THE RALEIGH REGISTER.

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'Ours' are the plans of fair, delightful peace; Unwarped by party rage, to live like brothers."

RALEIGH, N. C.

SALARIES OF STATE OFFICERS. Our attention has been directed to the subject of raising the salaries of our State Officers. We have long entertained, and frequently expressed, the opinion, that they were much too small.

As a general thing, we do not approve of the salaries of public officers being so high as to render the stations they occupy objects of mercenary competition, but, most certainly, the pay should bear at least a respectable proportion to the expenses connected with those stations. In our own State, the pitiful salary of our Executive hardly enables the incumbent to dispense the very hospitalities that appropriately appertain to his mansion, much less to cover the domestic expenses attached to every household. To say nothing of the fact, that many a man, who would adorn and dignify the station, and who would reflect credit upon the State, is thus deterred, by considerations of pecuniary caution, from giving to the people, when they ask it, the benefit of his talents and his services, such a parsimonious policy is not at all calculated either to exalt the importance of the post, or to enhance whatever reputation the State may enjoy for a liberal appreciation of official merit. Besides, it should be taken into consideration, that under the custom which has prevailed in North Carolina for many years past,-a custom of most questionable propriety,-requiring candidates for the Gubernatorial Chair to canvass the State, the heavy expenses incident to a campaign make a formidable in road upon the salary of the Governor, previous to his installation.

If we are not very much mistaken, North Carolina pays her Governor, and other State Officers, less than any State in the Union-Rhode Island and Delaware, perhaps, excepted. The State of Louisiana, inferior to our own in population and resources, pays quite three times as large salaries; and even the Mayor of one of our larger cities commands a higher remuneration for his services, and a more liberal provision for the support of the dignity of his position.

The duties of our State Officers are accumulating, every day, as our resources are being expanded; and their salaries should be commensurately increased. We may not always be so fortunate as to secure the services of such men as some of those who have already served the State in public capacities,-than whom no State can boast a prouder array; but we should not force those to come, as, doubtless, we have heretofore done others, to pay for the privilege of "doing the State some service !"

THE RIGHT SPIRIT .- The "Boston Journal' has some interesting remaks upon the subject of Agricultural Fairs and Agricultural Improvement, from which we learn that the State Government of Massachusetts has for sometime past been paying large bounties, in the shape of premiums, from the treasury. Last year, through the agency of various societies, the amount was no less than \$8,782. Their chief benefits, (says the "Journal,") do not consist in the temporary enjoyment which they produce among those who witness or participate in their proceedings, but rather in the information which they diffuse and in the spirit of enterprise and healthy emulation which they inculcate among the cultivators of the soil. They also conduce materially to the introduction and raising of superior breeds of stock, both imported and native, and to the adoption of improved systems of cultivation. They bring to the attention of the farmer new implements of agriculture and labor saving machines for the house and dairy; and, inasmuch as the product of the farm is increased in quantity or these new systems and implements, so much is the art of agriculture advanced towards perfecful horses or fat pigs to exhibit, nevertheless, in a laudable spirit of pride, love to spread abroad, through the medium of the fair, the and of their skill and ingenuity with the needle.

THE ALAND ISLANDS .- The self-glorification of the Allied Armies at their solitary victory is only exceeded by their perplexity in disposing of their conquest. They seem to be in the predicament of the unlucky gentleman, who won an elephant at a raffle. They have got their elephant, it is true, but the question is what they shall do with him. They cannot afford to keep him, they have failed in their at tempt to give him away, and are somewhat this dire dilemma, we suggest that they humbly good as new," the Czar might accede to the request. The rebuilding of this fortress with the serve a very useful purpose. Nothing is so demoralizing to a military body as want of occupation, and the sailors of the fleet would perhaps find it as diverting as Admiral Napier's theatrical entertainments, while the French Enpolytecnique !-

THE FILLMORE WHIGS OF NEW YORK.

"We believe nothing is lost by frankness, and we may as well speak plainly. If the Convention which meets to morrow shall pass resolutions for the repeal of the Compromise of 1850, we will repudiate them. If it shall make the repeal of the Nebraska act a part of the platform, we shall go against it; not because we consider such repeal undesirable, but be cause it is utterly impracticable, and we will consent to run no wild goose chase after unattainable objects. If the Convention shall say, without qualification, that we must admit no more slave States, we will not be bound by its dictum; for although we were, at the time, op posed to the admission of Texas, we recognize and are ready to fulfil the obligations the country incurred in the consummation of that act. We consider our obligations to the country superior to our obligations to party, and we do not hesitate to declare that we will lend ourselves as accomplices in no scheme for the upfaith and public honor.'

