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The Weekly Raleigh Register.

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The Raleigh Register.

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RALEIGH, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAR. 10, 1860.

CONVENTION OF THE "GOOD-BYE" PARTY OF THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

The Convention of the party once known as the "fierce Democracie," but now styled the "Good-bye" party, assembled in this city on Thursday, and was temporarily organized by calling W. W. Avery, Esq., to the chair, and appointing Messrs. Fulton, Spelman, Sinclair and Foster, as secretaries. Mr. Avery, on taking the chair, made a few remarks, and played, as usual, on that old Locofoco "harp of a thousand strings," whose strains sound but one tune, to wit: that the Democratic party is the only national party, and the only party that can save the Union! which strain, when set to words, would go as follows:

Hand down the spoils, hand down the loaves and the fishes,
Th's is our platform, and these are our wishes.

It is to be remarked that the gentleman who was honored by the temporary chairmanship of the Convention, is a renegade Whig, and one too who, as the Democratic candidate for Congress, was awfully beaten about eighteen months ago in the Clingman stronghold. Verily, the Democracy honor those whom the people, who know them best politically, repudiate.

The counties were then called alphabetically, and the delegates reported themselves. About the same number of counties, answered for by about the same number of delegates as were at the late Whig Convention, were represented. A committee was appointed to recommend permanent officers, and after an adjournment for dinner and other refreshments, the Convention reassembled at 3 o'clock. We have only time and space to note the fact that the Committee on permanent organization recommended the Hon. David S. Reid as President of the Convention. And here again is a note-worthy fact. Mr. Reid, the champion of Free Suffrage, and a United States Senator from North Carolina, last Winter, when his party was in a large majority in the Legislature, was, most unceremoniously, heaved overboard and consigned to the shades of private life. Was the Presidency of the Convention given to him as a salve for his wounded pride and blasted hopes?

P. S.—We have held back the paper from the press until the latest possible moment at which we could save the mails to ascertain the Platform, but the Good-bye party have been in the culvert all day, or at least up to this time, concocting the Platform, and have not yet emerged into day with the product of their sore travail. We may say, however, that from what we can learn, ad valorem will either be denounced by the Platform, or passed over *sub silentio*.

APOLOGETIC.

We have been so busy at the bedside of our mourning and afflicted Democratic friends that we have had no time to furnish much editorial matter for this issue of the REGISTER. We know that our subscribers will deem our excuse for a seeming short-coming a valid one, for they know that our patients were an awful set of sinners, and in their dying moments required an extra quantity of ghostly comfort, and we need not say, that in a spirit of true Christian charity, we fully administered it to them. Yes, we did our best for them, but we fear that a good many of them "took out," bowling dismally, "*Oh! ad valorem! ad valorem! Oh!*"

FUNNY--VERY.

Our old friend Mr. Loring is shaking his *lean* sides at us because we said the first thing that would strike the reader in the proceedings of the late Whig Convention is the Preamble to the Resolutions, and with exquisite irony says, "It is very remarkable that the *first* thing that strikes the reader's attention is the *beginning*." We dislike to spoil the laugh of our friend and whilome *Whig colaborer*, but must tell him that there were a good many *proceedings* in the Convention, *preceding* the *Preamble*, and that his joke is *preposterously pre*ternatural, and no joke at all, except at his expense as a critic.

"AD VALOREM AND ANTI-AD VALOREM HATS."

Passing by the windows of the Messrs. Tucker we saw a placard advertising ad valorem and anti-ad valorem hats. These hats are exactly alike now, but in less than six months the latter will be "knocked into a cocked hat."

CORRECTION.—In printing the report of the proceedings of the late Opposition Convention, the name of our friend, E. R. Liles, Esq., one of the delegates from Anson County, was inadvertently misprinted *Siler*. Mr. Liles is one of the warmest advocates of the Whig cause in old Anson, and he is one too who has his heart in the cause, and therefore always works for the party with a will.

HOMICIDE.

On Tuesday evening last a difficulty occurred between Green J. Maynard and Burwell Mangum, at the house of the former, in the Eastern part of the city, which resulted in the death of the latter. Maynard was arrested and committed to jail by Mayor Harrison to await the action of an examining Court. After the death of Mangum, which did not take place until Wednesday morning, a coroner's inquest was held over his body, and the following facts in regard to the affray were elicited: On Tuesday afternoon Mangum went to Maynard's fence and called him out. Maynard was at work in his garden at the time, and on going out to see Mangum carried the hoe which he was using. Mangum commenced abusing Maynard and accused him of theft, whereupon Maynard knocked him down with his fist, and then commenced beating him with his hoe, and did not desist until he was forced to do so by bystanders. Mangum was frightfully cut and bruised. It appeared that Mangum and Maynard had been unfriendly for some time—that Mangum had repeatedly stated that he would whip Maynard, &c. Mangum leaves a wife and several children.

INK MANUFACTURED IN NORTH CAROLINA.

