiet; home is the place of quiet. Darkness is temptation to misconduct; suffering the young to be out when the light of the day does not restrain them from misconduct is training them to do it. We have already an abundant harvest of this seeding. Riots, mobs, crimes, giving fearful forebodings, are the result, of youth becoming fit agents of outrage by running uncared for on evenings. What we see in these respects is deplorable enough; but what is this compared with what we do not see—multitudes making themselves miserable and noxious in this world, and what in that to come?

"Parents should look at the truth that evening pleasures and recreations are often dearly purchased; the price, their own impaired comfort, and the blighted prospects of their off-spring. It must be obvious that in this matter there can be no prescribed rule. There can be no interdict of all evening recreations and employments; yet, here is an evil not only destructive to youth, but planting thorns in many paths, and covering many lives with desolation. The reformation demanded must proceed from judgment and conscience, and for this purpose judgment and conscience must be enlighted. Heads of families must learn that the place on earth best adapted to be a blessing is home; and by example and wholesome restraint they must teach this truth to all under them. Especially should home during Sabbath hours be consecrated. Sabbath mornings and evenings are blessed indeed when they gather the family into the circle of converse and instruction; and parents and children, masters and apprentices, and servants, in the presence and by the grace of God who has made them and placed them in their respective stations, raise themselves to the exalted level of truth that they are invested with capacity and obligation in their respective conditions assigned them by an all wise Providence, to help each other onward to honor, glory, and immortality; eternal life. Son's perish in everlasting death; they perish through neglect. Whose would stand at the judgment of the Great Day under the imputation of this neglect. Do you say 'not I?' Then think of these things."

A gentleman from Bladen county informs us that the frost of the 1st of this month was severe enough to kill the corn on his plantation which was nearly three feet high. He had ploughed up a thirty acre field of corn of that description with the design of replanting it. It is a swamp land in a low situation.—*Wilmington Chronicle*

NEW YORK, JUNE 11, 1845.

The influx of immigrants at this port still continues. Upwards of two thousand have arrived within the last three days They may be seen in great numbers in the streets leading to the N. river, and before the German and Swiss boarding houses. They are for the most part, thrifty and well-clad people, though there are some among them, doubtless, who will soon become candidates for our alms houses.

The Great Western, which sails to-morrow, will take out favorable accounts of the state of our cotton market, which has not as yet been affected by the fall of prices in Liverpool.

VERY SINGULAR.

A Negro woman in this Town was taken on Saturday with a vomiting and threw up an animal resembling in form a dog—about an inch and a half long—with tail, ears and every thing else, except hair, belonging to the canine race. On Sunday the woman was seized with another vomiting fit, and threw up four animals of the same description as the one thrown up on Saturday.

These varmints, which were seen by the foreman of this office, and many others, were alive when discharged from the stomach, and are now preserved in spirits.

This woman has anticipated the *dog days*.

Petersburg Intelligencer.

HORNED SNAKE.

A specimen of the rare and dangerous reptile (which is by many considered as having no existence except in fable) was recently killed on the plantation of Mr Wm W. Moore, in this county, about 16 miles from Tuskegee. A gentleman who assisted in killing the snake describes it as having been between 6 and 7 feet long; colored much like the rattle-snake; having at the end of the tail a horny spur, resembling in appearance that of a dunghill cock, except that it was cleft and capable of being opened, from which protruded a sharp instrument, supposed to be a sting.

The serpent above named is believed to be identical with what is sometimes called the Hoop Snake, from the fact that it occasionally assumes the form of a hoop and propels itself forward in that shape. It is to be regretted that a specimen of this snake could not be taken without mutilation, to be submitted to the examination of naturalists, and ultimately deposited in one of our public Museums; and it is hoped that the publication of this article may aid in producing such a result.

Macon (Ala) Republican.

