CONTRACTOR OF THE

## The Raleigh Register.

PUBLISHED BY JOHN W. SYME EDITOR AND PROPELETOR, AT \$2.00 per Annum for Single Copies, \$10.00 " " for Six " 415.00 " " for Ten " Parable Invariably in Advance.

RALEIGH, N. C. SATURDAY MORNING, MAR. 17, 1860.

THE FAMOUS "ELEVENTH." We cannot help calling the attention of our readers once more to the following famous "eleventh" plank of the Platform of the Democracy of North Carolina:

11. Resolved, That we are opposed to disturbing any of the sectional compromises of our Consti-tution, State or National, and that we especially deprecate the introduction at this time by the Opposition party of North Carolina into our State politics of a question of constitutional amendment affecting the basis upon which our revenue is raised, believing it to be premature, impolitic, dangerous and upjust; at the same time we deem it the duty of the Legislature when passing acts for the raising of revenue, so to adjust taxation, as to bear as equally as practicable within the limits of the Constitution, upon the various interests. of property in all sections of the State.

Of whose teeming brain is the above an emanation! We should really like to know who is the author, in order that we might hand him over to immortality. Could we do so we would give him

-"fame eternal. In deathless pages of diurnal." But, alas! he will never be known. Like Junius, he will die and "make no sign" of his individuality and "cognomenical designation." Posterity for generations to come will speculate about the authorship, but it will never with certainty be brought home to any one. What a pity! But although we do not know, and never shall know who wrote the resolution, we do know that the Democratic party of North Carolina made it their own by adopting it, and becoming responsible for it, in all its bearings, and as it is their resolution, we ask them who in North Carolina has proposed to disturb any of "the see- Senator Bledsoe, most "unjust, iniquitous and tional compromises" of the "National" Constitution ! We can truly say that we know you have refused to make a large and most of one individual, and he is the editor of valuable species of property in the State pay the Democratic Organ. Some weeks ago the its fair share of taxation. These are issues editor of the Raleigh Standard was exceedingly anxious that the State of Virginia should accede to the proposition made to ber by South Carolina to go into a Southern Conference or Convention. Now, as it is well known that South Carolina has been anxious for thirty years past to dissolve the Union, and that her proposed Conference or Convention was nothing but a preliminary step to such a measure, it is not illogical to charge that any one favoring the Conference favored the design of the party proposing it : i. e. the dissolution of the Union. The Raleigh Standard favored the Conference, and therefore the Raleigh Standard favored the design of the Conference, to wit: the dissolution of the Union-s measure which we apprehend would very seriously "disturb the compromises of the Con-

promises" and all, into a cocked hat. As to edisturbing the compromises of the State Constitution" by so altering it as to permit the imposition of equal and fair taxation on slave property, we shall let high Democratic authority-authority most emphatically endorsed on this very subject by the Raleigh Standard-speak our sentiments. Moses A. Bledsoe, who has thoroughly studjed the subject, shall speak for us, as follows The second objection to altering the constitution

is that this restriction upon the General Assembly

stitution" which made said Union. The Stan-

dard not only advocated a Southern Confer-

ence, but was so anxious to get a crack at the

Union, that it advocated Gov. Letcher's pro-

position to have a Convention of all the States,

in spite of the fact that such a Convention

would have knocked the Constitution, "com-

was one of the compromises of 1835. Now, Mr. Spesker, if this be true, I must confees that I have totally failed to discover any evidence of the fact in the investigation which I have made of this subject; and I think that those who urgs it will find themselves upon an investigation of the matter without the slightest evidence to sustain the objection. I deny therefore, that it was one of the compountees of 1835; and I challengs those who assume that it was to furnish evdence of the fact, if they can. If it had been one of the compromises of 1835, the act calling and restricting the convention would furnish the same evidence upon this subject, which it does in reference to those subjects which were compromied in fact. The General Assembly of 1834 agreed upon certain alterations which were to be made by a convention to be held in the city of Kaleigh 1835. The subjects of compromise were all in corporated into the constitution in conformity with the restrictions imposed upon the convention by the legislature of 1834. There were certain other matters specified in the act of 1834, upon which the convention was not restricted, but might or might not act, as it deemed proper. Among those alterations suggested in the act, but left discretionary with the convention to be made or not, was that of restricting the General Assembly, in the collection of revenue, to an equal expitation tax upon slaves and white persons. That it was not then considered one of the compromises is evident from the fact that the convention was not, as in the case of those subjects which were compro-mised, required to make the alteration, but left perfectly free to make it or not. Those who assert that this was one of the compromises of 1835, apparently forget that a compromise is a mutual con-cession of rights. If there must be a mutual concession of rights to constitute a compromise, what equivalent was given to the non-slaveholder in sideration of the discrimination against him? None whatever. Does he erjoy any privilege not | ble affair ? enjoyed by the slaveholder, or is he exempt from any duty imposed upon the elaveholder under the government? No, sir: Can there be a compro-government? No, sir: Can there be a compro-sing where there is no mutual concession of rights? snd we expect to demonstrate the fact in future

