he bill to establish a Territorial Government

LINS OF THE LAND. is with feelings of deep joy and thankfulness ge are thus able to announce the consummaof these four measures. When we took occaa our last, to express the grateful feelings a shich we hailed their adoption, it was with and fully impressed with a sense of the imporannequences which they are destined to pro-And the more we think of them—the more | disturbed ! bok back upon the gaping vortex, which, unto the Provincence of God, we believe that we here but barely escaped—so much the more deephy do water that we have, indeed, strong reasons ad in our gratitude. We envy not that issoical indifference or callous obduracy. sier having watched and shared for nine months, the distracting agitation under which gion has been seething, as a cauldron, and reflecting upon the inevitable consequences must have resulted from its protraction, does ind the spirit of rejoicing swelling within his and choking his utterance with emotions dely utterance, as he joins in the shout that sons of voices are echoing, at the return of ore and REASON. Such a man, whatever else be, is no Patriot. So far, we have heard me dissentient voice; and that proceeds, as hi very naturally have been expected, from Destructive Press," at Washington, as it been not inaptly designated. We could be prised at no language from a paper, which has and an the most violent terms, the strin-Fugitive Slave Bill, for which those who med it deserve the warmest thanks of the South. That the Bill, relating to the vexed Boundary

ente the sanction of the Legislature and People

may be justly presumed, in a matter of this

m, to be acquainted with the wishes of their con-

ments, were so well satisfied with it, that it re-

end their entire support; and it has been cur-

adv stated, for some days, in the Northern pa-

en that soon after the Bill should be signed by

President, Gen. Houston would start for Tex-

winduce the Legislature to accept its provis-

ns. Surely, her refusal would be an act of im-

toridence and folly, which her people are too

rise and patriotic to allow their public servants my of New Mexico, divested, as it is, of the was Wilmot Proviso feature, while it can give emment to extend her fostering arm over those ber own acquisitions, that claim her protection, place destined, in proper time, to add to the ramess of her destiny, provided that application oplain to be controverted. In the Territorial selves. th, the odious Wilmot Proviso has been, not my indirectly, but actually, defeated. Propused the notorious Wentworth as an amendment to the Utah and the New Mexico bill, it was rected, on each occasion, by a majority quite as tre as the numerical preponderance of the Nor-

ben over the Southern representatives. But it is the admission of California that will excepted to by those who may find objections to the basis of Pacification, and which, indeed the "Standard," of this City, has already pro tounced " a great wrong upon the South." A out this California feature, we wish to say od. It will be remembered, perhaps, that we esally took ground in favor of the immediate sission of California; but, when we saw the me that was attempted to be played by a pornof the North, we qualified that opinion very senally, and insisted, so far as we had humble in the matter, that the South should delau that mission, until a reasonable assurance was given at other questions in which they were vitally Berested, should be satisfactorily adjusted. The mission of California, therefore, was, in our lew, to be only delayed, from expediency. There a be no question of the constitutional power of ongress in the premises, and, we must be allowto say, but for the sectional question involved, laisfornia would never have been opposed by the my party which, as a general rule, has hastened ach a prospect and assurance as we have menloned, and when there was not the remotest probthat the clause of the California Constitu-Ma, inhibiting Slavery, would have been expunwhat could we have gained, or, rather, what host we not have lost, by a tedious protraction of present bamful agitation? We cannot, theree, see what valid objection to the admission of allornia can be urged by any Southern man, at will weigh a feather in comparison with the anquility of the nation and the safety of the U-

With the provisions of the Fugitive Slave Bill, thich has already received the decided sanction the Senate, and which will pass the House, of touse, without difficulty, our readers have alady been made acquainted. They are as strinas any legal enactment can make them, and arried out in their proper spirit-which has ht to be tested—cannot fail of being highly satislactory to the South.

Again, then, as a citizen of the South and a

# he Weekly Raleigh Register, AND NORTH CAROLINA GAZETTE.

Volume LI.

RALEIGH, N. C., SEPTEMBER 18, 1850.

Number 50.

these conjoint measures as the harbinger of Peace -Peace from gloomy apprehensions of civil strife, and Peace from a state of agitation and discord that has well nigh converted the country into a mere theatre for the display of passion and fanaticism. Already, the voice of rejoicing is heard throughout the land; and if men's determinations are to be measured by what they say, fanatics, hring passed both Houses of Congress, were bigots and madmen shall never again be allowed being to the President on Monday, and were to drag the Profit into the arena of their misan immediately approved, and are now, there- chiefs. Another such an era of evil, and the hope of Republican liberty would be dimmed forever!

