

# The Weekly Raleigh Register

CITY OF RALEIGH, WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 22, 1854.

NO. 5

**THE RALEIGH REGISTER.**  
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EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.  
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**RALEIGH, N. C.**  
SATURDAY MORNING, NOV. 18, 1854.

We will furnish the "Register" for the session of the Legislature, on the following terms: For the Weekly, for the session, 50 cents; for the Semi-Weekly " " \$1 00

**THE LEGISLATURE.**  
Several members of this Body are present in this City. We notice Messrs. DORRIS, of Wayne, HILL, of Caswell, MILLS, of Rutherford, and BADHAM, of Chowan.

We are engaged in perfecting our arrangements for the Session, and shall be in readiness, in due time, to furnish our readers with full details of the Legislative proceedings.

**MR. SOULE'S DIFFICULTY.**  
Late English papers, (says the "Intelligencer") and from them some of our own, "have recently contained references to an alleged difficulty interposed by the French Government to the return of the American Minister, M. Soule, to Spain, through the French Territory. The affair was so obscurely alluded to that it did not appear to be of great importance. Mr. Soule has lately been spending some time in Paris, which he of course reached by travelling through French territory, and we have not heard of any difficulty. It seemed to us very improbable that the French Government would permit a man, however offensive or suspected, to approach the capital through France, and then refuse him leave to quit the country by the same way. Private letters, however, which we received from London by the steamer of the 1st inst., have enlightened us on the subject. Mr. Soule, it appears, had gone from France to England, and it was permitted to pass from that country through France back to Spain when he was refused by the French authorities. The motive for this discourtesy, although we might imagine it, we of course are unable to ascertain.

**NEW JERSEY ELECTION.**  
The Newark Daily Advertiser publishes reports from all parts of New Jersey, which show the following results of the election for Members of Congress:

1852	W. D.	1854	W. D.	Loss
1st District	W. D.	2,200	2,200	0
2nd District	W. D.	2,200	2,200	0
3rd District	W. D.	2,200	2,200	0
4th District	W. D.	2,200	2,200	0
5th District	W. D.	2,200	2,200	0
6th District	W. D.	2,200	2,200	0
7th District	W. D.	2,200	2,200	0
8th District	W. D.	2,200	2,200	0
9th District	W. D.	2,200	2,200	0
10th District	W. D.	2,200	2,200	0

**CHARLOTTE RAIL ROAD.**  
The Charlotte and Columbia Rail Road has done a good business the last two months. We find the following comparative statement in the "Whisperer's Register":

1853	1854
Sept. 24-017 83	10,276 03
Oct. 5-073 42	11,607 88
Sept. 5-023 75	12,487 63
Oct. 2-133 79	20,957 12

**JUDGE CHINAMAN IN AMERICA.**—The last mail from California brings intelligence that the Supreme Court of that State has decided that the Chinese fall under the meaning of a class of persons mentioned in the Constitution, which says that no black or mulatto persons shall be allowed to give evidence in favor of or against a white man.

**THE NEW YORK ELECTION.**—The latest returns from the New York election, seem to support the conclusion that Clark, the Fusion candidate, has been elected Governor by a small plurality over Seymour, the next highest candidate. The result, however, is not certain, as the votes yet to be heard from, or the official returns, may reverse the present position of the two contestants.

**OF THE PRIDE OF RANK AND BIRTH.** an article in DeBow for August has this beautiful and highly poetic image:—"The merit of dead men, when claimed for the living, is like the stars seen on the water, which would not be there, but for their bright originals in heaven."—Exchange.

"Beautiful and highly poetic," truly; but, unfortunately, not original with the writer of the article in DeBow. In WILLIS' drama of Bianca Visconti, the following passage occurs:—"They who have honor by inheritance alone, A thing no brightness to it, are like stars, Seen in the ocean—whitish were not there, But for their bright originals in Heaven!"

For returns from the Massachusetts Election, see another column.

**DEWAR.**—We forgot this gallant little steamer, when we remarked yesterday that the Massachusetts election was the "last of the season." Dewar votes to-day for a Governor, member of Congress, and Legislature. The contest will be close one, judging from the indications given in the newspapers.

