CITY OF RALEIGH. WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 22, 1855.

THE RALEIGH REGISTER.

PUBLISHED BY SEATON GALES, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. AT \$2 50 IN ADVANCE; OR, \$3 00, AT THE END OF THE YEAR.

Ours' are the plans of fair, delightful peace, Unwarped by party rage, to live like brothers.'

RALEIGH, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUG. 18, 1855.

SUPREME COURT. The following gentlemen have been admitted appear from the following statement. to the practice of the law by the Supreme Court at present in session at Morganton : COUNTY COURT.

Rutherford,

W. M. Barber,	Wilkes,
V. A. Wilson,	Yadkin,
P. B. Lee,	Mecklenburg
J. H. Seneker,	Henderson,
H. D. Lee,	**
P. D. Gold,	Cleaveland.
SUPERIOR	COURT.
Jordan S. Gibson,	Yancy,
R. H. Ward,	Rockingham
L P. Waddell,	Chatham.

G. W. Logan,

Propositions are everywhere made for relief for the sufferers by the yellow fever at Portsmouth, &c. We have no doubt but that the generous and humane of this place will gladly contribute their offerings in such a case. The National Intelligencer says :- " In Norfolk, Portsmouth, Gosport, and Newtown-the last-named two being precincts of Portsmouthno business is in progress, and no produce is arriving, upon which to subsist the many whose inability to leave or whose sense of duty detains them. There should be prompt action in this matter. The yellow fever often lingers during the month of October, when once it obtains possession of a place. It will not be wise. therefore, to defer the action in hopes of its early departure. Should it soon leave, our of ferings may be the less needed, but we doubt that the thankfulness of the people of these cities will be any less than if our aid were given in the midst of the direst and most protracted calamity. Certainly our consciousness of having acted from generous and kindly motives

We publish, below, some extracts from an account in the "Memphis Eagle and Enquirer" of a recent American Mass Meeting in LaGrange, Tenn. We do so for the reason that some of the gentlemen referred to in it were originally of this place, and it will be a source of gratification to their numerous friends to hear of them, -especially to hear that they are distinguishing themselves in the American cause.

will be none the less gratifying to ourselves."

"HENRY J. CANNON, the President of the Meeting, read the American National Platform address J. P. Pryor then put the question, and the ratification was carried by a tremendous acclamation, only two or three lone Johnsonian Abolition-tendency Democrate voting

Gen. J. H. R. Taylor, of Mississippi, was then introduced to the meeting by the President, and delivered a most eloquent and telling speech of an hour and a half. The General won many laurels on the occasion. Gen. Thomas Rivers, American candidate for

Congress, being vociferously called on by the audience, arose and declined speaking on account of the absence of his competitor, Mr. Cur. delphia Platform.

The meeting was subsequently addressed by Messrs. Mosby, Trezevant, Bankhead and Pryor. Col. Cannon is a leading Old Line Democrat of Fayette county, and is well known throughof the South. He made an excellent and earnest-souled speech on the occasion, and we would well as Gen. Taylor, of Miss., and Col. Trevesant, of this State, both of whom are of the same old political faith.

Dr. Cannon, of Somerville, is also an American of the truest and noblest type. During the present canvass he has been one of the ablest and most eloquent writers on that side-THE SIDE OF THE COUNTRY-that has yet appeared. The "Eagle and Enquirer" acknowledges its obligations to him and would be pleased to hear from him often hereafter, upon any and all of the current topics of the day. Such pens as his are ever in demand and should not be idle."

OF COURSE .- The "Wilmington Journal" (edited by an Irishman,) attributes the recent riot in Louisville to the Americans, calls Prentice a "heary headed scoundrel," and says that

Mr. Flournov-total I56,668; majority for Wise 10 180. Of the 134 counties in Virginia Mr. and Mr. Wise in 80. Considering that "Sam" is but one year old in Virginia, and that his antagonist was born under those renowned "Resolutions of '98," we submit that 73,244 votes and

MR. Dobbin, Secretary of the Navy, issaid to be much improved in health since his visit to the Virginia Springs. He is expected to return to Washington in a few days.

Our columns will be found to be wellfilled with valuable selections, to-day. Political excitement over, we are sure that we could not render them more acceptable to our readers.

The State of Georgia will vote in Octoin November, next,

THE SOUTHERN ELECTIONS.