It cannot be expected but that those who thrive by agitation will howl for a while over the bone they have lost, but, we firmly trust and believe, the almost universal public sentiment will ultimately drive them to their hiding-places, in shame and disgrace. Heaven then grant that the Ocean of sectional strife may long sleep profound and un-

VOTE ON THE CALIFORNIA BILL. The following was the vote in the House, on Saturday last, upon the Bill for the admission of California into the Union:

YEAS-Messrs. Albertson, Alexander, Allen, ham, Bissell, Bokee, Booth, Bowie, Bowlin Breck, Briggs, Brooks, William J. Brown, Buel, Burrows, Chester Butler, Thomas B. Butler, Cable, Joseph P. Caldwell, Calvin, Campbell, Carter, Casey, Chandler, Clark, Cole, Corwin. Crewell, Dickey, Dimmick, Dinsey, Dixon, Dov. Duer, Duncan, Dunham, Durkee, Eliot, Alexander Evans, Nathan Evans, Ewing, Fitch. Fowler, Freedley, Fuller, Gentry, Gerry, Giddings, Gilmore, Gorman, Gott, Gould, Grinnell. Hall, Holloway, Hamilton, Harlan, Thomas L. Harris, Haymond, Henry, Hibbard, Hoagland, Houston, Howe, Hunter, William T. Jackson, Andrew Johnson, Jas. L. Johnson, Jones, Julian, Kerr, George G. King, Jas. G. King, John A. King, Preston King, Leffler, Levin, Littlefield, Horace Mann, Jub Mann, Marshall, Mason, Matterson, McClernand, McDonald, McGaughey, McKissock, McLanahan, Robert M. McLean, Finis E. McLean, Meacham, Moore, Morehead, Morris, Nelson, Newell, Ogle, Olds, Otis, Peaslee, Peck, Phelps, Phænix, Pitman, Potter, Putnam, Reed, Reynolds, Richardson, Robbins, Robinson, Root, Rose, Ross, Rumsey, Sackett, Sawtelle, Schenck, Schermerhorn, Schoolcraft, Silvester, Sprague, Stanly, Thaddeus Stevens, the former, we cannot allow ourselves to doubt. Stresser. Sprague, Stanty. I hadded Strong, Strong, Sweetser, Taylor, Jas. Thomp-Senators and Representatives from that State, son, John B. Thompson, Thurman, Tuck, Un-Watkins, Wentworth, White, Whittlesey, Wil drick, Williams, Wilson, and Young-150.

NAYS-Messrs. Alston, Ashe, Averett, Bayly, Beale, Bowdon, Boyd, Albert G. Brown, Burt, Cabell, George A. Caldwell, Clingman, W. R. W. Cobb, Colcock, Daniel, Deberry, Edmundson, Green, Featherston, Haralson, I. G. Harris, S. W. Harris, Hilliard, Holladay, Howard, Hubbard, Inge, Joseph W. Jackson, Robt. W. Johnson, Kaulman, La Sere, McDowell, McMullen, McQueen, McWillie, Meade, Millson, Morse, Morton, Orr, Outlaw, Owen, Parker, Powell, Savage, Seddon, Shepferd, Frederick P. Stanton, Richard H. Stanton, Thomas, Jacob Thompson, The Bill providing a Government for the Ter- Toombs, Venable, Wallace, Wellborn, and Wood-

It will thus be seen that the entire Delegation cause of complaint on that score, is surely re- from this State, with the exception, of Messrs. nmended by every consideration of justice, no Caldwell and Stanly, voted against the Bill As silan of policy. Were Alvarez and Col. Mon- we have repeatedly said, this question is one upon no be allowed to continue their disputes and which Southern men may naturally differ, and do urday last: urge their conflicting opinions and pretensions, differ, in opinion. That fact is very clearly esand the Territory was involved in an intestine | tablished by a reference to the above vote, where arl and was no regard due to the persons and Southern men will be found voting indiscriminaperty of the many American citizens, who ately upon both sides of the question. It is a are gone to that remote and exposed region? - source of great gratification, however, to learn lad is it not, indeed, the true policy of this Go- that the best feeling prevails, at Washington, between the minority and majority. We are quite certain that we can say, for a portion, at least, of the Delegation from North Carolina voting in the minority, that they indignantly repudiate all such unaccompanied by conditions insulting to any measures, in view of the result, as a certian fac when of her people? These propositions are tion in Georgia have recently proposed to them-

> PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS .- Admission of the California Senators - The Senators elect from California, Mesers. Fremont and Gwin, were admit- to disturb the tranquility of our glorious republic. ted to their seats in the Senate on Tuesday last .-The members of the House probably took their seats on Wednesday, though there is said to be some informality in their credentials, which may

The Senate has been engaged on the District Slave bill, and some excitement has been occasioned by the introduction of a substitute by Mr. Seward, abolishing Slavery in the District of Co- had liked to prove to our country worse than lumbia. The Senate, however, seems disposed to settle the matter in that patriotic manner heretofore evinced in the disposal of other measures, and the Northern factionists will be again rebuked by the almost unanimous rejection of the

We notice in the House proceedings or Monday, that Mr. Ashe asked the unanimous consent of that body to be allowed to record his vote in the negative upon the Texas Boundary Bill .-His nervous system, therefore, must have recovered from the shock of the previous evening.

