## RALEIGH, WEDNESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 20, 1858.

PUBLISHED BY JOHN W. SYME EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR AT \$2.00 a Year, Payable in Advance. \$2,50 if paid during subscription year; and

"Ours' are the plant of full delightful peace, Unwarped by party rage to live like brothers.

RALEIGH, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 16.

administration make as perfect a break down for Virginia say as Mr. Buchanan's. Capt. Tyler abandoned pared with that of Mr. Buebanan, which was awhat next." installed amidst the plaudits of his own vietorious friends, and which, to all human appearances, bade fair to be smooth, easy and We are glad to observe that resolutions of Buchanan's whole life proves him to be a tion. The Lynchburg Virginian remarks: both on the Kansas and Nicaragua difficulties, and, on the former question, has been followed by that consistent (!) Democrat and demagogue, the Governor of Virginia.

granted to States and corporations, with the date of such grants, and for what purpose granted.—
The amount paid to the States as a per centage on receipts from sales of the public lands—and the quantity yet remaining unsold.

"A similar resolution was offered in the last Congress by Mr. Carlife, but the Secretary, under

We shall to-day let the quarreling Democ-

The Governor rarely writes without producing a sensation : but, for this performance, we venture to predict an unexampled effect on the public mind of the country. From one end of the South to the other it will be read with astonishment and mortification. From one end of the North to the

The pro-slavery party in Kansas have just schieved an unexpected and decisive triumph - feasances of the party in power. They have organized a State Government, and have incorporated slavery into their political syssion of Kansas with the Lecompton Constitution. party. In support of the measure, they are not a fillibuster, nor a sympathizer with fillibusministration who contend that, inasmuch as the unimaginable troubles and dangers.

At this stage of the struggle, when we begin to anticipate a triumph for the Administration, the gue as Paulding or the President. Democracy and the Union, Gov. Wise comes forward, and, by stigmatizing the work of the Leaccomplish. Astonishing development indeed! No wonder the Black Republican pross betray such excess of joy as is manifest in the subjoined arti-cle from the New York Daily Times—the special organ of Wm. H. Seward. No wonder they ex-ult in the glery of anticipated triumph over the we are at peace. Administration, the Democracy and the South! Fortunately, the Legislature is in session. Gov. Wise invokes the name of the "Virginia Democracy" in support of his position. Let the representatives of the Virginia Democracy in the Legislature accept the issue. Let them, by a prompt and emphatic action, give assurance to the faithful men in the North who stand by the Administratution. Let them rally to the support of the Southern Representatives in Congress. Let them sustain the Administration in the policy upon public mind, and the Democracy of the State have olution.

a right to expect that their representative will place them in a correct position before the coun-A regal control made and

Democrat has to say

Tammany Society, of New York, which we puoginia with the profoundest mortification-not to any indignation. We cannot trust ourselves to say indignation. We cannot trust ourselves to speak of it, so the instinctive promptings of the Southern heart require. Respect for the Chief Executive of the Commonwealth, alone restrains us from giving vent to feelings, which its perusal has inspired in our breast. Had such a production emanated from a private citizen of Virginia, however eminent for talents and ability, it would have a regular but a transfery influence would have exercised but a transitory influence

Democratic party of Virginia, it is well calculated.

receive it with one spontaneous outburst of indig-uant abborrance: the North will welcome it with

Thirdly, we shall show what the Raleigh Standard thinks. It, is inquisitive. Just

to the Democrats of Tammany Hall, New York, in which he takes ground that the Lecompton Constitution, and not the slavery clause only should have been authoritied to the people; and he speaks if the schedula providing for the vote on slavery only as "unvoiced trickery and shameless fraud. In other words, he has taken ground substantially with Judge Douglas and against the administration of Mr. Bucharan, so for as the selection of the selection of

rms. What next? What will the Democracy

those who gave him the office which opened | "what next?" If you don't know, you'll too, at the determination of the Democracy the door to the Presidency, and never did soon fed "what next." Your party is split- to hold their State Convention at Charlotte. have any party of his own while President, sing to plece, and nothing short of a miracle. It is currently reported to be a movement His administration cannot, therefore, be com- can keep infrom Davy Jones' locker. That's against our friend and neighbor, citizen

THE PUBLIC LANDS.

comfortable. Why, then, this awful break Logislature upon the subject of land appropriadown in the very outset? There are two tions by Congress. We hope the dominant party We must exert ourselves; we must write to reasons; one personal to the man and the will at least throw no obstacles in the way of a our friends to be present in full delegations; other to the party who elected him. Mr. full and thorough investigation of the whole ques- to look strong and talk big; to press our ser-

wavering, unprincipled, nerveless man, and Carolina, has made a move in the right direction, the party which elected him are bound by no ties towards in exposure of the infamous system of to him but the one of selfish interest. When essential to this interest, they he sitate not one moment to ent loose from him, and turn him and turn him we see that Donglas has cut loose from him,

some pretence or other, refused to communicate We shall to-day let the quarreting Democ- the information. Ho was a Michigan man, and racy speak through our columns, beginning was probably unwilling to make public how much with the following article from the Richmond his own State had profited by the awindle. It is own state had pro -In another column of this paper the reader will | are cleaked under this land system, and how vilfind a letter from Gov. Wise to the Tammany So- | Isinously the old States have been defrauded of their nights in the premiser."

