

J. C. L. Harris, Editor. Mrs. M. B. Clarke, Literary Critic. W. M. Brown, Publisher & Proprietor.

THE PRESIDENT'S TRIPS.

The determination of the President to avail himself of every favorable opportunity to make short trips to different sections of the Union, in every respect, a good one.

By the way, would it not be in good taste for Raleigh to follow the steps taken by the capitals of Virginia, Tennessee and Kentucky, and invite the chief magistrate to the seat of government of the "old North State"?

THE INNOCENTS ABOARD.

The latest sensation in political quarters consists in a charge trumped up by one, Kemble, and pushed forward by soreheads and hounds to the effect, that Hon. Carl Schurz, Secretary of the Interior had actually received money for services rendered during the campaigns of last year.

Now we presume Mr. Schurz did get something for his services. It is known, that he is not overlooked with worldly goods, and was unable to make extended tours through the country at his own expense.

INOPPORTUNE STRIFE.

This is not a time for partisan strife, either as between opposing elements under the Republican banner, or between the Republican and Democratic parties, on the issues which have for some years been uppermost in their struggles for supremacy.

The foregoing extract from an editorial in a recent number of The New York Times, is replete with good sense. If the Republicans of the different States would really realize the fact, that in Republican divisions, alone, rests the only reasonable hope of Democratic ascendancy and devote more time towards unearthing and exposing the misdeeds of their opponents, rather than fostering a feeling of chronic grumbling in our own ranks, the future of our people in all respects would be much brightened.

PARLEZ VOUS IN A STEW.

The so called French Republic is exhibiting signs of rapid decay. It has existed in name about seven years, which is more than the usual average of Republican experiments in that most impulsive land.

A foreign correspondent of a New York paper writes as follows: Hawkers of newspapers at Compiègne were recently required to furnish lists of the newspapers they served to customers in the arrondissement. The officials then suppress-

ed the delivery of the Siecle, Nineteenth Century Press, Republique Francaise, National, Bien Public, Petite Republique Francaise and Petit Journal, all Republican journals. The Union Libérale, of Versailles, was fined 3,000 francs and the manager imprisoned three months for insulting President MacMahon.

The Minister of Agriculture has asked the prefects in a circular letter to remind the employes of the Department of Agriculture that it is their duty not to attempt to thwart the action of the Cabinet or place at the service of hostile parties the influence they derive from their offices.

The Paris police have forbidden the street sale of photographs of M. Thiers. The papers announce that 90,000 copies of equestrian portraits of President MacMahon are to be distributed in the provinces.

The offense of speaking-insultingly of President MacMahon in the streets is now becoming the subject of daily action before the courts. M. Lefevre Drouffe, who may be said to have originated this offense, was condemned to two months' imprisonment, but succeeded on appeal in reducing the term to fifteen days.

The Court of Bordeaux has reversed the decision of an inferior tribunal and fined the bookseller who sold newspapers with special authorization. On the other hand, the tribunals of Nevers and Carcassonne have declared themselves competent to try actions by newspapers against prefects for preventing the street sale thereof.

The Republican Senatorial Committee estimate that the number of Republican Deputies returned at the approaching elections will be at least 372.

The person arrested in the South of France for applying an insulting epithet to President MacMahon is named Bazard, not Biggar. He is a native of France, but a naturalized citizen of the United States. He has been tried before the tribunal of Saint Die, in the Department of the Vosges, and acquitted.

BANKRUPTCY.

The following from Col. A. W. Shaffer, Register in Bankruptcy to J. C. L. Harris, editor of THE REGISTER explains itself:

RALEIGH, August 23, 1877. J. C. L. HARRIS, Esq., Editor of the Raleigh Register.

DEAR SIR:—Yours of the 29th July to hand and contents noted. In reply I herewith give the leading features of the law on the subject of bankruptcy as it now stands, in which I trust you will find full answers to all your inquiries:

1st. Exemptions in bankruptcy are, real estate to the value of \$1,000, and personal property to the value of \$1,000, to be set apart for the use of the bankrupt and his family by the Assignee. The title of the bankrupt to the real estate was limited to his natural life and the minority of his youngest child prior to the act of the last Legislature, which made the homestead a fee simple forever.

