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"Ours' are the plans of fair, delightful peace; Unwarped by party rage, to live like brothers.'

RALEIGH, N. C. SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 26, 1852.

REPUBLICAN WHIG TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT, GEN. WINFIELD SCOTT,

OF NEW JERSEY.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT, WILLIAM A. GRAHAM,

OF NORTH CAROLINA. ELECTION ON TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5TH.

FOR GOVERNOR, JOHN KERR, of Caswell. ELECTION ON THURSDAY, AUGUST 5th.

FOR THE SENATE, JOHN W. HARRISS.

FOR THE HOUSE OF COMMONS. SION H. ROGERS. MAJ. WILLIE D. JONES. MAJ. WILLIAM F. COLLINS.

MR. KERR'S APPOINTMENTS. The Whig Candidate for Governor will address his fellow-citizens at the following times and places, namely :

" 26th. Graham, Saturday, Greensboro', Tuesday, " 29th. Salem, Thursday, July 1st. Huntsville, (Yadkin,) Saturday, July 3rd. Wilkesboro', Tuesday, - -

union and harmony were exhibited.

risonian majority for Scott and Granam, in whether they desire to change their Constitu-

In every quarter of the country, the nomina- making the change through their own delegates, tions are hailed with a spirit, that is, of itself, specially chosen for the purpose. the sure augury of victory-with unbounded enthusiasm by those whose preference was for the seems to be almost entire unity and an almost as a theme for partisan electioneering! universal belief that triumph awaits us.

WHIGS OF NORTH CAROLINA! though your leader has been changed, you have the same crowned his efforts !

MR. STANLY'S SPEECH.

speech is one of the most admirable and effective of Mr. Stanly's many able efforts. It will manner, the corruption and intrigues of locofoco leaders, North and South.

We see that the "Raleigh Standard" speaks of Mr. Stanly as "the traitor Stanly." Emanating from the source this does, we know of nothing to exceed it, in impudence, except the effrontery of the same paper in lecturing us for a forever the bitter waters of sectional controver-"want of decency," in the course we have thought | sy. proper to adopt, for sufficient reasons, towards the Ex-Minister from "unhappy Spain."

THE WHIG PLATFORM.

We re-publish, to-day, the Resolutions of the Whig National Convention, as adopted by that body, and officially promulgated by its officers, since the adjournment. They were rather inaccurately printed in our last.

The platform finds universal acceptance with Whigs, and even "Democrats" can say nothing gainst it. It not only goes farther than theirs for the South, but it embodies sentiments with reference to National policy that commend themselves to every patriotic heart and dispassionate judgment.

WINFIELD SCOTT says that he rejoices to stand upon that Platform!

ing his election as certain."

FREE SUFFRAGE—THE DIFFERENCE.

The difference between Mr. Kerr and Gov. Reid and his co-leaders, on this question, is this -Mr. Kerr is in earnest, and the latter are en- when it affirms that the charge against Gov. for themselves whether, in the opinion of the gaged in a mere party trick. The former sees REID, of having voted for the Wilmot Proviso, organ of "His Excellency," itself, the principle the public mind is excited on this and other sub- is unfounded, and when it further asserts, in of the Wilmot Proviso was not really inserted in jects of Constitutional reform. As a patriot who substance, that the Ordinance of '87 was insert- the Oregon Bill. loves the honor and prosperity of North Caro- ed in the Oregon Bill in accordance with the prinlina, he wishes to see these disturbing questions | ciple of the Missouri Compromise. her resources are to be developed, and her name | Western Territory, ceded by Virginia to the Uni-