Without expecting at once to overthrow the settled property which sham Democracy has in the governments of the Southern States, the progress of the first campaign of the American Union party (as the "American Organ" observes.) is more encouraging than the first efforts of revolutions usually are. To have sustained in the Federal compact which recognizes slave itself in an experimental effort against organization and slander is a triumph. The popular majorities of the Democratic party have been reduced in all the Southern States in which elections have been held, and, although the device of Gerrymandering has been carried to a perfection unknown elsewhere, yet the Congressional returns so far show an undoubted loss to the locofocos of nine members, as will

Congress of 18	54.	Congress of 1	355.
	Dem.		Dem
Virginia,	13	Virginia, 12 1"	10
North Carolina,	5	North Carolina,	5
Tennessee,	4	Tennessee,	4
Kentucky.	5	Kentucky.	3
Alabama,	6	Alabama,	5
Missouri,	3	Missouri,	1
Cexas,	2	Texas,	2
Delaware,	1		_
1 - 1 - 7 - C			30
	30		

Here is a positive gain to the new organization of about fifteen per cent. over the established oligarchy which holds the State governments in perpetuity, aided by the coin and cohorts of a spoils administration. Well done, A mericans of the South! "A little more grape" is only necessary to success. As with our ancestors, a raw militia has met the ridicule and fury of a vindictive government, and although not perhaps a match for the regular troops in money, armament, or discipline, the spirit which animates the American militia is indomitable, and will conquer or overthrow that op pression and unjust ascendency which has delivered the country ever to sectional agitation,which has resisted every effort at peace and compromise-which charges you with having combined with the sectional enemies that have united with the sham Democracy to assail you.

The Americans have suffered much injury from the unwillingness of ancient Whigs to surever they had a local ascendency, and they have had to battle against a spirit of malignity and no other contest within our knowledge.

in the land of Van Buren and of Pierce. It has been charged with religious persecution; with inhospitality to the alien. It has been denounced for affiliation with abolition, when the American Union party has divided itself by excluding all abolitionism from its National Platform. These have been a few of the difficulties which this new party has had to encoun-

But the election of thirty members to the next Congress, pledged to the platform of sectional peace, will have an invaluable effect upon those elections which are yet to take place; for, asand urged its ratification and endorsement by suming that the vote of the Southern States to theentire South, in an able and most appropriate be heard from shall only give the American Order the opposition vote of the last Congress, there will be a compact Southern vote of between thirty and forty members. These are pure Americans, pledged to the faith of the Platform, opposed to Nullification and Disunion, in favor of the Union and Peace; in one word, true members of the Union American party. This compact and honest vote will be strengthened by those of the Order in the North who agree to maintain the settlement section of the Phila-

We then congratulate the friends of American principles at the South, and the friends of the constitution and sectional harmony every where, upon the admirable results so far. out the country as occupying a prominent po-sition in the foremost ranks of the truest friends that every vote gained is a stone in the column reared to the perpetuity of the Union; that that every "still doubting Democrat" in the it will be a voice raised to protect the American South could have been there to hear him, as citizen from the aggressive intrusion of ignorant and vicious aliens-that it will be a significant rebuke of that ambitious hierarchy, which, crushed by the ascendant authority of rival despots in Europe, is desirous of erecting its tottering throne upon the ruins of American liberty. Fight on ; your cause is sacred, and your ultimate success is certain !

According to the last accounts, the next tives, desiring the best interests of his country, steamer ought to bring us the intelligence of the downfall of Sebastopol. Great preparations were making for a general and combined assault by sea and land, and the latter part of July was moral courage to do what his conscience told the time fixed upon by rumor for a magnificent him was right. And when political weatherfulfilment of "hope long deferred." Turks. at his door and that of "leading men of the English, French, and Sardinians, soldiers, sailors American organization" must the guilt of mur- marines, infantry and artillery, are all to make and honest man; a man who was not afraid to a tremendous assault upon all sides of this do right-and let them resolve to go and do great fortification, and down it is to go, North VOTE OF VIRGINIA .- The final returns at the and South, East and West, without leaving a office of the Secretary of State exhibit the vote | solitary fort to tell the tale. "Man never is | them. as follows: 83,424 for Mr. Wise,-73,244 for but always to be blest." It will be time enough to believe that Sebastopol has fallen, when the fact is announced in official despatches from the Flournoy, American, received majorities in 54; allied head quarters. In the meantime, we may expect a stout defence from old Gortchakoff and Menchikoff, and, in the event of an assault, and attempt to mount the ramparts by scaling ladders, there will be a General Knock-em off, who a majority in fifty four counties of the State was will perform predigies. Let us not as yet give doing very well for a beginning. Better luck up Sebastopol, the great citadel of newspapers,

HURBAH FOR GENTRY!-However the State may go, it is a glorious compliment to Colonel Gentry, that in Bedford, the county of his residence, he gains four hundred on the vote for | that eleven acres of Southampton county land. Johnson in 1853. The truth is, that Gentry's which he sold as Commissioner for \$55, brought neighbors, wherever he has lived, have always the purchaser a crop of pea nuts for which he loved him, as all men are bound to do who obtained \$1,100. come to know him intimately and well. Hit or miss, he is a true man, a great man, a big-bearted man.—Memphis Eagle.