I think not. negroes; in South Carolina, one in 2,999; in with the article in favor of ad valorem which Massachusetts, one in 43; in Maine, one in 14.

WOULD BE CRAFTY. The last Standard gives out the one to its party in this State, for the part they are to act in the campaign which is at hand, and doubtless thinks it has been very adroit in doing so. We, bowever, take leave to hold and express an entirely different opinion .-The Standard's "right hand has lost its cunning." It has opened its game so as to show its adversary the way to check-mate it. Its purpose is to make a great elattering and noise about danger to the Union and the exclusive ability of the Democracy to save itto draw off attention from State issues which it knows its inability to meet, and if possible to choose the ground on which with its party

it will fight. Hear what it says : Bear in mind, also, that the paramount issue is the preservation of a Constitutional Union; that this can only be done by defeating the black Republican party; and that the only party which can defeat the black Republicans is the national Democratic party. Let us unite, as heretofore, on all our candidates; and let us make the issues, as heretofore, for our opponents. It is not for them to dictate in this respect to the majority. Let us meet them on our own ground and in our own

"Let us" do all this, quotha'. Yes, but

won't "let" you do any such thing or things. We shall not "let" you dodge what you are afraid to meet; you shall meet the true issues, or you shall inglotiously turn tail and run from them, with the derisive shouts of the public ringing in your ears .-We will make you meet the charges that your party, in Federal matters, has spent the publie money in the most corrupt and profligate manner-that it has debauched the public morals-that it has built up the Abolition party at the North-that it has endangered the Constitution and the Union of the States. and that it is now utterly unable to do a hand's turn to save either. We shall charge yours with being a miserable sectional party, with no common bend of union among yourselves, but that of the Public Plunder. In State matters, we shall hold you up for mismanagement and false proxises, and for creating a large debt-for enacting, in the language of oppressive" tax bills, while at the same time which you must meet, which you shall meet, or publicly and openly confess your inability to meet. "Let us make the issues as hereto fore for our opponents !" We don't know what you have done "heretofore," but we pledge you our word you wont do it hereafter. So prepare yourself either to stand trial or confess judgment.

THE FRANKLINTON GOOD-BYE CON-VENTION.

In the hurly-burly of the big Good-bye Convention, the little Franklinton Good-bye Convention has not received the attention which it merits. There were some notable things in this Convention. In the first place, man who was killed about a year ago presided over the Convention. Yes, the late H. G. Williams, who, during his life time, resided in the County of Nash, and who was killed by the Raleigh Standard some twelve months ago, was the President, having, we presume, got back from his grave on furlough. Edward Cantwell too-yes, the inevitable Edward, another defunct victim of the Standard's wrath, was not only on band, but was actually made a member of the Executive Committee for the District. Lucius Napoleon Bonsparte Battle, who was butchered in the Standard's private slaughter pen not long since, was also at the Convention, and so far from looking wan and ghost-like, presented a remarkably fat and, as a Yankee would say, sarsy appearance. Strange times these, when the graves give up their dead to let them attend political Conventions-very strange times

In looking at the names of the representatives sent by the Convention to represent the District in the Charleston Convention, we remark that of our old friend Gen T. J. Green, of Warren. Unless the General has subsided some, he is a member of the fire-eat ing school of Southern politicians. We at curious to see how he will swallow Dougla-

