within our ated Amerihle to appear which he has lthough pur mal exertion e thrown the

his own art

unning at full a-novelty, we

we know, on

his intrepidi

g carry with the Liverpool extend their ing this period owns and cities

unt of encour.

in this com-

alks, but they

D ESTHER

in the highest

espatal of Per

se highest state

ection of the

tombs: "On

of Adar, in the

edecai and E

two benevolent

is of the late

his "Caravan

ed. The tombs

still very logi-

has given the

ime there we.

ow, of the name

nite, for Morde

hat name unde

h distinguished

great considera-

e pushe of all

t upon the van

valls in our mide

e country. Much edity banished and

will be men by

God, my timel

was the means of

ituation.

is was a thriving
d for the countr is

thy; but as ambi-tmerican organiza-re held out to our

rge section of land, and accepted the ation on which his sel. With his wife

his new home in

where, if in need of he was shut out is the hours of viak-riendly counsel and is entailed by that

he sickness of his h diarrhose, which,

r remedies to check had become chron-

quare built, rosy-

away to a peaked in the life of the

sorrows, a second

distant, were worth-

became so wesk

a victim to typhe pecked to be obliged their own children

ly cut a sovere gast ainful as to disable sany with his sick oung man of tweety-ck of billious challs.

his life, through his of his gun, that ac-rested on the mouth sred to a jelly. The on discovering the ricken as to become

ed wife and faithful

abe, too, was strick

his suffering family

ayer to God to help nisery, I commenced

cure. To the ohil

I gave ten drops :

tenned malk as a dist

body until a glow of fever hielded to the

ators, and the worst

applying the Relief

ers of these remedie

as in not providing

e two of the Regula

would have follow

applied after the

witnessed such jet

water all amigracu

o provide themselve G. A. C., Inleter of M. E. C.

frequent warning

Rendy Relief an

all diseases; and i

or injuries if a

e part of those em-lect to secure a sup-rants suffer more of

dreps of the Read

i pleasant and heal-dief and Regulators, ever, fever ague, (s

e disease. nd, that the R. R. R. ady Relief, Renova-

In a few moments

exernetating paror. No matter what

merful.

e of either of th

TURE.

The Raleigh Register.

PUBLISHED BY JOHN W. SYME. EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. At \$3.50 a Year. Payable in Advance : Or \$3,00 at the End of the Year.

"Gors' are the plans of fair delightful pence, Unwarped by party rage to live like brothers."

RALEIGH, N. C. SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 13, 1857.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS. Six months have elapsed since we became the Editor and Proprietor of this paper. As we did not buy any of the debts due to the office at the time of sale, we had nothing due to us which we could collect, and, therefore, we are considerably in advance to the office in paying its expenses. A good deal is now due to us, both for subscriptions and advertisements, and we respectfully call on those in arrears, to settle their accounts. Besides having paid the first instalment due on the purchase of the office, we have within the last week, as our friends will see, put the paper in new type, besides purchasing an amount of the best and most modern job material, which will enable us to do that description of work as well, and on as reasonable terms as can be obtained at any similar es-

Our personal and political friends will be pleased to know that the subscription list of the REGISTER has increased a good deal, and the other business of the office, to wit : advertisements and job work, in a similar ratio. No diminution of effort on our part to give satisfaction to our friends, will ever give we did not send him a copy; whereat he is as any one of them cause for parting company | much disgruntled as when we pursued the opposite

We would suggest to those who are in arrears for subscriptions, that by remitting the to state, that the Biblical Recorder, a respectable amounts due us they may save in the case of religious paper in Raleigh, has published Radthe Weekly 50 cents, and in that of the Semi-Weekly \$1; as \$3 will be charged for Editor of that paper has voluntarily sent us a writthe one, and \$5 for the other, at the expiration of one year from the date of subscrip- gentleman, and decidedly unlike the Editor of the

To SUBSCRIBERS IN GRANVILLE COUNTY. - We respectfully inform our subscribers in in the hands of COL. R. T. MITCHELL, who is our authorized agent in that county.

Col. MITCHELL may be found at his place of business in Oxford.

GOVERNOR OF KANSAS.

fore our readers the comments of the Richmond's South," on WALKER's address when taking the Executive Chair of the Territory of that standing and perchance add to his own sub-

We had expected that our neighbor of the says that WALKER had no right to " argue" the question, whether or not the soil and climate of Kansas are favorable to slavery, and he must have seen, as did the "South," that the drift of WALKER'S address, was to dis- us from any contact with it. courage and discountenance the efforts used to make Kansas, whose soil and climate are notoriously favorable to slavery, a slave Territory, and in the sequel a slave State, and at the same time encourage and give the countenance of his executive position to the advocates of "Free Kansas." Perhaps, however, the Editor of the Standard had not time to go further into the subject in his last issue, and we shall hear from him at another time. We warn him to be cautious what he does say. It is a ticklish position for him. He may, if not very careful, find himself as Kansas business, as he is on the questions of Distribution and the Pacific Railroad, for it in matters of this kind, renders the enquiry pertiis plain that if WALKER is a "propagandist nent to the purpose of my own redress, under a of Abolitionism." Mr. BUCHANAN is also a "propagandist of Abolitionism," as nobody out, or in defiance of, Mr. Buchanan's inba did so, either

ply, and may be necessary.

