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JOHN W. SYME

RALEIGH, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 9, '859.

term of this Court, Hogue was convicted of stant the murder of Parrish at Winton's Hotel in this City last January. Robins was convicted of bigamy, and Nathaniel Shipp, charged legitimately in self-defence.

At 11 o'clock on yesterday, Hogue was whole work." taken into Court for the purpose of receiving The counsel for the prisoner then appealed to wherewith to make war upon the "scheme !!" the Supreme Court.

THE RALEIGH STANDARD AND THE ADMINISTRATION --- THE WAKE CO. DEMOCRACY -- A QUEER STATE OF

A more extrao dinory spectacle than the one now exhibited by the Democracy in and about this county, it has rarely, if ever, been our lot to wirness.

In the first place, the Raleigh Standard, the organ of its party, is opposed to every prominent measure advocated by President Railroad, constructed by the General Government, and to the Thirty Million Bill-and vet expresses the greatest confidence in the President, and proclaims that "his administration"-not one prominent measure of Standard which the Standard approves-"will be regarded in after times, as one of the brightest in our country's history ! !"

But for certain reasons which we know the we should absolutely think that it was poking fun at him, and indulging in a rich strain of irony towards him and his administration. This is now the Standard's position, and next let us enqure into the position of the Democracy of Wake.

At the meeting on Monday, Mr. Frank I. ard, introduced the following resolution:

"Resolved. That we are opposed to specific duties for national revenue-that we are opposed to gress to pass an appropriation bill for the a Pacific Railroad to be built by the General Goving the President with \$30,000,000 for the purchase of Cubs or for any other purpose."

the Democracy of Wake, by so disposing of it, proclaimed, substantially, that they were in favor of specific duties-in favor of a Railroad to the Pacific, to be constructed by thr Federal Government, and in favor of giving the President the sum of Thirty million of dollars-thus abandoning all their folk Arous. opposition to protective tariffs and Internal fund of an enormous amount.

Bu this is not all. The action of the it is opposed to every measure which they advocate.

than it has received from Mr. Buchanan's admin-

We do not conceive it necessary to answer the above question, for the whole Southern country approves and applauds the "interference" of Serawill characterize it with the honest indignation it

We sak our readers to mark well the language of the Register, and treasure it for future use .-

Democracy .- Standa-d. lar could the country have sustained at the gusted with the Argus - Richmond Whig.

hands of Fremont more injury than it has re- In addition to what has been so well said

have prevailed, are now prevailing, and will by continue to prevail, under Mr. Buchanan's ? You talk, Citizen, about our co-operating you figuratively and familiary call "National State which will be found in to-day's paper.

(!) Democracy," while you stand ready to The Raleigh Register. support Henry A. Wise, or the Devit himself, if he is nominated by the Charleston Convention, and when your warmest sympathies are enlisted in behalf of John Letcher, who was once-and not so very long since, either the advocate of 'he abolition of slavery in Western Virginia! !.

SAVE ME FROM MY PRIENDS.

Well may Honest John Letcher apply this maxim to his friend, the Petersburg Press. We take from that pellucid and consistent journal the following extract from an edito-WAKE SUPERIOR COURT. - At the present | rial which appeared in i's issue of the 5th in-

Dr. Ruffner himself admits that "the pamphlet contains some epithets and phrases concerning slavery rather harsh and coarse." "I saw," says he, "after the pamph'et came out, that they were with committing manslaughter on E. A. Mer- in bad taste. I was not surprised to see that the ritt, was acquitted, it appearing that he acted enemies of our scheme selected these, some five or and used them as texts for their vituperation of the

So it seems that John Letcher, the Demothe sentence of death. The counsel for the cratic candidate for the office of Governor of prisoner asked for a new trial on the grounds Virginia, endorsed and circulated a pamphlet that the Judge had improperly charged the containing expressions so gross and violent, Jury on some points and urged some other that the author himself was afterwards a hamreasons, but the Judge overroled the peti- ed of them, and was ocnvinced that the enetion, and then passed sentence of death upon mies of his and Letcher's "scheme," (the the prisoner, appoining the 20 h day of "scheme" of the abolition of slavery in Wes-May next as the time for the execution .- | tern Virginia) seized upon them as weapons

Bravo, Colonel! Letcher no doubt thanks you for this display in his behalf of your taste, tact, and talents.

Letcher circulating a pamphlet so vile that Ruffner was himself ashamed of it! Vot a vonderful Democratic pictur!! In the langu ge of the man in the play, we say to the Colonel of the "Press," "Good, sir, very good, sir-we thank you, good sir, we owe you one."

