THE RALEIGH REGISTER.

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SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 3, 1852.

ACCEPTANCES OF THE WHIG NOMI-NEES.

We are gratified to be able to publish below the Correspondence between the President of the late Whig Convention and the nominees for the Presidency and Vice Presidency of the United States. The letter of General Scorr will be read with unalloyed satisfaction by every unprejudiced and patriotic mind. It will be seen that he adopts the resolutions communicated to him, annexing them and making them a part of his letter of acceptance; so that they carry his name to every part of the land associated and identified with the platform of the Whig Convention. In publishing the admirable letter of Mr. GRAHAM, we are sorry to accompany it with the announcement that he has tendered the resignation of his place as Secretary of the Navy.-While we cannot but respect and admire the sentiment which doubtless induces Mr. GRAHAM to pursue this course, we regret that he has

self, the Administration and North Carolina. We understand that, at the urgent request of the President, Mr. GRAHAM will remain for some days in the Department, with the view of com pleting some important business that remains infinished, and of arranging such matters as require immediate attention. He will then retire his home-to NORTH CAROLINA, and, in the midst of his old friends and constituents, await the result of the election.

deemed it necessary. During his continuance

in Office, he has reflected great credit upon him-

GEN. CHAPMAN TO GENERAL SCOTT.

BALTIMORE, June 22, 1852.

SIR: I am instructed by the Whig National Convention to inform you of your unanimous nomination as the Whig candidate for the office of President of the United States.

I enclose a copy of resolutions passed by the onvention expressing their opinions upon some of the most prominent questions of policy, and with sincere wishes that you may be elected, ples of the Whig party.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your J. G. CHAPMAN, of Maryland. President of the Whig National Convention.

To Major General WINFIELD SCOTT. Reply of General Scott.

WASHINGTON, June 24, 1852. Sin: I have had the honor to receive from your hands the official notice of my "unanimous nomination as the Whig candidate for the office of President of the United States," together with "a copy of the resolutions passed by the convention expressing their opinions upon some of the

most prominent questions of national policy.' This great distinction, conferred by a nume rous, intelligent and patriotic body, representing millions of my countrymen, sinks deeply into my heart; and remembering the very eminent names which were before the convention in amicable competition with my own, I am made to feel, oppressively, the weight of responsibility belonging to my new position.

Not having written a word to procure this distinction, I lost not a moment, after it had een conferred, in addressing a letter to one of our members to signify what would be, at the proper time, the substance of my reply to the onvention; and I now have the honor to repeat, in a more formal manner, as the occasion justly demands, that I accept the nomination, with the resolutions annexed.

The political principles and measures laid down in those resolutions are so broad that but little is left for me to add. I therefore barely suggest, in this place, that should I, by the partiality of my countrymen, be elevated to the Chief Magistracy of the Union, I shall be ready, in my connexion with Congress, to recommend or to approve of measures in regard to the management of the public domain so as to secure an arly settlement of the same favorable to actual ettlers, but consistent nevertheless with a due regard to the equal rights of the whole Amerian people in that vast national inheritance: and also to recommend or approve of a single alteration in our naturalization laws, suggested by my military experience, viz: giving to all foreigners the right of citizenship who shall faithfully serve in time of war one year on board of our public ships, or in our land forces, reguar or volunteer, on their receiving an honorable discharge from the service.

In regard to the general policy of the administration, if elected, I should of course look among those who may approve that policy for the agents to carry it into execution; and I should sek to cultivate harmony and fraternal sentitempting to reduce its members by proscription to exact conformity to my own views, But 1 should, at the same time, be rigorous in regard to qualifications for office-retaining and appointing no one either deficient in capacity or integrity, or in devotion to Liberty, to the Constitu-

tion, and the Union. Convinced that harmony or good will between the different quarters of our broad country is essential to the present and future interests of the Republic, and with a devotion to those interests that can know no North, no South, I should neither countenance nor tolerate any sedition, disorder, faction, or resistance to the law, or the Union, on any pretext in any part of the land; and I should carry into the civil administration this one prinple of military conduct-obedience to the legisative and judicial departments of Government, each in its constitutional sphere-saving only, in respect to the Legislature, the possible resort to the veto power-always to be most cautiously exercised, and under the strictest restraints and

Finally, for my strict adherence to the principles of the Whig party as expressed in the resolutions of the convention, and herein suggested, with a sincere and earnest purpose to advance the greatness and happiness of the Repubuc, and thus to cherish and encourage the cause of constitutional liberty throughout the world, avoiding every act and thought that might involve our country in an unjust or unnecessary dergoing the severest examination.

