THE WEEKLY RALEIGH REGISTER,
AND NORTH CAROLINA GAZETTE.

Published every Friday, by WESTON R. GALES, Editor and Proprietor, at Three Dollars per Annum.

VOL. XLVII. FRIDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1845. NO. 9.

RALEIGH REGISTER.

"Our's are the plans of fair delightful peace,
"Unwarp'd by party rage to live like brothers."

RALEIGH, N. C

Tuesday, December 2, 1845.

ESCAPE FROM PRISON.

On Saturday night last, James Bryan, of whose capture and attempt to cut his throat, we made mention some weeks ago, effected his escape from our Jail, by opening a passage through the roof, and letting himself down with blanket tied together.

☞ The Hon. William H. Battle has been appointed to preside at the Special Court, in the County of Granville, which commenced yesterday.

N. C. ALMANAC.

Turner & Hughes' North Carolina Almanac for 1846, with a copy of which we have been favored, contains a greater variety of readable matter than usual, besides the Astronomical and other calculations, times of holding Courts, &c.

SOUTHERN QUARTERLY REVIEW.

We have just received the November No. of this valuable work. It contains, besides Critical Notices, nine articles, the most interesting of which appear to be, on a hasty glance, those on "the Rail Road communication between Charleston, Savannah and Nashville," on "Slavery in the Southern States," on "The State of Georgia,—its Duties and Destiny."

EFFECT OF DIET.

The edibles and potables that we daily dispose of, must have a very considerable influence upon our minds. The celebrated Dr. Harvey once said to a Pupil, who had a predilection for malt liquor—"If you will *drink* Ale, you will *think* Ale;" and there was more truth in the averment than might, at first sight, be imagined, for body and mind must assimilate to a certain extent with that which sustains them.—Varieties of temperament in Animals, will often be found to have reference to the different food in which each species delights, and it is by no means improbable that the National character of human societies may be modified by their favorite diet. The suppleness and levity of the Italian may be derived from Maccaroni and Vermicelli; German phlegm and acerbity from Sour Krout, Sausages and Vin-de-grave; the insubordination of the Irish *peelers* and *re-pealers*, from Potatoes; French lightness and vivacity from Ragouts and Champagne; and the solid, but somewhat crude character of the English, from feeding upon huge joints of Beef, and the richest Plum-pudding.

☞ Last Tuesday, (says the Richmond Enquirer,) a Resolution was offered in the Georgia Senate for the election of a United States Senator *from* the 4th March, 1847, and rejected by a vote of 23 to 23, the President (Chappell) giving the casting vote in the negative. This is a sign that the election will be deferred till the Session of 1847.

☞ If any one will but think a moment, it will be apparent, that it is harder to avoid censure, than to gain applause; for this may be done by one great or wise action in an age—but to escape censure, a man must pass his whole life without saying or doing one ill or foolish thing.

☞ Miles Ivy, for challenging Hosea Callaway to a rencontre with deadly weapons, has been tried and found guilty of a breach of the law against duelling, in such case made and provided, in the State of Alabama. Judge Goldwaite, has sentenced him to one year's imprisonment in the State Penitentiary, at hard labor. This is the first conviction under the statute.

A PEARL.

The "Nashville Banner" states that an orphan boy residing near the mouth of the Cumberland river, who obtained a scanty living by fishing, recently picked up a small white stone which he kept for its beauty. A gentleman who accidentally caught sight of it, saw that it was a Pearl: and told the boy, who was willing to sell it for a few pennies, not to part with it, as it was very valuable, and could be sold for enough to pay for his education. It was taken to a Jeweller's, and is said to be worth at least $5000.—It is now in Philadelphia, and is 3-8ths of an inch in diameter, weighs 18 grains, and is without a flaw or defect.

ELECTION IN NEW YORK.

The Albany Journal publishes complete returns of the votes cast in that State at the beginning of last month for State Senators. With the exception of Duchess, they are all copied from Official returns, in the office of the Secretary of State, and furnish the following memoranda: Total Whig vote, 153,875; Locofoco, 154,385; Abolition, 14,965; Native American, 10,182. The majority for the Locofoco Senators over the Whig, in the entire State, is only 510 votes!

☞ Hon. Edward Everett has consented to take the Presidency of Harvard University, and will of course be chosen. No better selection could have been made.

LOOK OUT FOR SQUALLS.

