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ADVERTISEMENTS

Not exceeding 16 lines, neatly inserted three times for a Dollar, and 25 cents for every succeeding publication; those of greater length in the same proportion COMMUNICATIONS thankfully received ... LETTERS to the Editors must be post-paid.

To the Editors of the Register.

It has become fashionable in these times criminate and vilify one Department of our General Government, and to eulogize and puff another: this course has not only been pursued by the public press, but in these ames of political illumination and taste, the practice has obtained, even in deliberate bodies. If it should not be considered out of fashion and impertinent, by the refined and prodigal politicians of the day, it may be useful to our common country, and afford some information to the people, to take a concise retrospect of the finances of the government for a few years past. A few years since, the President in his message informed Congress that the expenditures for the year 1820, ald exceed the receipts in the sum of five n hons of dollars. The Secretary of the Treasury n his report, presented three modes meeting that deficit, to-wit, taxes, loans, retrenchment in the public expenditures. cans or taxes, to meet the expenses of government in a time of profound peace were obnoxious to Congress, and would have been equally so to the people. Congress was abused, the whole censure of the press, was levelled at that body, when certainly it ought to have been charged to the expending departments, and to none in so great a degree as to the War Department, the expenses in which had been, to say the least, indiscreet nation, lessen the public expenditures nearly cupied the above establishment, and begs and extravagant. But Congress are many and may in perfect security be traduced, they have few offices to give.

Congress adopted two of the alternatives, they granted a loan of three millions of dollars, and made reductions (principally from the estimate of the War Department) to the amount of \$2,130,000, a proportion of these reductions to the amount of \$700,000, was from the estimate of the War Department for fortifications. The sum asked by the Secretary of War, was "for fortifications one million five hundred thousand dollars," which was considered a most extraordinary demand and will so appear to the public when they s e informed that in no year since the peace, had Congress granted a larger sum than \$800,000 for fortifications. It should also be recollected that this sum was requested at a time when the Secretary of War knew that the Bresident was compelled to ask a loan of so large a sum as five millions of dollars. Congress refused so large a sum, and granted the usual sum of 800,000 dollars for fortifications, and the Secretary of War did not and could not expend that amount. The unexpended balance that remained, was I think about 300,000 dollars. That is 100,000 ad- 600,000 dollars. On the 1st of January 1825, mitted in his report as unexpended, and a part of the war debt will be redeemable, and 200,000 dollars, which afterwards came to his knowledge and was transferred from the south dollars, may be paid off, which will lessen to be expended on Fort Monroe, and the Rip-

Corress that there would be a deficiency for the service of 1821, of seven millions of dollars; and the Secretary of the Treasury in his report submitted the same alternatives, to-wit, taxes, loans and retrenchments—a lons, and deductions were made from the cs-Department) to the amount of 2,317,155 dolars. Retrenchments having been mentioned by the Secretary of the Treasury, as one of the alternatives to meet the deficit of these wo years, gave offence it is said to those connected with the War Department, and to the contractors and persons employed in the disbursement and receipt of public money, and fidence reposed in him by the nation. They have stigmatized him as being "the chief of has shewn that they are entitled to the ratititle of the country, for he says that they are all in the most sound and flourishing condito any of them. The truth is, that all the retrenchments were made with prudence. Extranspart and improper expenditures alone were refused.

act gave great offence to the army & those conthe Department; and the Secretary of the Treasury was abused, because they affected some of those, even in this State, who now clamor most about Radicals. The true ques tion with the people should be, was it proper? peace we require troops for them only, more would be an unnecessary expense.

annum !! If this saving to the nation has tional admiration. been effected by a retrenchment, which has not injured the nation, or any of its valuable institutions, do not those who supported it deserve the thanks of their country? Or are a government, had a seat in the highest

to guard the public Treasury, shall obey the mandates of the Secretaries and indulge them

in unnecessary expense.
The Secretary of War had been called on men. In his report he recommended the re- this is the character given of his literataining all the General Staff. That staff consisted of two Major-Generals, four Brigadiers, Inspectors General, Adjutants General, &c. It was considered by military men sufficient ington, the only person of all our Prefor an army of 15 or 20,000 men; and Con-sidents who had not a classical educa-Secretary of War anxious to retain so useless and burthensome an establishment-A Major General contrives to make his pay and emoluments amount annually to more than 7,000 dollars. Congress, however, thought proper said, as it was of Casar, that he writes considerable saving has been made. The re- fought. duction of the army disbanded some influential officers and gave offence to them and to their friends. This was to be expected-but the policy of the Republicans has been, and I trust will continue to be, to employ and pay officers only when their services are necessary.-To have no sinecures. The plan of the Secretary of War was to have a large and extensive patronage.