We copy the foregoing from the "Buffalo (N. Y.) Courier," published in the place of Mr. Fillmore's residence, and acknowledged to be the organ of his sentiments.

We have no idea that Mr. Fillmore, or his friends, will support the ticket or countenance the platform that the confederates of Seward foisted upon the recent Whig Convention at Syracuse. We say this upon the faith of the declarations copied above. The "Courier," it will be seen, distinctly and explicitly informed 1850 was decided upon, it would repudiate it-South, is simply absurd

We shall look with pleasure upon the defeat of the Syracuse ticket. We have been, still are, and always expect to be, strong and zeal ous partisans, but, with our friends of the ble of cherishing a single thought of party, palace-they defile the shew-bread of the politiwhen the country is, perhaps, on the eve of a cal temple! contest in which the Constitution, the Union, the Rights of the States, and Republican Freedom, itself, are involved." Whige and Democrats alike we account as common enemies, if they rally around an anti-slavery standard, arouse the fires of a sectional conflict, and make war upon the institutions of the South their aim and object. We trust, too, that the Administration Press of the South,-those valorous and chivalric spirits, who, in 1850, saw so much danger to the South in the person of Millard Fillmore, the patriot and the true man,-will be found battling by our side, undisturbed by any melancholy apprehensions as to what may become of the offices, meanwhile! The loaves and fishes, we submit, should not be an object of too grave solicitude, when the Union of the States and the rights of the States are both in jeopardy, and demand for their security th exercise of all rightful feelings and the sacrifice of all wrong and selfish ones!

The New York "Herald" has a scathing article upon the diplomatic career of Soule; remarking, meanwhile, that his has not been worse than that of Borland. But how instruc tive a commentary upon the judgement of Pierce and Marcy, it observes, does the conduct of both present! How can our other ambassadors, it proceeds, hold up their heads, when all the world sees that one representative of the American people has disgraced himself by shielding a malefactor from justice, and instigating the destruction of an innocent and defenceless town; and another has behaved himself so shamefully that a sense of self-preservation obliged him to fly the country whither he was sent! It con-

"What a picture, in sober truth, do our forign ministers present at the present moment. Soule flying post haste from Spain, so as to anticipate his dismissal by Espartero, Borland quality, or the labor of raising it is lessened, by hiding somewhere in Arkansas his diminished head from popular indignation, Belmont, the Jew, setting up an exchange shop at the Hague, others making themselves ridiculous by prating tion. The farmer's wife and daughters, too, of universal liberty and crowned despots, and although they may have no strong cattle, beauti- seeking to regulate the destinies of the world in of beer and pipes: those only free from contempt or shame, who have found safety in sloth and oblivion. Never, never, were the people of and provisions. proofs of their prowess in the dairy and oven, the United States so shamefully represented

Mexico is in a sad state of anarchy and nsubordination, and matters continue to grow vorse and worse. The existence of the government seems to be seriously threatened. Power the States, seeking the overthrow of Santa style. Anna, and which it requires the utmost exertion on his part to suppress. Gen. Alvarez, (who was reported dead,) Carvajal and Valdomar, are the most formidable leaders of the inashamed to desert him. To help them out of surgents. The newspapers record numerous ictories of the government forces over their op beg of Nicholas to take him back again. Per ponents,-the official bulletins never failing to haps if they agree to make Bomarsund "as manufacture the requisite amount of "glory" out of each separate affair. In the various conflicts, a considerable number of lives are lost .-"rubbish" left there would be easy, and might Such achievements, continued for any length of time, would apparently suffice to ruin any country. The present state of things, however, can-

The papers of Richmond, Petersburg, gineers would obtain a field for the display of and Fredericksburg, Va., mention the appear-

not continue long.

