ale Sibran

FOR THE REGISTER.

FOR THE REGISTER.

MASS MEETING!

MASS MEETING!

he members and friends of the American Party

AFFECTING SCENE .- Col. John Darrington, au

his residence in Clarke county, Alabama, on the

12th inst. At his burial his slaves collected in

large numbers near the grave, and one of them,

an old man, requested permission "to pray over his old master." His fellow-slaves and fellow-

mourners joined in a hymn which he gave out

from memory, when he offered to the Throne of

Mercy a prayer, which, for deep pathos and pro-

celled. The tears of a large concourse of white

persons present showed how deeply they were

moved by the fervor and earnestness of this good

dead, and deserves to be dead." The Archbishop

is employer, handing the dishonored document

THE LAST YANKEE CRY .- No English ! no

Irish! no German! no Taxes! no Government

DIED.

late John P. Daves, of Newbern.

At Beaufort, on the 1st of October, in the 24th

Masonic.

THE Officers. Members, and Representatives

INA are hereby informed that the Annual Com-

nunication of this MASONIC BODY will be held

in this City, on Monday evening, the 3d Decem-

ber next, at 7 o'clock, for the transaction of such

usiness as may be submitted for its considera-

tion. The Officers of the Subordinate Lodges

are requested to attend in person, or cause proper

Representatives to be appointed, in conformity

with the Constitution and general regulations of

SILK AND WOOL CASHMERE VESTS.

EW article, which is now worn more for a

THE FAIR.

THE subscriber will board some TWELVE or

FIFTEEN persons during the continuance of

fashiopable vest than any other. Call and

Grand Secretary

E. T. HARDING'S.

T. R. FENTRESS.

the Grand Lodge. ... WILLIAM THOS. BAIN,

Star and Standard copy.

Raleigh. Oct. 12, 1855.

upply yourselves at

Oct 12th, 1855.

the Fair.

of the GRAND LODGE OF NORTH CARO-

humility and adoration, could not be ex-

the assemblage.

found

old slave.

ligations.

Windsor, Oct. 2, 1855.





PROGRESS.

If we had not reasonable presumption, that

hose of our progenitors, who have passed away

from the stage of life, now see "clearly face to

face," it would be no irreverent amusement to call

them up, in fancy, from the sleep of death, and



South will probably confirm the following truths,

back," and desert him in the hour of trial.



NOmit WE IN WALKER BUT 11 131 12 1228 

# BY LAST NIGHT'S MAIL!

PENNSYLVANIA ELECTION.

A despatch from Philadelphia, last evening says the Democrats appear to be carrying almost everything in Pennsylvania. In all the counties heard from, there are entire Democratic majorities reported. Some borough towns only have given American majorities. In the city of Philadelphia, the Democratic

candidates for Sheriff, Register, Clerk of the Orphans Court, and Canal Commissioner, are all elected by majorities ranging from 1000 to 2800. In the old county of Philadelphia, the Democratic Assembly ticket is elected by over 2000

In the city of Philadelphia, two American and two Democratic Assemblymen are elected. In Berks county, the Democratic majority i about 4000.

In Reading, Kein, American, has about 200 majority for the Senate. officer of distinction in the war of 1812, died at

OHIO ELECTION.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10 .- By despatches just eccived, it is stated here that Ohio has given arge Democratic majorities,-Medill and the whole Democratic tickat having been elected. CINCINNATI, Oct. 10 .- The returns of the election held yesterday in this State come forward slowly. Trimble, the American candidate for Governor, has received a larger vote than was generally anticipated, but the contest lies chiefly between Chase, Republican, and Medill, Demo crat. Thus far the returns favor Mr. Chase. CINCINNATI, Oct. 10 .- It is conceded here that

Chase, Republican and Know Nothing, is elected SHIRE .- Archbishop Hughes lately declared to by 10,000 majority. The Democratic majority in Hamilton county is about 8,000.