Feeling myself highly fortunate in my associate on the ticket, and with a lively sense of my obligations to the convention, and to your personal courtesies,

I have the honor to remain, sir, with great esteem, your most obedient servant. WINFIELD SCOTT To the Hon. J. G. CHAPMAN. President of the

Whig National Convention. General Chapman to Mr. Graham.

BALTIMORE, June 22, 1852. SIR: I am instructed by the Whig National Convention to inform you of your unanimous nomination as the Whig candidate for the office

of Vice President of the United States. I enclose a copy of the resolutions passed by the convention, expressing their opinions upon some of the most prominent questions of national policy, and with sincere wishes that you may be elected, and for the permanent settlement of the principles of the Whig party,

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

J. G. CHAPMAN. President of the Whig National Convention.

Hon. WILLIAM A. GRAHAM, of North Carolina. Reply of Mr. Graham.

WASHINGTON, June 24, 1852. Sin: I am gratified to acknowledge the reeipt of the communication which you did me the honor to deliver in person on vesterday, announcing my unanimous nomination, as the Whig candidate for the office of Vice-President

of the United States by the National Convention

which recently assembled in Baltimore, accompanied by a copy of the resolutions of the convention upon questions of national principle and I cordially approve the declarations made by hese resolutions. On matters of the most recent practical interest they do but portray the conduct of an administration of the Government of which for near two years I have been a member. On all others they but reiterate the doc-

mportant public communications. Should the people of the United States give heir sanction to the nominations of your convention, so far as I shall be invested with authority, a faithful adherence to these doctrines may be expected.

trines and recommendations held by its chief in

I therefore accept the distinction, so honorably tendered, with a grateful heart, but with unaffected diffidence. It is a satisfaction, however, to know that the place to which I have been nominated is but secondary, and that for the first office the convention has proposed a citizen of tried patriotism and virtue, long and familiarly acquainted with public affairs and public men-a safe and sagacious counsellor, who has well fulfilled every trust heretofore committed to his hands, and who has illustrated our history by eminent public services. With my thanks for the courtesy with which

office, and with the highest personal respect, I am your obedient servant, WILL A. GRAHAM. To the Hon. J. G. CHAPMAN, President Nation-

BEHOLD THE CONTRAST!

al Whig Convention.

ly that Gen. Pierce is with the South in his feelings-another "Northern man with Southern feelings," somewhat like unto Van Buren!-Hear the "Union!"

"That General Pierce is thoroughly with the South in his feelings, and has ever respected her constitutional rights, we have made sufficiently evident from his own words and actions."

Now see what a Free Soil organ of the "unhorsed-hero" (the "New York Evening Post") has to say on this subject :

"It seemed, also, as if we could hardly hope that any man would be nominated who had not taken some pains to court the favor of particular factions, or interests, or localities, by sacrificing his own independence of feeling and opinion. We confess that it is not without a certain satisfaction that we see those who have stooped to those means just as successful as they deserve to be. They and their works have been swept aside at last by the convention, with an appearance of impatient disgust at the defective claims of his willingness to consult the people, he declares the very candidates for whom they have been his readiness to bow in obedience to their reso strenuously contending, and a man who did not think it worth while to answer Robert G. Scott's letter, adopted with a sort of enthusiasm in their

"The Journal of Commerce, of this morning, speaks of a private letter of Mr. Pierce, the pur port of which was not intended to reach the public eye, expressing his acquiescence in the Compromise measures.

"It may be that such a letter was written. It one thing, however, to accept the Compromise, and another to pledge the influence, authority, and patronage of the Chief Magistracy to accomplish the political destruction of those by whom the measures which pass by that name were disapproved. Mr. Pierce did not, like Gen. Scott, if we may believe the boasts which Scott is so fond of publicly making, procure the passage of the Compromise by Congress. He has none of the partialities of paternity to induce him to employ the influence of his office to put down freedown of speech on this topic.

Mark this language, reader, and then turn to the vile charges of the locofoco organ of this State, against Gen. Scorr of infidelity, to the South, and keep down, if you can, those feelings MILLER, HAYWOOD and other gentlemen. The ments throughout the Whig party, without at- of indignation which should be aroused in every specialing will commence at 12 o'clock, M. generous breast!

> "Convinced that harmony and good will etween the different quarters of our broad Country is essential to the present and future nterests of the Republic, and with a devotion to those interests that can know no South and no North, I SHALL NEITHER COUNTENANCE NOR TOL-BRATE ANY SEDITION, DISORDER, FACTION, OR RE- the first office the Convention have proposed SISTANCE TO THE LAW OR THE UNION, ON ANY citizen of tried patriotism and virtue, long and PRETEXT, IN ANY PART OF THE LAND."

[Gen. Scott's letter of acceptance.]