The army which was increased in Mr. Jefferson's time to ten thousand men, had but one Brigadier-General-and scattered as our army must necessarily be, one was found sufficient. We have now one Major-General and two Brigadiers, which is amply sufficient even if we should hereafter increase it to ten thousand men.

The year 1822 opened with brighter prospeets. The President asked no loan. Our means were considered adequate to the ex- Women and Children. penditures for that year. There were, however, some of those proposed expenditures which were considered unnecessary, and defor the year 1823. The institutions have been having a number of private rooms and suitaso completely organized by Congress and the | ble servants to attend them. Secretaries, so restricted by laws, that few, if In addition to the above, he will accommocessary. Some of our best men are called on reasonable terms. Radicals for having given support to these retrenchments. Suppose they had not been made, what would have been the consequence? The President must have asked further loans for 1822, and perhaps for 1823. No loans were required for either of those years, and there is now in the Treasury nine in his last message. What a contrast! The President, by means of these salutary retrenchments, will leave a full treasury to his successor, instead of empty boxes, which must have been the case if they had not been made.-What a consolation to him must this circumstance be in his retirement.

The Pevolutionary debt (except that bear ing an interest of 3 per cent) will be paid off on the 1st of July next, which will relieve the treasury from an annual payment of about the 7 per cent. stock, amounting to 8,606,355 the expenses about 600,000 dollars moremaking together the sum of 1,200,000 dollars In December 1820, the President stated to less, payable annually. Our finances may be now considered as perfectly sound, and our means adequate to all the demands upon them -for which flourishing condition Mr. Crawford and his friends are stigmatized by Mr. Calhoun and his friends with the name of Raoan was granted by Congress for five mil-dicals. They have however the satisfaction ing conducted upon the most approved printo know that they have done their duty to timates (principally as before from the War their country, and to believe that the impartial historian will do them justice.

For the Raleigh Register.

COLUMBIANUS, No. 3.

General Jackson, I hear it said, is a they have omitted no means to slande, and great general, but not a great politician. persecute him and to deprive him of the con- If he is a great general (and who will say he is not) he has a vigorous, exa Radical party," and as being hostile to the valuable institutions of the country. If injury has been done to any of the institutions by just as much propriety could these obthose retrenchments, then Congress merit cen- jections be raised against Washington, But the President, in his last message, when he was a candidate for office; and in these degenerate days they would have been raised. Let us see Per ann. taught in the Academy, \$60, or \$20 tion, of course that no injury has been done how they will look upon paper. -"What," says Ensign O'Doherty, Perann taught out of the Academy, \$100 "make this Tuckahoe Virginian your General. Why he was educated for Amongst the retrenchments was the reduc- a surveyor. I have seen him Jacob tion of the army from 10 to 6,000 men. This staff in hand, with his compass in his saddle bags, riding over the country nected with it. It lessened the patronage of upon a scrubby long eared poney."-When the war was finished, "What" to believe the reduction was owing to him. says Lawyer O'Garnish "make Wash-In truth, this reduction was made by Con- ington your President. Why he is a gess, and with the assistance of the votes of mere warrior; Adams, Hancock and Franklin are your Statesmen." So now the Zoilus's turn their moon-struck Were more than 6000 men required for the eyes upon greatness without perceiving garrisoning of all posts, and for the protectits qualities. No situation calls for tion of the frontiers against the Indians? greater or more diversified resources That number it is evident has been found ful- than the command of an army. None out charge. A tax of 25 cents each Student ly sufficient for those objects. In time of were ever displayed with greater brilliancy and success than by General The Secretary of War has stated in a re- Jackson. His campaigns, his difficulport that the saving by the reduction of the ties, his wisdom in planning, his vigor army, amounts to one million of dollars per in executing, are copious themes of na-