The Baltimore "Patriot" says :- A gamester who is so fortunate as to find an antagonist with sufficient pluck to continue the play, and capital enough to make it interesting, is considered by the fraternity as a very fortunate individual. If another, however, shall interfere by putting the victim on his guard, or introducing new parties to the amusement, the 26th instant. gamester becomes very furious; he considers that he has a vested interest in the victim, and protests with great indignation against "breaking up the game" which is yielding him such golden returns. Our Democratic opponents have possession of

be in a majority, and by a little harmony in the division of the spoils, all the leaders may be provided with a home and support at the public holding of a party at the expense of public charge. To do this, it is of course necessary to praise every democratic man and measure, and denounce every thing which emanates from the Whigs. To do our democratic friends justice. they have reduced this thing to a system. To read the "Union," Mr. Pierce is a statesman of the most enlightened ability. His military genius resembles that of Napoleon, and his administrative talent is equal to that of any Presidential predecessor. According to the same authority, the Cabinet is a constellation of talent. The Executive has committed no error since his inauguration. In like manner, Democratic the Convention, previous to its assembling, that | members of Congress are without defect. They if the repeal of the Compromise measures of may vote for or against any pending measure, and it does not affect the tolerance with which if the repeal of the Nebraska bill was made a the organ regards them. The members vote for part of the platform, it would go against that; the public printers, and the public printers and if it was determined to oppose the admis- besmear them with indiscriminate laudation. sion of any more slave States into the Union, it | For anything we see to the contrary, this monowould agree to no such conclusion, but would poly of public money might continue, and sucsternly resist it. This, we take it, is the pre- cessive crops of political Levites, set apart for cise position of the Fillmore party of New the trade of adulation, might go on receiving If offered for sale, it would, no doubt, soon be York. Is it reasonable to suppose, therefore, the same emoluments ad aternum. But under that they will unite with Seward, support the this system a Democratic Aristocracy has been election of his minions, and aid in the consum- established, for which a large class of the peo mation of his nefarious projects? There is ple of this country are now laboring without nothing in common between them. Their aims, any practical right to participate in the admintheir objects, their principles, their very natures | istration of their own government. Whilst this are all antagonistic, and the idea of their acting very snug game is going on, there arises a small harmoniously together, especially upon ques- cloud, which, like that of the prophet, was not tions involving the constitutional rights of the larger than the hand; by and bye it became in thunder about the ears of the Aristocracy and began to rain down an incredible quantity of Quien Sabes-or "Know Nothings!" These mysterious nondescripts respect not the Halls Richmond Whig," "we trust we are incapa- of Princes; they appear in the purlieus of the

> We think the great mutual assurance Democratic association runs great risk of dissolution. Its members will find increased difficulty in persuading the people to continue a game which has resulted in supporting the Democratic Aristocracy in the receipt of honors and salary, whilst Whigs, having too much honesty to take a name which they do not approve, are loaded with the burdens of Government, and as effechad the enactment of naturalization laws!

FALL ELECTIONS .- The following is a list of States put to pote this fall, and the time

e States yet to vo	te this rail, and	rue	61
holding the electi	ons:		
Pennsylvania	October		10
Ohio	October		10
Indiana	October		10
Massachusetts	November		13
New York	November		7
New Jersey	November		7
Illinois	November		- 7
Michigan	November		
Wissensin	Nagamban		- 9

TIMES IN NEW YORK .- A New York exchange emarks that the times may be hard, but there are no outward visible signs of a tight and | ter from his imperial majesty. tightening money market. At the sixteen places of amusement now nightly thrown open to the public, it is said that the average receipts cannot be much less than ten thousand dollars, while the sums spent at the overflowing hotels, the club houses, the stores, the drinking saloons, the billiard rooms, the races, and the other fashionable and unfashionable vortexes of the city, must be immense. No matter how hard it may be to obtain money in Wall street, it comes and goes with unsparing hands in other parts of the great metropolis.

The proprietors of four daily journals of Cincinnati have combined to raise the price of their papers. They properly allege as reasons for the change the facts, that newspaper publishing is less profitable than any other business requiring a similar outlay of capital, talent and democrat conciliables, reeking with the fumes labor, the increase in the cost of making newspapers, the rise in paper, wages, rents, fuel

We are indebted to De Witt & Davenport, New York, for a recent publication, The Goblin Snob, illustrated with a number of quaint but neatly executed engravings. It is "imagined" by Henry L. Stephens-and, though the poem and story lack interest, the enful rebel factions have sprung up in several of graver certainly has done his part in excellent

> PUTNAM'S Magazine, for October, has been laid upon our table.

> We are pleased to hear of numerous entries of Stock, &c., for the State Fair.

Beverly Tucker, Esq., Editor of the Washngton Sentinel, says that his name, as one of the Vice Presidents of the recent "Administration demonstration" in that city, was used without his knowledge or assent, and that he did not approve entirely of the object of the meeting.

A LETTER FROM ROME, in the Nessagere di Modena, states that at the present moment there are seven cardinals' hats at the disposal of the Pope, and that an eighth is likely to be soon vacant, by the death, which is daily expected, of the science they had acquired of the Ecole ance of frost in the neighborhood of those the Archbishop of Braga, (Portugal) Cardinal of Figaredo.