The Southern Whig party, with the exception of Mr. Clingman, of this State, unanimously voted for the amicable settlement of the Boundary question, and for the establishment of the Territorial Government for New Mexico—thus getting rid the chann is of commerce, and cheer and gladden of two of the wounds with which, to use Mr. Clay's metaphor, the country has been suffering. all such as might be pernicious either to the Nat-Mr. Clingman, in the House, like Mr. Benton, in | ional reputation or the National peace. Even al- look upon their graves without remorse." the other branch, is the great "solitary and alone." ready the Telegraph, from North, South, and "Wrapt in the solitude," &c.

# VERMONT ELECTION.

Our returns from two-thirds of the State fairly justify a hope that the Whig State Ticket, for the first time in several years, is elected by the People. The Senate is largely Whig, as it has been for several years past. The House is pretty certainly Whig, though the majority over 'Old Line,' Free Democracy,' &c., will not be large. The Joint Ballot is sure any how, and there is a U.S. Senator to be chosen.

Messrs. James Meacham and William Hebard. whigs, are re-elected to Congress by handsome majorities. We suspect there is no choice in the IVth District, usually Loco.

In the 1st, there is, of course, no choice, as two Whig candidates were running. It is said that ty, in this State, and A. L. Elhott appointed Post-In the Union, do we hall the adoption of Mr. Lyman is ahead.—N. Y. Tribuna.

THE "STANDARD"-MR. BADGER.

The last "Standard" contains No. 1 of a series of articles to come, upon Mr. Badger's ate Speech in the Senate. The Editor sets out in reply to Southern members of Congress, with entirely false premises. It is not true that great dissatisfaction with the present Tariff does not exist at the North, and we refer to the tone and temper of Northern journals generally for the correctness of what we say. The "Standard," surely, has not consulted the daily records of the present Congress, or it would have found, that hardly a day has elapsed, without petitions being presented to either House, from Northern manufacturers, for a change in the existing Tariff laws. And it was this relief, so essential to their prosperity, against which Mr. Badger proposed to close his ears, until a better spirit towards Southern institutions should manifest itself at the North. We had sups formed into procession, marched to the Na-

We have no idea of following the "Standard" through its series, that bids fair, from present appearances, like one of Mr. Venable's speeches, to " stretch out 'til the crack o' doom." We wish

of Stanly's having voted for the resolution directing the sergeant at arms to bring Father Ritchie before the House, for an alleged contempt of its authority, "in company with Gett, Ashmun, and other Abolitionists." It does not say a word however, about Messrs. Daniel and Venable's having voted against the Texas Boundary Bill, in Preston King, Horace Mann, Root, Thaddeus Stevens, "AND OTHER ABOLITIONISTS"!

We would respectfully enquire of the Editors of the "Star," whether it is entirely just or proper, or, rather, whether it is not altogether unjust and improper, that they should use the Telethat Office are made up and sent off at the same out, spoke to his visiters in a clear, animated, time that our mails are, and we are thus deprived and patriotic strain, predicting the greatest of the advantage which having the news, so far possible good to the country at large, from the in advance of the mails, would otherwise give us. This is not the first time that this thing has occurred. We have forborne hitherto, to allude to it; but must now request that the Editors of the · Star" depend more upon their own resources,

### REJOICING.

The Washington Union, which, we must say, has laboured with a most commendable zeal during the whole session, in behalf of a general settlement of the sectional controversy, overflows with joy at the important results accomplished by the House of Representatives on Friday and Sat-Thus ends (it says) the most momentous, and

more than nine months. Four bills of inexpressible importance haved pased the House of Representatives in two days. We indulge no strain of exultation, but we are deeply impressed with the immense consequences which these movements will produce. Viewing them as means which essentially contribute to save the Union and give peace to a distracted county, we hail the adoption of this great system of measures with satisfaction | Union. and gratitude. Let us now have tranquility and peace. We have differed about the means of pronoting the prosperity of our common country. Without arrogating too much praise to one set of politicians or denying it to others, let us now rally round the flag of our country, determined to scout every new attempt which may be made by fanaticism, abolitionism, and free-soilism to cast the torch of discord into the bosom of our country, and

Again, we congratulate our countrymen on the prostration of the accursed Wilmot Proviso. It is now doubly doomed, and by the strong voice of a strong people. It was condemned in the case of New Mexico; it is now damned in the case of Utah. Let every patriot agree to hiss it off the stage, as a monster which ought never to have been tolerated a moment. If we gain nothing else by this fiery ordeal through which we have passed, it is the overthrow of a monster which "gorgons, hydras, and chimeras dire."

The important week is now closed. As we write we hear a f-u-de-joie of one hundred guns firing by the delighted citizens of our metropolis. This Sabbath day let us approach the sacred altars of that God who has taken our fathers and ourselves under His protection, pour forth our thanks for the blessings He has showered upon our country, and for the dangers which we have escaped, and pledge to each other "our fortunes, and our sacred honor," to preserve the Rights and the Union of the States, "by a firm adherence to justice, moderation, temperance, frugality, and virtue, and by a frequent recurrence to fundamental principles."