This is truly a movement "in the right direction," and we hope that Mr. Gilmer will persevere in travelling in that direction. He is one of a small, but patriotic band, who, death by widlence. other it will be read with astonishment and exul- | though feeble in mumbers, can yet do, and

We see that Mr. Gilmer is reported as is now in jail. Your shedient servant. tem by a deliberate vote of the people. President justifying Commodore Paulding on the ground Buchanan avows himself in favor of the admis- that he acted under secret instructions from Every member of his Cabinet writes a letter to the Government. Should this turn out to the same effect. Indeed, the position of the Ad-1 be the case, of course Paulding should be pute. They arge the admission of Kansas with exonenated In I all the censure fall where it the Lecompton Constitution as the obvious solu-! is most justly due, on Mr. Buchanan We tion of that pertentons difficulty which threatens hope we need not say that we are neither son was the murderer; he has been for some time

only sustained by the united Democracy of the ters. Paulting's act, whether committed by down with an axe, and his mother was killed that it had passed resolutions similar to those now South, but by a host of true and fearless patriots in the North. On the other side, aff the elements authority or without authority, was a filli- with a skillet. He then cut their hearts out, and Mr. Deneale said the resolutions professed to of Black Republicanium are arrayed in flores resistance to the Lecompton Constitution. They denounce it as a fraud; they prepare to oppose it, peace with us, and undertook to say what intended to have killed his sister but fortunately, by force of arms. They will; not heed the Ad- was, and what was not the legal government she escaped. The murderer is in custody and has slavery issue was submitted to the popular vote, of it. If Walker, therefore, is a fillibuster, confessed the act. the Abelitionists have no just cause of complaint. so is Paulding, or Buchanan, if he gave the They persist in their policy of violence and rovo-lution at the hazard of involving the country in former instructions to do what he did. Walker had quite-as much right to invade Nicara-

Since the above was written, we learn lution : from a telegraphic despatch in Wednesday's compton Convention as "a usurpation," as "un- from a relegraphic despatch in wednesday sveiled trickery and shameless [gaud, 2 arrays all Petersburg Intelligencer that Fort Castillo the influence of his personal character, official po-sition and sectional locality against the only fair, and the River steamers had been surrender-of the United States near the government of Nicjust and satisfactory settlement of the Kansas con- ed by Cel Anderson to the U. S. Steam troversy which the South can possibly expect to Frigate Susquehanne. So the Administra the revocation of the contract of the Accessory them to the earth. tion, without the authority of Congress, the

"What part will Roseius next enact !"

PRODIGALITY IN PUBLIC PRINTING Congress for the Public Printing, by which tion and the South in the struggle, that the De- party favorities are enviched, and the memmocracy of Virginia will not desert them in the bers furnished, at the expense of the people, about \$6,000; hour of nobel. Let them declare to the Democra- with libraries, may be gained from the foladmission of Kansas with the Lecompton Consti- lowing proceedings in the House of Representatives on Monday:

In the House of Representatives, some time was which it stakes its existence. By every obligation of regard for the interests of the South, the party and the Administration, the Democracy of Virginia are bound to make manifest their position on the dominant issue of the day. The Executive of the State has thrown his opinion and his influence in the selective of the state and the selective of the State has thrown his opinion and the influence in the selective of the day. With equal propriety may the Levislature give utterance to propriety may the Legislature give utterance to and there was a probability that a million would its sentiment. The voice of the General Assembly will exert as potent an authority over the been finished. The strange refused to pass the res-

Now it must be remembered that this is a reported deficiency. What was the amount We shall next show what the South-Side estimated? These sums added will show an amount of money for Congressional printing, Gov. Wis as Profest against the Lecoupton | which may well make the people look aghast. Constitution. The letter of Gov. Wise to the Not less than \$8,000,000 will foot this lish this morning, will fill the Democracy of Vir. Printer's Bill; an amount six times larger than the revenue raised in this State.