Your ob't serv't,

JOHN W. SYME. Mr. Buchanan must repudiate or remove him, or stand endorser for him. Which will he do 1 Nous perrons.

FIRE.

A fire broke out on Thursday evening in instant. Hargett Street, which together with the spread to the shed room of the dwelling-\$100. Considering that these structures Nour note. I will add, that "the tone and character" of the were both of wood, and water by no means article of which you speak, were fully warranted, super-abundant, we think the firemen, and in my opinion by the "tone and character" of those civizens who co-operated with them, deserve much credit for arresting the progress From the above it will be seen that the of a fire, which at one time, t. reatened to do Senior Editor of the Fayetteville Observer Egood deal of mischief. The fire was caused not only says that he will not consent to have by the accidental ignition of some shavings the issue between us settled in the mode in the kitchen

Besides this fire, we learn that the build- ticle of which we so justly complained, and ing on Halifax Street, at present occupied by for which we were as justly entitled to rethe Rev. Mr. SKINNER, took fire on Thurs- dress. We, therefore, leave it to an honest day afternoon from a burning chimney. The and discriminating public to determine whethroof was very dry, and took fire in several er a man has a right to shelter himself beplaces. Fortunately, those employed at the hind a profession of religion for the purpose Depot of the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad of assailing, with impunity, like a common discovered the fire, and hastening to the brawler and stabber of character, the reputa- ment at Wake Forest College. Thursday scene, soon extinguished it. tions of better men than himself.

A CARD.

server and in this paper, in reference to our falsehood. publication of a letter, written by Radway & Co., which the Fayetteville Observer pronounced libellous, and for publishing which, its Senior Editor threatened us with a prosecution, and at the same time declared his purpose of cutting the Register from his exchange list. Making from time to time what we deemed fitting replies to continued and oarse assaults upon us by the Editor of the bserver, we finally declared our purpose to take no further notice of the Fayetteville Observer, whereupon the Senior Editor of that paper published the following article, by some unexpected and pervasive disaster, high in point of decency and true christian feeling, stands unrivalled in the annals of ournalism!! Let a discriminating public read this, and while they do so, remember that the writer is an open professor of the faith of "the meek and lowly Jesus," and says:that at least upon one occasion, when asked o account for the compliments he likes so much to pay, has thrown himself behind

immunity from just punishment : The very conceited and particularly malignant F. F. V." who has lately secured possession of the editorial chair of the Raleigh Register, (to the great regret, as is well known, of many of his and promises an abundant harvest. Grass never party in this State,) is hard to please. After we looked better, and the prospects for a large crop struck his paper from our exchange list, having are very flattering indeed." casion to reply to some of his remarks, we sent im a copy of that paper. He lacked gentlemanly feeling enough to appreciate our motive in dong so. And therefore, when we had occaion once more to notice his paper incidentally, course. He now indulges in a column of low vulgar abuse, probably the inspiration of some grog

said profession of religion, and thus obtained

shop in Raleigh. He seems to be particularly pleased to be able way's tissue of lamenoods addressed to us. But he will be very careful not to state, that the Reverend ten explanation and apology for the publica-tion. Herein he acted like a Christian and a

The course of the Editor of the Register is of easy explanation. It has originated in one of the meanest feelings of human nature. Before he Granville, that they can find their accounts respect for the Observer and its Senior Editor .-It was only last Fall that he complimented the latter in the most emphatic manner,—if we recollect aright, for integrity, ability, influence, &c.—Now, since he has come to North Carolina, he has uddenly discovered that the aforesaid Senior Editor is in his "second childhood, when senility THE INAUGURAL ADDRESS OF THE a marvellous change in the Senior Editor in the hort space of eight months? Rather, what has We to-day redeem our promise to lay be-re our readers the comments of the Rich-Register? Simply, that the Editor, of the Register is not satisfied with his dwn position, and as found that the Observer has some standing in North Carolina, and he endeavors thus to impair scription list, by publishing a wretched batch of of falsehoods, manufactured by a patent pill man, refusing to admit our contradiction of those false "Standard" would have been more plain- boods, and telling his readers that the same Editor whom he had exalted to the skies eight months spoken on the subject of WALKER's address, ago is now in his second childhood. Then he had than he was in his last issue. It is true, he nothing to gain by impairing the standing of the and that the Register is. All this is of a piece with the morals of a man who proclaim's Radthis is the only thing he condemns, although | way's bundle of falsehoods "a genteel excoriation of the Editors of the Observer." If such be the standard of Virginia gentility, heaven preserve

Men of sober habits are not apt to reach the period of second childhood at the age of the Senior Editor of the Observer. We have sometimes heard that drunkards reached it at the age of the Editor of the Register, which is perhaps a few months, or even a few years, less. If second childhood be so near to him, it is scarcely wise in the Editor of the Register to make sport of it, for he cannot be far off from that state, even if he be

Upon the appearance of this article no alternative was left to us but the following course which speaks for itself:

E. J. HALE, Esq., Sir :- The tone and character of your article in relation to myself, which appeared in the Observer of the 4th instant, constrain me to enquire of you resorted to by gentlemen. Your previous course grievance that I cannot, with proper self-respect,

My friend, Dr. Cameron, will deliver this note to you, and is fully authorized to receive your reply, and take such further action in the premises

An exact conv.