NEWS OF THE DAY. KANSAS EMIGRATION.—The second party of

emigrants sent out to Kansas territory by the New England Aid Society has reached its des tination, all in good health and spirits and pleas ed with the prospects. A steam mill was pur chased at Rochester, and has been sent out for them. The third party will leave Boston the

Hon. George A. Reeder, the recently-appoint ed Governor of the new territory of Kansas, left Easton (Pa.) on Friday last for New York, from whence he will depart on Tuesday for Fort Leavenworth, which place will be, for the present, the seat of government of Kansas.

the Government and its offices. They claim to CIRCULATION OF VIRGINIA BANKS .- On the 1st of January last the circulation of the Bank of Virginia, Farmer's Bank of Virgina, Bank of the Valley of Virginia, and Exchange Bank of Virgin'a was \$9,661,357, and on the 1st of July last \$7,176,102; making a difference of

A fellow was doubting whether or not be should volunteer to fight the Mexicans. One of the flags waving before his eyes, bearing the inscription, "victory or death," somewhat troubled and discouraged nim. "Victory is a very good thing," said he, "but why put it victory or death? Just put it victory or cripple, and I'll go that.'

The State of Connecticut is out of debt and has money loaned out at interest. The school fund is valued at \$2,976,000 and other productive property of the State is estimated at \$400,-000, the greater part of which is invested in bank stocks.

Mr. Grimes, the new Governor of Iowa, is not, as some supposed, a son of "Old Grimes," that good old man, who wore his coat "all buttoned down before.'

A Shawl is in the New York Crystal Palace exhibition which is invoiced for duty at \$2,700. on the back of some lady, even if her husband found it difficult to get his note discounted at

A merchant of Portsmouth, N. H., bought in Boston, a few days since, three chests that were supposed to be filled with a prime article of tea, but on being opened they were found to contain worthless chaff, rice hulls, etc., rendered sufficiently heavy for practical purposes by the addition of a collection of unburnt brickbats, evidently of Chinese origin

A woman was most unmercifully horse whipped in the north part of the city of Zanesville, Ohio, one day last week, for decoying an innocent young girl into a house of ill fame. The father of the girl ordained and executed his own laws in this instance, and public sentiment acquiesced in the justness of them.

A live toad, in a torpid state, was recently dug out of the "hard pan" at Rutland, Vermont, some fifteen feet below the surface, where he must have reposed for centuries. On being laid upon the grass he soon revived, and hopped off to give the worms and bugs of the nineteenth century a specimen of antediluvian skill "snapping them up."

The Ladies North are introducing what is term ed an "Ugly," as a compensation for the infinitestually excluded from office as if they were so simally small bonnets now worn. The "Ugly' many Germans, over whom the Know Nothings is nothing more than what years ago used to be termed a "calash." The "Ugly" is to the head what a top is to a gig, or a chaise. The "Ugly" lets up and down like one of those tops. The "Ugly" is of a different color from the bonnet, and it might be called a parasol. a veil, or anything else, descriptive of what hides wear two bonnets on their head instead of one.

EMPEROR SOULOUGUE AND HIS ST. LOUIS MASTER. -It is stated that Soulougue, or Faustin I, the black Emperor of San Domingo, was formerly the slave of a citizen of St. Louis, who frequently receives friendly messages from him. The St. Louis Democrat states that a week or two since he was pleasantly surprised with the receipt of several bags of coffee and a package of | cultural Association, near Louisville, on the sugar, accompanied by quite an affectionate let- 15th October next, the last day of the agricul-

The English papers are full of glowing accounts of the beautiful weather and prosperous harvest. The whole land was cheered by the agreeable intelligence. The cheap loaf for the coming year was now a thing certain. "Every day's sunshine is set down as worth a million

Pa what's impost? Why a tax, my son .-Then, Pa! I suppose a tax gatherer is an imposter, is'nt he? Go to bed my son and don't lusion to politics.

The New York Express says :- We have seldom seen the time when there were more men and boys out of employment than there are just

Eight deaths have occurred on board the steamship State of Georgia, at quarantine, beow Philadelphia, from yellow fever.

Some of the people of Lorain county, Ohio during the late drought, have had to go eight miles for water for ordinary household use.

