LEIGH REGISTER.

PUBLISHED BY
SEATON GALES,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,
THREE DOLLARS PER ANNUM.

are the plans of fair delightful peace,
arp'd by party rage to live like brothers

RALEIGH, N. C.

Saturday, Oct. 12, 1850.

THE REASON WHY!

"Richmond Whig," commenting upon , that the Whig party, as a national party, y unite in certain fundamental principles, valence of which they believe essential to ublic happiness and prosperity, while they ger their continuance by division on questhat are already settled to the satisfaction of majority, puts the pertinent and meaning —"Why can Democrats settle their quarand compose their differences, and Whigs ?"

man who has watched the progress of afand studied the history of the Country, for st ten or fifteen years, can have failed to re the reason why the fact stated by the hig," is so. Mr. Calhoun, many years ago, the rage for office was not accompanied by shamelessness in the pursuit of it, which has guished our more modern Loco Foco schemeven at that day seems to have understood it is the bond of union that holds the inconus materials of Democracy together, when he d it to be "the cohesive power of public der." It is unnecessary, however, to refer hority to the old expounders or to more t oracles than those furnished by the events ingle year past. A solitary recent occurence w York solves the enigma at once, if enigma, d, that may be called, which is easily read by "wayfarer, though a fool"—by all indeed, t those who are the unsuspecting objects of mystery. We allude, of course, to the reof John Van Buren back again into the al fold, somewhat after the manner of the al son, of scriptural fame. That prince of es, tired of feeding on the husks, and longan for the delights of party promotion, no ap proaches and confesses *his* sins, than he eived with open arms, the fatted calf is the ring is placed upon his finger, and he lled in the meanwhile with sly whispers a certain vacancy that is shortly to occur in nited States' Senate. Artful John! Most ing gentlemen! The result of this re-union, se, in connection with the division in the g ranks in the State, will be, what it was sed to be, to secure New York to the Focos. After the election, their quarrels ge as fierce and wax as hot as ever, until r contest for the *Spoils* rallies them again e that talismanic banner.

d Loco Focoism is the same everywhere. party in North Carolina is not different from party in New York. The same characterisistinguishes it everywhere—the same faculty conciling the disaffected and controlling the ctory, when they endanger the attainment of one grand object—OFFICE. Probably no body r assembled, composed of more antagonistic ents, than the Convention in this State, which ominated Mr. Reid. Some of its most promimembers were clearly committed in favor e Adjustment measures; while there were so ardently jealous of 'Southern honor' as ll the mania for DISUNION by the mild name error of opinion." The Convention wisely d clear of both Scylla and Carybdis, by exing an opinion in favor of what *the whole* h would be willing to accept, were it practi-e! Some there were opposed to the Free nge, doubtless, but these were whipped in r the "cohesive" principle. That Conven, indeed, generally regarded, as it was, as a t discordant and heterogeneous assemblage, ded altogether the most striking proof that we e ever yet witnessed, of the truth of the para, that "all *discord* is harmony, not underod"!

ut why multiply instances. If there be an ince in the whole history of Loco Focoism, where y principles and party rapacity have come into sion, and the former have not been sacrificed he Moloch of the latter, we have yet to learn When we do, we shall give the proper credit. the meantime, however, it is an enquiry that ures but little debate in our mind—"Why do mocrats settle their quarrels and compose their ferences, and Whigs not?"

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

The beautiful square, in the Eastern part of the y, known as "Bennehan's Grove," has been dly granted for the use of the Sons of Temperce, for the exercises of their Celebration on dnesday next; and the officers of the Presbyn Church have also granted the use of that lding in which to hold the evening's exercises.

The line of procession will be formed on Wed day, the 16th inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M. in t of Temperance Hall, and proceed up Fayville street to the Capitol Square, thence to nehan's Grove, where Addresses will be deered by P. M. W. P. Philip S. White, and Rev. . Walter, and others.

At night, the procession will be re-formed, and ceed to the Presbyterian Church, where P. G. . P. Gally, of Virginia, Hon. Sam. Houston, Texas (should he be present) and P. S. White ll address the assembly.

Should the day be inclement, the Presbyterian urch will be occupied instead of the Grove.

On Thursday night, it is expected that Addres will be delivered in the Methodist Church, and Friday night, in the Presbyterian Church.

The Public generally are invited to attend at ch and all of the above named places, to hear s the "Age," some of the most distinguished eakers our country affords.

☞ We have not felt at liberty to decline the Communication of a "TAX PAYER," in another olumn, though disapproving its general spirit. However much disposed we certainly are to co ncide with the writer in his premises, as to the proper location of the Road, &c., we are by no means convinced that his conclusions should or will follow. We deem the article under the circumstances, little calculated to accomplish any good results.

☞ The "Ashville News" makes its latest bow the Public, clothed in a new and beautiful suit.

Mr. Lowe, the Opposition candidate, has been elected Governor of Maryland, over Mr. Clarke, the Whig candidate, by a majority of 1599.