Paul C. Cameron, Esq., was appointed th elector for this District. It does not appea in the proceedings of the Convention, but w learn that some of the delegates to the Con vention were very anxious, in fact wepledged, to vote for E. G. Haywood, Esq as elector, but it was objected that Mr. Hay wood was a Clerk and Master in Equity, an therefore, as a Clerk of a Court of Record was, by the Constitution of this State, incli gible for the office of elector of President the United States (!!!) This was a knoc down objection to Mr. Haywood, and he fe as flat as a flounder, but soon to riv again, and to an exalted height-the Stat Convention, in spite of the fact that 1 was, by the Constitution of North Carolina ineligible to the post of District Elected of a President of the United States, havin appointed him one of the two electors for the State at large!! Did we not say trul that the Franklinton Convention was a not:

Talk about ad valoron. There is nothing well calculated to oppress the poor as this humbe

You had better commence your number you wrote in the Live Giraffe.

RALEIGH WEDNESDAY · MORNING MARCH 21 1860

THE WHIG YOUNG MEN OF NORTH CAROLINA. Now is the time for the Whig young men f this State to win laurels for themselves,

while they will be doing good service to their country. Never was there a fairer field than is now presented, and never was there a time when one could mount the rostrum with more confidence than at this present juncture of affairs. The misdeeds of Democracy every where, and the unjust State platform of the party in North Carolina, furnish inexhaustible themes for glowing indignation and severe reprobation. No man of ordinary intelligence and information can fail, with these themes, to trip up the heels of the strongest Democrat he may encounter in debate.

There is in fact so much to be said against the Democrats-the means of slaughtering them are so ample—that it is difficult to determine which to select.

We hope, then, our Young Whigs will go forth conquering and to conquer.

Speaking of the Register's comments on the immortal "eleventh resolution" of the Democratic platform, the Raleigh Press, the accredited Organ of the anti-ad valorem par-

But, that paper takes unwarranted liberty in the construction it places upon the 11th resolution of the democratic platform, when it endeavors to make the impression that the democratic party is com-mitted to an ad valorem system of taxation upon "all interests and classes of property in all sections of the State, save and except Slave Property!" The Democratic party is committed to no such thing. Then we have it authoritatively stated that

the Democratic party of North Carolina are not only in favor of unequal taxation as far as "slave property" is concerned, but in favor of unequal, unjust and discriminative taxation "on all interests and classes of property in all sections of the State." We thank the Press for putting us right.

IMPORTANT EXECUTIVE MESSAGE. In the proceedings of the "Good-bye" Convention we note the following important

"The chair then announced a message from His Excellency, Gov. Ellis, requesting the presence of the members of the Convention at 9 o'clock, P. M.

at the Executive Mansion." We have not seen this important executive document, but have heard that the object of "His Excellency," was to place under the consideration of the Convention, several matters and subjects relating to, and promotive of internal improvement—that to that end the "Executive" cellars were put under requisition-a levy made upon the "Executive" chicken coop, and sundry pounds of a cooling agent taken from that famous "Executive" Ice House which the extravagant "fetheral Whigs" were so awfully cursed for building some years ago. We learn further that all the subjects of internal improvement referred to the Convention by "His Excellency" were so fully discussed, that every man of the body not only saw each subject in its light, but saw every subject in two lights.

THE CHURCH INTELLIGENCER. The first number of this paper made its appearance in this city on Wednesday last. It is an eight page paper, is well filled with interesting original and selected religious matter, and presents a very neat appearance. -The Rey. T. S. W. Mott is the proprietor, and its edi orial control is for the present in the bands of the Rev. Frederick Fitzgerald. The price of subscription is \$2.50 per annum. We commend it to the public, and especially to the denomination (the Episcopal) of which it is the organ, as eminently

deserving a liberal support.

Pursuant to a previous notice a large number of the Whigs and Americans of Granville, 6th inst. assembled in the Court House at Oxford, for the purpose of appointing delegates to represent the county in the District Whig Convention to be held in the town of Frankliaton on the 13th of On motion of Col L. C. Edwards, Russell H.