Albemarle county. Va., during the session of | years to wind up the concern. The assets real the court for this month, have made present- ized are insufficient to pay the creditors of the had been set-up. In some sections that expres-

THE SLAVE QUESTION.

We commend to public attention the follow ing calm statement of the historical facts rela ting to this much agitated subject. It is from an oration delivered by the Hon. Theodore Frelinghuysen before the students of Rutger's College. It will be found to present, in a few ry as a local institution, and the duties of the several States with respect to it:

"When the Constitution of the United States slave escaping to a free country became free .--The slaveholding States were unwilling to form a union upon the basis of that international law between independent States. They proposed to the free States, if you wish to unite with us, and thus form one people in closer bonds than by the general law of nations, then this law of the fugitive slave must be so modi fied that we shall have the same right to reclaim in your State that we now have in any county in our own State. Our forefathers agreed to this modification, and the thirteen colonies unanimously adopted it, and thus left slavery

This is the true political state of the question, and therefore we cannot disturb it. As a great moral and social evil, it is open to free consid eration and debate, as are all other matters pertaining to moral duty. But politically we agreed to leave it where we found it, and that was with the slaveholding States, with all its esponsibilities. The whole case is with them. It is a gravely momentous subject, encompassed by perplexing difficulties that call for deliberation, and candor, and good temper .-And more than this: it invokes afresh the cherished and fraternal feelings that formed the American constitution, which has so long and so illustriously shown how much of human wisdom and forecast, and how much more of divine benignity, crowned this first great expe riment of a free and self governed people. May it be perpetual! May no rash hand mar its glory or dare disturb its foundations! Should not almost eighty years of prosperous freedom plead for our Union? Should not the smiles of God's favor toward us for all that time hush the murmurs of discontent, and persuade us rather to patience and hope? Let us wait for the healings of time, and kindness, and the sure growth of better feelings, that will follow the spread and power of the Gospel of peace. Let us, for the sake of human liberty, and man's last hope, wait, and bear, and forbear, in the fear of God and a living prayer for His gui

FANATICISM RUN MAD

to be to run into the wildest and most ridiculous selves to be a match for their adversaries .misrepresentation that has manifested itself in extremes. Some men seem so constituted that With the numerous and strong fortifications in they cannot dwell on a subject without carrying their possession, their city cannot be assaulted It has been charged with having originated it beyond bounds, making it absurd and even and taken without an immense loss of life by monstrous. Seizing an idea, it revolves before the allies. The Russians may, possibly, be their mental vision till every thing else is com- starved into submission, or the city be taken pletely shut out, and they are astonished that by stratagem; but if carried by assault, we any body else can discover any thing beyond shall not be surprised if it be at the cost of pute arising about the speed of their horses, the boundary of their own vision. Upon no some thirty to forty thousand men to the allies. subject has this proneness to extremes been ex- It is at this desperate cost that the despotisms slavery. Not long ago that fanatic, Garrison, thankful that we are removed from such scenes, said that "if the Almighty tolerates slavery, and be careful to avoid all acts which mingle then the Almighty is a very great scoundrel." European with American policy. Nobody but a lunatic would have given utterance to language so blasphemous, so shocking to every well regulated mind, whatever his views upon | length the wind shifted to the south-east, and this or any other subject. We had supposed that there was no other man in the country ca- the sirocco of the Levant, and, blowing over pable of using such language, but we are mie-taken. There is a man in Missouri who, if he charged with hot and sulphurous vapors, causis reported correctly, has gone quite as far on ing a most disagreeable sensation of a stifling the other side. The Rev. James Shannon, D. and oppressive kind. On the third day after D., and the President of the Missouri Universithis shift of wind, and when well up abreast ty, said lately before the Pro Slavery Conven- of Sicily, but nearer to the African shore, is a moral wrong, and I pledge myself to preach all the headmost vessels of the fleet arrested infidelity all the "rest of my life and to prove in their course by some obstacle which im that God is an imposter." This is revolting and peded the progress of each ship as she came from such friends!" Such advocates injure the cause they undertake to aid.

[New Orleans Bulletin.