PURCHASE OF MOUNT VERNON.-It is stated that unwards of seventy-five thousand dollars has already been raised, and put out at interest, of the sum required for the purchase of Mount Vernon. Two hundred thousand dollars is the sum demanded for the land and buildings. upon the vital issue, which is pending before the country; but coming as it does from the head of the State and arrogating the high sanction of the

SUPERDE OF AN EX-PRESIDENT .- Dr. A. Jones, John Bishop of the Pilot House, in this place, ex-President of Texas, committed suicide at Hous- served up the first of the season yesterday. - Will to make an unexampled sensation from one end ton, on the 8th inst., by blowing out his brains. "Journal."

of the confederacy to the other. The South will DID LOU EVER SEE SUCH A WINTER THE LECOMPTON CONSTITUTION, IN | In view of the fact that the Democratic State This is a question which one hears on all

er in my life." As an exception, we beg leave to state that we remember a winter which was milder than the present has been WHAT NEXT? -Gov. Wice has written a letter thus far. The winter of 1827-'28 was the Resolved, By the General Assembly of Virginia, we remember that a gentleman in this State 2d. Resolved, That Congress has no right to look further into the constitution submitted by Wilmington, a valuable horse, who sank upder the heat of the weather. It is much to stitution is Republican in its form.

ANTI-HOLDEN MOVEMENT. "What next?" Why, don't you know We feel very indignant, sye, patriotically the resolutions up.

Mr. Thomas opposed the suspension of the rule. Holden, and in favor of Judge Ellis. If citizen Holden had consulted us we could have shown him how to block the game that is played against him. It may be, however, that it is not too late now to win the game. vices to the party, and consequent claims on its favors and rewards; to show how many great big men we have made out of the very

> SHOCKING MURDER. Wilmington Journal with the following account

WHITEVILLE, N. C., Jan. 8, 1858. comes my painful duty to make known a most | heard a gentleman in Washington—a member of foul and brutal murder committed in this county | the Democratic party—pronounce it a "profound husband went to see what the matter was, (about two hours after dark) and to his great surprise. found her lying on one end of the pile of logs completely consumed, all but her legs and fee helow the knees. I was called on to hold an inquest this day, and summoned a jury, and after a would be called, that clause stricken out, and then close examination, the jury rendered a verdict of there were to be enjoyed the fruits of this—he had

Suspicion rested on a negro man by the name of Joe the property of Mr. Neally. I had him will do yeoman service in exposing the mal- arrested, and on his way to jail, he acknowledged the fact. He says he struck her three times with

CHESTER BOCK WELL Coroner of Columbus county, N. C.

HORRIBLE MURDER IN CANADA, -A most atrocious murder was committed at Poolville, four aged over seventy years, were the victims. Their insane. He killed his father by knocking him other on the stove, eating a portion of it. He

LET THERE BE LIGHT! Will some worthy son "of the sunny South, and "true to its fires," in the popular branch of Congress, move the following, or a similar reso-

Resolved, That the President be and is hereby requested to communicate to this House a copy of a dispatch, together with the documents by which it aragua to the Hon. W. L. Marcy, in relation to Transit Company, negotiated by Joseph L. White. Mr. Rives gave as a reason for the introduction Let us have the scaled, book opened! Like a of the subject into the Senate, the fact that the

THE COURT HOUSE OF PITT COUNTY DES-TROYED BY FIRE .- A correspondent of the Pe-Some idea of the lavish expenditures by of Pitt county, situated in Greenville, was entire- their wishes on this subject. ly destroyed by fire on the night of the 7th inst. The question coming up on laying the resolu-All of the documents in the building except those ing vote: in the Register's office, were lost. The loss is

> FROM WASHINGTON - Among the documents in regard to Central American affairs sent to the House of Representatives on Tuesday by the President was one from the Nicaraguan ministers thanking the government for Com. Paulding's conduct in taking away Walker and his followers. Nathan Clifford was coulirmed Tuesday by the Senate as associate justice of the Supreme Court of the U. S. 00 Le

Town Election .- At an election held in this town on Monday for Mayor and Commissioners, the following gentlemen-bave been elected: Archibald McLean, Esq., Mayor.

Ward No. 1, J. Sundy.

" 3, E. L. Pemberton: 4. J. McCilicary. 5. A. A. McKethan. 6. Wright Huske.

This is the American Ticket, and is the same as Maj. McLean .- Payetteville Argua.

General William Walker, of Nicaragua celebrity is in Richmond, Va., the guest of Roger A. Pryor. A dinner was given him at the American Hotel, on Thursday evening last.

Shall have made their appearance in our river, this season, at an unusually early period. Mr. Louisia W Cl

sides. Of course, everybody responds whey- . The following debate wich occurred in the Senate | the holding of a Convention to nominate a can-

mild, but a good deal of it was absolutely message, in favor of the admission of Kansas into bot. Vast quantities of pork were lost, and the Union under the Lecompton constitution, nst and richt

ted into this Union, than to see that the said con-

Mr. Welch moved to suspend the rules and take

He wanted time to consider the resolutions. He had come here to attend to the affairs of the Commonwealth, and found himself called on to act in affairs which concerned the Federal Government. He thought also it was but fair that the Democratic majority in the Senate should give the minority an opportunity of deciding on the action proper in the case.