Think you that a man who talks in this way, and who has never deceived his countrymen, will not execute the Fugitive Slave law faithfully? It is language, too, which the "Fillibusters" will hardly stomach. It takes in at one "full swoop" that entire class of seditionists and disunionists, North and South, who have my man's soundness, unless he knew him to this Tylerized gentleman from Portugal is the been for years pushing us on to bloodshed and be so. When did he ever deceive them? What ruin! Let the friends of law and the Union Whig in the State believes that he would pen ham, and looked very had the Elephant thought. "Is this the Elephant, stand by the Old Hero of Chippewa. Dorrism such a paragraph, if he had reason to believe Mr.," said he; "yes sir," was the reply. has no sympathy for him.

National Intelligencer says with much truth the patriot, who, for forty odd years, has served Reid; who, after stating that he was sick, comand point: "The Whigs of this city (N. Y.) or his country, and thrown such a halo of glory menced a reply in which he attempted to show ar, or impair the faith of treaties, and discoun- State should no more be considered as committenancing all political agitation injurious to the ted to the course of the "Tribune" on the subinterests of society and dangerous to the Union, I can offer no other pledge or guarantee than the iter for the Maine Liquor Law, the solidarity of known incidents of a long public life, now unthe people, or the revelations of spiritual knockers, in air, but never has he occupied as proud, lofty that he had been in Mexico during the war.

"Gen. Saunders and others might well have voted for Mr. McLean's bill as likely to operate on the passage of the Free Suffrage bill, as it evidently did; and on the grounds that he wished to put the Whigs to the test, and see if they would venture to vote for a Convention, reserv-

We find the foregoing extract in a Communication in the last "Standard," over the signature of "C," professing to treat of "Constitutional Amendments by Convention and by the Legislature," but in reality being nothing more than a covert defence of Gen. SAUNDERS, and other locofoco leaders, for their vote in the last Legislature in favor of submitting the question to the people to say, whether they desire an open Convention. And in what an unenviable position does this friend of Gen. Saunders place him !-What unworthy motives are here ascribed to "Gen. Saunders, and others," and that too by a friend! What an awkward predicament must they be in, to require such means for their extrication! What a miserable policy must their's be, which can only be defended by the ascription of such ignoble purposes! Humiliating, indeed, is the contemplation of such conduct, for the purpose of effecting such an end! It is here gravely and seriously put forth, by way of excuse for Gen. Saunders and other locofoco allies, endorsed by the Editor of the "Standard," that their object in voting for Mr. McLean's bill was "to put the Whigs to the test," &c. For North Carolina, we are ashamed to have to record it, that prominent men, men possessing the confidence of the people of any party, legislators entrusted with the protection of the public interests, should be driven to confess that they had made a mere foot-ball of the Constitution, in order to accomplish party purposes-in order to put their political opponents "to the test!"-That Constitution which was the gift of a revolutionary ancestry-that Constitution, of which we have been so proud-that Constitution under which we have so long lived in happiness and peace-made the mere play thing of party trickery in legislative halls! Tell it not in Gath !-What stronger evidence could be offered against the propriety of tinkering with the Constitution

in the General Assembly? This apologist of Gen. Saunders "and others," you have honored me, in the execution of your | so much lauded by the Editor of the "Standard," says further, that, although the General did vote to submit the question of a Convention to the people, he yet "might well have done so," "reserving to himself the right of voting against it at the polls, and in the Legislature, should he be a-member." Here it is unblushingly suggested The "Washington Union" declares most lusti- that the purpose was to play off a fraud on the people of the State. The people are to be gravev consulted at the ballot-box, as to their wishthe people are to be led to suppose that they have but to state their grievances, to have them remedied-the people are to have the word of promise to the ear-all this is to be hypocritically done, in order "to put the Whigs to the test"-and yet, after all the hopes excited, promises made, and expense incurred, these dear lovers of the people are to fold themselves in their legislative robes, laugh at the people's calamity, and mock at the people's fears! And this is the excuse of a self-styled Democratic apologist, for the course of self-styled Democratic leaders, endorsed and approved by a self-styled Democratic Editor!

JOHN KERR occupies no such Pharisaical position. He does not wish to excite hopes and expectations that he don't intend to fulfil. In corded will. We call on the freemen of the State to ponder and reflect.

LET OUR FRIENDS BEWARE!

We have taken occasion before to warn our friends against the falsehoods of the telegraphic correspondent of the "Standard." The misrepresentation of Mr. Mangum's speech which he sent this paper, in the absence of the Editor, and for which we discharged him, is sufficient to show what will be the character of the despatches he will attempt hereafter to impose on the Public. Let our friends take heed!

BARBECUE!

A SCOTT, GRAHAM AND KERR Barbecue, complimentary to our Delegates to the Whig National Convention, will be given in the Baptist rank with the first orators of the day. Grove, in this City, on to-day, (Saturday.)

