

increased taxation necessary to... I have already attempted... the road ends as the people to... eight times as much as they... will not make a most ex... increased value of real estate... improvements as I have in a... be a doubt, but in a... revenue from this source... annual interest on the debt... enhanced will be the means... Where there is wealth... heavy tax is less bur... with poverty, want... comfortable, the laborer... with an annual tax of two... cents a day with an annu... The former sur... of this road may... will enhance our means to... no longer, but conclude... the interest, the industry... citizen, farmer, mechan... or professional man; or... identified with the State... respectability of this road may... the feelings of patriotism... to come up to the mark...

inform Mr. Shepard. We waited on him separately. In our interview—I am at liberty to say this much—Mr. S. did complain of Mr. Badger personally, but said nothing to me about the Compromise bill. He did not say he would not vote for Mr. Badger, but said as he did afterwards several times, he "hoped to be able to act with his friends." Mr. Rayner also conversed with him, and at our next meeting, after the appointment of the committee, he reported that Mr. Shepard had not said whether he would or would not vote for Mr. Badger, but had given rather an indefinite answer.

Had he communicated to Mr. Rayner, that he (Mr. S.) objected to Mr. Badger because of his vote on the Compromise bill, on any man doubt that Mr. Rayner would have informed him of his own opinions? Was it not due to Mr. Shepard's friends, if not to the Whig party, that he should have made known the grounds of his objection to Mr. Badger?

Mr. Shepard does not seem to relish his having been referred to as "Mr. Senatorial." I did not use the word with any design of giving him offence, but I had heard from one of his friends that he would accept the office, if elected to the Senate, and I had satisfactory reason for believing that his friend spoke by authority; and I used the term to avoid being called to order, as it had been ruled by some of our Speakers pro tem, that it was out of order to refer to Senators by name.

Mr. Shepard says it was disposed "to imitate the temper of Mr. Stanly's speech," &c., &c., "that he too might use an epithet, and call me Mr. would-be-Foreign Minister"—and then he does me the honor to add, that he "signed his recommendation to the President, Gen. Taylor, for a foreign mission, with the greatest pleasure; nor am I disposed to impeach his motives because he aspires to an office to which he is fairly entitled, by his talents and his services."

But for this statement, I should not have felt bound to give any answer to Mr. Shepard's card; and the civil manner in which he speaks of me would disarm resentment, if I felt any towards him. In justice to myself, however, I wish to say that "the recommendation" which he signed was prepared and submitted to him and to others who signed it, without my solicitation, knowledge, or advice. I have never thrust myself forward, as one having claims for office; I have not solicited my friends to procure office for me. I "aspire" only to be regarded as one, duly grateful for the honors conferred on him by his fellow citizens; and the nearest wish to whose heart it, that he may be able to aid, in upholding the honor and advancing the interest of his native State, and to preserve her free from the contaminating influences of the fell spirit of division.

Those papers that have published Mr. Shepard's card, will please insert this.

EDWARD STANLY.  
Washington, March 15, 1849.

THE GENTLEMAN.  
When you have found a man, you have not far to find a gentleman. You cannot make a gold ring out of brass. You cannot change a Cape May chrysolite into a diamond. You cannot make a gentleman out of a man. To be a gentleman, it will not be sufficient to have had a grandfather. To be a gentleman, you must be born as the teller or the toilet. Blood will degenerate. Good clothes are not good habits. The Prince Lee Boe concluded that the hog, in England, was the only gentleman, as being the only thing that did not labor.

A gentleman is just a gentleman; no more, no less; a diamond polished, that was first a diamond in the rough. A gentleman is gentle. A gentleman is modest. A gentleman is generous. A gentleman is slow to take offence, as being one that never gives it. A gentleman is slow to surmise evil, as being one that never thinks it. A gentleman goes armed only in consciousness of right. A gentleman subjects his appetites. A gentleman refuses his taste. A gentleman subdues his feelings. A gentleman controls his speech. A gentleman deems every other better than himself. Sir Philip Sidney was never so good a gentleman—mirror though he was of England's knight-hood—as when, upon the field of Zutphen, as he lay in his own blood, he waived the draught of cold spring water, that was brought to quench his mortal thirst, in favor of a dying soldier. St. Paul described a gentleman, when he exhorted the Philippians: "Whatever things are true, whatever things are honest, whatever things are just, whatever things are pure, whatever things are of good report, if there be any virtue, and if there be any praise, think on these things."

