CES OF THE PEACE.

ence and utility of the Office of
PEACE, having, during a long
been tested in the mother country,
over by our ancestors, when they
Colonies, and for many genera-
event, continued to be an impor-
Judiciary, and a blessing to the
filled by the most exemplary,
and learned, among the first set-
and circumstances of the in-
so different from those of the
they sprung, and from which they
code of Common Law, that
new and different Statutory pro-
to ensure domestic peace and
new and different powers were
essed by the tribunals establish-
Justice among them. In addition
the powers of Justices of the
soon enlarged, and to the juris-
they had in criminal matters only,
power to hear and determine per-
The propriety of this enlargement
of Justices was not questioned,
continued to be filled by such on-
whom it was designed; and the
acquiesced in the decisions of
Quals, but speedy and substantial
to be administered by them, and
the Chairman of the Wake County
determining a great number of
consideration.

days that have passed away, since
so, have also passed away, in a
the dignity and respectibility be-
Office. And though it is still re-
and though the jurisdiction of
by successive Legislatures, been
and enlarged, still each suc-
or Legislature, in whom may
appointing these Officers, seems
less regard to the qualification of
till a Justice's Commission has
more than a reward for the exer-
bracing brawler, or a mere mat-
at the Statute price of five dollars
use.

few men, who are so constituted,
to possess some power; and all
with what avidity men seek
what self-complacency, some of
them regard their titles. When,
under the facility, with which the
led to, is obtained, it ought not,
matter of surprise, to find it, in
filled by men not only wholly
necessary qualifications for it, but
void of the principles of moral
render the power they acquire,
community.

that greater care and circumspec-
in the recommendation and
JUSTICES OF THE PEACE?

the able Correspondent of the
Patriot," throws out the following
ns: "Let me address a word or
of the administration. In my
you not only totally misunder-
and feelings of the President and
the subject of removals from office,
to pass too hasty a judgment
not suppose that it is a light duty
office, forthwith, all the incum-
doomed to walk the plank. So far
task of easy accomplishment, un-
ances it is an herculean one. It
and was to be expected, that the
ants for office should be very
come from every quarter of the
these offices, particularly the
applicant presents an immense
endations. It is due both to the
those who recommend them,
uld have a fair consideration.—
essary to examine all these doc-
that is done, only one-half is
the best decision must then be
no doubt is the most difficult
. In the meantime, also, the
of this government must go on
tention to which alone is enough
time of the President and heads
.

work to be done in a day, in a
h? The friends of the admin-
fect upon this, and if they did
not fail to see that much time is
gs right. And Old Zack is not
tisfied with any thing short of
e right. He and his cabinet are
all the deliberation and caution
se statesmen, and it must not
the delay that has occurred in ma-
st the administration are opposed
ge that Gen. Taylor is indifferent
interests of his friends. In due
will be done that any reasonable

Pox in Greensboro'.

nsboro' Patriot" informs us that
ts as to the prevalence of Small
. There are nine cases in the
five are in the town of Greens-
precautionary measure has been
its spread.

ce to Gen. Worth.

he War Department, May 24,
eath of this gallant officer at San
speaks of his whole life as hav-
to the service of his country—of
ous and important commands
and successful conduct in the
ida and Mexico, and says:—
soldier of superior merit, and a
personal accomplishments, will
.
military honors to the memory
ch post within his late geograph-
fire minute guns, (thirteen)
of clock, M., and display the
half staff, from the same hour, till
next day after the receipt of this
e of mourning, if not already di-
en for thirty days by the officers
g in the department late under
d by those of the regiment of
e colonel.

GENERAL ITEMS.

☞ The Louisville Journal, speaking of cholera, cautions its readers against the use of *fresh fish*, which, it says, are more poisonous than arsenic where the cholera prevails.

GEN'L WORTH left a widow (now living at Patterson, N. J.) and four children—three daughters and one son. The eldest daughter married Major Sprague of the Army, and is at "Headquarters" in Texas. The second daughter, with the son, (a lad of 7 years of age,) are with Mrs. Worth. The youngest daughter, of about 15 years, is with the family of G. A. Worth, Esq., of New York.

☞ On Friday last, while a party of negroes were engaged in the amusement of "butting," at Savannah, (Geo.) one of them undertook for a small wager, to "butt" over a square bale of cotton. He took a start of ten yards, and won the wager; but the effort cost him his life, the sudden jar breaking his neck and causing his instant death.

