In 1543 it appears that such a thing as a steam vessel was known in Spain. This is a fact not was too complicated, very expensive, and the boiler apt to explode. But Spain was not ripe for it. The inventer, diagusted with the want of appreciation displayed by the court, took the engine out of the vessel, allowed the ship to rot in the arsenal, and his secret perished with him in his grave. One century later and the same problem was offered to France. A criebrated female, equally removed for her beauty immoralities mister. enowhed for her beauty, immoralities, n tunes, and longevity also, for she died at the age of 134 years—the famous Marie de l'Orme, so well known to the readers of modern fiction-bas furnished us, in a letter to an admirer written in 1641, these prost astonishing details. The cele-trated Marquis of Worcester was then on a visit to Madaine in Paris and with her visited a madhouse in the capital. While crossing the court yard of that dismal establishment the lady was imost paralyzed with terror, and while clinging to her companion she saw a frightful face looking through the bars of a window of a building, and heard these strange words: "I am not mad! I am not mad! I have made a discovery which shall enrich the kingdom that adopts it." The question was asked by one of the visiters, what is it that this man has discovered? The answer of the visiter, with a mocking laugh was, "Oh, it's not much; it's something about the power of steam." And so the lady laughed that a man should go mad about so frivolous a thing as that.

This man, it seems, came from Normandy to bring before the king his discovery of the fact that steem could be used to navigate the ocean, and in short there was nothing that he did not claim could be done by the power of steam.—Cardinal Richelieu was uppermost then, and though he was most sagarous and enlightened as worldy wisdom goes, yet he turned his back on the inventor. The man followed him from place to pince, and the Cardinal, getting tired of his per-tinacity, sent him to the mad-house. The man even wrote a book on the subject of his thoughts, entitled Moving Powers. The Marquis of Worcester was much interested in this book, and used some of its ideas afterward in his own works. So we see that France in 1641, as Spain in 1543. proved her inability to take up and wind this mor-

The problem was reserved for the Anglo-Saxon race to grapple with and conquer, and thereafter the mechanical skill of England was turned to this invention with various success, till in the middle of the last century, after the idea had been floating for 200 years in ingenious minds, the steam engine, that scarcely manimate Titan, that living, burning, mechanism, was brought to perfection by James Watt. Thenceforth the engines of laby James Watt. Thenceforth the engines of la-bor, marshalled by the power which Watt brought forward, were to make their bloodless triumph, not for the destruction but for the blessing of man-kind. All hall to thee mute, indefatigable agent of strength, working in deep mines, moving along the pathways of trade, tolling in the service of man! No fatigue can palsy thy herculean arm! No trampled hosts writhe under thy feet! No widowed hearts bleed at thy herceform victor

England solved the problem, but it seems as if it were the will of Providence that she should not it were the will of Providence that she should not go so far as to apply steam to the navigation of the ocean. This part of the problem remained for the other branch of the Anglo-Saxon race—the branch of that Western Hemisphere whose expanded territories are traversed by some of the noblest rivers, and separated from England by an almost world wide ocean. The thoughts of the men of the last century after the Revolution were turned to the development of steam. One of those men attracted the attention of him whom nothing escaped that belonged to the welfare of this country—of Washington—and he expressed his satisfaction of the experiments of Runney. It seems almost providential that steam was not invented in ocean navigation at the time of the Revwented in occan navigation at the time of the Rev-olution, for it would have given her vast resources and powers to bear more swiftly and directly on the struggling colonists; with what effect no one

But the Revolutionary period was passed, and irdependence established, the hour had come, and Livingston took a deep interest in the scheme of water navigation by steam. They applied to the New York Legislature for an act of incorporation. I am sorry to say that America at that time did not seem much wiser than France and Spain had been before her. Livingston tells us that the young men of the Legislature, when tired of the aver matters of the law, would call up the steam bill, as they called it, and have a little fun.— Young America did not on that occasion show himself much wiser than his seniors. But, nothing discouraged, Fulton and his co-adjutors persevered, and twenty years had not passed away before steam was found on our sounds, lakes, and great rivers, and that at a time when it was known only by hearsay in Europe. This was all that was needed then. Twenty years more elapsed before English capital was first applied to the navigation of the ocean itself by steam—which America little needed, but which England desired as giving to her access to the Western world.

Edward Everett's late Speech at Danvers.

A HEART-RENDING AND FATAL AC CIDENT.

On Tuesday last, about 10 A. M., a lad, by the name of Griffin, between eight and nine years of age, while at work in the factory in this place, was by some means caught by a belt attached to some part of the machinery, and was drawn under chine between the belt and a pulley, and from there was hurled to the flooring above, and partially drawn through a hole five inches in width and fifteen in length, the place where the band passed through. There his head was severed from his body, letting the lifeless trunk fall to the floor below while the head remained above. He statemed other injuries, which would have terminated his existence, independent of his head being tern from his body—his legs were broken, his body horrfbly mangled, and he was generally rautilated. There were some twenty-five persons in the room at the time this and affair happened, and not one of them knew anything of it until his headless body was found lying upon the floor, therefore, the circumstances of his getting entangled in the belt will likely remain a mystery. His mother was on the spot shortly after the accident, and so great was the shock, that she swooned, her reason forsook her, and she remains in that situation up to the present writing .- Autauga, Ala.

THALBERO'S DEPARTURE -It is known that Sigismund Thalberg, the pianist, left his concert troupe in Illinois, and departed for Europe seplanist Cin Eng.

THE LORD'S PRAYER IN VERSE

Our Heavenly Father, hear our prayer; Thy name be hallowed everywhere: Thy kingdom come; Thy perfect will In carth, as heaven, let it fulfill; Give this day's bread that we may live; Forgive our sins as we forgive; Help us temptation to withstand; From evil shield us by Thy hand; Now and forever unto Thee, The kingdom, power and glory be.

wife to my rest and an tanger Amen.

