

RALEIGH REGISTER,

AND NORTH-CAROLINA STATE GAZETTE.

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No 48.

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ADVERTISEMENTS
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times for a Dollar, and 25 cents for every suc-
ceeding publication; those of greater length
in the same proportion. COMMUNICATIONS
thankfully received. LETTERS to the Editors
must be post-paid.

FROM THE RICHMOND WHIG.
**The President of the United States and
Mr. Lowrie.**

With the previous development of the
controversy between these distinguished per-
sonages, our readers are already acquainted.
It is one no less interesting from the mysteri-
ous circumstances attending it, than unfortu-
nate from the heavy weight of censure, which
must ultimately devolve on some of the high
characters concerned.

We this day communicate from the National
Intelligence, an anonymous communication,
(signed P.) supposed to be from the pen of
George Hay, Esq. and addressed to Mr.
Lowrie, and Mr. Lowrie's answer thereto.—
The writer who signs himself P. evidently
writes with a full knowledge of all the circum-
stances of the case, and most probably under
the immediate eye and sanction of the Presi-
dent himself (as the signature of P. would
seem to denote.) We do not altogether like
the spirit in which this communication is writ-
ten. It certainly implies a full knowledge
of the fact, that letters had passed between
Gen. Jackson and Mr. Monroe, to the import
of what Mr. Lowrie had asserted. It looks
too much like a disposition on the part of the
writer, to extort from Mr. Lowrie, the essen-
tials of his vindication—and too much like a
premeditated and artful attempt to transfer
the public indignation from Mr. Monroe, who
left an innocent man to perish for the want
of that aid, which he only could render him,
to Mr. Lowrie, for employing those means of
vindication, which accident had placed in his
possession.

Mr. Lowrie is asked by this anonymous
writer, "if a copy of a letter from Mr. Mon-
roe to Gen. Jackson, be not a part of the
"inconconvertible evidence," to which he re-
fers, as proving his innocence. Why should
such a question be asked? The affirmative
or the negative had nothing to do with Mr.
Monroe's vindication. If Mr. Monroe had
never received any such letter, such an in-
terrogation could never have been necessary,
and Mr. Lowrie might safely have been left
to work up hill, in proving that which never
existed. If Mr. Monroe had received such a
letter, which he afterwards thought fit to
deny, or which he had forgotten, why is it
asked Mr. Lowrie to explain the nature of
the evidence upon which he relied? It could
only have been to induce Mr. Lowrie to ex-
plain, not the letter itself, but the manner in
which he became possessed of it—not with an
expectation of profiting the President any
thing, directly by the development, but with
the hope that the public indignation would
vent itself upon Mr. Lowrie or his friends,
for the manner in which he or they became
possessed of the correspondence between Mr.
Monroe and Gen. Jackson. The interroga-
tories of P. to Mr. Lowrie, were therefore
insidious, as tending to withdraw the public
attention from the main question (which is
Col. Monroe's having received or not any
letter from Gen. Jackson) to one which is col-
lateral, incidental, and comparatively, imma-
terial.

The true question, on which the attention
of the American Public is fixed, & from which
it will be diverted by no Machiavelian arts, is,
did Gen. Jackson write any such letter, as the
one referred to? If so, did Mr. Monroe read
the same to Mr. Lowrie and his colleague? In
these two questions are involved the several
culpabilities of Gen. Jackson, Mr. Monroe,
and Mr. Lowrie. If General Jackson wrote
such a letter, advising the President to ap-
point two Federal Secretaries, then General
Jackson is himself no better than a Federal-
ist, and can never receive the support of Re-
publicans for the Presidency. If he wrote
such a letter to the President, which was read
to Messrs. Lowrie and Findlay for the justifi-
cation of a particular official act, then the Presi-
dent of the United States, in his subsequent
denial of the fact, has been guilty of a shame-
ful and disgraceful dereliction of the truth,
from the consequences of which, his high offi-
cial character, instead of screening him, will
only serve to consign him to the deeper and
bitterer condemnation. If, on the other hand,
it shall be made to appear, that Gen. Jackson
never wrote, or the President received any
letter containing such sentiments—if it shall
further appear, that no letter purporting to be
from Gen. Jackson, and containing such sen-
timents, was ever read by the President of
the United States to Mr. Lowrie, then Mr.
Lowrie stands convicted before his country,
of wilful and malicious falsehood. How stands
the evidence, as far as it is developed?