*Intelligencer, 14th.*

## OUR NEW YORK CORRESPONDENCE.

**Election Affairs in New York. Corruptions of Parties. Foreigners and Americans. Disorganised state of Politics. The late Dr. Mebane. Another fatality on board the Arctic.**

In every ward in this city there is some large building with spacious upper rooms for the accommodation of Ward Meetings, dancing parties, and various other purposes. These edifices do not always present an imposing front to the street, but many of them are built up in the rear part of the ground they occupy. Here are held the assemblies of lodges, secret associations, musical gatherings, festive reunions, and above all, those primary elections, which were first systematized as organized bands of fraud and iniquity, when the Meplatophiles of the lococofo party, Martin Van Buren, succeeded in weaving his cunning net work of political machinery over this devoted city. From this fatal mechanism, which has been extended more or less throughout the country, has proceeded all those evil and debasing influences which good men of all persuasions and creeds have deplored, as much as a few unprincipled and unscrupulous ones have endeavored to fasten upon us as permanent institutions. That the day of retribution should arrive was certain, when all political rages of every color should stand abashed and confounded before the majesty of the American people. That time is now hastening on, and the recent events of the elections in this city will soon confirm it. What is here said is the truth confirmed by the fullest observation, and known to every body who is cognizant of what is going on. In every one of the twenty-two wards of this city, a fund was raised to buy up the foreign votes. No party whatever is untainted with this crime. It has prevailed so long that it has become an established usage. An American vote cannot be bought; the foreign ones are always in the market. The democratic plea, therefore, that adopted citizens should be invested with the electoral franchise, is a downright fallacy. The foreign vote is always swayed by some external influence or other, and is always marketable. It corrupts both the foreigner and the native; perverts the sanctity of the ballot box; adds to the excesses of intemperance; and fosters perjury, rioting, and corruption. The country is nearly ripe for a repeal of the naturalization laws, and the sooner the better, so long as the Union is to remain a Union.

When the writer of this went quietly to the election polls the other day, an uncouth German, with a Jesuitical cast of countenance, started up, and with a strong Dutch accent, said, "I challenge that gentleman's vote," when I was thrust aside as a suspicious and dishonorable character. Waiting until all the holders in the ward had voted, I was then arraigned by an Irish Inspector, and called upon to answer a number of interrogatories. "Sure, and are yer nativ born in this County?" "YEs." "Did yer come into this ward for the sake of voting?" "No." "Did any body bribe yer, or tempt yer?" "No, (corrected ad sidera.) After a few more questions, of like import, he became fully satisfied, and had the kindness to administer the oath. "Angels and ministers of grace defend us." The most un-American and forswearing lying dogwood editor would have felt the blood tingle in every vein. We had had too much of this, and should henceforth have no more.

As the disintegration of the constituent elements of a body is one of the surest signs of its approaching dissolution, so the present disintegration and discreditation of parties shew the rottenness and corruption of the present political parties in the Country. Here we have Whigs, Woolly heads, Fusionists, Hardis, Softis, Abolitionists of many shades and hues, Temperance men, Free Soilers, and Independence men. But independently of these, are the Native born citizens, a mighty phalanx of resolute and incorruptible men, who have resolved to rescue their beloved country from further degradation and demoralization.

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**SENTENCE OF DR. GRAHAM.**  
Judge Mitchell, of New York, in sentencing Dr. Graham, for the manslaughter of Col. Loring, after reviewing the evidence, said:—"The circumstances that have been detailed are such, that if there had been in our statute a descriptive manslaughter in the first degree, applicable to cases of affrays and the Jury had found you guilty of that higher grade of offence, the Court would have been bound to carry out the verdict. You first insulted Maj. Loring and his wife at a party, you next met her at the street, you assaulted her unprovoked; you were unprovoked to you on your previous misconduct perhaps as angrily as he had done before; you again insulted him and his wife, and called him a liar; he returned these insults with a blow from the eye, you stepped back, and closing on him, drew your sword and killed him on the spot. It is proper, therefore, that the extreme punishment applicable to the offence of which you are convicted, be inflicted, and your sentence accordingly is, that you be imprisoned in the State Prison for seven years."