The "Intelligencer" says of the happy result: "The measures which are about to become aws are such as to change the entire face of public affairs ; to give strength and stability to our institutions; to diffuse confidence throughout all ful and honorable enterprises, and to discourage West, gives us, in its reports of the general joy, the assurance that in this enumeration of its probable influences we do not overrate the immediate advantages, as we trust we do not the more reof this action on the part of Congress,

One of the most gratifying circumstances attenling the whole case remains to be named; and that is, the extraordinary good temper and kindof Congress, and every one else, saluted each other when the controversy was over. All rejoiced that it was over, and, as we have already stated, a large majority rejoiced at the particular result. It was indeed refreshing to see and to feel that a breeze, we had almost said a gale, of old fashioned American feeling pervaded the House, filled as it was besides its Members, with anxious crowds of Senators and others,"

Anew Post-office, by the name of "Fillmore," has been established in Cleaveland coun-

From the "National Intelligencer." PATRIOTIC REJOICINGS.

The general joy diffused through all classes at the final passage by Congress of the Mr. Badger's position as to the true policy of measures which will restore harmony and peace to the country, manifested itself in a most signal manner in our city on Saturday evening, at night. Soon after the passage, on Saturday, of the last of the acts of compromise by the House of Representatives, preparations were made to testify the public joy. Accordingly, about sunset, the cannon of the Columbia Artillerists, under Captain Buck-

INGHAM, were drawn to the Washington Monument Square, and one hundred guns were fired in honor of the occasion. But the demonstration of the public feeling did not stop there. About seven o'clock there was a handsome display of fire rockets thrown into the air from the Mall, east of 7th street. A vast body of our citizens then

posed this one of the last movements to which Southern men could object. tional Hotel with the Marine Band, and there played several national airs, and loudly cheered in honor of Mr. CLAY, who, being absent from the city at Mr. Calvert's country residence, could not respond to the compliment thus intended for him. The National Hotel was, however, brilliantly illuminated in hon-Anderson, Andrews, Baker Bay, Bennett, Bing the Editor a happy deliverance, and his readers— or of the graat event, and of the distinguished Statesman whose patriotic labors, and those of his noble coadjutors in the counsels of the 30 The "Standard" speaks with holy horror nation, had on that day been brought to a happy and glorious consummation. After the procession had visited the National Hotel, they marched to Mrs. Peyton's boarding house and called out Senator FOOTE, who responded in a brief and felicitous speech.— Leaving Mr. FOOTE, the procession halted at the Potomac House, where they paid a similar compliment to Mr. Senator Cass, company with Durkee, Giddings. Gott, Julian, who, amidst loud cheers, appeared and responded to the visiters in a very felicitous manner. The procession then marched to Gadsby's Hotel, and after a few patriotic airs from the band, called out Mr. Speaker Cobb, who addressed the people in a very happy manner, congratulating them upon the auspicious events of the last two days, which Death of Louis Phillippe-Queen . Victoria graphic news, which we go to the expense of and good feeling throughout this lately dishe firmly believed would restore harmony furnishing for our Wednesday's paper, in their tracted country. The Speaker's address, issue of the same day! It so happens that the is- though brief, was very pertinent, patriotic, sue of the "Star" is generally a few hours behind and eloquent. The procession next visited derhill, Van Dyke, Vinton, Walden, Walde, that of the "Register;" but the mails from Mr. Senator Douglas, who, on being called

> which he bowed and retired. After leaving the lodgings of Senator Dou-GLAS, the moving mass proceeded up 6th street, and presented itself in front of Mr. WEBSTER'S residence, on Louisiana avenue. The honorable Secretary being loudly cheered and repeatedly called for, made his appearance. Here we mingled with the multude, and got near enough to hear a part of what was said. Thanking the people for their kindness, Mr. WEBSTER said that his claim on their regard was not so much on August, at his place of residence. account of any efforts made by him to produce the great result, as on the depth, and strength, and intensity of his participation in the provinces, and produces much sensation busy, and efficient week of the whole session of the feeling of joy and gladness which seemed to animate all hearts.

auspicious legislation of the last two days .-

ceived with hearty cheers, in the midst of

"Truly, gentlemen, (said Mr. WEBSTER.) the last two days have been great days; a doubts and alarms, puts an end to angry controversies, fortifies the Constitution of the

" Now is the winter of our discontent Made glorious summer ;

And all the clouds that lowered apon our house In the deep bosom of the ocean buried."

"This language, fellow-citizens, is highly poetical, but, in my opinion, not too strong or the occasion. The decisions of the popular branch of the Legislature appear to me to surpass in importance any acts of legislation which I have known for thirty years. A crisis has come upon us, in which men's minds have been strangely agitated by notions of separation and disunion. Phantoms of new confederacies, formed out of the now united body of the old thirteen and the new seventeen, have swam before the eyes of some; separate State existences have amused the visions of others; while local controversies have raged with uncommon bitterness, and local and partial interests espoused with so much of the exclusive spirit of partisanship, that the hopes of the most confiding Auburn; Capt W H Hood, Caswell Powell, Joseph appeared sometimes to waver. But these causes of apprehension and disquiet, these clouds, so portentous of disaster, are now 'in the deep bosom of the ocean buried.' We Simmons J Baker, Scotland Neck; J L G Baker, ought to be most thankful to Providence that | Florida; Charles Hunter, Joseph T Hunter, Wake; the results of our deliberations have been so pacific. When, on to-morrow's sacred morn, he sun shall begin to ascend in the east, thanks from devout hearts ought to rise with it, and fly beyond its orb, to that gracious Being who has so kindly overruled all things for the preservation and perpetuation of our Kikppe, Tennessee. liberties and our peace.