JOHN W. STME, ESQ.,

the kitchen of Mr. DAVID ROYSTER, on If by your question, whether or not I will acin the manner usually resorted to by gentlemen, fast. smoke-house, was consumed. The flames you mean an invitation to fight a duel, I reply that my ideas of what gentlemen usually resort to, spread to the sned room of the dwelling-house, which was damaged to the amount of ply you evidently anticipated when you wrote

your own articles in relation to myself.

usual among gentlemen, but justifies the ar-

We are now done, and forever, with E. J. We trust that the readers of this paper will HALE, Senior Editor of the Payetteville Obindulge us in the natural wish every respect- server, and, in taking leave of him, turn him able man feels, to vindicate his character from over to the stings of that monitor which soon-

unjust and unprovoked assault. As the read- er or later will perform its office, and to the ers of the Register are aware, a series of artribunal of a just public opinion, before which ticles have appeared in the Fayetteville Ob- he must answer for malice, cowardice, and the Northern States, since the last Assembly,-

COMING HARVEST. \$1 40 to \$1 50. Flour at \$8 50 a barrel. and Lard at 20 cents per pound. Tough prices these for those whose means do not go up with the prices. But, thank Heaven, we have reason to look forward to speedy relief, as accounts from all the wheat growing sections of this State and Virginia, testify with great unanimity to the favorable prospect of an abundant harvest, which, if not marred must put down the price of breadstuffs.

From the North-west, North and East, the following are the joyful tidings: CROP PROSPECTS .- A letter from Perstomia,

Illinois, to the New York Tribune, dated June 1, "One of my neighbors has sown 200 bushels of

wheat extra, another 100, &c. The wheat crop

in this State never looked more promising than i

does to-day, and there is at least one-third more sown this year than ever before. It is so with the corn and everything else. Should nothing unforseen cut them off, this will be emphatically the year of great crops." A letter from Swanton, Vermont, says: "The seed has never been put in in better order,

Another correspondent writes from Ottawa. Illinois, June 1: "This portion of the State promises a good har-

fered materially from the hard winter, notwithstanding the farmers say they will have a fair Extract from a letter, dated Vergennes, Ver-

The winter wheat in many places has suf-

"Spring very backward; much rain has fallen; onsequenely all kinds of farm-work are far bevery little corn is planted and much less than the usual quantity of grain sowed. However, what little is up promises well. Grass is very fine, were slaveholders. With regard to the action of and farmers generally anticipate a large yield."

dated June 2d, says: "Farmers in this vicinity are sanguine of harvesting more than an average crop of wheat this of the church into an ecclesiastical despotism as season, both of winter and spring. Early in the spring, winter wheat looked bad, but the warm came into North Carolina, he expressed the highest | weather and copious rains have changed its appearance greatly, and now (June 1st) it looks better than for several years past at the same

> The Trenton (N. J.) American of the 6th says "A most extraordinary change has taken place in the appearance of the crops within the last two or three weeks, and fields of grain, which, in the middle of last month, promised but little yields, are now presenting a very different aspect. Grass fields are much improved also, and the general impression is that unless some unforseen occurrence happens to mar the present bright prospects, the early crop of the year will be more than

The New York Tribune says the accounts from The New York Tribune says the accounts from brethren are determined to continue it, we have all parts of the State indicate immense crops of deliberately and prayerfully come to the concluwheat, oats and hay.

SOUTH LOWELL MALE ACADEMY.

the above institution, a Catalogue of the places conveyances to the Academy can always be had. The School is under the man- George Painter, agement of Mr. JOSEPH H. SPEED, A. B., Wm. E. Caldwell, Principal, and MORTON VENABLE, Esq., As- Robert P. Rhea, sistant. The students attending the institu- Archer C. Dickerson. tion during the session which closed the present month numbered 66. The course of "Abolitionism" has thus won another grand 9th of July. Three Churches, a Methodist,

THE COMET'S DOINGS.

A farmer was met on the road the other day by an acquaintance, and after a mutual recognition, and the usual enquiries about health, &c., the acquaintance asked the farmer how crops looked in his section, to which question the latter answered that, in his neighborhood, they looked very well now, but didn't know how long such would be the case, as the Comet had got to the upper edge of Granville, and was injuring the crops, and he feared it would get over to his plantation cept an invitation to settle the issue between us before harvest as he heard it travelled mighty

> FOURTH OF JULY. The following gentlemen have been ap-

pointed a Committee of Arrangements for celebrating the approaching anniversary of our national independence : Dr. W. S. Bryan,

Dr. L. S. Perry, A. M. Gorman, Wm. White, Jr. Capt. J. Q. DeCarteret,

HEAVY EXPORT OF SPECIE. - The Arabia sailed from New York on Thursday, with 180 passengers and \$2,600,000 in specie. This is the largest shipment of specie from this country ever made at one time.

COMMENCEMENT AT WAKE FOREST COL-LEGE .- We shall endeaver to procure for our next paper, an account of the Commencelast was Commencement day.

ANOTHER BOND BROKEN.