We have been presented with a bottle of superior writing Ink, manufactured in Newbern, N. C., by Mr. S. E. Street. This Ink appears to us to be superior to either Arnold's Writing Fluid or the Ink made by Maynard & Noyes. It seems to possess all the good qualities of each of those Inks, though we do not know that we have as yet sufficiently tested its merits. It is thicker than Arnold's Writing Fluid, but will not, like Maynard & Noyes' Ink, become thick and cloggy, by being exposed to the air; nor will his Ink corrode a steel pen. Mr. Street says he can sell this Ink at a lower price than is paid for either of the Inks mentioned above. Possessing all the advantages over Northern Inks above specified, being sold cheaper, and being manufactured too in a Southern State, we heartily commend it to popular favor.

"THE CRY IS, STILL THEY COME."

Our subscription list is daily on the increase. On Wednesday we received a club of Thirteen Subscribers forwarded to us by our friends, J. H. Abell, Esq., and Dr. J. G. Rose, of Smithfield, and by the same mail a club of ten sent to us by our friend, Dr. L. C. Manly, of Auburn, in this county. These gentlemen will please accept our grateful acknowledgements of their kindness.

AN ACROSTIC PENOTYPE—TRUE TO THE LIFE.

A poetical friend, after reading the cold, studied, oratorical, rhetorical, and intensely sectional speech of Mr. Seward, lately made in the Senate, thus dashed off an acrostic, on his hated name:

Simmering, in his soul of brass,
Envy, *hate* and malice mingle;
Wreathing o'er his mental glass,
Anarchy, and discord jingle;
Reading to *his* raptured sight,
Death to every Southern Right.

ILLUSTRATED FAMILY BIBLE.

We have received one number of the Illustrated Family Bible, published by Cassell, Petter & Galpin, New York, 37 Park Row. It is to be issued in parts at 15 cents each; two parts a month, till the whole is completed. Twenty-four numbers $3. It is well executed and will prove of great service in enticing, by its pictorial fascinations, the attention and feelings of the young and in fact of the old also, to the knowledge and the love of religious truth.

It can be procured in this place of Mr. Pomeroy.

THE COLT RAVEN.

We have noticed on our streets for the past day or two a beautiful black Colt, which, we understand, is the property of Mr. T. B. Derrick, who was here some time since, it will be remembered, with another horse of similar appearance named "Goldfinder." This colt is called "Raven," and is one of the most perfect specimens of a horse we have ever seen. He is one of the Black Hawk stock. Mr. Derrick is the only man who brings the genuine blooded horses to the South for sale. He has sold several of his horses to persons in this State, and they all give the most perfect satisfaction to their owners. Goldfinder, it will be remembered, was purchased by W. S. Battle, Esq., of Edgecombe. Soon after Mr. Battle purchased him there was some doubt expressed as to his belonging to the Black Hawk stock, but we have seen a certificate from the owner of the original Black Hawk certifying that he was positively sired by that horse. So all doubt of his being a pure blooded horse is thus put to rest. Mr. Derrick can be found at Mr. Clayton's Livery Stable, and we advise visitors to the city to call on him and examine his stock of horses. Mr. D. intends going from this place to Hillsboro'.

DISTRICT CONVENTION.

A District Convention of the Opposition, of the First Congressional District of North Carolina, will be held in Edenton, on Tuesday of Chowan Superior Court, it being the 16th of April next, to select an Elector for the District, and to appoint delegates to the National convention.

The Opposition of the different counties composing the District, are requested to hold county meetings and appoint delegates to attend at that time and place.

At the Democratic meeting in Petersburg Va., last week, Mr. Francis E. Rives made a strong "Douglas speech," stating that "influences were now at work in Washington to exclude the Senator from any chance of obtaining the Charleston nomination." His speech was much applauded. It is said that Mr. Pryor, the Representative from the Petersburg District, is in favor of the nomination of Douglas—or, at least, will warmly support him if he is nominated.

THE NATIONAL CONSTITUTIONAL UNION CONVENTION.

The Executive Committee of the Constitutional Union party has fixed upon the 9th of May for holding the nominating Convention for the Presidency at Baltimore.

THANKS.

We are indebted to our friend Wright, of the firm of Bowie & Wright, Petersburg, for a fine Scotch Terrier. He comes to us in the nick o' time, as he will help us to drive the Democratic rats out of the government meal tubs.

THE CHARLESTON CONVENTION—WILL DOUGLAS BE NOMINATED?

We have entertained the opinion for many months that Senator Douglas would distance all competitors for the prize to be awarded at the next quadrennial gathering of the spoils party.—We have supposed that his agency in procuring the passage of that bill of abominations, the Kansas measure, would give him some strength in the South, whilst his squatter sovereignty and "unfriendly legislation" doctrines, tended to make him the most available candidate for the North. Indeed, as he practically takes "the short cut to Black Republicanism," and indirectly aims to effect all that that party advocates, we see no reason why the Democracy might not take the wind out of the Republican sails, by reaffirming that ambiguous patch-work, the Cincinnati platform; put the Little Giant astride of his hobby, and mount both as firmly on the rickety concern as the nature of the case will allow. We repeat, that such have been our convictions relative to the shape things would assume at Charleston; though our faith has lately been considerably shaken. If the Cincinnati platform is reaffirmed without amendment, correction, or interpolation, and Douglas is mounted upon it, there will be a serious protest from Southern men, and most probably, notwithstanding the influence of the "cohesive power"—a schism in the ranks of the party.