How stands the case with Reid, and the party | Territory, which then belonged to the U. States ; care of themselves. | The "Standard" speaks of chiefs under whose direction he is acting ?- and, as there is no provision in the Ordinance this address as the address of the Western Whigs They have succeeded in exciting the public making it applicable to any other Territory, after- -and asks, "are they not Mr. Kerr's friends, pomind, and, so far as Free Suffrage is concerned, wards to be acquired, it results, necessarily, that litical and personal?" Well, suppose they are they wish it to remain excited. They would it had no applicability to the Oregon Territory .- - and suppose, for the sake of the argument, look upon the final settlement of the question in And here we may notice, in passing, that the that the sentiments in the address are all wrong. any shape, as a great calamity to them. They "Standard" accuses us of inconsistency in hav- How is Mr. Kerr responsible for that? That do not desire to see Free Suffrage pass in any ing stated, during the pendency of the Clayton address was written by Western men. for a mode. They introduced it for party purposes- Compromise, that it was immaterial what Con- Western constituency, with a view to arouse they have continued to agitate it for party pur- gress might do in the premises, since the laws public opinion to a sense of what they consider poses-and they wish to keep it an open ques- of nature and the well-known and oft-expressed Western grievances. As free citizens of a free tion for party purposes. The prosperity of the sentiment of the inhabitants had virtually ex- government, they have a right to their opinions. State is with them a very small matter, com- cluded slavery from the Territories acquired of and a right to express them. And others have is not a dissenting voice heard in the Whig pared with party success and the division of Mexico. But this game won't do. The opinion the same right to differ from them. But Mr. party plunder. With them, selfishness is a much | which we then expressed has been verified by | Kerr is no mere Western Candidate; neither more sensible and practical thing than mere pa- subsequent events; and California (to which is he an Eastern Candidate. He is not the retriotism. They have afforded the very best evi- our remarks on the occasion referred to were presentative of any particular section, or the exdence that they do not wish Free Suffrage to confined,) shortly after applied for admission as ponent of sectional views. If he were, he would pass. Why did the members of their party in a State, and that too in accordance with the pre- be unfit to be the Governor of North Carolina. the Assembly, at the sessions of '48-'49 and cise doctrine which the "Standard" and its party He is a gentleman of enlarged views, whose pa- at one o'clock, and gave more general satisfac-'50-'51, vote against Mr. Rayner's bill, propos- contended for in 1848, -with a Constitution ex- triotism is not circumscribed by county lines. ing to establish Free Suffrage by a restricted pressly prohibiting slavery. Before that paper, With many of the signers of that Western adasm prevailed. The disappointed came over Convention, in a few months' time, provided the | therefore, undertakes to arraign us for the opin- | dress, we are personally acquainted. and we people desired it, on their being consulted ?- ion to which it is pleased to allude, it must ig- know that they are too generous, too just, and They could have had Free Suffrage and would nore and repudiate the identical principle which too patriotic, to require of their Candidate that not. And yet they have the impudence to talk it maintained in the last Presidential campaign! he should think precisely with them on all quesabout wishing to extend this boon to the poor Far different was the case of Oregon. It is well tions of State policy. But no matter what may be men of the State: they have the assurance to known that our title to that Territory was pur- the peculiar views of the signers of that Western glorious victory in November next. call themselves Democratic Republicans,-God chased, with Louisiana and Florida, from France address, yet, upon one point, and that a vital save the mark! The mere assertion is enough and Spain, and that, therefore, the Oregon Ter- one, we insist they are right, and in that point tion of Gen. Scott was received here yesterday. to blister their tongues, whenever they make it, ritory came in as emphatically Slave Territory, Mr. Kerr agrees with them-and that is, that There were a few who did not respond to it It will be seen, by reference to the closing istocracy; they insist that the few-the mem- Territory! These purchases were made twenty regard to the amendment of their Constitution, proceedings of the Whig National Convention, bers of Assembly-shall measure out privileges or thirty years after the Ordinance was applied and not after the amendment is made, only; and which we bring up to-day, that Gen. Scorr re- and favors to the people, from time to time, as to the North Western Territory, ceded by Vir- that if the people desire a change, the change ceived the nomination on the 53d ballot—that, may suit their good pleasure, or as their party ginia. Such was the State of things, when Da- should be made in accordance with the usage of of Gen. Scott and Wm. A. Graham has reached notwithstanding the protracted balloting, the interests may suggest. They refuse to consult vid S. Reid voted for the Oregon Bill, with the free representative government—by delegates our city. The announcement has been received greatest enthusiam prevailed upon the result the people in regard to the people's grievances principle of the Wilmot Proviso in it, without specially chosen for the purpose. being proclaimed-that the Southern States |-they are not willing to allow the people to came in heartily-that eloquent speeches were modify their own government, by delegates esmade by eloquent men-and that the utmost | pecially chosen for the purpose; but they insist | on keeping the Constitution as a fund for parti- cause we believe that the attention of the Peo- vention made the very best selection it could The nearly unanimous, (subsequently made san financiering, and after tinkering with the so,) vote by which, on the second ballot, Wil- Constitution as party interests, and not the pub 1850, by other issues, that David S. Reid de has the ability to sustain the cause he advocates. LIAM A. GRAHAM was nominated for the Vice- lic good, may suggest, they claim great credit Presidency, attests the firm hold which he has for their regard for popular rights, when, after acquired on the confidence and affections of his their work is done, they are willing to say to the countrymen, and is no less decided and grateful people, "Here it is, take it as we have fixed it ritory, that came in as Slave Territory !! We the admiration of all patriots in the State, of a compliment to our good old Whig State of up, or you can't have it at all?' John Kerr North Carolina-a compliment which she will and those who sustain him take a different show her appreciation of, by rolling up a Har- ground. They are first for asking the people,

