WEDNESDAY, JÜNE 6, 1849.

NUMBER 45.

REGISTER.

ON GALES, DOLLARS PER ANNUM.

gigh. N. C. av, June 2, 1849.

SHITH, RICHARD HINES, ALFRED MORDECAI, Esqrs., have been Chairman of the Wake County s from this County to the Salismovement Convention, in the demen heretofore appointed, but prenient to attend.

of Swamp Lands.

r. Gov. MANLY, accompanied sof the Literary Board, has re-Eastern section of the State, acas advertisement, for the purpose he relaimed Swamp Lands. We mo thousand acres were sold, at Let not at such as could justify the sale.

tion-the Central Road. n the last "Standard," that Dr.

1005, of Johnston County, proone of a hundred efficient and ms, 10 take the entire Stock, one s, in the North Carolina Railroad gested upon consultation with as the most feasible, and almost of ensuring the success of that

ming as to this plan (says the sof course, that these one hundred have (in connection with the not under their control; and will nselves with their own hands or whire for the purpose, or farm is ww others. Thus, as the State hirds, each Stockholder becoming en thousand dollars, will comhousand dollars from the State r suitable amounts will be made instalike to the State and to the

ion of many of the friends of the h whom we have conversed, that pends upon the action of the Salision. It is of the first importance, gentlemen who feel an interest in who are anxious to push it forward. stall hazards and at whatever per-

MDON'T PAY.

Loco Foco leaders who mounted wast fall, in order to ride into owing the cloven foot, that their then satisfied. Among these is the lew York Mirror, a Mr. FULLER, coffice of Marshal of the Southern to receive the reward he deservices, he flies the track, and treatens to abandon the Adminismous Mr. Lippand, of Philadel-Taylor Remocrat, comes out in a sm and substance of which is. Malhere to a party which will not We have no ambition to be my which contains such materials they abandon the Whigs, whom the hour of anticipated triumph,

nof those men is without excuse his not, and cannot be pretended. instration has had any opportunity a system of measures, to which The President and his Cabinet the of the measures which will be Doubtless, the interests of peace autiously guarded than during the deminal war with Mexico. These ships. aroided; but it is not these grave hare disturbed the equanimity of the a question. It is no solicitude for the sternal welfare of the country which b pause in their career, but, simply trappointed expectations of office.— It will be a happy riddance.

trats who supported General TAYLOR and patriotic motives have had no don him. He has done nothing yet Tan except. But the mere traders best sole object is office and its ther transcendent claims have not at their own estimate.

New Orleans.

Bulletin" of the latest We can only say in regard to that the water is still rising, and We refrain from all comment.

EUROPEAN AFFAIRS.

The late news from Europe portends events shortly at hand of the gravest import. If it turns out to be true that England and France have notified Russia of their displeasure at the intervention of the latter in the affairs of Austria and Hungary, the issue may be a general European War .-Though deprecating war, we trust that the rumor may prove correct, and that Russia will desist from her tyrannical efforts to subdue the Hungarians.

The Austrian Empire is in a precarious situation. It is composed of several different races and nations, with local customs, ideas and languages, peculiar to themselves. There is German Austria, in Austria proper, with Vienna for its capitalthere is Hungary, which is itself an incongruous mixture of Magyrs and Sclavonians, besides Bohemians, Moravians, Transylvanians, Croats, Lombardo-Venitians, &c., &c. But one way has been discovered of governing a number of different States under one Federal head, and that is the plan adopted in this country, of making them all equal and sovereign within their own respective jurisdictions. But in the Austrian Empire, the Federal system has been formed by conquest; and for ages, the policy has been ineffectually pursued by the House of Hapsburg, of moulding these heterogeneous materials into one homogeneous mass. This has been attempted by consolidating all power, as far as practicable, in the Emperor. To paraphrase the motto of Mr. JEFFERSON, the Empire has been "governed too much;" and too little has been left to the adjustment of the local jurisdictions. The consequence has been, that instead of true union and homogenity resulting from the policy, its fruits are civil war and threatened dissolution.