Let us bear in mind, that in 1821, Mr. Low-
rie explained the nomination of Mr. Irish as
Marshal of the Western District of Pennsyl-
vania, to his constituents, by the new policy
which Col. Monroe had determined to adopt,
upon the recommendation of Gen. Jackson,
to appoint two Federalists (or half Federal-
ists) and half Democrats. In 1824, when Gen.
Jackson is seriously brought before the cou-
rt, as its next President, this advice of his
to the President, is brought up in judgment
against him, by men who were still attached
to the old Democratic party of the U. States.
Mr. Kremer, a Representative of Pennsylvania,
and a friend of General Jackson, justly
supposing that the prevalent rumor would
operate to his prejudice, makes it his busi-
ness to call upon the President for the truth
of the statement. The President expressly
denies, ever having received, (and of course
communicated) any such letter from General

Jackson. The controversy of course, finds its
way into the public newspapers. Mr. Low-
rie asserts that such a letter was read to him
by the President, when Irish was appointed
Marshal of Pennsylvania. The President de-
nies having received or read such a letter.
Mr. Lowrie declares that it was read to him
in the presence of his colleague, Mr. Findlay.
Mr. Findlay (who it seems, has a convenient
sort of memory) denies that he had ever heard,
or heard of, such a letter. Mr. Lowrie de-
clares it either was, or purported to be, from
Gen. Jackson. Gen. Jackson says he wrote
no such letter.—All this occurs before the
20th January last. Mr. Lowrie stands, of
course, in the most serious predicament be-
fore the world—his veracity questioned, and
by such men, as the President of the United
States, Gen. Jackson, and Mr. Findlay.

Notwithstanding the odds that seem en-
listed against Mr. Lowrie, we do think, that he
has completely established the truth of his
statements, and his innocence, before the
world. As a part of his evidence, he exhib-
its an answer by the President to Gen. Jack-
son's letter, in which he recommends the ap-
pointment of "TWO FEDERALISTS AND
TWO REPUBLICANS to form his Cabinet,"
partly in the hand-writing of the President
himself. This letter is expressly stated to
be an answer. It therefore necessarily re-
fers to a communication previously from Gen.
Jackson himself, which from the correspond-
ence of dates and subject matter, can be no
other than the one to which Mr. Lowrie al-
luded, as having been read to him by Mr.
Monroe. Mr. Monroe denies having received
any such letter from Gen. Jackson: yet his
letter to Gen. Jackson now in the possession
of Gales and Seaton, evidently refers to a
letter received from Gen. Jackson, of the
same import as the one to which Mr. Lowrie
refers, as having been read to him by the
President.

But how came Mr. Lowrie by this private
letter of the President to Gen. Jackson? Mr.
Lowrie declares, that it was sent to him,
anonymously, from this City—by some person,
who authorized him to use it, in the cause of
truth, and his own self-defence. Mr. Lowrie
himself, therefore, came by it honorably, and
we commend the honest zeal, which placed
in the hands of injured innocence, the wea-
pon of self-defence. It is unnecessary to en-
quire, how the President lost possession of this
document. It may have been stolen from him,
as his friends assert, or he may have, for the
purpose of justifying some of his extraordi-
nary appointments, transmitted it to some of
his quondam friends, and have forgotten it.
All this is immaterial. Suffice it to be known
that there is such a letter—that it was eiden-
tly written in answer to one he had received
from Gen. Jackson, much of the character
which Mr. Lowrie has ascribed to it—and
that it is placed where all can be satisfied, by
inspection, of its authenticity, and of its com-
plete justification of Mr. Lowrie's veracity.
We have no doubt, that Mr. Lowrie came by
this letter, as he states in his communication,
honestly, and unavoidably. Were we to haz-
ard a conjecture, how it was translated from
the President's possession, we should say that
it was by his own voluntary, but forgotten act,
and not by the felonious act of another.

The truth then seems to be—that Gen.
Jackson did write such a letter—that Mr.
Monroe received and read it to Mr. Lowrie—
that he afterwards, from some unknown cause,
denied to Mr. Kremer that he had received it,
that Mr. Lowrie's veracity was consequently,
publicly impeached—and that Mr. Lowrie for
his own vindication, has subsequently estab-
lished the fact, that he had in his possession a
letter of the President, in his own hand-writ-
ing addressed to General Jackson, which is an
answer to such a letter as Mr. Lowrie described
as having been read by Mr. Monroe.