COMPLAINTS OF THE MAILS .- Almost every Buchanan - to specific duries - o the Pacific paper, we open contains complaints of the delay or non-reception of mail matter, and almost every plaints. We trust the Department will endeavor to detect where the faults lie. A subso iber at New Salem, Randolph county, writes :-

"There is some one in the service of the P. O Department who either neglects his duty or does not know how to perform it. Every man of busines. knows the value of good mail facilities. Ours, i is true, are not so good as if we were on the rail road; but we have four mails a week, and this is Standard has to be cautious with Old Buck, all we ask if we could get our tetters and paper according to opportunities offered. These are of ten delayed a week beyond reasonable time, sometimes causing loss to business men of this place and the vicinity."

The Post Office Department in all its details, like everything under this wretched admiristration, is wretchedly managed, and bad as things are, they may become worse Wilson, the Associate Editor of the Stand- unless the constitution and laws are violated to furnish a remedy for Democratic shortcomings. The failure of a Democratic Con-Post Office will soon necessitate the disconconstitution and laws are violated to raise This resolution was laid on the table, and the means to keep them running.

> INTERFERENCE IN OUR DOMESTIC ELECTION.

"The Raleigh Register, following the example of the New York Herald, is sticking its nose it our Virginia election. We hard'y think that Virginia freemen will allow an intrusive outsider to dictate to them about their own affairs."- Nor-

Now, what will "Virginia freemen" and Vir-Improvements by the General Government, gims gentlemen think when we tell them that in and advocating the creation of a corruption the very same number of the Argus from which the above extract is taken, there appeared a flattering notice from the Wytheville Telegraph of the speeches made in that village in behalf of Wake county Democracy bas placed a gap as Letcher's election by a couple of "intrusive out wide as that between Lagarus and Dives be siders" in the persons of Sepator Clay, of Ala, and tween themselves and the Raleigh Standard, Mr. Sandidge, of Louisiana? Now, neither Sonberetofore their acknowledged organ. The ator Clay, nor Mr. Sandidge are natives of Vir-Standard can no longer speak their voice, for ginia, while the editor of the Raleigh Register is and has lived in the State, and served the State in various capacities all his life, until within the last two years. Have the former individuals, or What a kettle of fish! Was the like ever the latter, the best right to talk about Virginia politics? The latter, undoubtedly-and vet, the Argus, which has displayed more recklessness in In what single particular could the country have the present canvass than any other paper in the sustained at the hands of Fremont more injury | State, calls upon "Virginia freemen," not to allow istration? We cannot conceive of one.—Reg s- an "intrusive outsider," like Jno. W. Syme, "a native and to the manor born," to utter a word in regard to our domestic election, while it boldly tor Clay and Mr. Sandidge, who are not of us nor among us, and never were! Is not this justice and consistency with a vengeance?

Besides, do not the Washington States and the That paper is evidently preparing the way for a Washington Union interferein our dome-ticelerco-operation in 1860 with all the odds and ends of tion" every day, in long-winded articles of appeal all parties, North and South, against the national to the Democracy and denunciation of the Opposition? And are not both these Democratic pa-Spare your "indignation," Citizen. It is pers? And has the Argus any rebuke for them? The Norfolk Argus ought to be assumed of itself. utterly thrown away upon us. We ask, and Every body, we are sure, who has any knowledge shall ask again and again, "in what particu- of a paper so obscure, is both ashamed of and dis-

ceived from Mr. Buchapan's administration?" by the Whig, we take leave to inform the Kansas is fixed to come in free, and was Norfolk Argus, that we have never "stuck so fixed under Mr. Buchapan's administra- our nose" into its election. We take leave tion. Could it have been fixed to come in furthermore to tell this journal with more more than free under the administration of eyes than ideas, hat we never will "stick our Freemont? Could more extravagance, more nose" into its "election," as we never, except corruption, peculation, fraud, roguery, and in cases of unavoidable necessity, "stick our all manner of conceivable villainies, have pre- nose" where it will be assailed by a stench vailed under Fremont's administration than which would overpower all the perfume shed

"The gardens of Gul in their bloom."

We call attention to the resolutions passed with "odds and ends" to break down what by the Board of Directors of the Bank of the lature of New York was defeated on Tuesday by Patri t has been for years a substantial, able and

RALEIGH, WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 13, 1859.

Intelligencer.

SEVERE. We call attention to two articles in today's paper taken from the Washington States. We really feel sorry for Old Buck, and would do something for him if we could, but really fear he is past praying for.