The Hungarians have for more than a year prosecuted open war against the Empire, and recently their efforts have been crowned with success. The Austrians were beaten at every point, and with the disaffection which prevails in every part of his dominions, the Emperor would in all probability have been compelled to give up the contest, and acknowledge the independence of Hungary. But at this stage, the Emperor of Russia interferes in behalf of his brother despot, in order to reinstate the tottering cause of Absolutism. He threatens to invade Hungary with 80,000 men, and subject it again to the tyranny and infatuated policy of Austria. May this unholy alliance be foiled in its wicked and guilty objects, by the courage and patriotism of Hungary, if possible; but if need be, by the strong arm of England and France. We are opposed to such interventions, as a general rule; but since Russia has begun it, with the unholy purpose of trampling down a weak and defenceless people, who are emugaling for their liberties, we trust that the Nations friendly to freedom may interfere in their behalf.

In every part of Europe, almost, the spirit of Liberty blazes forth with renewed energy. The people are rising to demand their rights from the Priests and Kings who for ages have cheated and oppressed them.

The conduct of France, in interfering to restore the Pope to his temporal despotism, is an event which contrasts singularly with the vaunting professions of that Nation. No people talk more about liberty than the French, or enjoy less of it, practically. Their conduct towards the Italians is disgraceful, and infamous; and though we hope they may, we see not how they can interfere, consistently, ing awfully from the "Taylor grip"? It is a in the affairs of Hungary.

The most important item of news from England is the account of the passage of the bill for the modification of the Navigation laws, in the House of Lords. This measure will operate favorably upon the shipping interests of the United States. Mation of being paid for it, the Its effect is to allow American vessels to carry cargoes of merchandize from other countries than our own, into British ports. This is now prohibited. Our ships may carry our own products into English ports, but not those of other countries. We believe, however, that the provisions of the bill are restricted to the foreign trade, and allow of Montunity of making known what no such privilege in the coasting or Colonial trade -though of this we are uncertain. What we ongress; neither has anything mean is this, that while the new regulation will would indicate that the foreign allow, for instance, an American vessel to carry will take a direction adverse Brazilian or Cuban products to England, it will not change the present laws which prohibit foreign ships to carry between England and her colof Mr. Polk, whose blustering onies. Some statements which we have seen in the Newspapers would induce us to embrace a whose atrocious violation of the different opinion, and that the bill goes the whole Respirated the Country into a long, extent of opening the coasting trade to foreign

Alabama.

The Hon. HENRY W. HILLIARD has been nominated for re-election to Congress by the Whigs of the District, which he has hitherto represented so ably and faithfully. The following extract from Mr. H.'s letter of acceptance breathes a spirit, by which the Whigs of North Carolina may profit:

"The friends of the administration at the North are assailed as friendly to the South-and at the South as friendly to the North; a combination of the Cass party and the free soil party in Connecticut deseated the Taylor candidates for Congress, Regards, are sure to desert when and southern men who profess to love our institutions rejoice at it-while they every where seek to persuade the people of the southern States that Gen. Taylor and his friends are willing to surrender our rights-and that they alone are to be en- of Bray School, and care very little who lives in

trusted with their defence. It becomes our duty, gentlemen, to sustain an administration which we have called into power. The loss of five more members of Congress in the applicants from the applicants from the applicants from the approaching elections will give to the enemies of the administration the control of the House of Republicants are control of the Hous the administration of the stand by our illustrious leadresentatives. Let us stand by our illustrious leadresentatives. The stand by our illustrious leadresentatives are stand by our illustrious leadresentatives. The stand by our illustrious leadresentatives are stand by our illustrious leadresentatives. The stand by our illustrious leadresentatives are stan a field in the presence of an enemy."