The deaths by cholera at Pittsburg, on Fri day last, amounted to sixty, with no abatement

"Houses in Ashes."-The Springfield Republican must have a dictionary of its own, for under the above caption it records the burning of one ship, three barns, ten head of cattle, one horse, and a building designed for a bank!

John W. Taylor, formerly a member of Con gress from New York, and speaker of the House of Representatives at the time of the adoption of the Missouri Compromise, died at Cleveland

on the evening of Saturday contained the infor- by Joseph Long of North Carolina. mation that "the celebrants proceeded on an excursion to Staten Island." What upon earth is a "celebrant?"

Lady Margaret Herbet asked some lady for [seven weeks. pretty pattern of a nightcap. "Well," said the person, "what signifies the pattern of a nightcap?" "Oh child !" said she, but, you know, in case of fire!"

Jeffrey told a capital story of Talleyrand at public dinner. His health was drank. Before the noise was over, he got up, made a mumbling, as if of speaking, spoke nothing, made a bow, and sat down; at which the applause redoubled, though all those immediately about him knew he never said a word.

A DELICATE SEARCH .- The St. Louis Herald states a case of a young lady of the most un doubted respectability, who entered a shoe store in that city, and asked to be shown some gaiter boots; a number were shown to her which she examined and tried on. While the attention of the storekeeper was occupied with another customer, several pairs of gaiters dis-appeared. The lady concluding not to purchase, he was compelled to accuse her of secreting his shoes; she denied it, and he insisted, and proceeded to search, and found several pairs suspended by hooks which were attached to the lady's garters. He took from their hooks those belonging to him, and left there several others, which had no doubt been taken from stores. She was allowed to depart.

COLORED PHYSICIANS FOR LIBERIA. - The colored men, Dr. J. H. Snowden and Dr. Daniel Lazing, Jr., both thoroughly educated physicians, under the care and expense of the Massachusetts Colonization Society, have sailed for Liberia in the "Sophia Walker," the one to be employed at Simon, and the other on the St. Paul's river, to attend to the newly arrived emigrants during their acclimation.

PUNISHED FOR DOING THEIR DUTY -The Boston Board of Aldermen have rejected as candidates for the police the persons who assisted the United States Government to prevent the mob from releasing Sims, the fugitive slave ed. from custody. It is quite natural that those who were for mobbing the United States officers should consider it a crime to uphold the laws .- Philadelphia Ledger.

ENGLAND LEARNING FROM AMERICA .- A COTrespondent of the Boston Chronicle says that the Massachusetts Arms Company, at Chicopee Falls, are now constructing for the British government a complete set of machinery for doing gun work. The machines are modelled from those at the arsenal in Springfield, and which every one who has visted there has seen to their astonishment and admiration.

IMPORTANT TO THE HEIRS OF THOSE WHO FELL AT THE ALAMO, TEXAS .- It is stated that there is due the heirs of those men who fell with Travis, at the "Almo," and with Fanning, at the massacre of Goliad, the following quantity of land, viz: To married men, 4,605 acres as a headright; 1,920 acres bounty; 640 acres as donation.-total, 7,165 acres. Unmarried men, 1,476 acres headright; 1,920 bounty; and 640 donation,-total, 4,036.-Mobile Register.

CONTRACT FOR CORN.-Messrs. Mitchell tracted for about 25,000 bushels of corn, to be delivered from the Illinois river, eleven thousand at 45c. without sacks, and 13,000 at 50c. per bushel, sacks included. These are about double the rates paid last year by the same par-

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT IN ST LOUIS-The St. Louis Intelligencer of Tuesday says a large quantity of fireworks that were being prepared for a display was exploded by lightning, on Monday night, blowing up a house and killing two men, who were asleep in the upper part of the building. The men killed were pyrotechnists, one named Catoir and the other Lumen.

AN AMERICAN IN THE TURKISH ARMY .- Mr. Burr Porter, a young man of high respectability, of Newark, New Jersey, of a romantic mind. ceived the fancy of joining Turkish service at the opening of the war. He succeeded in being made a captain of artillery, and recently, in preventing a town from being sacked, was pro-

THE KNOW NOTHINGS .- The Philadelphia Pennsylvanian publishes what purports to be a list of the officers of the Grand Council of or shades the face. Ladies, hence, now often Know Nothings of North America. Among the names in the list are James M. Stephens, of Baltimore, Recording Secretary; W. W. Williamson, of Alexandria, Vice President, and John P. Hilton, of Washington city, inside Sentinel. The President of the Grand Council is said to be James W. Barker, of New York.