### THE PENNSYLVANIA ELECTION.

The returns indicate a Democratic gain and an American loss in the city of Philadelphia. For State, and hear their indignant denunciations of Pierce and his corrupt minions, without seeing cans of Pennsylvania choose to repudiate the principles of the national harmony, and commit their fortunes to the miserable raft of Abolition is wanted at Concord. Let him go up and com-fort the faithful.-N. Y. Herald. patched up by such tricky workmen as Wilson, Johnson & Co., they cannot expect the sincere friends of the Union and reform to continue in DON'T TRY TO TALK LATIN .- "No use of me their company. Thousands, have either passed into the Democratic organization or are standing ying to collect that bill, sir," said a collector to in indignant neutrality, amidst a fraudulent war to the latter. "Why ?" "The man who should of factions, no one of which can claim much pre-

pay it is non est." "Then take it and collect it, cedence in rascality over its competitors.

knowledgments to the public for the liberal

NEW ARRIVALS ! FALL GOODS FOR 1855!! R. FENTRESS would tender his warm ac

CITY OF RALEIGH. WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 17, 1855. In The experience of every Editor in the policy. It presents itself before the country as for

which we find in the columns of the "Memphis the most obnoxious and ultra men of the long op-"Every editor is "blessed" with advisers. They posed Democratic party, and it gives us, on a encourage him to write violently, and use lanticket of nine persons, but two or three Whigs, at the most! To falsify itself to the utmost, even guage which blurs his own character and hurts not the adversary. They kindly "pat him on the met these "men of mark." They should be daguerreotyped for the benefit of posterity. During the progress of an exciting election they are nore slave States from Texas.

> upon a pretence or principle concerning "slavery" or "Kansas." There is only one feeling, one

of every principle in the Kansas and Nebraska bill-but the excitement on that is not going to carry us blindfold into an organization whose

ration plunder-and whose adjournment sine die inabled every woman and every man in the State to breathe freer. No-no! If our good old venerable Whig party is dead, the immortal spirit in

no party, that does not carry the flag and keep

the undue competition of foreign labor and forto come to any truthful understanding with the fer of it to the mock Democracy and Abolitionism of the State, is treacherous to a trust and

treasonable to our principles. Therefore rights and interests of our fellow man, never die, and never can die, but are as immortal as the

the quarter a of century past having been fighting for a sham, and only to cheat the people. To make the sham palpable, it picks out for us to vote for There will be a Mass Meeting and Free Barecue at Bullock's Store, near Brassfields, in Granville, on the 23d and 24th October. Messrs. H. W. Miller, E. G. Reade, Kenneth Rayner, James B. Shepard, and other distinguished speakers, are expected to attend. Oct. 12, 1855 The Windsor Council invite the attendance of

impulse in the whole North against the violators

acts, the last winter, in our Legislature, are one

Whigs of the State of New York, we await your decision and deliberations in State Convention to decide what to do-but as for ourselves, we here declare-in the words of a Massachusetts Whig, just uttered: "We join ourselves to

Whereas, The Whig party was established by its great founders, Henry Clay and Daniel Webcertain Whig principles-such as the developnent and protection of American industry from

people, - the recent abandonment of all these prin-ciples by men possessing themselves of the mere machinery of the party at Syracuse, and the trans-

merican candidate for the State Senate in San

upon its anti-slavery pretensions, it asks us to vote in as law officer of the State him who, in the State Legislature in 1826, and Congress in 1885-6, voted against even the right of petition to Congress upon the subject of slavery. And it asks us again to vote into the State Department him who is on the record, not only against the right of petition, but who made the throughout the District, at a Mass Meeting at compact to admit into the Union four or five this place, on the 1st day of November. Distinguished gentlemen will be present and address

But we are not dupes or fools to be thus used

prolonged record of canal franchise and corpo-

it festers not in such rank corruption.

step to the music of the Union !" PREAMBLE AND RESOLUTIONS.

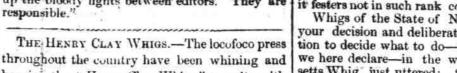
ARCHBISHOP HUGHES WANTED IN NEW HAMPthe unsophisticated people of Newfoundland that there was "no ground of reproach against President Pierce." Per contra, the Independent Democrat, of Concord, N. H., says that "no man ster, and others, to maintain and to vindicate can go about among the old democrats of this and feeling that the party which follows him is

eign industry, and the development of the internal resources of the country in its rivers and harbors, and the resistance of encroaching Federal Executive power against the rights of the

Be it Resolved. That the spirit and principles of our immortal Clay and Webster yet live and breathe in us, their associates while living, and their vindicators though dead-and that principles founded upon the Constitution, and the

Undoubted sign That in their womb is hid metallic ore, The work of sulphur. Their talk is warlike and their carriage belliger In prowess they are wonderful-until their metal is tried. They are always "loaded to the guards" and are sure to "run light." They can