"Yes, gentlemen, we shall be thankful indeed, that you, and I, and all of us, bear a that we are all United Americans; that we M Prevost, N C R Roud. can vet without shame open the books which record the deeds of our fathers, and can still

Mr. WEBSTER's remarks were listened to with profound attention, and were most enthusiastically received. Next, the Hon. Mr. HILLIARD, of Alabama, addressed the crowd. He spoke with great earnestness and eloquence, and attributed to Mr. WEBSTER'S commanding talents, influence, and patriotism, a principal share in producing those hapness with which the great body of the Members py results which would fill the heart of the nation with joy and gratitude.

# DIED.

Of Typhoid fever, at Shreveport, La., on the 31st July last, in the 18th year of her age, Mrs. C'elestia M. Oglesby, consort of Oscar C. Oglesby, Esq., daughter of the late Coll John C. Ridley, of Oxford. This estimable young Lady had been Rail Road Co., in the name of Brown & DeRosset, married but a few months, and was looking forof Death has nipped those prospects in the bud, newal of the same. and plunged her numerous sorrowing friends and selatives in deep affliction.

# BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

(REPORTED FOR THE REGISTER.)

FANATICISM AGAIN REBUKED-PASSAGE OF THE FUGITIVE SLAVE BILL-SECRETAY OF THE INTERI-OR, &c.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13th, 1850. The Slave Trade Bill was under consideration again in the Senate, on yesterday .-Seward's amendment, for the abolition of Slavery in the District of Columbia, coming up, it was rejected by a vote of, Ayes 4;

The California members took their seats in the House, on Wednesday.

The Fugitive Slave Bill passed the House, on yesterday, by a vote of, Yeas 109; Nays

Alex. H. H. Stuart, of Virginia, was yes- country. terday confirmed by the Senate as the new Secretary of the Interior.

(Telegraphed for the Register.)

NEW YORK, Sept. 13th, 1850. NORTHERN MARKETS-Cotton firm, notwithstanding unfavorable advices by the

Other articles steady.



Gone to Scotland-Napoleon's Provincial Tour-Decline in Cotton, &c.

HALLIFAX, Sept 10th, 1850. The royal mail steamer Asia arrived here

Yesterday and last night we had a very heavy gale of wind, accompanied with rain. The wind blew strongly from the eastward, which has undoubtedly caused great damage and loss, both of property and lives, along the coast. It is feared that shipping has suf-The address of the honorable Senator was refered greatly. The telegraph wires to the westward of this city are supposed to be very badly broken. Queen Victoria has gone to Scotland on a

The weather has been unfavorable to harvesting operations, and the general vield is not likely to be so great as was anticipated. The trade in manufacturing districts con-

Death of Louis Philippe .- Louis Philippe former King of France, died on the 26th of FRANCE. Louis Napoleon is still on his tour through

wherever he goes. THE MARKETS.

Liverpool Cotton Market, Aug. 31 .- The cotton market was dull, and prices declined work has been accomplished which dissipates | to 1d per lb. during the week. Fair Orlaans is now quoted at 81d.; fair uplands 714: fair Mobile 8d; middling qualities range country, and strengthens the bonds of the from 7-to 7ad. Sales of the week not

# ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS.

September 9th Miss Betty G. Wright, St. Mavs School; R. J. Harris, Warrenton; T. Hunter, Virginia; 'Isaac Long, Pittsboro'; P. Anderson, Springfield Mass.; W Jones, New Orleans. Sept. 10th Henry Harriss and Lady, Warrenton; Samuel Green. Wilmington; W. D. Convers, Miss E. D. Convers, Miss C. P. Convers, Georgia; Thos. C. Hicks, Granville; Alfred lones, White Plains. Sept. 11th T. J. Curtis, J. A. Jeffreys, Fay-

etteville; R. B. Gregory, Robeson co.; W S Pemberton, Stanly; D. A. Covington, Union co. LAWRENCE'S (CITY) HOTEL.

September 10th. Dr. H. M. Richardson, Holly

Spring; SR Browning, Guilford; D A Sugg Greene; M Ferrell, V R Jones, Wake; Rev E E Reinke and Lady, Jamaica, West Indies. September 11th. Major Willie D Jones, Forestville; Linn B Sanders, Johnston; Capt J J Ferrell, Lane, Wake; Wyatt M Canady, Brookville; H G Burton, Alabama; Dr W H Hughes, Haywood; Richard L Brewer, Pactolus.

September 12th. Larkin Smith, Missisippi; Dr B R Hinnant, Smithfield; W H Hill, Wilmington.