A BOSTON CALIFORNIA PARTY, which, it was said, had been entirely destroyed on their route, via the Rio Grande, have been heard from, April 27, at Monterey, about one-third the distance to Mazatlan. The writers, Messrs. Brooks, say nothing of deaths.

MR. MACREADY, it now turns out, did not, as some of the Sunday papers made it their business to assert, send to the Mayor of that city $1,000, to be devoted to the necessitous peculiar to the occasion, killed at the recent riot at Astor Place.

☞ The City of Cincinnati has attained a population numbering over one hundred thousand. It is a singular fact that the location of this great city was owing to the indiscretion of a woman. A certain Major in command of a detachment stationed at North Bend, becoming attached to a Dutch woman, followed her to the site of Cincinnati. The presence of military was the main cause of the emigrants locating there; and thus, out of the attachment of an officer to a Dutchman's wife, has this spot become the residence of so many thousands.

☞ The most ill-judged thing we have seen for some time, is the expose of the editor of the New York Mirror, for the purpose of showing why he was not appointed Marshal of the Southern District of the State of New York. The whole thing amounts to this: The President did not see proper to appoint him to that office! But this is not all. Mr. Fuller parades before the public a series of extracts from the public press condoling with him in his failure,—and they are, every one of them, from the columns of the Democratic press! We regret for Mr. F.'s sake, that he should not have borne his failure to get the office he wanted with more dignity.—*Washington Whig.*

GOV. MARCY has sprained his ankle at Lockport. It is an unfortunate place for him, for there is where the awful rent occurred, which cost the State of New York fifty cents.

☞ Mons. Vattemare, the French gentleman, whose efforts in behalf of international exchanges have made his name familar, in this as well as other countries, is now in Augusta, Me., for the further prosecution of his enterprise.

ANOTHER RIOTER DEAD.—Henry Burgnist alias Harry Bluff, who was injured at the Opera House riot, New York, died on Wednesday. This is the twenty-third person who has died from wounds received at that riot.

"A Political Joke,"

And the best of the Season!—Calhoun's Address—Ex-President Polk.

The Memphis Eagle has the following, vouched for by some prominent Democrats of Memphis:

"It will be recollected that J. H. Thomas, (a member of the last Congress,) and Major Wm. H. Polk, (brother of the ex-President,) were lately opponents in the matter of seeking a democratic nomination, in the Sixth Congressional District of this State. They finally went so far as to attack the claims of each other in rather a bitter tone.

"One day, in the presence of a crowd of the Democratic faithful, (a convention, we believe of the Sachems of the District,) they were arguing the question of comparative claims. Maj Polk insisted that Mr. Thomas was not, and had not been, "true to the South." Mr. T. demanded the proof of the charge; whereupon with no small exultation, and with all the glee of anticipated triumph, Maj. Polk unrolled Calhoun's Address, and asked sneeringly why was not the name of the honorable gentleman to *that* document—he had examined it carefully, and nowhere could he find the name of Jas. H. Thomas—why was it not there?

"Mr. Thomas answered with profound humility, that, if not have signed that address, were treason to the South, then was he most deeply, unquestionably guilty. He did not know that he could plead any thing in extenuation of the crime, which could be entirely satisfactory to his competitor; but it might mitigate the severity of the gentleman, to learn, that he (Mr. Thomas) had not signed Calhoun's Address because the late President of the United States, the *Hon James K. Polk, had personally solicited him not to sign it.* He also added, that, as that distinguished gentleman was in the immediate neighborhood, his competitor could promptly obtain from him any further explanation which he might deem necessary.

"The next day the candidacy of the brother of the ex-President was among the things that were!"

CONGRESSIONAL ELECTION.

We have no hesitancy in saying that the eighth (Newbern District,) will be prepared for the approaching contest. Democracy will be routed, and their 'wheel horses' put to flight.

As for the Ninth (Edenton District,) Loco Focoism will stand no more chance than the Mexicans did before Capt. Bragg's Battery. But the best of it is, we are united; neither contentions nor dissensions exist in the Whig ranks of this District. The very name of David Outlaw throws Loco Focoism into consternation. He is bold to take up, and firm to sustain the true conservative principles of the great Whig party. Before him, Locofocoism 'grows small,
And most beautifully less.'

Locofocoism in this district is 'fortified,' and in its fortification it will remain; it can't make headway against Whiggery—but come on to the contest, we are prepared to meet you, will give you fair play—but *will* defeat you.