We therefore call on the friends of Mr. Kerr in all sections of the State, East and West, North pominee of the Convention, and, with a very few and South, to proclaim it in every town and exceptions, here and there, with a determination, hamlet, on every hilf-side and valley, in the on the part of the friends of Mr. FILLMORE, to mansions of the rich and in the cabins of the forego their personal preferences and bury poor-that John Kerr is a better, a much better minor differences at the foot of the altar of our Free Suffrage man than David S. Reid. John announced their determination to do so, against common Country. This is truly encouraging Kerr is in earnest about granting Free Suffrage. to the Patriot. Much was hoped for from di- if the people want it, and that right speedily,vision in our ranks, but, instead thereof, there David S. Reid is for holding back Free Suffrage

tion! If they do, then they are for the people

In the darkest hours of Whig fortunes, says the glorious principles for which to fight-the same | Richmond Whig," Winfield Scott was ever a subtle and unprincipled enemy to contend with. true and devoted Whig. He never for one mo-In the approaching contest, let each man gird | ment thought of despair; confiding in the virtue up his loins and go into the battle-field with a of the people, he stimulated the desponding and determination not to leave it until victory has encouraged the bold. He now stands before the country as the representative of that great par-

ty. He has planted himself upon its principles. He has signified his entire concurrence in that The Republic, of the 18th, contains the recent broad Platform, which guaranties the rights of speech of the Hon. Edward Stanly, in reply to every section and the happiness and security of Mr. Cabell, of Florida. There are one or two the whole. His election, as the exponent of Upoints in it upon which, it is well known, we nion sentiments, and as the sworn foe of all secdifer from its distinguished author-points, tional agitation, will put an end to fanaticism however, which have been adjusted by the Na- and restore to every portion of our wide-spread tional Whig Convention. But, as a whole, this country the kindly feelings of brotherhood and peace. He, more perhaps than any man living, can achieve these vast results. Bred under the tell with strong effect in the coming campaign, auspices of Jefferson, Madison and Monroeexposing, as it does, in a fearless and masterly having drunk deeply of their fervid love of liberty and Union, he more nearly than any now upon the public stage approaches those great patriots who founded and fashioned our infant Republic. Being a Southern man by birth, a Northern man by residence, and a Union man by sentiment, his great moral influence will still

> THE CAMPAIGN .- The "Richmond Whig" predicts that this will be the most animated canvass we have ever had. That of '40 was nothing to it-and if the Whigs will unite, Scott will receive a greater vote than General Harrison. General Scott won five battles in one day; General Pierce fell from his horse four times in two

Hurra for Pierce!

Who is Pierce ?- Exchange.

He was Brigadier in the Mexican War, and 'fout" at - and at - we don't know where; but he killed Cass, and Douglas, and where; but he killed Cass, and Douglas, and Buchanan, and Marcy, and a dozen or so other Buchanan, and Marcy, and a dozen or so other always will be; and for one we tender him our ful to our friends for the handsome accessions " fogies."

RATIFICATON MEETING .- The Whigs of this A letter from Mr. John Tyler, of Virginia, is City held an enthusiastic Ratification Meeting position of Mr. Polk and Gov. Reid was distinct—subscribers with back numbers; but we shall published, endorsing Gen. Pierce, and "regard- last night, (Thursday.) Particulars in our ly approved by it, at the time the latter voted hereafter print a larger edition, for such as, we placed, it shall continue to be the great sim of placed.

THE "WILMOT" CANDIDATE-AGAIN. that the truth is not in the last "Standard,"

put to rest, that the State may go on in the ca- In the first place, it is necessary to state, that reer of enterprise and improvement, by which the Oregon Territory was no part of the North and character honored and promoted. As a ted States, and which was bound, under the Or-. members, at the last session of the Legislature, true republican, he wishes these grave questions | dinance of '87, to come into the Union as free | will not avail any thing. The disguises of the of Constitutional reform to be submitted to the States. It did not then belong to the United States, people, that they, in their sovereign power, may and, of course, the Ordinance, which was passed As to the positions taken in that address, we are decide what changes they desire in the govern- under the old Confederation, and adopted by the not called on to discuss them, nor shall we .ment under which they, and their children after first Congress which met under the present Con- Those who signed it are responsible to their constitution, could only apply to the North Western | stituents, and we presume they are able to take just as much as the North Western was free the people should be consulted before-hand, it the compromise feature of the Missouri line.