Mr. Turney, the new Tennessee Senator has published a "Card" of some length, defending himself and those who voted for him against the attacks of Mr Polk's and Mr. Nicholson's friends and defining his present position. The "Card," it seems, displeases Mr. Nicholson, of the *Nashville Union*, who is down upon its author with great severity. It also gives great displeasure to some of Mr. Polk's intimate friends in Washington—particularly that part of it which *hits*, so dexterously, Mr. Polk for the declaration, in his "Kane Letter," about Tariff discrimination *for the protection, equality, of all the interests of the country!* Mr. Turney pronounces the idea "an absurdity," in the very face of the "Kane letter!" Mr. Polk's friends are also displeased with Mr. Turney for avowing General Jackson's old and honest doctrine, that the proceeds of the sales of the Public Lands ought to be (when the revenue from the Customs is equal to the current expenses of the Government, and there is no debt to pay off,) distributed among the States! Some of them openly declare that the Locofoco party in Tennessee is now fairly broken up, no more to be *in* the ascendant!

FLORIDA.

Mr. Cabell has announced in a letter addressed, through the Sentinel of November 18, to the People of Florida, that he will take the seat to which he was recently elected. He states that as the time had arrived for the Representative to set out for Washington, and as he had delayed accepting the commission tendered him by the Governor till the last moment, as the majority was not yet ascertained by official return, he thought it his duty to accept the commission. He declares his belief that he is elected in fact as well as in law, and believing this he has determined to serve until it is shown that he did not receive the majority of legal votes. We make a single extract from his letter.

"As I have already said, I am equally convinced that an impartial investigation of the polls will show that I have *a decided majority of all the legal votes, cast at the late election.*

"Under these circumstances I have *no right* to suffer myself to be influenced by a desire to be relieved from an embarrassing position, and thus subject you to the trouble and the State to the expense of a new election. The official returns, *to this date*, show a majority in my favor, and I have no right to deprive you of the services of a Representative in Congress, because it is *rumored* that it will, *at some time or other*, be decided that I was not the People's choice, especially when I have reliable information which induces me to believe that the result cannot be varied."

SALE OF RAIL ROAD.

In speaking of the approaching Sale of the Rail Road, the "Fayetteville Observer" says—

"We understand from various sources, that those interested in the Rail Road North and South of us are exceedingly anxious to form a connection on the Metropolitan Route. If this place a very large subscription may not be made, under the circumstances at present existing; but it will be such, we doubt not, as will manifest a disposition to do our part in a work of so much importance to us; which would make this one of the great thorough-fares of travel—a travel which has materially increased, and will be still greatly added to by the improvements in Georgia. We learn that the Rail Roads in that State are now rapidly approaching the Tennessee River, and it is even said, that in a few weeks *the Mail from Nashville, Tenn., will take this direction*, in which it will be conveyed 48 hours quicker than on the Western route. This must turn a heavy current of travel this way, which would be perhaps quadrupled if the connection were complete, and the Rail Road communication continued through North and South Carolina."

DEATH AMONG THE INTEMPERATE.

The "N. Y. Evening Post" states, on the authority of the Coroner, that inquests have been held on the bodies of six hundred and thirty-four persons, and comments as follows:

"Of this number, full three fifths died from the effects of intemperance, making a total of three hundred and eighty persons, who died suddenly in consequence of indulging in habits of intoxication, and upon whom it was necessary to hold inquests. The average cost to the city for holding an inquest is about six dollars, and by multiplying the number of deaths caused by intemperance by six, we ascertain that, in one year, it cost the city for holding inquests on inebriates the sum of $2 289. This is independent of the value of the time of our citizens, who are called to sit as Jurors, and the expense of burying the inebriates who have been made poor by their beastly habits. Allowing then that the value of the time of Jurors amounted to three dollars for each inquest, and we have the further sum of $1,140, which added to the sum previously mentioned, makes a total of $3,400.

We do not mention these things as a mere calculation of dollars and cents, but simply to show one item of the expenses to which the city is subjected in consequence of intemperance."

OREGON.