KENTUCKY CHIVALRY .- A grand tournament is to be given in the amphitheatre of the Agritural fair. The Louisville Journal says it is to be got up on a scale of magnificence which will eclipse any exhibition of a similar kind ever given in Kentucky. An invitation has been extended to the "chivalry" of the entire State.

CHRISTIAN RESIGNATION. The editor of the Belfast (Me.) Journal, a Democratic paper takes the defeat of his party quite coolly. He desires some one of his readers to loan him a copy of "Baxter's Saints' Rest." He wants to read some good books in which there is no al-

SHOCKING .- Why is a watch dog larger at night than he is in the morning?

Because he is let out at night and taken in in the morning. LARGE LOAD .- The largest cargo of corn ever

received at Buffalo in a sail vessel was brought into port on Friday of last week, in the bark give immediate relief. You will find all the most Great West. She had 28,000 bushels.

Cool Dress .- They must dress cool in Lafayette, Ia. A young lady, on being asked if she intended to wear that great bustle to church. said she did'nt mean to wear anything else. So

savs an exchange. NEW COLLECTOR OF NEW ORLEANS .- Col. T C. Porter, successor of Gen. Downs, deceased, as Collector of the port of New Orleans, entered upon the discharge of his duties on the 15th

A Proposition .- The Piedmont Whig, since one dollar has been demanded for taking a peep at the Natural Bridge, proposes that 12} cents be charged for looking at the moon.

Jim Holmes, a keeper of a low groggery Nashville, Tenn., was killed in a house of CELEBRANTS.—The telegraph from New York | fame in that city, on the night of the 15th inst.,

> Quite an excitement was produced at the wharf, in Wheeling, on the 22d instant, at the arrival of a steamboat-the first for about

The prospects of the United States and Liberia Steamship Company are brightening. It is stated that a gentleman in a remote district adjoining the land of Mrs. Georgia Meredith, of the South sent an unsolicited subscription of \$1,000, and more recently he writes that his wife's father, at his daughter's request, agrees to give his name for \$1,000.

Happiness is a butterfly which, when pursued, is always just beyond your grasp; but which, if you will wait quietly, may come to you.

ARRIVAL OF THE PROMETHEUS. PORTNIGHT LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.

NEW YORK, Sept. 25 .- The steamship Pronetheus has arrived, with a fortnight's later dates from California. She brings one million of dollars in gold, and passengers brought to Panama by the steamship Pacific.

The political affairs of California is the chief heme of the papers. Three full tickets have been made out for State and municipal officers, with a view to lessen the amount of human sufferand the nominations on each ticket are complete. The mining news is of a very cheering character, although a scarcity of water has retard ed operations in certain localities.

Two men, foreigners, detected in the act of disposing of stolen cattle at San Antonio, were dragged out of prison, and hung, without trial, to the nearest tree.

Three towns have been burnt in the interior of the State. Loss \$800,000. Immigration, by way of the plains, is immense. Large numbers of emigrants are rapid-

y arriving. The Chinese are arriving in great numberstwenty four hundred having arrived within the last fortnight. H. B. Atkins, charged with the murder of

W. S. May, of Boston, has been discharged. Two tribes of Digger Indians had had a pitch The battle took place on the 23d ultimo, at the American flats. A large number was kill-

Business has not improved within the last fortnight. Advices from all parts of the country are unfavorable to trade, although the mi ners everywhere are unprecedentedly success-

THE YELLOW FEVER AT THE SOUTH COLUMBIA, S. C., September 26 .- There were five deaths at Augusta, on Saturday, from the

fever, notwithstanding the reduced population of the city. CHARLESTON. Sept. 25 .- The deaths on Saturday from fever were 14, and on Sunday 18.

Mr. Bingham, the operator in the telegraph office, is recovering, and will soon be at his post again. NEW ORLEANS, September 24.—The number of deaths in the Charity Hospital of yellow fe-

ver during the past week was 150.

THE WHIG PARTY.

There are those who with oracular assump tion have declared the Whig party extinct .-With mock solemnity they have pictured it in the cerements of death, have gravely performed its funeral obsequies, and consigned it to the tomb of "damned oblivion." The mighty Sampson, though he has slept, has not been shorn of his strength, and well may the exulting Philistines tremble when the giant awakes and re-

sumes the fierceness of ancient antagonism. The Whig party is not dead. It lives in the plorious memories and associations of the past. It lives in the beneficial operations of those great systems of governmental policy which have elevated our country to the summit of present greatness and prosperity. It lives in the immortal memories of intellectual supremacy which hallow to the recollection the 'god-like' Webster. and consecrate to history the name of the illustrious Clay. It lives in the illuminated records of those majestic triumphs by which the country has been rescued from the humiliating thrall of unholy dominion. It lives in the midst of the multitudinous masses of thirty one sovereign Commonwealths, jealous of constitutional guarantees and hopeful of the preservation of that hallowed instrument from the desecrating innovations of political empiricism.