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- AND CHARLES STREET, N. AND STREET STREET

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From the Cleveland Plaindealer, Sept. 29. DOUBLE ELOPEMENT-TWO BROTHERS

RUN AWAY WITH TWO SISTERS. Mr. Lloyd, a highly respectable farmer of widely circulated. At that date a Spanfard ex. Wickliffe, arrived in this city last evening in an hibited in the presence of Charles V and all his excited state of mind. He sought out Marshal court in the harbor of Barcelona, a vessel of 200 Gallagher, and told him that his two daughters tons, peopelled by an ongine, the construction of had eloped on Monday night with two hired men. which was a secret to all but the inventor. The brothers, and named respectively Chauncey Lewchronicles of that day inform us that there was a is and Watson Lewis. Mr. Lloyd said he thought great cauldron of boiling water within, and two they were in this city. The Marshal put on his wheels on the outside which moved the vessel.— seven league boots and commenced walking rap-The tressures of the kingdom objected to its in- ly around the city. He found the enterprising production. It seems to have been quite perfect, parties at last at the Franklin House, on Pearl since the objections, urged against it were that it street. Watson Lewis had already married one of the sisters and retired for the night. Chauncey Lewis was making arrangements to marry the ther sister, when the Marshal appeared and took him and his intended to the police station. Locking Chauncey Lewis up in the watch-house, Mr. Lloyd took his daughter to the Commercial House and locked her up in a room.

Mr. Lloyd, in addition to being an extensive and flourishing farmer, keeps a tavern in Wick-liffe, which is very favorably known through this section. It is located near the lake shore, and near where the ill fated steamer Griffith was burned some years since. Mr. L. owns some four undred and fifty acres of land in Wickliffe and s quite wealthy. His daughters are named Mary and Laura. Mary is about twenty years old and Laura sixteen. They are splendid looking girls, and are fashionably and richly dressed. They are both well educated having enjoyed other advanages in this respect.

The Lewis brothers are uncouth, uneducated and overgrown specimens of humanity, and can seither read nor write. They hired out to Mr. Lloyd some six months ago. He paid Watson the eldest one, \$13, and Chauncey \$10 a month. Chauncey Lewis, the young man who didn't get married and who passed the night in the watch house, is a very sleepy and stupid appearing young man. We doubt if he knows enough to exercise the sagacity of a common Shanghae chicken and go under cover when it rains. He was released this morning, at the suggestion of Mr. Lloyd, and equested to "scoot," which he hastily did. He mised, with tears in his eyes, never to come within ten miles of Wickliffe again. The marnied brother of course cannot be interfered with. The parties eloped at about eleven o'clock on Monday night, and were not missed until yesterday morning. The brothers hired a horse and buggy at Willoughby's, and went to Mr. Lloyd's house, where the girls were awaiting them, with their trunks all packed. The girls left the house noiselessly and got into the buggy, and the parties moved slowly towards Cleveland. One of the brothers walked all the way here (about sixteen miles) and the other rode and drove. Arriving

all moved from the Commercial to the Franklin, where they were found as above stated. This is the most remarkable case of elonement we ever heard of. It utterly eclipses the Boker and Dean case. What two handsome and cultirated girls, as the Misses Lloyd certainly were could find to admire in two such fellows as the Lewis brothers is more than we can imagine. Mr. Llovd and his wife are overwhelmed with grief by the inexplicable conduct of their daughters.

here they stopped at the Commercial House, In the evening a justice was called in and Watson

and Mary were married; Chauncey and Laura concluded to postpone being united until this

morning, which conclusion fortunately enabled

Mr. Lloyd to prevent the ceremony. The parties

WEESTER MATCHED BY A WOMAN .- In the omewhat famous case of Mrs. Brogden's will, which was tried in the sur reme court some years ago, Mr. Webster appeared as counsellor for the appellant. Mrs. Greenough, wife of Rev. Wm. Greenough, late of West Newton, a tall, straight, queenly-looking woman, with a keen black eye-a woman of great self-possession and decision of character, was called to the stand as a witnesses on the opposite side from Mr. Webster. Webster, at a glance, had the sagacity to foresee that her testimony, if it contained anything of importance, would have great weight with the court and jury. He therefore resolved, if possible, to break her up. And when she answered to the first question put to her, "I believe," Webster roared out, "We don't want to hear what you believe; we want to hear what you know!" Mrs. Greenough replied, "That is just what I was about to say, sir," and

went on with her testimony.

Notwithstanding his repeated efforts to disconcert her, she pursued the even tenor of her way, until Webster, becoming quite fearful of the result, arose apparently in great sgitation, and drawing out his large snuff box, thrust his thumb and the man was there. In the year 1799 the thought became mature in Fulton's mind, and Chancellor Livingston took a deep interest. nose with a report that rang distinct and loud through the crowded hall. Webster-'Mrs. Greenough, was Mrs. Bodgen a neat woman?'-Mrs. Greenough-I cannot give very full information as to that, sir; the bad one very dirty trick.' Webster-'What's that, ma'am? Mrs. Greenough-She took snuff! The roar of the court house was such, that the future 'defender of the constitution' subsided, and neither rose nor spoke again until after Mrs. Greenough had va-cated her chair for another witness—having am-ple time to reflect upon the inglorious history of And I may here remark that there is no sadder the man who had a stone thrown on his head by

> THE BURNING OF THE AUSTRIA-ANOTHER STATEMENT .- Andrew Lundsteain, one of the rescued passengers at Quebec, says that he saw the captain rush on deck, take off his coat, and running to the side of the vessel, was about to jump overboard, when Mr. Sweensea seized and pulled him back. He asked him what he was going to do, when the captain answered him to the effect that he did not know what he was about. He then ran aft and was lost sight of. The great part of the passengers had collected on the fore part of the vessel, and as the flames progressed, were pressed so closely that those nearest to the bow were forced overboard. Mr. Lundsteain succeeded in making a sling with a rope, which supported him about two feet from the water. He afterwards saw the masts go overboard, on the same side of the vessel where he was hanging, and was in great danger of being knock into the sea by the yard, which was hanging over the side of the vessel, and only fell into the sea when the rigging burnt. He then let himself down into the water and swam to the mainmast, the end of which was sticking two feet out of the water, by which he kept affoat. He saw three persons hanging to the side of the vessel by ropes. He threw a piece of rope to one who proved to be the cook, and in this way succeeded in getting on the mast alongside of Mr. Sweenses, where they remained the rest of the night. He saw a number of bodies floating by during the night. In the morning they were picked up by a beat from the Catarina. A young girl and her brother had supported themselves on the rigging of the bowsprit all night, and were