The Journal of Commerce gives the following *glowing* description of that portion of Oregon for which the Administration is so belligerent:

As to the lands in Oregon between 40 and 54 40, they are about the most miserable to be found on the American continent. We shall have occasion to speak of them more particularly in a day or two. It is sufficient now to say, quoting Greenhow, whose principal work on Oregon has been published by order of Congress—"New Caledonia is the name given by British traders to the country extending North and West of the Columbia regions to the 56th parallel of latitude. *It is a sterile land of snow-clad mountains, tortuous rivers, and lakes frozen over nearly two-thirds of the year; presenting scarcely a single spot in which any of the vegetables used as food by civilized people can be produced.* This (excepting one degree and 20 minutes of latitude,) is the glorious country, a thousand leagues distant, that we talk of fighting about, if we cannot get it any other way.—The worst we wish to any of these fighting characters, is, that they were sent off to the territory in question, and compelled to live there the remainder of their days. In many respects it is worse than Siberia, the Russian Botany Bay. Between lat. 49 and the Columbia river, there is some good land, but not much.

Fighting Boys.—Gen. Green, in his History of the Texan Expedition against Mier, observes that those Texan soldiers who had the most bloody mottos painted upon their caps were the last to prove them true, and he does not recollect one with a "liberty or death" motto who did not take the liberty of returning home a little too soon.

It is aptly enough remarked by the Baltimore American that the illustration here given of loud talking bravery should be kept in mind when we hear noisy declaimers about war treating it as though it be to them a mere holiday amusement.

Mr. Gales: Permit me to express the gratification I received from attending the examination of the Pupils of the North Carolina Literary, Scientific and Military Academy on Friday last. Although I was called away before the exercises were closed, I had an opportunity for the Classes I heard examined, as well as from former visits to the School, to judge of the proficiency of the Pupils, and the faithfulness of their Instructors: and it gives me pleasure to bear my testimony to both. It was evident that it was the object of the Teachers to test the improvement of the Pupils during the past Session, and not to shew them off to a great advantage, as is too often the case in some Schools, by asking a set of questions, carefully prepared for the occasion. I was sorry to have lost the opportunity of hearing the reading of the Compositions, which I am told reflected great credit upon the young gentlemen who wrote them. A reward of a Gold Pen was given to the writer of the best Composition. This was delivered to the successful competitor, with a very appropriate Address by His Excellency, Gov. Graham. The exercises were closed with a display of skill in Fencing, which I had not the pleasure of witnessing. Without wishing to disparage other Schools in the least, I think the Institution deserves a full share of public patronage.

A VISITER

NEW COMPANY.

We have been informed that a new Company has been formed by several of our enterprising business men for the navigation of the Cape Fear River, under the title of the "The Steam Boat Navigation Company." The object of this Company is to place boats upon the river of such light draught as will secure navigation at almost every stage of the water. For the purpose new Landers of the very lightest draught have been contracted for; and a gentleman in Boston, (to N. North to such a new steamer of the least possible draught that can be [illegible] The steamer Governor Dudley, having [illegible] is now undergoing thorough repair. We believe that the Company will be ready to go into operation by the first of next month. By these steamarrangement, prompt and regular facilities will be afforded to [illegible] their goods from Wilmington. We look to new Company will succeed, [illegible] operations may prove profitable to itself and advantageous to the community at large.

Wilmington Journal.

Mr. Berrien has consented to remain in the U. S. Senate, in accordance with the request of the Whigs of the Legislature of Georgia. A letter from Milledgeville to the Augusta Chronicle, announcing Mr. Berrien's re-election to the Senate, says:

"The Whigs held a meeting to night at Beech & Brown's Hotel, for the purpose of calling on Mr. B. to address them in reply to the Legislative action on this morning, unanimously re-electing him to fill the vacancy occasioned by his own resignation. Mr. Hall was called to the chair, and briefly stated the object of the meeting. Mr. Harris moved that the Chair appoint a committee of three to wait on Mr. Berrien and apprise him of the desire of the meeting. The Chair appointed messrs Harris, R[illegible] and Cowling. In a few minutes Mr. B. made his appearance and was greeted with hearty applause by an ardent and densely crowded audience. Mr. B. now with evidence of deep and affecting emotion. Of the address itself, and its influences of enthusiasm on his hearers, what can I say in description? It [illegible] necessary for me to say, I believe, that though his position on the Texas and other [illegible] In a few days his speech will be published. At the close of his address he immediately retired. Mr. Meyer then offered a resolution expressive of the gratification of the meeting at Mr. B's acceptance of the office of Senator—and, also, for the appointment of a committee of 3 to request a copy of his speech for publication—which were both unanimously responded to. The chair appointed Messrs. Meyer, [illegible] and Dixon. This gigantic effort of intellect [illegible] the vindication of truth—this triumphant explanation of misconception, will, in a few days, be spread before the voters of Georgia."