From the Lexington Flag. HON. R. C. PURYEAR. It is with the highest degree of pleasure that

we are this week enabled to announce the trium-

phant election of one of North Carolina's favorite sons-the Hon. R. C. Puryear. It cannot be denied that Col. Purvear's vote on the Kansas and Nebraska bill was not in accordance with the wishes of many of his best friends, but those very men in the late contest were the warmest friends and supporters of Col. Puryear, because they were well satisfied, that in that vote he was actuated by the purest moand because in giving that vote, under the peculiar circumstances in which he was placed, he seldom witnessed on the floor of Congress,-the which way the popular breeze blows, let them remember how the people have rewarded a pure likewise, resolve to have the independence to do what is right, with the assurance that an honest, intelligent and upright constituency will reward

It is said that Congress has become very cor rupt; thas Mammon, with his bags of gold, without reproach, stalks through the Capitol; but we of the 6th Congressional District know that we are represented by a man who has been tried -would rather be governed by the dictacts of is conscience, than fill exalted stations.

OLD RECORDS .- The records of the town of Hampton run back prior to the year 1631, that | mass of animal putrefaction by a strong breeze being the date at which volume 2d of the records | from the west, to which every ship crowded all

PROFITABLE BUSINESS .- A gentleman has in formed the editor of the Alexandria Sentinel

The Trustees of the Bank of the United States will make their final dividend on the 28th of September, when the concern will cease proper. Soon after, on the road to Stasconset, Betting on Elections.-The Grand Jury of in any shape to exist. It has taken fourteen the carriage in which he was got upset. On ber, and Louisians, Mississippi, and Maryland ments against several persons for betting on bank, so that the loss to the stockholders will in November, next.

THE WAR IN THE CRIMEA.

At the last accounts from the Crimea, the allies had made no further progress in the reduction of Sevastopol; and it is doubtful whether they will be able to carry their point of cap turing the place before next spring, if then So far as we can see, the fortifications are strong clear, concise words, the origin of that clause er now than they were when the allies first ap peared before the city. An English officer whose letter has been published, thinks that there is a deficiency in generalship, and he des pairs of success. But something must be done, was under advisement, by the law of nations a and speedily, by the allies, to recover their for mer stand with the world. They must carry the place, if it be possible, at whatever sacrifice of life—or patch up a peace with Russia, as defeat before Sevastopol would greatly di minish their power and influence with European powers; but they will probably persist in the effort to storm the city-and it is not unlikely that the next steamer from Europe will bring us intelligence of another attack having been

If the war be continued for a few years more, we consider it highly improbable that Austria and Prussia will be permitted to cona domestic institution in all the States where it | tinue in their present neutral position. Austris is now accused by the French Government of having violated pledged faith, and we think it probable that the allies will insist upon her taking sides. If she should go against the aliies, the scene of war will be somewhat chan ged, and hundreds of thousands of Frenchmen will be seen on their march to Austrian terri tories. With a competent leader, the scenes of former times, when Napoleon entered Vienna as a conqueror, may be renewed. It is no harm to wish for such a result, as it would afford a chauce for the oppressed people of Austria, Hungary and Poland, to assert and recover their rights, and the people of Italy the opportunity to get rid of a despotism which has borne them to the ground. Then we may see the Pope shorn of his temporal authority altogether, and confined to the exercise of his spiritual power as Bishop of Rome. Events are rapidly tending to that result: and it would be hazarding little to predict, that, within ten years from the present time, the Pope will be thus reduced, and the generalissimo of the Jc. suits be compelled to decamp from Rome-in which case, he will possibly favor the United States with his presence, to be received, it may be, as was the Pope's Nuncio, Bedini.

But, these speculations aside, England and France stand pledged before the world to take Sevastopol, if it be practicable; and a desperate effort must be made. It will never do for two of the most powerful and warlike nations of Europe, aided by Turkey, to be set at defiance by a fortified town, held by supposed semi-The tendency of the age and of parties appears | great skill and bravery, and have proved them nibited in a more disgusting light than that of of Europe play the game of war. Let us be