> But is Jackson known only in the field? He has been at the formation of

the people prepared to say that their Repressatate court of Justice, and a place in sentatives in Congress, chosen by themselves the Senate of the nation. And where has Jackson ever been found deficient? But Jackson is not a scholar & man of Science as Adams and Calhoun are to report an organization for an army of 6,000 Granted : Nor was Washington, yet State of North-Carolina ry talents by the accomplished editor of the Port Folio. "General Washgress were astonished when they found the tion, was the only writer among them whose compositions are distinguished for correctness, vigor, and perspicuity." Of General Jackson it may be to lessen the staff about one half, by which a with the same force with which he the next Court of Pleas and Quarter Session

Hillsborough Academy.

MOR the very extensive patronage with which this School has been favored, the Subscriber is sincerely grateful—he will still continue to labor faithfully in the instruction of those who may be committed to his care. The Exercises will be resumed on the 1st Monday in January.

JOHN ROGERS Princ'l. Hillsboro' Dec. 8. 8-2awt4

The Massenburg Negroes TILL be hired at the Market House, at 11 o'clock on

The First Monday in January. Premiums given for keeping several

December 11. 7-1aw 3t

"Hawkins' Tavern. ductions were made to the amount of half a Louisburg, Franklin County North-Caroling. million. Thus in three years, did Congress FTHE Proprietor tenders his thanks to his by a prudent rational econory, and without | old customers, and the public, for the injury to any department or interest of the many favors he has received since he has ocfive millions of dollars. These retrenchments leave to make known, that he has the same reduced our expenses within our means, and in good repair for the accommodation of such no deductions were made from the estimates as may call, (particularly travelling families)

any modifications will hereafter be found ne- date Drovers with Lots, Grain, and Fodder up-

P. HAWKINS.

To Lease or Rent.

December 6.

LEASE for five years will be given for Eleven Hundred Acres of Land, adjoinmillions of dollars, as stated by the President ing the residence of the Subscriber. This Land lies on the banks of the Neuse, and only ten miles from Raleigh. The soil is well adapted to the growth of Corn and Cotton. It will be under an excellent fence. A Still house-an Overseer's house, and Negro houses, will be offered with the land. An Apple and Peach Orchard, in fine order for making Brandy and Cider, with all the rights and privileges of the Subscriber.

SARAH STONE. Rest Dale, Nov. 17.

A Lease will also be given for a Planta tion known by the name of CONIOT, on the Roanoke, in the county of Bertie. This land is too well known to require any particular description. Persons wishing to see it may apply to the Rev. MOSES GILLIAM S. S. near Windsor.

FAYETTEVILLE ACADEMY.

THIS Institution now affords advantages equal to any in the Southern States, beciples, and provided with superior Teachers in every branch of Useful and Ornamental Education.—This, with its healthy situation and moderate charges for Board and Tuition, must insure it a liberal patronage. The strictest attention will be paid to the conduct and morals of those attending it.

TERMS. Female Department, conducted by Mrs. Ha milton with Assistant Teachers. Rudiments, per quarter, Reading and Writing English Grammar, And dern Geography wit the Maps and G Chronology, Mytho Music, taught by Madame Villa, in the best From Smithfield to Newbern,

per quarter

per quarter 325.

When a greater weight is taken, the element of the brawing, Painting, and the French Language will be subject to a reasonable charge. taught by M. Laising, a native of France. Drawing and Painting, per quarter, \$6 French Classical Department, under Dr. G. Davis's

The Latin and Greek Languages, Natural and Moral Philosophy, Logic, Astronomy, Mathematics, Geometry and Algebra,

English Male Department. Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, English rammar, Ancient and Modern Geography with the Use of the

Maps and Globes,

for wood, water, &c.

advance. WM. HAMILTON. For the satisfaction of Parents & Guardians the following Gentlemen may be referred to. J. A. CAMERON, Esq. Prest. of the School

Committee, Rev'd R. H. Mannison, April 30, 1898.