From the Fayetteville Observer.

Mr. Hale: Supposing that the accompanying letter written by one of our deaf mutes at Raleigh, after attending school nearly six months, would (if published) be the means of encouraging some friends to that unfortunate class of persons to avail themselves of the facilities now offered for enlightening their minds, I have taken the liberty of forwarding it to you, and ask of it as a favor a place in your columns. [illegible] you will favor us and our readers.

There are a number of deaf and dumb persons in our State who for some reasons are kept away from the school at Raleigh, established expressly for their instruction. Our Legislature has made provision for the aid of those who cannot be educated on their own resources. Then it seems to me there can be no just reason for keeping them in ignorance and dooming them the only means of becoming [illegible]

As it is but recently comparatively speaking, since institutions of the kind were first established, and but very recently in our State, it may be there are some persons who are yet in doubt whether the deaf and dumb *can* be taught at all, as if ever taught, that it will require an age to accomplish any thing of importance. Supposing this *may* be the reason of some for keeping the unfortunate children at home, is the cause of my troubling you with this communication. Of course I can have no motive for asking the public ear but to convince those who may be in doubt as to the education of the dumb, that it is not at all impossible.

It will be readily discovered that there are some superfluous words in the letter, but which the reader is informed that it was written without any correction whatever, by a little deaf and dumb boy, twelve years old, who six months ago knew not a letter, he will make all necessary allowances.

I will here further state, that previous to entering school the boy had a great distaste to books, and could not be prevailed on to make any effort to learn. Notwithstanding this, I believe I may safely say there [illegible] many who have the advantages of hearing and speaking that would not have done better, and perhaps not so well, in the same length of time. But to the letter itself.

Raleigh November 6th, 1845.

My dear mother

I like to write a letter to you. I wish to see you all. I like school. I wish to improve. Mr Totten teaches me. I am well. The pupils well. you must write to a me. My love to see you all.

your son
JOHN H PEARSALL.

The above is John's own composition, *without any correction*. He has been under instruction six months. WM D. COOKE

As already stated, my only motive in asking this publication is the hope that it may reach the parent of some mute, and that that parent may see from the above that their child can be taught.

Your very humble servant,
W. D. PEARSALL.

Duplin, Nov. 22, 1845.

Hillsborough, November 27.

A Whig Convention.—The Raleigh Register states that the Whig party will hold a State Convention, on the 12th of January. We heartily concur in the proposition. For some time we have debated the question in our mind, as to the expediency of calling a Whig Convention at all; but have become settled in the conviction that one ought to be held for a very obvious reason. No doubt Gov. Graham's administration of the duties of the Executive Chair has been satisfactory to the people of the State,—the whole people,—without reference to party; but another election is to be had in August next, and before the people can have an opportunity of expressing their approbation of his course in a tangible, undoubted form, some preliminary steps must be taken. He was before presented by the Whig party to the people of the State, and the people accepted him; it behooves that party again to accord his acceptance of the nomination, and to present him as the worthy representative of their principles. He will not come before the people as before,—such has never been the course. With a characteristic modesty, only proportioned to his intrinsic worth, he has always been sought for, and has never asked distinction. Office and distinction have been thrust upon him, and he has acquitted himself well, so that they who have asked his services have felt that it was a favor received and not altogether one *conferred*. The Whig party, therefore, owe it to themselves to meet in [illegible] to him that approval which he well [illegible] on this occasion, of "well done thou good and [illegible] servant"—and to *solicit* his acceptance of a nomination for a second term. We know Mr. Graham well to believe that he would decline, if the success of his Whig friends for him to continue in the office [illegible] unless for substantial and cogent reasons. He is not the man to desert a post when duty [illegible] We say, then, let the Convention be held on the 12th of January; and we hope the Delegates will be elected immediately upon Delegates Conventions [illegible] when it may.—*Recorder.*

WHIG CONVENTION.