Kingsbury, Esq., was called to the chair and John W. Havs was requested to set as secretary. The meeting being thus organized, Col. Edwards ited its purpose to be to appoint delegates to the

Franklinton Convention to be held on the 13th of Ap-il, which Convention would appaint an elector r the fourth Congressional District, and would also appoint delegates to represent the District in the National Convention to be held in Baltimore on the 9th of May next. 'Col. Edwards concluded with a motion that the chairman appointseventyfive delegates to attend the Franklinton Convention, which motion was carried.

The following are the names of the delegates so Ed W Harris, Dr Eugene Grissom, William Hockady, S. H. Jeffries, Dr. N. M. Lawrence, John C Ursery, Jas S Amis, Isaac Davis, S H Bullock, Granville Royster, Ed Dalby, H Freeman, G W Rodgars, Dr W W Cozart, Henderson Latta, W Mitchell, R R Holmes, N G Whitfield, Joel Walker, J Crudup, J B Floyd, Jas Fuller, J W Kittrell, Dr J W Booth, H W Hargrove, T H Raney, Dr P P Peace, W M Blackwell, J Nutall, Rufus Bobbitt, Jos Persons, Willey Perry, J S Strother, Lewis Thorp, R Green, Rob't Williams, W P Webb, Arch'd Davis Dr T C Debnam, H Harris, P E A Jones, W E Jones, R B Henderon, H H Rowland, Dr H J Robards, SS Royster, R H Hunt, C R Eston, John Hargrove, Stephen Satter white, David Allen, W H Jones, Dr A B Fleming, John Peed Dennis Tilley, Thad Rowland, J T Thomas, W B Crews, A Landis, Jr, Dr L C Taylor, C F Reams, J H Strum, J A Collins, J F Harris, R J Stark, James Taylor, T Chentham, Sam'l Hicks, Arch'd Ellington, John Wimbish, L C Edwards, J T Littlejohn, J T Hunt, J L Crabtree, R W Lassiter, W Bullock, Dr J A Russell, R J Mitchell, T J Blacknall, H McCadden, Woodson Knight, R H Hebgood, E. T Crews, Dr Robt Hicks, R B Gilliam, Jr, G W Wortham, Josiah Parham, Dr S A Williams. On motion of Col. Edwards, the meeting then

R. H. KINGSBURY, Chairman. HAYES, Secretary.

slaves, passed through Sandusky, Ohio, one day County, N. C.

CONGRESSIONAL. the N. C. Railroad. WASHINGTON, March 12 .- Senate .- Mr. DELIVERED March 12, 1860.

Iverson, of Ga., introduced a bill to extend the provisions of a land act to Florida, for the benefit of the Mobile & Ohio Railron .- Referred. Mr. King presented the petition of merchants for a steamship line from New York to Cuba via Charleston and Key West .- Referred. The special committee on printing reported a joint resolution suspending the amendment to the Post-Office appropriation bill, providing for the printing of Post-Office blanks. The resolution

The rest of the session was occupied with the cas Thaddeus Hyatt ,(the contumacious Harper's Ferry witness,) who was at last, by a vote of 40 to 10, committed to jail until he shall purge himself of contempt for the authority of the Senate.

House.—The Homestead bill passed by a vote of 114 to 66-the Southern members, generally, vo-

ting against it.
Mr. Morrell endeavored to introduce a bill from the Committee of Ways and Means, providing for the redemption of outstanding treasury notes, au-thorizing a new loan and regulating import duties so as to afford protection to home manufactures and increased revenue.

WASHINGTON, March 13 .- Senate .- Mr. Toombs introduced a bill to establish a bankrupt law throughout the United States. House .- Mr. Vallandigham moved that House take from the table a motion made by him to reconsider the vote by which a bill increasing the appropriation for arming the militia was re ferred to the Committee on the Militia. He said that part of the Constitution providing for a well disciplined militia had been neglected, and forgotten, and that while since 1808 only \$10,600,000 had been appropriated to the militia, about \$500,-000,000 had been appropriated for the army. He

argued the necessity of arming the militia. The bill from the Committee on Postal Affairs authorizing proposals for a single mail route from the Atlantic to the Pacific, was passed.