YARBROUGH'S HOUSE. September 9th J Johnson, Oxford; W T Shem-

Sept 10th Dr J Solliman, Utica New York : Mr. Johnson, Greensboro'; A Jones, Wood Grove; Mr

Sept 11th Rev J H McNeill, Pittsboro'; Seth B Jones, Wake; W H Michael, Miss M B Hoke, Lincolnton ; A Bethune, Charlotte ; F Davis, Randeed, that you, and I, and all of us, bear a dolph; J W Shaw, Mississippi; Maj W Gwynn, common name and a common character; Richmond Va; Gov Morehead, Greensboro'; Lewis Sept 12th Jos D Powell, Bleak Hill; W R Guy, Wilksboro; H A Shultz, Miss Mary Shultz, Miss

Susan Shultz, Charles Shultz, Bethalaham Pa; Peter Mitchell, Mrs E H Mitchell, Warren.

### House and Sign Painting. THE Subscribers are now prepared to execute

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL HO JSE AND and cost for advertising, viz: SIGN PAINTING. Glazing, Guilding, imitation of all kinds of Marble and every variety of wood. All orders lett at Mrs Hardie's, opposite the Mar-

ket House, will receive prompt attention WHITLOCK & HARDIE. Raleigh, Sept. 12, 1850-Standard copy.

Notice.

dated 30th March, 1844, having been lost or misward to many years of happiness and useful-ness, in her new home; but the mysterious hand be made to the President and Directors for a re-

DEROSSET & BROWN: Wilmington, Aug. 19th, 1850.



HE Subscriber has just opened a BOOK STORE in

RALBREIK. Two doors above Mr. Richard Smith's store, where he offers to the public

SCHOOL BOOKS Of almost every description, together with a large

RELIGIOUS WORKS. From the pens of eminent authors of the different Denominations: also STATIONERY

Of excellent quality; all of which he proposes to sell on very reasonable terms. Any Book not on hand at present, can be ordered and received by the Subscriber, in a few days, and he will be prompt to fulfil all orders from town or

Raleigh, Sept. 12th, 1850

Raleigh Candy Manufactory. THE SUBSCRIBER would take this method of

informing Dealers in CANDY, that he has procured the services of a superior Workman; and has made a great improvement in his CANDY; and he hopes, by attention to the business, to merit the custom of North Carolina Merchants.

He would say that it is as much to the interest of North Carolina Merchants to sustain a Candy Factory, as it is to himself. He warrants his Candy to be as good, in every respect, and as cheap as it can be bought this side of Baltimore.

All he asks is one trial, to convince any one that he can and will sell as cheap and as good as can be found anywhere. He also keeps on hand a good assortment of SE-GARS, RAISINS, Engravings in Frames and with out Frames; NUTS, of various kinds; and many articles in the Confectionary line not necessary to

He will, in a short time, commence the manufacturing of all kinds of FANCY CANDIES: such as Sugar, Almond, Pium, Mint drops, and Candies tor dressing Cakes.

His establishment may be found directly opposite the Market House, on Fayetteville Street. L. B. WALKER. Raleigh, Sept. 12th, 1850.

Home Education for a select number YOUNG LADIES.

Aston Ridge Seminary,

NEAR PHILADELPHIA. REV. B. S. HUNTINGTON, A. M.,

Principal and Chaplain. \*\*\*Besides faithful literary and religious instruction from well qualified preceptors, the pupils will enjoy the inestimable advantages of a retired, refined, and affectionate home in one of the most beautiful positions in the State. The subscriber is gratified

to learn that the number of admissions is to be so restricted, that the school will partake essentially of the character of a private family." BISHOP POTTER \* \* · I am strongly impressed with a conviction that there is perhaps not a single institution of the kind in America, where sound evangelical instructions, and a healthful religious influence are brought to bear more directly upon the forming character of the pupils."-REV. G. W. RIDGELY, General Agent

of the American Tract Society.
For circulars, address the Principal, Aston, Village Green P. O. Del. co. Pa. September 11th, 1850

# Fall, 1850.

Petersburg, September 11th.

DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c., AT WHOLESALE. TAMES, RICE & JAMES are now in receipt of their Fall Supply of Goo is, comprising a large

and varied assortment of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC. STAPLE AND FAMCY DRY GOODS. Which they are prepared to sell at the lowest prices.

In the Boot, Shoe and Saddle Department will be ound a large and commanding stock of Boots, Snoes Saddlery, Paper, &c., &c., almost entirely of reech purchase, and will be sold at such prices as cannot fail to please. S. pt. 12, 1850.

BAGGING ROPE AND TWINE. SPUST to hand a good assurtment. Raleigh, Sept 12, 1850.

CANDLES. TALLOW and Adamantine, just to hand.

WM PECK & SON. SOLE AND UPPER LEATHER.

OUR fall supply is to hand on moderate terms. WM PECK & SON. Sept 12, 1850.

TO BRIDGE BUILDERS.