A SHIP IMPEDED BY DEAD LOCUSTS .- At then south, with a suffocating heat, this being judge. ion in that State: "Convince me that slavery we were surprised one morning at seeing impious in the extreme; no man with a properly up with it, till the entire convoy formed an palanced mind could possibly use it. How this almost straight line. On looking over the reverend Doctor of Divinity ever obtained the ship's side, there was seen a thick mass of post of President of a State University is to us brown matter, which it was difficult to sail a mystery. The St. Louis Democrat, from which | through with all canvass spread-it appearing we take the above quotation, says he was ori to be between the consistency of oil and tar, or ginally a Presbyterian clergyman from Ireland; melted butter and honey. Buckets full of it that, emigrating to Georgia, he became a Bap- were drawn upon deck for inspection, but all tist, then a Campbellite, then a Millerite, and | we could perceive was that it was some animal now he has taken to the hustings to advocate matter in a state of decay, and emitting a most slavery. Well may the South say, "Save us disagreable odor. Sending the buckets deeper and deeper, however, by attaching weights to their bottom, so as to bring up some of the lower strats, we perceived the legs, wings, and half putrid bodies of brown locusts in a less advan ced stage of decomposition than the brown oily mass of the surface; and we concluded, of course, that the whole mass was composed of the same materials. Desirous of ascertaining the extent of the space occupied by it, I went to the fore topmast cross-trees with a glass, and, sweeping the horizon ahead on each side of us. perceived that it extended as far as the eye could reach, to the east, north, and south. which presented one solid and unbroken mass of smooth brown surface; while to the west the open sea presented the deep blue which distinguishes the waters of the Mediterranean. The conclusion was, that some vast flights of locusts, passing from Africa to Europe, had en countered a contrary wind in their passage, and had fallen exhausted into the sea, and were showed forth a degree of moral coursge, that is there gradually decaying in the state in which we lound them. Such flights of locusts have trom time to time been recorded in history, as marking the devastation everywhere caused by cocks, hereafter, are spreading their tails to see their numbers. Voiney gives a striking description of their numbers and the devastation they committed in Syria and Palestine in 1541; but the most remarkable account on record in modern times is that of a gentleman in Poonah, who was witness to an immense army of locusts which ravaged the Mahratta county in India. The columns they composed is said to have extended five hundred miles in length; and so compact was their body when on the wing, that, like an eclipse, they completely hid the sun, so that no shadow was cast by any object, and some lofty rombs at a short distance were rendered quite invisible. What added to the horror of the scene -who, like Henry Clay, would rather be right | was, that they were of the red species of locusts, so that, clustering upon the trees, after they had stripped them of their follage, they turned the verdant green into a sanguinary hue.

We were heartily glad to get through this of being in the pure element of water.

Buckingham's Autobiography. Too Correct.-The Nantucket Inquirer tells the following anecdote illustrating the difficulty | ed his duty by obeying the command of his of speaking the English language correctly : A foreigner, some time since a resident here. remarked one day to a young lady, in speaking of the cold weather, that he was up-froze. She corrected him, saying that froze-up was more his return he informed the same lady that he

NEWS OF THE DAY.

A MINISTER DEPOSED. -The Utica Observer say Rev. J. S. Davenport, formerly rector of Christ church, Oswego, N. Y., having joined the Irvingites, has been deposed from the ministry of the Episcopal church by Bishop De

STREET PREACHING .- Peter Howell, of North Carolina, has been arrested in Petersburg, Va., for street preaching. He was discharged on a promise not to offend again.

The number of snake stories in the papers this year is quite unparalleled. The last we saw was in the Trumbull Democrat, of the 28th ult., which said :- "On last Tuesday morning Mrs. Edwards, wife of William Edwards, living near Mercer, while making the bed in which ner children had slept the previous night, found coried up at the foot of it a large black enake: He looked up as though he had had a good light's rest, and when awakened showed some anxiety to get up. He was despatched imme-

The whole amount of ice shipped from Boston last year was 156,000 tons. The railroads re ceive \$60,000 annually for transporting ice and those who bear it over the sea receive from four to five hundred thousand dollars. Last season five hundred and twenty vessels were employed.

S. Markstein had stolen from him, on the Georgia Railroad, a few days ago, a carpet bag containing over nine thousand dollars in bank notes, on banks in Georgia, South Carolina, Alabama and Tennessee. This is the third heavy robbery committed on the road within

Margaret Cain, at Albany, N. Y., a few days since, stole a covered basket from the steps of a grocery store, and made hasta to get away with her booty. What was her astonishment and chagrin to discover, on opening the basket, a pretty little baby, snugly tucked in and sleep-

"Does the razor take hold well?" inquired a darkey, who was shaving a gentleman from the country, a few evenings since. "Yes," replied the customer, with tears in his eyes, "it takes hold first rate, but it don't let go worth a cent.'

the inconsistency of the Washington Union in of the most popular medicines now known. For blaming the K. N.'s for the election excesses at Coughs, Colds, and Consumptive cases, its cura-Louisville, while it defends the Stringfellow tive powers are established by numerous testimo-

ing two or three bottles of wine daily. The last day, before they had paid their bills, a disthey at last agreed to enter on the profitable contest. The landlord was appointed judge, each being the rider of his own horse. When they were mounted, the judge, like those of the Ulym-pic games, gave the word, one, two, three, and go. Off they went, and have never been seen or heard of since, leaving the landlord to find compensation in the honor of having been their