The gathering will be addressed by Messrs. Come up, friends of the City and County, and let us have an old-fashioned Whig rally!

"I therefore accept the distinction, so conorably tendered, with a grateful heart, but with unaffected diffidence. It is a satisfaction, however, to know that the place to which I have been nominated is but secondary, and that for familiarly acquainted with public affairs and public men: a safe and sagacious counsellor, who has well fulfilled every trust heretofore committed to his hands; and who has illustrated our history by eminent public services."

Thus speaks William A. Graham, (in his letter of acceptance,) of WINFIELD SCOTT! The Whigs of the State know Mr. Graham too well, to suppose for a moment, that he would endorse of any man? Every day brings additional when he knows he's the Elephant!" The New York Correspondent of the proof of the falsehood of this charge against

The Richmond Republican says :- "On many can be adduced to shew that the Whigs are te-totallers, interventionists, or believers in rapping and commanding a position as now, when he stands on the Compromise platform of Millard information which I suppose was designed par-

LOOK TO THE ELECTION!

parts of the State is indeed cheering. Our friends write, that the impression which has been made by our gallant standard-bearer, whering to himself the right of voting against it at the polls, and in the Legislature, should he be a people, has surpassed their most sanguine expectations. We must again, however, urge on to admit that he was opposed to a majority of ganization. It is vain to expect that the full Whig strength will be brought out, unless there be a system of co-operation. A deperate effort the people of the State would desire. Being will be made by the locofocos to carry the August elections. They know that much, very much, depends on them. Have our friends duly considered this matter? We appeal to each Whig, individually, and warn him in due time

> "Will Gen. Scott enderse the official Platorm?"—Standard It is indeed true, Mr. "Standard!" We refer

you to his admirable letter.

against the disastrous consequences which the

loss of the Elections in North Carolina will pro-

duce! If we do our duty, there is no danger-

WAIT 'TILL NOVEMBER. Tune-"Wait for the Wagon."

The locofoco party, boys. Are crowing mighty fierce, Since they have nominated Their "last man"-General Pierce. They say he'll be elected,

In eighteen fifty-two, And march into the White House-But that he will not do. CHORUS-Wait 'till November, Wait 'till November, Wait 'till November, And they'll all turn blue !

The Whigs have settled on a choice, The people will approve-Old Scott and GRAHAM are the boys To make this nation move. The Locos say they'll floor them In eighteen fifty-two, And march into the White House-

But that they'll never do. CHORUS-Walt 'till November, Wait 'till November, Wait 'till November, And they'll all turn blue!

come along, my gallant boys, We'll shout a loud hurrah, we introduce our Champion The brave old Chippewa. The Locos think they'll beat him, In eighteen fifty-two, And march into the White House-But that they cannot do. Спокия-Wait 'till November.

Wait 'till November, Wait 'till November, And they'll all turn blue! Old SCOTT'S the boy, my hearties, To bring down Loco game, He's sure to beat both Pierce and King.

For WIN-FIELD is his name. They know they cannot crush him. In eighteen fifty-two: Then he'll march into the White House. For that he's bound to do. CHORUS-Wait 'till November.

Wait 'till November. Wait 'till November, And the Whigs will put him through.

FOR THE REGISTER. DISCUSSION AT PITTSBORO'.

According to appointment, Messrs. Kerr and Reid made their appearance at Pittsboro' on the 24th inst. Mr. Reid being quite unwell, Mr. Kerr spoke first. To us in Chatham, who had known Mr. Kerr before, it was no matter of surprise that he exhibited on this occasion all the powers of his great mind in debate and all the fervid eloquence of one of North Carolina's most gifted sons: We had known him before in his contest with Venable, and knowing him, gave him in that election 574 majority. This speech here on the occasion alluded to, has filled his friends with enthusiasm for him again. He advocated all the principles which have marked his speeches in other places, and, in addition thereto, having for the first time learned who the Whig Candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency are, poured forth a stream of eloquence upon the characters of those distinguished gentlemen rarely excelled in our Country,-prefacing his remarks upon Gen. Scott, however, with the unconditional proviso that he be for the Compromise.