"trench a field or cast a rampart" much better than TODTLEBEN. These are the men who get up the bloody fights between editors. They are



begging the "Henry Clay Whigs" to unite with their party-the party that pursued Henry Clay

to the grave with the most relentless spite. The "Clay Whigs" of Philadelaphia have published

New- was appointed by the Clay Whigs in that city, some time since, to confer with a similar committee of the Democratic Party, for the purpose of agreeing upon one ticket to be supported at the recent election. But "after repeated efforts and numerous meetings, they were utterly unable

over which freight and men are transported at a

miraculous rate of speed. Newton, speculating Democratic Party." upon the principles of light, and resolving each

The Clay Whigs finally concluded that there ray into its components, might wonder at the was no truth in locofocoism, and determined skill of the artist, who, with his simple apparatus. permanently fixes nature as she passes, and holds to go the whole figure for the American ticket. her up to the gaze of the world. Could Wash-

HON. EDWARD STANLY is now a whig anti-Aplanned by him, what a scene would he behold !

particularly active, and regularly morning and evening make their appearance in the editor's silent chamber-a silence broken only by the rustling of paper. As the canvass progresses, the excitement increases, and bad blood fills the veins ; land then the advisers are in their pride of place and glory. Fire and rolling smoke are belched from their bowels.

responsible

man, who used to deliver his budget of wonders, with commendable punctuality, once a fortnight, ent now superseded by the lightning pen! The itinerant artist, who slowly journeyed through the country, limning the short waists and narrow

skirts of our grand dames, now thrown into the shade by the Daguerreotypist, who, with a stroke of a sunbeam, catches us as we are ! In fact, the

improvements of the present day are such as cannot be properly understood by us, and are only appreciable by comparison with the condition of former times. We are born, and grow up amidst

them, and regard them no more than the growth and expansion of an old familiar tree.

But Franklin might view with a different eye a card, in which they allude to "the deceitful the fruit of his first essays with his kite and key, and ungrateful conduct of the Democratic Party, when he saw it applied to the transmi:- and say that it is not entitled to any sympathy sion of human thought, in the twinkling of an from the Whigs." It appears that a committee

this load, we will warrant him at least an awful eye, to the remotes points of his country. commer and Worcester might wonder at the development of their crude experiments, when they saw the ocean crossed by the magnificent steamers of this age, and the land chequered with railways,

They teel the force of the homely proverb quoted by Napoleon, which says, "wash your dirty linen inside of the house." But the English

amount of pleasure they are likely to experience, when they come to "foot the bill" at the end of the Russian war. We say nothing of the dreadful sufferings endured by the British troops

in the Crimea during the last winter, nor the ington arise and stand in the magnificent capital nmense sacrifice of human life that has attend-

political rule of three .

the manly firmness of Northern Whigs.

Abolitionism, Sewardism, or Fusionism :

national men upon the question of slavery:

jennies!

the isms in mass !'

suggests, calls to mind the saying of a poet-"War is a game at which, were people wise, Kings should not play at." When we consider the enormous cost to the

PROBLEM IN POLITICAL ARITHMETIC.

A review of the transactions in Europe during

the last twelvemonth, as the "Boston Courier

show them the wonders of these days." How they allies of one year of the present war, and the would rub their eyes, and stare at every-day things ! to us, but not dreampt of in their philosophy !-comparatively insignificant advantages they have Could they rise from their repose, with only the obtained-how much they have spent and sufsame knowledge and experience as when they fered, and how little they have done toward the went to their final rest, how much there would attainment of their object,-it seems not unreabe to astonish them ! That quiet river, once sonable to suppose that one party at least-that gently furrowed by the lazy keel of the weekly party which is "quick at figures" and thinks sloop, now dashed into foam by the thundering much of the "breeches pocket"-will soon becourse of the hourly steamer ! The old country come sensible that it is driving a rousing trade road, over which some overburdened team drag-

ged wearily along, now traversed by the iron with the exclamation, "I have gained a loss!" horse at his thirty mile an hour gait ! The post-John Bull prides himself on having a sharp eye to the "practical;" and we mistake if he does not go to his figures pretty soon, and strike the balance between the loss and gain that have fallen to his share in the war with Russia .-From the financial statements recently laid before Parliament, it appears that a sum exceeding two hundred millions of dollars is charged on

war account. In addition to this, the British are We think that we may safely assure all, who compelled to pay double price for Russian proexpect to be in attendance during the Fair, luctions, which, it seems, in spite of the blockthat they will not suffer for the lack of suitable ading squadrons in the Baltic, are exported as freely as ever by land-carriage across the Prus-