It appears further, that there is some mys-
tery attending the loss of this letter by the
President—and that his friends are attempt-
ing to effect his retreat, under favor of the
dust, thus callatorally kicked up: as Mars in
the confusion of the general battle, rescued
Venus from the sword of Diomed.

ONLY TWO DRAWINGS MORE.
The great and splendid Capital
of
100,000 DOLLARS
in the
Grand State Lottery
Of Maryland, which is drawn by the Com-
missioners appointed by the State, in
the city of Baltimore.

TWO DRAWINGS MORE.
Will complete this Lottery, and the following
prizes are to be drawn.

\$100,000	\$20,000
10,000	10,000
5,000	7 of 1,000

Besides many smaller prizes.
DRAWN 13th MAY.
Tickets, \$20 | Quarters, 5
Halves, 10 | Eighths, 2 50
Warranted undrawn and for sale at

ALLEN'S
Lottery and Exchange Office,
Baltimore.

CASH advanced for prizes as soon as
drawn.—And where was sold and paid two
of the largest prizes ever sold in America,
viz: No. 739, \$100,000, No. 3320, \$100,000,
besides many of 50,000, 40,000, &c.

TO THE PUBLIC.
Notwithstanding the recent advance of
Tickets in Baltimore, to \$20, all orders prior
to the first of May, including cash post paid at
the rate of 15 dollars, will meet prompt atten-
tion if addressed to

S. G. M. ALLEN, Baltimore.
April 10, 1824. 44-1st M.

PRINTING
In general neatly executed at the Office
of this paper.

**One Hundred Dollars
REWARD.**

WHEREAS on the evening of the 21st
inst. between the hours of 7 and 8
o'clock, some evil-disposed person or persons
entered our Store, and stole from it Bank notes
to a considerable amount: We hereby offer
a reward of One Hundred Dollars to any per-
son or persons who will give such information
as will lead to the recovery of the money
so taken. We also offer a Reward of
Twenty Dollars to any person who may give
such information as will lead to the conviction
of the person or persons concerned.
Storekeepers are respectfully requested to
give their aid in making a discovery of the of-
fender or offenders, detaining persons of sus-
picious characters, who may have bills of a
larger amount than their circumstances would
seem to justify.

HAZLETT & ROBT. KYLE.
Raleigh, 22d April, 1824. 46-

Bank Stock for Sale.
BETWEEN 30 and 40 Shares of Cape
Fear Bank Stock may be had at the cur-
rent price, on application to the Printers
hereof.
April 20th, 1824. 46-

Sweepstakes Race.
A Sweepstake mile heats, by 3 year old
colts and fillies, will be run over the War-
renton course, on Friday the 14th of May
next. 7 subscribers at \$100 each, half for-
feit.
April 17. 45

NOTICE.
Pursuant to a decretal order of the hon-
orable Court of Equity for the County of Wake,
I shall expose to sale at the Court-House in
the City of Raleigh on Tuesday, the 20th Ju-
ly next, that valuable LOT and improvements
in the said City, situate on the corner of Hills-
borough and McDowell streets, and known
in the plan of said City as Lot No. 198.
Terms of Sale—nine and eighteen months
credit: bonds with approved security, bear-
ing interest from the date, will be required.
JOHN S. ELLIS, C. M. E.
April 20, 1824. 46-ts

**Bank Stock Certificate
Lost.**
A CERTIFICATE of thirty-seven shares
of the Capital Stock of the Bank of Cape
Fear, issued to me in January or February,
1822, having been lost or mislaid, if I do not
hear of it in three months, from the date
hereof, I shall apply to the said Bank for a
new Certificate of said Stock.
JAMES SOMERVELL.
Warrenton, Feb. 21, 1824. 30-3m.

New Establishment.
A. W. ROBBINS, late of New-York,
INFORMS his friends and the public gen-
erally, that he has taken the HOTEL lately
occupied by EDWARD PATRICK, in Warrenton
N. C. The Establishment has gone through
repairs and is now fitted up in a handsome
manner for the reception of Travellers. His
Stables are in good order and his Ostlers at-
tentive.
A. W. R. pledges himself that nothing
shall be wanting on his part to contribute to
the comfort of those who may favor him with
their company.
N. B. His Bar is supplied with choice Li-
quors, selected from the New-York market.