We charge, therefore, again-and we intend for the State, and un-fortunately for David S. by the additional evidence which follows.

lished in the "Pendleton Messenger" of July of all sections that he was willing to let the Conat the capital of Missouri, in which he used the were satisfied with it, lest, in attempting to making for a grand mass meeting. following language:

"Very different (from the Missouri Compromise,) was the case in reference to the Oregon Bill, passed at the session preceding the last .-There, the North contended for the absolute right to exclude Slavery from all the Territories; and the efforts of the South to compromise the question by extending the Missouri Compromise line to the Pacific Ocean. The offer was scornfully refused, and the bill passed without any Comlical assertion of the naked principle, that 'Congress had the power, claimed for it, of passing the Wilmot Prociso. It was the first act of the kind ever passed, &c."

Mr. Benton says, in the speech delivered at Lexington, on the 7th of July, 1849, that he introduced the amendment into the Oregon bill that passed with the Wilmot Proviso attached; and it was done to assert the unlimited power of Congress over Slavery in the Territories. And that, as a naked, absolute, unconditional exercise of the unlimited power of Congress over the son. Argued by Attorney General and Winswhole subject, the Oregon bill with the anti-sla- low. very clause received the approving signature of President Polk, with the sanction of his whole | Winglow and Attorney General,

The "olive branch" referred to by Mr. Cal- Strange for plaintiff. houn, which was so "scornfully refused" by the North, was the amendment offered by Mr. Burt, of South Carolina, to the Wilmot Proviso as it for plaintiff and Winston for defendants. stood in the Oregon bill, in the following words:

"Inasmuch, as the whole of the said Territory lies North of 36° 30' North latitude, known as and Lanier for defendant. the line of the Missouri Compromise."

That amendment was rejected, and Reid after wards voted for the naked Wilmot Proviso'!

But we have not quite done. We mean to make the "Standard" bear witness against itself in this particular. We quote from that paper of July 25th, 1849:

"We have received and read with much satisfaction, the reply of Mr. Calhoun to Col. Benton, and shall lay it before our readers in our next issue. We regard it as conclusive. Mr. Calhoun follows up his ambitious and unscrumasterly argument against the Wilmot Proviso. We hope every Southern man will read this document; and to our Whig friends we especially appeal, not only to peruse it, but to weigh truths it contains. We, certainly, cannot be charged with partizan bias in thus speaking of Mr. Calhoun; for we have not been able, on all occasions, to agree with him or to approve his course. Here, however, in this hour of peril, warn Whigs against his fabrications. he is true to the South and to the Union also, hearty thanks for this reply."

for, and the former signed, the Oregon Bill!! hope, are yet to come.

We ask the people of North Carolina to com- | RECEPTION OF THE WHIG NOMINAextract from Mr. Calhoun's Speech, and judge

CITY OF RALEIGH, WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 30, 1852.

HOW THE MATTER STANDS!

The desperate attempt of the "Standard" to make Mr. Kerr responsible for all the sentiments in the address of a portion of the Western "Standard" are too flimsy to deceive any one.

to re-iterate the charge, again and again, be- Reid, in nominating John Kerr, the Whig Conple was too much diverted from the fact, in have made, under the circumstances. Mr. Kerr serted the South and her best interests, in this with honor to himself and the highest gratifica-hour of trial and difficulty, and went over to the tion to his friends. He has the eloquence to free-soilers of the North-that he voted away Ter- arouse the energies of the Whigs; and to excite leave it now to the unbiassed judgment and both parties. He is free from Eastern or Wessound sense of the people, to say, whether we tern ultraism. He is particularly fortunate in are not fully sustained in making these charges | the entertainment of his views of State policy. He utters the same sentiments every where; Mr. Calhoun, as we stated in our last, pub- and he can afford to do it. He tells the people 14th. 1849, a reply to Benton's speech delivered stitution remain as it is-because the people make it better, it might be made worse. This is perfectly satisfactory to the East, although, in regard to a mere abstract question, Mr. Kerr, as nation of Gen. Scott and Wm. A. Graham. a private individual, may differ from a majority of Eastern men. And since the public mind has been agitated and disturbed by Mr. Reid, Mr. Kerr is now for settling these agitations, and, as a true Republican, is in favor of consulting the people, and of having their wishes carried out in promise. It was intended indeed to be the prace a legal and republican mode. This is satisfactory to the West-for it is all they can with justice require of a public man, no matter what may be his views, as a private individual, upon mere abstract questions of Constitutional reform. We congratulate every true-hearted son of North Carolina, that in John Kerr we have a Candidate who suits all fair-minded men, both in the East and the West. Let the "Standard" put that in its pipe and smoke it.