Mr. Old was astonished when the gentleman said we had better be attending to the affairs of the people, He thought that Senators were attending to the interests of their constituents when they were considering this question. He could not ap preciate the call for time at this late day. The subject had been discussed-thoroughly discussed the press and people for the last eight months, and almost every one was familiar with its merita. It had been said that it belonged to the Federal Union; but he thought it affected every individual in the State; and as individuals had expressed their opinions, he could not see why the General smallest materials, &c., &c., &c. This we must do, and we must be up and doing at once. We haven't a minute to spare.

Assembly of Virginia could not with propriety take the same step. He could see no reason why the Assembly should be trammelled. A suspension of the rules was a very common affair, and he could not agree in the objections now raised. Mr. Stuart had not been invited to participate SHOCKING MURDER. in the meeting, at which he understood the resocussion which attended their adoption. He had of one of the most shocking murders on record; be everything that was affirmed by its friends, but he was not prepared to vote on something, the Sirs It be merits of which he did not understand. He had

tax the public domain within the limits of the territory. He had also heard that the insertion of the slavery clause was merely a gilding to the pill -a bait to entrap Southern members, and that after the State was admitted, another convention there were to be enjoyed the fruits of this-he had almost said—grand larceny. He hoped the Sen-ste would delay its action until members could ascertain something about the matter for them-

Mr. Old, like Mr. Stuart, had not read the Lecompton Constitution; but he thought there were members here who had sustained the admission of California, with a constitution much worse than that of Kansas, and which despoited the United States of a much greater extent of territory than this ever will. The schedule including appropriations, which the gentleman from Augusta mentioned, was merely a recommendamiles from Hamilton, Canada West, on the night tion. Mr. Cathought the great question now was, of the 10th inst. Jared Comstock and his wife, whether we were willing to sustain President Buchanan in his position, and on that he was prepared to vote now.

Mr. White cordially endorsed the resolutions. A message was received from the House stating

Mr. Deneale said the resolutions professed endorse the conclusions of the President, but not his arguments. There was one of the President's which he heartily endorsed-that denying the power of any convention to abrogate or the rights of owners in their slaves. He hoped the action of the General Assembly would be such as it would be willing to adhere to in the future. He asked that the resolutions be laid on the table with a view to appointing a joint committee of both houses, to report resolutions upon the sub-

Mr. Armstrong asked for time on the part o the minority members of the Senate to consider

the question. Dr. Claiborne, of Petersburg, though a physician, was not willing to cram down men's throats bitter medicine. He had rather try persuation .-He was in favor of giving an honorable enemy (the minority) fair play, and not of crushing

the soil of an independent nation, with which trickery, and he thought it likely that the Governor had investigated the subject. The minority in the Senate had as deep an interest in the mattersburg Intelligencer, writing from Greenville, ter, and as much loyalty as the majority, and he N. C. on the 8th inst., states that the Court House trusted there would be some courtesy shown to

AYES Mesers, Armstrong, August, Braden Caldwell, Claiborne, Daughtery, Deneale, Day, Flood, Floyd, French, Gatewood, Hubbard, Huddleson, Johnson, Logan, McKenny, Neal of Wood; Richmond, Rives, Smith of J., Stuart, Thomas Thompson, West, Wooding, Yates and Neale, o

NAYS-Mossrs, Beale, Brannon, Bruce, Campbell, Catlett, Cobb, Coghill, Douglas, Firnaten, Hairston, Old, Paxton, Warth, Welch, and

On motion, the Senate adjourned. The resolutions offered on Tuesday, by Mr. Coghill, were adopted on Wednesday.

A DEATH DEALING MACHINE - We learn from our foreign exchanges, that a monster mortar has been tried at Woolwich, England; success fully, with 70 dbs. of powder, though its full charge is 300 pounds. The shell is one yard in distant, where a sounty supply of grass remained. diameter, and, uncharged as it was in the experi- The troops were comfortably stationed. The lature deprecating the action of the Lecompton ment, it tore up stones and piled the earth as high as a small house, and filled the air within a radius of 200 yards with earth, stones and roots of trees. The monster is compounded of wrought and cast iron, in separate pieces, tightly hooped together .last year, with the exception of Mr. Buxton, who At the fifth round the middle ring gave way par-having declined a re-election, is succeeded by tially, and thus interrupted the practice; but it was successfully shown that it could throw a shell weighing a ton and a half.