THE PRESIDENT AND THE JEWS -It may be recollected that President Buchanan made use of the phrase "all the nations of Christendom," in his answer to Queen Victoria's message transmitted by the Atlantic Telegraph. This expression gave offence to Dr. Isidor Kalisch, rabbi of cretly and in disguise. The cause was never publicly stated here, but foreign papers, since his return to Paris, intimate that it was the seduction the Ben Jeshurun Congregation in the city of the Ben Jeshurun Congregation in the city of Milwaukie, who wrote to the President demanding an explanation. It would seem that the worth he had put upon her child by a pistol-shot, but the rascal escaped that as well as the writs issued to the arrest. If these reports be correct, some of these persons who were so load in their praise of the sampled, disclaiming all intention "to cast any reflection upon the Jewa." Such an idea, he says, never entered his mind. It is likely, indeed, mund will now change their note respecting one or two of the qualities they acribed to the great plants. Congregation in the city of Milwaukie, who wrote to the President demanding sensible remarks:

"We rejoice over this nomination the more, that it is of the man who boldly stood up for the rights and liberties of the people when they were threatened with the bayonets and muskets of the Governors of Maryland and Virginia—who throtted the despotic attempt which was made to control the despotic attempt which was made to control the elections by armed violence—who successfuly opposed his rightful authority as chief officer of the corporation of Baltimore against the left the city of milwaukie, who wrote to the President demanding sensible remarks:

"We rejoice over this nomination the more, that it is of the man who boldly stood up for the rights and liberties of the people when they were threatened with the bayonets and muskets of the Governors of Maryland and Virginia—who throtted the despotic attempt which was made to control the elections by armed violence—who successfully opposed his rightful authority as chief officer of the corporation of Baltimore against the liberties of the people when they were that it is of the man who boldly stood up for the rights and liberties of the people when they were that it is of the man who boldly stood up for the rights and liberties of the people when they were that it is of the man who believe remarks:

"We rejoice over this nomination of Mayor Swann, utters the follow-ing sensible remarks:

" ble word as applied to the nations of Europe and America. Impressed with this idea, it is scarcely to be wondered at that he should have regarded the Rev. Isidor Kalisch as being somewhat "hy-

SLAVE EXCITEMENT.

CHATHAM, O. W., Oct. 5 .- The greatest excitement prevails here in consequence of legal proceed-ings having been instituted against a boly of negroes for surrounding a train of cars on the Gambling.—At Chatham Superior Court, last week, there were upwards of the convictions for Gambling. The Court fined the offenders from planter, of St. Louis. Ten or twelve negros have tresties.

[From the Detroit Tribune. We learn from Mr. Hiram Wiler, who lives about two miles from this city, at whose house the following transactions took place, the particulars of a Death Bed Confession, which, if true, brings to light the hidden mysteries of the awful murder of a mother and son at Fentanville nearly or quite a year since. It will be recollected that the family, Johnson by name, had just removed to that place from Saginaw, the two who were murdered sleeping on the floor of the newly occupied hou

According to Mr. Wiler's statement, a man giving his name as Toel Platt, came to his house repair. While there, he was taken ill and allowed to remain. He rapidly grew worse, conges-tion of the brain ensued and he died yesterday afternoon. For some time before his death he appeared in the greatest mental distress, and finaly told the Doctor and Mr. Wiler that he could not die without relieving his min'd of the terrible secret that gave him such moral agony. He then stated that he committed the murder in question being urged to do it by a young man whose name he would not give, (but who, he thought, lived in Gratiot county.) and that he obtained nearly three hundred dollars in money by the deed. This was the whole statement, and seemed to be all he could relate.

While sick he stated that he came to this State rom Ohio, and that he had a mother living in Dakland county. He said his business was clock repairing at the time the murder was committed and since. This confession will probably lift the mystery that has always surrounded this case, and do away with the painful doubts that have enveloped it.

In a box that he had with him, among other things, was found a \$20 gold piece with the letters "J. S. J." neatly engraved in its centre. The physician who attended him was of the opinion that Platt was entirely rational, and that these statements were not the ravings of a man in his delirium. Mr. Wiler states that the man's distress was painful to witness—the most so of any thing of the kind we ever saw.

A SHORT CLERGYMAN. A few miles below Poughkeepsie, N. Y., there

now lives and has lived for several years past, a worthy clergymen, a man however, very short in stature. Upon a certain Sunday, about eight years ago, this clergyman was invited by the pastor of a church to fill his pulpit for the day. The invitation was accepted, and Sunday morning saw Mr. — in the pulpit. Now, it happened that the pulpit was a very high one, and accord-ingly nearly hid the poor little clergyman from view. However, the congregation, out of respect managed to keep their countenances, and with over pious faces, seemed religiously anxious for the text. They were not obliged to wait long, for a nose and two little eyes suddenly appeared over the top of the pulpit, and a squeaking, tremulous roice, proclaimed in nasal tones the text: "Be of good cheer; it is I, be not afraid!"

A general roar of laughter tollowed the anouncement-the clergyman became confused, and turned all sorts of colors. Many in the general left the church, and it was a long time before the minister was enabled to proceed with a sermo so abruptly broken off. Afternoon came, and the little man, standing

on the footstool, had a fair view of his audience. The text was announced in due form: "A little while ye shall see me, and again a little while and ye shall not see me." In the course of his sermon, he repeated his text with great earnestness, and stepping back, lost his elevated footing and disappeared from his hearers. The effect may be more readily imagined than described.

SOLOMON'S TEMPLE.

Mr. Williams the editor of the Utica Herald has reached Palestine in the course of his Eastern wanderings. The following is an extract from his last letter describing the "Holy City:" "There was one 'Holy Place' in Jerusalem I ought in vain to visit—the site of the Temple of Solomon. It is, as you know, occupied by the principal Mosque of the city—the Mosque of Omar. Including the enclosure, it occupies the whole southwesten part of the city, and appears one of the most imposing edifices I have seen in the East. Hithertostrangers have been permitted to visit it by paying a modest backsheesh of from five to fifteen dollars each; but of late the Mohammedans have been 'growing no better first' in the matter of toleration, and this year have saucily shut the door of the sacred edifice in the teeth of the whole squad of 'Christian dogs.' I attempted to look into the enclosure, but a Turkish sentinel offered to make me a present of the contents of a very rusty musket, while an old vagabond who who stood near suggestively drew his finger across his throat, indicating by such suggesture that in case I should enter I should for the future be relieved of the bore of carrying a head upon my shoulders. These rascally Mohammedans have also placed some sacred edifice or other over the spectacle in all this curse-striken land than that of Arabs, and, if possible, still more degraded Turks lording it over the sacred city. The ground once pressed by the feet of Solomon, and David. and Christ, now echoes to the tread of Moslem and Janissary and the drivelling Dervish. While the Jew is cowering in obscure places, the Moslem struts with the air of one who treads on thrones; while the Christian begs permission to kneel at the tomb of his Saviour, the Turk disdainfully proclaims himself monarch of all he surveys.

the 'Holy Sepulchre' is nominally in the hands of the Christain, Turkish soldiers keep guard at the door, and a Turkish Pasha keeps the key. USE PLENTY OF GRAVY. Dr. Dixon, in a late number of the Scalpel, in an article on " Diet," assumes the position that " use of oil would decrease the victims of consumption nine-tenths, and that is the following summary observations on this subject," made by Dr. Hooker.