Jo

The Weekly Raleigh Register,

AND NORTH CAROLINA GAZETTE.

Volume LII.

A GOOD PROPOSITION.

Attentive consideration is due to the article on our second page, over the signature of G. P. S., which we take pleasure in copying from the "Greensboro' Patriot." It will be seen that the writer winds up his highly sensible and practical remarks, with the proposition to miners, manufacturers, of all grades, classes, &c. &., to meet in Convention in this City, on the 8th January next, with specimens of their craft for exhibition, and for purposes of consultation—all having in view the promotion of their respective interests and the elevation of our State character. The proposition may be derided, for aught that we know, but we must confess that it strikes us forcibly. It may possibly be objected to by some, upon the ground that the mechanic arts, &c. have not hitherto received such attention in the State as will justify such a public exhibition, and that it can only have the effect still more of exposing our short-comings; by others, because of its inefficiency for good; or again it may be indirectly opposed by others, who have not yet waked up to a realization of the active spirit of the times.

We can see no validity in either objection.—We are not altogether certain that the progress of the State in inventions, manufactures, &c. &c. is so deficient as is generally supposed. At all events, we cannot know our deficiencies fully or appreciate our wants, until we *see* and *feel*, and can put our finger upon, them. And this can only be effected by some such method as that suggested by the "Partriot's" correspondent. Nothing contributes so much to the advancement and prosperity of the States of New York and Maryland as their periodical Prize Fairs. It is only from associated minds, labor and skill, excited by a spirit of emulation, the result of competition and direct comparison, that that degree of perfection and excellence can ensue, which the solitary individual might plod on in search of, and find a single life too short to attain. *Our* first attempt at a State Fair might prove a failure, but it would lay the basis of future successful efforts, that could not fail in the end, to redound to the great benefit of the State and its people. Whatever is to be done, should be done *promptly*. "Now is the *accepted* time."

We commend the suggestion of G. P. S. to the favorable notice of the Press of the State.

CROOKS AND McBRIDE.

We learn that these incendiary preachers have been arrested in Guilford county, but have subsequently given bail to make their appearance at the next term of the Superior Court of that County. We know nothing of the circumstances of the arrest, but it seems to us that this is one of those cases in which the right of bail should have been withheld. Be that as it may, we hope that, at the proper time, the utmost rigor of the law may be enforced.

FOOTE AND FREMONT.

A controversy is going on between Mr. Senator Fremont, and a Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, in relation to some statements of the latter concerning the late difficulty between himself and Senator Foote.

The California Senator comes out in a long and denunciatory card in which he charges Senator Foote with having prompted the letter X. which appeared a few days since. He reviews the whole ground of difficulty—denies that the affair was ever "amicably adjusted," and concludes by summing up as follows:

"To put the whole case into three words, it is thus: Mr. Foote went out of his way, when the subject was not before the Senate, to deliver a deliberately considered insult and defiance to me—then denied the insult and defiance, and disclaimed all disrespect, in a letter to me—then reaffirmed, by inevitable implication, the same insult and defiance in a letter to the Baltimore Sun, denying all retraction. With this summing up of the case, and the precedent proofs, I leave the affair to the judgment of the public.

X. in the Sun of Monday denies that Senator Foote wrote the letter referred to by Col. Fremont. He thus closes:

In conclusion, I hope and trust that the difficulty between Gen. Foote and Col. Fremont, will not be re-opened on account of my letter to the Baltimore Sun; but if Col. Fremont wishes to go behind the records, after the matter has been honorably disposed of by the respective friends of the parties, both he and Foote must assume their original positions. It is fortunate, at all events, that Col. Fremont's letter, dated September 30th, was not published here till the 4th of October, in letter form, and in the shape of a communication to the Sun, till the day following. Gen. Foote, agreeably to his avowed intention, left here on the 1st, and is now pretty much in the position in which Governor Marcy's letter left General Scott, after the latter had achieved so many glorious victories, which has loaded him with honors. It is to be hoped that both gentlemen will cool down before the next meeting of congress, and that matters will remain where the wisdom of their *friends* have left them.

☞ John Kane is fitting up and supplying his Restaurant in a manner hard to beat, if we may judge from the numerous specimens with which he has kindly favored us of late. He is determined that the legislators, and strangers who may be in the City, the coming winter, shall not lack for everything nice in his line. Well—no man can mix a potation better, or cater to the appetite more successfully, than John Kane. One might go a long way farther, too, and not find a cleverer fellow.

☞ Some time since the Whigs of Assumption Parish, La., passed a series of resolutions very severely censuring Mr. Soule for his late course in the Senate, at the same time highly complimenting his colleague, Mr. Downs. These resolutions were forwarded to Mr Downs with the request that he would lay them before the Senate. In his reply, which is published in the last N. O. papers, he expresses his gratification that his own course should have met with their approval, but declines acceding to the request, on the ground that the resolutions were inadmissible by the rules of the Senate, censuring as they did the conduct of one of its members. Mr. Downs is sustained by the New Orleans press in his position, though the original resolutions met with their hearty concurrence.