The Hillsborough Register states that the Whigs of that place are in favor of holding a Convention on the 12th of January to nominate a Candidate for Governor. To the call for a Convention, we of course would give our assent, if the Whig press of the State, but we would particularly direct their attention to the importance of going into Convention, as advised, for the purpose of nominating the present incumbent. So far we have no information that any one else is spoken of or proposed; but it would be unwise to have the Convention [illegible] without a previous expression of opinion in favor, as it seems, of some one man. The ambitious selections, or at least, the first choice of the people are not [illegible] Now we are not willing to hazard the defeat of the Whigs by any ambitious manœuvring; which might result from the selection of a Candidate by a Convention, not previously designated by the people. In favor of calling a Convention we urge the Whigs on this occasion to hesitate themselves. We choose to the Western counties a full representation.—*Standard.*

MARRIED,

In this County, on the 20th inst., by the Rev. Samuel Wilder, Mr. William Mooneyham, to Miss Rebecca Martin, formerly of Johnston County.

In this County, by W. A. Harrison, Esq., on Thursday the 20th ultimo, Mr. Charles Sugg, to Miss Nancy H. Pool.

On Wednesday, the 19th ult., in the City of Washington, by the Rev. Dr. French, Dr. James Johnson, of Northampton County, N. C., to Miss E. J. Mason, of Southampton, Va.

Shingles---Shingles.

TWO DOLLARS per thousand will be paid in Cash for good heart pine Shingles, of 18 inches in length, well drawn, and will just fit at least 4 inches wide, delivered soon at the Depot on the Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road Company.

Raleigh, Dec. 1, 1845. 3w 1m

Did you ever hear the like?

THERE has been established in the vicinity of Raleigh,

AN AXE FACTORY,

Three quarters of a mile from the Market House, on the road leading to Fayetteville.

The Proprietor has had 25 years experience in the business, at the North and South, and those who have used Articles of his manufacture, such as Axes, Adzes, Chisels, Drawing Knives, &c., pronounce them equally as good and cheap as those made at the North. Steel put into old Axes, and made as good as new, for 75 cents.

P. S. On hand, a large lot of first rate AXES, for sale by the dozen or retail.

Dec. 1, 1845. 35-4t

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!!

The Sign of the Red Blanket Coats,

Fayetteville Street, Raleigh,

IS THE PLACE for Bargains. Intending to change my present business at the North, I offer my stock of Clothing at Philadelphia *Cost* prices, and cheaper than can be purchased in any Northern Market. The Goods are all fresh, and the selection Fall. The workmanship is as good as can be made. I will warrant every Garment sewed, and a fit. Call, if you please, and judge for yourselves. The Clothing is at private Sale, and for examination, at any time. I have also on hand a lot of DRY GOODS, that I received for a claim due me. I will sell cheap—*Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings*, and some Fancy Goods.

A. ASCHERS.

Raleigh, Dec. 1, 1845. 95

SALE OF LAND.

BY VIRTUE of a Decree of the Court of Equity for the County of Franklin, I shall proceed, on the 2d Monday of December next, at the Court house in the Town of Louisburg, to sell

A TRACT OF LAND

Of about Three Hundred Acres, belonging to the Estate of the late Mrs. Lucy T. Kittrell, and lying on the East side of Lynch's Creek, in the said County.

This Tract of Land is situated ten miles North-West of the Town of Louisburg, and within one mile of the Road leading from that place to Oxford, having on it a good Dwelling House and convenient outhouses and a never-failing Spring of pure water, within one hundred yards of the House; and would afford a delightful Summer residence to persons from the low country.

Terms. The purchaser will be required to give bond, payable in one and two years, with interest from the day of sale, and approved security.

ROB. B. GILLIAM,
Executor of Mrs. E. T. Kittrell.

Oct 17, 1845. 85—law4s

GLUE AND ISINGLASS.

A LARGE supply of Cabinet Glue, White Glue, and Coopers' Isinglass, just to hand, and for sale by

P. F. PESCUD.

Oct. 27. 85

Public Notice.

WHEREAS, the Legislature of 1813 passed an Act to incorporate a Mutual Insurance Company, and appointed the following thirteen Directors, viz: George W. Mordecai, Richard Smith, William Peace, Thomas Loring, Wm. C. Tucker, Sylvester Smith, John Primrose, Avery Stith of Raleigh; Samuel Simpson of Newbern; Edward J. Hale, of Fayetteville; Henry K. Nash, of Hillsboro; Peter R. Davis, of Warrenton; and Smith Anderson, of Franklin County. And the Directors having neglected to call a meeting for organization, this public notice is given, to request each of them to attend in the City of Raleigh on Tuesday, the 16th day of December instant at 2 o'clock at the State House, as it is believed the Company will be organized on that day, and a sum sufficient subscribed to carry into execution the Act of incorporation. At this meeting, punctual attendance is requested, and those Directors from a distance, are requested, if not inconvenient to attend, to write to some of the Directors here, giving a list of Gentlemen as they wish to name, with the amount of such public amount as they may think will be required in their Towns and Neighborhood.