2d. It is not required that any assets should come to the hands of the Assignee, or that any part of the debts should be paid to entitle a bankrupt to a discharge from debts contracted as surety to others, nor from any debts not actually proven against the estate, but if there are debts proved against the estate on which the bankrupt is liable as principal debtor, then the assets which come into the hands of the Assignee must equal 30 per cent of such debts, or the written consent of one fourth in number and one third in value of these same creditors must be filed with the Register on or before the day of the hearing on discharge.

There is no provision of law requiring that the proceeds of the estate in the hands of the Assignee should pay any part of the debts to entitle the bankrupt to a discharge; but that it must equal 30 per cent of the debt actually proven, on which the bankrupt is liable as principal. Therefore, if surety debts were proved to the amount of \$10,000 and principal debts to the amount of \$1,000 and the Assignee had \$300, in hand, including the amount paid to the Register as security for costs, then a discharge would be given, even though the entire amount in the hands of the Assignee was subsequently consumed for costs, preferred claims, &c., and no dividend paid.

3d. Whether Congress will repeal the act during the next session, is, in the language of Dandreaux, "Something which no fellow can find out." The merchants of our large cities, the great commercial interests, have vehemently opposed the law ever since its passage, and become stronger every year. In the last Congress their influence obtained its repeal in the House by a large majority and it failed in the Senate because Congress adjourned before they could act upon it, but they took care to take it up and adjourn it over to the next session, to keep it alive. It is therefore very probable that the bankrupt law will not survive the coming winter.

The fees and costs of the Register, Marshal, Clerk, Assignee and Printer, in an ordinary case amounts to about \$100, and if there are no assets to come into the hands of the Assignee this sum should be deposited with the Register at the commencement of the proceedings, otherwise \$65 will be sufficient. I am very respectfully, &c., A. W. SHAFFER, Register.

WAR NOTES.

The Turko-Russian war continues with unabated fury. The recent disaster to the Russian arms at Plevna will only cause more energetic measures, which must result, unless foreign intervention is brought to bear, in the complete overthrow of the Turkish Empire.

Indications are, that nearly all continental Europe, and perhaps Great Britain, will be drawn into the contest. The suffering in the meantime among the christian subjects of the Porte is horrible.

We give the following as some of the latest notes from the seat of war. The Constantinople correspondent of The Times telegraphs, by way of Syria: "It is stated, on good authority, that Musurus Pasha, the Turkish Ambassador at London, recently wrote to the Prote that he had reason to believe the British government would shortly ask authorization for the fleet to enter the Bosphorus in certain contingencies, in order to protect Christians. It is also asserted, though on doubtful authority, that this reply was withdrawn on an energetic remonstrance of Mr. Layard, British representative at Constantinople."

"Appalling accounts continue to come of the misery of fugitives from the districts devastated by Bashi-Bazouks and Bulgarians. Thousands of women and children are homeless and perishing for want of shelter, medical attention and food. Immediate help on the largest possible scale is most sorely needed. The Pasha in command here, proposes to distribute the fugitives about Constantinople, Adrianople and Philippopolis, but no arrangements have been made to receive them. The correspondent suggests the formation of a city of refuge on an island near Constantinople, under the protection of a neutral flag and a neutral guarantee from belligerents. Thousands of people are homeless, crops rotting on the ground, and no sort of provision is made for winter. The correspondent speaks favorably of the conduct of the Turkish regulars, but severely blames the government for employing or not controlling irregulars, who scour the country committing the worst excesses. Even fugitive women and children who come for protection to the Turks have to be guarded by regular troops lest they should be further injured by the savages."

The Constantinople agent who forwards the foregoing, says: "From other letters which have reached me, I have little doubt that the Bulgarians are behaving much in the same way as the Bashi-Bazouks. It will be impossible for Christians and Mahomedans to ever live together again in the disturbed districts. Even Philo-Russians severely condemn Russia's conduct in first instigating the Bulgarians to revolt and then leaving them to the mercy of the Turks, whose right to treat them as rebels is hard to question."