Many of the Presses and politicians of that party, looking to availability only, are willing to adopt Douglas, notwithstanding his odious heresy. We have many such in Virginia, who whilst professing to be the peculiar guardians of the honor and interests of the South, deprecate any action upon this question, and will take Douglas with his interpretation of the Cincinnati platform—and despite his declaration that he will accept the nomination upon no other conditions whatsoever.—Should Douglas be the candidate, then the issue upon squatter sovereignty will be fairly presented, and the Democratic party South as well as North will be committed to it in so far as they sustain the nomination.

There are present indications, however, that Douglas will not walk over the course as easily as was anticipated, and that there may be insuperable obstacles presented to his nomination.

Indeed, the signs of the times now portend the repudiation of the Little Giant. At the Senatorial caucus of the Democratic Senators held in Washington a few days since, resolutions were presented by Green of Missouri, which, notwithstanding the protest of those Senators in the interest of Douglas, were adopted by a large majority.

They have since been introduced by Jeff. Davis into the Senate. It is not necessary to our purpose that we publish the whole of them, tho' we subjoin the 4th and 5th of the series:

4. Resolved, That neither Congress nor a Territorial Legislature, whether by direct legislation or legislation of an indirect and unfriendly nature, possesses the power to annul or impair the constitutional right of any citizen of the United States to take his slave property into the common Territories; but it is the duty of the federal government there to afford for that as for other species of property the needful protection; and if experience should at any time prove that the judiciary does not possess power to insure adequate protection, it will then become the duty of Congress to supply such deficiency.

5. Resolved, That the inhabitants of an organized Territory of the United States, when they rightfully form a constitution to be admitted as a State into the Union, may then, for the first time—like the people of a State when forming a new constitution—decide for themselves whether slavery, as a domestic institution, shall be maintained or prohibited within their jurisdiction; and if Congress shall admit them as a State—they shall be received into the Union with or without slavery, as their constitution may prescribe at the time of their admission."

It will be seen that those resolutions make a direct issue with Douglas, and that if they be incorporated in the creed of the party, he cannot as a man of honor, and in the face of his recent declaration, accept the nomination if tendered him: nor could the party, adroit and skillful as it is in the arts of evasion and double-dealing, box the compass between Douglas on the one hand and the platform on the other. It is shrewdly suspected, and we doubt not justly, that this move was instigated chiefly to kill Douglas off, as the two most prominent men engaged in it, Green and Davis, are known to be irreconcilably opposed to Douglas' aspirations. The sentiments of Douglas himself, respecting this move, may be gathered from an article in his home organ, the Chicago *Times*, which doubtless speaks by authority. Says the *Times*:

Mr. Bright's committee is a poor instrument to do an infamous deed. It is intended to lay down, in Washington, a platform for the Charleston Convention so odious that Senator Douglas will feel in honor and duty bound to denounce it in advance, or at least to refuse to go before that Convention as a candidate. It is a despicable plot, and will certainly miscarry.

And again, Mr Bright's committee will be a bye word in the mouth of every honest democrat. Whatever the members of that committee may want to accomplish, the democratic masses are in favor of an entire and immediate union of the party; for it is seen that only as a united party can we meet and overwhelm the enemies to the Union and the Constitution. We have great faith that the Union will be perfected at Charleston, but not with such heartiness as to give much prospect of success in November next, unless we are permitted a platform that honorable Northern democrats can stand upon. * * * * * *

We will be more explicit; no man can be elected President this year who does not adhere to the popular doctrine of popular sovereignty.

According to the *Times*, it would be "an odious platform," that would repudiate the detestable squatter sovereignty doctrine of Douglas, and declare that "unfriendly legislation" upon the question of slavery by the squatters in a Territory was inadmissible.

"No man can be elected President," quoth the *Times*, "who does not adhere to the popular doctrine of popular sovereignty," i. e., the right of squatters to exclude the people of the South from the enjoyment of the common property of the nation! And this is the entertainment to which the South is invited to contribute in the election. Senator Douglas; who, it is more than intimated in the same journal from which we have quoted above, "will not abide the decision of the Charleston Convention, unless the platform is made to suit him!" So, it is not improbable there will be a split in the convention,—a withdrawal of Douglas' friends if he is not nominated, and Jeff Davis' platform prevails, or a stampede of Southern members, if Douglas is nominated and the new platform is rejected. There is evidently fun ahead.—*Lynchburg Virginian.*

Charleston.—Some of the Southern merchants who went to Charleston to lay in their stocks of Goods, have given public statements of their entire success. They have more than realized their expectations, and are pleased with their experiment.

The Rev. J. L. Burrows, of the First Baptist Church, Richmond, has been unanimously called to the pastoral charge of the First Baptist Church, Brooklyn, New York.

SUPREME COURT.

BY PEARSON, C. J.—In Watson v Davis, from Mecklenburg, judgment reversed and venire de novo. In McRae v Davis, in equity, from Montgomery, decretal order affirmed. In Cox v Williams, in equity from Jones, dismissing the bill. In Palmer v Giles in equity, from Orange, dismissing the bill. In Paul v. Nelson, in equity, from Orange, decree for plaintiff. In Johnson v Johnson in equity, from Yadkin, directing the account to be corrected.