DEMOCRATIC EXTRAVAGANCE.-The dome of the new Capitol building at Washington instead of costing \$100,000, as was estimated, cost the enormous sum of EIGHT HUN-DRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOL-LARS

So much for the people's money when it is in the hands of corrupt and extravagant De-

WE FEEL FLATTERED .- The Salisbury Watchman compliments an article written by us, headed "Consistency, thou art a jewel," by placing it in its editorial columns, and printing it in editorial type, without giving any credit to the paper whence it was ex-

ARREST OF A FUGITIVE SLAVE IN PENNSYLVANIA.

On the 1st of April U. S. Deputy Marshal Jenkins arrested a fugitive slave at Harrisburg, named Daniel Dangerfield, formerly known as Daniel Webster, the property of Mrs. Elizabeth simpson, of Athensville, Va. A great deal of exitement was created, but Marshal Jenkins hurried the fugitive off to Philadelphia for trial before any attempt could be made for his rescue --A learing of the case before U. S. Commissioner. Longstreth was had at Philadelphia on the same day, but at the instance of the counsel for the negro the case was postponed until Monday, the prisoner, in the meantime, being consigned to Movamensing prison.

flice on Monday, a most exciting scene ensued .-Hundreds gathered along the route, and there was every evidence of a forcible seizure being determined on. Marshal JENKINS made such a movement that left no doubt that the first man who interfered did so on the peril of his life. He thus succeeded in safely conducting DARIEL before the

attorney of claimant's bounsel as a mere ranscript

The evidence for the prosecution closed at 9 o'clock Monday evening, when the counsel for the defence asked for the adjournment of the case until he had time to consult with his witnesses. Mr. Brewster, counsel for the claimant, argued that the statute enforced summary proceedings and opnesed an adjournment. The public feeling was excited and the law demanded prompt action to shield the claimants from any disastrous results : that was the intent of the law. Finally the Commissioner decided in favor of adjourning the case, for the reason that he was not perfectly satisfied with the identification of the negro, the witnesses not having seen him for seven or eight years. So the case was adjourned to Tuesday.

PHILADELPHIA, April 6.- Last night, evidence was adduced to show that Dangerfield, the alleged tugitive slave, confessed to the officers who conveyed him from Harrisburg to this city, and others, that this was his first visit here. The testimony, after a long argument, was admitted. and completely overthrew the most important evi-

The evidence in the case closed at midnight -The counsel occupied six hours in summing up the case. The Commissioner rendered his decision this Bay Island colony is abandoned, while, to aggraaf ernoon, discharging the alleged fugitive, his vate the injury, the Cass-Yrissari treaty is rejectidentity not being proven. The negro is being ed with every circumstance of contempt for carried through the streets on the shoulders of the the resentment of the United States. Ignoble carried through the streets on the shoulders of the negroes. Intense excitement prevails.

THE SICKLES' CASE .- The trial of Daniel E. Sickles for the murder of Philip Barton Key, commenced in the Criminal Court at Washington on Monday The proceedings progressed no farther on that day than the arraignment of the prisoner and the selection of five jurors. The regular panel was exhausted and the Court after ordering the summoning of the talesmen adjourned until Tuesday morning. Mr. J. M. Carlisle has been retained by the United States to assist Mr. Ould, District Attorney, in the prosecution of the case .-Messrs, Graham, and Brady, New York; Philips of Alabama; Magruder, of Virginia; Stanton, of Pennsylvania: Radeltffe and Chilton, of Washington city, appeared as counsel for the prisoner .-These gentlemen, it is supposed, embrace as large an amount of legal talent as has ever before been employed in a murder case in this says: or any other country. The father of Mr. Sickles, and also Mr. Bajioli, the father of his wife, were in

On Tuesday the prisoners dock was removed to a position to enable him freely to communicate with his counsel. Mr. Stanton sat by Mr. Sickles during the morning, and he had frequent consultations with his counsel. The five jurors selected on Monday answered to their names. Marshal Selding announced to the Court that he had summoned seventyfive talesmon, whose names were placed in a hat and called as grawn out. Out of the whole number only three additional jurymen were obtained. Petri F. Bacon was challenged by defence; all the rest had formed decided opinions, most of them evidently favorable to the prisoner, and several so expressed themselves. The Court ordered seventyfive more talesmen to be summoned for Wednesday morning. The Court then adjourned.

her husband's counsel.

WASHINTON, April 6 .- Four additional jurors were selected to day, making 12, and the trial commences to-morrow. An immense number of witnesses have been subnamed for the defence.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.-An election took lace in St. Louis on Monday last for municipal officers, and resulted in the election of the Republican candidate for Mayor, O. D. Filley, by 2,500 majority over the Democratic candidate, and 4,500 over the American candidate.

An election took place in Cincinnati on Monday for municipal officers and resulted in the success of the opposition ticket by from 1000 to 2500 majority.