To Hire. An active NEGRO MAN. Apply to this Office. December 11.

Randolph County.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November Term, 1823. Clement Wood

The heirs at law of Rob't Field, dec. T appearing to the Court that part of the Defendants in this case are not inhabitants of this State; it is ordered that publication be made for six weeks in the Raleigh Register: giring notice to the Defendants to appear at to be held for said county on the first Monday of February next, and plead to issue or demur, otherwise judgment will be entered against them. A copy,

JESSE HARPER, C C. C. Pr. adv. \$2. 5-6t w

State of North-Carolina. Randolph County.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November Term, 1823. James Wilson, sen.) Benj. Marmon summon-

James Wilson, jun.) ed as garnishee. habitant of this State; it is ordered that rimentally illustrated, and are thus rendered publication be made for six weeks in the la- objects of sense. There are six teachers leigh Register, giving notice to the said De- constantly engaged; three excellent Piano fendant to appear at the next Court of Pleas Fortes, are employed in the musical departs and Quarter Sessions to be held for said ment, and the models for Drawing and Paint-County on the first Monday of February next, ing, are numerous and good. and replevy, plead to issue, or demur, otherwise judgment final will be entered against A copy, JESSE HARPER, c.c. c. Pr. adv. \$2. 5-6t W

State of North-Carolina.

Randolph County. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November Term, 1823. John Burrow and others, Petition to sel

Real Estate. Eleazer Fentress. T appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the Defendant in this case is not an inhabitant of this State; it is ordered that publication be made for six weeks in the \$2 50 per session will be made. Raleigh Register, giving notice to the said Defendant to appear at the next Court of made, approved bonds will in all instances be Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for exacted. said county on the first Monday of February next, and plead to issue, or demur, otherwise judgment will be entered against him.

JESSE HARPER, c. c. c. Pr. adv. \$2. 5-6t w

For Sale.

THE subscriber intending to remove from Hillsborough, offers for sale the highly improved lot in that town upon which Mrs. Mary R. Anderson at present resides. The buildings are all nearly new, and finished in the best style. The Dwelling-house contains six large rooms, with fire-places, an excellent cellar, a garret-room and six closets. There is besides every necessary out-house.

call on the Subscriber, who is disposed to make the terms of purchase liberal.

WALKER ANDERSON. Hillsboro', Nov. 24, 1823.

Raleigh and Newbern

EVIL EDATE

L the United States' Mail between Raleigh and Newbern, respectfully informs the Pub-\$2 50 lic, that he has commenced running a Sta the accommodation of travellers, following regulations:

Leave Raleigh every Friday at 6 p. m. Arrive at Newbern on Monday at 2 p. m. Leave Newbern on Tuesday at 6 a. m. Arrive at Raleigh on Thursday at 6 p. m Price of Passage through,

From Raleigh to Smithfield, And in proportion for any less distance. | held for said County, on the second Monday

Each Passenger will be allowed the privilege of taking baggage weighing 20 lbs. When a greater weight is taken, the excess When it does not interfere with the com-

6 50 conveyance, Trunks, Packages, &c. to be left for this purpose at the Post Office in Raleigh, and at the Washington Hotel in Newbern.

> Applications for conveyance to be made at Raleigh to Mr. Josiah Dilliard, at the sign of the Cross Keys, and at Newbern, to Joseph Bell, Esq. proprietor of the Washington Hotel, to whom Passengers and those sending articles in the Stage, will make pay

The Proprietor of this line entertains the hope that his endeavors to facilitate the Pens and Ink provided the Students with- means of travelling from the Western to the Eastern part of the State, will be compensated by the encouragement he shall receive Board, including all the above Branches from the Public. No exertions shall be except Music, \$35 per quarter-payable in wanting on his part to render the line worthy of such support.

MERRIT DILLIARD. Raleigh, October 10, 1823 This line intersects at Warnesboro the Stage line from Tarborough to Fayetteville, thus affording to Merchants and others a more expeditious conveyance to the North and South, than has heretofore offered.