Windsor Gladiator.

A BAD LOOK.—"Is that the prisoner?" said one spectator to another, during a trial for manslaughter. "Ah, indeed! What a dreadful bad look he has, especially about the eyes! But who is that respectable looking young man at his side, in the green vest?" Why, that is the prisoner himself. The other man is his lawyer." "Well, now, I do begin to see that the fellow in the green vest don't look so respectable, after all. Indeed, he has just the air of an old offender."

The trial of Rev. Thomas J. Burroughs, who was indicted for the manslaughter of James Byard Bishop at Snow Hill, Md. in February last, was brought to a close on the 19th inst. by a verdict of aquittal.

RAIL ROAD MEETING.

At a meeting of a portion of the citizens of Oxford, assembled at the Court House on Saturday, the 26th of May, for the purpose of considering the propriety of sending Delegates to the Rail Road Convention, to meet at Salisbury on the 14th of June, Jas. C. Cooper, Esq. was called to the chair, and Edward H. Hicks, Esq. was appointed Secretary.

On motion, it was

Resolved, That the Chair appoint a Committee of seven persons, to report Resolutions to carry out the object of the meeting.

The Chair appointed Rhodes N. Herndon, Edward H. Hicks, Daniel S. Osborn, Wesley W. Young, Doct. Jno. R. Herndon, D. A. Paschall, and R. H. Kingsbury, to compose the committee; who reported the following Resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we highly approve of the action of the last Legislature in passing the Act to incorporate the North Carolina Rail Road Company.

Resolved, That in the judgment of this meeting, the best interests of the State will be promoted by effecting a Rail Road communication between the Wilmington and Raleigh Rail Road and the town of Charlotte, and also by the improvement and permanent establishment of the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road, as provided for in the said Act.

Resolved, That for the purpose of co-operating with our fellow citizens, in devising means to accomplish the said works, the Chairman appoint 21 Delegates to represent this meeting in the Salisbury Rail Road Convention.

Dr Jno. R. Herndon introduced the following Resolution, which was adopted unanimously:

Resolved, That this meeting fully approve the course of the Representatives of the County of Granville in the last Legislature on the subject of Internal Improvements.

The following persons were appointed Delegates to the Salisbury Convention, viz: Hon. Robt. B. Gilliam, Thos. Miller, Col. Richard O. Britton, Col. Wesley W. Young, Gen'l Thos. W. Norman, James Cooper, Russell Kingsbury, John C. Toylor, Col. Richd. P. Taylor, Lunsford A. Paschall, Dr. Willis Lewis, Jas. T. Littlejohn, Nath'l E. Cannady, Peterson Thorpe, John Hargrove, Geo. W Green, Jas. J. Thomas, Benj C. Cooke, Chas. E. Russ, Joseph H. Gooch, and John Johnson.

On motion, it was

Resolved, That the Chairman and Secretary be added to the list of delegates.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Raleigh Papers.

JAMES C. COOPER, Ch'm'n.
E. H. HICKS, Sec'y.

RAILROAD MEETING AT THE CORNERS OF RANDOLPH, GUILFORD AND DAVIDSON.

According to previous appointment, a large meeting of the citizens of Randolph, Guilford and Davidson was held on Saturday, the 19th of May, at the Randolph and Davidson county line, one mile west of Gen. Alexander Gray's, on the Raleigh road.

Nathan Hunt, Esq., of Guilford, was appointed Chairman, and Charles Mock Secretary.

The object of the meeting was briefly explained by the Chairman, and the following resolutions were offered by J. P. H. Russ for the consideration of the meeting:

Resolved, That this meeting does heartily approve the action of the last Legislature on the subject of internal improvement.

That the plans projected by said action are practicable.

That their completion (especially the Central Railroad,) will promote individual and State interest to a degree unknown to our past history.

That the patriotism, talent and wealth of the State should be enlisted and brought to bear in the completion of these important improvements.

That should the present favorable crisis be permitted to pass unimproved, the complaint hereafter, that encouragement at home has not been given to talent and to the causes that tend to the development of individual and State wealth and power, will be unfounded; and failure here will be the fault of all who are able to appreciate the importance of success.

Resolved, That we approve the Railroad Convention to be held in Salisbury on the 14th of June next, and that the Chairman of this meeting appoint thirty delegates to attend said convention.