> PEDESTRIAN FEAT .- Alfred Elson, an Englishman, twenty-five years of age, accomplished in Hardford, Conn., at twelve o'clock on Saturday night, the great feat of walking during one hundred and eight consecutive hours, without sleep or

> Hon. Edward Everett has consented to lecture in Charleston, S. C., this winter,

THE VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE. Committee have appointed a time and place for of Virginia on Tuesday last, will doubtless prove didate for Governor, the question naturally arises, What course does the American party intend to Mr. Coghill, of Amherst, introduced the follow- clearly evident that the regular nominee of the Democracy will be opposed by a member of his own party, and that the issue will doubtless be, Distribution or No Distribution. The last general lection in this State showed a majority against the American party of nearly thirteen thousand votes. Should the American party make no nom-ination, but agree to cast their votes for the canfidate in favor of Distribution, there can be but little doubt of his election, provided unity of ac-tion is maintained. We should much prefer voting for a man of our own party; and if one should be nominated, we would most cordially support him, and do all in our power to insur his success. But, the chances, we must admit, are not at this time particularly flattering. Democracy is rampant all over the land; and the oppo-

> certainty of securing the triumph of one of our cardinal principles, to sustain that candidate who shall advocate that principle, however much we may differ on other points of public policy?—or, to use a homely adage, is not half a loaf better than no bread? We repeat the declaration already made, that we much prefer a candidate of our own-a member of our own party; but, if the chances of his

tion at the South, at least, seems almost powerless. Would it not be better, with the almost

not allow the election to go by default. Mr. Walter F. Leak has, some time since, announced himself a candidate upon the Distribution principle. We notice in the Journal of yesterday. or the day previous, that D. K. McRen, Esq., would, in all prebability, be a candidate. Mr. Me-Rae is a forcible and elegant speaker,—a fearless, high-toned, chivalric gentleman, who feels the vast importance of the issue, and whose recent

It is for the American party to decide what course they intend to pursue. We merely throw out the above for the purpose of obtaining, if possible, a full expression of opinion in regard to this matter. — Wilmington Herald.

THE GRAVE OF PATRICK HENRY-Until very recently-and the people not only of Virginia, but of the whole Union, should hear it with chagrin and sorrow-the grave of Patrick Henry has had no stone to mark its locality, no monument to invite the eve of pilgrims in search of that saered shrine. The Richmond Enquirer, however, says that at last the pious and patriotic task has our power. been undertaken, not by the State that proudly spirit and stirring eloquence awakened the slumbering spark and fanned the flame of American freedom-not by the nation that "boasts of his nome" and still rears the reward of his services, but by the two surviving sons of that fearless and gifted champion of liberty. The Enquirer thus describes the tombsone just placed over the re-

It consists simply of a solid wall of fine sandstone, quarried on the place, nine feet ten inche square, and two feet high, with a superstructure six feet square, twenty-two inches high, with marble slabs projecting over the sides. On one of the slabs is inscribed: "Patrick Henry. Born May 29th, 1736. Died June 6th, 1799. His fune his best epitaph." On the other: "Dorothea Dan-dridge, wife of Patrick Henry. Born in the year

1755. Died February 14th, 1831."
It will thus be seen that his wife sleeps by his side. In Charlette county, at Red Hill, the rendence of John Henry, Esq., these sacred relies lie Would it not be well for the State of Virginia to add a single stone, at least, to the modest monument that marks the grave of Patrick Henry ?

LATER FROM CENTRAL AMERICA-SURRENDER OF THE BALANCE OF WALKER'S ARMY TO U. S. FRIGATE SUSQUEHANNA.

A despatch from New Orleans, dated the 12th says: The steamer Empire City, from Havana with dates to the 4th, has arrived at the Balize. The steamer Star of the West, from Aspinwall for New York, had touched at Havana, having \$1,600,000 in treasure on board.

The United States steamer Fulton had arrived at Aspinwall, bringing news of the surrender of Col. Anderson, and the fillibusters under him at Fort Castillo, with the river steamers, to the frigate Susquehanna.

FROM KANSAS-THE RECENT ELEC-A dispatch from St. Louis dated the 11th, says:

The returns of the recent election in Kansas for State officers are just being received. The Kansas correspondent of the St. Louis Democrat says that the free State Legislature and State ticket have received an average majority of 185 votes at Wyandotte. The majority against the Lecompton constitution was 273 votes. The Leavenworth Times of the 5th inst. states

that the average majority of the free State ticket in that city will be upwards of 1,100, and the majority against the Lecompton constitution 1,370 A gentleman who has just arrived in Louis from the Territory states that there is little doubt but that the free State ticket will be elected by a large majority. So far as reported no dis-turbance had occurred. A dispatch dated the 12th says: The Demo-

crat has Kansas dates to the 7th, which give some returns of the recent election. Kickapoo, Doniphan, Johnson and Bourbon counties give nearly 1,000 majority for the pro-slavery ticket. Atchison city gives 30 majority. The Democratic State ticket is probably elected, but a majority of

majority against it is about 10,000. Several ar. admired by the visitors. Some of our reader rests had been made for election frauds. One of may like to refresh their recollection of this steam man named Colvert, who was taken to Leavenworth with cannon belouging to the Kickapoo wide, is pierced for sixty guns, and an immense Rangers, who paraded the streets. There was much excitement, and it was feared serious trouble would ensue. Mr. Calhoun has been advised not to return to the Territory. to return to the Territory

were all at the winter quarters at Fort Bridger, exvalid, whilst there was a supply of provisions on hand sufficient to last till June. Two-thirds of the animals were dead. The Mormons were preparing to leave for the British possessions, and pioneer parties had already left.