As further evidence of a more enlightened policy of the Prote towards foreigners, the services of Col. Baker have been secured by Lieut. General Mehemed Ali, and he has gone to the front with three other well-known English officers. The Times' Armenian correspondent writes that the stories of Russia atrocities in Armenia are utterly untrue. The Russians have throughout behaved well. The Turkish regulars also have behaved well, but irregulars are guilty of atrocities past belief, despite the laudable efforts of Mukhtas Pasha to restrain them.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Letters appearing under this head are published as news matter without regard to the opinion of the Editor as to the views expressed by correspondents. These columns are open to the public without regard to party, and letters are respectful and impersonal, will be inserted under this head.—Editor.

"VOX POPULI"

To the Editor of the Register.

Very much stir has been made up lately among the newspapers of this and other States, relative to the organization of a new political party, to be composed of the liberal, fair-minded and patriotic of the two parties now in existence. If any good can be accomplished by this move, I fail to see it. I desire to ask the unprejudiced and fair-minded, who have the manhood to speak the truth, if there ever existed in this country an organization which was more thoroughly the people's party, than has been the Republican party? I ask, too, if all the great patriotic measures, which have resulted in securing political peace, and reconciliation to our late unhappy country, have not been contracted and manipulated by the Republican. That there have been bad men in the party, and that there have been in some instances inimical to the public good, are facts which I do not pretend to deny; but that doesn't prove that the party is inimical to the interest of the people, any more than one hypocrite is evidence that the church is a corrupt institution and diametrically opposed to a vigorous and heartfelt development of religious sentiment.

I am opposed to this "new party" partings of disaffected and disappointed office seekers. Old landmarks are always the safest. The Republican party has come up through an unparalleled storm of prosecution and ostracism, and has achieved some of the most glorious results of any party. This is a fact which no honest, sane man can deny without doing great violence to truth.

The colored man has been the great skeleton in the closet, and has constituted the lever upon which all our present prosecution hung. But now that, solely through the instrumentality of Republican statesmen, the colored man has secured all his rights, and has become an important item in American politics, the prosecutors and traducers, of his race and friends are making a gigantic effort to secure his votes, and to this end are attempting to break up the old party organization, thinking that thereby they will lose his mortgage, and that they will have easy work in flinging him into their ranks. This fuss and fume about the fusion of "the fair-minded and liberal" of both parties for the construction of a new one, means simply this and nothing more, means simply office-seekers and disorganizers of both parties, who are the most dangerous men in our country, and should be watched. Let us stick to the old craft which brought us safely through so many storms. A VOTER.

FALL VOTING.

On the 6th of August Alabama and Kentucky, both Democratic States, chose Legislatures. On the 5th of September California and Vermont, and on the 10th Maine, hold their elections. These three States have been republican. The democrats hope to carry California. All three choose members of the legislature, and Maine and Vermont a State ticket also. On the 2nd of October Ohio, Iowa and Colorado elect members of the legislature, and the two first named governors also. Ohio is a doubtful State, Iowa is republican, Colorado probably so.

On the 6th of November, Connecticut, Massachusetts, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Virginia, South Carolina, Tennessee, Louisiana, Mississippi, Texas, Wisconsin, Minnesota and Nevada hold elections. In eight of these fourteen, governors, and in all members of the legislature are to be chosen. Of the fourteen, Massachusetts, Minnesota and Nevada will likely go Republican; Wisconsin and Pennsylvania are thought to be doubtful, and the remainder are democratic.

The Markets.

THE RALEIGH MARKETS.