Of all persons between the ages of fifteen and twenty-two years, more than one fifth eat no fat Of persons at the age of forty-five, all ex-

cepting less than one in fifty, habitually use fat

Of persops dying with phthisic, between the

ages of twelve and forty-five, nine-tenths, at least, have never used fat meat. Most individuals who avoid fat meat, also use little butter or oily gravies though they should compensate for this want, in part at least, by free use of those articles, and also milk, eggs, and various saccharine substances. But they constitute an imperfect substitute for fat meat, without which sooner or later the body is almost sure to show the

The Lynchburg Virginian, in speaking of the re-nomination of Mayor Swann, utters the follow-

effects of deficient calorification.

officer of the corporation of Baltimore against the arbitrary rule of an infuriated partisan Gov-Sheep that were huddled together underneath ernor. The conduct of Mayor Swann at that The bones of many of them were mashed to pieces. critical moment stamps him as one of the Representative men of the nation. The glorious old Whig county of Loudon in this State has many eminent sons to boast of-but none of whom she should feel a more glowing pride, or a more af-fectionate solicitude, than Thomas Swann, of Baltimore.

Ben Perky Poore, the wheelbarrow man, is at present in Richmond, Va.

The negro was taken against his own urgent entreaties.

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A MURDERER'S DEATH BED CONFES- AFFECTING SCENE IN COURT.-A PATIENT HUSBAND.

The Cincinati Gazette, of the 30th ult., gives a description of the capture of a fugitive wife in that city, and a subsequent touching scene before the magistrate. It says:

It appears that the elder brother of a family residing in Naples Italy, married a wife considerably his junior, and she became the "old man's darling." Like Melnotte, he'd "have no friends that were not lovers," and with pride he pointed to his pretty wife and made her his idol, his temple the nusband and a young man who came with them, slept in an adjoining house, a hotel if we recollect aright. Suspicion fell upon Johnson, who was tried and acquitted this summer on the ground of insanity. ountry, bringing with them a little daughter, and leaving the husband and two little boys in their deserted Italian home. The brother-lover and about a week since to see if he had any clocks to his fair companion came to this city some months ago, and opened a confectionary store on Main

In time the husband learned their whereabouts, and taking his two motherless boys with him, he sailed for Cincinnati, arriving here a day or two ago. He at once sought out the guilty pair, and implored the wife to return to ber allegiance, but to no purpose. He was rudely spurned by both wife and brother, and as a last resort, he had them arrested for adultery on Tuesday.

The case was to come up before the Justice yesterday, but mutual friends interfered. Unlike the Misanthrope," who feared the jeers of boys and girls, should they see him with his runaway wife upon his arm, the elder Gitto, with tears coursing down his cheeks, besought her on his knees to return with him to the sunny clime of Italy, and make his home once more a heaven of domestic peace. The scene was affecting; the picture being rendered complete by the pleading look and tears of the little boys, who had accompanied the father in his long and tedious journey. There was a choice between the penalty for crime and a husband's arms. The wife hesitated, the husband pleaded, friends counseled obedience, and all combined, at length prevailed. She consented to return to Italy with her husband. The guilty brother consented to pay the costs and lawyer's fees, the husband took his runaway wife upon his arm, and his children by the hand, and left the court room so overjoyed with his recovered treasure that he actually kissed the bands of a friend who had been mainly instrumental in bringing about consummation of his happiness under such peculiar circumstances.

There is sufficient romance in this "plain, unvarnished tale," to form the basis of a novel. A man who would follow a runaway wife from Italy, and then beg of her on his knees to accept his proffered forgiveness, deserves a better wife.

A LETTER FROM LADY HAVELOCK The Albion publishes, by permission of the St. George's Society, the following letter addressed by lady Havelock to Mr. Archibald, the British Consul of New York. The occasion was the presentation of a bound copy of Dr. Morgan's eloquent sermon preached on St. George's Day, to the widow of the good soldier :

LADY HAVELOCK TO E. M. ARCHIBALD, ESQ. 32 Cambridge street, Hyde Park, London, Sept. 7, 1858.

Sir,-I have lately been favored with your let ter, accompanied by a sermon, preached to the St. deorge's Society, on the anniversary of its estabfishment. "The sentiments therein expressed, with regard

to my beloved and honored husband, have made a deep impression on my wounded spirit; and the great mark of attention which was paid to his dear memory by your (the American? Ed. Alb.) nation, will never be forgotton by me or his children. In the depth of my sorrow I shall always revert with pride to that token of admiration, because it was called forth not only by the greatness of his deeds, but the beauty and holiness of his character. I thank God that I am not left desolate, but that my sons are walking in their father's steps, so far as it be posssible to approach anything almost so perfect as he was.

"Permit me to offer you my poor expression o ratitude for the honor and kindness you have shown me: and may I beg you to convey my thanks to the Society, which remembered me at o great a distance.

"I beg to remain, sir, very obediently, "HANNAH SHEPHERD HAVELOCK."

THE AUSTRIA'S RESCUED PASSENGERS .ispatch from Quebec, announcing the arrival there of the 22 additional saved from the Austria.

The Austria's pump in connection with the fire engine was not in working-order. Some attempt was made to render it available, but the flames were too rapid. Near the forecastle, ropes were made fast to the chains outside, and to these numbers clung; but, as the flames progressed they gave way and found a watery grave. On the bowsprit the passengers were laid out, piled one on top of another, sometimes four deep. They were finally driven from this last resource until only one man remained, seated on the extreme end. Eighteen persons got hold of the chain beneath the bowsprit stay, and remained there till four o'clock in the morning. A seaman clambered thence to the bowsprit, and those clinging to the stay passed wet clothing to him. The fire was thus subdued so as to render those on the bowsprit comparatively safe. They remained there till taken off by the boats of the Catarina.