Brigham Young sent a quantity of sall to Col.

Johnston. The latter replied by the messenger that he would hang any messenger from the same quarter sent on a similar errand. Young also invited the officers to partake of his hospitality and spend the winter at Salt Lake City. It was positively stated that the Mormons will leave in the spring, and no increase of force is asked. Governor Cummings had issued a proclamation declaring the territory in a state of rebellion.—

From the Salisbury Banner, (Democratic.) MR. DOUGLAS' APOSTACY.

The impression is forcing itself upon us that the Hon. Stephen A. Douglas, whose course in the Senate herctofore led the South to look to him as the North Star of hope, has fallen into the filthy pool of Black Republicanism. As the author of the Kansas bill, which asserted the con-stitutional rights of the South, he secured the admiration of all true southern men; but, as he ambitious to retain his seat in the Senate, and he lives in a free State, he begins to fear that, if he remains faithful to the South and to the constit tion he will be crushed by Black Republicanism, he has taken a position that will in all probability ultimately end his career in disgrace; though it may, for a short time, enable him to shine a little

more brightly in the North.

After having been the leader of those patrioti embers who carried the Kansas bill triumph ly through Congress, leaving the people of that territory to form their own institutions, free from the interference of the National Legislature or any other outside influence, he now turns round, and, in opposition to the Administration, which continues true to the South and just to all, he demands an "enabling" act of Congress, before he will consent to the admission of Kansas as a slave State, thus completely stultifying himself in the face of the whole country.

The Democratic party is proof against all such

defections; and, instead of creating a breach in its ranks Mr. Douglas, if he does not speedily recede from his present antagonistic position, will, like other apostates before him, find himself to be a election are considered hopeless, then we regard very insignificant personage hanging on to the tail of Black Republicanism, and eagerly picking up the scanty crumbs that fall from the free soil it as a duty to embrace the other alternative, and

Men of talents are strong only when sustained by a great party, and when they go with it; but as soon as they depart from correct principles they less the confidence of their friends, they les and

In contemplating the western heavens, we se the bright stars descending from the zenith and sinking below the horizon with pleasurable emotions, because we know they will soon rise again in all their brilliant beauty and magnificence but it is not so with the bright stars in the political constellations. When, like Van Buren Benon, Houstan, and perhaps Douglas, they sink be-low the political horizon bounded by the confidence of their party, they sink to rise no more and contemplation of such folly, on the part of

agreat man, is painful. From the apostacy of individuals of even Douglas—a party of pure principles has nothing to fear. Our past experience has shown that, instead of weakening, the occasional political suicide of a selfish and ambitious aspirant has ultimately strengthened our organization and augmented

HIGHLY IMPORTANT FROM MEXICO.— ANOTHER REVOLUTION—CIVIL WAR The steamship Tennessee arrived at New Orleans

on the 11th, from Vera Cruz on the 7th instant. bringing two weeks later intelligence from the A large party -consisting of a large majority of the people, outside of the military force-had

risen against the Tacubaya pronunciamento, over-

turning the constitution and declaring Comonfort ole and absolute dictator. Comonfort left the capital on the 1st instant at the head of a division of troops. His destina-tion was unknown. Before his departure the organized ministry—among whom are Alecatrize, Esparta, Cordo, and Payno, together with most of he diplomatic corps, paid their respects to Comonfort on New Year's Day. The British representatives were absent on this occasion, which

A rumor of the death of General Alvarez pre Gen. Parodi had issued a proclamation against Comonfort. This action will have a tendency to make large levies on the troops. Vera Cruz has recalled the acceptance of the pronunciamento.

fact has caused much surmise and remark.

Civil war appeared to be inevitable From the Mexican journals and letters received by the Picayune, it appears that the recent revolutionary proceepings of Comonfort, assisted by Gen. Baez, in the city of Mexico, had been received with much disfavor in many of the inte-rior portions of the country, and a large number States had openly declared in the most violent manner against the new order of things. Many of the pincipal towns, including Vera Cruz, had foined in opposition to Comonfort, and formidable military coalition was in process of organization to assist in the movement against im. In several portions of the republic troops were already in motion, and another change i the executive power appeared at the date of the latest advices to be imminent.