THE CAPE FEAR BRIDGE COMPANY invite Plans to be submitted, and Propesals made, for the construction of a substantial Bridge across the Cape Fear River, about three miles above the town

The River at the point selected is about 260 feet wide at low water. The abutments for the Bridge to be on either side of the river at low water mark and will be required to be 50 feet high or thereabout Maj. McDugald, on the East side, or James W. Strange, Esq , on the West side of the River, (living near the Site,) will take pleasure in pointing it out, to any person who may be desirous to make contracts. Preposals to be made on or before the 20th of October next, and addressed to

Fayetteville, N. C. September 12th, 1850.

# Sheriff's Sale.

WILL sell at the Court House, in Hendersonwille, on the 30th day of September next, the following Lands, or so much thereof, as will satisfy the Public, County and Poor tax, for the year 1848

Owners Mames.	Acres.	Sittation.	
T B Case,	200	Hungary Creek.	\$1,2
Adolphus Erwin,	100	Clear Ureek.	1.15-
H C Lyda,	120	do do	4 43
D Myer's heirs,	700	do do	7,00 }
Isaac Avery,	2151	Pinch Beds	12, 70
Bird Fortune,	100	Davidson's River	473
Jno H Pearson.	100	do do	314
Mont'ville Patton,	100	Boylston Creek	
Davidson's River Manu. Company,	117	Davidson's River. 11.78	
Shadrac Lewallen.	50	Mud Creek,	474
	T.	W. TAYLOR, 8	heriff.
August 18th, 1850.		6	

ROWN: PRESERVED GINGER, just received by



for the Removal and Permanent Cure of all NERVOUS DISEASES, those Complaints which are caused by an impact weakened or unhealthy condition of the NERVOUS SYSTEM.

Dr. CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC BELL MAGNETIC FLUID,

GENERAL DEBILITY, Strengthening the weakened body, giving tone to the various organs, and invigorating the entire system. Also in Fig. CRAMP, PARALYSIS and PALSY, DYSPEPSIA of INDIGESTION, RHEUMATISM, ACUTE and CHRONIC, GOUT, EPILEPSY, LUMBAGO, DEAFNESS, NERVOUS TRAMORS, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, APOPLEY, NEURALGIA, PAINS in the SIDE and CHEST, LIVE COMPLAINT, SPINAL COMPLAINT, and CURVATUL of the SPINE, HIP COMPLAINT, DISEASES of the NEYS, DEFICIENCY OF NERVOUS and PHYSICAL REGY, and all NERVOUS DISEASES, which complaints at from one simple cause—namely,

A Derangement of the Nervous System. or in NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, Drugs and Maddets sucrease the disease, for they weaken the vital energies of the already prostrated system; while under the strengthening, life-giving, vitalizing induence of Galvanism, as applied by this beautiful and wonderful discovery, the exhausted patients and weakened sufferer is restored to former health, strengthening, elasticity and vigor.

The great peculiarity and excellence of

Dr. Christie's Galvanic Curatives,

consists, in the fact, that they arrest and cure disease by one ward application, in place of the usual mode of drugging and physicking the putient, till exhausted Nature sinks hopeinally under the infliction.

They strengthen the whole system, equalize the circulation of the blood, promote the secretions, and never do the slightest injury under any circumstances. Since their introduction in the United States, only three years since, more than

60,000 Persons

including all ages, classes and conditions, among which were a large number of ladies, who are peculiarly subject to Neev sus Complaints, have been ENTIRELY AND PERMANENTLY CURED, when all hope of relief had been given up, and every thing To illustrate the use of the GALVANIC BELT, suppose To illustrate the use of the GALVARIAN management of civilization of the case of a person afflicted with that bane of civilization DYSPEPSIA, or any other Chronic or Nervous Disorder. In ordinary cases, stimulants are taken, which, by their action of the nerves and muscles of the stomach, afford temperary relies, but which leave the patient in a lower state, and with injured but which leave the patient in a lower state, and with injured faculties, after the action thus excited has ceased. Now compare this with the effect resulting from the application of the GALVANIC BELT. Take a Dyspeptic sufferer, even in the worse symptoms of an attack, and simply tie the Belt around the body, using the Magnetic Fluid as directed. In a short period the insensible perspiration will act on the positive element of the Belt, thereby causing a Galvanic circulation which will pass on to the negative, and thence back again to the positive, thus keeping up a continuous Galvanic circulation throughout the system. Thus the most severe cases of DYSPEPSIA are PERMANENTLY CURED. A FEW DAYS IS OFTEN AMPLY SUFFICIENT TO ERADICATE THE DISEASE OF YEARS.

CERTIFICATES AND TESTIMONIALS From all parts of the Country could be given, sufficient to all AN EXTRAORDINARY CASE.

which conclusively proves that "Truth is stranger than Fiction." CURE OF BHEUNATISM, BRONCHITIS AND DYSPEPSTA.

Rev. Dr. Landis, & Clergyman New Jersey, of distinguished attainments and exalted SIDNEY, New Jersey, July 19, 1846.