My duty as a judge is discharged. As a man who would not cease to feel even for one convicted of the greatest crime, I may say you have my compassion, because I would believe, as your counsel suggested, that you felt most bitter pang, rather for the irreparable injury you have inflicted on the family of Major Loring, than from the dread of any suffering which the law would inflict on you. For all, it would be well to remember, that if a spirit of conciliation or of kindness could have rested over you for a few moments, you and your friends might have spared this disgrace, and Major Loring might still have been in the enjoyment of life in the bosom of his family."

**WRECK OF THE NEW ERA—TERRIBLE LOSS OF LIFE.**  
New York, Nov. 14.—We stated yesterday under our telegraphic head, that the Emigrant ship New Era went ashore during a dense fog on Sunday night last, off the Jersey shores. The late from the wreck is that 150 souls have been saved, and 248 lost. A great many lead bodies have washed ashore. The vessel will be a total loss.

**FALL OF A WALL.**  
Last evening, the stone and brick wall at the depot of the Wilmington and Raleigh Railroad Company in its town, and recently erected at heavy expense, for the protection of the bill upon which many of the buildings are located, was undermined by the heavy rains of yesterday, and fell shortly after the train had arrived. No person was injured very fortunately, but the loss to the company is very considerable. It will be replaced with all proper dispatch.

**WIL. HERALD.**  
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## MR. SOULE'S EXPULSION FROM FRANCE.

**HIGHLY INTERESTING DETAILS. Action of the United States Ministers.**

The New York Times contains several letters from London and Paris, giving the particulars of the expulsion of Mr. Soule, the American Minister to Spain, from France, and the subsequent action of the American Ministers in London and Paris. A letter dated London, October 27th, gives the annexed account of the "expulsion."

Mr. Soule, having spent two days in London, set out last Tuesday for Madrid, via France. On his arrival at Calais, he was asked to show his passports, and, having done so, was requested to step into an inner room of the Bureau de Police. Here he was told that he must leave the country by the next steamer, and that he would not be allowed in the while to go anywhere out of Calais, being, in fact, placed under surveillance.

"There must be a mistake, sir," said our Minister; "do you know who I am?" "There is not the slightest mistake, sir," was the reply; "you are Mr. Soule, the Ambassador of the United States of America at the Court of Spain, and I have orders not to let you pass."

"Where are your orders, sir?" asked Mr. Soule.

"This is no business of yours, sir; these orders are for me, and I am acting upon them," said the Commissary.

This happened at Calais. Something more was said, but of no public concern. Mr. Soule left by the next steamer, and reached London late in the evening of the 29th. The news being made known in American circles, the greatest excitement prevailed, and, as may be imagined, measures of all sorts were suggested amidst great indignation.

The writer goes on to say this was not intended as an insult to Mr. Soule, the man, but an insult to Mr. Soule, the minister, and therefore to the United States Government, as an answer of European despotism to the "Congress of American Democratic Diplomats," recently held in the Netherlands. The writer adds that among the many persons who have taken the same opinion is Mr. Beverly Johnson, of Baltimore, who wrote in that spirit a very long letter to Mr. Mason. We here quote what the correspondent subsequently says:

"Mr. Mason—the news of the Calais outrage having been sent to the Foreign Office, and wished to see M. Drouyn de L'Huys immediately. He was left waiting two full hours. Admitted at last, he remarked, first of all, upon his tardy reception. Some apologies were made, but in a time and manner that convinced M. Drouyn de L'Huys that the matter was not a petty one. He dropped that matter, however, and passed to the object of his official call, and asked the reason why Mr. Soule had not been permitted to pass through France en route to Spain."

"Well," said M. Drouyn de L'Huys, in a very impatient tone, "the letter of Mr. Sanders being pressed for these reasons: Mr. Mason was told that there were three of them: First, the treatment of M. Dillon, French Consul in California. Secondly, the letter of Mr. Sanders to the French people; and thirdly, Cuba."

The French Foreign Secretary said that the Imperial Government cannot be expected to treat in the usual friendly way the citizens of a State that has behaved in such a hostile manner towards it.