And Dr. Isaac Harrow, in his admirable sermon on the calling of a gentleman, pointedly says, "he should labor and study to be a leader unto virtue and a notable promoter thereof; directing and exciting men thereto by his exemplary conversation; encouraging them by his countenance and authority; rewarding the goodness of meaner people by his bounty and favor; he should be such a gentleman as Noahy, who preached righteousness, by his words and works, before a profane world."

Bishop Doane.  
POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES  
The following statistics are obtained from the Report for 1848, recently submitted to Congress by the Commissioner of the Patent Office.  
The present population of the United States is estimated at 21,986,000. The number allotted to each State is as follows: Maine 615,000; New Hampshire 808,000; Massachusetts 878,000; Rhode Island 135,000; Connecticut 340,000; Vermont 310,000; New York 2,880,000; New Jersey 425,000; Pennsylvania 2,230,000; Delaware 85,000; Maryland 510,000; Virginia 1,295,000; North Carolina 780,000; South Carolina 620,000; Georgia 825,000; Alabama 716,000; Mississippi 670,000; Louisiana 490,000; Tennessee 930,000; Kentucky 880,000; Ohio 1,980,000; Indiana 1,000,000; Illinois 800,000; Missouri 589,000; Arkansas 300,000; Michigan 420,000; Florida 800,000; Wisconsin 250,000; Iowa 150,000; Texas 150,000 District of Columbia 48,000; Oregon 50,000.  
The total population in 1840 was 17,063,353; increase since that time (according to the above estimate) 4,922,647.

MR. WEBSTER CONQUERED.  
The Washington correspondent of the Springfield Republican mentions the following amusing incident. Mr. Foote was addressing the Senate, when Mr. Webster asked leave to interrupt him a moment.  
Mr. Foote turned towards Mr. W., who was sitting behind him, and addressed him, as nearly as I can recollect, in the following strain: "The honorable Senator from Massachusetts, the distinguished Senator from Massachusetts, the statesman, the orator, the scholar, the philosopher—(here Mr. W. who, up to this point had kept his eye fixed on Mr. F., covered his face with both hands, and Mr. F. then proceeded as follows:—"the man whose speeches are destined to live as long as the English language, he who will hereafter rank alongside the Demosthenes and Burkes of our own race—"Mr. Webster's patience seemed to be exhausted at this point, and he belched forth at the top of his lungs, "Oh! get out!"—What conclusion Mr. F. brought his elaborate eulogium to, I am unable to say, for amid the roar of merriment and laughter that ensued, he could not be heard for some minutes after.

Adage—Don't touch the lute when drums are sounding. A wise man remains silent while fools are speaking.  
Sophistry is like a window-curtain: it pleases as an ornament, but its true use is to keep out the light.  
Every thing great is not always good; but all good things are great Except good small potatoes.

RALPH REGISTER.



Ours are the plans of fair Delightful peace, Unwarped by party rage to live like brothers.

RALEIGH, N. C.

Wednesday Morning, March 28, 1849.

We conclude the publication, in our to-day's issue, of Mr. RAYNER'S Speech, during the late session of the Legislature, on the bill for the relief of the Wilmington Rail Road Company. Whatever diversity of opinion may exist as to his views upon the premises, we are confident that no one—even among the most strenuous advocates of the bill and those most interested in its success—will withhold from Mr. RAYNER the meed of a conscientious regard for what he deems the best interests of the State. The Speech is characterized by its author's usual force and ability.

The remarks of Major HINTON, (also embraced in to-day's publication) at the recent Internal Improvement meeting in this City, will be found full of valuable and important statistical information.

The speech of Mr. BARRINGER, of Cabarrus, on the bill for the abolition of jury trials in the County Courts, has been received, and shall have place in our next.

The Senate of the United States, having completed the business before it, and having been informed by the President that he had no further communication to make at this time, closed its special session on Friday last, the 23rd inst. Mr. BADGER has arrived in this City.

Our thanks are due and hereby tendered to the enterprising firm of R. TUCKER and Sons, who have just imported a large stock of fine merchandise, for a superior knife, out of their extensive variety.

Fifth Congressional District.