SUPREME COURT. Tuesday, 22 .- State v. Boon, from Samp-

State v. Floyd, from Robeson. Argued by

Myers c. Craige, from Anson. Argued by

WEDNESDAY, 23 .- McColl and others v. Justices of Anson, from Anson. Argued by Strange

THURSDAY 24 .- Mallory v. Mallory, in Equity from Granville, argued by Moore for plaintiff

SENATOR BADGE .- It is with deep regret we have heard of the recent serious illness of the Hon. George E. Badger, at his lodgings in Washington. He has been detained from his seat in the Senate for a fortnight or more by that cause; and, though now out of danger, feels it necessary to leave his post for a season, in the hope that the waters of the mineral springs at Berkeley Va., will restore him to his

THE TELEGAPHIC DESPATCH, published in pulous assailant at every step, meets every the The Telegaphic Despatch, published in point made against him, and concludes with a the last "Standard," with reference to Mr. CLAY's opinion on the action of the Whig Convention, is as totally destitute of truth, as the correspondent of that paper has shown himself impartially and without prejudice the great to be, for some time past. We were forced, to be, for some time past. We were forced, my illustrious and friendly rivals—the Chief some weeks since, solely on account of this want of veracity, to stop receiving despatches from State, already known to fame—was wholly unof veracity, to stop receiving despatches from the same source. We take this occasion to

And yet the "Standard" now says that the list. We regret our inability to supply new

We mean to show, by high locofoco authority, pare the above unqualified endorsement with the TIONS FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESI-

PHILADELPHIA, June 21-The nomination of Scott has produced great enthusiasm and reection of Graham is equally satisfactory. friends of Fillmore seem entirely satisfied. Whigs will hold a grand ratification meeting tomorrow night, and fire a salute of 100 guns in honor of the nomination.

WASHINGTON, June 21 .- The Whig politicians have received the nomination of Scott with evident gratification.

Boston, June 22 .- The nomination of Gen. Scott was received here at 1 P. M. yesterday. The Whigs have come into it manfully. There is much rejoicing. We have despatches from Maine, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and elsewhere. All goes bravely on,

NEW YORK, JUNE 22 .- The nomination of Gen. Scott and W. A. Graham takes like wildfire with the people here. There were several large meetings last night and great rejoicing, PHILADELPHIA, JUNE 22.—The neminations we been received here with great enthusiasm,

ALBANY, JUNE 22 .- The announcement of the ominations of the Whig Convention have been eccived, and met with an enthusiastic response. BUFFALO, JUNE 22 .- The Whig nominations are received and warmly welcomed. There is

PITTTBURGH, JUNE 22 .- The nomination of Gen. Scott and Wm. A. Graham by the Whig National Convention has been received and produced the most enthusiastic rejoicings. There ranks. A salute has been fired in honor of the

WHEELING, (VA.) JUNE 22 .- We are already dvised of the Whig nomination, and our friends here respond heartily.

NORFOLK, (Va.) JUNE 22 .- The nomination of Gen. Scott was received in this city yesterday tion than it was at first anticipated. One hundred guns were fired, and the greatest enthusilike men, and are now the most vociferous in

PORTSMOUTH (Va.) JUNE 22 .- Gen. Scott's nomination was received here yesterday between one and two o'clock, and gave great satisfaction. All is enthusiasm. We promise a

WILMINGTON, (N. C.) JUNE 22 .- The nominahad accepted the platform, and that Hon., W. A. Graham had been nominated for Vice President, general rejoicing ensued. SAVANNAH, (GA) June 22.-The nomination

with much better grace than was anticipated .-Fortunately for the Whig party, fortunately learning that Gen. Scott planted himself at once upon the platform, general satisfaction prevail-

NEW ORLEANS, June 22 .- The nomination of Gen. Scott by the Whig Convention has already come to hand; also that of Mr. Graham for Vice President. Our Whigs take it with good grace, especially since they have learned that the General steps up boldly on the platform. Preparations are in progress for a ratification meeting.