I am told that Mr. Mason replied in the way that will have occurred to every one else on being asked the reasons. He said that the affair of Mr. Dillon was, in the worst possible construction, but the mere blunder of a court of justice, and that it cannot, accordingly, be made parallel with a case in which the United States are insulted by order of the highest authority of another State. The letter of Mr. Sanders was the act of an individual, who had, moreover, been recalled from an official position, before he published anything. Americans have the right to say what they like, and the Government has no control over their pens and presses.

This is a personal matter, which could, perhaps, have excused a discourtesy towards the citizen Sanders, if he should have presented himself on the frontiers of France, but it certainly did not authorize a step like that against the United States Minister. As to the letter, Mr. Mason absolutely denied—if I am well informed—the right of any Power to meddle with difficulties that may have arisen between Spain and the United States. He, at all events, could not see how questions of foreign policy should be brought before the President of the United States. The two Ministers parted very much excited, and Mr. Mason was prepared to ask for his passports. He sent, however, the special messenger to Mr. Buchanan, before deciding upon that step.

A meeting of London letter, dated the 31st ultimo, says assured that a French fleet will soon be sent to the West Indies. The person who is very positive in his information, writes me that the principal reason of that quarrel is not the French fleet, but the English power in the West Indies. He has been sending a protecting squadron to the waters of St. Domingo, the quasi annexation of which is to be impeded by any means. Another informant is of opinion that the whole affair is but a palace intrigue, concocted and carried out by the French Emperor and his ministers. He is the sister of the Empress Eugenie Montijo.

However that may be, the English are very much afraid of the consequences of that unlooked-for affair. They begin, for the first time, to think of the grave difficulties which such an adventitious revolution, or insurrection, or rebellion, would present to the English power. As to the English, their sentiments are as possibly guessed. They protest loudly against any possible insinuation that France should ever sanction such an insult against America. Ledru Rollin is to give utterance to these protesting sentiments, and will address a letter to the people of the United States, wishing them to forget that the successful adventurer and his Decembrist minions do not constitute the French people, which are most frantically attached to their republican brothers beyond the waters.

Mr. Soule is still here, but will go soon, I think. He is waiting only for news from Paris. He will do well to be in Madrid at the opening of the Cortes. The affairs of Spain look, it is true, not very bright, but just because they look gloomy, a change may come at any moment, and the revolution is hardly to be expected. The revolution is hardly to be expected. The revolution is hardly to be expected.

## MASSACHUSETTS ELECTION.

**RE-TURNS FROM NEARLY ALL THE CHIEF TOWNS, FAR AS RECEIVED, ARE TO AN EQUAL EXTENT—IMMENSE KNOW NOTHING MAJORITIES.**  
Boston, Nov. 13.—Returns from nearly all the chief towns, far as received, are to an equal extent—immense Know Nothing majorities. Know Nothing Representatives and six Senators, being the bulk of the ticket. Lowell elects ten Know Nothings for Governor, 1,135 majority, and all the other candidates of the same party; 312 majority. Dorell, Banks, Comings and Burlingame, all Know Nothings, are undoubtedly elected to Congress.

The general opinion is that the party have swept the State, and that Gardner is elected Governor.

**SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Nov. 13.**—The Know Nothings have swept the State "high and dry." In some places they have swallowed up all other parties. A majority of their congressional and legislative representatives elected seem to be Whigs; and all are either Whig or Republican.

The Know Nothing candidates are left out of the contest. In short, both of the old parties appear to be pulled up "root and branch."

**BOSTON, Nov. 13, 10 o'clock.**—It is universally conceded here that the Know Nothings have swept the State. In the Ninth District, Dewitt; in Second, Burlington; and the Sixth, Davis, all Know Nothings, are elected to Congress.

An immense procession of Know Nothings is parading the streets, although it is raining in torrents. Rockets are being sent off from the Bow and Traveller offices, and there is wild enthusiasm. Gardner, the Know Nothing candidate for Governor, has 9,000 majority in the towns thus far heard from, and is undoubtedly elected by the people.

**BOSTON, Nov. 14th.**—In the election held yesterday, the Know Nothings swept the State by an immense majority. They have carried the Legislature, and all the Congressmen with but two exceptions—Dewitt and Banks being the only members of the present Congress re-elected. Gardner, the Know Nothing candidate for Governor, has 9,000 majority in the towns thus far heard from, and is undoubtedly elected by a very large majority.