Whig Young Men of New York.—The course of the noble minority, at the recent Syracuse Convention, has been sustained and applauded in the Committee of Whig Young Men in New York City, by the decided vote of 59 in the affirmative to 8 in the negative. This is a gratifying indication, and speaks well for the Whig sentiment of the City. It augurs well, too, for the future tranquility of the Country, that those, who are destined to guide public opinion, when their elders shall have passed off the stage, have given this open demonstration of the fraternal moderation and *national* liberality of feeling, which is to govern their public conduct.

GEORGIA.

The election for members of the next Congress does not take place in Georgia till October, 1851, the time having been changed by the last Legislature so as to make it simultaneous with that for the State election. The election for Delegates to the State Convention called by Governor Towns is to be holden on the 25th of November, but the Legislature is to meet before the day fixed for the assembling of the Delegates, 10th December, and may repeal the law under which they are to be chosen. The "Athens Banner," a democratic journal, says Gov. Towns's proclamation is "but a solemn mummery, under the existing calm of public opinion, after the late adjustment of the slavery question by Congress."

COOPING.

The reprehensive practice of "cooping" voters is said to have been largely practised previous to the late election in Maryland.—The Baltimore *Clipper* contains the following remarks, which are entitled to attention, and especially so, if the allegations to which that paper refers are not exaggerated:

"Some curious occurrences took place just preceding the late election of Governor of this State. Both parties had their coops, or houses in which they confined voters. Heretofore, we understand, it has been the practice of parties to coop their own voters, to prevent their falling into the hands of their adversaries on the day of the election. But at the late election a different practice prevailed; and political opponents were seized and confined until the polls had been closed. Nor was this cooping confined to intemperate men. Gentlemen of respectability, it is said, were also caged and kept from voting. We have heard that several gentlemen made narrow escapes, and among them our worthy Mayor, who is said to be indebted to the fleetness of his horse for retaining his liberty during the day of election. This caging was no doubt fine sport to those engaged in it; but it is, nevertheless, an outrage which should not be perpetrated, and which deserves to be punished.

'We have heard several persons complain of being thus deprived of their liberty, and of their right of suffrage; and some have talked of seeking redress by law—but the misfortune is, that they are generally unable to identify their captors. If there be not law to punish such offences, additional acts should be passed, inflicting the severest penalties.

'To prevent the impositions which are practised at and before elections, the new Constitution about to be framed, should require a registry of all the voters of the State to be made anually, as is done in Pennsylvania—and all persons convicted of infamous crimes, lunatics, and persons committed to the alms-houses, should be deprived of the right of voting. Every care should be taken to guard the right of suffrage, and to give a full and fair expression of public sentiment. With these precautions, we may hope to have elections conducted in a right spirit, and that the abominable system of cooping voters will be abolished.'

AWFUL OCCURRENCE.

The United States mail steamship *Southerner*, Capt. Berry, which arrived at New York on Friday night last, in sixty-seven hours from Charleston, S. C. reports the occurrence that morning, about two o'clock, of a heart-rending catastrophe, by which twenty-six persons found a watery grave.

When the *Southerner* was about one hundred and sixty miles from the port of New York, the night being extremely dark, the sea running high, and the wind blowing almost a gale, a sail was discovered on the larboard bow, close at hand, and coming right down upon her. It was instantly seen that a collision must take place. The Southerner's engine was reversed, and backed with full steam, and the helm thrown hard aport, but it was too late! The two vessels came in contact with a tremendous crash, and hung fast together for a few moments. The Southerner's engine was again reversed, and the vessels separated a few feet, when suddenly the barque went down, close to the steamer's bow, in less than five minutes from the time of the collision. Three life-boats were immediately manned by the captain and crew of the steamer, but of thirty three persons who were on board the sunken vessel only seven were saved—two passengers and five of the crew. The Southerner received but little damage.

The lost vessel proved to be the barque *Israel Meade*, Capt. T. R. Brown, which had left New York on Wednesday, bound for Savannah, Georgia.