One more link in the "Union"-the religious union-of North and South has just been snapped, -at Cleveland, Ohio. The New School Presbyterian General Assembly, recently in session there, having received a fresh infusion of the Abolition sentiment from the Churches and clergymen of could not resist the temptation to stir up the slave question anew,-and so, as soon as the legitimate

than in anger :-

HIGH PRICE OF RROVISIONS .- THE business of the Assembly was got rid of, such action was had, in reference to the Southern Churches, Corn meal is selling in this City at from as would hereafter make the "sin of slaveholding," the basis of discipline by the Courts of the Church. The Southern Churches refused to submit to this proceeding, and deeming it no longer consistent with the self-respect, or the good of the Church, to remain in fellowship with the brethren who had thus victually excommunicated them from the Assembly, have issued an address, setting forth the reasons which compelled the step,addressed to the Ministers and Churches in connexion with the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church. The address is calm and temperate throughout,-apparently written more in sorrow

been disposed to introduce this subject into the General Assembly would ere this have been convinced that no good could result to the church from this agitation-that it was alienating brethern of a common Christian faith, and was calculated to render the condition of the slave more undesirable, and to sunder the ties that bind our union to gether. In this regard we have been sadly disappointed. In consequence of the political agitation of the subject, and of the presure brought to bear upon them by Congregational Churches holding the most ultra Abolition sentiments, many of our Western Presbyteries have become more urgent in demanding progressive action of the Assembly They have not been satisfied with the past declarations of the Assembly. They have desired the Assembly to express its views of the sin of slaveholding so clearly that they can be made the basis of discipline by the courts of the Church. This action has now been virtually taken by the Assembly. Is has avowed the relation of master and servant-which necessarily involves the idea of property in the services of the latter—is a sin in the sight of God, and an offence in the sense in which the term is used in the Constitution of the Church. This declaration has been made, although onfessedly there is not the most remote allusion to slaveholding in our standards, and also with the knowledge of the fact that when our Constitution was adopted twelve out of the thirteen States were slaveholding States, and many of those who composed the Assembly of 1789, if not slaveholders byteries in which were churches whose members the General Assembly as a palpable violation of A letter from Columbia county, Wisconsin, the spirit and letter of the Constitution of the Church. The principle involved in it if carried into practice, would convert the highest judiciatory that which has distinguished the Church of Rome. It makes the Assembly not only the interpreter of law in an irregular way, but also the supreme legislature of the Church—a position which has been always repudiated by the Presbyterian

"Apart, therefore, from the disastrous con equences resulting from the agitation of the subt of Slavery in the General Assembly-destroying, as it does, our peace, keeping us in a state of scitement unfavorable to spiritual growth, and aralyzing our efforts to advance the cause of our edeemer through the channel of our admirable system of government—we consider that the Asembly has so far departed from the Constitution of the Church as to render our adherence to it undesirable and impossible. Having protested repeatedly against this agitation, and finding that our sion that, however painful it may be to us, the good of the Church and of the country required a separation from them. We shall hold our brethren, who have disturbed our peace by the introduction We have received from the Principal of of this vexed question into our judicatories, as alone responsible for the consequences of this division.

Annexed to this Protest is a call for a Presbytefor libelling us, and hopes to persuade some cred-ulous persons that the Observer is not worth having, following facts: The Academy building is to meet in Convention in the city of Washington, beautifully located in Orange county, 12 on the 27th day of August, 1857, for the purpose miles North-west of Durham's Station on the of consultation and of organizing a General As-North Carolina Railroad, and the same dis- sembly, in which, it will be distinctly understood, tance East of Hillsboro', at either of which the subject of slavery will not be introduced. The Frederick A. Ross, D. D., Michael S. Shuck, Jas. G. Hamner, D. D., Henry Matthews.

Peachy R. Grattan, George W. Hutchins, Elijah A. Carson,

study in South Lowell Male Academy is triumph. The Presbyterian Church has spilt on thorough, and the system of government ad- the same rock on which the Methodists, the Bapmirable. The Fall session will begin on the tists, and the Unitarians have lost whatever of National unity they could once boast. Let the pulpit-crusaders rejoice and be exceeding glad! Presbyterian and Baptist, are in close prox- The principle of "No union with slay cholders"imity to the School, and ministers of different annually reiterated and insisted upon by our "Asmuch at points with Mr. Buchanan on the whether or not you will accept an invitation to denominations preach on Sabbath at the sembly Room" negrophobists (Phillips, Garrison & Co.,)-meets a practical response from the Presbyterians too! Let the Beechers, the Cheevers, the Frothinghams, the Fosses, and the Kallochs call a love feast, and bid to it all the political highpriests of Republicanism, -who see in this progressive dissolution of the religious bonds, which hold North and South together, the preliminary tokens of that political and sectional disruption to which all their demagoguism unerringly tend .-New York Express.