SWINDLE BY EMIGRANT RUNNERS .- Charles Brew, whose miraculous escaped from the wreck of the steamship Austria was chronicled a few days ago, fell into the clutches of a couple of emigrant swindlers in New York, on Saturday, and was defrauded out of \$250. Mr. Brew was on his way to Fraser river, via San Francisco, and being anxious to purchase a ticket for the California steamer of the 5th inst. took a walk towards West street, when he ran afoul of two harpies keeping an office in Liberty street, who induced him to buy a bogus ticket, for which he paid them \$250. The swindlers were afterwards arrested, and compelled to refund.

A LADY SAVES HER LIFE, BUT LOSES HER JEWELRY.—A good story, which, however, looks like one of those that "require confirmation," is told of a lady who had taken passage on board the ill-fated Austria. It is said the lady, on looking at her berth, was dissatisfied with it, but, as the Of persons who, between the ages of fifteen and twenty-two, avoid fat meat, a few acquire an appetite for it, and live to a good old age, while the greater portion die with phthisic before thirty

at her berth, was dissatisfied with it, but, as the captain would not return her passage money, she took her passage in another vessel. In consequence of certain misgivings, however, that something give great facilities of trade and wealth to the city.

Plank roads and Turnpikes and country roads radiated brings it by water in connection with the James River and our northern cities, while its extensive water power, and our northern cities, while its extensive water power. she was coming out, she sent her jewels by the Austria. The sequel is known—the Austria was destroyed by fire, and the lady has arrived safe, deeply thankful that she is saved, even at the cost of her jewelry.

> Row AT CHAPEL HILL.-A correspondent the Greensboro Times says:

We have intelligence of a terrible out-break at our University, in which the principal features are, the burning of one of the teachers in effigy, assaulting the Faculty, burning the benches and attacking a private residence. For the honor of human nature, it is sincerely to be hoped that

sfuly opposed his rightful suthority as chief the 25th ult., the lightning struck a tree on the Charlotte Democrat.

In addition to the measures taken some months ago to introduce the tea plant into the United States from China, inquiries have been made by the Patent Office through Mr. Meade, our Minister to Brazil, for obtaining tea seed from GAMBLING .- At Chatham Superior Court, last that country, where it has been successfully cultivated for thirty years.

> Among those admitted, upon examination, as acting midshipmen, at the Naval Academy at David Alexander Telfair, of North Carolina Middle our or bill you tall her self point, and be

HILLSBORO' MILITARY ACADEMY. ON JANUARY 19rm, 1°59, THE INSTITUTION above named will be opened at Hillsboro', N. C., to be conducted in chief by Cupt. C. C. TEW, now Superintendent of the State Military Academy at Columbia, South Carolina, and Mr. W. D. Gaillard, a graduate of the South Carolina Military Academy, and an instructor of approved experience. The drill, distributed to the control of the control cipline, and course of studies, will assimilate as nearl as practicable to those of the Virginia and South Caroli na State Military Institutions. The studies of the firs two years, or preparatory course, will be, Arithmetic, Algebra, English Grammer, History of the United States, History of England, Ancient History, Mythology, Geography, French and Latin. The details

the advanced course will be announced hereafter.

The Academic year will continue uninterrupted from anuary 12th to the fourth week in November. The charge will be \$300 per annum, payable as follows: \$100 at the commencement of the Academic year; \$100 on May 1st, and \$100 on August 1st, for which the Academy will provide instruction, tex-hooks, stationery, quarters, board, fuel, lights, washing, clothing, (except shirts, drawers, and socks,) and medicinal attendance.

No pupil will be admitted under 13 or over 18 year

f age, or who cannot read and write with facility. Pupils will be received as day scholars for drill and in truction at the rate of \$105 per annum, payable in three equal instalments at the dates above mentioned. But in this case they will be provided with arms and accontrements only, and no responsibility will rest upon the Academy except during the hours at which such pupils are actually engaged on the drill or at recitation. For further information address the undersigned at columbia, S. C., until January 1st, after that date at Hillshoro' oct 2-10tw

NOTICE TO THE TRAVELING PUB-LIC.—Persons wishing to obtain a conveyance other to or from the Railroad Depots, in this city, can always be accommodated by Yarborough Four Horse Omnibus. The Omnibus will always be found by pasengers at the Depot upon the arrival of either of the trains. Persons in the city will be conveyed to the Depot in time for either train, if they leave their orders at my Stables. Carriages, Buggies and Horses for hire upon accom-

nodating terms. Persons attending the city with Horses, Drovers, &c. will find my Livery Stables eligibly situated and my terms satisfactory.

L. T. CLAYTON in rear of Market Fauare.

THE COLLEGE OF ST. JAMES, THE NEXT ANNUAL SESSION BEGINS ON Wednesday, September 29th. Punctual attendance on that day is requested. Applicants can enter any class in the Preparatory School or in the College, for which, upon examination, they are found qualified Commercial studies pursued by those whose parents desire it. Ample accommodations are provided for one hundred and twenty-five pupils.

Terms: Two hundred and fifty dollars, (\$250) for the Session, payable semi-annually, covering all ex-penses of Tuition and Boarding For admission apply to Rev. Dr. KERFOOT, Rector,

College of St. James, P. O., sug 14-w3m

AISSISSIPPI LAND FOR SALE Persons removing to North Mississippi are informed that P. B. Barringer, Commissioner for the heirs of Gen. Paul Barringer, dec'd, is now offering for sale a large body of land, (2880 acres) in Panola county. Those lands lie on McIver creek, within 6 miles of the town of Sardis, on the Memphis and Grenada Railroad. About two-thirds of the land is of a superior quality-much of it excellent bottom. It will be divided, when practicable, to suit purchasers. Terms: One-third cash ; balance 1 and 2 year.

For further information address the undersigned who have plats of the land in quarter sections, wit

valuations, quality of soil, &c.
PAUL B. BARRINGER, Oxford, Mississipp RUFUS BARRINGER. oet 2-w2mpd Concord, N. C.