We re-publish the regulations, &c., of the Exsian frontier, and in Prussian vessels, to England. We may add, that the war has doubled the "All articles to "be exhibited for premiums British duties on imports in the case of several of the most important necessaries of life, as coffee, sugar, &c. Bull is a tough animal, we

> know; but if he do not break down under all fit of the back-ache. How much the French have paid for their

The annual address before the Society will be people have full means of knowing the exact delivered by the Hon. THOMAS RUFFIN, on the

cles for exhibition at the "State Fair :"

must be entered and registered by the Monday night immediately preceding the day for opening the 'Fair;' Articles intended for exhibition, only

will be received at any time during the 'Fair,'entirely at the owner's risk. When stock has been received by the "Recep-

tion Committee," and properly registered, it will be kept at the expense of the Society, and, like all other articles, cannot be removed without share in this losing game, we shall never know. permission from the "Executive Committee."

Exhibitors are earnestly requested to send up their articles early, that they may be properly arranged before the opening of the "Fair.

"Fair Grounds. The "North Carolina," "Wilmington and Wel-

don," and "Raleigh and Gaston" Railroads will observe the following rules in transporting arti-Exhibitors will be permitted to pass a single

the wrong way, and must " pull up," ere long,

-----THE STATE FAIR. The Third Annual Fair of the North Carolina State Agricultural Society opens in this City on Tuesday next, the 16th inst The most ample

preparations have been made, and we have every reason to anticipate that they will ensure a successful exhibition. The Fair Grounds have been very much improved, and present an appearance of neatness and completeness every way creditable to the Committee who have had the matter

in charge.

accommodations.

ecutive Committee:

VOLUME LVI

# Ours' are the plans of fair, delightful peace, Unwarped by party rage to live like brothers." RALEIGH. N. C.

THE RALKIGH REGISTER.

PUBLISHED BY

SEATON GALES,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,

AT \$2 50 IN ADVANCE ; OR, \$3 00 AT

THE END OF THE YEAR.

# SATURDAY MORNING, OCT. 13, 1855.

specimen of each of their articles to be exhibite free of charge. Live stock will be carried at half rate of fare,

at owners' risk. Visitors to the "Fair" will be permitted to pass at half rate of "fare" by buying a "Re-turn Ticket," (which will be good for five days ;)

otherwise the usual rate will be charged. Extra trains of passenger cars will be run on the North Carolina and Raleigh and Gaston Rail-

roads, by which visitors can attend the Fair in the day, and lodge at the various villages along the line of the Roads. A schedule will be pub- lions of dollars spent in one year upon a fruitlished, giving notice of the arrivals and departures of the extra trains."2

### FROM EUROPE:

The steamer CANADA; from Liverpool, with dates to the 29th ult., arrived at Halifax on a whole year of war to capture half a Russian Tuesday evening. Her advices are a week later town, how much will it cost, and how long will than those brought by the last steamer.

Prince Gortschakoff telegraphs, under date of September 23d : " The allies have landed 20,000 men at Eupatoria, and have now 30,000 men on the Russian flank."

The allies attacked the Russian infantry on the 22d of September, when the latter retreated.

The Russians are fortifying the north side of Sebastopol, and are constructing new batteries. The fortifications of the south side of Sebastopol are to be razed and the basins of the harbor filled up.

A fearful tempest visited Sebastopol on the 17th ult., causing much discomfort to the allies. Cotton had declined Id. Sales of the week, 55,000 bales.

## STATE ELECTIONS.

Elections were held in the States of Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana, on Tuesday last.

In Ohio there was to be chosen a Governor and other State officers, including two Judges of the Supreme Court of the State, and also members of the State Legislature. The contest for Governor was a triangular one-the candidates being William Medill, the present locofoco Governor; Salmon P. Chase, Freesoil Democrat, nominated by the "Republicans;" and Allen Trimble, Whig. The Know-Nothings were divided. They had a controlling majority in the Convention which nominated Mr. Chase, and placed on the same ticket with him eight of their members as candidates for other State offices; but a portion of the "Order" refused to support Mr. Chase; on account of his anti-slavery antecedents, and joined in the nomination of Mr. Trimble for Governor, whilst adhering to the other Republican nominations. Opposition to the Nebraska act, of course, formed an important element in the contest in this State, as it does in all of the Northern and Western States.