Pertinent and patriotic addresses were then made to the meeting by Messrs. Caldwell, Rounsaville, Leach, and Thomas, and the resolutions were passed nem. con.

John W. Thomas, Esq., then presented the following proposition, viz:

Resolved, That we, whose names are hereunto annexed, do promise and agree to make or cause to be made the several sections of the great Central Railroad, which are attached to our respective names; *provided*, said road shall be located in the vicinity of Hunt's Store, Guilford county, Fair Grove, Davidson, and through the town of Lexington. *Provided, further*, that we be permitted to draw two-thirds of the value of said work from the State, and certificates of stock for one-third; the value of said work to be estimated by the Chief Engineer of said Road in proportion to other parts of the Road.

And the following gentlemen, who are responsible citizens of the counties represented in the meeting, came forward and pledged themselves as follows:

J. W. Thomas	1 mile	J. P. Russ	½ mile.
Charles Mock	1 "	Martin W. Leach	½ "
Silas Lambeth	¼ "	John Carter	½ "
Thomas Jones	1 "	Isaac Carter	½ "
Charles Hoover	½ "	Felix Clodfelter	1 "
Lewis L. Thomas	1 "	Enos Tomlinson	¼ "
David Lofting	1 "	Valentine Hoover	½ "
David Moffit	1 "	Nathan Hunt	½ "
Ahi Robbins	1 "	Dempsy Brown	½ "
Shadr'k Lambeth	1 "	Allen Tomlinson	½ "
Jeremiah Picket	1 "	F. W. Stimpson	½ "
			15

Jesse Harper $2,000 in cash. Thomas Rice will take on the same terms the contract for building a bridge over Deep river or Abbott's creek.

The Chairman then announced the following gentlemen as delegates to the Salisbury Convention namely—John Carter, Mordecai Mendenhall, Jesse Shelly, Dr. S G. Coffin, J. Hedgecock, G. C Mendenhall, A. G. Lindsay, Clarkson Tomlinson, Jesse Wheeler, Allison Gray, of Guilford Jesse Harper, John Dorsett, J. P. H. Russ, N. D. Dane, Hezekiah Dorsett, Thos Finch, Martin W. Leach, Ahi Robbins, Addison J. Hale, Dempsy Brown, Dewitt C. Johnson, and Rev. B. Craven, of Randolph. John W. Thomas, Charles Mock, Valentine Hoover, Peter Riley, Nathan Kendal, Silas Lambeth, Green H. Lee, David Loftin, Lewis L. Thomas, and Dr. F. W. Stimpson of Davidson.

On motion, Resolved, That the name of the chairman be added to the above list of delegates.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting, signed by the Chairman and Secretary, be published in the Greensborough Patriot and North Carolina Herald, and that all other papers in the State favorable to the cause are requested to copy.

On motion the meeting adjourned.

NATHAN HUNT, Chm.
CHARLES MOCK, Sec'y.

THE RAILROAD MEETING.

The proceedings of the Railroad meeting held last Saturday by citizens of Randolph, Davidson and Guilford, require no comment at our hands. Let those who do not believe that the *labor power* of the interior is aroused to the importance of the great work, read this unvarnished, *official* account of the state of public sentiment, and their disbelief will give way to faith in the determination of the people—the *common people* of the country—to TRY to relieve their State from its depressed condition.

We republish the names of the delegates, appointed by the public meeting at Guilford February Court, to the Salisbury Convention to be held the 14th of June next. We hope all of them—and every body else in the county who *can* go—will attend. They will probably meet a glorious array of talent from the western part of the State, and from the seat of government and vicinity. The cause is worth your time, gentlemen, and your most solicitous care and counsel.

Greensborough Patriot.

FOREIGN NEWS.

BY THE CALEDONIA.

Repeal of the Navigation Laws—Wm. Smith O'Brien to be sentenced—Continental Europe in a flame—Civil War in Germany—Conflicts in the streets of Dresden—Great Loss of Life—The French Army defeated in Italy—Cotton steady and no change!

ENGLAND.

The bill for the modification of the Navigation Laws has been carried in the House of Lords, by a majority of 10 in favor of the Ministers. These laws may now be considered as virtually repealed.—The result has given the Whig Ministry a new tenure of office.