A. W. R. has constantly for sale a ge-
neral assortment of DRY GOODS and GRO-
CERIES, which he offers for cash as cheap
as can be purchased in the State.
Warrenton, Feb. 23. ep3m

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA.
Edgecomb County.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions,
February Term, 1824.

Kesiah Taylor,
vs.
The heirs at law of William Taylor, dec'd.
Petition for
dower.
IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court
that Perney Taylor and Elizabeth Morn,
two of the defendants in this case, reside
without the limits of this State: It is ordered
that publication be made for six weeks in
the Raleigh Register, that they appear at the
next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to
be held for the county of Edgecomb, at the
Court-house in Tarborough, on the fourth
Monday of May next, then and there to shew
cause, if any they may have, why the prayer
of the petition should not be granted or it
will be heard ex-parte as to them.
Test. MICH'L HEARN, C. C.

State of North-Carolina.
Warren County.
February Sessions, 1824.

William W. Riggan, Caswell
Drake, Ex'r of Benjamin Riggan, dec'd, Mich'l Riggan,
and James Riggan,
vs.
Samuel Riggan, Jeremiah Riggan and the heirs of Jo-
nathan Riggan.
Petition for
order of sale of
negroes and
other prop-
erty, in order to
a division.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the
Court, that Samuel Riggan and Jeremia-
h Riggan, are not inhabitants of this State:
It is therefore ordered by the Court, that
publication be made for four weeks in the
Raleigh Register, giving notice to the said
Samuel and Jeremiah Riggan, that they ap-
pear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter
Sessions, to be held for the county of War-
ren, at the court-house in Warrenton, on the
fourth Monday in May next, and enter their
pleas if any they have to enter, otherwise,
the prayer of the petitioners will be granted,
and an order of sale accordingly.
E. DRAKE, C. W. E. C.

Stray.

ALEXANDER M'KENZIE, living at the
Smoky Tavern, on the Yadkin road, ten
miles west of Fayetteville, enters a dark bay
horse, drooped rump, 14 hands high, about
8 or 9 years old, and valued at thirty-five dol-
lars.
MALCOLM RAY, Ranger.
Cumberland co. Apr 15, 1824. 45-3t.

Jailor's Notice.

TAKEN UP, and committed to Jail on the
20th instant, a negro man who calls him-
self BILL, and says that he belongs to Mr.
Thomas Briggs, of Fairfield district, near
Camden, South-Carolina. Said fellow is a
bout 5 feet 6 inches high; stout made, and
light complected—says he has been runaway
about three years. The owner is requested
to come forward, prove property, pay expen-
ces, and take him away.
C. B. MORRIS, Jailor.
December 27. 15 tf

State of North-Carolina,
Wake County,
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions,
February Sessions, 1824.
Nuncupative will of Lucy Sparks, dec'd.

The heirs and next of kin to the said
deceased.
It is ordered by the Court, that publication
be made in the Raleigh Register for 4 weeks,
notifying the next of kin and all others con-
cerned, to appear at the next County Court
of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for
the County of Wake, on the 3d Monday of
May next, to contest the probate of this will.
Teste, B. S. KING, C. C.

John S. Raboteau,

INTENDING to decline Business in the
City of Raleigh in the course of the present
year offers his remaining Stock of DRY
GOODS for sale, on the very lowest terms, for
cash or good paper—and as they were pur-
chased on the best terms, for ready money,
great bargains may be expected. As he is
desirous of selling the whole Stock in order
to close the business, those therefore who
may wish to buy for cash, are respectfully in-
vited to call, and those who may be willing to
continue their dealings on the usual credit,
are informed that payment for dealings during
the time he may remain here will be expected
only at the end of the year.
All those who are indebted for dealings
prior to the present year, are respectfully
called on to close their accounts, as a settle-
ment is not only desirable, but indispensable,
to enable me to meet my own engagements.
And as I have heretofore been too indulgent
for my own interest, it is hoped no one will
neglect to make final settlement, as further
indulgence need not be expected.
ALSO FOR SALE,
A well built one story HOUSE, 28 by 20
feet, new and of good materials, with a par-
tition calculated for a Store or small family,
to be removed off the lot.
N. B. My Dwelling and Store Houses will
be for rent after September next. J. S. R.
Raleigh, March 11. 34 6t if