In Indiana the election was confined to the choice of county officers ; but, so far is the slave question from being settled by Congress, the orthodoxy of a County Commissioner or an Auditor even upon that question was to be tested at the polls.

In Pennsylvania there was but one State officer chosen-a Canal Commissioner. But the election of a Legislature upon which devolves North have something of an ally in the Charlesthe duty of appointing a Senator of the United ton Mercury, the organ of the Disunion men in States gave the contest an activity quite equal South Carolina. The Mercury says that the Futo that of former struggles. The Opposition corsists of Whigs and Americans. For the office of the most cherished principles of the Constitu- What's your name?' said the President. "De-

No longer a wilderness, but a city such as he deed the war. These should go for much indeed signed, connected, we hope forever, with the most in viewing the question under a moral aspect;

extreme point of this vast country, by the tribut, for the present, we restrict ourselves to mere umphs of modern genius! Railways, Steamers -tinancial considerations. and Telegraphs now make Washington city vir-The French troops engaged in the war have tually the centre of the country. Without those exceeded the English three or four fold, perhaps improvements, it would now be a mere fronmore. But let us set down the French expenditier town, and our laws would be promulgated ture as only double that of the English; we shall from beyond the Alleghanies. then have the enormous sum of six hundred mil-

But every day adds to the wealth of modern science, and, perhaps, fifty years hence, our presless enterprise. But it will be replied, "Sebastoent boasted improvements will be obsolete; and pol is taken." Half the place, we admit ; and we might feel the same wonder with our ancesthereupon we offer the following problem in the

tors, when called from our graves. If it cost six hundred millions of dollars and THE KING'S MOUNTAIN CELEBRATION

The Charleston Standard contains a very long and interesting description of the patriotic civic it take, to "crumple up" the Russian Empire? . and military celebration of the Battle of King's Mountain on Thursday last. The "Wilmington

THE NATIONAL WHIGS OF NEW-YORK Herald" condenses it as follows :----We publish in another column the address and "On the day previous, crowds of people, men resolutions recently adopted by the national women and children, thronged to the spot, and Whigs of New York. They will be read by the notes of preparation for the next day's exer-Southern men with deep interest and pleasure, as cises were rife. The ground white with tents, "the tables loaded with unpurchased plenty, the affording a happy indication of a returning sense camp-fires which illuminated the forest, and sent of reason and justice on the part of our Northern their curling smoke to the welkin, studded with brethren. Like the conservative Whigs of Mas- innumerable stars, the crowd of visitors who hovsachusetts, the conservative Whigs of the Empire | ered around in animated enjoyment of the strange State heartily respond to, endorse, and adopt, the and gorgeous exhibition, the bands of martial music, which at different places responded to each inspiring sentiment of the eloquent Choate: "We other, and the shouts which occasionally broke join ourselves to no party that do not carry the from various points, and which were echoed and flag and keep step to the music of the Union." .- | re-echoed from the distant hills, -- presented together a range of objects that were strangely in con-Even the "Standard," contrary to our expectatrast with the scenes of common life.

tions, is forced to compliment the patriotism and Early on Thursday, a procession was formed which, preceded by music, "wound its way along the base of the first acclivity to a level spot in The following paragraph from the address adopted by the New York Whigs and addressed view of the battle ground, where a stand and seats had been erected, and where the forest trees to their brethren of that State sufficiently indicast a grateful shade over an immense assembly cates their purpose to have nothing to do with of every sex and condition." Here, after prayer,

Col. J. D. Witherspoon introduced the arator of the day, Col. Jno. S. Preston, who delivered an "We are betrayed-transferred-and offered address, which is described as being worthy of the up as cattle in the shambles to mock Democrats spot and the occasion. A sketch of the orator's and Abolitionists! They who have had hold of emarks is published in the Standard. At the the machinery of our party have disposed of us conclusion of Mr. Prestou's speech, the Hon. as mere machines, and have thought no more of George Bancroft was introduced, and spoke in a transfer of two hundred and forty or fifty thoueloquent and truthful terms of the great event sand human beings, than they would have thought they were celebrating. of selling so many hoes, harrows, or spinning After these exercises, a dinner and barbecue The old time-honored and consecrated

