"Ours' are the plans of fair, delightful peace, Unwarped by party rage to live like brothers."

RALEIGH, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, NOV. 17, 1865.

Let us compare the strength of the ad ministration in the Thirty-third Congress with its strength in the coming Congress:

	33D CONGRESS.		34TH C	34TH CONGRES	
State.	Adminis	- Oppos tión.	- Adminie- tration.	Oppor	
Alabama,	6	7	5	2	
Arkansas,	2	Ö	2	0	
California,	2	0	2	0	
Connecticut		0	0	4	
Delaware,	1	0	0	1	
Florida,	1	0	1	0	
Georgia,	6	2	5	3	
Illinois,		4	4	40	
Indiana,	10	1	2	9	
Iowa,	1	~ 1	1	1	
Kentucky,	5	6	4	6	
Louisiana,	3	1	8	1	
Maine,	8	2	1	5	
Maryland,	4		2	4	
Massachuse	tts, 2	9	0	11	
Michigan,	4	0	1	3	
Mississippi,	- 5	Q	4	1	
Missouri,	3	4	1	6	
N. Hampsh	ire, 3	0	0	3	
New Jersey	, 4	1	1	4	
New York,	21	12	. 8	32	
N. Carolina	. 5	3	Б	3	
Ohio,	13	8	. 0	21	
Pennsylvan	ia, 16	9	5	20	
Rhode Islan	d, 2	0	0	2	
S. Carolina,	6	0	6	0	
Tennessee,	6	4	5	5	
Texas,	2	. 0	2	0	
Vermont,	0	8	0	8	
Virginia,	13	0	12	1	
Wisconsin,	8	0	1	2	
	161	68	73	156	
	101	00			

One vacancy.

down to 78, including one Whig from Tennessee, one from Kentucky, and one from Maryland and allowing them three in Louisiana, four in Mississippi, and Messrs, Bayly and Smith, of Virginia. This is a fair estimate of the popular strength of the present administration. The opposition have a majority of the representatives of sixteen States; the administration of ten .-In two there is a tie, and one, Illinois, is not yet determined. It is clear, then, to every reflecting mind, that the verdict of the people is adverse to locofoco misrule and corruption; and it is equally clear that the termination of this administration ends the political supremacy of the faction of which it is the contemptible exponent.

We had no idea that the defeat of its party in Maryland, New York, and Massachusetts, would so confound and bewilder the "Standard," and make it almost lose its wits, as its last party's disastrons reverses is melancholy indeed, We feel sorry, very sorry; but we have no balm to apply, no consolation to offer. We simply suggest to the Editor to try to take things philosophically-just as they come. If the bright vision of the spoils is receding from him, to feel sad is appropriate enough; but to weep and to blubber is neither seemly nor manly, even in the extremest hour of adversity. A stiff upper lip, until the skies brighten again, is a very good

We are gratified-intensely gratified-that the American party of New York and Massachusetts have succeeded in accomplishing what all other parties there were confessedly inadequate to -that is, the defeat and dispersion of the Black Republicans. And do they, in the estimation of the locofoco press, deserve no credit and no thanks for this achievement? It would seem not. The Hards—the national wing of their own party -were incompetent to the task; and so were the Softs-the Free-soil wing-even if these latter were not as objectionable to the South as the Black Republicans themselves. We put this question to the "Standard," and crave a distinct reply :- Would it have rejoiced over the success of the Softs? Does it deplore their defeat? If so, it would have rejoiced over the success, and now deplores the defeat, of a party not a whit less ferocious and persistent in its hostility to slavery extension than the Black Republicans!

The Seward organ at Albany-the Journal-is as mad as a March hare with the Massachusetts straight-out Whigs. In its wrath, it utters the following declaration, which we have no doubt is true:

"The Republican Ticket was defeated by Messrs. Choate, Winthrop, and other Whigs, who can't think of opposing the extension of slavery. lest it should disturb fraternal relations with our

True enough. If the Whigs of Massachusetts had voted for Rockwell, the Fusionists would have been victorious. But the patriotism of Choste and others forbade such a consumma-

UNIVERSITY MAGAZINE .- The November num_ ber of this publication has been received. It affords an excellent variety of reading matter and

displays much spirit in its Editorial department What has become of the "Wilmington Herald?" We have not received a copy for several days. Any failure in the receipt of so

sterling a journal is a disappointment.

"THE WEEKLY POST."-This literary journal, we regret to see, has been discontinued. The proprietor states that it has never been profitable to him, and he desires, hereafter, to devote his paper has been suspended. It will now be pubundivided Editorial attention to the "Cultivator." lished weekly, only.

MORE BLACK MAIL.