THE BAPTIST ASSOCIATION AND THE

TRACT SOCIETY. By an almost unanimous vote, the Baptist Association of Virginia, on Monday, resolved to withdraw their countenance and support from the American Tract Society, in consequence of its recent action in relation to the slavery question.

which is one of a series of resolutions passed by cludes thus: the American Tract Society:

political aspects of slavery lie entirely without the proper sphere of this Society, and cannot be discussed in its publications; but that those moral the proper sphere of this Society, and cannot be discussed in its publications; but that those moral the property of th duties which grow out of the existence of slavery, have been forwarded by the French consul in as well as those moral evils and vices which it is Richmond." I make to the known to promote, and which are condemned in Scripture and so much deplored by evangelical Christians, undoubtedly do fall within the province of

that there was a pretty sharp hail storm at wishes to defend his motives for his course in Nica- je 13-3m\$1 s. m. P. z co.

THE AMERICAN PLATFORM.

The following is the platform of principles recently assembled at Louisville:

preme Being, for his protecting care vouchsafed to our fathers in their successful Revolutionary struggle, and hitherto manifested to us, their de scendants, in the preservation of the liberties, and the union of these States.

2d. The perpetuation of the Federal Union, a the palladium of our civil and religious liberties, and the only bulwark of American independence. 3d. Americans must rule America, and to this end native-born citizens should be selected for all State, Federal and municipal offices or government employment, in preference to all others;

4th. Persons born of American parents residing temporarily abroad should be entitled to all the rights of native-born citizens; but 5th. No person should be selected for political station (whether of native or foreign birth) who recognizes any allegiance or obligation of any description to any foreign prince, potentate, or power, or who refuses to recognize the Federal and State constitutions (each within its sphere) as paramount to all other laws, as rules to political

6th. The unqualified recognition and maintenance of the reserved rights of the several States, and the cultivation of harmony and fraternal "We had hoped that our brethern who have good will between the citizens of the several States, and to this end, non-interference of Congress with questions appertaining solely to the inividual States, and non-intervention by each

State with the affairs of any other State. 7th. The recognition of the right of the native orn and naturalized citizens of the United States, permanently residing in any territory hereof, to frame their constitution and laws, and o regulate their domestic and social affairs in their wn mode, subject only to the provisions of the Federal Constitution, with the privilege of admision into the Union whenever they have the requisite population for one Representative in Conrress. Provided always, That none but those who are citizens of the United States, under the constitution and laws thereof, and who have a fixed sidence in any such territory, ought to particionte in the formation of the constitution, or in the nactment of laws for said Territory or State. 8th. An enforcement of the principle that no State or Territory ought to admit others than citizens of the United States to the right of suffrage,

or of holding political office. 9th. A change in the laws of naturalization, making a continued residence of twenty-one years, of all not hereinbefore provided for, an indispensable requisite for citizenship hereafter, and excluding all paupers, and persons convicted of crime, from landing on our shores; but no interference with the vested rights of foreigners. 10th. Opposition to any union between Church and State; no interference with religious faith or

11th. Free and thorough investigation into any and all alleged abuses of public fuctionaries, and a strict economy in public expenditures. 12th. The maintenance and enforcement of all. aws constitutionally enacted, until said laws shall

be declared unil and void by competent judicial 13th. Therefore, to remedy existing evils, and prevent the disastrous consequences otherwise re-sulting therefrom, we would build up the American party upon the principles hereinbefore stated.

14th. That each State Council shall have authority to amend their several constitutions, so as to abolish the several degrees, and institute a pledge of honor, instead of other obligations for fellowship and admission into the party. 15th. A free and open discussion of all political principles embraced in our platform.

We learn from the Hillsboro' Recorder that John A. Gilmer, and Maurice Q. Waddell, Esqs., the former the regular candidate of the American Party in the 5th District, the latter independent American candidate, attended the Court last week at Graham, and that a proposi-tion was made by Mr. Gilmer that both of them should withdraw, and that another Convention should be called, to consist of one member from each captain's district, and that the question should be decided by them which should be the candidate; but this was objected to by Mr. Waddell, as were also one or two other propositions. As no accommodation could be effected, Mr. Gilmer announced his acceptance of the nomination made by the late Convention, and Mr. Waddelj presented himself as an independent candidate and both of them addressed the meeting in support of their respective claims, with an apparen letermination to persevere until the end of the

In connection with this subject we notice that the following letter to the editors of this paper :-Mr. Waddell has made appointments to address the people of Person county, at Roxboro', on Tuesday of the County Court. Also, at Caswell Court House, on Tuesday of the County Court of that County.

We are living out of the District it is true, but our interest in the canvass is none the less strong. We do not see at this present what Mr. Waddell expects to accomplish by the course he has thought proper to pursue. He cannot be elected, and he may alienate many friends. We do not regard his opposition at all serious, but why should he occupy an antagonistic position at all?-Wilming-

Jefferson Randall, who had been sent from Rockingham county, Va., by a Vigilance Committee for numerous lawless acts, such as burning barns, robberies, and planning the assassination of certain prominent citizens in that county, returned there on Friday last. He was immediately arrested by the Vigilance Committee and held in custody to see if he could not be surrendered into the hands of the law on legal proof. Not being able to ac-complish that object, the committee, on Tuesday, took him out and hung him on a tree until he was dead., Randall was a man of extraordinary physical strength, and when captured was armed with a gun and pistol, but did not offer any resistance to his captors. Jones, ason in-law of Randall's was also in custody of the committee, and was to have been hung yesterday.-Richmond

THE FRANCO-GERMAN SETTLERS IN VIRGINIA. A letter published in the Courier des Etats Unis of Saturday, says the colonists sent out by the The cause which impelled the Baptist Associa- Franco-German Emigration company, whose prin- con by which they may steer around a fate similar tion of Virgina in the course which they have cipal settlement is at Wytheville, Virginia, are to my awful condition. pursued may be found in the following paragraph in a state of destitution and disorder. It con-

"The undersigned were formerly members of that settlement, but were compelled to leave
That in the judgment of your Committee, the Wytheville to escape destitution; and we are now

his farm in that County, on Wednesday evening. He was not aware of how far the storm extended.