MAYSVILLE, (Ky.) June 22,-All is right .-The nominations of the Whig Convention are perfectly satisfactory. LOUISVILLE, June 22 .- The news of the nom-

ination of Gen. Scott for the Presidency and Wm. A. Graham for the Vice Presidency, has been received here and produced much excitement and enthusiasm. Cannons were fired, and the Whigs came out manfully for the nominees without a dissenting voice. Preparations are

MEMPHIS, (TENN.) June 22 .- Loud and hearty cheers have just been given here for the nomi-

COLUMBUS, (OHIO.) June 22.—The nomination of Gen. Scott and Wm. A. Graham has come to hand on the wings of lightning. The Whigs are united and rejoicing. Immense enthusiasm and unanimity prevail.

CINCINNATI, JUNE 22 .- The first despatch anouncing the nomination of Gen. Scott and W A. Graham was received here and hailed by the Whigs with enthusiastic rejoicings. Three hearty cheers were immediately given for Gen. Scott, and when the nomination of Mr. Graham came to hand it was also warmly welcomed .-One hundred guns were fired, and the greatest enthusiasm manifested. Preparations are making for a grand ratification meeting. Ohio is

St. Louis, June 22 .- We are already in receipt of the nomination of Gen. Scott and W. A. Graham for President and Vice President. A hearty response has been given to the action of the Convention. The Whigs are already fraternizing, and are now satisfied, knowing that Gen. Scott accepts the platform.

Enthusiastic Whig Demonstration-Procession and Music-Speeches from Gen. Scott, Secretary Graham, Mr. Fillmore, Mr. Webster, &c.,

WASHINGTON, June 21 .- Without public notice, or apparently previous concert, several thousands of our citizens, with a fine band of music, marched in procession this evening along Pennsylvania avenue, to the residence of General Scott. The band played "Hail to the Chief," and loud and prolonged cheers were given. General Scott appeared at the balcony and addressed the assemblage as follows: Gentlemen: This is the first political greeting I have ever received. This manifestation

your kindness touches my heart deeply, coming as it does from my near neighbors and friends. My residence in the City of Washington has been very agreeable to myself. This city was laid out under the eye and direction of the immortal Washington, and I trust the prosperity of the city will continue to advance with the growth of the Union, until it becomes every way worthy of the Union, and of him whose

I trust, gentlemen, that so long as I shall continue amongst you, the same friendly relations will be cultivated, whether I continue to occupy the position of a soldier or shall be elevated to that of Chief Magistrate. Gentlemen, the high honor which the Balti-

more convention has conferred upon me, over merited, and will be a cause for my making still greater efforts to merit the approbation of my country and of that convention. I know that much anxiety and many trials

are to be passed through before the ratification of the people shall be heard. Whether it shall that are daily being made to our Subscription confirm the action of the Convention or not, I shall be satisfied, for I know that it will be conferred upon a man deserving your confidence and support. In whatever position I may be my life to discharge my duty to my country.

If I should be elevated to that distinguished position for which I have been named, I shall seek so to conduct myself as to merit the confidence which you have so kindly bestowed upon me, in advance. Gentlemen, you find me greatly fatigued and exhausted, and for the present joicing among the Whigs generally, and the se- I can only thank you for this kind congratula- as some slight return for the uniform kindness of tion-the first of the kind which I have ever received-and bid you all a good night.

After enthusiastic cheers, the procession proceeded to Secretary Graham's, where, in response to patriotic music and loud calls, that gentleman appeared and made a neat and brief

President Fillmore was next visited by the assemblage, and after some delightful music by the band, he came out and delivered a brief but patriotic address, in which he alluded handsomely to the rising and setting sun. His remarks were received with tremendous applause. They next proceeded to Secretary Corwin's

dwelling, but to the cheers and music there was no reply. Senator Mangum came next on the route, and the procession having halted, he came forward and addressed them. He alluded to Bunker Hill, and eulogized General Scott in the highest terms. He pledged old North Carolina to his support, and had no doubt but a grateful country would elevate him to the Chief Magistracy. Mr. Webster was then visited. He had re-

tired, but opened his window and said: You have been engaged in the performance of a great public duty-the selection of a man for the office of President of the United States. It has happened my name was before that convention. Their choice has fallen upon another, probably for the best. One thing he could assure them; in principle and practice he remained unchanged. No man

in the assemblage would sleep better than he would to-night, and in the morning, God willing, he would rise with the lark, and though the lark was a better songster than himself, he would not rise with more jocund heart to greet the purplings of the East. He thanked them for the kind compliment they had paid him, and bade them good night. On passing Brown's Hotel, loud cheers were given for N. K. Hall, Postmaster General, but