We are exceedingly grateful to learn that that gallant and indomitable Whig, JOHN KEAR, of Caswell, is a Candidate for Congress in the above mentioned District, in opposition to the Hon. A. W. VENABLE. We understand that he declared himself such at Chatham Court, last week, in public discussion with the present incumbent, whom, by the way, if report speaks truth, he completely riddled. It will be remembered that Mr. KEAR was defeated in this largely Democratic District, two years since, but by a very meagre and reduced majority; and we consequently entertain now the most sanguine expectations of his success. Mr. VENABLE found it difficult enough then to carry his own weight through the canvass; what can he expect to do now, encumbered by the numerous errors and excesses of his Congressional career—Quattlebaum-ry and all. There is no man whom we should be more pleased to see in the Councils of our Country than Mr. KEAR. He carries a Patriot's heart, and would wield a Patriot's arm.

HOAXED.

It will be seen by what follows, that some one has imposed largely upon the credulity of our contemporary of the "Boston Atlas," and through that journal upon the Northern press and Public generally. The Editor of that most excellent print, as of course, it is to be expected, must know but little of the fun-loving propensities—only occasionally and then very quietly manifesting themselves—of our Chapel Hill students. We, less remote, who have sometimes been the victims of their jokes, are more circumspect of their communications. The peaceful denizens of Chapel Hill will doubtless be astounded to learn that they have an El Dorado in their midst, and that the tide of emigration is likely to be diverted from California, towards their own beautiful hamlet.

The letter states that on the 10th inst., a student of the University, while kneeling at a brook to drink, displaced a stone, with the weight of which his attention was arrested; and on searching the place, assisted by a companion, several more stones of the same kind were found. These were carried to the laboratory of Prof. Mitchell, who decided that they contained gold, and that a vein of the precious metal had been discovered. The excitement in consequence is immense. The college has been deserted, and every body is digging for gold, as if his life depended on it &c., &c.

Highland Messenger.

The last number of this Paper comes to us under the editorial supervision of MARCUS ERWIN, Esq., Mr. ATKIN, the late Editor, having disposed of his interest in the establishment. The new Editor makes his bow in a very neatly written introductory. Success!

Another Rail Road Meeting.

We learn from the "Hillsboro Recorder" that a respectable meeting of the citizens of Orange was held in Hillsboro, on Thursday, the 15th inst., to take into consideration the subject of the North Carolina Rail Road. Dr. EDWARD STRUDWICK was called to the Chair, and DENNIS HEART and THOMAS B. BAILEY, Esqrs., were appointed Secretaries. Ex-Gov. GRAHAM offered the following Resolutions, which were supported by himself and GILES MERRIN, Esq., in forcible and pertinent addresses.

Resolved, That this meeting is gratified in commending the liberal spirit in regard to Internal Improvement which characterized the last General Assembly, and that they look to the completion of a Central Rail Road through the State as a work of the utmost importance to her character and honor as a sovereign, and to the prosperity and best interests of her people.  
Resolved, That in the opinion of this meeting, the most eligible route for the construction of such a road, from Raleigh westward, whether regard be had to the greater number of persons to be accommodated, the quantity and value of productions to be transported, or its practicableness and cheapness in being graded, will be found through the counties of Orange and Guilford; and its success is therefore a subject of peculiar interest to the citizens of these counties.  
Resolved, That if (as we have no doubt will be the case) the route shall be selected which is above indicated, the members of this meeting will use their best exertions to raise a sufficient subscription to grade the road, so far as it may pass through the territory of this county.  
Resolved further, That ten delegates be appointed by the Chairman of this meeting to attend a Convention on the subject in the town of Salisbury in the month of June next.

Mon. Truman Smith.

THE Hon. TRUMAN SMITH, observing that his name was brought before the public as being one of those from whom Gen. Taylor would be likely to select his Cabinet, has deemed it due to himself and friends to publish, with the President's permission, the correspondence between them on that subject. The correspondence consists of a note from Gen. Taylor offering Mr. Smith the Secretaryship of the Home Department, and the reply of the latter.

Mr. Smith refers to the part he took in the Philadelphia Convention, as a delegate to that body, and to the labors and responsibilities which were devolved upon him as the organ of the Whig Executive Committee of the two Houses of Congress, during the subsequent canvass; and he adds that were he now to accept office at General Taylor's hands, he might lay himself open to the imputation of having been actuated by other than patriotic motives. He therefore declines the proffered appointment.

As a member of the Senate, the position of Mr. Smith will enable him, he hopes, to contribute something to the success of an Administration which will have his earnest support. In this connection he expresses a sentiment and a purpose worthy of a true statesman. Referring to the spirit of alienation which seems to be springing up between different sections of the country, he declares that while he will represent faithfully the predominant feeling of his own section, he does not intend to be put upon extreme courses, but hopes "by concurrence in wise and moderate counsels, to aid in allaying the irritation now existing, to some extent, in the public mind, and in adjusting pending questions in such manner as to satisfy good men in all parts of the Union."