MR. WISE AND THE POST MASTERGEN By the following extract from Mr. Wise's letter explanatory of his letter to the New York Softs, it appears that he also complains of the management of the Post Office Department :

ONLY, NEAR ONANCOCK, Va., July 30, 1855. MY DEAR SIR: Yours of the 24th instant, salling my attention to an editorial of the Rich mond Examiner of that day, headed "The New York Herald and Ourselves again-Governor Wise and the Van Buren Democracy," was not received until yesterday. It was mis sent to Old Point Comfort, and I can't account for such negligence in the mails. Fortunately, this moruing, for the first time since it was written. I saw my letter in print, to which this editorial refers. I enclose it to you, and ask for its republication in the Enquirer, in order that every air-minded person may judge of the justice of he Examiner to me."

Arrah! now, be aisy, Mr. Wise, will ye! How can ye expect that a distributing clerk, resh from the turf, will know the difference be tween Only and Old Point ?- Amer. Organ.

COTTON MANUFACTURE IN THE SOUTH AND WEST -In another column will be found a letter on this subject, from a Western correspondent, who maintains that the materials (including bod, fuel, &c.) of which cotton goods are made, can be obtained and combined cheaper in his district than any where else.

This may be. Coals at \$1 50 per ton. on a navigable stream, close by the cotton fields, and in the centre of the American granary, certainly should attract a manufacturing population. In these times of intelligence and easy locomotion, workmen are very apt to carry their tools where they can be used to the greatest ad-

Great Britain has, for many years, based her supremacy on her cheap supply of coals and iron. As our West now produces these essential elements of national wealth with greater cheapness, and perhaps in greater purity, and has, besides, fibrous materials and subsistence in unlimited abundance, and in close proximity to the coals and iron, it does not require the gift of prophecy to say that the chief seats of the cotton manufacture will, before many years, be outside the limits of England.

The United States have now every possible facility for working up its great staple into its most remunerative forms. When this is done, we can make all our foreign exchanges without the aid of the California mines.

PRETTY GOOD FOR BARBARIANS-Generous for but that they can show a great deal of the amenities of civilization when a proper subject calls for it. In speaking of Lord Ruglan's death, one

of the Russian writers says:

"Lord Ragian was, on several occasions, distinguished by the late Emperor Nicholas, as Sexual and other Infirmities in man. the following morning we had the gratification also by the reigning Emperor. He will be the following morning we had the gratification also by the reigning Emperor. He will be the important fact that these alarming compartments and Public Offices. Particular attentions in the pure element of water. ness of his character. As a subject he perform-Sovereign, and as a soldier, by valiantly defending the honor of his flag; but even in the execution of his duty he preserved unblemished to the day. his death his own personal dignity and that of

his country. "He has fallen, like so many others, a victim to this disastroue war. Honored be his memory, and respected be his grave, which will be as sacred on the soil of Russia as on that of Eng-

STARTLING INTELLIGENCE FROM MEX-

NEW ORLEANS, Ang. Limithe Delta newspaper has received letters from Mexico, which say that arrests were daily increasing at the Capigreat conspiracy is said to have been discovered. The police were husily engaged, searching for criminals. The Convents have been subjected to the examination and several Priests have

been arrested. . . sal Zapatian Elgrade is said to have taken a garrison consisting of 400 men, and joined Alvares. It is rumored that Juan Ajuato is in possession of the rebels. Blanco has gone to meet Comon-

The latest rumer from Vera Cruz is, that Conducts, with a million and a half of money, had left Mexico on the eighteenth of July, and been taken by the rebels. Forty troops were killed. Three hundred joined the rebels. The Orizaba, with Vera Cruz dates to the Afth, has arrived. It was reported that the revolutionints were within four leagues of Yeta Crus -Conducts, from the city of Mexico, had stopped at Puerto National, and entreached, for the purpose of fighting the rebels. Blanco had made a triumphant entry into Mexico, and would return in pursuit of Comonfert, who is reported to be at Tamasulla-

A great tornado had occurred at Tampico, loing great damage to the crops and shipping. Several lives were lost. STILL TATER NEWS FROM MEXICO.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 13th .- The last accounts from Mexico announce the capture of Saltillo by the Regulationists, after two days hard fightng. The government troops, 1200 strong, had two thirds of their number killed, wounded and taken prisoners. The loss of the Revolutionists

THE LOUISVILLE RIOTS.

CINCINNATI, August 13, 1855. The Louisville Journal of this morning con tains many affidavite as to the cause of the commencement of the riots in the Eighth ward -some of them by Irish Catholies in the vicin ity. They go to show that they (the Irish,) were armed several days previous to the elec-

Opinion of the Press.