His eulogy of Graham surpassed any effort of the kind I have ever listened to, and, indeed, the whole of this part of his speech, for beauty of conception and felicity of expression, is conceded by all to have placed John Kerr in the

It is not unknown, perhaps, to the public, that near this village, an Ex-Charge to Portugal resides, and it would not be drawing too heavily upon public credulity to state, that he was present at this speaking with a budget of papers sticking out from his coat pocket, and that unfortunately for him, some blows dealt by Mr. Kerr, while speaking of the treachery of John Tyler, fell with unmitigated force upon the head of the Ex-Charge. There was no design in this on the part of Mr. Kerr-it seemed to be the legitimate consequence of the subject discussed, He spoke of renegade Whigs in unmeasured terms and unwittingly gave the Ex-Charge the most severe castigation he has ever received .-There were roars of laughter, and instantly all eves turned towards the seat occupied by this neophyte. What made it particularly hard upon the Ex-Charge was the fact that Mr. Kerr said, if any gentleman had changed his political opinions from a conviction of error, he ought to be admired for his candor; but, said he, a mere changeling, a man who went over to the other side and immediately thereafter was seen offering himself in market for office, augured badly .-This was hitting the nail upon the head; for Democratic Candidate for the Senate in Chatthat Gen. Scorr is under the malign influence | well!" said he, "what do you reckon he thinks,

Mr. Kerr concluded his speech of two hours amidst shouts of applause. Next came Governor that Gen. Pierce and Mr. King were all that the Country could desire for the first offices of the Government. I had expected he would have touched upon Gen. Pierce's military career, but a battle field Gen. Scott's plume has waved high of this he said very little, simply mentioning ticularly for Chatham, viz : that a Tariff was a

tax. He then took up his favorite hobby, Free The news which we receive from different Suffrage, and attempted to vindicate himself for proposing this alteration of the Constitution Legislative enactment, upon the ground that the present Constitution had provided this mode of alteration as well as by a Convention, and that he thought it the best way. Upon this part of his speech the Governor was very lame, because, in the advocacy of it, he was compelled the Whigs in every section of the State the ne- the people deciding any question of Constitucessity of organization-county and district or- tional reform-thereby repudiating the old land marks of Republicanism. Altogether, the Gov-ernor, although he may mean well, is far from being such an expositor of the Constitution as sick on this occasion and retiring as soon as he had finished his speech, Mr. Kerr, with the true magnanimity which always characterizes him, declared he would not reply to the Governor in his absence. The crowd dispersed, all loud in the praises of JOHN KERR as a noble fellow, fit to be Governor of the State, and sorry that Mr.

AN EYE WITNESS.

but, to succeed, we must have ORGANIZA- DR. M'LANE'S GREAT REMEDY FOR LIVER COMPLAINT.

> The proprietors of this justly celebrated medicine are in the daily receipt of the most gratifying testimonials of its excellence. Cases that had been given up as incurable by most skillful physicians, were cured immediately after these Pills were given. The certificates are so numerous, that it is impossible to publish them within the limits of that his fare and attention to the comforts of his a newspaper; but as it is now an established fact that M'Lane's Liver Pills are the best medicine ever offered for the cure of Hepatic derangement, their publication is rendered unnecessary. Those who suffer from that worst of scourges, Liver Complaint, should lose no time, but hasten to purchase and use this invaluable medicine, which may be had at PESCUDS,

DIED.

In Louisburg, Franklin county, on Saturday evening, the 12th ult., of pulmonary consumption. Mrs. Delany Bridges, consort of Geo. W. Bridges, deceased, in the 36th year of her age.

Mrs. Bridges had been for a number of years a pious and devoted member of the Baptist Church ; shedding the rays of a " pure and undefiled religion," in all the walks and avoca-tions of life; and as her life had been that of a uniform and constant christian, so her death was serene and peaceful. She was perfectly resigned, and breathed her last sweetly, in the full exercise of a triumphant faith in her Redeemer, Mrs. Bridges was beloved by a large circle of relatives and acquaintances; but a mysterious Providence willed to sever all the ties that bound her to earth, and called her in the meridian of her life, in the midst of her usefulness and prosperity, to leave seven interesting children to mourn their loss, to enjoy the presence of her Father in the courts of Heaven. Though she has been taken from amongst us, her memory will ever be dear, and long will it be cherished by all who knew her.

Far from this world of toil and strife. Now present with the Lord, The labors of her mortal life End in a large reward,-Com

In Rockingham county, on Tuesday the 22d instant, Reuben Reid, Esq., aged about 68 years, the father of the present Governor of the State.