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

The Grand Scribe of the Order in this State, has laid upon our table a copy of the Proceedings of the Grand Division, at its April session. We are glad to see that the Order is rapidly increasing and extending its borders in North Carolina, and promises fair to have a Division in every County and Town in the State. At the beginning of the present year, there were only 15 Divisions, with a membership of 618; the Grand Scribe reported to the April session, 30 Divisions, numbering 904 members. During the first three months of this in Halifax? year, the receipts of the Order were 1202 39; paid for benefits and contingencies \$741 55; cash on hand \$1573 07. Since the report of the Grand Scribe to the April session was made, we learn that Sixteen Charters have been issued, making 46 Divisions now in North Carolina, with a membership, it is believed, of between 1500 and 1800.

13- With what criminal thoughtlessness do we

view the approach, presence and departure of the

seasons. That beautiful analogy between them and the progress of our own lives, which is so strikingly developed as they perform their rounds, is too little considered in proportion to the magnitude of the improvement reasonably to be expected. Let us behold the dawn of life like April, setting in with sorrows and tears, moments of happiness, hours of pain. Introduced into a strange world, we vent the anguish of our first moments in sighs and lamentations. The morn of life emerges from the clouds of darkness, and, like the rest of Spring, blooms with increasing verdure; its path on every side, is adorned with the fairest flowers-it sees every thing like itself, sprightly, gay and happy. In the Summer of life, the pros- era. pect begins to grow dim. The burning heats of trouble, although in a comparatively small degree, gradually relax the buoyancy and vigour of youth. And though in themselves they may be diminutive, they yet subtract from our happiness in proportion to the degree of unalloyed, uninterrupted pleasure, previously enjoyed. It is delightful, even to the troubled, to look back on those envied days when they were strangers to care, and so far as experience went, knew not what unhappiness was. That period forms the green spot of life, to which they love to revert in after life, and rest their sorrowing eyes on the brief, but only truly happy moments of existence. These minor troubles, however, are but the prelude to chilly Autumn, which slowly strips the fair form of its prominent attractions, though it does not destroy its life. That passed, what was once the stately dignity of man, stands exposed to the storms and decay of wintry age. It heads before every blast, until, finally, unable to weather the tempests, it glides easily away. The wind passeth over it, and

Behold fond man! See here thy pictur'd life; pass some few years, Thy sober Autumn fading into age, And pale, c meluding Winter comes at last, And shuts the cene.

Let the medicine work. We hope to be present, at any rate, when the patient "comes to himself" and is restored.—Standard.

Unsolicited consultation is as unacceptable among political Doctors, as among the real disciples of Galen. We would remind our benevolent neighbor that "the whole need not a Physician, but they that are sick." And as the Whig health is pretty robust and vigorous, at present, would it not be well for him to turn his attention to those of his own kith and kin, who are suffermost grievous malady, judging from the contortions and cries of the afflicted.

Our Washington Correspondence.

Washington, May 29, 1849.

DEAR SIR: There was a rumor here yesterday that the cholera had appeared in the city, but I believe there is no foundation for it. Steps are now being taken to cleanse the city from the festering impurities which clog the streets, and contaminate the atmosphere in all the alleys and less that the people were jealous of the manœuvres of the Cholera, and began to apprehend that it might give them the go-by. I could in no other way account for the heaps of offal in the streets, and the filthy slime running along the gutters, than by supposing that the object was to invite the

I have understood on authority, which is generally accurate, that the Hon. Abbott Lawrence will be sent to England, to supersede Mr. Bancal knowledge of what pertains to commerce and the arts of life. He is professed of great wealth, but is more distinguished for the munificence of abundance of his stores. During the year 1847, mittent fever. I think it was, he gave \$100,000 to Harvard University, for the purpose of endowing one, or perhaps two professorships; and at various times he has given from five hundred to five thousand dollars towards the founding of libraries and building of Churches. Such a man is entirely worthy of the public confidence. The salary of a foreign Minister, \$9,000, is less than many of his charities.