From the Sentinel and Reformer, Worcester, Mass. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY

THE beneficial effects of this remedial compo-The "Evening Post" (Freeseil) is ridiculing sition are astonishing the world, and make it one nials of the highest character. In the first stages Two "Yankees" took lodgings at a tavern in of the disease termed "Catarrhal Consumption," Lancaster county and fared sumptuously, drink- originating from neglected colds, it has been used with undeviating success, and hundreds acknowl edge they owe the restoration of their health to this invaluable medicine. Many of the first physicians prescribe it in their

Always signed I. BUTTS on the wrapper.

Raleigh, N. C.

You can cure that Cold by the use of a single bottle of Wistar's wild Balsam. There is nothing like it for the relief of bronchial and throat diseases. Every body uses it and in nearly every

MARRIED.

On the 2nd inst., at the Falls of Neuse, by Joseph Yeargin, E-q., Mr. Henry Andrews to Miss Elizabeth Bridges, all of Wake county. At the house of Mrs. Wiltsey Massingill, or the 12th inst., by C. J Bingham, Esq. Mr. Jno. Pollard to Miss Harriet Harper, all of Johnston

DIED.

At his residence, in Chatham County, on the 28th of July, William Bryant, a most worthy man, and a good citisen, leaving a family and a large circle of friends to lament their irrepar-

Fall Stock, 1855. KERR & MARBURY,

IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN CHI-NA. GLASS, EARTHEN WARE, &c., Nos. 74 and 76 Sycamore Street.

PRIERREURG, Virginia, AVE just received, per ships IRENE and JOHN RUTLEDGE, from Liverpool, 105 Crates and Hhds of China and Earthen Ware, and from the Factories a large supply of Glass Ware and Domestic Goods, -making their assortment, as usual, very extensive and complete. ent, as usual, very extensive and complete.

They respectfully invite Mechanics and others der the sworn superintendence of COL. GEO. M. an examination of their stock, as they are de- LOGAN and JAS. A NISBET, Bequite 1 o an examination of their stock, as they are determined and enabled to sell upon as reasonable terms as any similar establishment in the North-

Particular attention paid to packing goods for transportation. August 16, 1855.

Carpentering.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the | 1 Public that he is prepared to carry on the a- 1 pove business in all its branches promptly and 5 well. He has a large and efficient force, both at | 26 do of 100 2,000 | 78 do of | 50 8,900 this place and at Forestville, and may be consult- 120 do of 25 3,000 (16 Approx. Prizes, 600 ed at either place. He solicits a trial

Aug. 16, 1855.

GRATIS! JUST PUBLISHED A NEW DISCOVERY IN

MEDICINE! FEW WORDS ON THE RATIONAL TRE-ATMENT, without Medicine, of Spermatorrhea or Local Weakness, Nervous Debility, Low a Foe. The Russians are not such barbarians Spirits. Lassitude, Weakness of the Limbs and Back, Indisposition and Incapacity for Study and Labor, Dullness of Apprehension, Loss of Memory, Aversion to Society, Love of Solitude, Timidity, Self-Distrust, Dizziness, Head Ache, Pains in the Side, Affection of the Eyes Pimples on the Face,

an opportunity of knowing and appreciating the nobleness of his sentiments and the uprightness of his character. As a subject he performas adopted by the author, fully explained, by means of which every one is enabled to curs HIMBRLE PERFECTLY, AND AT THE LEAST POSSIBLE COST. avoiding thereby all the advertised hostrums of

Sent to any address, gratis, and post free in s sea ed envelope, by remitting (post paid) two post-age stamps to Ds. B. D. LANEY, No. 18 Lispenard March 15, 1856,

ILK and open-straw Bennets and Infants' Hate W. H. & R. S. TUCKER

BY LAST NIGHT'S MAIL!

ARRIVAL OF THE America

New York, Aug. 15.—The steamship America arrived here this morning, with two days later news She brings nothing later than hat been receive

Cotton declined from 1-16 to 1-8. Sales for the week 35,000 bales. Market closed steady. Breadstuffs generally unchanged and prices easier, not quotably lower. Wheat - White 116 to 12e 2d. Red 10s a 114s. Flour.-Western 40 to 424. Ohio 68.

From the Petersburg Express 16th. THE YELLOW PEVER AT PORTSMOUTH AND NORPOLE FROM NORFOLK

Tuesday last having been set apart as a day of Fasting and Prayer to Almighty God, that He would stay the terrible pestilence that is now sweeping over that unfortunate city, the papers were all suspended, and hence none were issued yesterday.