In the Senate on Wednesday, a bill was passed constituting Tampa Bay, Fla., a port of delivery, and a bill affording protection to female emigrants on packet shipe. The consideration of the Military Academy

bill was resumed. Mr. Wigfall's amendment, appropriating \$1,100,000 for the defence of the Texan frontier, was adopted. In the House on Wednesday, Mr. Nelson reported a bill for the suppression of polygamy in

Mr. Curry, of Ala., made a speech insisting of the protection of slavery in the Territories. Mr. Vance, of N. Cl. made a speech-on the in stitution of slavery, and several political speeches were made.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE NORTH AMERICAN PORTLAND, ME., March 13. The steamship North American arrived here this evening, from Liverpool on the 29th ult. The North Britton arrived at Queenstown on

The Russian and Austrian alliance is authoritively contradicted. The budget was progressing favorably in Parlia-

In the House of Commons it was reported that the annexation of Tuscany to Picdmont was to be The total less of the American ship Luna near Cherbourg, is confirmed. Only two out of 107 persons on board were saved, and one of them died

almost immediately after his rescue. The survivor is an Italian named Clement. There had been another furious gale English coast. Several vessels in the Mersey tragged their anchors. The ship Robert Mills, from Liverpool for Gal eston, Texas, was totally wrecked near Helv-No lives lost. The cargo was saved. Oth-

r disasters to American-bound vessels are repor-

Commercial.-Liverpool, Feb. 29.-Cotton dull nd declined 1-16. Sales for three days of 16,000 bales. Flour quiet at 23 a 29s. Wheat quietred 9s; 9d, a 9-, 18d; white 10s, 6d a 12s. dull at 33s. a 33s. 6d. Provisions steady. Sugar firm. Coffee steady. R'ca quiet Naval Stores un-

Consols 943 a945. LATEST. The North American touched at Queenstown the 1st, and brings the following by telegraph

Liverpool, Thursday, March 1-P. M.-Markets all upchanged, except inferior Cotton, which is

FOR THE REGISTER. MR. EDITOR: I stepped into the Democratic convention the other day and took a look at the prominent actors in the great drama of humbuggery. There was Gov. Reid, whom the Democracy had thrown overboard, presiding. There was Spelman, an Englishman, Fulton, an Irishman, Sinclair, a Scotchman, and Foster, a Maine man, setting as Secretaries, and all Democratic editors, while Walsh, an Irishman, Wm. Benj Smith, a former K. N., and Whitsker, a tried-to-be K. N., and Holden, a renegede Whig, were the Democratic editors in attendance.

Among the most prominent actors were Avery Kerr, Steele, Barringer, and Bledson, all renegade Whigs, and Waller F. Leak, a distribution Demo crat, and Edwards who killed Free Suffrage. With these things before their eyes, how car Democrats have the impudence to say one word

about the composition of the Opposition party. Besides, Mr. Editor, these men-some of never speak to each other -- some are ad valorem some anti ad valurem; yet these same men-a miscellancous crowd they are-baye the face to call on such men as Badger and Graham, and other prominent Whigs, to come over to them and help save the country! God deliver us from such Union lovers as these.

FOR THE REGISTER. ACROSTIC.

n Raleigh, on the eighth, without any detention Met the great, the glorious Democratic Convention Peaceful and harmonious, were every one, Except Wake's extremely large pop-gun. Not he, could stand and see his friend, Driven to such an untimely end; In spite of his roaring and threats so loud, Noble Ad was killed by this just dealing crowd Great was the steam-Kerr on poor Ad's track, Railing all in its way, no steam did it lack. Upon its well beaten track it mostly did run, I hope somewhat improved since first it begun, Not e'en the mighty Scales could balance this one

To best poor Gov. 'twill be a shame, Or carry Ad Valorem, that is quite the same. Democracy is just that, no one will doubt, except where it's unsound, in its party and out. Many, for President, thought of good, honest Buck Of Douglas and others, but none were in luck. Conventions like this, just as true as true Steel(e) olve never to choose, 'twixt the "hock and the As our friend o'er the way, to the Standard, will

Considering, so often, they played him a trick, You must give him the way, for he's wery quick

City papers please copy.

The North Carolina pea nut crop is re ported to be heavy this season.