BY BATTLE J.—In Hewett v. Wooten, from Cumberland, affirming the judgment. In State v. Wills, from Chowan, declaring there is no error in the record. In Jenkins v. Troutman, from Rowan, affirming the judgment. In McCullen v. Whitford, in equity, from Craven, directing a decree for plaintiff. In Little v. Perkins, in equity, from Pitt, sustaining the exception of defendant. In Feimster v Tucker, in equity from Iredell, slaves belong to next of kin.

BY MANLY, J.—In Barringer v. Boyden, from Rowan, affirming the judgment. In White v. Cline, from Cabarrus, judgment reversed and judgment here for plaintiff. In Kesler v Verble, from Rowan, affirming the judgment. In Klutts v. others, on petition to sell land, from Rowan, widow entitled to dower,—decree for a sale. In Gaither v. Allen, in equity, from Iredell, dismissing the bill. In Glenn v Kimbrough, in equity, from Yadkin, directing an account.

CONGRESSIONAL

WASHINGTON, March 5.—*Senate.*—Mr. Latham, the Senator from California took his seat.

Mr. Sumner offered a resolution calling for information relative to the maritime laws.

The bill to carry into effect the 9th article of the treaty with Spain, relative to Florida claims, was made the special order of the day for the 19th inst.

The bill amending the act establishing the Court of Claims was taken up. Messrs. Bayard, Iverson, Benjamin and others discussed the subject. The bill proposes to enlarge the jurisdiction of the Court. It was under consideration when the Senate

Adjourned.

House.—A resolution was adopted referring the subject of the Pacific Railroad to a select committee of fifteen.

Another was adopted for a select committee of five to investigate whether the President or any other officers of Government have sought to interfere with the business of Congress, or to defeat the execution of any law, or whether money had been used in electioneering in Pennsylvania or elsewhere, and under what authority this was done, where the money came from &c.

Much opposition was made to this resolution by the Democrats.

Mr. Regan introduced a resolution to place $5,000,000 at the disposal of the President for suppressing hostilities on the Rio Grande.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—*House.*—The House passed the Senate bill for the protection of female immigrant passengers on the high seas.

Rev. Thos. H. Stockton was elected chaplain of the House.

The bill reducing the mileage of members fifty per cent. was passed by 133 majority.

A select committee of five was ordered to examine into the charges made by Adrain, Hickman and Haskin, in December, of certain means being resorted to by the government to influence their legislative conduct.

Senate.—The Vice President laid before the body a certified copy of the Wyandotte (Kansas) Constitution, and also a communication from the Mount Vernon Association, inviting the Senate to accompany them on their first formal trip to Mount Vernon on Wednesday next. Both were laid on the table.

On motion of Mr. Mason, Thaddeus Hyatt, of Boston, being in custody of the Sergeant-at-Arms, was arraigned before the bar of the Senate to answer for contempt in not obeying the summons of the Harper's Ferry Investigating Committee, and required to give an excuse under oath for his non-appearance, and a pledge to be present at 2 o'clock on Friday next and state whether he is then ready to testify before the committee.

Mr. Brown's Territorial resolutions were up, debated, and laid over.

Mr. Brown gave notice that he would move an amendment to the Democratic Senatorial caucus resolutions introduced by Mr Davis, to the effect that immediate legislation is necessary by Congress to protect Slave property in the Territories.

While the amendment of Mr. Wigfall to the Military Academy bill was up, a message was received from the President, endorsing Governor Houston's letter, showing the necessity of the immediate protection of the Texan frontier.

The bill and amendment will be further considered to-morrow.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—*Senate.*—Mr. Sumner offered a resolution, instructing the Committee on the Judiciary to inquire into the expediency of revising the National statutes.

A bill was passed making an appropriation to carry into effect the Indian treaties of Oregon and Washington Territories.

Mr. Brown's Territorial resolutions, and the Military Academy bill, were postponed.

House.—Most of the members were absent on a visit to Mount Vernon. Among the few that remained there was a general debate.

Mr. Chas. H. Van Wyck of New York, made a most offensive anti slavery speech, asserting that the slaves were burnt at the stake at the South.—He also spoke contemptuously of Southern courage.

Mr. Davis, of Mississippi, told him that he could test Southern courage if he would leave the limits of the District of Columbia for a short time.

SEWARD VS. BROWN.

As there has been a great desire manifested by the public to know what the high priest of the Republicans would say about the Brown raid, respecting which he has to this time preserved an unbroken silence,—we append the following extract from his recent speech in the Senate. It is the only allusion he makes to the subject, and it will be seen that he fully justifies the "punishment visited on the offenders." Here follows the extract:

The pending question between the Democratic and the Republican parties was approaching its peaceful solution by the ballot box, when, a few months ago a band of exceptional men, in contempt of that question and in violation of the Constitution, sought to subvert slavery in Virginia by force. The fact is a painful one in all its civil aspects—so painful that, after the necessary and just punishment visited on the offenders, there was no need for the labor of those who have sought to prolong and widen the public distress by ill-founded criminations involving whole masses of their countrymen.