The arguments on the writ of error, brought by W. S. O'Brien and McManus have been read before the Lords, and, without hearing counsel for the crown, the law lords and judges unanimously decided that the errors assigned by the plaintiff could not be maintained by the arguments, and that the judgement of the Court of Queen's Bench in Ireland must stand affirmed. It is now expected that the sentence of transportation will be carried into effect before the 1st proximo.

EUROPEAN AFFAIRS.

The whole of continental Europe seems ready to burst into one general conflagration.

The quarrels between the parliaments throughout all the various divisions of Germany and their respective princes, has reached the highest pitch, and in Saxony a conflict has already taken place.

At Dresden, the people, or rather the Red Republican party, fought with the troops during several hours, on the 5th inst., and a great loss of life occurred. The Railroads were displaced, in order to prevent troops from Berlin from arriving; but a sufficient number of Prussians having come up opportunely, a momentary tranquility was secured by sheer military force. The fight, however, was renewed on the 6th, and a frightful cannonading lasted all day, until night separated the combatants. On the 7th, the battle was renewed again at 4 o'clock in the morning, and the most deadly warfare was going on in the streets, by the latest advices, up to 6 o'clock of that day.

Intelligence from Dresden to the 8th, states, that hostilities still raged between the royalists and insurgents, to the disadvantage of the latter, without any immediate prospect of their termination.

ITALY.

In Italy the advance of the French expedition toward Rome has been checked by the resistance of the Republicans of the Roman States. In two encounters the French were driven back with great loss, and Capt. Oudinot, a relative of the General, was taken prisoner. Gen. Oudinot, unprepared for such a reception, has withdrawn his troops four leagues from the City, and there waits for re-inforcements and further instructions from his government. The French had 180 killed, and 400 wounded.

FRANCE.

From Paris the report is still repeated that the rupture between the President and M. Napoleon Bonaparte is complete. A fierce quarrel, it is said, rages between them. Their quarrels increase the dangers which surround the bodies of the army, privates and officers of which seem to have been greatly wrought upon by the Socialists.

The French General marched on the 27th ult., from Civita Vecchia. The account of his further progress is furnished by telegraphic despatches. Gen. Oudinot had set out on his march for Rome, where, according to every information, he was called by the people, but having met from the foreigners, who occupy Rome, more serious reistance than he expected, he took up a position at some distance from the city, and was waiting the arrival of the rest of the expedition. No date is given, but it is probable that Gen Oudinot was near Rome on the 30th ult.

It is said that in the attack on Rome Gen. Oudinot was nearly taken prisoner. The Italian combatants had caught hold of him and his men had a great difficulty in rescuing him.

On Thursday, the Paris papers gave no certain information of the entry of the French troops into Rome. All we learn is, that the Neapolitans were marching upon that city, and it is said that the French wouid occupy it before them.

The Constitutionel states, that it was reported that the French army had made good their entry into Rome, and had taken several prisoners, among whom were only five Romans. This report, however, does not appear to rest upon any sufficient authority. Immediately upon the receipt of the news of the French expedition having received a check at Rome, the President addressed the following letter to General Oudinot, which was published in the Moniteur:

"ELYSEE NATIONAL, May 8, 1849.

"My dear General: The telegraphic news, announcing that unforeseen resistance which you have met, under the walls of Rome, has greatly grieved me. I had hoped that the inhabitants of Rome, opening their eyes to evidence, would receive with eagerness an army which had marched to accomplish a friendly and disinterested mission. This has not been the case. Our soldiers have been received as enemies. Our military honor is injured. I will not suffer it to be assigned, for reinforcements shall not be wanting to you. Tell your soldiers I appreciate their bravery, and take part in what they endure, and that they may always rely on my support and my grattitude. My dear General, receive the assurance of my sentiments of high esteem,

(Signed) "LOUIS NAPOLEON BONAPARTE."

Few persons, who are not compelled to read the party presses of the country, can have any idea of the *virulence* with which Gen. Taylor and the Administration, are now assailed by many of the opposition journals. The tone and temper of these assaults, are every way unjustifiable. Especially are the rude and coarse attacks upon the venerable patriot, who has just been elected by the people, the President of the United States, to be deprecated and condemned. He is denounced, ridiculed, charged with treachery, political dishonesty; sneered at as incompetent and unworthy; and stigmatized in such a way, as if possible, to degrade and disgrace him in the eyes of his countrymen at home, and the world abroad. We say *if possible*, because his enemies will find it *impossible* to effect their object. To their assaults he opposes the glorious actions of his past life—the rectitude of his intentions—the patriotism of his heart—and the firm determination to *do his duty*, as he has ever done it—nobly, bravely, honorably. The envenomed arrows of political malice strike against the shield of his integrity, and fall harmless at his feet. But will not the American people, again, come to the rescue, and in view of the course pursued towards him, rally around him more firmly than ever? We believe so. The event will show that we are right in our prediction.—*Alexandria Gazette.*

"Will you have a *Daily Sun?*" said a news boy to Mrs. Partington.