MARRIED. On the 8th inst., by the REV. LEVI ANDERS, MR. SAMUEL PERRY, Ser., aged 75 years, to Fourteen negroes, supposed to be fugitive WESLEY, and MARY LEWIS, all of Chatham

Arrival of Goods via R. & G. Railroad for

W J McConrell, Wastbrook & Co., G W Alhright, W J Hogan, D C Parks, C & M., J & W H Faucett, D Weil, J & J Turner, J Reid, L & Browne, D D Philips, W H T R K Smith, R Smith, J A Hant, E M Holt, P C Smith, D Tilly & Co., M D Williams & Son. W A Graham Williams & Son, S E Edward, J W Carr, Long & McCauley, J R Hutchings, B F Snipes, Scott & Davis, Louder & Watson, T J Wilson, R N Caldwell, A Weatherly, Perry, Strong & Lowe, McNeely & Young, B C & Monk, J A & R G Davidson, Bell, Rivisett & Co., Jamison, Simonton & Co., J W Thomas & Son, P & Gorrell, G Howlett, R G Lindsey, E & Adderton, C N Mc Adoo, Westbrook & M., A Myers, J J & J A McConnogley.

DELIVERED March 13th, 1860. M A Angier, Durham & Hunter, Y Blalock, H H Burnett & Co., Clover Manufac'g Co., B L Cole, B & P Rodgers, B G Seins, Warren & Wills, M H Page, B Rodgers, P & Gorrell, H Parker, Col E P Jones, A Durham. B M Yates, S Dunstend, A J Roberts, R F Webb, J Lockart, W & P Mangom.

DELIVERED March 14, 1860. C McCaulay, Webb & Dickson, S S Webb, J Webb, J M Worth & Co., Greensboro' Gas Co., J Bethel, J & F Garrett, D Chewell, A Boling, Sheer & Bowman, J & E Kerner, E & Adderton, Adams & Smith, Bell, Rickett & Co., A & H. Myers, D D Phillips, S J Rickett, J F Boon, A Pleasants, M A Curtis, J M Hughes, Scott & and successfully using this remedy, free, on receipt Davis, T H McRarie, N & Campbell, Jamison, Simonton & Co., J A & R G Davidson, J W Stockton, Martin & Reid, Gaither & Co., R A Burton, Horah & Ramsey, R Cheek, Albright & Co., A S Riggsbee & Bro., J R Hutchings, Long & McCauley, S D Morgan.

Scrofula, or King's Evil,

is a constitutional disease, a corruption of the blood by which this fluid becomes vitiated, weak, and poor. licing in the circulation, it pervades the whole body, and may burst out in disease on any part of it. No organ is free from its attacks, nor is there one which it may not destroy. The scrofulous taint is variously caused by mercurial disease, low living, disordered or unhealthy food, impure air, filth and filthy habits, the depressing vices, and, above all, by the venereal infection. Whatever be its origin, it is hereditary in the constitution, descending "from parents to children unto the third and fourth generation;" indeed, it t seems to be the red of Him who says, "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children." Its effects commence by deposition from the blood of corrupt or ulcerous matter, which in the lungs, liver, and internal organs, is termed tubercles; in the glands, swellings; and on the surface, eruptions or sores .-I corruption, which genders in the blood, depresses the energies of life, so that scrofulous constiutions not only suffer from scrofulous complaints, but they have far less power to withstand the attacks of ntner diseases: consequently, vast numbers perish by lisorders which, although not scrafulous in their nature, are still rendered fatal by this taint in the system. Most of the consumption which decimates the human family has i's origin directly in this scrofulous contamination; and many destructive diseases of the liver, kidneys, brain, and, indeed, of all the organs, arise from or are aggravated by the same cause. One quarter of all our people are scrofulous; their

persons are invaded by this lurking infection, and the system we must renovate the blood by an alterative medicine, and invigorate it by healthy food and exercise. Such a medicine we supply in