Instead of a hail storm, this section was visited by a most refreshing rain, which we ragua, and to learn if the Administration sustains Capt. Davis in his conduct in assisting the Costa Ricans, by making a coup de grace against him. He will be heard, but it is known that Mr. Buchanan approves the course of Capt. Davis, under the instructions he had from the late Secretary of the Navy, but does not approve the tenor of those inragua, and to learn if the Administration sustains Instead of a hail storm, this section was visited by a most refreshing rain, which we hope was general.

Will be neard, but it is known that Mr. Buchanau Phillips, Professor 200 pp. 12mo.:

Navy, but does not approve the tenor of those instructions.

Burney to 11 ad Mars who kind on the A

The graduate and the second of the second

THE WASHINGTON RIOTS. A Washington correspondent of the Richmond ing the inability of the Democratic party to ward adopted by the American National Convention | Whig, writing over the signature of "Justice," off Northern aggression from the South says:

gives the following account of the recent election lst. An humble acknowledgement to the Su- riot in that city, at which some ten or a dozen peaceable citizens were shot down by a band of

WASHINGTON, June 8, 1857. To the Editors of the Richmond Whig: GENTLEMEN-It is not at all surprising that the press throughout the country should join in by the 21st rule. It has been incompetent to give the hue and cry of denunciation against the Americans of this city, on account of the recent disgraceful and criminal transactions in the 4th ward of the city. I say it is not at all surprising—it is what might be expected from the statements of the facts and circumstances given by the papers of Fillmore being supported by a portion of the North this place, every one of which, sympathising with in the late Presidential election, it would have utthe anti-Americans, have given accounts of the | terly failed to prevent the election of a sectional disturbances—riot, if you please—which happened on the day of the municipal election, which are strongly tinged with their own feelings rather than such as accord with the facts; nor have the Americans here a paper through which they can be heard and contradict the gross and wilful misrepresentations indulged in by some of the admin-

istration journals, and acquiesced in by others. That there were some few young men and boys here from Baltimore, who are known as Know Nothings, no one will deny; but their number was small, and, so far as I can learn, they came here "upon their own hook" and responsibility; but I am also assured by those upon whose veracity I rely, that there were a much greater number of anti-Know Nothings here from the same city, quite as ready for a riot as those of the other side; but the papers here, whose indignation against the "Plug Uglies" is so exceedingly strong, have not lisped a word about the Empire Club from Baltimore. That there was a disturbance at one of the polls of the 4th ward, early in the morning, is not denied; but it was not of that riotous character which has been represented. It was soon quelled and order restored; and at the time the Marines were sent for and came on the ground, I have Democratic authority for saying that there was no disturbance whatever, all was quiet, and the voting was go-ing on peaceably and orderly. There was no dis-turbance at any time that could not be quelled by s small police force in fifteen minutes. The cannon or small swivel, which about twenty boys brought from the Navy Yard, did not leave the yard until after the Marines were marched off, and it was not fired at all. It was taken by the Marines before they fired upon the people, and con-sequently before any one was killed. The calling for the Marines by the Mayor is unhesitatingly cendemned by some of his own active personal friends, two of whom, at least, have declared that the killing of those men near the poll was murider; and one of the two added, "without any palliating circumstances-a most atrocious mur-

One would suppose by the outcry that has been raised against "the bloody Know-Nothings," that they had got possession of the whole city, and were burning the houses and massacreing the inhabitants, without regard to age or sex; when in truth, the disturbance was a mere momentary one, and not more threatening than those that

very often occur at elections. I learn to-day that the Secretary of War has taken the rifles from the American Rifle company. upon the pretence that they were not safe in the Armory of this company, which is a room in the City Hall | But I have not learned that he has taken the arms in their possession from the Montgomery Guards, an Irish company, though their armory is in a building, part of which is occupied as a livery stable! This is enough to show the animus of the alministration towards Americans and trishmen; and it will show why the request of for \$37 75 to McEnery & McCulloch.

the Mayor for a company of marines was made, 1 hhd made by J. H. Wright, sold by Martin, Bro.

and so promptly complied with.

I am informed that on the morning of the elec-& Co., brought \$15 25. tion day there were but 59 marines at the Navy yard, but it is known that 110 were on the ground at the time they fired upon the people. It is said that the number was made up by taking Irish-men out of the work-shops at the Yard and putting them into American uniforms! And these are the men to fire upon and kill peaceable, inoffensive American citizens!

[From the Louisville Democrat.] HAWKINS, THE MURDERER.