We are not at all surprised at Governor Quitman's issuing a proclamation to convene the Mississippi Legislature, for the purpose of obtaining authority for calling a convention to adopt measures of resistance against the recent legislation on the subject of slavery, and particularly in regard to the admission of California. Such a proceeding is in good keeping with his whole political life. He was a nullifier in the days of South Carolina nullification; he was a repudiator in the times of Mississippi repudiation; he was indicted by the grand jury of New Orleans a few months ago, and still stands indicted for participating in the Cuba expedition, and for having associated himself with a gang of foreign adventurers to hazard the peace of the country by a piratical invasion; and no one, in view of all these things, can be astonished that he is now attempting to get up a civil war between the North and the South on account of the wise and excellent measures of adjustment recently adopted by Congress.—[*Louisville Journal.*

INFLUX OF CALIFORNIA GOLD.—To the 1st of September, the various mints have received during the present year near $20,000,000. The receipts during the last part of the year must necessarily be much the largest portion. The following are the receipts of California gold at the mint since the commencement of mining there:

In 1848	$44,177
In 1849	6,145,510
In 1850 to July 31,	14,835,623
Total,	$21,026,310

In the month of August, some three or four millions more were received, and since the 1st of September the packets have brought three millions more. The probability is, that heavy amounts will be received in October and November, so that we shall expect to see in all fifty millions arrive in this year alone. This large amount of gold will serve as a basis of *credit* to the amount of at least a hundred millions, and so far keep up the abundance of money.—*Louisville Journal.*

The State of California, in the outset, will receive a handsome bonus from the public crib.—About half a million of dollars will be expended forthwith for public buildings, agencies, and internal improvements, as follows:

For the survey of her coast,	$190,000
Custom House at San Francisco,	100,000
For the negotiation of Indian Treaties,	25,000
Maine Hospital, San Francisco,	50,000
In the com'encem't of a float'g dry dock,	100,000

In addition to this, officers, judges, marshals, collectors, &c., who have been appointed for California, will receive an aggregate income from the public treasury, of $150,000 at least.

THE dinner to Senators Mason and Hunter, which came off in Warrenton on Wednesday last was a splendid failure, so far as attendance was concerned. The number present, including invited guests, &c., is put down by the Piedmont Whig at *forty eight!* But that paper says "a Democratic friend reports it at only *forty-three*, including one stray Whig, whose political scruples yielded to the tempting odour of the viands. Speeches were made by Messrs. Mason and Hunter. Mr. Elwood Fisher, of the "Southern Press," was present, and likewise addressed the company.—*Richmond Times.*

MARRIED

In Athens, Ga., on Wednesday morning, 2nd inst., by Rev. T. L. Smith, Professor J. Honfleur, of St. Augustine, Fla., and Miss Annie E. Whitaker, formerly of Raleigh, N. C.

DIED.

At Five Oaks, the residence of Mr. Charles E. Hamilton, near Williamsboro', in the county of Granville, on the 2nd instant, Mrs. Jane C. Hamilton, in the 28th year of her age.

Death seldom plucks a brighter or a purer flower. As the modest violet unobtrusive, her virtues shone brightest round the home where she was ever found; and those who knew her best, loved her most. The tears around her dying bed told of the beloved friend and the kind mistress. A fond husband and five little children are left to mourn her loss. She had been for some years a consistent member of the Episcopal Church, and leaning on the Christian's staff, calmly and resignedly her sun went down.

As droops the lily's spotless cheek,
At Winter's chilling breath;
So droop'd her guileless spirit meek,
At the cold touch of death.

ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS.

LAWRENCE'S (CITY) HOTEL.

October 8th, L. J. Copeland, Fulton, Miss.; David H. Holland, Smithfield; Joseph Woods, Person; Rev. M. D. Freeman, Wake; John H. Cooley, Franklin; J. J. Jackson, Pittsboro'; H. M. Marcum, Chapel Hill.

Oct. 9th, J. Robt. Jeffreys, Franklin.

Oct. 10th, L. J. Copeland and Lady, Fulton, Miss.; H. H. Yeargin, Pittsboro'; Dr. James L. Hackney, R. B. Hinnant and Col. Samuel Horton, Johnston; D. M'Pherson and Mr. Etheridge, Smithfield.

YARBROUGH'S HOUSE.

October 7th, A. J. Foster, Mrs. Foster and 2 Misses Foster, Wakefield; J. M. Smith, Halifax.

Oct. 8th, James T. Lowry and L. Clayton, Hendersonville.

Oct. 9th, George Harrison, Brunswick; Jos. D. Powell, Bleak Hill; J. Avery Wake.

Oct. 10th, W. H. Comann and Mrs. Comann, Virginia; Jno. T. Hobbs and John Carter, Indiana.

Dress and Frock Coats.

100, **JUST OPENED**, of all qualities, well cut and extremely well made.

E. L. HARDING & CO.

Raleigh, October 12th, 1850. 82

BUSINESS COATS.

125 CHEAP TWEED COATS, at a very low price.

E. L. HARDING & CO.

Raleigh, October 12th, 1850. 82

FINE OVER COATS.

68 OF THE BEST QUALITY of Blue, Black, Brown and Drab Clothes. The prettiest style ever offered in this market.

E. L. HARDING & CO.

Raleigh Oct. 12th, 1850. 85

FINE FANCY CASS. PANTS.

OUR Stock of Fancy Cassimere Pants, cannot be beat. Call and examine.

E. L. HARDING & CO.

Raleigh Oct 12th, 1850.