THE DIRECTORS.

Raleigh, Dec. 1st 1845 95—tm

Splendid Lotteries.

J. G. GREGORY & CO. Managers.

$50,000.

$25,000! $10,000!

ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY

CLASS G, FOR 1845,

To be drawn in Alexandria, D. C., on Saturday, December 13th 1845.

BRILLIANT SCHEME.

1 Grand Capital of	$50,000
1 Splendid prize of	15,000
1 do.	10,000
1 do	5,000
1 do	4,000
1 do	3,333
50 Prizes of	1,000
100 do	400
150 do	300
&c.	&c. &c.

78 NUMBER LOTTERY—12 DRAWN BALLOTS.

Tickets only $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2 50
Certificates of Packages of 26 Whole Tickets $130
Do. do of 26 Half do 65
Do. do of 26 Quarter do 32 50

$60,000,

In 6 Prizes of $10,000.

ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY

CLASS H, FOR 1845

To be drawn in Alexandria D. C., on Saturday, December 20th, 1845.

6 Capitals of $10,000 are to

$50,000.

$3,503! $2,210!

25 prizes of 1,000 dollars!
50 do 400 dollars!
200 do 200 dollars!
&c. &c.

75 No. Lottery—13 Drawn Ballots.

Tickets only $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2 50
Certificates of Packages of 25 Whole Tickets $130
Do. do 25 Half do 65
Do. do 25 Quarter do 32 50

$35,291.

ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY.

CLASS 41, FOR 1845

To be drawn in Alexandria, D. C., on Saturday, December 27th, 1845.

GRAND SCHEME

$35,291	
12,345	
6,000	
3,000	
2,073	

75 Prizes of $1,000.

140 Prizes of 100 dollars!

&c. &c. &c.

Tickets only $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2 50
Certificates of Packages of 26 Whole Tickets $130 00
Do. do of 26 Half do 70 00
Do. do of 26 Quarter do 35 00

Orders for Tickets and Shares or Certificates of Packages in the above Splendid Lotteries will receive the most prompt attention, and the official account of *each drawing* sent immediately after it is over to all who order from us. Address,

J. G. GREGORY & CO. Managers,
Washington City, D. C.

BANK OF STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

THE Annual General Meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank, will be held at their Banking house in this City on the *first* Monday in January next.

C. DEWEY, Cashier.

Raleigh, Dec. 1st, 1845. 95—
97 Star, Standard, and Independent, 4 times

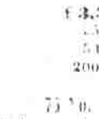
Just Published and Received,

TURNER & HUGHES'

NORTH CAROLINA ALMANAC FOR 1846.

FOR Sale at the North Carolina Bookstore by Wholesale or Retail. Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

December 1st. 95—



HARRIS' HOTEL,

CONCORD, NORTH CAROLINA,

The Subscriber has the pleasure to inform his old friends and customers, and the public generally, that he has recently purchased the large BRICK HOUSE adjoining the North-West corner of the Court House, in the Town of Concord, and has fitted it up in a fashionable and comfortable style as a HOUSE for the accommodation of the public. His house has been thoroughly repaired—his rooms are large and conveniently arranged, and his furniture is entirely new. His Hostler is not surpassed by any in the State. He flatters himself that from his long experience in the business, he is able to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call. All I ask is a fair trial. Call and judge for yourselves.

KIAH P. HARRIS.

Concord, N. C. May 13, 1845. 40 tf

TEMPERANCE DISCOURSE.

The Executive Committee are gratified to announce to the public, that the Rev. **David S. Doggett,** the distinguished Prof. of Rhetoric, &c. in Randolph Macon College, will deliver a Discourse on Temperance, in this City, during the session of the approaching State Temperance Convention—Notice of particular time and place will hereafter be given. THOS. J. LEMAY, *Cor. Sec.*

Raleigh, Nov. 26, 1845

UNIVERSITY.

THE annual meeting of the Board of Trustees of the University, will be held at the Executive Office, on Monday, the 22d day of December next.