SARZA.—We have long supposed this celebrated drug, had come to be an exploded humbug, but we are assured by those skilled in the healing art, that not the Sarsaparilla itself is to be blamed for this conclusion, but the miserable worthless preparations of it, that have been palmed off upon the community—preparations which contain about as much of its virtues as they do of gold dust. It is a commercial fact that almost all of the Sarsaparilla gathered in the world, is consumed in the old countries of Europe, where the science of medicine has reached its highest perfection, and where they know the best what to employ for the mastery of disease. Hence we are glad to find that we are now to have a compound of this excellent alterative, which can be relied on, and our community will not need be assured, that any thing DOCT AYER makes, is worthy of their confidence. He has been for years engaged in eliminating this remedy (see adv'g cols.) designing to make it his "*chef d'ouvre*" which should add the crowning glory to his already enviable reputation.—*American Celt, New York.*

HON. EDWARD EVERETT.

Edward Everett's position is the subject of abuse in the Cincinnatti Gazette and the N. Y. Tribune for his truthful and manly letter to the Philadelphia Constitutional Union Meeting, on the 4th inst. If, says the New York Express, these journals suppose that these partisan assaults, the motive for which is too transparent to be concealed for a moment, can injure the distinguished object of their attack, they as much overvalue their own importance as they undervalue that of one of the most patriotic and disinterested men in the country. Mr. Everett gives offence to Republicans by the following sentiment in his admirable letter:

I fully concur in the opinion, that the present state of public affairs is of a very critical character. Of the two great parties which now divide the country, the Republican is of necessity purely sectional, and the Democratic, by the force of circumstances, is rapidly becoming so. The former party does not expect to control a single electoral vote at the approaching election, beyond its sectional limits; the latter, though possessing strength in the central States, is not sure of carrying any one of them. I have no belief that a single election, decided on a purely sectional basis, would cause a separation of the States, but it seems to me equally certain that the Union cannot long subsist after the elections have permanently assumed that character. On the contrary, the hostile feelings already so deplorably active between the two sections of the country, will become more and more intense, till some disastrous occurrence—in itself, perhaps, a slight one—will bring on the catastrophe.

Arrival of Goods via R. & G. Railroad for the N. C. Railroad.

DELIVERED March 5, 1860.

B J Blackley, T Ruffin, J W Carr, D Telley & Co., M F Windell, R Cheek, Brown, Coffin & Mock, Henderson & Enniss, R H Atkinson, B Utley, Jno Smith, Jamison, Simonton & Co., R B Sanders, Guthrie & Whitehead, J T Hogan, Jas Webb, A J Brogden, T D Harvey, J W S Parker, W H Brown, Jones & Overman, J Watson, Long & McCauly, J R Hutchings, J W Farrish, W Carter & Son, Hillsboro' Military Academy, T Reader, M Shoftner, N Hiatt, L W Summers, T C Anderson, P Adams.

DELIVERED March 6, 1860.

Porter and Gorrell, Durham & Hunter, E P Jones, W M Mebane, W H Brittian, J Bethel, E M Holt, H B Guthrie, A D Hepburn, J R & J Sloan, J W Lea, J W Carr, G W Giles Mebane, R Sterling, E F Watson, [illegible] & Rich, A Durham, A S Hilliard.

DELIVERED March 7, 1860.

W F McK[illegible], [illegible] Coffin & Mock, R & A Murphy, A & W [illegible], R [illegible] Abernathy, J H Enniss, J W Thomas & Son, D C Parks, C F Fisher, N C Railroad, R [illegible]ndsey, R L Patterson, D Telley & Co., Sprague Bros., Earnhardt & Adderton, A Myers, Col C C Tew, G & Whitehead, T C Anderson, J H Thompson, A J Morris & Bro, R F Simonton, T H McRorie, Lattimer & Brown, R C Pearson, Jones & Overman, Weaver & Bro, J F Newlin, Long & McCauly, J F Bozeman, W S Clark, J Berry, J W Carr, A P Newsom, Crawford & M., J C Turner, Gardner Hill Mine, C Bynum, B F Snipes, M & E Myers, A W Cheek, W H & E M Howerton, J Church, R Jones, C M Ray, D Faust, J Newlin & Son, C A Lewis, A Myers, W Harrison.

MARRIED,

On the 15th of February, at the residence of Jarrett Reddish, by JOSEPH YEARGIN, Esq., JOHN A. HONEYCUIT, to Miss MARY REDDISH.

Also, on the 29th of February, at the Residence of William Parish by JOSEPH YEARGIN, Esq., Mr. BENJAMIN F. EDMONDS to Miss REBECCA ANN PARISH, all of Wake Co.

Spirit of the Age please copy.

LOST.—On the evening of the 7th inst., my Leather Trunk, covered with canvass, the Initials A. W. C., marked on the end. I will pay Ten Dollars for the delivery of the same at Yarborough's Hotel. A. W. CHEEK.
mar 10 1t.