tion that gentleman did not appear. The assemblage then dispersed in excellent order. PIERCE AND DORR. The late visit of Pierce to Dorr has caused considerable remark. Our contemporary of the Enquirer who was considerably 'exercised' by Seward's sitting in the same pew with Scott, cannot but rebuke General Pierce for making

his first visit in Rhode Island to the famous rebel and abolitionist. Dorr was formorly, (and views) not only a member of the Anti-Slavery Society of Rhode Island, but a member of its 'Executive Committeer" and one of the most zealous in all movements of that body. He was at one time a candidate for Congress, and assured the Abolitionists if they would vote for him, he would pledge himself to introduce a bill Some murmured at losing their favorite, but promptly, and advocate it with all his might, to abolish slavery in the District of Columbia, and put a stop to the slave trade between the several lave holding States.

We are sorry to see General Pierce giving the honor of his first call in Rhode Island to this rank abolitionist. Nor does it speak well for he conservative spirit attributed to him, that he should thus frateroize with a man who even unblushingly preciaimed that if it were necessary to overturn the government of Rhode Island, he would march over the dead body of his own father.—Rich. Republican.

MARRIED.

In Wake Forest, on the 15th inst., by Prof. W. T. Brooks, Bedford Brown, Esq., of Person county, to Miss Helen F., third daughter of the late Jesse Powell.

On the 12th of May, by the Rev. S. P. Smith, Dr. A. A. Scroggs and Miss Matilda M. Parks, all of Wilkes County.

OBITUARY.

It is with deep regret that we record the death

of the Hon, WILLIAM BIDDLE SHEPARD. His

constitution was never very vigorous, but for some months past his health has been declining, and on Sunday night, 20th inst., at his residence in Elizabeth City, he finished his earthly career. He was born at Newbern in the month of November, 1799. He was the son of the late William Shepard of that place, and was therefore, as is well known, a member of a family highly distinguished for talents—himself the most distinguished. Mr. Shepard has long occupied a conspicuous place in the public eye, Norfolk and the Northern cities promptly and with and was among the most valued sons of his na- dispatch. tive State. He will be greatly missed, in the extensive circle of relations and private friends, and arrive at Portsmouth by 7 o'clock, P. M.; in to whom he had endeared himself as well by a time to connect with one of the Chesapeake Bay faithful discharge of all the duties of life, as by | Steamers, the kindness of his disposition, his elegance of manners, and his entertaining and instructive powers of conversation. He was educated at Chapel Hill, where he acquired great distinction as a cholar; afterwards studied law with the Hon. William Gaston, and came to the bar in the County of Pasquotank in the year 1820 or 1821 .-He pursued his profession with great success. having attained much eminence therein, until sentatives in Congress, in 1829. Being in easy circumstances, he gave up his profession. He that body, (except in 1846,) up to the period of he reaches Baltimore. his death. He was President of the Branch by his first wife-Miss Cazenove, of Alexandria an only daughter; and by his last wife-Miss Collins, of Edenton-an only son. In this hasty sketch we have not time to ad-

vert to the many occasions, both in the Federal and State councils, in which he distinguished himself and sustained the reputation he bore through life of possessing great ability. Indeed the extent of his abilities was hardly known to himself, for on every exhibition he made of them, it was plainly to be seen that he was capable of still greater efforts. He was eminently distinguished for his high moral courage and noble elevation of character. But he has been cut down in the midst of his usefulness, and nothing remains to us, while we humbly bow to the will of Providence, but to regret the heavy loss our State has sustained at a time when the abilities of all her sons are needed, and to mingle our tears of condolence with those of his bereaved

tices being present, it was ordered that hereafter the State Docket be taken up on Tuesday of Court. instead of Thursday as heretofore, and that the Clerk publish the fact for the benefit of Suitors and

All the Justices are requested to attend on Monday of next Court, to consider and act upon an or. der made by a majority at February Term, in rela-tion to publishing the items of the Finance Commit-

tee's annual report.

Attest. JAMES T. MARRIOTT, Clork. June 26th, 1852.

TOROFESSOR HALE proffers to the City Commissioners of Raleigh, his sincere acknowledgements of gratitude, for their liberal kindness in voluntarily remitting the charge for the use of the City Hall, during his course of Lectures; and, which he has been the recipient-not only from the official, but from the general inhabitants, of the "City of Oaks," he would announce his intention of giving, upon his contemplated return, an Entertainment for the benefit of any charitable fund, to which it may be the pleasure of the authorities to

apply it. June 26th, 1852. 1t 51 Splendid Lottery ... July 1852.