The personal liberty bill before the Legis-

Good News From Louisville .- The city of Louisville has been handsomely carried by the opposition, 18 of 24 Aldermen having been elected, where, six weeks since, the Democra swere claimng the victory in advance. This is a very good

place in August. Last April the City Government was carried by only 250 majority. Col. W. W. Seaton one of the editors of the National Intelligencer, with a few of his friends. on Wednesday night last, celebrated his golder wedding, having been married fifty years, for

about which time he has been connected with the

DIRECT TRADE.-Hon. A. Dudley Mann i about visiting Bremen, with a view to induce the Steamship Company of that thriving city, whose vessels run to New York, to allow one or their steamers to alternate its trips from Bremen beween Norfolk, Va., and New York.

The bids for the \$500,000 six per cent onds of the State of North Carolina were opened this day, 4th of April, at Raleigh. The whole amount bid was \$2,072,000; about one-third of the sum wanted was awarded at par; the lowest rate in the award will net about 98 at the State Treasury .- Journal of Commerce.

A CASE OF INFATUATION.

A louder blast from the Washington States, Democratic Organ which professes to know all about Mr. Buchanan and the Ousley's. [From the Washington States, 1st.]

* * * The President, instead of persisting in his patriotic policy, on a sudden, and without apparent excuse, withdrew his demand for the abgation of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, and initiated negociations for the adjustment of the Isthmian controversy on the basis of a perpetual ob servance of that abominable engagement. Nay more; by the concession of the faithful organ, in in an article now before us, he admitted the English Envoy into the secret of his diplomacy, and made Sir Wm. Gore Ousley the representative of On conducting the fugtive to the Commissioner's | his pricy. At the instance of that will and unscrupulous adventurer, the President repudiated the regular British Minister, who was ready, as we are prepared to prove, to accept a renunciation of the Clayton-Bulwer compact, and with Sir Gore Ousley concocted a plan of settlement which that impudent personage proposed for the avowed purpose of perpetuating a treaty repugnant to all the instincts and interests of the American people. Nor was that all.

Such was the infatuation of Mr. Buchanan, that and while the British envoy was assiduously operating to secure England's feethold on the Isthfrom and not a full record of the Cours of Loudon | mus, the American representative was instructed to second his efforts, and the American squadron ordered to prevent any interruption to their progress by the inopportune interposition of a fill-bust r enterprise. Why did Mr. Buchanan con-sent to play the part of accessory to the disgrace and disparagement of his own country? It was not, we do him the justice to admit, with a deliberate intent to betray American interests. Mr. Buchanan is a victim of misplaced confi-

dence. He is the dupe of Ousley's artful diplomacy. He supposed himself to be persuaded that England would negotiate in the spirit of the American construction of the Clayton-Bulwer compact, and would hasten, if left alone, to abandon her usurped dominion over the Musquito coast and the Bay islands. As an additional inducement to the acquiescence of our government. Gore Ousley stipulated to insure the ratification of the Cass-Yrissari treaty. Mr. Buchanan was credu-lous. He gave ear to Ousley, accepted his proposals, dismissed him with a benediction, and confidently anticipated the triumph of his diplomacy, and the fulfillment of his pledge.

His diplomacy is t-iumr hant, but his pledgeswhat of them? The story is already told. Suffice it to say in 'recapitu'ation, that by the conventions which Gore Ousley has negotiated, so far from renouncing England's pretensions in Central America, he has secured their confirmation. Neither the Musquito protectorate nor the consummation! Will the country submit to so shameful a sacrifice of its rights? Does it not blush at this truthful picture of its humiliation? At the hazard of tedious repetition, we must ntreat the public to recollect these facts-that Mr. Buchanan once advocated the repeal of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty; that he subsequently shifted his policy and commenced negotiations on the basis of perpetuating that engagement, that he refused an assurance from Lord Napier of a readiness on the part of the British legation to annul the Clayton-Bulwer compact, and gave all his confidence to Ousley, who desired nothing so nuch as to consolidate English usurpation on the Isthmos under cover of that convention.

These are facts of which we defy contradic-

THE TAWBORO' CONNECTION .- A correspondent of the Petersburg Press, writing from Tawboro, N. C., in relation to the proposed branch railroad between that town and Rocky Mount,

"On last Thursday, [31st] Mr. J. Bullock and Mr. R. R. Bridgers, in company with Gen. Mc Rae, of Wi¹mington, started from Rocky Mount on horseback to take a view of the proposed route for this railroad. They found it one peculiarly adapted to the purpose; the country being for the most part level, and free from deep cuttings or tunneling. The estimated cost will be 10,000 per mile, and perhaps under that sum. This road, it thought, will be carried on to Washington, N. C., distant from this place 50 miles, and will prove of great advantage to the merchants and farmers, the only means of transportation now being by wagons and by flats to the river. The people of Wilmington have offered, I understand to take \$25,000 worth of stock, provided the cost is not, as I have said, over \$10,000 per mile. The balance will soon be subscribed by the residents of the county and the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company."