NEW CONFECTIONARY AND GROCERY STORE,

3 Doors below the Post Office.

WM. GRIFFICE, & CO. have opened a Confectionary and Grocery Store, in Raleigh, 3 doors below the Post Office, where they have on hand, and will sell on reasonable terms the following articles:

GROCERIES.

Sugar and Coffee,
Do St. Croix,
Candles and Soap,
Black and Imp Tea.
Saleratus and Snuff.
Crushed Sugar,
Havana do.
Pepper and Spice,
Copperas and Ginger,
Brooms, &c. &c.
Myers' Best Chewing Tobacco.

Confectionaries.

Best Segars,
Dolls, Accordians,
Fancy Candies, Citron,
Almonds, Filberts,
Palm Nuts,
Water Crackers,
Butter and Soda, do.
Prunes, Cocoa Nuts,
English Walnuts,
Figs and Raisins,

And every thing usually kept in a Confectionary Store.

They still say to the public that they carry on the

Candy Making Business,

and without boasting they can assure the public that they will sell the best Candy as cheap as any house in the place, and warrant it to be as good as can be made.

Merchants and others, buying by the wholesale, will find it to their interest to give them a call.

Raleigh, October 11th, 1850. 82 tf

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

(REPORTED FOR THE REGISTER.)

PENNSYLVANIA ELECTIONS.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 11th.

The Whigs, thus far, lose two Congressmen, and gain one. LEGISLATURE—House democratic and Senate doubtful. Gilpin, Whig, is elected Mayor of Philadelphia.—Levin, the Native American, is defeated for Congress.

(Telegraphed for the Register.

OHIO ELECTIONS.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 11th.

The Loco Focos are believed to have elected their candidate for Governor. The Whigs, however, have gained the Legislature. It is believed they will have a majority on joint ballot.

(Telegraphed for the Register.)

FOREIGN NEWS.

ARRIVAL OF THE ATLANTIC.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10th.

The Atlantic arrived here on yesterday. It left Liverpool on the 28th ult.

Cotton sales firm—there having been a further advance of one-eighth. The sales for the day prior to the Atlantic's sailing were 10,000 bales.

Flour dull and declining. Corn quiet.—No political news of moment.

(Telegraphed for the Register.)

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 11th.

Cotton firm—two thousand bales having been sold at full prices.

Flour and grain unchanged.

Rice brings 3¼.

Coffee declined.

TO THE WORLD GENERALLY,
North Carolina Especially.
And our Friends and Patrons Particularly!

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF GOODS
EVER OFFERED FOR SALE
In the State of N. Carolina, both in the Piece, and READY MADE
To which we invite the attention of the public.

OLIVER & PROCTER,

MERCHANT TAILORS, NO. 1
Sign of the R. R. R. R.
Ugly Row, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh.

THE Immortal Insect, *alias* the Bugg, *alias* Oliver, of Oliver and Procter, has just returned from the City of Gotham, otherwise New York, the London of America. Spent six weeks in said diggins selecting an assortment of Goods that for quality and style never were surpassed, and rarely ever equalled. All of which are at hand and ready for exhibition. Whilst absent said *distinguished* personage for the benefit of the firm partially, but for the public more particularly, had cut and made under his own special direction and supervision, a very large and

General Assortment of Clothing,

embracing Black Dress and Frock Coats, all sizes and prices, Brown, Green, Blue, Drab, &c., &c. Business Sacks and Frocks, Overcoats and Cloaks, all colors. Pants and Vests all kinds from the low vulgar to the Peru or highfalutin. Dress Shirts, under Shirts, all kinds. Drawers of every description. Heavy Silk under Shirts. Net cotton Drawers, a new article, to which we invite special attention. Stocks, Cravats, all grades, Scarfs, Gloves, white, black and colored, Suspenders, Neck Collars,

JENNY LIND SHIRTS.

direct from Stockholm, &c. &c.

Also whilst absent heard Jenny Lind sing—sat within four feet of Genin the Hatter, the man what paid two hundred and twenty five dollars for his ticket and made money at that; presented Jenny with a riding Cap, thereby rendering himself immortal, as no Lady can ride unless she has on a Lind Cap, and made too by Genin, precisely as the Ladies generally who have heard of our fame for making "them coats" consider their Lords much handsomer and more fashionable men, when rigged out at the Store where clothing is fashioned by art.

To Members of the Legislature, &c.

Members of the approaching Legislature in want of Clothing this Winter would save twenty-five per cent if not fifty by postponing the purchasing of their clothing until their arrival here. Be sure and dont mistake our establishment, dont let any body persuade you, that they can do as well by you as we can. Dont suffer yourselves to be humbugged—that is a commodity we dont deal in, and our frends know it. Gentlemen living in this country or out of it, would do well to give us a call, as we are determined to sell cheaper than the cheapest. Persons need no longer complain of high prices. If you want clothing for yourselves, your children or your neighbors, call, we can sell them cheaper than you can buy the goods much less have them made. See Sign.

OLIVER & PROCTER,

Raleigh, Oct. 9, 1850. R. R. R. R.