The shameful example of the Administration in levying a tax on the Government employees to be used for purposes of bribery and corruption, has been followed by others in authority, no doubt in compliance with instructions from head quarters. The New York Times gives the following instance of another resort to this shame-

ful means for the promotion of a foul object ; "Thursday of last week was pay-day at the Custom House. Salaries were wanted-wanted for coal bills and winter clothing, and millinery and furs for the women, warm wrapping for the children, warm shelter for all hands. Thursday sion have been routed, dispersed, and made to was rent-day, too, and londlords are impatient. Never, consequently, was the face of the tax-col- racy's hopes for the next Presidential campaign lector more offensive and frigidly unwelcome than has been taken from them; and these patriotic when the proper authorities announced to all and gentry are all at sea, not knowing whither to singular, the clergy and laity of the Customs, that fifteen per cent of the whole sum due each ter and disastrous shipwreck. We pity their conman must be voluntarily subscribed to the election fund; in other words, that out of every thousand dollars paid, one hundred and fifty must go an Administration of the Democracy's own into the pockets of Cochrane, Rynders and com- choice and making, and an Administration, pany, for the behoof of Tammany Hall !"

FENNER (formerly of this State,) a copy of a short reatise recently published by him in the New Orleans Medical and Surgical Journal, and now re-published in pamphlet form, "on Yellow Fever in Norfolk and Portsmouth, 1855." This is a very interesting paper, from the pen of a physician eminently qualified for the task of writing a history and description of the terrible scourge which devastated these cities for more than three months-a period which constitutes the most memorable era in their history. Dr. Fenner was one of those gallant medical heroes who volunteered their services in behalf of the sufferers from the pestilence. He came from New Orleans, where he resides, to Norfolk, and reached the latter city whilst the Fever was at its height. He remained there, actively and assiduously devoting himself to the assistance of the sick, during the whole remainder of the season of mortality. He quitted not his post until the Fever had run sentatives, the administration party has dwindled and aspects of the awful disease, in its different stages, as he saw it, and adds a variety of statements and incidents in connection, all of which possess a deep interest.

"It must remain shrouded in doubt, until all mencement are fully reported. But two sources are looked to by common consent-it must have originated either from a local cause in connection with a peculiar constitution of the atmosphere around, or from a morbific germ imported by the originated from the former would appear probable, from the fact that three cases of yellow fever occurred last year in Norfolk, and at the spot where the epidemic of that city commenced this year. This was the celebrated Barry's Row. which was burned this year. These cases occurred late in the season and were not traceable to any foreign connection. In 1852 there were also several well marked cases of yellow fever in issue would indicate. The effect upon it of its Norfolk, likewise apparently of local origin. I was also informed that some cases very much like vellow fever, though perhaps not unquestionable, were observed this year simultaneously with the first cases on board the Ben Franklin. But, on the other hand, it is certainly true that the epidemic appeared to commence at the spot where the Ben Franklin laid, which was at Gosport, and from there spread progressively over Portsmouth and Norfolk."

> THE CLAYTON-BULWER TREATY .- A Washington correspondent of the New York Times cause of the failure of Great Britain and the Uniconsequence does not follow by any means. - i er to carry out their views; and now the Ameri-The treaty can be abrogated only in one way, can party, which is entirely friendly to the adother than by War, or by the act of the treatymaking power. The only other mode by which those States where the Fusionists calculated to we can abrogate a treaty is by act of Congress. sweep every thing before them. This was done in the case of France, towards the close of the last century. France and the United | are bright and cheering. It has a high mission States disagreed as to the construction of a treaty. and France refused to make another, which might have reconciled the difficulty. In that condition of in the next Presidential campaign will be placed affairs, the United States released itself from the obligations of the treaty, by means of an act of Congress declaring the treaty null and void. Neither of these agencies have yet intervened to give the treaty in question a quietus. It is still its garments, but to take its stand, everywhere, the law, and diplomatic history teaches us that the amicable settlement of controverted issues between nations almost always springs from the very condition which seems to present the most | would embrace every thing that is just and practiirreconcilable differences.

THE RESULT of the recent elections has taken the Administration and the locofocos entirely aback. They had proclaimed, ever since the Virginia election, that the American Party was dead and gone. They wake up and find themselves mistaken. In Maryland and New York, especially, they expected to succeed. They find that all their efforts, means, appliances, have been in vain, and all their calculations erroneous. The American party, since they have thrown off and rejected some of the features in their organization-the secrecy and the obligations, and the exclusive reference to any particular religious denomination, have gained strength every where, True American principles must ultimately prevail in this country.