MR. CALHOUN'S FRIENDS.—The removal of Mr. Van Ness (a friend of Mr. Calhoun, and a Democrat of course) from the Collectorship of New York, without cause assigned, and the substitution of Mr. Lawrence, "whose dish is always right side up when it rains porridge," a genuine Old Hunker, appears to have had more effect in opening the eyes of the Chivalry to the true state of things, than any preceding fact. Accompanied or preceded by numerous removals made on the same principle, it announces in terms quite audible and intelligible, that the door of office is closed for the remainder of the administration against the friends of John C. Calhoun. None were more active than they in securing Mr. Polk's election, but they are to share none of the honors and rewards. But for their exertions, Mr. Polk would have been distanced, but they are driven forth from the feast which they had spread! Yet this is by no means all or the worst. What is doing is but an indication of what is to be done. The proscription of Mr. Calhoun's friends is a declaration that the whole weight, influence and patronage of the Government will be exerted in favor of the succession of Silas Wright to the Presidency—an event as certain as that he lives and the Government and the Van Buren party can effect it.—*Richmond Whig.*

PRAISEWORTHY LIBERALITY.—The members of the bar in the city have raised by subscription nearly one thousand dollars for the relief of the widow and family of the late R. S. Wilson, whose suicide, committed in the Park a few weeks since caused so much excitement. They were in almost destitute condition, which is now happily alleviated by this most praiseworthy generosity.

N. Y. Courier.

NEW YORK.

New York is like the famous tower of Babel in two respects—its noise, and the confusion of its languages. It is a great bazaar, where people of every hue, stature, clime and tongue, congregate pell mell, all rushing after one great prize—MONEY. Its religions are as numerous as the nations from which its citizens are descended.

The correspondent of the National Intelligencer gives the following interesting sketch of their various creeds and churches:

"A curious volume might be written descriptive of the various churches in this city, the religions taught in them, with the characteristics of the officiating preachers. You may find sects here of every Christian creed, who have regular meetings on the Sabbath, and sincerely believe that they are the favored ones, who have the truth, while all the rest of the world are groping in error. The pew of the organ in the fine Catholic Church in Canal street, disturbs the photo-phical Infidel, who is haranguing his brethren on the origin of evil and the delusions of the Bible in the hall hard by. Here meet the Mormons, or Latter Day Saints, and, a few doors farther on, you may listen to an eloquent Unitarian, who has one of the most intellectual audiences in the city. In that dingy little building in Broome street, a plain looking man is preaching a discourse in the Welsh language; and come with me to this old hulk of a ship converted into a Bethel chapel, and moored to one of the piers in the North River, and you may hear the Rev. Mr Hedstrom, a countryman of Frederika Bremer, preach in Swedish to some of his sea faring brethren. The French language may be heard in three of our largest churches, two of which are costly and magnificent structures. There are two Swedenborgian societies, which are said to be increasing in number; and the Lutherans begin to be an important sect. An elegant Moravian chapel has recently been erected in Houston street. The Unitarians are putting up a handsome Church in Broadway near Prince street. But none of our religious societies have yet been able to compete with the Protestant Episcopalians in the splendor and size of their houses of worship. Trinity Church at the head of Wall street, and Grace Church, near Union Place, are now by far the most tasteful and ornamental buildings in the city, although it will be nearly a year before they are both completed. The former is built of brown freestone, and the latter of unpolished marble."

"Miss Brown, I have been to learn how to tell fortunes," said a young fellow to a brisk brunette. "Just let me have your hand, if you please."

"Let Mr White, how sudden you are! Well, go and ask my father"

"FATHER, TAKE ME IN"—A gentleman living in Cleveland, got up the other morning, and discovered a nice little baby, in a basket, at the door, with this inscription pinned on its cap:—"*Father take me in.*"

LOW SPIRITS, CAUSED BY THE PRESENCE of impure humors in the blood—Health, is the state of the body and *mind* which renders *mere existence* a blessing; any thing short of this is disease, and is caused by the accumulation of morbid humors in the blood, and other causes, by neglect of vegetable purging. The cure is very simple; open the natural channels of the body which nature has provided for the carrying out all impurities, and health will be sure to follow. This can be accomplished without any inconvenience, by the use of Dr. BRANDRETH'S VEGETABLE UNIVERSAL PILLS, which are known by the experience of thousands, to perfectly cleanse the blood from all foulness; to remove every morbid affection, and renovate weak and debilitated constitutions to perfect health and vigor.