SALE PRIVATELY OF VALUABLE,

CITY PROPERTY. THE UNDERSIGNED, INTENDING, AT THE end of the current year, to remove permanently to another part of the state, desires in the interval, to sell out privately, to one, or more persons, the whole of his real estate in the city of Petersburg, Virginia, and now offers it to the public upon terms and credits se advantageous, easy and unusual as will not fail to induce those who desire to make a safe and profitable investment in very valuable, susceptible and improving city property, to purchase.

The limits of an advertisement forbid a detailed des-

cription of an estate so large, varied and valuable, nor would the attempt be satisfactory either to the adver-tizer or the public. A personal examination and tho-rough investigation of the whole property, accompani-ed bysurveys and plats thereof, and of the city, with ora descriptions of boundaries, &c., &c., of each lot, square and improvement is specially recommended and invited as indispensable to an intelligent and full acquaintance with and appreciation of, its position, intrinsic value, present productiveness, rapidly increasing character, and future capabilities.

It will therefore be sufficient here to say, that the

city lots offered all lie within the city upon almost all the principal streets and thoroughfares and upon the river-many in the central and commercial parts of the city, and all elegibly situated and valuable for com-

Among the improved portions, are brick and wooder store houses, chiefly of brick, and fire proof, four stories and new; others three, two and one stories high, of different grades and values, according to position, size, &c., &c. Also dwellings of brick and wood, some very valuable.

Among the dwellings will be found a very spacious conveniently arranged and hansomely finished family residence of brick, covered with tin, porticos covered with tin, and with marble floors, the whole recently re-modelled and thoroughly repaired with all the modern comforts and improvements of gas, furnace, water fix-tures, bath and dressing rooms, &c., &c., besides every appurtenant office and out building, all of brick, covered with slate or tin and new, save only, one of the cau-age houses which is of wood. This residence is most favorably situated upon an elevated central square of ten acres, surrounded by four of the principal streets and enclosed on its whole front by an iron railing on a and enclosed on its whole front by an iron railing on a granite capping, and on the three remaining sides by a new and well constructed brick wall with a stone foundation. The grounds, laid out by professional gardeners, are well supplied with shade and ornamental trees and shrubbery; and the garden and green house, with plants and flowers, indigenous and exotic. The vegetable and fruit garden is well arranged and protected, and is large and productive. Three pumps, affording excellent water, supply the house, garden and offices at excellent water, supply the house, garden and offices at convenient points, abundantly. This large lot with others can be most conveniently and easily intersected bynew streets, and thus subdivided and made into many lots not surpassed by any for residences, &c., within the city, and the value of this property especially greatly

Petersburg, Vir. kina, already have populat on of 18, 000, with four Raironus in successful operation connecting the city on the north, with Washington, on the south with New Orleans, on the west with Lynchburg, Va., and Memphis, Tennessee, and on the east with Nor folk and the ocean. The river Appomattox upon which it is situated

ate from the city to all points, giving it every needful channel for a largely increased, and increasing trade and commerce—and few localities enjoy more varied and valuable advantages for a large and growing com-TERMS.

Only one sixteenth (61/4 per cent) of the purchase money payable upon the consummation of the sale.— The balance in fifteen equal annual instalments, with interest annually upon all the defered payments, always computing from the 1st day of January, 1859, when full and entire possession is to be given, and bonds with approved personal security and a deed are to be executed, and delivered. Apply in person or by letter to my agent, Mr. Hugh Nelson, or to the subscriber, in Petersburg, Virginia, for any desired additional information. ROBERT B. BOLLING.

WHOLESALE BOOT AND SHOE TRADE, September, 1858.

W R. JOHNSON, WHOLESALE DEALER IN Boots, shoes, trunks, carpet bags, valices, wrapping paper, &c., offers to the trade of Virginia and North Carolina, a large and commanding assortment of all articles belonging to his branch of trade, purchased recently on the most favorable terms of the manufacture. facturers themselves in the Eastern cities. To good and punctual customers, he will sell on reas-onable terms, and is prepared to offer rare inducements

to cash buyers.

Salesroom No. 56, Sycamore street, two doors below Hamilton & Graham.

Sep 11—wlm Standard copy.

Runaway SLAVE .-- TAKEN UP AND committed to the Jail of Davidson County, a Negro woman, who says her name is CHARLOTTE, and that she belongs to Robert Bailey, of Tennessee. Said slave is about 55 years old, above medium size, and very black. and very black. Upon proof of property and pay-ment of costs, she will be delivered to the owner. Sep 15 was Shariff of Davidson county, H. C.

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AVER'S CHERRY PECTORAL For the rapid Care of

Colds, Coughs, and Hoarseness. BLOOMFIELD, Mass., Dec. 20, 1855. 4 P Dr. J. C. AYER : I do not hesitate to ay the best-remedy I have ever found for Coughs, Hourseness, Influenza, and the concomitant symptoms of a Cold, is your Cherry Pectoral. Its constant use in my practice and my family for the last ten years has shown it to possess supe-

for virtues for the treatment of these

complaints

EBEN KNIGHT, M. D. A. B. MORTLEY, Esq., of Ctica, N. Y., writes: save used your Pectoral myself and in my family ever ince you invented it, and believe it the best medicine for is purpose ever put out. With a bad cold I should sooner pay twenty five dollars for a bottle than do without it r take any other remedy."

Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza. SPRINGFIELD, Miss., Feb. 7, 1856. BROTHER AYER: I will cheerfully certify your Pecoral is the best remody we possess for the cure of hooping cough, croup and the chest diseases of chillen. We of your fraternity in the South appreciate

our skill, and commend your medicine to our people. HIRAM CONKLIN, M. D. AMOS LEE, Esq., of Montreal, Ia, writes 3d Jan., 1856: "I had a tedious Influenza, which confined me n doors six weeks; took medicines without relief: finally tried your Pectoral by the advice of our clergynan. The first dose relieved the soreness in my throat and lungs; less than one-half the bottle made me complately well. Your medi fines are the cheapest as well is the best we can buy, and we esteem you, Doctor, and our remedie;, as the poor man's friend.

Asthma, or Phthisic, and Bronchitis. WEST MANCHESTER, PR., Feb. 4, 1856. Sin: Your Cherry Pectoral is performing marvel ous cures in this section. It has relieved several from slarming systems of consumption, and is now curing a man who has labored under an affection of the lungs tor the last forty years.