POSTSCRIPT!

P. S. We take this occasion to render our most grateful acknowledgements to a generous public for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon us since our commencement in business, and trust that by promptly executing their orders and *spreading* ourselves for their benefit, not only to receive the appellation of "well done good and faithful servants" but a continuance of their custom. Our friends and customers at a distance will please read our advertisement and send on their orders; we are anxiously waiting for them.

Latest London, Paris and Northern fashions just to hand.

Cutting of all kinds attended to immediately,

O. & P.

Raleigh, October 12 1850. 82

NEGRO CLOTHING.

WE have a large assortment of Negro Clothing, all kinds of Jackets, Over Coats, Pants and Vests, that we will sell cheaper than the goods can be purchased, much less to have them made. To which we invite the heads of families who have their servants to supply.

OLIVER & PROCTER.

Oct. 12, 1850. 82

NEW WORKS.

ECHOES of the Universe. From the World of Matter, and the World of Spirit. By the Rev. Henry Christmas.

ALSO

GREEN'S WORK, THE SECRET BAND OF BROTHERS, or, the American Outlaws. Compiled by the Celebrated Reformed Gambler, J. H. Green. For sale by

H. D. TURNER

Raleigh, Oct., 12th, 1850 82

V. B. PALMER, the American Newspaper Agent, is Agent for this paper and authorized to take ADVERTISEMENTS, and SUBSCRIBERS at the same rates as required by us.—His offices are at
PHILADELPHIA, N. W. cor. Third and Chesnut sts.
New York, Tribune Building.

MORE LAND FOR SALE,

500 Acres of Valuable Land, lying two miles South of Raleigh, on the Fayetteville road, will be sold on a long credit—notes well secured being all that is desired. Persons wishing to examine the land and premises can do so by calling on M. A. Bledsoe, who is authorized to sell it.

S. J. BAKER.

October 11, 1850. 82

Notice

IS hereby given, that application will be made, at the next session of the North Carolina Legislature, for a charter to connect the Deep River with the Yadkin River, by means of a Portage Rail Road, and also to improve the Yadkin River, as high up as Wilksboro', by means of Locks, Dams and Canals.

MANY CITIZENS.

Oct. 11th 1850. 82 6w.

State of North Carolina—FRANKLIN COUNTY. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, September Term 1850.

Frances G Winston and Martha D. Winston
vs.
Jesse Winston Jr. Adm'r. of Jesse Winston Sn'r. & others.
} Petition for Sale of Slaves and distributive shares.

In this case, it is decreed that it appears to the Court, that Lot No. 5 allotted to James E. Whitfield and Wife, in the division of the Negroes, is charged with the sum of one hundred and twenty one dollars and eighty cents, and that James E. Whitfield is indebted to the Estate of said intestate for articles purchased at the sale, by said Administrator of the personal estate, in the sum of one hundred and five dollars and fifteen and a half cents, with interest from the 1st day of September 1849; also the sum of forty seven dollars, with interest from the 1st day of January 1850, for hire of negro belonging to said estate, and also in the further sum of two dollars and thirty six cents, with interest from the 1st day of January 1848.

It is ordered that the Clerk of this Court immediately give notice to the said Whitfield, by Advertisement for the space of six successive weeks in the Raleigh Register, a newspaper printed in the City of Raleigh, that unless the said Whitfield shall within three months from and after the first day of the present Term, pay into the office of the Clerk of this Court, the amount of the said debts and interest and the sum charged upon said share for equality of partition as aforesaid, to wit: $121.80, the said share of the said negroes that was allotted to the said Whitfield and wife shall be sold for that purpose.

Witness, Young Patterson, Clerk of the said Court, at office on the 2nd Monday of September, A. D. 1850.

Y. PATTERSON, C. C. C.

Sept. 28th 1850. (Pr. Adv. $5.62½) 6w 78

State of North Carolina—GRANVILLE COUNTY, Superior Court of Law, September Term 1850.

Elisabeth Strange
vs.
Samuel Strange,
} Petition for Divorce.

In this case, it appearing that a Copy of the Petition and Subpeona were issued to the defendant in manner as by the Statute in such cases is required, and the return thereon being that the defendant is not to be found: Proclamation is publicly made at the Court House door by the Sheriff for the said defendant to appear and answer as commanded by the Subpoena, and the said defendant failing to appear, it is ordered by the Court, that publication for three months be made in the "Raleigh Register," and in the "Raleigh Times." for the said Sam'l Strange to appear at the next (March) Term of this Court, to be held at the Court House, in Oxford, on the 1st Monday of March next, and answer the Plaintiff's Petition.

Witness, Benj. C. Cooke, Clerk of our said Superior Court at Oxford, the 1st Monday of September, A. D. 1850.

BENJ. C. COOKE, C. S. C.

Sept. 22nd, 1850 7 7 3m

State of North Carolina—GRANVILLE COUNTY, Superior Court of Law, September Term 1850.