THE HAVRE CONSULSHIP .- We understand that Gen. Geo. P. Morris declines the Consulship at Havre, which was tendered to him by the Pres-On Tuesday Mrs. Sickles arrived in Washing- ident. The inadequacy of the salary, and the arton, her attendance on the trial being required by duous and confining nature of the duties of the office, which are not at all congenial to the habits and tastes of a literary gentlemen, have decided him to this course.

Presentments have been made by the Grand Jury, of Washington, against A. G. Seamen, late Superintendent of Public Printing, Gen. Cullom, late Clerk of the House of Representatives, and P. D. Duval, of Philadelphis, for their alleged complicity in the frauds in the department of Public Printing, investigated by a Special Committee during the late session of Congress. Gen. Cullom immediately appeared and gave bail.

NEWSPAPER CHANGE .- The Baltimore Patriot has passed into the hands of Messrs. John T. Sharretts & Co., who succeed the old proprietors. The reliable journal.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER NEW YORK:

LATER FROM EUROPE.

NEW YORK, April 5 .- The steamer New York from Southampton, with dates to the 22d ult., has beginning to the State election, which will take A peace Congress to be held on Italian affairs,

A large meeting of workmen had been held in Hyde Park, London, to oppose the Reform bill.

The Neapolitan exiles had arrived at Bristol. The quays were growded with some ten thousand

say that the Emperor having been informed of the ultimate resolution of Austria, desires to recede by diplomatic help from an aggressive atti-Another letter states that Austria and France appear more inclined towards a pacific station. It is certain that Austria's force in Lombardy is more

imposing than was supposed. Vienna correspondence says there is no danger of its falling off at Paris telegrams state that the five great powers had agreed to the proposition of holding a European Congress, but the basis and extent of the discussions have not been settled. The Hague, Lon-

don and Berlin are severally mentioned as likely to be the place for holding the Congress. The Austrian papers warn the people against too much confidence in the peaceful reports in circulation and say it is very doubtful whether the proposed peace Congress will be convoked. The exports of arms, gunpowder, and sulphur from Austria into the Italian States is prohibited.

The London Morning Herald says that France intends to protest against the construction of fortifications at Piacenza. Cardinal Antonelli had again requested the immediate evacuation of Rome by the French troops. Advices, one week later from Australia, had

reached England. The miners there were pros-The Bombay mail of the 25th of February had been telegraphed. The Rohillas had been dispersed and their forts captured without a blow. Justis Tepee was still at large.

The Daily News says the last Austrian circular is said to have been written by Prince Metter-In the British House of Commons Lord John Russell had made an amendment to the Reform

The Times' City Article says that the announce ment that a Peace Congress would he held caused an improvement in the funds, which would have been greater but for the fact that the Bourse had not shown any decided evidences of a recovery of The Steamer Canada arrived out on the 21st

MARKETS. of 1-10al in Cotton. But no regular market has been held since the sailing of the Persia. Provisions are dull. Sugar is steady. Turpentine is

dull at 40a41s. Rosin steady. The London corn market has advanced 1s. Con sols 96 a964.

INTERESTING FROM WASHINGTON. WASHINGTON, Tuesday, April 5.

The dispetches sent to General Lamar are, it is represented, of the most positive character. They ogy, restitution and indemnity, on a failure to omply with which he is to ask for his passports. The Home Squadron, it is said, will be strengthened and the vessels placed at the disposal Gen. Lamar, to use them for the defence of American citizens, their property and vested rights .-The dispatches to Flag-officers McCiuney and Long, commanding respectively the Home and

Lamar. Failing to receive them, they are to exercise a latitudinous discretion. The usual diplomatic course has been pursued n informing the Foreign Legations of the intentions of this Government.

Pacific Squadrons, are to obey the orders of Gen.

The Quarter-Masters Department is curtailing its expenses as rapidly as the public service will admit. In addition to two military posts on the route to Utah, three are to be dispensed with in Texas; and orders have been issued to stop the purchase of mules, etc.

Advices from Africa say the American Squadon is still repeating their monotonous drudgery up and down the cosst for the distance of fiv housand miles. The health of the squadron was tolerably good. The Date left Sierra Leone or the 8th of Febuary for Monrovia, and from thence she would go northward to Bathurst, Goree, Cape de Verds, and farther as the public service may re-

THE CONNECTICUT ELECTION. HARTFORD, April 4 .- The Republicans have elected the entire Congressional Delegation, as well as the whole State Ticket, and a large majority of the Legislature. The following are the successful candidates Governor, W. A. Buckinham : Lieut. Governor.