Some weeks ago we published a brief account of the eventful career of Edward W. Hawkins, convicted of the murder of the two officers in Estill county. He paid the penalty of his high B. W. Elmore, Esq., or either of the firm, for settlement. D. M. PULLIAM, murder was committed. The same day upon which the unfortunate man was hanged, he wrote

SAD VOICE FROM A DISHONORED GRAVE.

IRVINE, Ky., May 29, 1857. Mesars. Editors:—I see in your last issue a piece styled "Incidents in the Life of a Felon," and as there are various inaccuracies in it, I wish to point them out to you, and hope you will himself he can give any satisfaction required, by his corect them. I am a felon, it is true, and am senformer patrons. Liberal advances made. Safe and tenced to death, which debt I imagine I will this day pay. The first error is—that I am 22 years old; I will not be 21 years old until the 11th day of July next (1867.) Your next error is—that all my wives are a live; alas! one of them, young, beautiful, and lovely as she was, committed suicide on account of the enormous deception l had practiced upon her.

Your next error is-you say I am the grandson MITTEE IN ROCKINGHAM COUNTY VA. of Tom Harper; I have no connections of that name. Your next error is—that you say I killed a commanding officer in the regular army; this is not true. Your next error is—that I number my murdered victims by the half dozen; I have only murdered four persons in my life. I have married the six women, as stated in your article. I have committed the many other felonies—and more than alluded to by you. I hope you will correct the above named errors, or give this piece a place in your paper.

I have written out a full and complete history

of my life, from the age of ten years to the pre-A. W. Quinn and others, for publication, which I imagine will be published, and which is a true and carefully prepared history of all my crimes and other incidents of my unfortunate life, from ten years old to the present time, and, alas! to my sor-row and deep mortification, will exhibit more numerous and a greater degree of crime than was ever committed by one so young. I will take occasion (as my last effusion) to exhort the young and rising generation to read my awful history

Very respectfully, your dying countryman, E. W. HAWKINS.

A man was recently arrested in Albany on harge of stealing his daughter's ear-rings to bet

TEW YORK CLOTHING .-- JENNINGS, Scripture and so much deplored by evangelical Christians, undoubtedly do fall within the province of this Society, and can and ought to be discussed in a fraternal and Christian spirit.

GEN. WALKER.—Advices received in Washington from reliable sources in New Orleans state ington from reliable sources in New Orleans state would particularly recommend to the trade the many that the Nicaraguan hero, Gen William Walker, who is expected in Washington City a day or two hence, is going there for the purpose of seeing the President and the members of the Cabinet. He President and the members of the Cabinet. He Advices received in Washington of buyers to their very large and well-selected stock for the Fall Trade. They would particularly recommend to the trade the many late improvements introduced in style and finish as who is expected in Washington City a day or two hence, is going there for the purpose of seeing the President and the members of the Cabinet. He Advices received in Washington City and well-selected stock for the Fall Trade. They would particularly recommend to the trade the many late improvements introduced in style and finish as who is expected in Washington City a day or two hence, is going there for the purpose of seeing the President and the members of the Cabinet. He

The Charleston Mercury in an article declar-"We do not believe that the Democratic party is competent to protect the rights of the South. It has been incompetent for forty years to give us a just constitutional Tariff. It has been incompetent to defeat the plunder of Internal Improvements made by the General Government. It has been incompetent, with a unted South supporting them, to keep Abolition agitation out of Congress the South equal rights in California. It has been incompetent to secure to the South the recovery of her fugitive slaves in the North, and it has been incompetent to give the South fair play in Kansas. But for adventitious circumstances, such as Mr.

THE BUNKER HILL CELEBRATION .- Ex-Preident Fillmore and Ex-President Pierce have both accepted invitations to attend the Bunker Hill Celebration in Boston, on the 7th instant .-Lt. Gen. Scott, snother invited guest, will be cecorted to Boston by the National Guards, of New York, and on arriving at the former city will be escorted to his quarters by the National Lancers, Ex-President Tyler has also been invited by both Branches of the Massachusetts Legislature and the Bunker Hill Society to participate in the

BAPTISM .- The ordinance of Baptism was administered on Saturday last by Rev. T. E. Skinner, Pastor of the Baptist church in this city, to twelve candidates - six white and six colored.

Total course out in a boundary from a MARRIED.

In this City, at Lawrence's Hotel, on Thursday the 11th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Wheeler, Mr. John E. CLARKE and Miss ANNA SOUTHALL, both of

On the 27th ult., at the residence of Calvin Graves, Esq., by the Rev. Thos. W. Tobey, Mr. HUGH K. REID to Miss CAROLINE H. GRAVES.

E NTERTAINMENT AT OAKS' WARE-HOUSE.—On yesterday, a large crowd of buyers and invited guests assembled at the above named warehouse to attend the sale of the celebrated Vessy crop of Tobacco. After which the enterprising inspectors, Messrs. BAPTIST & JACKSON, served up a fine Barbecue, which was relished by every one present. -We give below the prices for the erop:

Fine Sales of Tobacco-A. M. & J. H. Veasey's crop of Granville County, N. C. 1 hbd Lugs, No. 1504- Nett weight 1210 lbs. sold for \$11 25 to W. H. Beasley. 1 hhd Lugs, No. 1505—Nett weight 1445 lbs., sold 1 hhd Leaf, No. 1512-Nett weight 1130 lbs., sold for \$18 to Gilman & Co. 1 hhd Leaf, No. 1513-Nett weight 980 lbs., sold for

\$27 to McEnery & McCulloch. J. H. Veasey's Crop. 1 hhd Leaf, No. 1506-Nett weight 1015 lbs., sold 1 hhd Leaf, No. 1597—Nett weight 1080 lbs., sold for \$16 25 to Brooks, Williams & Co. 1 hhd Leaf, No. 1608-Nett weight 1020 lbs., sold for \$31 50 to McEnery & McCulloch.