ITEMS OF NEWS.

SMALL POX AT NORFOLK.—We learn from the Beacon, that this loathsome disease exists in that community, and forty cases have occurred. Of these, it says only two have died, while the majority of those remaining are convalescent. New cases are by no means frequent.

Several persons in New York have actually been deluded into paying their passage to California, in the flying machine.

The whole of Honduras is in a state of war. General Santos Gaudiola has taken Comayagua. Ferera has retired.

A wretch in New York, because some children were playing before his house, came out and poured a kettle of boiling water over them.

DINNER TO GOV. MARCY.—The late Secretary of War was honored by a public entertainment at Willard's Hotel, on Friday evening last, given to him by all the Chiefs of the Staff of the Army and other army officers in the military bureau of the War Department. The dinner was magnificent, but we do not see that General Scott was present at it.

Mrs. ANN GERRY died at New Haven on the 17th inst., aged eighty-six. She was the relict of ELDRIDGE GERRY, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence.

Hon. Neil S. Brown is nominated by the Whigs of Tennessee for re-election to the office of Governor.

Transportation of 2200 barrels of flour from Boston to Macao, is advertised for by the Navy Department.

THE NEW COINAGE.—The double eagles, or twenty dollar pieces, and the gold dollars, or units, are to resemble the other gold coinage, except that on the reverse of the dollar the eagle is to be omitted. They are made a legal tender, and like penalties are annexed to counterfeiting these as other United States coins.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

- The following are the Congressional Districts of this State.
- First. Cherokee, Macon, Haywood, Buncombe, Henderson, Rutherford, Burke, Yancey, McDowell, Cleveland and Caldwell.
  - Second. Ashe, Wilkes, Surry, Davie, Rowan, Iredell and Catawba.
  - Third. Lincoln, Gaston, Mecklenburg, Union, Stanly, Cabarrus, Montgomery, Richmond and Moore.
  - Fourth. Stokes, Rockingham, Guilford, Randolph, and Davidson.
  - Fifth. Granville, Caswell, Person, Orange and Chatham.
  - Sixth. Wake, Franklin, Warren, Halifax, Edgecombe, Nash and Johnston.
  - Seventh. Cumberland, Robeson, Columbus, Bladen, Brunswick, New Hanover, Sampson, Duplin and Onslow.
  - Eighth. Wayne, Green, Henoir, Jones, Craven, Carteret, Beaufort, Pitt, Hyde, Washington and Tyrrell.
  - Ninth. Martin, Bertie, Hertford, Northampton, Gates, Chowan, Perquimans, Pasquotank, Camden and Currituck.
- In the late Congress they were represented as follows: T. L. Clingman, Nathaniel Boyden, D. M. Barringer, A. H. Shepherd, A. W. Venable, J. R. Daniel, James J. McKay, R. S. Donnell, and David Outlaw.

"Poromic" of the Baltimore Patriot, thus speaks concerning the appointment of Mr. HANNEGAN, as Minister to Prussia:

"The explicit and emphatic letter of Mr. Webster, which you have already published, relative to the very queer and 'disreputable' appointment, by Mr. Polk, of Mr. Hannegan as Minister to Prussia, does that honorable Senator high credit, and I know that he has been personally complimented for the highly proper, moral, and dignified stand he has taken on the subject. I am very credibly informed, that Mr. Polk assured a Senator of his own political party, on the evening of the 3rd of March, while at the Capitol, that he considered his functions as President would be at an end at 12 o'clock that night—that he would wait a few minutes after 12 o'clock, so as to make it sure that midnight had actually arrived, and would then sign no bills, and transact no more business, but would retire from the Capitol and go home. It is further stated, that Mr. Senator Hannegan reported, informally, this determination to the President Polk, all through the Senate Chamber, on the night of the 3rd of March, that ever to be remembered night—and yet at about 6 o'clock on the next morning, the 4th of March, and only a few Senators present, Mr. Polk sent to the Senate the nomination of Mr. Hannegan as Minister to Berlin, and 'the Senate'—that is, the Senators who were present—gloriously confirmed said nomination! 'Tell it not in Gath! Publish it not in the streets of Askelon!' Mr. Webster is right—it was a 'disreputable' procedure, no matter who countenanced or recommended it!