NORTH CAROLINA APPOINTMENT.—Theophius Carey Callicot, counsellor-at-law in the city of New York, has been appointed, by Gov. Bragg, a commissioner to take depositions, acknowledgements of deeds, &c., for the State of North Carolina. This is a re-appointment, Mr. Callicot having held the same office some years ago.

"THE RALEIGH STAR."-This establishment i offered for sale, and the tri-weekly issue of the

THE AMERICAN PARTY—ITS PROSPECTS. The unexpected result of the recent elections n Maryland, New York and Musachusetts, as the "Richmond Whig" says, has disappointed the hopes and upset the calculations of the Foreign locofoco party to a most terrific extent. The leaders and wire-workers of that party are utterly confounded. They had imagined that the Presidency and all the spoils of Government would certainly be continued in their possession, as the necessary consequence of the fusion and confusion which appeared to prevail throughout the Northern States. But this fusion and confubite the dust. And so the support of the Democsteer or what to do to save themselves from utdition; but it is due to the blundering imbecility of the Pierce and Forney Administration-

too, which was endorsed by the entire Virginia Democracy, at their Staunton Conven-We have received from the author, Dr. tion. As a national party, the Democracy is dead beyond the hope of resurrection. For the baker's dozen of national Democrats in each of the Free States can lend no efficient aid to the party in a national contest, even if they remainfirm in their national faith-which may be reasonably doubted, as but few Northern politicians of any party have backbone enough to continue in a powerless minority very long. And thus the conviction is forced upon us, that there can really be no such thing as a national Democratic party in the next Presidential struggle. On the other hand, the American party, which

is the most conservative and national of all Northern parties-unless the handful of Hards and the straight-out Whigs may constitute an exception -has exhibited a strength and a determination in the late election of which the most sanguine of its friends had hardly dreamed. It presents a bold, compact front, in opposition to sectionalism and Sewardism; and upon this issue, especially in its course and there was no further occasion for New York, it waged the contest and won the his attendance. In the treatise before us he gives | victory. The Seward organ at Albany-the Eveundertook to describe the difference between the platforms of the various parties then in the field. and said that the American party was substan-We give an extract from the conclusion of the all other parties in that State, except the Hards, pamphlet as to the origin of the disease, a ques- it was in favor of the admission of slave States equally with free. And this, be it remembered, is the only point at issue between the North and the facts and circumstances attending its com- South. All other parties and factions at the North, except the Americans and the Hards, are opposed now and forever-so run their declarations-to the admission of any more slave States into the Union. The question, we repeat, whethsteamship Ben Franklin. That it may have er Congress shall assume the right to exclude a State, because it is a slaveholding State, is the only practical question now at issue between the South and the North. And the American party being sound on this question, there is no difficulty in the way to a thorough re-organization of the party, North and South, upon this just and simple basis. We, therefore, confidently anticipate that the National Philadelphia Convention can and will adopt a platform, which will be acceptable to the party in every State in the Union. And why should it not? Where's the difficulty? No one, North or South, now proposes to disturb any existing legislation upon the subject of slavery. Not even the Black Republicans -for their purpose, if successful in the late elections, was to nullify it practically, so far as it applies to the Territories, by resisting the admission of any more slave States. The idea of repealing the Nebraska-Kansas act was abandoned by them entirely; and instead of that, they had determined does not think that this treaty is at an end, be- to whip the devil round the stump, by saving, by their votes, that none but free States should hereafter be allowed to enter the Union. But the ted States to agree in its construction. Such a Black fanatics are fortunately stripped of all pow-

> The prospects of the American party, therefore before it; and, if it acts wisely and discreetly, firmly maintaining its position and giving no quarter to fanaticism and sectionalism, its triumph beyond the reach of the hazard. It is therefore the duty and the interest of the party in all the Northern States to nationalize itself thoroughly, where this has not already been done—that is, to allow not even the smell of Abolitionism to taint boldly and at once upon the broad, national platform of the finality of past legislation upon the subject of slavery, and the saving doctrine of noninterference in the Territories. This platform cal-would harmonize and consolidate the party and lead to a splendid victory, and give peace and security to the Union. And what more does any man want-can any man hope for, either North or South? Here is a common ground, upon which all of us may proudly and consistently stand; and here is the ground upon which

mission of Slave States, is happily in the ascen-

dant, and has become the controlling element in

victory must be won, if won at all. The American party, we repeat, has everything n its own hands for the next year, if it chooses to avail itself of its advantages. It has only to will it and Fusionism is prostrate forever, and this miserable administration is tumbled to the that "Americans alone shall rule America." will be fulfilled, and our institutions will be safe.