> GREGORY & MAURY, Managers (Successors to J. W. Maury & Co.)

\$50,000!

\$20,000! \$15,000! \$10,178!

LOTTERY FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE, Class 33 for 1852.

To be drawn at Wilmington, (Del.,) on Saturday, July 10th, 1852. 15 Drawn Numbers in each Package of 26 Tiokets.

SPLENDID SCHEME.

Tickets \$15-Halves \$7.50-Quarters \$3.75probably on account of his recent severe afflic- Certificates of packages of 25 Whole tackets \$170 00 do of 26 Half

of 26 Quarter do do of 26 Eighth do Orders for Tickets and Shares and Certificates of Packages in the above Spendid Lotteries will receive the most prompt attention, and an official account of each drawing sent immediately after it is over to

all who order from me. E. E. O'BRIEN, Agent, Successor to J. & C. Maury, Alexandria

The summer session of Mr. and Mrs. Bur-Well's School, for young ladies, will open on Wednesday, Julythe 14th. For Terms &c., address Rev. R. Burwell, Hillsboro' N. C. June 25, 1852

ESTRAY.—Taken up 18 miles southwest of Ra-leigh, a Stray Stud Mule, four feet, a half inches high—bright bay color, with black legs —about ten years old. Said Mule has a small bump on his left jaw-his right foot behind is a little turned out, and his left fore leg looks like it had been hurt in time.

Valued by Jere. Nixon and Samuel Rowland at WILLIS SCOTT, Ranger. June 24, 1852.

Notice.

RAKEN up and committed to the Jail of Chatham County, on the 7th instant, a negro boy, who calls himself BEN, and says that he belongs o Thomas Edmonds of Halifax County, Virginia. Said boy is about 20 years of age and five feet, one or two inches in height, and has a down cast look. He had on, when committed to Jail, a brown cloth frock coat, a black satin vest and light tweed pantaloons. The owner of said boy is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be dealt with as the law

S. L. RIDDLE, Jailor.

Pittsborough, June 16th, 1852.

For the Northern Cities.

SEABOARD AND ROANOKE RAIL ROAD. THE PUBLIC are informed that the Seaboard and Roanoke Rail Road Company have completed their new bridge across Roanoke River at

The Cars leave Weldon daily at 31 o'clock, P. M.,

HERALD. GEORGIA, OR NORTH CAROLINA, for Baltimore, and arrive at Baltimore early next morning, in time to connect with the morning train that leaves for Philadelphia and New York. By this comfortable and agreeable route. Pas-

sengers leaving Wilmington in the morning train, will arrive early the next morning at Baltimore, and reach New York the same evening, without loss of sleep, and with but one thange of person and baggage between Weldon and Baltimore, and he was elected a member of the House of Repre- avoid entirely night travelling on Rail Roads. To render this route worthy of the travelling public. the company have employed careful and responsicontinued in Congress until 1837, when he de- ble baggage agents, who check all baggage at Welclined a re-election. In 1838 he was elected to don through to Baltimore; consequently the travelthe State Senate, and he continued a member of ler has no further trouble with his baggage until The Chesapeake Bay Steamers also stop at OLD

Bank of the State, at Elizabeth City, at the time POINT, to land and receive Passengers, and Pasof his decease. He was twice married, having sengers who leave Weldon at 31 o'clock, P. M., arrive at Old Point the same evening.

An Arrangement has been entered into, by the different Rail Road and Steamboat Companies, by

which the same Through Ticket issued at Charleston will leave it optionary with the traveller to take either route at Weldon. An accommodation train leaves Weldon every

Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings for Portsmouth, Norfolk and OLD POINT COMFORT. Passengers by either train for Old Point, will reach Old Point the same evening. For THROUGH TICKETS to Baltimore and

New York, and any other information desired, en-

quire of the Agent at Weldon. E. N. PETERSON, Agent. Office Seaboard & R. R. R. Co.,

Weldon, N. C., May 31st. 1852.

Select Classical School. THE next session of the subscriber's School will commence on the 14th July next. The number of scholars is limited to thirty. A few places are yet unengaged.

Circulars containing terms, &c, will be furnished on application. ALEXANDER WILSON. Melville, Alamance County, June 8th, 1852. w3w 46

Notice. THE creditors of the late William Ashley will present their claims to the undersigned, who ok out letters of administration upon his estate, at May Term of Wake County Court; or this notice

will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. WILLIAM D. ASHLEY, Admr. June 8th, 1852.