"Will I have a *daily sun?* Why you little scapegrace! How dare you insinuate against a lone woman from home? No indeed, I guess I wont have a *daily son.* My dear poor man used to complain awfully when I presented him with a *yearly son.* A *daily son*, indeed! Begone, you little upstart imp!"—and the old lady called for the old turkey-fan to keep her from swooning.

VOLUNTEER COMPANIES.—The recent deplorable rioting in the city of New York has manifested the importance of encouraging well organized and well disciplined military volunteer companies in every city. Had that city been destitute of this main prop to the civil authority, New York might, and in all probability the fairest portion of it would have been, at this time, a mass of smouldering ruins—for, who can place a limit to the desolation which might have been wrought by 30 000 despicable and maddened rioters?

Southern citizens especially, should foster the volunteer system. It forms a nucleus around which the citizens can rally in time of danger.—Being organized and equipped, they are at all times ready for duty, and could at least receive the first shock and keep the enemy at bay till the citizens could rally to their assistance.

Richmond Times.

WHIG NOMINATIONS IN LOUISIANA.—The Whig State Convention of Louisiana has nominated Alexander Declouet as their candidate for Governor, and DUNCAN F. KENNER for Lieutenant Governor—both of them able men, and good Whigs.

For Congress, the Hon. Charles M Conrad has been nominated in the second district, and Rev. Richard Stewart in the third district. In the remaining two districts no nominations had been made at our latest dates.

Consumption disarmed of its Terrors!!

HASTINGS'

Compound Syrup of Naphtha.

DR HASTING'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF NAPHTHA.—The great Remedy for Consumption, Decline, Asthma, Spitting of Blood, Night Sweats, Husky Throats, Wasting of the Flesh, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Diseases of the Chest and Lungs.

This celebrated preparation is pleasant to the taste, and is so speedy in its operations, that patients plainly feel its good effects in a FEW MINUTES after taking the FIRST DOSE

HASTINGS COMPOUND SYRUP OF NAPHTHA is now being used in nearly all our hospitals, and is also coming into rapid use among all our best physicians, for coughs, colds, and all diseases of the lungs. It has been recommended in the worst state of consumption by the celebrated physician, Dr. Mott, of New-York; and Dr. Arnold, of Savannah, Ga., writing to the agent at New-York, under date of Jan. 30, 1848, says: "I received the half-dozen Hastings' Naphtha Syrup ordered from you, and am convinced that Naphtha is the principal ingredient. Inclosed is twenty five dollars, for which you will send me two dozen and a half bottles. I have two patients in the Marine Hospital, whom I think will be benefitted by it."

☞ Price one dollar a bottle. Six bottles for five dollars. The usual allowance to the trade.

For sale by PESCUD & JOHNSON and WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO. Raleigh.

MARRIED

In Alamance county, on Thursday evening the 17th inst., by Gabriel M. Lea, Esq., Mr. John T. McAdams, to Miss Mary Francis, daughter of James Scott, Esq.

In Caswell county, on the 21st inst., by Wm. P. Graves, Esq., Mr. Drury D. Boykins, of Mississippi, to Miss Cornelia D. daughter of Mr. Rainey Currie.

Died,

In Fayetteville, on the 24th inst., Mrs. Sarah Winslow, consort of Edward L. Winslow, Esq.

At his residence, in Halifax County, on Saturday, the 19th inst., R. H. Mosby, Esq., aged about 59 years.

We are requested to announce **James T. Marriott**, Esq, as a Candidate for re-election to the County Court Clerkship, at the ensuing August election.
May 30, 1849. 43

AND STILL THEY COME!