J. Catlen; Treasurer, L. J. Hendee; Secretary, J. Boyd; Comptroller, W. H. Buell. The following are the candidates elected in the Congressional Delegation:

First District-D. Loomis, (Rep.,) in place of E. Clark, Jr., (Rep.)
Second District—J. Woodruff, (Rep.,) in place of S. Arnold, (Dem.) Third District-A. A. Burnham, (Rep.,) in place of Sidney Dean, (Rep.)
Fourth District—O. S. Ferry, (Rep.,) in place

REPORTED SETLEMENT OF THE PARA-GUAYAN DIFFICULTY.

of Wm. D. Bishop, (Democrat.)

NEW YORK, April 6.—Intelligence received by the Herald from Montevideo, is to the 19th Feb. 17 days later, announcing the peaceful adjustment of our difficulties' with Paraguay through the friendly offices of President Urquiza. The precise terms of settlement are not stated, but it is known that ample indemnity is conceded to the family of the man killed on the Water Witch, and to the American manufacturing company represented by

A jury in Richmond, Virginia, have rendered a verdict of \$2,361.08 in favor of a milling firm and against the flour inspector. It has been the rule for years that the draws are considered the perquisites of the inspectors, and when heavy inspections are made these "long augur draws" amount to a considerable toll. Crensbaw and Fisher, of Richmond, served a protest against the practice upon D. S. Delapane, on January 1st, 1856, and sued for the "draught flour" retained by him since that period to July, 1858. The judge and jury went to the mills and saw the flour inspected in the usual manner—the "draught" being from seven and three-tourths to ten and a half ounces. The legal half-inch "tryer" drew out one and a half ounces.

NOT MUCH OF AN OUTBAGE AFTER ALL.—The lake and river boats whose seizure by the Nicara-guan Government was reported the other day, were not the old boats of the Transit Company, but new ones sent out a few months since by the new Yelverton-White Company. They were seized on the supposition that the United States sloop-of-war Decatur, which had come in sight, was a vessel loaded with fillibusters. Under that impression, the Nicaraguan authorities placed the boats under the guns of Fort San Carlos, in order to keep them safe from the supposed filibusters.— of his ability, and who has The real character of the Decatur becoming many years. Address known, the boats were next day restored to the sgents of the Company. jan 8-1f

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

WARRENTON, N. C., April 6th, 1859. At a meeting of the Vestry of Emanuel Church held this day, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, In the dispensation of a wise and holy God, William Plummer, long a member and vestryman of this church, has been taken from our midst by death; therefore,

Resolved, That in submission to the Divine Will we record our unfeigned sorrow and deep sense of the loss of one endeared to us by so many virtues Resolved, That in every relation of life, public The Paris correspondence of the London Times and private, as a christian and a man, he deserve our unlimited confidence, and was worthy of the

admiration of all who knew him. Resolved. That this church and whole community have sustained a loss that must long be felt. Resolved, That we do truly sympathize with his bereaved family, and would tender to them in good faith the consolation that, "Blessed are

the dead who die in the Lord." Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family of the deceased, and also a copy be sent to the Warrenton News, Raleigh Regiter, and Petersburg Express, with a request they will publish the same.

A copy from the minutes.
THOS: A. MONTGOMERY, - Secretary of the Vestry.

COMMERCIAL TRAVELLERS .- Dr. Ayer's business Agents are a pleasant annual to us, coming about as surely as the year. We can say of them what we are sorry we cannot of all such visitorsthat they are uniformly gentlemen. They are known to us of the press, as able and reliable accomplished business men of a character well worthy the benevolent calling in which they are engaged, of promulgating the best remidies for the sick, this age affords. Success to you gentle-men and to your cause, for both deserve success. Hartford Chronicle.

ANOTHER FILLIBUSTERING REPORT. NEW YORK, April 6 .- The Courier des Etat Unis repeats its assertion, that a new expedition i on foot in the United States for the conquest of Cubs. It asserts that a portion of the expedition bas alredy sailed, and that within a few days the whole affair will be made public. The plan sketched by the Courier, is to land at some remote point on the Cuban coast, where the expeditionists are to maintain themselves until a general uprising on the island shall summen them to march

WHEREAS, It was enacted at the session of th late Legislature that "Every broker, not a resident of the State, shall pay to the Cashier of the Bank LIVERPOOL, March 22.—The steamer Canada's from which he draws any exchange or specie, oneecounted for to the State Treasurer by the said Cashier on oath," and a copy of the same has been transmitted to this Bank by the Secretary of State, to the intent that such tax may be collected, whereby it ecomes necessary for the Directors to take proper action on the subject; and after due consideration of the same, this Board is of opinion that said law is in violation of the Federal Constitution, because its effect s to protect debtors in a refusal to redeem their contracts in specie, thereby impairing the obligations of contracts, which become evident by considering that the principle involved in the law maintains the right in the Legislature to exercise any or all of the following powers, vis:

> 1st. To raise the tax to ten per cent. or any other 2d. To impose the tax on any non-resident mer chant or traveller who may chance to get a bank note

and want the specie.