The pseudo-Democracy at Holly Springs Miss., utterly hopeless of meeting the American party in argument, lately chartered a circus for \$600, thinking, doubtless, that the wit of the Bishop. lown would compensate for the want of sense in the old demagoguical party. The anti-American Democracy having got a crowd into town to gape at the circus, speaks in the morning, and, in order to disappoint the Americans, sets the clown to work at night. Magnanimous party! Most intellectual combatants!

COLLISION ON THE CENTRAL RAILBOAD .- A collision between two freight trains took place on the North Carolina Railroad, about sixteen miles from this City, on Tuesday afternoon. Fortunately, no one was injured, though considerable most incredible, but appears to be true. Mr. damage was done to the engines.

"HELP US, CASSIUS."-A correspondent of a New York journal, writing from Washington

"The British minister here has discovered secret circular of the Irish Emigration Aid Association, whose object is to aid Ireland to free herself from England's rule, now, while the latter is engaged in the Eastern war. Britain is seriously alarmed, and beseeches the President to take instant measures to save Ireland from the Irish."

If the President has been appealed to, as stated, he will interpose at once. He is understood to be very strongly opposed to the Americans ruling their own country, and of course he will do what he can to prevent the Irish from ruling Ireland. According to the notions of Pierce and his party, foreigners are more fit to rule a country than natives. Of a certainty, then, he will give a willing ear to that appeal of Ohio, California, Louisiana, Maryland, Kenthe British Minister.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The Norfolk Argus, alluding to the present heerful aspect of affairs there, says: The people swarm in the market places and at the ferry landings. The returned refugees are rather careful about going out at night; but there are many to be seen after the shades of evening fall around. And then the ding-dong of the steamboat bells, the lumbering of the express wagons, the rattle of the heavy dray wheels, the loud and careless laugh of the laborer, the voices of buyers and salesmen, the musical jingle of gold and silver, the ring of the hammer on the smooth faced anvil, the puff and hiss of steam-in short, the noises usual in a city, sound strangely here, and form a striking contrast to the stillness that pervaded the city during the long night of death that has just passed by.'

A NARROW ESCAPE.—On Tuesday morning, a young man at Wakefield, New Hampshire, apparently died of malignant fever, and the occupants of the house were very anxious to have the oody interred the same day, for fear of contagion. They applied accordingly to the incumbent of a church in the suburbs, but he declined, considering the proceeding too hasty. During the night the seeming corpse gave signs of life, and at the hour appointed for his burial, the young man was in the enjoyment of a cup of coffee, which he had asked for, and is said to be in a fair way of recovery.

POPULATION OF ILLINOIS.—Eighty-four counties of Illinois, by the returns at the secretary's office, show a population of 1,016,120. The remaining counties in 1850 had a population of 156, 000, which, with the same ratio of increase shown tially a pro-slavery party—that is, that unlike in the counties returned, will give a total popula-all other parties in that State, except the Hards.

> Scarcely any political event of the day has given more satisfaction to the Americans and Whigs throughout the country, than the election of Henry Winter Davis to Congress from Balti-

ers have been discharged from the Treasury exnsion, Washington, by Superintendent McLochn, for no fault but that of being Americans.

The Washington Organ says that five carpen-

REAL AND PERSONAL .- On the night of the lection, Gov. Gardner made the following fair preparations to meet any emergency. "A distinguished Senator from Massachusetts

spoke the other day of the American party as a

personal party." I think he must have conounded the legal terms applicable to an estate, and intended to have called the American party Serious Loss .- The Washington Union has ecome so indignant at the result of the Mary-

and election, that it has cut our acquaintance and refuses any longer to exchange with the Clipper. - Balt. Clipper. MELANCHOLY OCCURRENCE. - In Buffalo, N. Y.

Monday night, a German couple, named Keller, took an infant to church to have it baptised. The ceremony having been performed, the mother wrapped the infant in a thick woollen blanket, to protect it from the cold, and started for home .-Having arrived there, the child was found smoth-

Ky., had accepted an invitation to lecture on davery in Boston, is contradicted.

DAMAGES AGAINST A CORPORATION .- At the ecent term of the circuit court of Knox county. W. H. Hoffer obtained a verdict against the Mayor and Aldermen of Knoxville, Tennessee, for \$3,000 damages received, (a broken leg, which has rendered him a cripple for life,) by falling from the side-walk at a point where a deep cut had been in improving Gay street.

"Unpatronized beauty is scarce in Kansas l'here is not an unmarried lady in Atchison .-Poor show this for editors and others, wishing to form matrimonial partnerships!"