**COMPLIMENTARY.**  
At the late Session of the North Carolina Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, in Pittsburg, the following very complimentary resolution was passed:

Resolved, That while we appreciate the honor thus conferred upon one of our body by one of the highest ecclesiastical institutions in the country—and while we regard him, in the highest sense, in every way qualified, in intellect, integrity and learning, yet we beg our brother to consider the state of the work in North Carolina, both as regards the pastorate and institution of learning, and if it is not our duty to consent with his duty to the Church, that he decline the Presidency of Centenary College.

**FOR THE REGISTER.**  
**CALROBY, O., Sept. 30, 1854.**  
It having pleased the Supreme Ruler of the Universe, in the dispensation of an all-wise Providence, to remove from our midst and the sphere of his usefulness on earth our beloved brother, R. T. W. Braswell, whose many virtues and good qualities, whose integrity and righteousness won for him universal respect, esteem and confidence:

**RECORDED.** That while we bow with submission to the decree of Omnipotence, which has called him hence, we sincerely and deeply deplore his loss, as that of a warm-hearted friend and a true and faithful brother.

**RECORDED.** That in token of our sorrow and respect for his memory, all the members of this Lodge shall wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days.

**RECORDED.** That a copy of these proceedings, signed by the Secretary and under the seal of this Lodge, be conveyed to the father of the deceased brother, with the assurance of our deep sympathy with him in his melancholy bereavement and irreparable loss; and also entered on the minutes of this Lodge, and a copy of the same to be sent to the periodicals of the Lodge as the Lodge may determine for publication.

**THOMAS HARRIS, Secy.**  
**Z. L. WATKINS, Com.**  
**W. M. COVING, Secy.**  
A true copy of the resolutions passed on the death of our brother, R. T. W. Braswell, who departed this life on the 28th day of September, A. D. 1854, and A. D. 1854.

**THOS. M. CAMPION, Secy.**  
**OTRACALOGA LONDON, No. 154.**

**FOR THE REGISTER.**  
At a regular meeting of Jerusalem Lodge, No. 93, Ancient York Masons, Hookton, N. C., held November 11th, 1854, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

**WHEREAS,** It has pleased the Almighty Disposer of events, in his unsearchable foresight and divine superintendence, to remove by death from earth to that realm where the Barmah-warden, our much esteemed and worthy worshipful Master, James A. May, in the meridian of life and usefulness; and whereas, as Master of Jerusalem Lodge, No. 95, A. York Masons, he was ever zealous in the discharge of his duties, and as such, this Lodge in his death has lost a worthy Master, a bright Mason, and a most useful member: Therefore

**Resolved,** That this Lodge sincerely mourns the loss of one who, in all the relations of a man, husband, father and citizen, was ever zealous in the discharge of his duties, and whose memory deserves to be cherished as one eminently entitled to our love and esteem.

## Parade of the D. Q. Is.

**Grand Tournament and Trotting Match.**  
The renowned corps of the Don Quixote Invalids will appear on their second parade on Saturday afternoon, the 26th inst., under the command of his Excellency, Don Quixote de la Mancha, and his efficient aid, Captain Don Buena Vista Moustery del Pombo Bombo; in which occasion there will be a magnificent trotting equal if not superior in splendor to any the world has ever witnessed. After which a grand trotting match between the most celebrated steeds of the present age will add additional interest to the scene.

Premiums of the most liberal description will be bestowed on the successful Knights, and no expense will be spared to make this occasion one of the most remarkable and exciting in the annals of chivalry.

**PROGRAMME.**  
The D. Q. Is. will appear on parade and proceed through the principal streets to the Fair Grounds. The following Knights have been entered to contend for the ring:

- .. .. Basted Lyra
- .. .. Rusty Nail
- .. .. Jolly Nosa
- .. .. Shaghtal Feather
- .. .. Dark Eye
- .. .. Awful Yarn

The Green Green Knight.  
The Great Unwashed Knight.  
The Hibernian Knight.  
Bon Mura Yusuf Hamel Abd Allah Hassan Mobsammed Effendi.  
Ching-Fung Long-Tong-Boo-Hoo.  
Thee-oo-poo-goo-wa-shaw-fud-get.  
The successful champion will receive the crown from the hands of the illustrious lady, Donna Dulcinea del Toboso, who will preside as Queen of Love and Beauty.