DR. A H. CHRISTIE—Dear Sire You with to know of me what has been the result in my own case, of the application of THE GALVANIC BELT AND NECKLACE. My reply is no what has been the result in my own case, of the application of THE GALVANIC BELT AND NECKLACE. My reply is see follows:

For about twenty years I had been suffering from Dyspeysia. Every year the symptoms became worse, nor could I obtain permanent relief from any course of medical treatment whatever. About fourteen years since, in consequence of frequent exposure to the weather, in the discharge of my peeteral duties, I became subject to a severe Chronic Rheussatism, which for year after year, caused me indefictibable anguish. Farther: in the winter of '45 and '45, in consequence of preaching a great deal ir my own and various other churches in this region, I was attacked by the Bronchitik which soon became so severe as to require an immediate subpension of n.y pastoral labors. My nervous system was now theroughly prostrated, and as my Brenchitis became worse, so also did my Dyspepsia and Rheumstic affection—thus evincing that these disorders were connected with each other through the medium of the Nervous System. In the whole pharmace poin there seemed to be no remedial agent which could reach and recuperate my Nervous System; every thing that I had tried for this purpose had completely failed. At lists was led by my friends to examine your inventions, and (thing he with no very sanguine hopes of their efficiency.) I determined to try the effect of the application of the GALVANIC BELT AND NECKLACE, with the MAGNETIC FLUID. This was in June, 1846. To my great astonishment, in two days are Dyspersia had gone; in RIGHT days I was enabled as single searches on account of the Benchaus; and Which Rheumatic affection has entirely crased to traouste and Rheumatic affection has entirely crased to the organical labors; for have I since onwered.

I have recommended the BELT and FLUID to many when have been likewise suffering from Neuralgic affections. This have been likewise suffering from Neuralgic affections.

l am, dear sir, very respectfully yours, ROBERT W. LANDIS.

DR. CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC NECKLACE m used for all complaints affecting the Throat or Head, with a Bronchitis, Inflammation of the Throat. Nervous and Bick Headache, Dizziness of the Head, Neuralgia in the Face, Buzzing or Roaring in the Ears, Deafness, which is generally Nervous, and that distressed complaint, called Tic Dolorest.

Palsy and Paralysis. All physicians acknowledge that these terrible diseases are caused by a deficiency of Nerveus Emergy in the affected limbs. Da. Chaistis's Galvanic Articles will supply this descient power, and a complete and entire cure is thus effected.

1000 Cases of Palsy and Paralysis have been reported to Da. Cantatik and his Agents within the last two years, which have been entirely restored. less two years, which have been entirely restored.

OG-CAP. ANDREW J. F. TOMES of Brooklyn, N. Y., had not been able to walk a step for near four years, and was so help-less that he had to be fed. The most celebrated physicians gave him up. In five days after he commenced wearing the Galvanic Belt, Necklack, and Brackleys, he walket across the room, and in three weeks he had perfectly recovered his health. Captain Tomes is seventy years of age.

Severe Deafness Cured. The following is an extract from a letter lately received from a distinguished physician in the State of Virginia:

"A. H. Christik, M. D.—Deer Sir: One of my patients, unknown to me, obtained your Galvanic Belt and Necklass, with the Magnetic Flund, for a serious affection of Denfaces. The case was that of a lady whose Nerrous system was muck disordered, and her general health poor. Much was done previously to the application of the Belt, but with very little success, and I feel it only right to tellifyou, that since she commenced westing the Belt and using the Fidid, but a few weelers ago, she has ENTIRELY RECOVERED HER MEARING, and her general health is better than for several years."

107- Every case of Deafness, if it be Nervous, as it generally

07- Every case of Deafness, if it be Nervous, as it generally s, can be cured by this wonderful remedy. DR. CHRISTIE'S GALVANIC BRACELETS Are found of vast service in cases of Convulsions or FA Spasmodic Complaints, and general Nervous Affections of the Head and upper extremities. Also in Palsy and Paralysis, and all diseases caused by a deficiency of power or Nervous Energy in the limbs or other organs of the body.

Prices: The Galvanic Belt, The Galvanic Necklace, Two Dollars, The Galvanic Bracelets, One Dollar Back The Magnetic Fluid, Que Dollier.

ig- The articles are accompanied by full and plain directions. Pamphlets with full particulars may be had of the extherized Agent. For sale, wholesale and retail, by P. F. PES-

CUD, Raleigh, N. C. Fall Supply OF BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER. &C.

RUMMOND & WYCHE are now opening their Fall supply of Boots, Shoes, Brogans, Leather, Shoe Makers' Findings, Paper, Tapes, Trunks, Carpet Bags, Saildlery, &c., EMBRACING UPWARDS OF

ONE THOUSAND PACKAGES OF FRESH AND SEASONABLE GOODS. suitable to the Fall and Winter Trade. Purchased very early in the season, at low prices, we are cuabled to offer to the Trade a Stock of Goods which, for variety of style and quality, cannot be surpassed by any house.

We respectfully solicit country merchants to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

DRUMMOND & WYCHE, Aug. 20th, 1860.