"50,000 PLUBALITY."-It is said that John Van Buren "stood" at the foot of his class in college. He does not seem to have much improved

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE,-Of the forty nembers of the Senate last year, only eleven are re-elected, the only one from Suffolk being Daniel Warren. Of over four hundred members of the House last year, only thirty-eight have been re-elected. In addition, Hiram Brown, the only democratic member of last year's House, has been promoted to a seat in the Senate from Hampden county .- Boston Trav.

CLERK OF THE NEXT HOUSE OF REPRESENTA-TIVES .- Hon. Alexander R. Boteler, of Virginia, is urged as a candidate for the Clerkship of the ground. Let it be done, and then the maxim, next House. His late defeat in the Congressional canvass, it is said, gives him extraordinary claims on the American party.

> IMPORTANT CHURCH SUIT DECIDED .- On the 5th inst., the case of O'Connor v. The Roman Catholic Bishop was decided at Chicago, Illinois, and a verdict of \$6,263 96, given against the

Hon. Jos. A. Woodward, ex-member of Conress from South Carolina, is out in an address n favor of the American party.

The U.S. surveying steamer, Jno. Hancock, has discovered an extensive vein of coal on the coast of Kamschatka.

Is IT POSSIBLE .- It is stated that a Mr. Rob-INSON, a member of the Legislature of Vermont, has introduced a bill into that body, in connection with preventing the liquof traffic, providing that the third offence of selling intoxicating drinks shall be nublishable by death. This seems al-Robinson is evidently "progressing backwards."

FRUITS OF VICTORY.

The New York Mirror, in a well-timed article, has the following judicious remarks, which we new, imperfectly organized party, are closing up their ranks, and planting their victorious banners age in the political drama, their triumph has been ample. Over-success is over-elating and destructive. Hard-fought battles and occasional defeat discipline new forces, and tra'n raw recruits into veterans. It will be better for them, in the great coming contest, that they have, in these preliminary skirmishes, found some obstacles in the way. It has taught them the need of unity and harmony in their councils, and of vigilance and endurance at every outpost, and in all

their camps "The field now lies broad and clear before the Americans. They are in power in New York, tucky, Delaware, Massachusetts, Connecticut, New Hampshire, and Rhode Island, and have proved their ability to carry Pennsylvania on a square American issue. In a national contest, with a fair platform and strong leaders, they can carry four fire-places and eight rooms, and a new medi Indiana, Illinois, Tennessee, Alabama, and Virginia, and, we doubt not, Florida, Mississippi, Arkansas, and North Carolina. At any rate, no other party can boast so fair a prospect of na-

"The victories just won will add vastly to the chances and influence of the American party.-Their best fruit will be to assure thousands every State, who have all along sympathized with the American mevement, but who, timid and wavering, have consulted their caution, and waited to see whether American triumph was certain. These thousands will now rush into the American ranks, and many "leading" men of old parties, who have heretofore fought the American battle under cover, will come out and fight openly, and will bring the dependants on their example with them. The moral influence of the American victory in the great State of New York, with its one-fifth of the white population of the Union, can hardly be over-estimated. It will invigorate Americanism throughout the

"If the battle in this State were to be fought over to-morrow, the victory of Tuesday would add 25,000 to the American column. The scattered forces, the camp-followers, the doubters and waverers, all tend to the victorious side-in politics as ir war. A great thing for the American party are these triumphs in New York, Massachusetts, Louisiana and Maryland-as great in their influence on the masses of the people as in their direct results. They are a song and pro-

Highly Important from Washington-Commodore Paulding to be sent to San Juan-The British West Indies Fleet-The Movement regarded in Washington as Indicative of Hostilities, &c.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—Commodore Paulding has been selected by the Secretary of the Navy as a prudent officer to visit San Juan, Nicaragua, with his flag ship, the Potomac. He was closeted to-day with Secretary Dobbin and a consultation neld between them relative to the course to be oursued by him in that quarter, notwithstanding he avowed himself entirely innocent of the objects of the British fleets just despatched to the West Indies. The movement is regarded here with indignation, and thought to be insulting, if not incipiently hostile. Hence additional orders have been sent to our Naval station to-day by the Navy Department in reference to immediate

LOUISIANA ELECTIONS.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 12 .- Wickliff, the Dem cratic candidate for Governor, together with the Democratic State ticket, is elected. The Ameri-"real" and not a "personal" party. (Laughter cans have elected one Representative to Congress and the Democrats three.

Died, in the State of New York, on the 6th nst., at 6 P. M., the NATIONAL Democracy. In Massachusetts, on the same day, and from Times. the same cause, the NATIONAL Democracy, In Maryland, on the 8th inst., at the same hour and from the same epidemic, the NATIONAL Delta Democracy.-National American.