1860. **Spring Trade.** 1860.
PURCELL, LADD & CO.,
Wholesale Drugists,
No. 122 Main, Corner Governor Street,
RICHMOND, VA.,
HAVE now in store their **Spring Supplies of Foreign and Native Drugs, Medicines &c.** selected in person by one of their firm, and which they are prepared to sell to **Merchants** and others as LOW as the same Goods can be purchased in any market.
Indigo, Madder and other Dyde Stuffs, selected with particular reference to the wants of our trade, and of such quality as cannot fail to give satisfaction.
French Window Glass, a very large and complete assortment of sizes.
White Lead, Paints, Oils, &c.
Pepper, Ginger, Spice, &c.
Lee's Super Car. Soda, Soft and White.
Kerosene and Virginia Coal Oils, For sale at manufacturer's prices.
Our stock is one of the largest and most complete we have ever offered, and Merchants will find it to their interest to call on us before purchasing, as we are determined to sell at such prices as cannot fail to give satisfaction. PURCELL, LADD & CO.
mar 10 7t Druggists, Richmond, Va.

1860. 1860. 1860
SPRING TRADE.
SAMUEL STEVENS,
SUCCESSOR TO MUIR & STEVENS,
Importer and Dealer in
EARTHENWARE, CHINA, GLASS, &c
No. 55 Sycamore St., Petersburg, Va.
I RESPECTFULLY call the attention of North Carolina and Virginia Merchants, Hotel and House Keepers, to a large stock of Goods embracing all articles in my line. My facilities for purchasing goods are equal to any house North or South, and I am therefore prepared to offer as great inducements either as to styles, quality or prices as can be offered by any other house. I ask of all an examination of my stock and prices.
Best Baltimore and Petersburg Stone Ware always on hand, and will be sold at Factory prices.
Goods carefully packed for transportation.
mar 10— SAMUEL STEVENS.

1860.
SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK
OF READY MADE CLOTHING, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.—**N. WALKER & CO.** respectfully invite the attention of Merchants and others to their present Stock of superior **Ready Made Clothing,** all of which is of this Season's Manufacture, and has been gotten up with great care, expressly to suit the wants of this market. Importing all their Goods from first hands, and possessing superior Manufacturing facilities, (being one of the largest Manufactures in the United States,) they flatter themselves that they can compete with any establishment North or South, either as regards quality of Goods, styles or prices. An examination of their stock will convince all of the fact.
Particular attention paid in reference to sales.
They have also on hand a very large and superior stock of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods of every style and quality, at wholesale and retail. All are invited to call and examine for themselves.
N WALKER & CO.
mar 7— 45 Sycamore st.

THE SLAVEHOLDER ABROAD, or Billy Buck's Visit with his Master to England: a series of Letters from Dr. Pleasant Jones, to Major Jos. Jones, of Georgia.
Leisure Moments, by Miss Butt.
Carolina Sports, &c. &c., with other new works of recent publication.
mar 7— E. P. NASH & CO.

ORANGES At FRANKLIN'S.
mar 7—

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT.
Its wonderful effects and consequent popularity—perhaps no article in the history of the *Materia Medica*, ever acquired the same Patronage, was subjected to the same number of severe and different tests, and met with so few failures as the Mustang Liniment. It has justly been styled a Panacea for all external Wounds, Cuts, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, or Eruptions on Man or Beast. It is so far a medicine of surprising virtue, that Physicians are compelled to prescribe it, and from some remarkable cures of *Chronic and Distorted Rheumatic cases* it has naturally attracted much attention from the first scientific minds of the age.—No family can afford to be without a bottle of the Mustang Liniment in the house. *Beware of imitations.*
The genuine is sold by respectable dealers in all parts of the world. BARNES & PARK, Proprietors,
feb 22—w1m. New York.

CONSUMPTION
AND
ASTHMA CURED.
Dr. H. JAMES, DISCOVERED, WHILE in the East Indies, a certain cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and General Debility. The remedy was discovered by him when his only child, a daughter was given up to die. His child was cured, and is now alive and well. Desirous of benefiting his fellow mortals, he will send to those who wish it, the recipe containing full directions for making and successfully using this remedy, free, on receipt of their names with stamp for return postage. There is not a single symptom of Consumption that it does not at once take hold of and dissipate. Night sweats, peevishness, irritation of the nerves, failure of memory, difficult expectoration, sharp pains in the lungs, sore throat, chilly sensations, nausea at the stomach, inaction of the bowels, wasting away of the muscles.
Address O. P. BROWN & CO.
32 and 34 John St.,
dec 7—w6m New York.

To Consumptives.
A Clergyman having cured his son of Consumption in its worst stages, after being given up to die, by the most celebrated physicians, desires to make known the mode of cure, (which proves successful in every case,) to those afflicted with Coughs, Colds and Consumption, and he will send the same to any address, free of charge. Address, enclosing two stamps to pay return postage, DANIEL ADEE,
211 Centre street New York.
mar 2—w1y $as w. h. med. & co.

1860. SPRING TRADE. 1860.
KERR & MARBURY,
74 & 76, Sycamore St.,
PETERSBURG, VA.,
HAVE and are receiving of their own **Importations,** from England and France, their usual assortment of
CHINA, AND EARTHENWARE.
Also a large and varied
STOCK OF GLASSWARE, AND OTHER DOMESTIC ARTICLES APPERTAINING TO THEIR LINE OF BUSINESS.
From the fact of
Importing their Foreign Goods,
and buying from first hands their domestic, they are enabled to offer the greatest inducements to Merchants and others.
KERR & MARBURY.
P. S. Goods carefully Packed for Transportation.
mar 7—w4t.