**THE GREAT PRIZE OF
One Hundred Thousand
Dollars,**
Is now floating in the
GRAND STATE LOTTERY
Of Maryland, now drawing in Balti-
more.
COHEN'S OFFICE—Baltimore, }
April 2d, 1824. }

BESIDES the above splendid Capital
Prize of ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND
DOLLARS, there are also floating in the
wheels, the Capitals of 20,000, 2 of 10,000,
1 of 5,000, 7 of 1,000 Dollars, &c. the whole
of which are liable to be drawn at the next
drawing, which will take place on Thursday
the 13th of May, in the City of Baltimore, un-
der the superintendence of the Commissioners
appointed by the Governor and Council. On-
ly two drawings remain to complete the
Scheme—the whole of the Prizes are payable
in CASH, which can be had at COHEN'S OFFICE
the moment they are drawn.

ORDERS ought to be sent on as soon as
possible. Persons at a distance may at all
times, with confidence, forward their remit-
tances to Cohen's Office, for if the great Ca-
pitals in the Scheme should be drawn when
their orders arrive, and the state of the wheel
not justify an investment, the amount enclos-
ed will be returned by the first mail.

Whole Tickets \$20 Quarters \$5 00
Halves - - - 10 Eighths - - 2 50
To be had, warranted undrawn, at

COHEN'S
Lottery and Exchange Office,
114, Market-St. Baltimore,

Where the great Capital Prizes in both the
last Lotteries were sold, and where more
Capital Prizes have been obtained than at any
other Office in America.

Orders from any part of the United States,
either by mail, (post paid) or by private con-
veyance, including the cash or prizes in any
of the Baltimore lotteries, will meet the same
prompt and punctual attention as if on per-
sonal application, addressed to

J. I. COHEN, Jr. Baltimore.

COHEN'S "Lottery Gazette and Re-
gister," which is published regularly after
each drawing, will contain the Official Lists
of the Grand State Lottery, and will be for-
warded gratis, to all who purchase their Tick-
ets at COHEN'S OFFICE, and who signify their
wish to have the same.
Orders are also received at the Post-Of-
fice, Raleigh: where the official lists of the
drawings are regularly received for the ex-
amination of all tickets, gratis.
April 8, 1824. 43-4t.

**Anniversaries of the Baptist Mis-
sionary Societies will be hol-
den as follows:**

4th Saturday and Sunday in April, at Eno,
in Orange.
1st Saturday and Sunday in May, at Mount
Moriah, Orange.
do do at R-Righ.
On Thursday following at Johnston Union.
On Friday at Waynesborough.
2d Saturday and Sunday in May, at Smith-
field
3d do. and do. in do. at Hali-
fax.
4th do. and do. in do. at Hay-
wood's Meeting-house, Franklin, the State
Society meets. Ministers are invited to at-
tend.
R. T. DANIEL, Agent.

April 14, 1824.

Division Orders.

MAJOR GEN. ROBERT R. JOHNSON,
of the 7th Division of the Militia of
North-Carolina, hereby orders the Master of
the following Regiments at the times and
places hereinafter specified, for the purpose
of being reviewed—of which the respective
commandants and all others belonging to
the regiment are required to take notice and
govern themselves accordingly:
The regiment of Martin, at Williamston,
Thursday 3d day of June next. The two regi-
ments of Edgemont, at Tarborough, Tues-
day the 8th day of June. The lower regi-
ment of Halifax, at Crowell's, Friday the 11th
day of June. The regiment of Northampton,
at the Court-House, Tuesday the 15th day of
June. The upper regiment of Halifax, at
Webbs, Friday the 18th day of June. The
regiment of Nash, at Nashville, Tuesday the
22d of June.

On the day preceding the musters for re-
view, the commissioned officers of each re-
giment of Infantry will assemble at the place
of Regimental Parade, at 11 o'clock, for the
purpose of instruction and discipline: All ex-
cept field officers are required to appear with
fire-arms, with their side-arms.

On the days following the Reviews, Courts
Martial will be held.

The Regiments of Warren, Franklin, and
Wake, will be reviewed in the Fall.