A LOUD CALL.

Mr. John Van Buren! Mr. John Van Buren Mr. John Van Buren!! you are so far off, and your hearing, no doubt, rather injured by recent events in New York, that you must excuse us for The statement that the Hon. J. J. Crittenden, of calling so very loud; but will you have the goodness to tell us what has become of that fifty thousand majority that so recently you asserted you had safe in your breeches pocket? Everybody here in Washington is curious to know where that great body has gone to, and where they can now be found. As no one here can answer the question, and as you no doubt can, do pray relieve our anxious and really reasonable curiosity. - Washington Star.

> THE PLACE THAT KNEW HIM NOT .- The city of Auburn—the residence of Hon. Wm. H Seward-gives Headley a majority over King of fifty-eight. It is sometimes detrimental to man's interest to be known !- Albany Tran-

Mr. Seward, in his Stanford Hall speech the night before the election, begged hard that the be spared what he considered the disgrace of representing at Washington a "Know Nothing" town, and that town his own home. "Sam" didn't fall in with the idea, nor was he moved by the evident distress of the Hon. Speaker; so the next day Auburn came out of the contest American all over, and for the third time, And so it will continue to be. The Americans have taken a hold here that is permanent, healthful and vigorous,-Auburn American.

AN OCEAN OF BLOOD .- It is said that within radius of five miles around Sevastopol more blood has been shed, more lives sacrified, and other equal extent of the earth's surface in the agent. same space of time, since the days of Noah's

Wistar's Wild Cherry Balsam, a scientific com-Bark and Tar, is doing wonders in the way of alleviating all lung diseases. It seems to cure those obstinate cases that nothing else will reach.

BLEEDING AT THE LUNGS CURED. SETH W. FOWLE, Esq. :

Dear Sir:—Having been attacked with hemorrhage of the lungs, which left me with a trouble-some cough and the usual debility consequent upon such an attack; and having cured myself, by the use of "WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY," I feel it a pleasure and a duty to tes-tify to its merits. My general faith in patent medicines is small; but for those who are suffering under pulmonary attacks, I am persuaded that

the Balsam is an excellent preparation.
Yours, very truly, JONA. R. CHILDS,
Editor CHICOPES TELEGRAPH. For sale by Williams & Haywood, Raleigh. Chicopee, Mass., Feb. 20, 1854.

DIED.

In Hillsboro', on the 31st of October, the Rev. James Bogardus Donnelly, aged 32 years. In commend to the attention of the country: "The the death of this gentleman, the community, and Americans, after various disasters, incident to a especially the congregation of St. Matthew's church, have suffered a great loss. He had been the rector of that church nearly eight years, and in every section of the Union. Considering their had won a high reputation for ability as a theologian, and the entire confidence and strong affection of those who had learned to know him

NOTICE!

ROGERS' STORE POST OFFICE, } Wake Co., N. C., Nov. 12, 1855. N the 3rd day of January, 1856, I shall offer for

sale, if not sold before, My Home Trace of Land, containing seven hundred and forty-three acres, and will deduct off said tract of land from 43 to 100 acres, to suit myself, or purchaser, if required: lying in said county and State on both sides of Big Lick and Seawell creeks, and near Neuse river, and in one mile of the new Academy lately erected for school, &c. This land is well improved, with a good Dwelling House containing cal office for the accommodation of a practical physician, and one amongst the best stands for a physician in our section of the county. This trace of land cannot be excelled for the production of any thing that a farmer wishes to plant, nor sur--passed by any in said county, -abounding with health and the best of springs, free and limestone water, and abundance of stock water, never failing in plenty at all seasons. Those wishing to purchase are invited to come and view the prenises any time. Before the appointment of sale, I will sell a

any time, on application, at a fair price, and make the payments easy to the purchaser by extending a short credit in part and cash for the balance. I will also on the same day, at my House, if not sold efore, sell to the highest bidder for cash one trace of Turpentine land, lying in the county of Nash near Seco Meeting House and Mockerson creek, CONTAINING 400 ACRES. Also a tract of land well improved, lying in Johnston county, CON-TAINING NEARLY 200 ACRES, it being the former residence of Dr. J. P. Rogers, now occupied by Dr. J. Owen; has on it a good two-story House kitchen, and out-buildings. Also, a new medical office, with a great and plentiful medical spring, never failing, with other good waters; a mill-seat -near for saw or grist mill. Timber in plenty and Turpentine orchard on it. Lands productive as ommon in that section of country. In fact, it is a peautiful situation, where roads and cross-road pass and not very far from where the plank and railroads passes; it is a desirable place for a physician or merchant, and as healthy a situation, perhaps, as any in that section of the county. In addition to this, I will also sell to the highes

bidder for cash some EIGHT or TEN LIKELY NEGROES, or more, consisting of Men, Boys. Girls, Women and Children, and none to say old at my residence; and will also hire out for the ensuing year, some two or three, or more, Turpentine hands, good Distillers and Barrel-makers of Oak and Pine Timbers, and likely.