In Wilmington, at 12 o'clock on the night of Thursday the 24th ult., Cameron Anderson Esq., in the 28th year of his age. The deceased was a native of this State, but spent the latter portion of his boyhood in Florida, where he studied and commenced the practice of the law; but having early exhibited a fondness for sea-life, he sought and received from Mr. Polk the appointment of Purser in the Navy five years ago, and has been in active service since, until his early promise of hope and usefulness was threatened with blight about eighteen months since, by the disease which has now deprived his famly of of as pure and noble minded a youth as er cheered the hearts of domestic affection .-The deceased was endowed with much that was beautiful and bright in the character of man. Proud in his manners, but gentle in his feelings, he was always unselfish; reserved in his intercourse with the world, yet warm hearted and devoted in friendship; diffident and retiring. yet highly intellectual and cultivated, and pos sessing an impulsive generosity which never turned away from those who needed his protection or assistance. But the most beautiful traits of his character shone in domestic life where, as a son and a brother, his heart ever exhibited its most attractive qualities; and the remembrance of his excellence in this respect will tend to cheer the gloom his early death will cast around the home of doting parents, and fond brothers and sisters-especially as his calm and peaceful end gives them an assurance, that if his manly form now moulders with its kindred dust, his spirit is in the bosom of his God .- Communicated

The Husketh Heirs.

BOUT thirty-five years ago, Nathaniel Husketh, (a one armed man) removed from the county of Granville, North Carolina, to the county of Logan, Kentucky, where he died, leaving only one child, whose name was Isham Husketh. Isham afterwards became a Lunatic, and died in the Asylum at Lexington, Kentucky, leaving an estate of about \$5000, which passed from the hands of his Committee into the hands of his Administrator. Isham left no heirs nearer than first cousins. A the instance of some of said heirs in North Carolina and Tennessee, as an attorney, I instituted suit and obtained a decree in the Circuit Court for Simpson county, to distribute the estate. Some of the heirs have received their portions. The following persons, who are proven to be heirs, have not applied for their portions, viz: Lewis H. Kittle, Isham M. Kittle, Prudence H. Kittle, Nancy Carroll, William Husketh, Jesse Husketh, and Thomas Husketh, Now, unless the above named persons shall apply for their respective portions. on or before the first of September next, their portions will be decreed to the other heirs who have applied for and received their portions. Any of the above persons applying for their por-

tions, must identify themselves as the same persons named in the decree; and to enable them to do so in a legal manner, either myself or P. H. Boisseau, Clerk of the Simpson Circuit Court, Kentucky,) will give the necessary information apon application. Mr. Boisseau has acted as agent for the others who have drawn their portions, and indeed in procuring the decree. I take this method to notify the heirs with the

assent of the Judge of the Court, having been successful in finding out a portion of the heirs in Tennessee, by similar publications in the Nash-J. C. WILKINS. ville papers. Bowling Green, Warren County, Kentucky, June 80th, 1852. [Pr. Adv. \$7.] 58-6w.

RAMILY COOKING STOVES.—A fine article of Cooking Stoves just received. Now is the time to save wood and economize. For sale by L. W. PECK, & Co. July 2, 1852.

DOMESTIC CLOTHS.—A large supply of Cloths, as good and cheap as the cheapest.

For sale by

L. W. PECK, & Co. For sale by 53-4w. July 2, 1852.

Tar River Academy, GRANVILLE COUNTY, N. C., NINE MILES WEST OF OXFORD.

THE exercises of this School will be resumed on the first Monday in July next, under the management of Mr. J. F. Dance, who has had charge of the same for the past five months, and has given entire satisfaction.

tuition, per session of five months, in Reading. Writing, and Arithmetic......\$7,50. Higher Branches of English......12,50. Board in good families per month5.00. Young men will be prepared in this School, to enter any College. The location is healthy and

society good. For further particulars, address C. W. ALLEN. Secretary Board of Trustees: Tar River P. O., Granville Co. N. C.

Shocco Springs, WARREN COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA.

July 2, 1852.

THIS pleasant Summer retreat, easy of access. handsomely fitted up, and neatly furnished, is now open for the reception of company. Shocco Water, (Sulphur, Magnesia, Soda, Lime, and Epsom Salts.) is confidently recommended by eminent Physicians conversant with its properties, as remedia in most diseases the human frame is heir to; and great benefit has been conferred on many invalids

A good Band of Music will be in attendance du ring the season, and the proprietor flatters himself, guests will compare favorably with any other establishment of the kind.

RATES OF BOARD Board per day By the week, (per day)1,00: Families per month... Single persons per month...... Caildren under twelve years of age, and ser ants, half price, SAMUEL CALVERT. rants, half price. July 2, 1852.

Agents Wanted TO SELL THE LIFE OF GEN. SCOTT: Five Hundred pages twelve mo, illustrated with Engravinas.

THE subscriber will receive from the Press in a few days, an Edition of the above valuable Work, and will furnish those who wish to become traveling Agents for the same, on the most favor-For further particulars, applicants will please address, the subscriber, 134 York street, New

Haven, Connecticut. H. MANSFIELD, Publisher. July 2, 1852.

Baltimore Copper.