Reported by B. H. WOODSELL, Grocer, 5 & 7 Hargett St. COUNTRY PRODUCE. RETAIL—GROCERY. Bacon, hog's, 10 1/2 to 11 Bacon, Butter, 20a25 bulk, C. R. sides, 9 1/2-2a10 Chickens, spr'g, 15a20 " shoulders, 7 1/2-2a2 Grown hens, 22a25 " shoulders, 7 1/2-2a2 Eggs, 10 Corn, pr bush, 90 Flour, N. C., \$7 75a8 00 Coffee, 22 1/2-2a25 Hides, green, 4 1-2a5 Flour, sack, \$3 50a3 75 dry, 10a11 Leather, red sole, 30a35 Oats, shelled, 50a55 Meal, 90 50a60 Molasses, common, 40 40a45 Potatoes, sweet, 75a80 Cuba, 60 Irish, \$2 Nails, 8a9 on basis for 10, \$3 65 Rags, 2 1/4 Salt, sack, \$1 85a2 Tallow 6a7 Sugar, yellow, 11 1/2-2a12 light, 12a14

New Advertisements.

RALEIGH FEMALE SEMINARY

THE FALL TERM OPENS SEPTEMBER 1877. Board, per month, \$13. English tuition, per session, \$20. Apply for catalogue to F. P. HOBGOOD, A. M., Principal.

North Carolina, Wake County. Superior Court, 20th July, 1877. Louisa C. B. Buck, vs. James W. Buck.

Terminated in the above named defendant.

TAKE NOTICE, THAT ON THE 20TH DAY of July, 1877, the above named plaintiff sued out of the Superior Court of Wake county a summons returnable to Fall term, 1877, of said court to be held on the 8th Monday after the second Monday in August next, in an action for divorce from the bonds of matrimony. You are hereby notified to appear at the above named time and place and answer or demur to the complaint in said action filed and there to be tried. Witness my hand and seal of office this 20th of July, 1877. J. N. BUNTING, Clerk Superior Court Wake County. BADER & DEVEREAUX, Attorneys. 18 law6w

State Emigrant Mass Convention. THIS Convention will convene at Greensboro on the 15th of August next, and it is earnestly hoped that every county in the State will be represented. Let every colored man who is interested in the cause turn out to the Convention, as there is business of importance to be transacted. The Secretary of the Colonization Society will probably be present. Respectfully, ROBT. ORR, President N. C. Freedmen's Emigrant Aid Society, SHERWOOD CAPPS, Secretary. 33-6t

1877. SUMMER TRADE.

FRESH ARRIVALS AT J. P. GULLEY'S, FINEST LAUNDRY, GRASS CLOTHS AND FULLARD CLOTH, BLEACHED & UNBLEACHED DOMESTICS

At Extremely Low Prices. CLOTHING. I am selling at very short profits. With our recent additions we have a fair stock and good assortment on hand.

SHOES. SHOES. SHOES. I am still ahead in Hand-Made Work, for durability, style and comfort. Good shoes of all grades at the right figures. Beautiful Ladies' Button Boots \$3.00 to \$4.75

SHIRTS. SHIRTS. SHIRTS. Our white and colored shirts for gentlemen can't be excelled for fit, last and beauty.

ALSO SIX SHIRTS GOOD. For \$5.75. New Lot Hats, Umbrellas and Parasols.

HOME INDUSTRY. Call and examine my sample lot of NORTH CAROLINA MADE SHOES for ladies. They are nice and warranted good. Coats' Spool Cotton 65 cents per dozen. Frank Leslie's Cut Paper Patterns for sale, J. P. GULLEY.

North Carolina, Wake County. In the Superior Court of Wake County, June 4th A. D. 1877, Ed Graham Haywood, Plaintiff, vs. John Green and Wm Nesbit, Defendants.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the defendants above named, that an action was filed in the said court by the said plaintiff against the said defendants, to recover \$500 five hundred dollars, with interest thereon from the 23d day of May, 1877, until paid for work and labor done by the said plaintiff for the said defendants at their request; and that the plaintiff has filed his complaint in said action, and has used out Warrants of Attachment addressed to the sheriffs of Chatham and Moore counties against the property of said defendants to secure and satisfy said demand of \$500 and interest, which warrants are returnable before this court, at the court house in the city of Raleigh, August A. D. 1877, at which time and place the said defendants are hereby required to appear and answer or demur to said complaint.

(Signed) J. N. BUNTING, Clerk Superior Court of Wake County. 12-w6w

The Philadelphia Weekly Times, daily and weekly. Daily, \$6; weekly, \$2. Address The Times, Times Building, Philadelphia, Pa.