We care not what brand of reproach may be imprinted on the measures of the past, it cannot attach to the principles which are the basis of our organization, and which separate us now, and will forever divide us, from the party of the opposition. You may destroy, we repeat, at one fell blow, the systems of governmental policy we cherish, but the ensign that floats above us will continue to bear the ensign of our PRINCIPLES-Obedience to Law, Fidelity to the Constitution, and Devotion to the American Union. These are the distinguishing features of our faith, and beneath the banner on which they are emblazoned we are willing to fight forever .- San Francisco Journal of Commerce.

Holloway's Pills, a certain Remedy for Bilious Complaints .- Mr. John Dalrymple, o State-street, Boston, according to his own admission, suffered more than most people from severe and frequent bilious attacks, accompanied with a disordered stomach, and great derangement of the system, from which last fall he was effectually cured by taking Holloway's Pills. He has a daughter, nineteen years of age, who suffered much from a sick headache and dizziness; she has also been cured by these justly celebrated Pills, and indeed her health s better than ever it was in her life.

IN TIME OF PEACE, PREPARE FOR WAR. Be advised, therefore, to use daily, in a glass of sweetened Ice Water, a tea spoon full of Brown's or Lyon's Essence of Ginger, and thus avoid the prevailing Epidemic. If you are suffering with it, send to Pescud's and get a Bottle of Bernard's or Stabler's Diarrhœa Mixture, either of which will approved Medicines for Diarrhoea and Dysentery PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

GLENN'S TRUE VERBENA WATER -- This delightful perfume, prepared by a chemical process, from the hot house plant, LEMON TRIFOLIA, is confidently recommended to the Ladies in particular, on account of its refreshing and delightful odor .-It contains all the fragrance of the plant itself in a concentrated form, and will be found very useful for removing the languor occasioned by crowded rooms, &c. Also, as a delicious perfume for the handkerchief, and will be found much cheaper than the Extracts, and yet equally good, and a pleasant change for the Eau de Cologne. Also, Glenn's Musk Toilet Water, Glenn's Citro-

nella Water, Glenn's Rose Geranium Water For Sale in Raleigh by P. F. PESCUD, Druggist and Chemist.

SALE OF LAND!

WILL sell to the highest bidder, as the property of Thos. Meredith, deceased, agreeably to an order of Court on the 10th day of November next, at the Court House in the City of Raleigh, a parcel of land, in the County of Wake, William Hill and others, containing 11 acres. W. W. VASS, Admintrator. Raleigh, Sept. 29, 1854.

JAMES E. METTS, Forwarding Merchant,

WILMINGTON, N. C. Aug. 24, 1854.

LIPPITT'S SPECIFIC.

FOR THE CURE OF Dysentery, Diarrhaa, and Summer Complaint. N presenting this justly celebrated Medicine to the public, we make no rash assertions of its enfeacy, nor is any hope held out to the afflicted,

which face do not warrant. This remedy having been, for years, used in this place, for the cure of the above diseases, and those appertaining to the same class, the Proprietor has been induced to offer it on a more extensive scale, ing. I have never known it to fail, when the Directions were strictly adhered to.

Many useless nostrums have been palmed upon the public, and I hesitated for some time, until thoroughly convinced of its efficacy.

Certificates.

Extract of a letter received from S. J. CARROLL: BALTIMORE, Jan. 10th, 1853. WM. H. LIPPITT, Esq., -Dear Sir:-I have no nesitation in saying that your Specific is one of the best Medicines extant for Dysentery, Diarrhes, &c. You possibly may recollect my case; if it has escaped your memory, I will give you briefly the facts. I had tried everything that I had seen used, but with little success. And after using enough to start twenty-five Homeopathic M. D's., I began to despair, when you kindly offered me your invaluable Medicine, which cured me effectually

Yours truly, S. J. CARROLL. WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 14, 1853. WM. H. LIPPITT, Esq., -Dear Sir :- I have used your specific in two cases in my family for Dysentery. In one, a spoonful effected a complete cure -in the other, three had the like effect. Respectfully, &c., THOS. LORING.

Ed. Commercial.