☞ The above Pills are sold by agents throughout in every County of the State, and by WILL. PECK, wholesale and retail Agent, Raleigh.

POSTSCRIPT

WASHINGTON, June 19, 1845.

RESPECT TO THE MEMORY OF GEN JACKSON

Yesterday, in pursuance of the order of the President of the United States, all the public offices were closed, and all public business either in part, ended during the day.

At the opening of the Circuit Court, the death of General Jackson having been announced to the Court by Mr. MOORE, a member of the Bar, accompanied by some appropriate remarks, and a motion for the adjournment of the Court having been made, Chief Justice CRANCH responded on behalf of the Court, and ordered that the Court be adjourned to the following day, and it was adjourned accordingly

The offices of the Corporation were also closed yesterday morning by order of the Mayor, and the City, and all public business therein suspended during the remainder of the day.

The several Banks of the City were also shut throughout the day.—*Nat Intel.*

MARRIED,

At Little Rock, Arkansas, Gen. Solon Borland, Senior Editor of the Arkansas Banner, to Miss Mary Isabel, only daughter of Mr. George Melbourne, of that City.

In Warren, on the 7th inst., by the Rev. R. O. Burton, Dr. William H. Joyner to Miss Sarah Ann Clanton.

Died

In Halifax county, Va. on the morning of the 28th ultimo, Mrs. Susan W. Jameson, consort of the Rev. James Jamieson, of the North Carolina Conference.

In Milton, Mrs. Mary Nichols, (formerly of Orange county,) 82 years of age. She died in full hope of a happy immortality.

In Norfolk, Va. Elizabeth Felton, only child of Rev. Edward and Ann Eliza Wadsworth, aged 10 months.

On the 10th inst., in Granville County, in the 21st year of her age, Mrs. Martha C. Hellen, wife of Rev. R. T. Hellen.

At New York, on the 11th instant, in the 66th year of his age, William Robert Jaffray, one of the oldest Merchants in that City.

BACON AND LARD for sale; as well as Sugar, Molasses, Tea, Coffee, Butter, Salt Leather, &c., &c.

WILL. PECK.

June 20. 49—3t

Removal.

W. J. RAMSAY

Respectfully informs his old customers and the public in general, that he has removed his **Jewellery Establishment** to the North Carolina Book Store. He will devote his entire attention to Repairing all kinds of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry on terms to suit the difficulty of the times. All work warranted to perform well—Watches sent from a distance will be punctually attended to.

June 20, 1845 49—5t

Mrs. M. A. Ramsay

HAS removed her Millinery Establishment to Mr. Burke's house, on the south side of Hargett street, two doors below the corner, on Wilmington Street, where she would be glad to see her old customers and friends. Owing to the difficulty of the times, she has reduced her prices for work.

June 20, 1845. 49 5t

We are requested to announce **John C. Moore**, as a Candidate for the Superior Court Clerkship of Wake County.

June 19, 1845.

WE are requested to announce **William Stringer** as a Candidate for the Office of Superior Court Clerk in Wake County.

Raleigh, June 13.

We are requested to announce **James T. Marriott**, the present incumbent, as a candidate for the Office of County Court Clerk in Wake County.

June 12, 1845.

JUST RECEIVED,

A large lot of SALT, and FAMILY GROCERIES,

Which will be sold low for Cash.

JOHN R. WHITAKER.

June 19, 1845. 49 3w

CONCERT.

A Vocal and Instrumental Concert

will be given by Mr. C. H. OAKES, assisted by the members of the RALEIGH GLEE and INSTRUMENTAL SOCIETY, at the *City Hall*, on *Tuesday Evening*, June 24, 1845.

Officers of Reception:

HENRY D. TURNER and WM. STITH, Esqrs.

PROGRAMME:

PART I.

1. Agreeable March—2 Violins, Viola, Flute and Violoncello. *Rainer.*
2. Glee—See our oars with feather'd spray. (3 voices.) *Stevenson.*
3. Scene from the Opera of the Bohemian Girl. Instrumental. *Balfe.*
4. Song—Would I were a boy again. *Auber.*
5. Grand Waltz—Accompanied by Mr. Oakes. *Kalkwoda.*
6. Duetto—"The Minute Gun at Sea."
7. Waltz & Galop (Instrumental). *Lanner & Herolds*
8. Song—"The Moon's on the Lake"—celebrated Scotch Song of the "Gathering of the MacGregors." *Lee*

(*Intermission of 10 minutes.*)

PART II.