ANTICIPATION OF EVIL.

It has been beautifully and wisely said by a Roman writer, "whose doctrine, and whose life, coincident," "involve the sublimest sentiments of virtue, that it is weak and foolish to be miserable beforehand, for fear of misery to come; for we thus lose the present, that might be enjoyed, in apprehension of a calamity which may never occur, but the dread of which is as bad as the reality. To submit the disposal of our destinies, with careless indifference, to the control of fortuitous circumstances; to suffer the current of time to dash us against obstruction that the eye of wisdom might have foreseen, and the efforts of prudence have avoided, would justly expose us to ridicule and rebuke. It becomes the adventurer in the voyage of life, like the Seaman on the ocean, to sanctify with vigilance whatever may threaten danger; to keep a constant watch on the track that lies before him, and be prepared to alter his course, or diminish his speed, as rocks or quicksands are discovered, or gathering clouds forebode a tempest. But to be continually in apprehension of events, that have yet no existence, and are not foretold by any indication deserving of confidence; to wear away life, by the attrition of fears; or, to diminish the capacity of resisting evil by constant trepidation, is an evidence of weakness, that cannot but excite contempt. How unwise, then, to darken the present hour with needless forebodings of gloomy circumstances, which may never occur; or if they do, are only the heavier, in the consequence of our painful anticipations? The condition of human nature is such, that a greater portion of life is, at any rate, darkened by misfortunes and sorrows; but he who cannot enjoy the bright skies and green fields of Summer, because the storms and desolation of Winter may be expected to succeed, deserves that his life should be overshadowed by perpetual anxiety.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

WE have commenced receiving our new stock of Goods, among which are Silk Tissues, Paris Jaconets, Printed Muslins, Bareges, plain and Fig'd Grenadines, Satin Stripe Albornes, Mourning Lawns, Plain and Embroidered, Worked Capes and Collars, Head Dresses, Also, Plain and Embroidered Muslin Sacks and Visites, at our usual low terms.

HEART & LITCHFORD.  
Raleigh, March 27, 1849.

RECEIVED this day at the North Carolina Book Store, by H. D. Turner.

- Rhymes of Travel, by Bayard Taylor. Industrial Exchange, by Barbud. The Salamander, by E. Oakes Smith. The Young Patriot, Irving Columbus, 3 Vols. Poems, by Anne E. Lynch. Fitch on the Lungs. Irving's Tales of a Traveller. Sketch Book. Knickerbocker's New York. Freemason's Monitor. Masonic Chart. Companion to the Altar. Feasts and Fasts. The Primitive Church. Patrick on Prayer. Spink's Manual of Devotion. Taylor's Golden Grove. Devout Churchman's Companion. Acton, or the Circle of Life. The Art of Conversation. Science of Etiquette. Dr. Valentine's Comic Lectures. The Sybil or New Oracles from the Poets. Dictionary of Poetical Quotations. Union of Church and State, by Noel. Public Economy, by Calvin Colton. Mitchell's New Travellers Guide.

Grand Consolidated Lotteries OF MARYLAND.

COLVIN & CO. LOTTERY AND EXCHANGE BROKERS.

Agency, N. W. Corner, Baltimore and Galvani sts. Museum Building—Baltimore, and Fall River.

SPLENDID LOTTERIES FOR APRIL, 1849.

Date	Class.	Size.	Tickets.	Capital.	Prize of Pack.
April 24	18 Ex.	78 14	\$2 50	\$9,000, 3,944 &c.	\$9 75
24	62	75 18	8 00	25,000, 5,000 do	24 50
3d	18	78 13	5 00	18,000, 6,000 do	18 00
4th	18	78 10	10 00	35,000, 15,000 do	30 00
5th	58	75 12	5 00	25,000, 5,000 do	18 50
6th	54	66 13	4 00	10,000, 4,000 do	10 75
7th	19	75 12	10 00	37,500, 3,500 do	32 50
9th	55	75 15	8 00	20,000, 1,011 do	25 00
10th	19	75 15	5 00	20,000, 6,000 do	15 00
11th	19	75 14	10 00	30,000, 8,000 do	32 50
12th	56	75 13	5 00	24,000, 12,000 do	18 50
13th	57	75 14	5 00	30,000, 5,000 do	17 50
14th	20	78 13	10 00	45,000, 15,000 do	32 50
16th	58	75 12	8 00	25,000, 10,000 do	27 50
17th	20	78 13	5 00	25,000, 10,000 do	18 50
18th	20	75 12	10 00	20,000, 3,000 do	32 50
19th	59	75 14	5 00	22,500, 7,500 do	17 50
20th	60	72 11	4 00	10,000, 3,000 do	14 25
21st	61	78 14	10 00	30,000, 15,000 do	32 50
23d	61	75 12	8 00	25,000, 6,000 do	27 50
24th	21	78 14	5 00	20,000, 5,000 do	17 50
25th	21	78 14	10 00	37 377, 15,000 do	32 50
26th	62	75 13	5 00	24,000, 8,000 do	18 50
27th	63	75 13	5 00	18,000, 6,000 do	18 50
28th	A	75 15	100 00	100,000, 50,000 do	250 00
30th	64	78 12	10 00	30,000, 10,000 do	32 50