3d. To impose the tax on all the citizens of this State who may hold bank notes and desire to convert them into gold and silver. 4th. To impose the same tax on all creditors by bond

note or account, as well citizens as others who may demand specie of their debtors. 5th. To impose the tax on all persons who, under a

ndgment obtained in any of our Courts, may demand

6th. In a word, to forbid the demand of specie on any contract whatever.

From these considerations, it being obvious that the principle asserted in this law assumes the power virtually to impair the obligations of all contracts by forbidding their fulfillment except under heavy burthens, Resolved, That this Bank declines to ask, demand or receive said tax, but will, without denial to any one, redeem its obligations without charge to the holder; but to the end that it may be accountable for its neglect in case the law should be found to be constitution. al, it is

Resolved, That a memorandum be kept of all such

demands by non-resident brokers as may come to the knowledge of the Cashier, and that the President cause them to be transmitted to the Treasurer, to the end that he may institute such proceedings against the Bank or its officers as he may deem advisable.

Resolved further, That the President cause these solutions to be carried into effect as well at the branches as at the principal Bank. Resolved further, That in order that persons may

not be deterred from asking their just rights of thi Bank, the President cause there resolutions to be pub A copy from the Journal. C. DEWEY, Cash'r.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Look out for imitations of Lea & Perrine Worcestershire Sauce. See advertisement of aug 14-wly John Duncan & Sons.

NO FAMILY

Can afferd to be without Mustang Liniment in their house. The many accidents we are liable to, may render it necessary any moment, and nothing is capable of performing such a certain cure. (Extract.) "In lifting the kettle from the fire it caught and scalded my hands and person very severely—one hand almost to a crisp. The torture was unbearable. It was an awful sight. * * The Mustang Liniment appeared to extract the pain almost immediately. It healed rapidly and left no sear of account. Chas. Fosler, 420 Broad Street, Philadelphia." It is truly a wonderful article. It will cure any case of Swelling, Burns, Stiff Joints, Eruptins or Rheumatism. For Horses, it should never be dispensed with. One Dollar's worth of Mustang has frequently saved a valuable horse. It cures Galds, Sprains, Ringbone, Spavin and Founders. Becare of imitations. Sold in all parts of the habitable Globe.

Proprietors, New York.

Also, Lyon's Celebrated Insect Powder.

A Clergyman having oured his son of Consumption in its worst stages, after being given up to die, by the most celebrated physicians, desires to make

To Consumptives.

return postage, 211 Centre street New York. mar 2-wly Sas w. h. med. & co. WANTED -- A SITUATION AS PRINCI-pal or Professor in a High School or Academy, by a gentleman who can furnish the best testimonials

free of charge. Address, enclosing two stamps to pay

of his ability, and who has been engaged in tea Buckingham O. H., Va. NO. 15.

PROF. WOOD, 312 BROADWAY, is ruining the Hair Dye trade. People will not use dyes when a natural restoration to the original color of the hair can be produced by natural remedies. Dyes are srtificial agents, and dangerous in their application, but Wood's Hair Tonic is a healthy stimulant, and causes a healthy growth. A growth of gray hair on a young person's head is unnatural, and to apply a coloring fluid produces an unnatural result; the color is changed, to be sure, but not through the roots of the hair.— Ladies, do you see that geranium plant in the window yonder? how yellow and faded it looks? It is alive and growing; yet where is the beautiful, rich, dark green that belongs to it? Gone. You can color those leaves by an external application of chemicals, but they will not remain colored. Do you desire to do it naturally? Make a solution of guano water, apply it to the roots, and the plant will take it up into the system, and then you will see a rich green permanent hue. Professor Wood's Hair Tonic works on the same principle. The roots of the hair drink up that appli

and high health and beauty result.

Caution.—Beware of worthless imitations, as several are already in the market, called by different names. Use none unless the words (Profession Wood's Hair Restorative, Depot St. Louis, Mo and New York), are blown in the bottle. Sold be all Druggists and Patent Medicine dealers, also be all Fancy and Toilet Goods dealers in the Unit States and Canada.