New Advertisements.

BININGER'S "Old London Dock Gin" ESPECIALLY DESIGNED FOR THE USE of the Medical Profession and the Family, and possessing those intrinsic medicinal properties which belong to an OLD AND PURE GIN. Indispensable to Females. Good for Nervousness, Liver and Kidney complaints. A delicious tonic. Put up in cases, containing one dozen bottles each, and sold by all Druggists, Grocers, &c., A. M. BININGER & CO., No. 15 Reaver Street, N. Y. (Established 1778) Importers of Wines, Brandies, &c.

Tea Agents Wanted. WE WISH AN AGENT, MALE OR FEMALE, in each town of this county, to get up Clubs among families, hotels, factories, &c., for the sale of our Teas, and will offer very liberal commissions to such. We have been importers of Teas for over 20 years, and can afford to send, and will send a better article for the money than any other house in New York. Our Teas are put up in one pound packages, with the name and price printed upon each. Address, with reference, for terms and blank forms for Clubs, or send us an order for a sample lot, which we will forward at lowest Club price, C. O. D. London, New York and China Tea Co., 29 Church Street, or, P. O. Box 571, N. Y. 19-3m.

THE BEST OFFER! We will sell during these hard times \$600 PIANOS FOR \$250. And all other styles in the same proportion, including Grand, Square and Upright—all first-class—sold direct to the people at factory prices. No agents; no commissions; no discounts. These Pianos made one of the finest displays at the Centennial Exhibition, and were unanimously recommended for the High School EXHIBITS. Regularly incorporated Manufacturing Co. New Manufacture—one of the largest and finest in the world. The Square Grands contain Mahogany's new patent Duplex Overstrung Scale, the greatest improvement in the history of Piano making. The Uprights are the finest in America. Pianos sent on trial. Don't fail to write for Illustrated and Descriptive Catalogue—mailed free. MENDELSSOHN PIANO CO. 19-3m. No. 56 Broadway, N. Y.

FRENCH'S HOTEL, ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN. All modern improvements, including Elevator, Gas, and Running Water, in every room. T. J. FRENCH & BROS., Proprietors. 34-1y

25 FANCY CARBONAL new styles with name, 10c. postpaid. J. B. Husted, Nassau, Reno, N. Y. 18 4w

GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP thoroughly cures diseases of the skin. 25 cents per cake; Box (3 cakes) 70 cts. Sent by mail, prepaid, on receipt of price. C. N. Crittenton, Prop. 76 Sixth Avenue, N. Y. 18-4w

REVOLVER & CARTRIDGES FOR \$3. A fine nickel plated, seven shot, pocket revolver; a first class article. Sent C. O. D. or on receipt of price. G. W. WILLIS, P. O. Box 2,718, New York.

N. F. BURNHAM'S "1874" WATER - WHEEL. Is declared the "STANDARD TURBINE" by over 650 persons who use it. Prices reduced. New pamphlet, free. N. F. BURNHAM, York, Pa. 18-4w

DELIGHTFULLY SITUATED, NEXT TO CAPITOL SQUARE. RALEIGH, N. C. ACCOMMODATIONS EQUAL to any in the CITY

IN THE BASEMENT IS THE BEST SALOON AND BILLIARD ROOM IN THE CITY. G. S. BROWN, PROPRIETOR. apl27-tf

NEW FAMILY GROCERY. M. GRAUSMAN —HAS OPENED—

at his old stand, formerly used as a tailoring establishment. He has on hand BEACON, LARD, BEEF TONGUES, HAMS, IRISH POTATOES, all kinds of CANNED GOODS, COFFEES, TEAS, CRACKERS, of every description. PICKLES, MOLASSES, SILVER DRIP, GOLDEN SYRUP, CIGARS, SNUFF, TOBACCO. He keeps on hand the finest and oldest brands of wines and liquors for family use. FRESH GOODS arriving every day. Everything used by the family can be had on application. Customers may rest assured that they will receive the best of goods at the lowest prices possible. Call before buying elsewhere. 2-tf

TRIFLING WITH A COLD IS ALWAYS dangerous. Use WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS, a sure remedy for coughs; and all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Chest and Mucous Membrane. Put up only in Baire boxes. For sale by all druggists. C. N. CRITTENTON, 7 Sixth Avenue, New York.