ONE more Case of Fashionable Super Moleskin Hats received to day by Express
R. TUCKER & SON.
Raleigh, May 28, 1849. 43

A FRESH lot of Thomastown Lime, just received by R. TUCKER & SON.
Raleigh, May 28, 1849. 43

BLEACHED and Brown Shirtings, Sheetings and Drills; Candle Wick; plaid and fancy Cottonades, of all styles and prices for sale by
R. TUCKER & SON.
Raleigh, May 28, 1849. 43

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of the late Weston R. Gales, dec'd., are requested to make immediate payment, as money must be raised to liquidate the claims against the same.
C. B. ROOT, Administrator.
Raleigh, May 30, 1849. 43—3t

NEW WORK.

AGNES MORRIS, or the Heroine of Domestic Life—Price 25 cents. This day received at the N. C. BOOKSTORE.
May 22, 1849. 42

NEW NOVEL.

MY Uncle The Curate; by the Author of the Bachelor of the Albany—Price 25 cents. Received this day by H. D TURNER.
May 22, 1849. 42

S. F. PHILLIPS,

ATTENDS THE COURTS in the Counties of Orange, Alamance, Wake and Chatham.
Chapel Hill, N. C., May 24, 1849. 42

Dr. Benjamin Brandreth's Vegetable Universal Pills, *are the longest known, have been the most considered, and are the best understood of all the medicines of the day.*

Their action harmonizes with the condition of the body. They are seldom felt after they are swallowed, until they produce their known effect But should there be crude matters in the circulation, or any undigested food in the bowels, or putrid acrid bile in the region of the heart or liver, or any part of the viscera, then the Pills of Dr. Brandreth may occasion some slight inconvenience, but nothing in comparison to the great good they do in removing the cause of disease out of the system.

They are extensively used in every section of this wide extended country where they are made known, and are fast superseding every other preparation of *professed* similar import. Upwards of forty thousand cases have been certified as cured solely from their use in the last twenty years, thus establishing the fact beyond all doubt, that the Brandreth Pills cure the (apparently) most opposite diseases, by continually evacuating the bowels with them until the disease gives way. Therefore, whatever may be said of the theory, the utility of the practice is now beyond all doubt.

THE BRANDRETH PILLS are composed wholly of medicinal herbs, and do not contain any mineral or chemical substance; are perfectly harmless to the most tender age, or weakest frame; and nevertheless sure to search out the cause of the sickness and produce a *cure*, whatever may be its character, when taken in time, and in quantities sufficient.

Patients cannot be too often reminded that in all obstinate cases, larger doses and perseverance will finally effect a cure except in those cases where nature is altogether exhausted before this medicine of healing powers was used.

N. B. Purchase of Wm. Peck & Son, my agents in Raleigh, if you would be sure of getting the Genuine Brandreth Pills.
May 30, 1849 43

20 BAGS SUPERIOR RIO AND LAGUIRA COFFEE, just received and for sale by A. B. STITH & CO.

Abbott's Illustrated Histories.

KING Charles 2d of England, by Jacob Abbott. For sale at the N. C. BOOKSTORE.
May 22, 1849. 42

W. J. Bingham's Select SCHOOL.

A LARGE Class will be discharged at the end of May, whose places may be filled by others, July 11th, when the Fall Session will begin. Boys from ten to fourteen years of age, and prepared to begin Latin Grammar, are much preferred, and it is earnestly requested that application be made for none but *good* boys.

Post Office—Clover Garden, Orange Co. N. C.
May 1st, 1849. 37w7t

Notice.

THE Trustees of the Bertie *Union Academy* wish to employ a Teacher to take charge of the Academy for one year, to commence on the second Monday in July. The salary will be five hundred dollars, paid in quarterly instalments, and to a gentleman desirous of making a Profession of Teaching, the situation could be made permanent, and the salary would be increased. All inquiries and applications addressed to the Secretary of the Board of Trustees, at Hotel Post Office, Bertie County, N. C, will be promptly attended to.
March 25, 1849. 26—w2m

TO BRIDGE BUILDERS.

THE Building of a Bridge across Neuse River, at Powell's, will be let to the lowest Bidder at the place, on Saturday the 2d day of June next. For plan and Specifications apply to the Commissioners.

ALSTON A JONES,
KEMP P. HILL,
JOHN D. POWELL, } Commissioners.
May 21, 1849 41 2t

By Herman Melville.—Mardi: and a voyage thither, 2 vols. This day received by
HENRY D. TURNER.
Raleigh, May 1, 1849. 36

Valuable Land For Sale!