qualifications are of the highest order; but I doubt if his appointment will be so satisfactory. The fact that he is a Virginian, is a circumstance not at all calculated to win upon Whig sympathies. It is a State which never votes the Whig ticket, but is sure to come in for the honors and emoluments o office. Her politicians are too much of the Vicar

Downing street, while they are Vicar of Bray.
I understand that both Tennessee and North Carolina are to have a full mission abroad and a

GENERAL ITEMS

We are much gratified to learn, says the Weldon Herald, that an Agricultural Society was formed in Northampton, at the last Court for said county. For more permanent organization, the Society will meet at Jackson on Monday of June Court, at which time Col. T. Pollock Burgwyn is expected to deliver an address.

The subject is an all important one, and the meeting will no doubt be numerously attended, Cannot such a society be formed

It is currently reported, says the Wilmington Chronicle, that Gon. McKay has reconsidered his determination, and will serve again if nominated and elected.

CHOLERA .-- The following card appeared in the Cincinnati Commercial, of the 19th

When this disease prevailed in the city of Baltimore, it was observed by Mr. Baer, a drug manufacturer, that he could not produce such a combustion of sulpher and nitrate of potash, for the production of sulphuric acid, as would defray the expense of materials. He invited me to his laboratory, and upon arriving at it I found the chamber smoking throughout its whole surface, and the combustion going on very feebly. He then informed me that the same difficulty existed during the prevalence of the cold plague, which visited that place sometime during the

This is an interesting fact, and all that is requisite is extensive observation, to determine whether this atmospherical condition is or is not the cause of the spasmodic chol-W. BYRD POWELL, M. D.

BEWARE OF SNAKES .- The overflow has brought large numbers of snakes and other reptiles from the swamp up into the streets. Conger snakes, the most venemous known in this country, have been seen in the water in several places within the last few days, and we learned from good authority last evening that a little girl, while wading in the water in faubourg Treme, on Saturday last, was bitten by something which she did not see, and died in a few hours afterwards. Persons should not unnecessarily expose themselves in the water.—Picavune 22d ult.

Mrs John Quincy Adams is rapidly recovering from the paralytic stroke which has kept her confined for some time past.

The Odd Fellows of Memphis, Tenn. are about to build a splendid hall for their accommodation. It is to be 75 feet square, 100 feet high, including the dome. It will be three stories high—the first of granite, and the others of pressed brick. The cost

The family of General Worth, consisting of his wife and two daughters, reached San Antonio about the 1st of May, or a week previous to his death.

Peter Smith, the watch-maker, insisted upon calling his oldest boy Peter, after himself, as he considered his little treasurer valuable enough to be called a re-Peter. He much admired its little face and hands.

JENNY LIND COMING .- A letter received by a gentleman in Charleston, we learn from the Mercury, states that this sweet cantatrice intends shortly to pay a visit to this country. Many will be delighted to see this prove

EARTHQUAKE IN MARACAIBO .-- A tremendous earthquake occurred in Maracaibo on the 15th April, by which many lives were lost and a large amount of property des-

Miss Logan is reading Shakspeare, at Cleveland, Ohio. Readings are all the ton

The announcement of the death of Gen. Worth, (says the New York Express of frequented streets. I had taken up the idea from Tuesday,) fell upon his family this morning, the little attention heretofore paid to such matters, as they read it in the newspapers, with a frightful suddenness. Gen. Worth has left in this city, at school, two interesting young ladies (his daughters,) to mourn his loss, who are almost distracted. His wife is in Patter-

TURPENTINE.—By means of a chemical discovery recently made, it is said that oil of turpentine can be freed from its pecucroft as the Representative of this country. This fiar smell so completely, that not only is it appointment will be acceptable to the public. Mr. rendered inodorous, but it can be impregna-L. is a gentleman of great intelligence and practi- ted with any desired perfume, without deteriorating its useful properties.