By the General,
EDWIN D. WHITEHEAD,
THOMAS J. GREEN,
Aids-de-Camp.
Be it known, Edwin D. Whitehead of Nash
County, and Thomas J. Green of Warren
County, are appointed my Aids-de-Camp, and
as such will be respected and obeyed.
ROBT. R. JOHNSON,
Major-General of the seventh Division
of Militia of North Carolina.
Warrenton, April 2d, 1824. 42-3t.

LIST OF LETTERS
Remaining in the Post-Office, Raleigh,
April 1, 1824.

- A.—Martin Adams, Anderson Walker, G.
L. Alston, Cullen Andrews, John Armfield,
Isaac Adams.
- B.—Elizabeth Bateman, John Buffalo,
Brittain Barker, Jacob Bledsoe, sr. M. F. Bar-
clay, Samuel Bass, Henry Bryan, Wm. Baugh,
Phill. Bird, Benj. Barham, James & Robt.
Boyd, Kesia Bonner, Major Bledsoe, Shad-
rack Booler, Robertson Barham, Jno. Boys,
Hiram Britt, Anderson Brown, Burgess Best.
- C.—John Crawford, James Cunningham,
Nath'l Coe, John R. Collier, Anderson Cle-
ments, Robert Chappell 2, Willie Clifton 2, Jas.
Chamlee, Elizabeth Clay, James D. Camp-
bell, Richard Colwell, Peter Casso, Martha
Collin, Clerk of W. C. H. Cole.
- D.—Mary Deberry, Mary J. Daniel, John
S. Drake, Wm. Dusk, Jesse Davis, Benj'n
Davis, Caton Decosty, 2, Jno. Dickey, Rev.
F. Donoghue.
- E.—Swan Edwards, John Elkins, Mary E.
manuel.
- F.—James Fort, Abbey Forde, Ausel Free-
man.
- G.—David Gaskins, Bolenda Gill, Henry
Goodwin, Eliza Griffith, Dawson Grady.
- H.—James Hendon, Jesse Howell, Bur-
well Harp, Willis B. Hicks, Wm. Holloway,
John Henderson, John Hawkins, Sam'l. Har-
ris, Jordan Haswell, James Hicks, Mr. Harts-
field, Wm. Higgs, Joseph Hollifield, Willis
Hamilton, Alexander High, Rob't. Handcock.
- J.—Jesse Jones 3, Calvin Jones, Wm. Jones,
2, Willie Jones, David Jones, Zadok Jones,
Giles Johnston, Willis Jackson, Levi Jackson,
Aaron Johnson, Henry Jasper, Nathan Ivey.
- K.—Mary Kennon, Rich'd. King, B. S. King,
James King, Berry King.
- L.—Catharine Lowry, Wm. W. Lyon, Mi-
chael Little, Moses Lassiter, Lewis Lashley,
Lewis Lemay, Wm. H. Lane, 2 Frederick
Lilley.
- M.—Moses Marshall, Tho. Moody, Pecitta
Martin, Jane McGuffey, Elizabeth Moore, 2,
Tho. Moody, Jacob Marling, Burkett Murrell,
Mark Myggatt, James B. Mears.
- N.—Peyton Norris, James Nowell, John
Nutt.
- O.—Merrill Olive, J. B. Outlay.
- P.—Mary Paddy, William Price, Patsey
Pennington, Charity Price, Moses Pende-
grass, William Pope, Thomas Paine, Robert
Parish.
- R.—D. Reid, Recorder of Wills, Rebecca
Russell, Elirab Rowland, John H. Reeves,
William Ragan, 2, Joel Reynolds, William
Ross, Nimrod Ragsdale, Joseph Right, Sion
Rogers, W. W. Rhodes, John Roberts, Matilda
Robertson.
- S.—Emily Smith, 2, Elizabeth Sorrell,
Martha Spivey, Holm Sturdivant, Alfred
Snipes, Ferebee Shaw, John Smith, Eliza
Stanley, John Stephenson, Caswell Simmons,
Wake Sheriff, Robert Sneed, Rebecca Saun-
ders, Joshua Sugg.
- T.—Catharine Tate, Ann Taylor, Wm.
Terry, Titus Turner, Wm. Thompson, Geo.
Urquhart, Drusilla Vaden, Lucretia Wallace,
Rebecca Williams 2, Nathl. Wapless, W. W.
Woodfolk, Wm. White, Jas. Wood, John
Walton, Thompson Woodard, Newton Wood,
Eliza Woodard, Sherod Wooten, Branch
Walthall, Nancy Wood.