HARRELL'S STORE. NEW HANOVER Co., N. C., Oct. 10, 1854. WM. H. LIPPITT, Esq., - Dear Sir: It is with pleasure I state that I have used your Specific for the cure of Dysentery, Diarrhæa, &c., and have found it to produce the desired effect in every case I used it, after the usual remedies have failed. I recommend it with confidence to the public.

Respectfully, &c., J. B. SEAVEY, M. D. SAVANNAH, Ga., Dec. 26, 1851. MR.WM. H. LIPPITT, — Dear Sir: It is with pleasure I acknowledge the wondeful effects of your Medicine for curing Diarrhona or Bowel Complaint, as I am satisfied it was the means, under God, of saving the life, first of my child, and then of my brother. As my brother was given up by two of he most eminent physicians in this place, Drs. Richardson and Wregg; and when I consulted the latter, as to the propriety of trying it on him so low, he said I might, to satisfy myself that I had left nothing untried, but he did not think that medicine would be of any use to him. But, thank God, he was mistaken, as we saw the salutary effects in 24 hours, and in ten days he was able to be out of

I remain yours, very truly and gratefully, WM. BALLY, Prepared and sold by WM. H. LIPPITT, For sale by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, and P. F. PESCUD, Raleigh, N. C. For sale by W. H. MOORE, Goldsboro', N. C.

Still they come!

B. ROOT continues to receive additions to his large and elegant assortment of FANCY GOODS, JEWELRY, &c.

House and Lot in Oxford, N. C. FOR SALE

On Thursday, the 19th day of October, I shall offer for sale, at public auction, on the premises, commencing at eleven o'clock, A. M., my house and lot in the town of Oxford. The house is conveniently situated in the central part of the town, and has been newly repaired and painted; it has five rooms below stairs, and four above. Also various articles of household and kitchen

At the same time and place, a small tract of and, about 2 miles from town, containing eightyeight acres, one half cleared, eight or ten of which is good mead w land, all under fence. Terms made known on the day of sale.

JOHN H. WHITAKER.

LADIES. MISSES AND CHILDREN'S SHOES. W are now receiving from the Manufactory of Robinson & Co., Philadelphia, a fine

Ladies Kid Walking and Buskin Shoes, Tipped, Foxed and Creole Gaiters, Black Kid Ties and Slippers, White do Thick and Thin Sole Kid Bootees, do do do Morocco de Misses and Children's Morocco Bootees. Goat 81 in McGEE & WILLIAMS.

Sept. 29, 1854. HATS AND CAPS!

McGee & Williams RE now opening, at their New Store, a large A and elegant assortment of gentlemen's LA-TEST STYLE of superior Moleskin Hats. Cassimere. Fur, and a great variety of soft finish Hats, of all the leading styles. Also, a large assortment of CAPS, for men

oys, and children-consisting of Fur. Cloth, Vel-

vet, Plush, Glazed, &c.

All of which they offer at very low prices. September 29, 1854. MEDICAL COLLEGE OF VIRGINIA.—The annual course of Lectures of this Institution fin commence on Monday, 9th October, at the

College Building, corner of Marshall and College streets, and continue till the 15th of March ensu-R. L. Bohannan, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children Chas. Bell Gibson, M D., Professor of Surgery

and Surgical Anatomy. Charter P. Johnson, M. D., Professor of Anato-David H. Tucker, M. D., Professor of Theory and Practice of Medicine.

Martin P. Scott, M. D., Professor of Chemistry and Pharmacy. Bev. R. Wellford, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutica.

E. Brown Sequard, M. D., Professor of The Institutes of Medicine and Medical Jurisprudence. Arthur E. Peticolas, M. D., Demonstrator of Ans-The studies of Practical Anatomy may be pros-

ecuted with most ample facilities and at a very trifling expense. Chemical Lectures are regularly given at the College Infirmary and Richmond Almshouse by some of the Professors. EXPENSES.

Professors' Fees......105 Demonstrator's Fees..... Graduation Fees..... The price of Board, including fuel, lights and servants' attendance, is usually \$3 or \$31 per

concerning the Institution, will be forwarded to those applying for it, or specific enquiries answered by letter. Address DAVID H. TUCKER, M. D. Dean of the Faculty, Richmond, Va.

The Catalogue, &c., containing full information

Richmond, Aug. 8, 1864. wtOctl 64 J. M. LOVEJOY'S ACADEMY.

THE Next Session will commence the 10 of July 1864. Tuitien \$26. J. M. LOVEJOY.