ANDREWS & JONES'

North-Carolina Female ACADEMIY.

THIS Institution which during the present year has been located in Hillumob ave been induced

with a view to a permanent where the premises will come modate their pupils; and they have altered the time of commencing the scholastic years for the convenience, and at the general request of their patrons.

The pupils are instructed in Needle-work, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar and Parsing, Geography, Mythology, History, Bellslettres, Natural Philosophy, Chymistry Botavy and Astronomy.

The terms for board, washing and tuition, in all the above branches, are Sixty Dollars per session payable in advance. Music, vocal and instrumental, Thirty Dollars per session. Drawing and Painting, Twenty Dollars per session. Dancing is also taught by a competent master.

The first session will end early in July, the second n December, when the only vacation in the year takes place. New scholars Original attachment, pay from the time of their arrival only.

The system of education is in all the departments radical: by the aid of an excel-T appearing to the Court that the lent apparatus, the truths of Natural Philo-Defendant in this case is not an in- sophy, Chymistry and Astronomy, are expe-

No expenditures are allowed, but such as are authorized by parents or quardians; and the principals are determined strictly to inforce the rule prohibiting finery in dress; in summer, coloured cotton dresses, and in winter, worked stuffs, will be worh by all the

young ladies. All the pupils will board with the princip pals, who pay strict attention to their health, their manners, and their morals. The public and private offices of devotion are regularly observed, whilst every thing sectarian is carefully avoided.

Each pupil is expected to bring a cover lid. a pair of sheets, blankets and towels, for her own use, otherwise an extra charge of

When payment in advance cannot be

JOSEPH ANDREWS, 2 Princi-THOMAS P. JONES. 5 pain. Oxford, Granville co. Dec. 1823. 8-11F.

The Editors of the Newbern Sentinel and Western Carolinian, will publish the above until the 1st of February.

State of North-Carolina RUTHERFORD COUNTY.

Court of Equity-Fall Term, 1823. Walter B. Rutherford) Original bill of injunction.

Augustus Sacket. T appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Augustus Sacket is not an inhabitant Persons willing to purchase, are invited to of this State; it is therefore ordered that publication be made for three months succes sively in the Raleigh Register, that unless the

said Augustus Sacket appears at the next Court of Equity to be held for the county of Rutherford, at the Court-house in Butherford ton, on the third Monday after the fourth Monday in March next, and plead, answer or demur, the bill will be taken pro confe and heard ex-parte. Test, T. F. BIRCHET Pr. adv. \$5-25

State of North-Carolina,

THE Subscriber, Contractor for carrying Jesse Dickens Adm'r. of Frances his wife; Thos. 3 Thos, Snipes, Ex'r. of Richard Stanford; dec'd Portius Moore and Sidney Moore.

Philip Moore and Robert Moore, Ex'rs. of Stephen Moore, Ann Moore of the State of New-York, Ann Moore, of the County of Person, Mary Stanford and Samuel Moore, I appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Ann Moore, of the State of New-York, is not an inhabitant of this State, it is ordered that publication be made in the Ral eigh Register, three weeks, that the said Ann 50 Moore come forward at the next Court to be in February next, and plead, answer or demur or judgment will be taken pro-confesso against her.

JESSE DICKINS, C. C. C. Dec. 10. 8-law3t

fort of Passengers, the Stage will receive for State of North-Carolina.

CAMDEN COUNTY. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November Term, 1823. George Ferebee

Abner Williams & wife Courtney, Wilson Abbott, Alfred Abbott, Joseph Abbott, Henry Abbott Henderson Abbott, Edwin Abbott and Riland Abbott, heirs at law of Joseph Abbott, dec'd.

Tappearing to the satisfaction of this Courts that Alfred Abbott, one of the defendants in this case, is not an inhabitant of this State. On the motion of the Plaintiff by his Counsels it is ordered that the said defendant do appear here on the first Mond y in February next, and plead, answer or demur to this petition, or judgment pro confesso will be ken against him; and that a copy of this order be inserted in the State Cazette publish

ed in Raleigh for two months successively.

TESTS, M. S. I.E.W. S. C.R. "- Tantills M Fee.