MR. FORREST .- This tragedian is connis gifts to various benevolent causes, than for the | fined in New York by an attack of the inter-

> DEAD-John Burley, a police officer, while on duty at the Astor-Place Opera House, N. Y., on the night of the riot, was struck by a stone on the ear, and died a few days ago in consequence.

CHAS. FENNO HOFFMAN, Esq., has I also hear that the Hon. Wm. C. Rives, of been appointed to a \$1,400 clerkship in the Va., is to be sent as Minister to France. His State Department at Washington, in place of Samuel L. Governeur, resigned.

No PLACE TO BURY THE DEAD .-Nearly all the cemeteries at New Orleans are under water, so as to cause great inconvenience in the burial of the dead. Platforms are erected, one of which broke down, also, about thirty thousand turpentine boxes cut. over three feet water, with many attendants at a funeral.

A GREAT CORNER.—The Philadelphia day afternoon, at the enormous number of fifty-one! This is at the rate of about two hundred per hour, or two thousand for ten hours.

OXFORD DIVISION OF THE SONS OF TEMPERANCE, NO. 41.

This Subordinate Division of the Sons of Temperance, was organized in Oxford, Granville Co. . C., May 8th, 1849, by Rev. Samuel Pearce, P. W. P. Grand Travelling Lecturer for the State of North Carolina, assisted by Rev. L. K. Wiley, brethren Lynch and Haskell, of the Union Division, of Hillsboro'.

A sufficient number to form a Division being present, they were initiated in due form as members of the Order.

Bro. Pearce having illustrated, in a lucid and happy manner, the Constitution and usages of the Fraternity, the Division then proceeded to the election of officers as follows: Bourbon Smith, W. P. Abram Spencer, W. A.

T. B. Kingsbury, R. S. S. L. McClanahan, T. C. A. Miller, F. S. W. H. Pledge, S. B. Grice, I. S. R. J. Devin, Chap. A sufficient number not being present, the Olfices of A. R. S., A. C. and O. S. were left vacant, to be filled hereafter.

T. B. KINGSBURY, Pub. R. J. DEVIN. 13- Hillsboro' papers please copy.

MARRIED

In St. Louis, Missouri, on the 10th ult., by the Rev. E. C. Hutchinson, Dr. Wm. M. McPhee- will be a public Examination conducted before a ters, formerly of this City, to Miss Sallie, daugh- Committee of Visitation. The entire care and inter of George Buchanan, Esq., of the former City. By the Rev. John Paris, on the evening of the 23d ult., William A. Harris, Esq., to Amanda Melvina, daughter of George W. Harris, Esq.all of Granville County.

Died,

In this City on Tuesday evening last, Winfield Scott, infant son of Willie W. Johnson, aged one year and seven months.

North Carolina State Loan!

time, issue Bonds or Certificates of Debt, under the hood proverbial for its intelligence and morality. Great Seal of the State, signed by the Governor, countersigned by the Treasurer, and guaranteed by pledge of the faith of the State, in sums not less than Five Hundred Dollars, payable in currency of the United States or Great Britain, with interest at a rate not exceeding six per cent., payable semi-annually; the principal of which Bonds shall be redeemable at the end of twenty years from the time they shall be issued.

And it is furthermore declared by said Act, that whenever it shall be necessary to issue said Bonds or Certificates of Debt, the Treasurer shall advertise in one or more Newspapers, and invite sealed proposals for said Loan, and to accept those terms which shall be most udvantageous to the State.

Now, therefore, PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given, that I am prepared to negotiate a Loan, to the amount of Forty Thousand ions of said Act. The Propostis to be me, at this Office, on or before the 10th day of July *C. L. HINTON, Public Treasurer of N. C.

Office of Public Treasurer.)