FORSYTH COUNTY.

On Monday and Tuesday last, the Magistrates within the limits of the new County of Forsyth, met in the Concert Hall at Salem, for the purpose of organizing the County, and holding their first term of Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions. The first thing to be done was the election of the necessary county officers, which was gone through with in an orderly and dignified manner. C. L. Banner, Esq., acted as Chairman, pro tem, and James T. Morehead, Esq. Clerk, pro tem. The following gentlemen were elected to fill the respective offices, to wit: William Flint, Sheriff. Col. Andrew J. Stafford, County Court Clerk. Thos. J. Wilson, County Solicitor. F. C. Meinung, Esq., Register. George Linville, Trustee. Col. John H. White, Coroner. Abram Steiner, Standard Keeper. Francis Fries, Esq., Chairman of the County Court.

Special Court.—Francis Fries, Andrew M. Campbell, Philip Barrow, John Reich, Jesse A. Waight, Esqs. Committee of Finance.—C. L. Banner, F. F. Fies, J. G. Lash, Esqs. The Sheriff and Clerk are of course elected only to serve till the regular August election by the people. The site for the new court house has not yet been selected; but will probably fall in the vicinity of Salem; and the Courts, we presume will be held in Salem till a new court house can be built. A resolution refusing to make any appropriation for the public buildings until the commissioners shall have located them, was voted down.—Gr. Patriot

FAVORABLE SIGNS.—Quite a number of Local papers are beginning to grow pretty agreeably. It is clear that they at last fear there is a Whig administration in power at Washington.

[Poughkeepsie Journal.]  
Consumption disarmed of its Terrors!!  
HASTINGS' Compound Syrup of Naphtha.  
DR. HASTINGS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF NAPHTHA.—The great Remedy for Consumption, Decline, Asthma, Spitting of Blood, Night Sweats, Husky Throat, Wasting of the Flesh, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Diseases of the Chest and Lungs.  
This celebrated preparation is pleasant to the taste, and is so speedy in its operations; that patients plainly feel its good effects in a few minutes after taking the first dose.

HASTINGS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF NAPHTHA is now being used in nearly all our hospitals, and is also coming into rapid use among all our best physicians, for coughs, colds, and all diseases of the lungs. It has been recommended in the worst state of consumption by the celebrated physician, Dr. Mott, of New-York; and Dr. Arnold, of Savannah, Ga., writing to the agent at New-York, under date of Jan. 30, 1848, says: "I received the half-dozen Hastings' Naphtha Syrup ordered from you, and am convinced that Naphtha is the principal ingredient. It is sold in twenty five dollar bottles, for which you will send me two dozen and a half bottle. I have two patients in the Marine Hospital, whom I think will be benefited by it."

Price one dollar a bottle. Six bottles for five dollars. The usual allowance to the trade. For sale by PESCUD & JOHNSON and WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO. Raleigh.

Cotton Yarns and Cloths offered low by the Bale. WELLS, FECK & SON. Raleigh, March 27, 1849. 2w 25

Just Received on Consignment, 5 Hds. superior Porto Rico Sugar, for sale low for CASH, at the store formerly occupied by N. B. Hughes as an Auction and Commission Store. A. B. STITH & Co. Raleigh, March 27, 1849. 25 4t

NEW SPRING GOODS.

WE have commenced receiving our new stock of Goods, among which are Silk Tissues, Paris Jaconets, Printed Muslins, Bareges, plain and Fig'd Grenadines, Satin Stripe Albornes, Mourning Lawns, Plain and Embroidered, Worked Capes and Collars, Head Dresses, Also, Plain and Embroidered Muslin Sacks and Visites, at our usual low terms.

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