were served up, appropriate toasts were given, principles of a Clay, a Webster, a Harrison, a and the hill was searched for relics of the battle Vrittenden, a Graham, a Choate, a Granger, an some of which were found. The festivities were Everett, & Vinton, a Bates, an Evans, a Hunt, are closed by a grand ball at night. Two incidents all declared dead !---and we are invited to a fune-of a melancholy character occurred during the ral procession to bury ourselves, yet living, in the grave yard of Sectionalism, Abolitionism, and of pear one of the sentries stationed by the military near one of the sentries stationed by the military companies, and not responding to the challenge So, also, the following resolution, which emwas fired on. The gun was charged with pow

wound. A member of the Columbia Flying Artillery was dangerously hurt by the premature " Resolved. That the sacrifice of the interests discharge of a cannon he was loading. of twenty-five millions of white men, and silence The whole affair seems to have passed off hapupon all the principles that concern them, to the

upposed interests of some three and a half miltions of negroes, is an abandonment of our own race and color to aggrandise into greater importance the race and color of the African. The Whig party was made for the American, and not for the African !"

"YOUNG AMERICA .- While President Pierce was standing near the hotel at which he had taken rooms, a little chap, of a few summers, finding his hat band unbuckled, went up to the Presgitive Slave Law is an "infringement upon one of ident and accosted him with "fix my hat band, sir."

NATIONAL WHIGS OF NEW YORK. A large and respectable meeting of the National Whigs of New York was held on Thursday evening last. Hon. George Wood presided, as-

sisted by Mr. Phœnix, Henry C. Davies, Willis Blackstone, D. O. Cushman, Thomas Childs, Jr., Wm. V. Leggett, and other well-known citizens. The meeting was addressed by Mr. Wood and Hou James Brooks.

At the conclusion of Mr. Wood's address, Mr. Bellows read the following address and resolutions

TO THE WHIGS OF NEW YORK.

We are betrayed, transferred, and offered up as cattle in the shambles to mock Democrats and Abolitionists. They who have had hold of the machinery of our party have disposed of us as mere Whig party was made for the American, and not machines, and have thought no more of a transfer of two hundred and forty or fifty thousand human beings, than they would have thought of selling so many hoes, harrows, or spinning jen-

The old, time-honored and consecrated principles of a Clay, a Webster, a Harrison, a Crittenom, a Graham, a Choate, an Everett, a Vinton, Bates, an Evans, a Hunt, a Granger, are all declared dead, and we are invited to a funeral procession to bury ourselves, yet living, in the raveyard of sectionalism, Abolitionism, and the isms in mass! We are summoned to create "a great Republican party," to be bounded on the South by the State of Delaware, on the North by the Viagara Falls, and East by Cape Cod or Cape Ann, inasmuch as Maine has declared herself as not belonging to this new geographical party ! The reason given for inviting us to this suicide of our party, and for joining this mere Northern party, (with none of the North yet in it.) is that the South has repealed the Missouri line of slavery demarcation, when a Northern President, sixteen Northern Senators in Congress and forty-Representatives from the North helped to do it, and when the line of demarcation itself is in the State resolutions of the New York light "Republicans" declared "illegal." The Father of his Country thus wrote to you

in his farewell address, especially against Northern, Southern, Atlantic or Western parties:

"The unity of government which constitutes you one people is dear to you. • •. But it is easy to foresee that from different causes and from different quarters, much pains will be taken, many artifices employed, to weaken in your minds the conviction of this truth. . It is of infinity moment that you should properly estimate the immense value of your national Union to your r collective and individual support ; • • di countenancing whatever may suggest even . suspicion that it can in any event be aband oned, and indignantly frowning upon the fire t dawning of any attempt to alienate at s portion of our country from the rest, of to enfeeble the sacred ties, which ble war of sections .- American Organ. now link togeth or the various parts."

The great rather of our party, Henry Clay, foreeeing, in, the geographical ambition of certain nen. its attempt to merge the Whigs of the Nort' a in a mere abolition party, cried out from the various fairs in the Northern States within sntucky, in 1850;

temptible Abolition party, and if abolitionism is do not covet for the South. We have no fancy to be engrafted upon the Whig creed, from that for these "he-ish women."-Rich. Dis. noment I renounce the party and cease to be a Whig. I go yet a step further : If I am alive, I will give my humble support to that man for the Presidency who, to whatever party he may belong, is not contaminated by fanaticism, rather

than to one who, crying out all the time that he is a Whig, maintains doctrines utterly subversive of the constitution and the Union." This attempt to separate parties in the North

and South is not the first attempt in our coun-try; for it was attempted in Columbia, S. C., and in Nashville, Tenn., and in the famous Hart-

great statesman that bequeathed them to us as dving legacies to be cherished, and to be promulgated to the world forever.