Raleigh, May 29, 1849.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A BEAUTIFUL SUPPLY OF Fancy and Plain Type,

SUITABLE FOR PRINTING CARDS, CLRCVRARS, HANDBILLS, PAMPHLETS, &c., .Ind are now prepared to execute all orders, with neutness and despatch.

Having re-fitted our Office with a view to extending this department of our business, our terms will be moderate, and the workmanship unsurpassed. - 20

Notice.

Y virtue of a Decree made at the last Term of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, for the County of Wake, I shall offer for sale, at the Court House, in Raleigh, on Saturday, the 14th day of July next, THREE LOTS, belonging to the Estate of the late WESLEY HOLLISTER, adjoining the City of Raleigh, Mrs. Wedding and Dr. Thos. D. Hogg 'wo of the Lats are improved with a two story dweling house; the other unimproved. Terms made known on day of sale.

GEO W. MORDECAI, Adm'r. 44 wtd Raleigh, May 31, 1849.

New Law Books.

ASON & WELSBY'S Reports, vol. 16, English and Common Law do. vol. 56, Woarton's Precedents and Indictments, Morris on the Law of Replevin, Wharton's American Criminal Law, The history and law of the writ of Habeas Corpus,

with an Essay on the Law of Grand Juries, by E. Ingersoll, of the Philadelphia Bar. Received this day at the N. C. Bookstore, by H. D. TURNER.

Raleigh, June 1, 1819.

HE Subscriber wishing to carry his Negroes to the South, offers for sale the following valuable Tracts of Land, viz: One tract containing 1650 Acres,

and sit sated 9 miles west of Smithfield. There is a large and convenient Dwelling house, on this land, with all necessary out-houses. It is excellent farming land for this country, and there is enough of it in cultivation to produce six or seven hundred barrels of corn. There is, also, a Grist and Saw-mill on the tract. The plantation is well watered-and one third of the land in cultivation is low-ground. There are,

ANOTHER TRACT, lying twelve miles below Smithfield, immediately on the river, containing 440 ACRES. This is excellent farming land, and as good range for stock as any in the State.

ALSO,

Those wishing to purchase such lands, will please call on the Subscriber, at his residence, 9 miles west of Smithfield, and he will take great pleasure in showing them and giving every one an opportunity to judge for himself.

ROBERT A. SANDERS. Johnston Co., May 7, 1849. 37-11

Female Institute, Warrenton, N.C.

FACULTY: REV. N. Z. GRAVES, A. M. JULIUS WILCOX,

Mr. Mr gotterson,

L. C. GRAVES, A. M. HE second Term of the 9th Academical year of this Institution, will commence on the 1st

Monday of July next. The Edifice is constructed with strict reference to comfort and convenience, and is amply sufficient to accommodate 100 pupils. To render the sciences more attractive and the instruction thorough, a good Philosophical, Ohemical and Astronomical apparatus is furnished, and bectures upon scientific and other subjects, accompanied with experiments, are delivered every week. The Libraries of the Faculty, consisting of more than 1000 volumes, are accessible

to the pupils. Expenses per Session: Board per Session 5 months,

\$45 00 English Tuition. 12 00 Tuition in Music and use of Piano,

Landscape Drawing and Painting-Monochromatc. Mezzotinto and Chinese Painting-Lessons in Wax Flowers and Fruit-French, Italian, Spanish, German, Latin and Greek Languages-each \$5 00 Oil Painting \$19,00; Vocal Music, and all kinds of needle and Fancy work are taught without extra charge. Those who complete the courses of study laid down in the Circular, are entitled to a Diploma and Gold Medal. At the close of each Session, there

entrusted to the Faculty and their Ladies. Warrenton, N. C. May 29, 1849. 44 8w ENDERESTONE,