NOTICE.—APPLICATION WILL BE MADE at the expiration of Thirty days from this time, for the issue of a new certificate for two Shares of Stock in the Bank of the State of North Carolina, in place of Certificate No. 119, issued to Ichabod Normon, Trustee of Mrs E P Hill dated 28th of May, 1835, the said Certificate having been lost or mislaid.
Raleigh, Feb. 20th, 1860. feb 22—w4t.

GREAT CURIOSITY.—WE HAVE ONE of the greatest curiosities and most valuable inventions in the known world, for which we want agents everywhere. Full particulars sent *free*.
SHAW & CLARK,
dec 21—3m8g Biddeford, Maine.

M. J. MOORE,
Formerly of Stokes Co., N. C.,
WITH
M'FARLAND TATMAN & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,
No. 247 Market St. & 234 Church Alley,
Between Second and Third Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.
JAS. B. M'FARLAND,
JAS. P. TATMAN,
HENRY BERGHAUSER,
JAS. R. C. OLDHAM. jan 11—3mw.

BALTIMORE COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.
FOUNDED 1852. CHARTERED 1854.
LOCATED
Corner of Baltimore and Charles Sts.
BALTIMORE, MD.
THE Largest, Most Elegantly Furnished, and Popular Commercial College in the United States—designed expressly for Young Men desiring to obtain THOROUGH PRACTICAL BUSINESS EDUCATION in the shortest possible time and at least expense.
A large and Beautifully Ornamented Circular, containing upwards of SIX SQUARE FEET, with *Specimens of Penmanship*, and a Large Engraving (the finest of the kind ever made in this country) representing the Interior View of the College, with Catalogue stating terms, &c., will be sent to Every Young Man on application, *Free of Charge.*
Write immediately and you can receive the package by return mail. Address,
E. K. LOSIER,
feb 4—1y. Baltimore, Md.

THE COPPER TOE!
A NEW ERA IN DOMESTIC ECONOMY!
IT is well known that Children and Youth usually wear out their Boots and Shoes at the toe, in a few weeks—sometimes in a few days. Buy them with
Mitchell's Patent Metallic Tips,
and you will save *Two-Thirds* of the expense of supplying your children with shoes.
This invention enables us to offer to the public Boots and Shoes, that
Never Wear Out at the Toes.
We have hundreds of Testimonials from parents who have bought them, showing, that on the average, *one pair of Shoes with the Tips*, will for children, *wear as long as THREE PAIR WITHOUT*, and for Misses, Boys and Youths, they will *wear at least Twice as long*, while
The Cost is but a Trifle More.
This statement is made with entire confidence in its strict truth, as it is based on a careful examination of the *Facts*, in an experience of more than two years, which has *Proved* that these *Copper toed Shoes*, have on an average, worn at least *three times* as long as the old style, and as the cost is but a *Trifle more*, the importance of this invention to all having little feet to protect, will at once be seen.
This invention is also important as a protection against the cutting of the *Prairie Grasses*, also for *Miners' and Plantation* use, and all occupations where the toes of the Boots or Shoes are particularly liable to be cut or worn.
CHASE, McKINNEY & MOORS,
Owners of the Patent,
For sale by the Dealers Generally.
feb 15—w3m.

SPRING STYLES OF HATS, Now open at W. H. & R. S. TUCKER'S.
mar 10—3t.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

A compound remedy, in which we have labored to produce the most effectual alterative that can be made. It is a concentrated extract of Para Sarsaparilla, so combined with other substances of still greater alterative power as to afford an effective antidote for the diseases Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure. It is believed that such a remedy is wanted by those who suffer from Strumous complaints, and that one which will accomplish their cure must prove of immense service to this large class of our afflicted fellow-citizens. How completely this compound will do it has been proven by experiment on many of the worst cases to be found of the following complaints:—

SCROFULA AND SCROFULOUS COMPLAINTS, ERUPTIONS AND ERUPTIVE DISEASES, ULCERS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, TUMORS, SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, SYPHILIS AND SYPHILITIC AFFECTIONS, MERCURIAL DISEASE, DROPSY, NEURALGIA OR TIC DOULOUREUX, DEBILITY, DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION, ERYSIPELAS, ROSE OR ST ANTHONY'S FIRE, and indeed the whole class of complaints arising from IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

This compound will be found a great promoter of health, when taken in the spring, to expel the foul humors which fester in the blood at that season of the year. By the timely expulsion of them many rankling disorders are nipped in the bud. Multitudes can, by the aid of this remedy, spare themselves from the endurance of foul eruptions and ulcerous sores, through which the system will strive to rid itself of corruptions, if not assisted to do this through the natural channels of the body by an alterative medicine. Cleanse out the vitiated blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in pimples, eruptions, or sores; cleanse it when you find it is obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it whenever it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Even where no particular disorder is felt people enjoy better health, and live longer, for cleansing the blood. Keep the blood healthy, and all is well; but with this pabulum of life disordered, there can be no lasting health. Sooner or later something must go wrong, and the great machinery of life is disordered or overthrown.