Resolved, That the invitation to us Whigs to Taylor, Esq., of Virginia, to Miss Mary, daughter ote for such Democrats as Preston King and Abijah Mann, men well known in Congress, and of the late Hon. Louis D. Henry. In this City, on Thursday morning, 11th inst., by the Rev. J. M. Atkinson, Mr. Wm. R. Richlong in opposition to our Clays and Websters. with whom for twenty five years we have not had a Whig principle in common, is only adding inardson, formerly of Richmond, Va., to Miss Elsult to injury. They have not changed-and len, eldest daughter of Albert Johnson, Esq., of have we? They are as they have been for twen-Raleigh five years; but where are they who have nomin-In Newbern, on Wednesday evening, 3d inst., by Rev. N. C. Hughes, Mr. Theodore J. Hughes ated them ?

and Miss Clara Stevenson, fourth daughter of Resolved, That the sacrifice of the interest of wenty-five millions of white men, and silence up-Mr. J. C. Stevenson. on all the principles that concern them, to the supposed interest of some three and a half milons of negroes, is an abandonment of our own race and c lor to aggrandize into greater imporyear of his age, John Daves, eldest son of the tance the race and color of the African. The

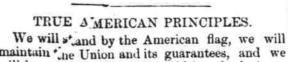
for the African. Resolved, therefore, That the recent delivery of the Whig party, at Syracuse, over to mock Democrats and Abolitionists, by men happening o have in their hands the mere machinery o that party, is treachery to all our principles and precedents for a quarter of a century, and that such treachery ought to be resisted in every pos-

sible and honorable way. Resolved, therefore, That the Whigs of the State of New York be invited to assemble in State Convention, in Constitution Hall, New York, on Tuesday, October 23, to take such measares as may be deemed advisable to maintain our integrity and our honor.

The address and resolutions were adopted by celamation, and without a dissentient voice.

### HON. BEDFORD BROWN.

We rejoice to learn that this distinguished gentleman has purchased his former residence in this county, and will soon become a resident of our county again. We congratulate the people of Caswell upon his return among them. His voyage in life, since his removal from among us, has, indeed, been one chequered with change. Milton Chronicle.



will be it back those who would invade these sacred objects, careless even whether we strike those " no have desecrated the holy pledges of patriotism conferred by the American Order, by committing themselves to a war against that very public harmony which it is the first principle of the American Order to preserve. We denounce and repudiate, with the same detestation, the negro nullifiers, the disunionists, and the infamous adventurers, who, for the chance of an office or a salary, will involve the country in an intermina-

# LADIES' RIDING MATCHES.

It is said that no less than thirty-eight exhibitions of female equestrianship have been made at the last month. Such displays, as well as Wo-"If the Whig party is to be merged into a con- .men's Rights Conventions and Baby Shows, we

### LATER FROM NORFOLK.

NORFOLK, Wednesday noon .- The fever con inues to abate, but few new cases have made their appearance, and only an occasional death There have been about sixteen deaths during the past several days, most of them being those of

returned refugees.

We learn from the American Eagle, that church in Benton county turned out members, ford Convention, during the last war-but the because they believed in the principles of the Apeople of the country, ever true to the advice of merican party, although they had never joined Washington, have "discountenanced" and put the order. We suppose that spelling-books and MARRIED.

no Babies !- Know Nothing ! !- Punch.

patronage which he has received at their hands He trusts, by the judiciousness of his selections, the style of his workmanship, and a prompt at-In Christ Church, in this City, on Wednesday tention to his business, to merit, not only a full afternoon last, by the Rev. Dr. Mason, Matt. P. continuance, but an increase, of the same.

He has just returned from New York with the nost attractive FALL STOCK ever brought to this market, to which he respectfully invites general attention. This stock embraces the latest and most fashionable styles :

Black, Blue, Olive and Green French and Engish Cloths; French and English Cassimeres, o every color; Vestings of every quality. ALSO, Dress Shirts, Silk and Flannel Shirts;

Drawers, Scarfs, Cravats, Gloves;

Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, &c. He has also on hand a small stock of READY. MADE CLOTHING, which he will sell at a very slight advance above cost. Call, then, if you want cheap Clothing !