Also, some one or two good cooks, and girls and oys for farmers' use; and I will also sell, if not old before, one team of Mules and two Wagons, Gins, Blacksmith Tools, &c., and Horses. N. B. The agency of Calvin J. Rogers, as here ofore, is mutually revoked and agreed to, the 8th of inst., Nov. 1856. BENJ. ROGERS. of inst., Nov. 1855. Nov. 16, 1855.

Standard copy. GUIDE BOOK FOR CHOOSING OUR A NEXT PRESIDENT.

Just published, A VOICE TO AMERICA:

The Model Republic, its Glory, or its Fall; with a review of the causes of the decline and failure of the Republics of South America, Mexico and of the Old World; applied to the present cri-

sis in the United States. One handsome volume 12mo., Cloth Gilt-Price, \$1 25.

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CARD TO MY PATRONS.

MONTEMPLATING a change in our busines 1 st January, 1856, renders it actually neces sary for us to urge the payment of all notes and accounts due us. To grant indulgence beyond that time will be altogether inconsistent with arrangements already made, and our friends who are indebted to us will confer a great favor by coming forward at once and settling their notes

TUST TO HAND, another lot of fine Overcoats Business Coats, Talmas, &c. Also a fresh supply of Cloths, Cass, and Vesting, to be made to order; all of which will be sold low for cash. Call soon and supply yourselves, and don't forget to bring the wherewith. KING & BIGGS Raleigh, Nov. 1855.

N. B. - Those indebted to us will please make arrangements to settle on or before the first of January, 1856, as one of the firm expects to leave the State at that time. Those who don't comply more misery inflicted, within a year, than on any with the above request will be waited on by an

Shocco Springs FOR SALE AT PUBLIC AUCTION.

N Wednesday, the 12th of December next, this well-known and justly celebrated Watering Place, together with the large and valuable tract of Land, on which it is situated, will be exposed to Public Sale, on the premises, without eserve, to the highest bidder. A minute description of the property is unne-

cessary. The buildings, which are all either new or in new repair, are elegant, commodious, and sufficiently spacious to entertain between four and five hundred persons. They may be so ex-tended as to accomodate any number of visitors, and it is believed that, with suitable accommodations, any reasonable amount of patronage may be secured in all sessons. The medicinal properties of the water have been tested by an experience of more than half a century, and are known throughout the Southern States. The terms, (which shall be liberal,) will be made known on the day of sale.

SAM'L CALVERT. 90 td

Notice to unition of sail of URSUANT to the provisions of a deed of trust, executed by Jas P. Jordan, I shall offer for sale, at the Court House door, on Monday, 19th of Dec. next, between the hours of 14 and 12 A. M. a large brick dwelling house of eight rooms, together with a brick kitchen and smeke

drive distributions and with

containing three quarters of an acre, at the corner of Jones & McDowell streets. W. S. MASON, Trustee.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA. JOHNSTON COUNTY. Court of Piens und Quarter Bes

sions, August Term, 18°5. Calvin Simpkins, John A. Cole, Isaac Wells, J. H. Dibble and Brothers, Loverd B. Davis, and David H. Holland,

Lewis J. Williams.
Original Attachment, levied on Masonic Lodge,
No. 84, in the town of Smithfield; also one house and lot in Bentonsville.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Lewis J. Williams, the defendant in the above cases, is not an inhabitant of this State, it is order ed, that publication be made in the Baleigh Register, for six weeks, notifying the said defi be and appear at the next term of our said Court to be held for the County of Johnston, at the Cour House in Smithfield, on the 4th Monday in No House in Smithness, on the read, answer, to vember next, then and there to plead, answer, to or judgment will be entered up against him, and or judgment will be entered up against him, and

the property levied on be condemned to satisfy plaintiffs' demands Witness, John H. Kenneday, Clerk of our said Court, at office in Smithfield, the 4th Monday of August, 1855.

J. H. KENNEDAY, Clerk Oct. 26, 1855.

Select School.