Our accounts from there, by letters, and through
passengers, who arrived on the Southern train yeserday afternoon, are of a truly melancholy and

distressing character. A correspondent writes: Would to God that I could say Old Norfolk is as healthy as it has been in times past, but an Al.-Wise Providence has seen fit to order otherwise, and it is not for me to marmur or complain. The entire city wears a most melancholy appearance. With but very few exceptions, business of every character is almost entirely suspended. It presents more the aspect of the Holy Sabbath day, than any thing else to which I can liken it. Every body you meet looks as serious as if they had look their nearest kindred. as serious as if they had lost their nearest kindred.
People speak in whispers, and tread lightly Physicians and Undertakers alone seem to be busy, and they may be seen travelling to and fro, dashing up one street and down another—the former to attend the bedside of some unfortunate victim, and

the latter to take the dimensions of a corpse, and prepare it for the last sad resting place of the dead. The disease does not confine itself to the lower or laboring classes exclusively, I assure you, but is striking now at shining marks. Mr. Nash Tatum, Chief Inspector of the Gos-port Navy Yard, is dead. He resided in this city.

Dr. R. W. Sylvester, one of our most eminent physicians is said to be dying. Another report says he is dead. I trust it may prove to be untrue. Mr. Samuel R. Borum, fermerly of Petersburg, has the black vomit, and is thought to be dying. Mr. T. G. Broughton, Jr., a promising young man, and son of our esteemed citizen, T. G. Broughton, Esq., Editor of the Herald, is dymg,

efficient Mayor, while actively engaged to-day in the discharge of his duties, searching out the sick the Fever, and had to be taken home. I trust that his valuable life may be spared. From the commencement of the epidemic to the present he has been untiring in his efforts, going to the very centre of the infected district, and wherever else duty

FROM PORTSMOUTH.

From Portsmouth, we learn by letters received here last evening, that there was no perceptible

Same Wass Coat! AVING closed my former business, by the taking in of a partner, all persons indebted to ME will please call and make settlement IMME-DIATELY, as longer indulgence can not nor will not IRA BECKWITH. Raleigh Aug. 17, '55.

Fresh Burning Fluid, Fresh Camphine. Winter B. Lamp Oil,

Just received and for sale at the Drug Store of B. BURKE HAYWOOD. Raleigh, Aug. 16, 55

CALTUS & CO. 7 Beaver Bt. N. York, offer of sale, in large or small quantities, their color brated Peru Hammered Characai Iron; quality superior to Swedes; sizes from a square to 18 2 thick, including all sized Relled Iron, Horse Shee, Nail Rods, Rivet Iron, Bands, Scrolls, Hoop, Nut and Oval Iron, Slit Shapes, (initiation Eredes) Blistered and (L) Steel Plough Iron Monids, all of the first quality, and superior to any iron made. Hays also on a hand full assortment of English common and refined Sheet and Swedish fron; all at lowest market rates. lowest market rates. Aug. 16, 1855.

HAVANA PLAN LOTTERY. JASPER COUNTY ACADEMY LOTTERY! By Authority of the State of Georgia.] MACON, GA.

> To be drawn September 24, 1865. \$31,000 CLASS E.

lowing grand and unprecedented scheme, in public, at CONCERT HALL, Macon, Ga., un-The Manager announces his determination make this the most popular Lottery in the world, and challenges comparison as to the chances to

Remember every Prise is drawn at each drawing, and paid, when due, in full, without any de-

CAPITAL, \$8,000.

Prize of \$8 000 | 1 Prize of \$6,000 do of 2,000 | 2 do of 1,000 2,000 do of 500 2,500 | 10 do of 200 2,000 256 Prizes amounting to \$31,000. ONLY 10.000 NUMBERS. Every Prize drawn at each drawing, and paid, when due, in full, without deduction. Orders

strictly confidential. Drawings sent to orders .-Registered letters at my risk. Bills on all soivent Banks at par. Tickets \$5; Halves \$2 50; Quarters \$1 25.

JAMES F. WINTER, Manager,

Agency at Washington City. JENNINGS PIGOTT and JNO. W. HANCOCK (late of North Carolina,) TILL prosecute claims of every description

of the District of Columbia Address Pigort & Handock, Washington, D. C. Feb. 6, 1855.

Wanted. DIX THOUSAND DULLARS, on time, secured by Mortgage on a variable Manufacturing Mill and land adjacent, worth \$18,000. Interest on the loan will be paid promptly every in months, at either Bank in the City. Apply at this office or to W. H. Jones.

Baleigh, July 8d, 1865.

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