AYER'S

Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla, the most effectual remedy which the medical skill of our times can davise for this every where prevailing and fatal mainty It is combined from the most active remedials that have been discovered for the expurgation of this foul disorder from the blood, and the cue of the system from its destructive consequences Hence it should be employed for the cure of not only scrofula, but also those other affections which arise from it, such as ERUPTIVE AND SKINS DISEASES, ST ANTHONY'S FIRE, ROSE OR ERYSIPELAS, PIMPLES, VSTULES, BLOTCHES BLAINS, and BOILS, TUMORS, TETTER, and SALT RHECH, SCALD HEAD, RING-TORM, RHEUMATISM, SYPHILITIC MERCURIAL DISEASE, DROPEY, DYSPERSIA, DEBILITY, and indeed all complaints arising from Impunity of the Blood.— The popular belief in "impurity of the blood" is founded in truth, for scrofula is a degeneration of the blood The particular purpose and virtue of this Sarsaparilla is to purify and regenerate this vital fluid, without which sound health is impossible in contaminated con-

Aver's Cathartic Pills, For all the Purposes of a Family Physic,

are so composed that disease within the range of their action can rarely withstand or evade them. Theipenetrating properties search, and cleanse, and invigr o a e every portion of the human organism, correcting its diseased action, and restoring its healthy vitalities As a consequence of these properties, the invalid who is bowed with pain or physical debility is astonished a find his health or energy restored by a remedy at once so simple and inviting.

Not only do they cure the every-day complaints o every body, but also many formidable and dangerous diseases. The agent below named i pleased to furnish gratis my American Almanac, containing certificates of their cures and directions for their use in the following complaints ! Costiveness, Heartburn, Head ache arising from disordered Stomach, Nausea, Inde gestion, Paia in and Morbid Inaction of the Bowel Flatulescy, Loss of Appetites, Jasudice, and other kindred complaints, arising from a low state of the mady or obstruction of its functions.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral FOR THE BAPID CURE OF

Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consump-Patients in advanced stages of the disease. So wide is the field of its usefulness and so numerous are the cases of its cures, that almost every section o ountry abourds in persons publicly known, who have been restored from alarming an even desperate dis-cases of the lungs by its use. When once tried, its superiority over every other medicine of its kind is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmenary organs that are incident to ouclimate. While many inferior remedies thrust upon the community bave failed and been discarded, this has gained friends by every trial, conferred benefits on the afflicted they can never forget, and produced cures too numerous and too remarkable to be forgotten.

PREPARED BY DR. J. C. AYER & CO. LOWELL, MASS. WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, RALEIGH, and Druggists and Morchants, throughout the Stats. At Wholesale by M. A. & C. A Santos, Norfolk and Purcell, Ladd & Co., Richmond, Va.

ROBERT PATTERSON. Bread, Cracker, and Fancy Cake Baker, 5 Bank St., Petersburg, Va.,

AS ALWAYS ON HAND SODA, BUTter, Water, Sugar, Pic-Nie and Shell Crackers; to, the celebrated Arrow Root Crackers, highly recommended by Physicians for Invalids and Children, Graham and Rye Bread, Pilot and Way Biscuit. Cakes for Weddings and Parties feed and ornamented and carefully packed on short notice.

DE FOREST, ARMSTRONG & CO. DRY GOODS MERCHANTS. 80 & 82 Chambers St., N. Y. Would notify the Trade that they are opening Weekly, Wamsutta Prints, ALSO THE AMOSKEAG,

A New Print, which excels every Print in the Cour for perfection of execution and design in full Madder Colors. Ours Prints are cheaper than ket, and meeting with extensive sale, Orders promptly attended to.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT. Its wonderful effects and consequent popularity perhaps no article in the history of the Materia Medica, ever acquired the same Patronage, was subjected to the same number of severe and different tests, and met with so few failures as the Mustang Liniment. It has justly been styled a Panacea for all external Wounds, Cuts, Swellings, Sprains, Pruises, or Eruptions on Man or Beast. It is so far a medicine of surprising virtue, that Physicians are compelled to prescribe it, and from some remarkable cures of & bronic and Distorted Rheumatic cases it has naturally attracted much ettention from the first scientific minds of the age .-No family can afford to be without a bottle of the Mus

tang Liniment in the house. Beware of imitations. The genuine is sold by respectable dealers in all parts of the world. BARNES & PARK, Proprietors, feb 22-w1m.

CONSUMPTION

ASTHMA CURED. Dr. H. JAMES, DISCOVERED, WHILE in the East Iudies, a certain cure for Consumpti As hms, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and General De The remedy was discovered by him when in

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