HE Gunpowder Copper Works, Baltimore, still continue the manufacture of all descriptions of the well-known and superior article at them, for the past forty years. Sheathing Copper, Brazier's Sheets, Rods, Bars, Nails, Raised Bottoms, and Pattern Sheets of all descriptions, supplied at the shortest notice, and

quality warranted. For sale by C. BRADENBAUGH, Successor to George Williams, Agent Gunpowder Copper Works, No. 30, Frederick st. Balt. July 2, 1852. 58-4t

MANDLES! CANDLES!!-Favetteville Mould / Candles, hard and firm, a good article, and cheap. For sale by L. W. PECK, & Co. July 2, 1852.

FRANKLIN INSTITUTE. CEDAR ROCK, FRANKLIN, COUNTY, N. C.

D. S. RICHARDSON, Principal. CASTALIA FEMALE INSTITUTE: CASTALIA, NASH COUNTY, N. C.

MRS. M. C. RICHARDSON, Principal.

THE FALL TERMS WILL COMMENCE ON the first Monday in July, and close on the 1st riday in December.

Mr. Richardson has purchased a residence, and onsiders himself as permanently located at CAS-The Schools will be under the immediate super-

vision of himself and lady, under one and the same body of Trustees.

The Female School is near the Franklin line. three miles from the Male, a distance favorable to the seclusion and success of both Institutions: Mrs. R., who has latterly taught at Belford, has celebrity which no comment of ours could affect. A large, neat edifice similar to that of the Male Institute is contrated for, and will be erected immediately. Meanwhile students will be accommodated in the old Academy, known formerly as Pleasant Hill The healthfulness of the neighborhood is proverbial. In short, the Trustees would assure their pat cons that they will carefully consider everything and deem nothing unimportant, which will contribute effectually to the consummation of their educational enterpise, rendering the Institutions all that enlightened and christian parents could desire for

For further particulars address the Principal or JNO: ADAMS HARRISON. Secretary of the Board of Trustees. At the Female lust., Messrs. James and Jno dams Harrison are prepared to accommodate boarders. Board can also be obtained of the Principal, after the coming session

Board, including washing and fuel; \$61 per month

GOOD NEWS FOR COWS. W. PECK & Co., keep constantly on hand a supply of Cotton Seed Meal and Flax Seed

Raleigh, March 15th, 1852 ORTH CAROLINA-Court of Equity, RAN-DOLPH COUNTY, Spring Term, 1852.

James Stout and others vs Samuel G. Stout

"It appearing to the Court that the defendants are not inhabitants of this State, it is ordered by the Court that publication be made for six weeks in some Gazette of the State, notifying the defendants to appear and answer at the next term of this Court, to be held at the Court House in Ashboro' on the 4th Monday of September next; otherwise the same will be taken pro-confesso and heard ex-

Witness, J. Worth, Clerk and Master of said Court at office in Ashboro', this 7th June 1852. J. WORTH C. M. E. June 14, 1852. (Pr. Av. \$4.)

BANK OF THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

DIVIDEND of five and a quarter per cent of the Capital Stock of this bank for the last six months has this day been declared; payable to the Stockholders, [less the Tax to the State, of Twenty-five cents on each share owned by Individuals at the Principal Bank on the first Monday in July Raleigh, June 9, 1852.
Standard Standard next and at the Branches fifteen days thereafter.

Standard, Star, and Spirit of the Age copy till For Sale.

June 22, 1852.

LARGE Looking Glass of superior quality, fine gilt frame; size 3 feet by 21 inches. ALSO DOZ assorted Mahogany Frame Looking Glasses; from 8 x 10—to 18 x 10 inches.

Call at FRANK MAHLER'S.

A PROCLAMATION

By his Excellency, DAVID S. REID, Governor of the State of North Carolina, WHEREAS, three-fifths of the whole number of members of each House of the General Assembly did at the last session pass the following Act: AN ACT to amend the Constitution of North

Carolina. WHEREAS, The freehold qualification now required for the electors for members of the Senate conflicts with the fundamental principles of liberty :-

SEC. 2. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, three-fifths of the whole number of members of each House concurring, that

the second clause of third section of the first Article of the amended Constitution, ratified by the people of North Carolina on the second Monday of November, A D., 1835, be amended by striking out the words "possessed of a freehold within the same district of fifty acres of land for six months next before and at the day of election," so that the said clause of said section shall read as follows: All free white men of the age of twenty-one years (exept as is hereinafter declared) who have been inhabitants of any one district within the State twelve months immediately preceding the day of any election and shall have paid public taxes, shall be entitled to vote for a member of the Senate. SEC. 2. Be it further endeted, That the Governor

of the State be, and he is hereby directed, to issue his Proclamation to the people of North Carolina; at least six months before the next election for members of the General Assembly, setting forth the purport of this Act and the amendment to the Constitution herein proposed, which Proclamation shall be accompanied by a true and perfect copy of the Act, authenticated by the certificate of the Secretary of State; and both the Proclamation and the copy of this Act the Governor of the State shall cause to be published in all the newspapers of this State, and posted in the Court Houses of the respective Counties in this State, at least six months before the election of members to the next General

Read three times and agreed to by three-fifths of the whole number of members of each House respectively, and ratified in General Assembly, this the 24th day of January, 1851.