HENRY L. PARKS, Merchant.

A. A. RAMSET, M. D , Albion, Monroe County lowa, writes, Sept. 6, 1855: "During my practice of many years I have found nothing equal to your Cherry Pectoral for giving case and relief to consumptive pa ients, or curing such as are curable " We might add volumes of evidence, but the mos onvincing proof of the virtues of this remedy is found n its effects upon trial.

Consumption. probably no one remedy has ever been known which cured so many and such dangerous cases as this .-Some no human aid can reach; but even to those the therry Pectoral affords relief and comfort.

ASTOR House, New York City, March 5, 1856. DR. AYER-LOWELL: I feel it a duty and a pleasure to inform you what your Cherry Pectoral has done for my wife. She has been five months laboring under the dangerous symptoms of Consumption, from which no aid we could procure gave her much relief. She was steadily failing, until Dr. Strong, of this city, where we have come for advice, recommended a trial of your medicine. We bless his kindness, as we do your skill or she has recovered from that day. She is not yet as strong as she used to be, but is free from her cough, and calls herself well.

Yours with gratitude and regard ORLANDO SHELBY,

of Shelbyville. Consumptives do not despair till you have Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It is made by one of the best medial chemists in the world, and its cures all around us pespeak the high merits of its virtues .- Phil. Ledger. AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS. THE SCIENCES OF CHEMISTRY AND MED.

ICINE have been taxed their utmost to produce his best, and most perfect purgative which is known to man. Innumerable proofs are shown that these Pills have virtues which surpass in excellence the ordinary medicines, and that they win unprecedentedly upon the esteem of all men. They are safe and pleas-ant to take, but powerful to cure. Their penetrating properties stimulate the vital activities of the body, remove the obstructions of its organs, purify the blood, and expel disease. They purge out the foul humors which breed and grow distemper, stimulate sluggish or disordered organs into their natural action, and impart healthy tone with strength to the whole system. Not only do they cure the every day complaints of every body, but also formidable and dangerous diseases that have baffled the best of human skill. While they produce powerful effects, they are at the same time, in di-minished doses, the safest and best physic that can be employed for children. Being sugar-coated, they are pleasant to take; add being purely vegetable, are free from any risk of harm. Cures have been made which surpass belief were they not substantiated by men of such exalted position and character as to forbid the suspicion of untruth. Many eminent clergymen and physicians have lent their names to certify to the pubic reliability of my remedies, while others have sent me the assurance of their conviction that my Preparations contribute immensely to the relief of my afflicted, suffering fellow-men.

The Agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis my American Almanac, containing directions for their use and certificates of their cures, of the following complaints:

Costiveness, Bilious Complaints, Rheumatism, Drop sy, Heartburn, Headache, arising from foul stomac Nausea, Indigestion, Merbid Inaction of the Bowels and Pain arising therefrom, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, all Ulcerous and Cutaneous Diseases which require an evacuant medicine, Scrofula or King's Evil. They also, by purifying the blood and stimulating the system, cure many complaints which it would not be supposed they could reach, such as Deafness, Partial Blindness, Neuralgia and Nervous Irritability, Derangements of the Liver and Kidneys Control the Liver and Kidneys, Gout, and other kindred complaints arising from a low state of the body or obstruction of its functions.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with some other pill they make more profit on. Ask for Ayer's Pills, and take nothing else. No other they can give you compares with this in its intrinsic value or curative powers. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

PREPARED BY DR. J. C. AYER, Practical and Analytical Chemist, Lowell, Mass.

Price 25 Cts. per Box .- Five Boxes for \$1. SOLD BY All the Druggists in this City. STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA, Northampton County.—In Equity.

M. W. Ransom and wife, and others, ve. Esther Murfred Petition to sell land.
Whereas, it has been made to appear to the Court that the defendant, Esther Murfree, is a non-resident of this State, it is ordered that publication be

made for six weeks, in some newspaper published in the city of Releigh, notifying the said defendant to appear at the next term of this Court, to be held for the county of Northampton, at the Court house in Jack-son, on the 5th Monday after the 4th Monday of September, 1858, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the bill filed against her, otherwise the same will be taken pro confesso, and the cause set for hearing ex Witness, Wm W. Peebles, Clerk and Master, at

fice, in Jackson, this the 18th day of September, 1858. WM. W. PEEBLES, C: M. E. (Pr. adv. \$5 621.)

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA, CHAT-HAM County-Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, August Term, 1853. Anthony Armstead vs. Michael Olive and wife an others.

Petition for account and settlement. Whereas, it has been made to appear to the satisfac tion of the Court that the children of Robert Armstead dec'd, by his first wife, who are defendants in the above entitled cause, are non-residents of this State, this therefore, is to notify said non-resident defendants wherever they may be, to be and appear at the next term of this Court, to be held for the county of Chatham, at the Court House in Pittsboro', on the 2d Monday of November next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the petition filed against them in this case, otharwise said petition will be taken pro confesso as to

Witness, R. C. Cotton, Clerk of our said Court, at office in Pittsboro', the 2d Monday of August, 1858.

R. C. COTTON, C. C. C. sep 15-w6w (Pr ad't \$6.621.)

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, GATES County—Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, August Term, A. D., 1858. · James R. Riddick rs. Henry A. Riddick.

Original Attachment.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Henry A. Riddick, the defendant in this case, is a non-resident of this State, therefore it is ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Raleigh Register, for six weeks successively, commanding the said defendant to make his persons!

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATION OF HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCH

JOY TO THE AFFLICTED! It cures Nervous and Debilitated Futierers, and moves all the Symptoms, among which will be for

Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, General Weakness, Horror of Disease, Weak Nerves, Trembling Dremiful Horror of Leafn, Night Sweats, Cold Feet, Wakefulness, Dinness of Vision, Langour, Universal bassitude of the Museum System, Otten Enormous Apperlie, with Dir peptic Symptoms. Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of Skin, Pallid Counten vuce and Eruptions on the Face, Pain in the Back, Heaviness of the

Eyelida Frequently Black Spots Flying before the Eyes, with Temporary Suffusion and Loss of Sight, Want Attention, Great Mobility, Restleasness, with Bor. ror of Society | Nothing is more Desirable : such Patients than Solitude, and nothing they more Drend for fear of themselves, no Repose of Manner, no Earnestuces, no 8 ecq-iation, but a Hurral Transition, from

one question to another. These symptoms, if allowed to go on-which a medicine invariably removes—soon follows Loss of Power, Fatuity, and Epileptic Fits—in o of which the patient may expire. Who can say the direful diseases—Insunity and Consumption The records of the Insune Asylums, and the me sucholy deaths by Consumption, bear suple we need to the truth of these assertions. In Lunatic Assertions the most melancholy exhibition appears. To ountenance is actually sodden and quite destirute deither Mirth or Grief, ever visits it. Should a sour of the voice occur, it is rarely articulate.