**TROTTING MATCH.**  
The following steers have been entered:  
Don Quixote's world-renowned steed ROZINANTE, FARTY, the shuck-fed pig, the steed on which Napoleon Bonaparte appeared at the battle of Cowpens.

**BOARDS VOLCANO.** the Bay horse on which the allied Admirals were mounted at the bombardment of Sebastopol.  
**DOR AND CARRY OVE,** the three-legged mule which towed the open boat in which Alexander the great crossed the Alps after the battle of Moscow.

**IMPOSSIBLE,** the identical horse which came out of Noah's Ark. This horse will run against his own shadow for a private bet.  
YAKAR DOPPEL, the Arab steed which the poet called for, a descendant of the wooden horse that took Troy.  
Old Drower, the matchless trotter favorably known on account of his fleetness when carrying the Mail from Raleigh to Weldon, which feat he frequently performed in fifty one hours, two minutes and nine seconds, "long time ago."

**DOSSER AND BLITZER,** the war-horse which bore Gen. Mynher Van Dink through the campaign in which the Dutch took Holland.  
A number of others equal in blood and speed have likewise been entered.  
Competent and disinterested judges will award various magnificent prizes to the successful competitor.

The Fair Grounds will be opened at one o'clock on Saturday evening, Nov. 4th, 1854, Mr. James A. May, in the 27th year of his age, leaving an affectionate wife and only child to mourn his loss.

**DIED.**  
In Hookerton, Greene County, N. C., on Saturday evening, Nov. 4th, 1854, Mr. James A. May, in the 27th year of his age, leaving an affectionate wife and only child to mourn his loss.

**NOTICE.**  
The Subscriber, Salesman of the above named estate, wishes to secure the Citizens of Raleigh and its vicinity, that the above goods are not OLD TOCK, but garments made this season, for the Philadelphia Market, being all of superior make, and trimmed in the most beautiful and costly manner.

**Just Received!**  
A large and splendid assortment of Musical Instruments, and a choice selection of Sheet Music. E. W. PETERSILLIA, Nov. 14, 1854.

**MASONIC.**  
THE Officers, Members and Representatives of THE GRAND LODGE OF NORTH CAROLINA are hereby informed that the annual Communication of this MASONIC BODY will be held in this City, on Monday evening, the 4th December next, at 7 o'clock, at the residence of Messrs. WILLIAM T. BAIN, Grand Secretary.

**10,000 Fruit Trees**  
FOR SALE; mostly of large size, beautiful and fertile growth, consisting of Apple, Peach, Plum, Pear, Apricot, Nectarine, Cherry and almost all other fruits.  
Besides, a good assortment of Evergreen and deciduous Ornamental Trees, for sale at the Pomological Garden, old stand, which has now changed its name to Fruit and Ornamental Garden and Nursery, by the subscriber THOS. LINDLEY, near Edge Creek, Chatham County, N. C.

**50 Dollars Reward.**  
KANE AWAY from the subscriber, about the last of June, my boy HINTON, aged boy 11 or about 22 years old 64 or 65 high, light complexion; marks not recollected. I purchased him of J. C. Moore; he purchased him of Deansy Sorsal, in this county. I will give the above reward for his delivery to me, or for his confinement in any jail so that I can get him.

**Valuable Property for Sale.**  
WILL be sold at public sale, on Saturday, the 24th of December next, on the premises, (if not sold previous to that date) the estate of J. D. Powell in and to a tract of land in Wake County, containing 620 ACRES situated about 14 miles North East of Raleigh, near Edge Creek. The said land is in a state of fine cultivation and the soil is of the most superior quality.

There is an excellent DWELLING HOUSE, on the premises, together with all the necessary out-houses. The dwelling house, though single-story, contains four good commodious rooms. Terms made known on day of sale. J. D. POWELL, Wake Co. Oct. 31, 1854.