A. M. Vensey's Crop. 1 hhd Lugs, No. 1509-Nett weight 1395 Ibs., sold for \$15 50 to Brooks, Williams & Co. I hhd Leaf, No. 1510-Nett weight 1395 lbs., sold for \$26 to Gilman & Co.

1 hhd Leaf, No. 1511-Nett weight 1320 lbs., sold

The above sales were made at Oaks' Warehouse and were followed by an excellent collation, with suitable refreshments sorved up by the Inspectors, Messrs. Baptist & Jackson, which was participated in by a large number of persons, including buyers, planters and cit-

The 10 hhds of Vessey's weighing 12,065 lbs .- Nett One of the hbds weighing 1320 lbs-Nett, brought \$498 30.—Petersburg Intelligencer. je 13-1t

THE FIRM OF PULLIAM & DAVIS having been dissolved by mutual consent, either partner is authorised to use the name of the firm in settling up the business. The books of the firm are in the hands of B. W. Elmore, Esq., who is also authorised

to settle up their business.

All persons indebted to the concern will please call on Wall Street, Richmond, Va-

AUCTION AND COMMISSION HOUSE FOR SALE OF NEGROES ONLY.

M. PULLIAM & Co., somet the pairon-age of their friends generally, and pledge them-selves to use their best endeavors to advance the interest M. PULLIAM & Co., solicit the patronof all persons leaving property in their hands for sale.

D. M. Pulliam, the senior partner in the concern, having been in the business for the last fifteen years, flatters healthy places to confine Slaves; board 30 cents per day, always to be found at the old stand, on Wall street, Richmond, Va. A competent person will always be at the Cars or Boat, to take charge of negroes on arrival.
D. M. PULLIAM,
Richmond, je 5 A. C. PULLIAM.

SEA BATHING .-- CHESAPEAKE HALL, HAMPTON, VA.—This "Summer Retreat," only two miles from Old Point, will be re-opened on the 1st of June, when the proprietor will be happy to see any of his friends who may wish to enjoy salt water bathing, and the luxuries of the Seaboard. The Hail has been much improved and beautified, and ample-prepartions made for the comfort and pleasure of all who may visit this delightful resort.

Boats, Fishing, Pleasure Carriages, &c., always in readiness to contribute to the enjoyment of guests.

R. G. BANKS.

A Profitable and honorable employment!—The subscriber is desirous of having an agent in each county and town of the Union. A capital of from \$5 to \$10 only will be required, and anything like an efficient, energetic man can make from three to five dollars per day. Every information will be given by addressing, with a stamp to pay return letter. W. A. KINSLER, je 13—1twpd Box 1228 Phila., Pa., Post Office. SODA FOUNTAIN FOR SALE...-WE offer for sale a very superior Soda Apparatus, very low. Soda Water can be made with it either by the new or old style. It originally cost four hundred and fifty dollars. We now offer it for less than half.

CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY! --

Oxford, je 13-3tw MUSIC SCHOOL.--RALEIGH, N. C.-The second session of Mrs. H. WHITAKER'S
Music School will commence on the second Monday in July next. Piano or Guitar thoroughly taught. Concert given at the close of each quarter.

A ALUM MASS ... I WOULD CALL THE A sttention of invalids to an excellent article of ALUM MASS I have for sale, which is obtained from the water by a process of evaporation. It is warranted to contain all the valuable properties of alum water at one-fourth of the cost, and it can be conveniently sent

by mail.

One ounce to one gallon of pure spring water will make it the strength of the water at the Springs.

Price 50 cents per ounce; less by the pound. Libe-

ral discount to the trade.

N. P. RIVES, Druggist,

Petersburg, je 13

No. 197 Powell's Row.

A RTHUR'S CELEBRATED SELF-SEALING CANS and JARS, for preserving fresh fruits, tomatoes, &c. Received and for sale at je 13 LITCHPORD, SHEPARD & CO.'S. TCE CREAM IN A HURRY!--MASSER'S Five Minute Proceers, for Ice Cream. Operation

is—result certain—at
13 LITCHFORD, SHEPARD & CO.'8. BUTTER, HAMS, LARD, MACARONI, &c., received by the last train, and for sale by je 13 LITCHFORD, SHEPARD & CO.

the state of the state of THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 2 IN COLUMN 2

sure of scrofuls, helt is in cases where medicines will do po g Resolvent proves ladies; such as eraprash ring-worm, sali impure blood, it will c diseases it is sure

ille in use. If the egulators superior to it us to introduce pille in the market, uch wonderful curs-cinal principles like ire a purge take one their use the weak and those who take