Nancy Culbreath
vs
Green W. Culbreath.
} Petition for Diverce.

In this case, it appearing that a copy of the Petition and Subpoena were issued to the Defendant in manner as by the Statute in such cases is required, and the return thereon being that the defendant is not to be found: Proclamation is publicly made at the Court House door by the Sheriff for the said defendant to appear and answer as commanded by the Subpoena, and the said defendant failing to appear, it is ordered by the Court, that publication for three months be made in the "Raleigh Register" and in the "Raleigh Times," for the said Green W. Culbreath to appear at the next (March) Term of this Court, to be held at the Court House in Oxford, on the 1st Monday of March next, and answer the Plaintiff's Petition.

Witness, Benj C. Cooke, Clerk of our said Superior Court, at Oxford, the 1st Monday of September A. D. 1850.

BENJ. C. COOKE C. S. C.

Sept. 22nd, 1850. 77 3m

State of North Carolina—GRANVILLE COUNTY, Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions.

Petition for Division of Land.

John Davis and Matilda his wife of said County of Granville, Samuel Bailey of the County of Wake, William C Mangum and Priscilla his wife of said County of Wake, and Josephus Bailey, and Maney H. Bailey, Infants under the age of twenty-one years by Duncan Canaday of said County of Wake, their next friend, Plaintiffs.

vs.

John Bailey, Allen Bailey, Joseph Bailey, Henderson Bailey, Ephraim Bailey and Priscilla his wife,—Clark and Amy A. G. his wife, Prudence A. Bailey and Louisa M. Bailey, who all reside beyond the limits of the State of North Carolina. Israel Dilliard and Mahala his wife of said County of Granville and William Laws of said County of Wake, Defendants.

Affidavit having been made according to Act of Assembly that the defendants John Bailey, Allen Bailey, Joseph Bailey, Henderson Bailey, Ephriam Bailey and Priscilla his wife,—Clark and Amy A. G. his wife, Prudence A. Bailey, and Louisa M Bailey are non-Residents, Notice is hereby given, to the said non-residents in the Raleigh Register (to be continued for the space of six weeks successively) to be and appear before the Justices of said Court at the Term thereof to be held for said County at the Court House in Oxford on the first Monday in November next, then and there to answer or demur to the said Petition, otherwise the same will be heard ex parte as to them and the prayer of the Petitioners be granted.

Witness Augustine Landis, Clerk of said Court at office, in Oxford, the 21st day of September A. D. 1850. A. LANDIS, C. C. C.

Sept. 25th, 1850. (Pr. Adv. $5 62½), 6w 77

1. R. Patters

CONSOLIDATED LOTTERIES OF MARYLAND
FOR OCTOBER, 1850!

The State Consolidated Lotteries of Maryland are drawn by State Commissioners appointed by the Governor of Maryland.

CHARTERED BY ACT OF ASSEMBLY!

All Tickets of the Maryland Lotteries bear the Stamp of the State.

COLVIN & CO.

Office N. W. Corner Baltimore & Calvert sts.,
MUSEUM BUILDING, *Baltimore, Md.*

The list of Prizes sold by COLVIN & CO. in the September Lotteries show the cheering fact that "all is well:"

The Grand Capital $50,000, Nos. 31 37 65. Sold in Baltimore.

The Grand Capital $20,000, Nos. 2 19 53. Sold in N. Carolina.

The Grand Capital $25,000, Nos. 26 68 75. Sold in Alabama.

The Grand Capital $15,000, Nos. 8 30 74. Sold in Tennessee.

The Grand Capital $20,000, Nos. 54 60 63. Sold in Mississippi.

AND OTHER PRIZES!

"As thick and numberless as the gay motes that people the sunbeams."

All orders per mail receive prompt attention.

Please examine the following schedule of
Lotteries for October, 1850.

Date.	Capitals.	No. of Ballots.	Price of Pack's of Tk'ts.	Wl's.	Qrs.
Oct. 8,	20,000	75 Nos. 15 drawn,	5,	60,	15
" 10,	4,500	75 Nos. 12 dra'n	1,	15,	3¾
" 11,	9,000	78 Nos. 16 dra'n	2½,	30,	7½
" 12,	60,000 40,600 30,000	78 Nos. 14 dra'n	15,	180,	36
" 14,	10,000 and 10 of 2,500	78 Nos. 13 dra'n	2½,	30,	8
" 15,	5,000	75 Nos. 12 dra'n	1,	15,	3¾
" 16,	30,000	75 Nos. 15 dra'n	10,	100,	25
" 17,	20,000 10,000 10,000	78 Nos. 13 dra'n,	65,	[illegible]	16
" 18,	9,000	72 Nos. 13 dra'n,	2½	30,	7½
" 22,	25,000 5 of 5,000	78 Nos. 13 dra'n,	5	65,	16
" 23,	30,000 20,000	78 Nos. 13 dra'n	10	130,	32½
" 24,	20,000 5 of 2,500	75 Nos. 12 drawn	5	75,	18¾
" 25,	9,000 3,000	78 Nos. 16 drawn,	2½	30,	7½
" 26,	75,000 50,000 25,000 15,000, &c.	78 Nos. 16 dra'n,	30	300,	75
" 28,	4 of 5000	78 Nos. 13 dra'n,	2½	36,	9½
" 29,	20,000	75 Nos. 15 dra'n,	5	60,	15½
" 30,	30,000	75 Nos. 13 dra'n,	10	130,	32
" 31,	5 of 1000	72 Nos. 11 dra'n.	1	15,	3

☞ Correspondents can transact business through the mails with this agency, as well as though personally present.