"With woeful measures wan despair Low sullen sounds his grief Beguiled." Detility is most terrible! and has brought thousand ipon thousands to untimely graves, thus blasting it imbition of many noble youths. It can be cured by INFALLIBLE REMEDY.

If you are suffering with any of the above distressing ailments, the FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU will cure you. Try it and be convinced of its efficacy. BEWARE OF QUACK NOSTRUBS AND QUACE DOCTORS who falsely boast of abilities and references. Citizen know and avoid them, and save Long Suffering, Money and Exposure, by sending or calling for a bottle of the It allays all pain and inflammation, is perfectly pleas ant in its taste and odor, but immediate in its action

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHT Is prepared directly according to the Rules of Pharmacy and Chemistry, with the greatest accuracy and Chemical knowledge and care devoted in its combination. See Professor DEWEES' Valuable Works on the Practice of Physic and most of the late Standard Works of Medicine.

One hundred dollars will be paid to any physician who can prove that the Medicine ever injured a patient; and the testimony of thousands can be produced to prove that it does great good. Cases of from one week to thirteen years' standing have been effected. The ass of VOLUNTARY TESTIMONY in possession of the Proprietor, vouching its virtues and curative powers, is immense, embracing names well known to Science and Fame. Personally appeared before me, an alderman of the City of Philadelphia, H. T. HELMBOLD, Chemis,

who being duly sworn does say, that his prep contains no Narcotic, Mercury are purely Vegetable. H. T. HELMBOLD, Sole Manufactur Sworn and subscribed before me this 23d day of No WM. P. HIBBARD, Price \$1 per Bottle, or Six for \$5, Delivered to a

Accompanied by reliable and reponsible certificates from Professors of Medical Colleges, Clergymen and Prepared and sold by H. T. HELMBOLD, Practical and Analytical Chemist. No. 52 South 10th Street, below Chestant, Assembly Buildings, Philadelphia.

Druggists and Dealers throughout the United States BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS. Ask for Helmbold's -- Take no Other! CURES GUARANTEED.

SALE OF LAND IN EQUITY. PY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE COURT of Equity for the County of Craven, the Clerk and Master will expose to public sale at the Court House in the town of Newbern, on the 25th day of October aext, being Monday of the Superior Court of Craven, the following valuable lets, with the buildings and others. er improvements thereon:
One lot, 100 feet X 90, on East Front and Chang

Streets, with the large and commodious dwelling home and out houses thereon, being the late residence of Mrs. Fliza Vail, dec'd.

Also, a lot on East Front and Change Streets, with the dwelling house, office, wharf, &c.
Also, lots 25, 26, 39, and 40 in Dryborough, adjoining the town of Newbern. Terms made known on the day of sale.

sep 11 wew . F. C. ROBERTS, C. & M. E. VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE.

OFFER FOR SALE A TRACT OF LAND IN Wake county, about twenty miles north of Raleigh, on the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, three miles from Forestville, and adjoining Wake Forest College lands, containing about thirty-seven hundred acres—the residence of the late Thomas Alston, deceased. It is a healthy situation, and in a good neighborhood. The land may be divided in smaller parcels to suit put JAMES J. ALSTON.

NOTICE: TAKEN UP AND COMMITTED to the Jail in Wilkes county, N. C., on the 9th day of August, instant, a negro boy named JOE, who says he belongs to Isaac Inakip; that he lives in Hampshire county, near Frankford P. O., in Virignia, Said boy says he is 17 years old, a very bright mulatte, some little over 5 feet high, slender and light, prelly intelligent, and says he has been lying out for some is intelligent, and says he has been lying out for some

months.

Also, taken up and committed to Jail as above on the 11th day of August, instant, a negro boy named EMMANUEL, who says that he belongs to a wider woman by the name of Sarah Icipas, who lives between Columbia and Charleston, S. C., the place, post office, or district he cannot describe. Said boy seems to be about 20 years old, weighs about 150 lbs., is very black, and has all the duliness of his race, says he left home to go west to a Mr. Ball who was a years of his home to go west to a Mr. Bell who was executor of his The owners of the above named boys are requeste to come forward, prove their property, pay charges, of they will be disposed off according to law. ESLEY STALEY, Sheriff.

Wilkesboro', Aug. 28—6w

CINE and popular knowledge, organized for the purpose of arresting the evils of worthless and supplying families with reliable Domestic Remedies, have sold to Messrs. J. & C. J. COWLES, of Elkville, N. C., an assortment of the

valuable compounds, vis:

ROWAND'S TONIC MIXTURE for the cure of Ague, etc.;

Syrup of Blackberry Root, for the cure of Biarrhosa, etc.;

The University Remedy for Lung Complaints, etc.;

"Dyspepsia, or Indigention,"

"Coative Bowels, (Pills)

" Sore Eyes,
" Ear ache and Desiners, " Tooth sche, " Fover and Ague, (in form of Pille;)

Unlike the various nostrums of the day, these Remedies depend upon their merits for popularity. They are to be had of the Messrs. COWLES, at Elkville, and

Court, that publication be made in the Raleigh Register, for six weeks successively, commanding the said defendant to make his personal appearance at the next term of this Court, to be held for the County of Gates, at the Court-house in Gatesville, on the third Monday of November next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the said suit, otherwise judgment, final, will be entered against him.

Witness, Henry L. Eure, Clerk of our said Court, at office in Gatesville, the third Monday of August, A. D., 1858.

HENRY L. EURR, C. C. C. C. sep 18—wew (Pr. sdv. \$5.621)

NOTICE.—A GENERAL MEETING OF the Stockholders of the Rosnoka Vavigation Company will be held at Halifax Court-House, Va., en Wednesday the 13th of October, 1868.

By order of the Board of Directors, eet 2—3t.

C. McIntoch, Tayloraville; Dr. John Fink, Co. and their Agents, as follows:

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