Paris and American fashions for the Fall f 1855 just received.

All persons indebted to the subscriber will please call and settle immediately, either by cash or note. The last six months' business fell due on the 1st instant, and accounts bear interest from the expiration of each term

Those debtors living at a distance will oblige the subscriber, even in the default of a settlement, by communicating their place of residence. Otherwise, he may be driven to a disagreeable necessity.

82\_4t Oct. 12, 1855. Star and Standard copy three times.

Notice.

S my wife. Dolly Raines, has left my bed A and board without my consent, this is to notify all persons, under the penalty of the law, not to harbor her, or aid her in any such way as will enable her to stay away from my premises. also notity persons not to trade or traffic with her upon my credit, as I am determined not to pay debts contracted by her, while she is away from my home.

H. M. BAINES. 81 2tp

Oct. 12, 1855. the office of the Company, No. 69 Beaver Street, New York, on THURSDAY, the 18th day of Octoher, 1855, at 121 o'clock, the following stock of the North Carolina Copper Company, to-wit :

T. E. FENTRESS.	the Horth Carolina officient officient								
Oct. 12, 1855. 82 2t.	Nos		Da	Shares	Nos	1.H S	Dat		Shares
Superior Silk Velvet Vests.	<b>,</b> 90		te	TPES		lang 1	8		169
OUR assortment is much better than usual in Fine Silk Velvets of the newest and most de- birable styles. Oct. 12th, 1855. E. L HARDING. 82.	140 H	Jan. 3 Feb. 1 " 2		50 80	1280	Mar.	22	854. 1 1	100 100 50 50
PIANOS AND MELODEONS. TUNING, &c. G. KERN, late of Baltimore, would res-	195 1 196 197 198	Mar. 1	4	50	1415	Ap'l	29 1 7 17	- 1	200 25 100 50
pectfully inform the ladies and gentleman of Raleigh and vicinity, that he is making his third annual tour of the state, and will be in town a few days to attend to any tuning or repairing of	283 807 310 317	" 1	6 14 16 -	50 50	1458 1579 1596	May	15 18	-	50 100 100 500
Pianos, Melodeons, &c., that may be entrusted to him. Provided with a very complete set of tools, and the best of materials, he is prepared for every emergency. All work warranted to give	320 395 409	May	8 5	50 100 100	1618 1620 1669	May June	10	2 	1 300 500
satisfaction. N. B.—The same towns and villages visited regularly every year. Orders may be left at Lawrence's Hotel.	486 445 478 498	P	16 19 8	40	1669 1670 1679 1679	9 4	12 16 17		100 300 250 100
He has also made arrangements with several of the best manufacturers in the country, by which he is enabled to supply purchasers with very su-	517 559 609	July Aug.	14 8 11	50	0 170 0 171 0 176	9 " 0 1 "	19 21	1 1 1	100 100 100
oerior Pianos, Melodeons, &c. 100_AT FACTORY PRICES! Every instrument will be accompanied (if desired,) with a written guarantee by the ma- ker, and will be kept in tune, without charge, for	624 648	ea 11	16 23 27	2	0 176 5 176 0 177 0 178	8	22		50 20 2 30
A number of years. Oct. 12, 1855. Merino-Silk & Lamb's Wool Shirts.	671	Sept.	30	10	0 180	2.0	27	4'	20 30 10
A S the cold weather approaches, it must re- mind those in need, of the necessity of taking book for THE ARTICLE to protect health at	748	3 "	26 29 • 11	10 10 10	0 196 0 197 0 198	7 Ap' 9 May 90 "	1 21, 7 15 21	1855.	20 25 25
E. L. HARDING'S. 82.	808		18 28		0 199				25

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praces in a nutshell the views of these Northern der only, but the wad caused a very serious

oily, with the above exceptions.

THE TWO GREAT EVENTS IN THE LIFE OF GEN. PIERCE.-The Charlottesville (Va) Adv scate, emulous of the fame acquired by Gover nor Steele, of New Hampshire, in recounting the munificence of Pierce, in bestowing an endire cent upon a cry-The Disunion Abolition papers of the ing boy, narrates the following incident :