SHIPWEECK .- We clip the following from the ship news column of the Boston Advertiser :

"A letter from Capt. William H. Alrich, of Brig F. B. Beck, of and from Providence for Apalachicola, (which put into Key West on the 24th ult.,) states that on the 17th of December, at. 27 36, lon. 78 07, fell in with the wreck of a barque, dismasted and waterlogged, upright and apparently lumber laden; foremast gone about eight feet above deck, mainmast standing with the yard across, mizen mast gone in the futtock bowsprit and head gear all gone, as well as chain and anchors. She had a full poop, painted white, with the shear of the hull, and had patent side lights; was American build. Could not make out her name, but the port from which she hailed ended in "TON." Her bulwarks and rail were gone amidships on both sides, and had probably been boarded, as the rigging was gone from off the mainmast. [Possibly barque L. & A. Hobart, of and from Wilmington, N. C., for Cardenus, which has been missing since the 9th of September last. 7] - Wil. Jour.

THE STEAM FRIGATE MINNESOTA AT THE CAPE or Good Hork.-The Cape Town Monitor of State officers, but there has been a decided expression against the Lecompton constitution. The majority against it is about 10 and frigate. She is 281 feet long and fifty-one feet FROM UTAH—POSITION OF THE ARMY. Mannesota left Table Bay on Adollary morning, having fired a parting salute, which was returned by the Castle. It will be long ere the recollection of her visit to Table Bay, and of the pleasure Dates from Utah to December 1st have been which was experienced by all who visited her received at St. Louis. The United States troops will be obliterate forom their minds.

FROM NEBRASKA.

Resolutions have been introduced in the Legisconvention in failing to submit the constitution the vote of the people, and expressing fears that the

to a seat in Congress, in preference to Mr. Chap-man, by whom it is contested, have passed both branches of the Legislature by a decided vote.

GEORGE PEABODY, Esq. -- We are informed upon reliable authority, that the eminent house in London of which this gentleman is the head, Messrs. George Peabody & Co., has passed through the late financial crisis with losses that will not exceed five per cen um upon their large capital, and that the means and resources of the house have and that failing, resort to military power will follow. He commanded all armed bodies of men to disband and return to their homes, under pendity of punishment as traitors.

Coed live per constant and resources of the house have proved to be such that but a small portion of the discount granted by the Bank of England has been required for their business.

## MARRIED

SHEELER to Miss MARY HILL, all of Hills-

In Orange county, on Tnesday, the 5th inst., by the Rev. ELIAS Dodson, Mr. HENRY WHIT-TED to Miss JANE PATTERSON, daughter of the late MANN PATTERSON, all of Orange. In Orange county, on Thursday evening, the 7th inst., by the Rev. Moses Baldwin, Dr. WM. C. RÖBERTS to Mrs. ANNA J. ROUNTREE, daughter of Mr. Grorge C. Ray, all of

On the 3rd instant, by Solomon Shernerd, Esq., Mr. THOMAS MEDLEN to Miss ELIZA HOLDER, all of Orange County.

On the morning of the 1st instant, by F. Walker, Esq., Mr. GEORGE W. TERILL, of Alamance, to Miss ELIZA RICE, of Orange.
At Sullivan, Moultrie county, Ill., on the 10th alt., by the Rev. JOEL KNIGHT, Mr. JOEL B. KNIGHT to Miss CAROLINE F., daughter of John J. FREELAND, Esq., formerly of this place.

DIED.

In Orange county, on the 4th inst., Mr. CAM-ERON CRAIG, aged about 50 years. In Alamance county, on the 29th of November last, Mrs. ISABELLA FREELAND, wife of Mr. GEO. FREELAND, in the 44th year of her age. At Mount Energy, N. C., on the morning of the 1st December, 1857, ROB'T T. CROCKER; and also, on the evening of the same day, at the same place, his younger brother, RICH'D CROCKER, both in the bloom of youth were consigned by the inexorable handlof death, to premature graves.

IVERY STABLE, FRONTING MARstantly on hand at his Stables, fronting Market Square, Horses, and all kinds of Vehicles, for hire, upon reasonable tarms. He keeps also, in his Si Valuable Horses and Mules for sale.

His Stables are ample for the accommodation Drovers' Horses, as well as any number of other

JOHN W. WIGGINS. SUCCESSOR TO BROWN & WIGGINS. No. 46, Fayetteville Street,

NENDERS HIS SINCERE THANKS TO THOSE who have patronized him heretofore, and respect-fully solicits a continuance of their favors, feeling assured that he will be able to offer greater inducements in the future then he has in the past. Having on hand a large stock of All Kinds of Dry Goods,

and wishing to make room for an extensive supply of pring Goods, he will seil his present stock at Greatly Reduced Prices.

Those wishing to purchase will consult their own in-terest by calling on the subscriber before purchasing spect to price and the quality of his Goods. JOHN W. WIGGINS.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, Granville County.—Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November Term, 1857.