THE Subscriber wishing to carry his Negroes to the South, offers for sale the following valuable Tracts of Land, viz:

One tract containing 1650 Acres,

and situated 9 miles west of Smithfield. There is a large and convenient Dwelling house, on this land, with all necessary out-houses. It is excellent farming land for this country, and there is enough of it in cultivation to produce six or seven hundred barrels of corn. There is, also, a Grist and Saw-mill on the tract. The plantation is well watered—and one third of the land in cultivation is low-ground. There are, also, about *thirty thousand* turpentine boxes cut.

ALSO,

ANOTHER TRACT, lying twelve miles below Smithfield, immediately on the river, containing 440 ACRES. This is excellent farming land, and as good range for stock as any in the State.

Those wishing to purchase such lands, will please call on the Subscriber, at his residence, 9 miles west of Smithfield, and he will take great pleasure in showing them and giving every one an opportunity to judge for himself.

ROBERT A. SANDERS.
Johnston Co., May 7, 1849. 37—tf

VALUABLE PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT FOR SALE!

WILL be sold, by public auction, at the Register Office, in the City of Raleigh, on Monday, the second day of July, the establishment of the Raleigh Register, belonging to the estate of the late Weston R. Gales; including two Printing Presses, extensive fonts of Newspaper, Book and Job type, all the necessary furniture and fixtures pertaining to the office, and its subscription.

This is perhaps one of the most desirable printing establishments in the South, and offers the highest inducement to purchasers. The Register was established in 1799, by the Father of the late Editor and the Grandfather of the present Editor, and under his auspices attained a support, which it has steadily maintained until this day. It has therefore quite a large circulation, and an extensive Advertising and Job patronage. The Establishment has been so long identified with the State and its institutions, that, by proper management, its patronage may not only be retained, but increased.

Terms of sale—Credit of one, two and three years, with bond and ample and approved security.

C. B. ROOT, Adm'r.
April 3, 1849. 27

GLOVES, &c.

LADIES Superior French Kid Gloves, Black, white and colored.
Gentlemen's Kid and Silk Gloves.
Taylor's 300 yd. cotton, Lee's 200 Linen and Cotton Tapes, and Bobbins, Needles, Pins, Combs and Brushes.
Thread, Bobbin, and Lisle Edgings and Laces.
Swiss and Jaconette Edgings and Insertings.
Linen, Cambric and Pongee Handkerchiefs.
Irish Linens and Long Lawn.
Table, Scotch, Russia, and Huckaback Diapers.
Damask Napkins and Doblios
12¼ Irish Sheeting, 9-8 Pillow case Cotton.
For sale by J. BROWN.
April 17, 1849. 31

FROM RALEIGH TO ROCKY MOUNT.

FARE REDUCED.

THE subscriber has taken the contract for carrying the mail from Raleigh to Rocky Mount, and will place on the line comfortable stages, good horses and careful drivers, and will run it to connect with the cars on the Wilmington Rail Road, and with his stage line from Rocky Mount to Washington—he will

Reduce the Fare as follows:

From Raleigh to	Eagle Rock,	$1 00
" "	Wakefield,	1 50
" "	Stanhope,	2 00
" "	Nashville,	3 50
" "	Rocky Mount,	4 50

Trunks, of ordinary size and weight, $1 50—part of the way in proportion—small packages, 25 cents—boxes and bundles agreeably to size and weight.

Trunks, packages, &c. must be deposited at the above places and the freight paid, or the subscriber will not be responsible for their safety.

For seats, &c. apply to E. Yarbrough, Raleigh—T. R. Debnam, Eagle Rock—A. J. Foster, Wakefield—D. S. Crenshaw, Stanhope—B. H. Freeman, Nashville—W. L. Qualls, Rocky Mount.

GEO. HOWARD.
Tarboro', May 14, 1849. 38 w3w

100 Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY in July 1847, a negro man by the name of Buck. He is a yellow complexion, about five feet six inches high, rather bow-legged, very quick in his movements, and when spoken to very slow to answer. He was in the possession of Robert F. Morris, at Hillsborough, when he went away, and is very likely still in that neighborhood; he was raised in Granville county, by Mrs. Blacknall, in the neighborhood of Wilton, and may be in that neighborhood now. The above reward will be given for his apprehension, and delivery to me, or confinement in any jail so that I can get him.

WM. J. HAMLETT.
Mt. Tirza, Person, N. C.
April 16, 1849. 32—2m.

SHEETINGS.

BY the Bale or at retail
WM. PECK & SON.
Raleigh May 18th, 1849. 40 6t