J. C. DOBBIN, S. H. C.

W. N. EDWARDS, S. S.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

Office of Secretary of State.

I, WILLIAM HILL, Secretary of State, in and for the State of North Carolina, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and perfect copy of an Act of the General Assembly of this State, drawn off from the original on file in this office. Given under my hand, this 31st day of December, 1851. WM. HILL, Sec'y of State.

AND WHEREAS, the said Act provides for smending the Constitution of the State of North Carolina: so as to confer on every qualified voter for the Senate:

known that if the aforesaid amendment to the Constitution shall be agreed to by the two-thirds of the whole representation in each House of the next General Assembly, it will be then submitted to the people for ratification, I have issued this my Procamation in conformity with the provisions of the before recited Act.

In testimony whereof, Dayib S. Reib, Governor of the State of North Carolina, hath hereunto set his hand and caused the Great Seal of said State to

Done at the City of Raleigh, on the thir-

SEAL ty first day of December, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and fifty one, and in the 76th year of our Indepen-DAVID S. REID. By the Governor.

THOMAS SETTLE, Jr., Private Sec'y.
Persons into whose hands this Proclamation may fall, will please see that a copy of it is posted up in the Court Houses of their respective Counties Jan. 9, 1852. STATE DAY CHANGED.—At May Term, 1852, of Wake County Court, a majority of the Jus-

tices being present, it was ordered that hereafter the State Docket be taken up on Tuesday of Court, instead of Thursday as heretofore, and that the Clerk publish the fact for the benefit of Suitors and Witnesses. All the Justices are requested to attend on Monday of next Court, to consider and net upon an or.

der made by a majority at February Term, in rela-

tion to publishing the items of the Finance Committee's annual report. JAMES T. MARRIOTT, Clerk. Attest. June 26th, 1852. CITATE OF NORTH CAROLINA-GRANVILLE

COUNTY, Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions; May Term, 1852 Frances Rice and others vs. Fleming Rice, Adm'r of Willis Arrington, dec'd, and others: Petition for account and settlement:

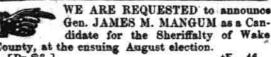
In the above entitled cause, at the May Term 1852, of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of Granville County, it was, amongst other things, ordered by the said Court as follows, to wit: That the Clerk of this Court do enquire and state to the Court what persons (if any) as children, issue of descendants of, and representing, Barah Roberson, deceased, a daughter of Willis Arrington, the intestate in the Petition named, were of the next of kin of the said intestate, living at the time of his death; and whether any of them are since dead, and, if dead, who is or are their personal representative or representatives, and for that purpose the said Clerk is to cause an advertisement to be published for the space of six weeks successively in the Raleigh Register, and such other puglic papers as he shall think fit, for such next of kin (if any) to come in and make out their kindred on or before the third day of the ensuing Term of this Court, to be held for the County of Granville, in the Court House at Oxford, on the first Monday of August next, and in default thereof, they are to be excluded the benefit of the proceedings in this cause, and of such decree as shall be rendered therein. And publica-

tion is hereby made for such next of kin accord Witness-Augustine Landis, Clerk of our said Court, at office, the first Monday of May, A. D. A. LANDIS, C. C. C. June 8, 1852: Pr. Adv. \$5 621.) w6w 45

TATE OF NORTH CAROLINA-RANDOLPH COUNTY, Court of Equity, Spring Term, 1852. appearing to the Court that Willis and William Barton removed from this State several years since and are reported to be dead, and it not appearing to the Court who are their heirs, it is ordered by the Court that advertisement be made for three weeks, in a newspaper published in Raleigh, for the said heirs, if any, to appear at the next Court of Equity, to be held for said County, at the Court House in Ashboro', on the 4th Monday of September next, to claim their share in the fund arising from the sale of the real estate of John Barton, and in default thereof the Master of this Court pay over the said fund to the petitioners on their executing bond to refund the same on its being called for by said heirs.'

Witness, J. Worth, Clerk and Master of Randolph Court of Equity, at Office in Ashboro,' this 7th of June 1852.

J. WORTH, C. M. E. WE are requested to announce WIL-LIAM H. HIGH, the present incumbent, as a Candidate for re-election to the Sheriffalty of Wake, at the ensuing August



election.

didate for the Sheriffalty of Wake County, at the ensuing August election.