R. H. GRAVES, PRINCIPAL. HIS school, located in Granville co. N. C., about nine miles South of Clarksville, Va., and ten miles South West of Lynesville Depot, will be opened on the 15th of January, 1856. The location has been selected with reference to health-

fulness, and the high tone of social, moral and religious influence in the community. Board will be provided in families of the highest respectability. The price of board and tuition for a session of twenty weeks is \$75, payable in advance. The number of pupils limited The Principal having been engaged in teach-

ing during the last 19 years of his life, and for the most part in connection with some of the first institutions in the State, is of course known to some extent in most sections of the State. Circulars, however, containing references and other particulars may be obtained by application to the Principal at Brownsville P. O., Granville co., N.

Oct. 29, 1855. w3m. 87.

Public Sale of Residence, Land, &c. HAVING determined to change my location, I will sell at Public Auction WITHOUT BE-SERVE on Thursday, the 13th December ensuing, at 12 o'clock, my present residence, with 220 a. of the village of Forestville, 15 miles North of Raleigh, and I mile south of W. Forest College. It is proportionably divided into Woodland, that which is cleared and in cultivation, with some low grounds and grown up old Fields, is particularly adapted to corn, cotton, wheat, &c. produces well, and much of it lies admirably for manureing. The dwelling transport of the court of the Piazza and Cellar. 'Tis in complete order, situated in a beautiful grove of natural oaks and hickory, and in sight of the Depot. There is an office in the yard, 18 by 20 feet, with a chimney, The kitchen has 2 fire places and 4 rooms, good Smoke House and Dairy, with Crib, Stables, Carriage House and Black Smith Shop-pure Spring and Well water, and choice fruits, wir : the Scuppernong grapes, Almonos, Honey Cherries, Ap-

To any person seeking health, having children to educate, wishing to combine a farm and settle in a highly moral and cultivated community, the above property offers unusual inducements. On the same day I will also sell my crops of Corn, Fodder and Shucks—Horses—Cattle—Household and Kitchen Furniture, embracing Feather Beds and Bedsteads, Mattrasses, Bureaus, Sideboards, Chairs, Sofa, Piano, &c—1 Baronche and harness, Buggy and harness, I horse Wagon and gear,

Farming tools, &c., &c. Terms .- All sums under Ten Dollars cash over, 9 months credit. A cash payment of one Thousand Dollars will be required on the Land. the remainder in three annual payments, each note to carry interest from date. The sale will positively take place. WM, M. CRENSHAW.

Forestville, N. C., Nov 9th, 1855. 90 wow.

THE subscriber has resumed business, and is prepared to receive Consignments, fill order Merchandise, and forward Goods, as usual. PETER W. HINTON, Commission Merchant Norfolk, Va.

Norfolk, Nov. 8, 1855. Star please copy.

RS. N. B. SMITH, respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Raleigh and vicinity, that she is prepared to manufacture any kind of Ladies dresses in the latest style and most ele-gant manner. Also Gentlemen's apparel execu-ted with the greatest neatness and dispatch. All she asks is a fair trial. Charges very moderate Raleigh, Nov. 6, 1855. 89 tf.

BANK OF CAPE FEAR, 1 WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 22, 1855. JURSUANT to a Resolution of the Board of Directors of the Bank of Cape Fear, a meeting of the Stockholders of said Bank and also of the subscribers to the increased Capital Stock of said Bank, will be held at the Banking House in this place on Thursday, the 6th day of December next, for the purpose of deciding on the mode by which the excess beyond the par value of the shares of stock held by the present stockholders shall be ascertained.

THOS. H. WRIGHT, Pres't. Foundry and Machine Shop FOR SALE.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust, executed to me by Hall & Bollinger, if not previously disposed of, I will sell at public auction, on the 21st day of November, the Fayetteville Foundry and Machine Shop, with the following Tools:

One Engine Lathe, 12 feet; 1 do. 6 feet.

One Large Back Gear Hand Lathe; 1 small do. One Planing Machine; 1 Upright Drift; 1 Cut. ting Engine—all in first-rate order; 1 Fan, to-gether with Shafting Beles, &c. Also Sash and Blind Machines, Morticing Machines, and Saws. driven by Steam Engine, 12 horse power new together with a large lot of Patterns for Steam Engines, Corn and Wheat Mills, Circular and other Saw Mills, Pulleys, Hangers, Couplins, &c.; with a large tot Iron and Wooden Flasks. Also,

with a large lot fron and Wooden Flasks. Also, Blacksnith Shop and Tools, Iron and Steel; I Brick Building, 2 stories, 20 x 30.

To any one desirous of engaging in this business, a good opportunity now offers, as the Bail Road now building will want large quantities of work done during the coming year, and on River 8 to 10 steamers are constantly running thereon; in the county, 7 large Cotton Factories, and 160

Steam and Water Mills. Sale will be positive For other information, addressed walls will sail sail IOHN He HALL Trustee.

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