ROANOKE COLLEGE, SALEM, VA. Next session begins September 5, 1877. Collegiate course, and preparatory courses. Unsurpassed location. Mountain climate. Moral community. Five churches in town. Moderate expenses: from \$100 to \$240 for 9 months, including tuition, board, etc., etc. Students from fifteen States, Indian Territory and Mexico. Twenty students from West Virginia. For Catalogues, etc., address Secretary of the Faculty.

STAUNTON FEMALE SEMINARY, STAUNTON, VIRGINIA. Rev. J. I. Miller, A. M., Principal, with a full and experienced corps of teachers. Including Mrs. Gen. J. E. B. Stuart. School not sectarian. Four denominations represented in the faculty. Board and home comforts the best. Particularly no extravagance in dress allowed. Terms liberal. Session opens Sept. 6th, 1877. Send for catalogue to the Principal. 18-4w

A Great Offer! I WILL during these hard times dispose of 100 Pianos and Organs, new and second hand of first class makers including Waters' Grand Square and Upright Pianos and Organs (including their new Souvenir and Bowler) are the best made. 7 octavo Pianos \$150. 7 4/8 \$100 not used a year. 421 Pianos \$50. 4 \$60 \$85. 7 stops \$85. 8 stops \$75. 10 stops \$85. 12 stops \$100 cash, not used a year, in perfect order and warranted. Local and travelling agents wanted. Illustrated catalogues mailed. A liberal discount to teachers, ministers and churches, etc. Sheet music at half price. STORACE, WATERS & SONS, Manufacturers and Dealers, East 40 14th St., Union Square, N. Y.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, Raleigh, N. C., July 10, 1877. NOTICE TO DOG OWNERS. ON AND AFTER MONDAY, 16TH INST., the police will be instructed to kill all dogs Running on the Streets without the Lawful badge. These badges can be procured from the City Marshal. 30-3t J. W. LEE, City Marshal.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

THE SAFEST IS THE BEST. BUY ONLY FOR CASH. And at Cash Prices.

EXPERIENCE HAS PROVEN THIS PLAN to be better for the buyer and seller. When in need of anything in the Grocery line, or Provisions, Grain, Fish and any other goods in any other line, call at Nos. 5 and 7, Hargett St., or send orders with cash to B. H. WOODSELL, Box 113, P. O., Raleigh, N. C. 25-tf

WILLIAM SIMPSON, PHARMACIST

DRUGGIST, Fayetteville Street, RALEIGH, N. C.

Keeps constantly on hand a full and complete assortment

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, FAMILY MEDICINES, Toilet Articles, Imported & Domestic Wines, LIQUORS, &c., for medicinal use. Imported and Domestic Cigars.

French, English and German Perfumes and every article usually kept in a first class drug store. Orders from country physicians promptly attended to. m4-ytf

NATIONAL HOTEL.

Belightfully Situated, NEXT TO CAPITOL SQUARE. RALEIGH, N. C.

IN THE BASEMENT IS THE BEST SALOON AND BILLIARD ROOM IN THE CITY. G. S. BROWN, PROPRIETOR. apl27-tf

NEW FAMILY GROCERY. M. GRAUSMAN —HAS OPENED—

at his old stand, formerly used as a tailoring establishment. He has on hand BEACON, LARD, BEEF TONGUES, HAMS, IRISH POTATOES, all kinds of CANNED GOODS, COFFEES, TEAS, CRACKERS, of every description. PICKLES, MOLASSES, SILVER DRIP, GOLDEN SYRUP, CIGARS, SNUFF, TOBACCO. He keeps on hand the finest and oldest brands of wines and liquors for family use. FRESH GOODS arriving every day. Everything used by the family can be had on application. Customers may rest assured that they will receive the best of goods at the lowest prices possible. Call before buying elsewhere. 2-tf