Sarsaparilla has, and deserves much, the reputation, of accomplishing these ends. But the world has been egregiously deceived by preparations of it, partly because the drug alone has not all the virtue that is claimed for it, but more because many preparations, pretending to be concentrated extracts of it, contain but little of the virtue of Sarsaparilla, or any thing else.

During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, pretending to give a quart of Extract of Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain little, if any Sarsaparilla, but often no curative properties whatever. Hence, bitter and painful disappointment has followed the use of the various extracts of Sarsaparilla which flood the market, until the name itself is justly despised, and has become synonymous with imposition and cheat. Still we call this compound Sarsaparilla, and intend to supply such a remedy as shall rescue the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. And we think we have ground for believing it has virtues which are irresistible by the ordinary run of the diseases it is intended to cure. In order to secure their complete eradication from the system, the remedy should be judiciously taken according to directions on the bottle.

PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO.
LOWELL, MASS.
Price, $1 per Bottle; Six Bottles for $5.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
has won for itself such a renown for the cure of every variety of Throat and Lung Complaint, that it is entirely unnecessary for us to recount the evidence of its virtues, wherever it has been employed. As it has been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do for their relief all it has ever been found to do.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,
FOR THE CURE OF
Costiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Foul Stomach, Erysipelas, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Tetter, Tumors and Salt Rheum, Worms, Gout, Neuralgia, as a Dinner Pill, and for Purifying the Blood.
They are sugar coated, so that the most sensitive can take them pleasantly, and they are the best aperient in the world for all the purposes of a family physic.
Price 25 cents per Box; Five Boxes for $1.00.

Great numbers of Clergymen, Physicians, Statesmen, and eminent personages have lent their names to certify the unparalleled usefulness of these remedies, but our space here will not permit the insertion of them. The Agents below named furnish gratis our AMERICAN ALMANAC in which they are given; with also full descriptions of the above complaints, and the treatment that should be followed for their cure.
Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations they make more profit on. Demand AYER'S, and take no others. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.
All our remedies are for sale by
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, RALEIGH, and by Druggists and Merchants, throughout the State.
At Wholesale by M. A. & C. A. Santos, Norfolk, and Purcell, Ladd & Co., Richmond, Va.
mar 10—2t.

SITUATION WANTED.—A YOUNG MAN of five years experience as a Clerk desires a situation in some mercantile establishment at a moderate salary, any where in the South. Address
POSTMASTER,
feb 29—w4wpd. Boydton, Va.

BELLEMONT FOR SALE.
THIS DESIRABLE AND MUCH ADMIRED Residence, one mile North of the town of Pittsboro, N. C., is now offered for sale, on accommodating terms. The land is well adapted to the culture of Corn, Wheat, Oats, and Tobacco. There is also on the premises, a fine Orchard of carefully selected fruits. Nowhere in North Carolina can there be found a more pleasant summer retreat than this. The scenery is surpassingly beautiful; with one of the finest landscape views east of the Mountains.
For particulars address M. J. Ramsey, Pittsboro, or Dr. J. W. Page, Raleigh.
February 19th, 1860. feb 29—wtf.

NOTICE.—APPLICATION WILL BE made at the expiration of 30 days, to the President and Directors of the Bank of the State of North Carolina, for the renewal of Certificate No. 98, for 50 shares of the Capital Stock of said Bank, issued to Mary Galloway, 31st May, 1835. This 29th day of February, 1860. feb 29—w4w.

LOST OR MISLAID.—THE SUBSCRIBER having lost or mislaid, or some one having taken from his drawer without his knowledge or consent, two judgments against him for Ninety or Ninety-five Dollars each (the exact amount having been forgotten) in favor of James A. Jones, of Johnston County: this is to forwarn all persons against trading for the same. Both of said judgments were dated March 25th, 1856, and were both signed by E. N. Woodard, J. P. These judgments had been cancelled, but no evidence of the same appears on them.
feb 22—4t. NEEDHAM INGRAM.

ROBERT PATTERSON,
Bread, Cracker, and Fancy Cake Baker,
5 Bank St., Petersburg, Va.,
HAS ALWAYS ON HAND SODA, BUTTER, Water, Sugar, Pic-Nic and Shell Crackers; also, the celebrated Arrow Root Crackers, highly recommended by Physicians for Invalids and Children,—Graham and Rye Bread, Pilot and Way Biscuit.
Cakes for Weddings and Parties iced and ornamented and carefully packed on short notice.
ap'l 27—w1y

G. S. BADGER HARRIS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Henderson, N. C.,
Will attend the Courts of Granville, Warren and Franklin. July 2—w1y.

GOLD PENS.—A new and elegant assortment, just received by
mar 7— E. P. NASH & CO.

NORTH CAROLINA MANUFACTURES.—Black and Grey Cassimeres, Ladies Gaiters and Walking Shoes, Plaid Homespuns, for servants; Osnaburg, and Domestics.
We intend patronizing North Carolina Manufactures as far as possible
mar 10 3t. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

PARASOLS, PARASOLS, PARASOLS,
New styles of handsome designs, at
mar 10 3t. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER'S.

APPLES At FRANKLIN'S.
mar 7—

E. R. L. Jan 9. 1877