struction of those connected with the Institution, are

FEMALE ACADEMY. THE Second Session of the above Institution, will

commence on Monday the 2nd July, and close the last day of November-Mrs. Crenshaw, Principal, aided by a Lady of experience and competency. Tuition, payable at the close of each term, \$7 50 to \$12 50, according to the studies pursued. Music on Pinno, with use of Instrument, \$18; Wood Tax 50 ets. Board, including washing, fuel, &c., in Forestville, \$7 to \$8 per month, and in the neighborhood Y AN ACT, passed at the last Session of the General Assembly, entitled "An Act to incorbe be bought at the place, on usual terms. It is earnestporate the Fayetteville and Western Plank Road ly advised that Pupils be present at the opening Company," it is provided that, to enable the State of the Session, and let no trivial cause detain them to pay her subscription to the Stock of said Compa- from School a single day of the Term. Forestville ny, the Treasurer of the State shall, from time to is a healthy location and surrounded by a neighbor-JAMES S. PURIFY, Secry.

Forestville, Wake County, } 1st, June 1849.

JEW NOVEL, by the author of Monte Christo .- FERNANDE, or the allen Angel; by Alexander Dum's-price 50 cts. For sale at the N. C. BOOKSTORE. Raleigh, June 1, 1849.

NORTH CAROLINA Institution for the Deaf & Dumb.

THE next session of this Institution will commence on Monday the 16th day of July. Having moved into the new Building, a few more pupils can be received. As pupils will be admitted in their order of application, it is important that application

should be made without delay. Any information on the subject will be given by WM. D. COOKE, Principal.

C. W. PURCELL & CO. Agents for D. Paine & Co., Managers,

RICHMOND, VA. Splendid Schemes for June, 1849.

Susquehanna Canal Lottery, Class No. 27, for 1849, to be drawn in Baltimore, Maryland, on Wednesday, June 6. 78 Nos. 13 drawn. CAPITALS:

prize of \$30,000 | 1 prize of 20,000 2,870 10,000 50 5.000 &c. Tickets \$10, shares in proportion. Certificate of a package of wholes, \$130; halves, 65; quarters.

Grand Consolidated Lottery, Class No. 27, to be drawn in Baltimore, June 9, 1849. 75 numbers, 13

\$3,000 prize of \$33,000 | 1 prize of 2.000 22,000 1 1,250 11,000 20 5,495 S.c. &c.

Tickets \$10, shares in proportion. Certificate of package of wholes, \$120; halves, 60; quarters, 30. Grand Consolidated Lottery, Class No. 28, to be drawn in Baltimore, June 16, 1849. 78 Nos. 13

1 prize of

18,000 8,000

Tickets \$10, shares in proportion. Certificate of a package of wholes, \$150; halves, 65; quarters, Grand Consolidated Lottery, Class 29, to be drawn

in Baltimore, June 23, 1849. 75 Nos. 13 drawn. CAPITALS. \$5,000 \$10,000 | 1 prize of 20,000 4,000 1 do

10,000 20 do 1 0, 7,500 åc. Tickets \$10, shares in proportion: Certificate of a package of wholes, \$120; halves, 60; quarters.

Susquahanna Canal Lottery, Class No. 39, to be drawn in Baltimore, June 27, 1849. 75 Nos. 12

CAPITALS. \$50,000 | 4 prizes of 1,218 6,000 | 4 do 4,000 20 do 1,000 3. do de. 2,250 | 4c. 3 do Tickets \$10, shares in proportion. Certificate of

a package of wholes, \$130; haives, 65; quarters, 32 50. Grand Consolidated Lottery, Class No 30, to be drawn in Baltimore, June 30th 1849. 75 Nos. 15

CAPITALS. \$50,000 | 5 prizes of prize of 15,681 5 do 2,000

10,000 | 40 do 1,000 Tickets \$15, shares in proportion. Certificate of a package of wholes, \$165; halves, 82,50; quarters, 41 25.

Orders meet our usual prompt attention.drawing daily, (price of Tickets from \$1 to \$20,) under our management; address us, or

C.W. PURCELL, Agent for D. PAINE & CO., Richmond, Va. June 1, 1849.