By Order,
CHAS. MANLY,
Secretary.

Raleigh, Nov. 30, 1845. 98
*** Star and Standard.

NOTICE

To Travellers Going North.

WE would respectfully state to the Travelling Public that we have [illegible] will daily, (Sundays excepted,) all statements and speculations to the contrary.

The public are assured that we have now a sufficient number of Steamers to keep up the line daily, which we will continue as long as the patronage will justify.

Fare from Weldon to Baltimore, meals included
on Steamers, $9 00
" " Petersburg to " 6 00
" " " to Norfolk " 3 00

The Fare by this Line is TWO DOLLARS LESS to Baltimore than by the Mail Line.

Due notice will be given of the withdrawal of the Daily Line.

WM. M. MOODY, Jr., Agent.
Office James River and Bay Line.
Weldon, N. C., Nov. 27th 1845. 95—

Old Court of Fortune.

220 BROADWAY.

SPECIAL AGENCY for the City of New York, where millions have been distributed to the fortunate.

The subscriber would invite the early attention of all persons desirous of a chance in any of the following Brilliant Schemes, soon to be drawn, under the management of Messrs. J. G. Gregory & Co. successors to Messrs. Yates & McIntire, and Messrs. D. Payne & Co.

Every person ordering tickets of the subscriber will receive the official drawing, published in the Bulletin, newspaper. The same paper will also contain a list of schemes ahead.

Money can at the solvent banks in the United States, and Canada, received at par for tickets sold at the Old Court of Fortune, 220 Broadway; and the postage is always paid by the subscriber on all letters containing $5 and upward.

☞ Money can be sent by mail with perfect safety, and all letters are punctually answered the same day as received. All communication with this office strictly confidential.

Be particular and address

JOSEPH HOUGH, 220 Broadway.

3 $25,000 is $75,000.

GRAND CONSOLIDATED LOTTERY,

FOR BENEFIT OF COLLEGE AND ACADEMY,

For improving the navigation of Roanoke River, and for the benefit of Fort Caswell Academy.

Class 28 for 1845, to be drawn at Wilmington, (Del.) Saturday, Dec. 20, 1845.

78 Numbers—13 Drawn Ballots.

D. PAYNE & CO. Managers.

SCHEME.

1	25,000	25,000
1	20,000	20,000
1	25,000	25,000
1	10,000	10,000
1	4,214	4,214
1	3,000	3,000
2	2,000	4,000
3	1,500	4,500
25	1,000	30,000
20	1,250	25,000
20	1,000	20,000
150	500	75,000
60	150	9,000
66	100	6,600
60	80	5,280
60	60	3,960
120	40	5,280
2,960	24	95,040
25,740	12	308,880

30,316 amounting to $614,684

Tickets $12—Halves $6—Quarters $3.

A Certificate of a Package of 26 Tickets will be sent for $160—Shares in proportion.

A Grand Capital Prize of

$20,000.

NEW JERSEY STATE LOTTERY,

For the benefit of the Society for the Encouragement of Useful Manufactory, Class 122, for 1845, to be drawn at Jersey City, N. J. on Monday, Dec. 29, 1845.

75 Numbers—12 Drawn Ballots.

J. G. Gregory & Co. Managers.

SCHEME.

1	20,000	20,000
1	5,000	5,000
1	2,500	2,500
1	2,145	2,145
1	2,000	2,000
10	1,500	15,000
10	1,250	12,500
10	1,000	10,000
10	200	2,000
20	150	3,000
155	100	15,500
65	50	3,150
63	40	2,520
120	30	3,780
120	20	2,520
3,780	10	37,800
23,430	5	117,180

27,814 amounting to $256,505

Whole $5—Halves $2½—Quarters $1¼.

A certificate of a package of 25 tickets will be sent for $60. Shares in proportion.

PACKAGES.

It will be observed that the price of a *Certificate* of a Package of Tickets is the amount of *risk* only—or, in other words, the difference between the cost of a Package and the *lowest* amount it can possibly draw. When Packages are ordered the amount of *risk* only has to be sent. When single Tickets are ordered, the whole sum must be enclosed.

All money letters invariably come safe by mail, if addressed to JOSEPH HOUGH,
220 Broadway, N. Y.

Reference—Messrs. J. G. Gregory & Co.

JOB PRINTING

Neatly executed at this Office,
And at the shortest notice.