Elizabeth Kyle, widow of Robert Kyle, deceased, vs.
David, Robert, James, and Margaret Kyle, Hugh
Campbell, and Mary his wife, formerly Mary Kyle,

— Campbell, and Harriett his wife, formerly Harriett Kyle, - Clarke, and Jane his wife, formerly Jane Kyle, - Morrow, and Elizabeth his wife, Jane Kyle, — Morrow, and Elizabeth his wife, formerly Elizabeth Kyle, James, William, Mary and Elizabeth Johnson, John S. Csupbell, and Margaret His wife, formerly Margaret Johnson, Samuel and John Johnson, Henry E. Lockett, and Catharine his wife, formerly Catharine Johnson, Kyle Stephenson, son of James Stephenson, and Ellen his wife, formerly Ellen Kyle, — Carr, — Carr, — Carr, and - Carr, children of William Carr and Jane his wife, formerly Jane Kyle.

Petition for Dower. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that all of the defendants in this cause reside beyond the limits of the State; it is therefore, on motion, ordered by the Court, that advertisement be made for six weeks, suc-cessively, at the Court House in Oxford, and at three other public places in Granville County, and also in the Raleigh Register, notifying the said defendants of the filing of this petition, and that unless they appear at the next term of this Court, and answer the petition, the same will be taken, pro confesso, and heard expects as to them. parte as to them.

Witness, Augustine Landis, Clerk of said Court at office, in Oxford, the first Monday of November, 1857 dec 5—w6w A. LANDIS, C. C. C.

AND FOR SALE ... THE UNDER. SIGNED will sell his plantation, containing about 418 acres, about half of which is in original growth, and heavily timbered. The remainder has been recently cleared and is in a fine state of cultivation .-This land is situated on Burnett's Creek, 6 miles northwest of Oxford, is well watered and in a pleasant and

healthy neighborhood.

Also, another tract of land, situated on the Oxford and Roxboro' Road, near the above tract, containing about 420 acres, a considerable portion of which is woodland. The above tracts of land will be sold reparately or together. They are well adapted to the cul-ture of Tobacco, Wheat, Oats, Corn, &c., &c. Persons vishing to buy land will do well to eall and examine the above tracts. Any information as regards the laud, price, &c., can be had by addressing the subscriber at Oak Hill, N. C., James C. Cooper or James Cooper, Esq., of Oxford, N. C. P. W. YOUNG. sep 26-wtf

CTATE OF NORTH CAROLINA. Chatham County .- In Equity, Fall Term, 1857.

John Murchison vs. James Gant and Thos. B. Harriss. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that one defendants in the above case, James Gaut, is a non-resident of the State, it is ordered that publication be made in the Raleigh Register, a paper published in the city of Raleigh, for the space of six weeks, notify-ing the said Jas. Gapt, that a bill has been filed against imself and others, at the instance of the said John Murchison, and that he appear at the next term of this Court, to be held for the County of Chatham, at the Court House in Pittsboro', on the 3rd Monday of March, 1858, then and there to plead, answer or demne to said bill, or the same will be taken, pro confesso as to him, and a decree made accordingly.

Witness, M. Q. Waddell, Clerk and Master of our said Court, the 3rd Monday of September, 1867. MAURICE Q. WADDELL,

CTATE OF NORTH CAROLINA. H. A. London es. James Gant, and Thomas B. Harrise, It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Jas. Gant, one of the defendants in the above case, is a non-resident of this State, it is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Raleigh Register, a paper published in the city of Raleigh, for the space of six weeks, notifying said defendant, James Gant, that a bill has been filed against himself and others, in the Court of Equity for Chatham County, by said H. A. London, and that, he the said James Gant, do make his persons

and that, he 'he said James Gant, do make his personal appearance at our Court of Equity for said County of Chatham, at the Court House in Pittsborro', on the 3rd Monday of March, 1858, then and there to plead, answer or demur to said bill, or the same will be taken, proconfesso as to him, and a decree made accordingly.

Witness, M. Q. Waddell, Clerk and Master of our said Court, at office, the 3rd Monday of September, 1857.

MAURICE Q. WADDELL, dec 18—w6w

TAMES M. EDNEY, 56 JOHN STREET. the vote of the people, and expressing lears that the establishment of such a precedent may have an important bearing upon the character of our domestic institutions.

Resolutions endorsing the claim of F. Ferguson deons, Melodeons, Harps, Guitars, Stools, Covers, Music, &c., Wholesale and Retail. All instruments warranted, agent for "Lindley's Patent Pump," Garden branches of the Legislature by a decided vote. sent free on application. Refers to Hon. G. E. Badger, A. M. Gorman, N. W. Woodfin, John A. Gilmer, C. P. Mendenball, D. L.

oet 7-cowly\$ii gwain, and others. DEEDE & MENDENHALL, LAND AGENTS, Minnespolis, Minnesota, will select and enter Government Lands, locate Land Warrants, pay Taxes, and transact a general real estate business in Minnesota, Iowa, and Wisconsin, make collections