1859 ALMANACS GRATIS. SEND US YOUR ADDRESS AND WE will forward by return mail, Warrock's Va. and N. C. Almanao.

E. P. NASH & CO., Book and Pisne Store Petersburg.

LAW COPARTNERSHIP, RALEIGH, N. C. H. W. MILLER and G. W. BROOKS, AVING ASSOCIATED THEMSELVES TO GETHER in the Practice of the Law in the County Courts, will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care. They will attend the County Courts of Wake, Johnston, Nash, Franklin, Granville, AVING ASSOCIATED THEMSELVES TO-

Person and Orange.

OFFICE on Fayetteville Street, above the Lawrence Hotel, where one or the other may be constantly jan 9

NOTICE .-- A MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the "North Carolina Min-ing Company," will be held at the Stevens House, Broadway, in the city of New York, on the 25th day of April, 1859, at 12 o'clock, noon, of that day.

By order of the Board of Directors.

(Signed)

E. W. HICKS, See'y.

New York, March 19, 1859.

mar 23—wtd

NEW SPRING GOODS.

MCGEE & WILLIAMS HAVE NOW IN STORE AND JUST opened their Spring and Summer stock of Goods, which is large and commanding, having been selected with great care, both in regard to style and prices.—Their facilities for boying are as good as any other house in the city, and they are determined to sell at the very lowest prices. All they ask is a call from those wishing to buy.

In LADIES' DRESS GOODS we have some of the abolest and the services of the selection of the services.

holcest novelties of the season. RICH SILKS and ROBES of the most fashionable

styles.
Barege and Organdy Robes,
Real French Jaconets,
Spring Challies, Poplinetts,
India Silks, Barege Anglais,
Argentines, Brilliants,
White Marseilles, Dotted Piques, French & English Chiutz Piques

India Twilled Long Cloth,
Black and Second Mourning Goods,
English, French, and
American Calicoes,
(of the very best styles.)
Travelling Dress Goods for Ladies.

Embroideries—French and Scotch, of the latest designs on Swiss, Jaconet, Irish Linen, and Thread Cambric. Real Thread Laces, by the yard and in Hoop Skirts -- A Large Supply, And every variety from 3 to 30 springs, at prices t

And evaluation of the state of Rich Black Lace Shawls, Regiands and Dusters, Elegant Black Lace Linens-Richardson's best family.

Many other articles for House Furnishing.

250 Pieces of heavy Domestic Goods for plantation use. A large supply of Checks, Plaid Homespuns and Manchester Giughams for house servants, heavy Osnaburgs, Cottonades, Linen Ducks, Buriaps, Denims, etc., etc. Crockery and Glass-Ware, Coffee, Sugar, Tea, Can-

dles, Brooms, &c., at the lowest prices.

McGRE & WILLIAMS. Raleigh, March 28, 1859. POWHATAN WEISIGER, formerly of Binford, Dickinson& Welsiger. ELLETT & WEISIGER. NEW HAT AND CAP STORE.

Adjoining Messrs. Kent, Paine & Co., RICHMOND, VA. The undersigned invite the attention of their frends and the public to the Large, Complete, and Well-Selected Stock of Hats, Caps and Straw Goods, which they have just opened, being assured that they can satisfy the wants of the most fastidious.

No. 167 Main Street,

fastidious.

They especially invite an examination from Country Merchants, to whom they can and will offer inducements in regard to extent of stock, variety and price, that cannot fail to please.

ELLETT & WEISIGER.

WHAT THE PRESS SAY,

"DEATH TO ALL VERMIN." As Spring approaches,
Ants and Roaches,
From their holes come out,
And Mice and Rats, In spite of Cata, Gaily skip about. Bed-bugs bite You, in the night, As on the bed you slumber,

As on the bed you slumber,

While Insects xxwl

Thro' chamber and hall,
In squads without number.

It is truly wonderful with what certainty, Rats,
Roaches, Mice, Moles, Ground Mice, Bed-bugs,
Ants, Moths, Mosquitoes, Fleas, Insects on Animals, in short every species of Vermin, are utterly destroyed and exterminated by
Costar's Rat, Roach, &c., Exterminator,
Costar's Bed-bug Exterminator,
Costar's Electric Powder, for Insects.

Supplied die et, by mail, to any address in the
United States as follows:
On receipt of \$1.00, a box of the Rat, Roach, &c.,

On receipt of \$1.00, a box of the Rat, Roach, &c

On receipt of \$2.00, a box each of the Rat, Rose &c., Ext., and Electric Powder, (sent posage paid,) sufficient to destroy the verm—on any premises.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. COSTAR'S PRINCIPAL DEPOT, No. 420 Broadway, N. Y.

application.
Wholesale agents for Virginia, Maryland, &c.
King & Toy, Norfolk, Va.