1. March of Austria. (Instrumental.) *Strauss.*
2. Duo—"Spring." *Geo. Loder.*
3. Quick Step—(Wrecker's daughter.) *Reef.*
4. Song—"Love is my Home." *Irish Melody.*
5. Marseilles Hymn. (Instrumental.) *French Air.*
6. Glee—"Gondolier Slave." *Hutchinson*
7. Olio—Scotch & Irish Reels, Ethiopian Melodies, &c.
8. Finale—"Auld Lang Syne," with chorus.

☞ Tickets 50 cents, admitting a Lady and Gentleman—to be had at the Bookstores; single tickets 37 cents. Concert to commence at 8 o'clock, precisely. Doors open at a quarter past 7 o'clock.

SELLING OFF AT COST.

FOR CASH.

GREAT BARGAINS TO BE HAD!!

THE Subscribers having determined to close their business in Raleigh at the earliest practicable period, will from and after this date, sell their elegant and extensive

Stock of Dry Goods—At Cost!

Their Assortment will be found very large, embracing the *newest* and *most desirable* goods and indeed every article usually kept in establishments of the kind.

We invite purchasers in town and country to give us a call.

Country Merchants of want of goods "to fill up" would find it greatly to their interest to look at our goods.

RUSSELL & ESKRIDGE.

Next door above R. Smith's

June 18, 1845 55-tf

NOTICE.

AS we are desirous of closing our business in this place as soon as possible, we respectfully request all indebted to us to come forward and make settlement

RUSSELL & ESKRIDGE.

June 18. 49-tf

PLOUGH POINTS COME AT LAST!

JUST received a new supply of cast Points to Richmond's Ploughs. Also, kept constantly on hand Lard's lines for the same.

Farmers should see that their Ploughs do not need the Slide, as with out them they may be ruined very soon.

JAMES M. TOWLES.

June 20. 49-tf.

CAUTION.

ALL persons are hereby forwarned, from trading with or crediting any body on my account as I am determined to pay no debt contracted in my name without a written order from me. This determination, I am resolutely resolved to adhere to.

WILLIAM A. COKLEY.

Wake County, June 19 1845. 49 3t

THE State of Mississippi.—*MONROE COUNTY.* Circuit Court April Term, 1845.

Samuel Thompson,

vs.

William Chambers.

Attachment $1224 00.

Ordered by the Court that publication be made in the Raleigh Register, a newspaper published in the City of Raleigh, North Carolina, once a week for six weeks successively, notifying the Defendant of the pendency of this suit, and that unless he enter his appearance at the next term of this Court, to be holden at the Court House, in the Town of Athens on the fourth Monday of October next, that judgment final will be rendered against him, and the property attached sold to satisfy the Plaintiff's demand.

A copy from the Minutes. Issued 24th May, 1845.

Test, AUSTIN POLLARD Clerk.

June 20, 1845. 49—6aw6w

HORSES AND CARRIAGES,

AT AUCTION,

On Tomorrow!

THE Undersigned will sell at Auction to the highest bidder, on Saturday the 21st inst. the following property for the benefit of the owners', who have no further use for them.

1. A pair of Baltimore Match Bay Horses, said to be large, well broke, sound and young and excellent travellers.
2. Two other Horses, well broken, and of good quality, and one of them a very fast trotter in harness.
3. A Family Coach, large and elegant y finished, of Northern manufacture, and used only a few weeks, together with the Harness to suit.
4. A Carry-All and Stag's Harness, and a Horse Cart and Gear, all nearly new and in good order.

The sale will be positive and without reserve, and will be made on Saturday next, at 4 o'clock, P. M., in front of the Court House, in this City, on a credit of six months for approved notes made negotiable and payable at the Bank of the State of N. C.

WM. PECK, Auctioneer.

Raleigh, June 13, 1845. 48-3t