☞ Letters carefully directed and answered by return mail.

☞ Colvin & Co. send managers official drawing to all who order tickets.

☞ Bank notes on all good banks in the country, or Prize tickets received in payment, at par, for tickets.

Prizes cashed at sight. Bank drafts remitted to these holding prizes.

All orders are carefully complied with. The most prompt attention always given to orders.

Please address, COLVIN & CO.,
BALTIMORE MD,

C. & E. L. Kerrison & Co.,
DIRECT IMPORTERS OF
FOREIGN DRY GOODS,
Charleston, S. C.

WOULD respectfully inform their friends and those who purchase Dry Goods, in their city, that they are now prepared to offer a large, choice and well assorted Stock of **Foreign and Fancy Dry Goods.**

As they receive the bulk of their Goods, *direct* from European Ports, they feel assured of being able to compete successfully with any other Market in the United States.

209 King, North West Corner of King and Mar-
August 24th, 1850. w3m

Head Quarters 7th Division N. C. Militia,
NASHVILLE, August 15th, 1850.

ORDERS No. 3.—A Review will be held of the Regiments belonging to the seventh Division of North Carolina Militia, at the following times and places.

22nd Regiment at Nashville, October 7th.
20th do do Bridgers, do 9th,
21st do do Tarboro' do 10th,
13th do do Williamston, do 12th,
15th do do M. Ground, do 14th,
16th do do Jackson, do 5th,
14th do do M. Ground, do 7th,
23rd do do Warrenton, do 9th,
29th do do Louisburg, do 22nd,
35 & 36 do do Raleigh, do 24th,

By Order of MAJ. GEN. SINGLETARY,
JNO. I FOREMAN, A. D. C.

August 15th, 1850. 67

SUGAR & COFFEE—
37 hhds good to prime, Port Rico sugar
50 " N O "
5 " St Croix "
125 boxes and barrels refined "
325 bags Rio, Laguayra and Java Coffee
In store and for sale by
PEEBLES, WHITE & DAVIS.
Petersburg, Sept. 28th 1850. 78

FOR SALE.

ONE of the the most desirable residences in the County of Wake, within one mile of Raleigh, with all the advantages of the City and the quiet of the Country—convenient to the Churches, Schools and Society of the Capital. The dwelling house is large and very convenient, with 8 rooms above and dining room and pantries in basement.

The house is in fine order, newly painted, handsome grove of 4 or 5 acres in front, besides a good kitchen, Rock Spring House, and two or three never failing Springs in ten steps of the house. There are large negro houses, with good brick chimneys two Smoke-houses, two carriage-houses two Cribs, a three-story Granary, good stables and every other out-house necessary for comfort, on the premises.

The Tract contains 350 Acres, 100 of which is Forest land, well wooded, 10 acres in fine Meadow and the balance in fair farming land.

For further particulars apply to W. H. Jones, Esq., of Raleigh, who will show the premises, or address

P. A. ATKINSON.
Falkland, Pitt Co., Sept. 27th, 1850. 6 J 78
☞ Standard copy.

N. PERRY,
Clothing Bazaar,
Sycamore St., 3 doors above Bank,
PETERSBURG, VA.

THE CHEAPEST and BEST assortment in this city of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS—Coats, Vests, Pants, Shirts, Gloves, Cravats, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, Umbrellas, Boys and Servants' Clothing, &c &c &c.

Gentlemen are invited to call and examine our Stock, which will at all times be freely shown.

September 8, 1850. 73 tf.

Extra Black Moleskin Hats.
Fashion for September, 1850.

FUR HATS, a general assortment.
Men and Boys Caps.
Just received and for sale by
JESSE BROWN.
No. 9, Fayetteville Street.
Raleigh, October 1st 1850. 72

Perry Davis' Pain Killer.

A supply of the above valuable Medicine this day received at PESCUDS.

JENNY LIND SLIPPERS.

JUST received, and for sale by
O. L. BURCH.
Raleigh, Oct. 4, 1850. 80

ARRIVAL

JUST Received, and for sale, on consignment, a large lot of Summer and Fall Coats Vests and Pants, which we are selling very low, to close a consignment.

A. B. STITH & CO.
August 26, 1850. 69