

RALEIGH REGISTER,

AND NORTH-CAROLINA STATE GAZETTE.

"Ours are the plans of fair, delightful peace,
"Unwar'd by party rage to live like brothers."

Vol. I.

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THE REGISTER

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ADVERTISEMENTS

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From the Petersburg Republican.

THE CORRESPONDENCE.

The correspondence between Messrs. Monroe and Jackson, about which so much excitement has prevailed, appears entire in this day's Republican. It will be perused with interest by all classes of readers, calling forth the approbation of some, and the condemnation of others.—For ourselves, we candidly confess, that we are not pleased with the course recommended by Gen. Jackson for Mr. Monroe to pursue, and which he has pursued, in regard to his appointments to office.

If party names are mere bubbles—if the distinction of federalist and republican only exists in imagination—if party spirit is a monster that should be crushed—then did the republicans of 98 and 99 labor in vain, and deserve to be immolated for daring to raise the standard of party against the mad, the federal administration of Mr. John Adams.

Do we live under a republican government? Was Mr. Monroe elevated to the presidential chair by the suffrages of the republican party? If these interrogatories are answered in the affirmative, as they evidently must be, then the government is republican—its administration should be republican, and its important political concerns ought to be conducted by republicans. Mr. M. tells us in plain terms, that there are many monarchists enrolled under the federal banner;—would Gen. Jackson elevate a man of this cast, and afford him an opportunity of instilling his principles into the administration of our republican government? If the General is right in the position he assumes, he can have no objection to such a man, because party names being mere bubbles, the only enquiry he has to make, is as to his moral fitness, his political opinions affording no reasonable objection.

We do not feel disposed to pursue this subject. Having hitherto combatted the federal declaration, that republicanism meant any thing or nothing, we must be permitted to enter our protest against the more dangerous doctrine, that party names are mere bubbles.

One remark presents itself. Notwithstanding the broad bottom'd ground assumed by Gen. Jackson, his democratic friends in Pennsylvania seem to view his amalgamating policy with heartfelt satisfaction, and consider him no way inferior to a Washington, a Jefferson, and a Madison. Nor do the democrats alone praise him; the federalists are loud in extolling his magnanimity, and hail him as their promised restorer to public favor, and with it to the loaves and fishes which they enjoyed before the Republic of the 'olden time' came into office.

From the Mad River (Ohio) Courier.

In our feeble efforts or attempts at discussion on the Presidential question, our remarks have generally been made with reference to the principles of the two most popular candidates in Ohio, Clay and Adams. Of Mr. Calhoun we have said but little, never having believed that he would "hold out to the end." With Gen. Jackson we want but little to do, "nor want that little long." Mr. Crawford has no friends here, as a candidate, nor will he have; of course, we have said but little in respect to his claims. In fact, we have not, perhaps examined into his pretensions with that care which his talents, integrity, and public services, demand.—"Something more than a year ago, when the well-remembered subject of "Suppressed Documents" was making a noise through the whole Union, we joined in the general cry of "corruption in the Treasury Department," and there among those who firmly believed that Mr. Crawford was as we then observed, the "corrupt head of the Treasury." Since that time, however, we have more carefully, diligently, and, we may say, honestly, (for honesty requires that the claims of every candidate be fully understood,) examined the whole subject. This examination has not lessened our predilections for Mr. Clay, but has given us a more favorable opinion of Mr. Crawford. We are convinced that full justice has not been done him by the friends of republican measures; and that he has received much injustice at the hands of the partisans of particular men, must be obvious to every candid mind. As we have before remarked, under existing circumstances, we have little doubt but that he will be the successful candidate. The election will, in all probability, go into the House of Representatives, and we are convinced that he is now, in that body, the most popular candidate. Still, however, we have faith in the increasing confidence of the American people in our favorite candidate, and are not without strong hope that Henry Clay will receive the highest honor conferable by the freeman of this Union. But, if Mr. Crawford shall be called by the voice of his country to preside over us, we shall have little ground to complain. He possesses at least as much talents, integrity, and dignity of soul, as any other man, and is as capable as any other of discharging the duties of President. He is not the man he is represented to be by certain Republican prints, in Washington City and elsewhere. No one other candidate has received half the unqualified abuse that he has; and who among them, has, like him, turned an ear of dignified indifference to all charges, and let them pass?

MR. CRAWFORD IN RHODE-ISLAND.

As far as proof can go, short of actual election for the Presidency, it is now reduced to a certainty that Rhode-Island will vote for Mr. Crawford. The Providence Journal, a paper devoted to Mr. Adams, of the 29th ultimo, in stating the choice of Mr. Fenner, for Governor of that state, admits that "his preference for Mr. Crawford was known and honestly avowed." The same paper confesses that a nomination in opposition to Governor Fenner was formed: that a ticket was, by this opposition, printed, and "circulated, to the number of four or five thousand copies, throughout the state; that this ticket was headed "The Voice of Rhode-Island, and the people's true Republican Prox;" and that Adams ticket "received about five hundred votes" only, whilst Governor Fenner received about three times as many. The Providence Journal further admits, that Mr. Wheeler Martin, the opponent of Governor Fenner on this occasion, was "selected as the most popular name, to give the thing a currency." If these circumstances, admitted by our adversaries, do not justify us in counting Rhode-Island for Mr. Crawford, we should like to know what can.—Wash. City Gaz.

MAY DAY.

In New-York *May-day* of all the days in the year, not even excepting *washing-day*—which, by the bye, has ever been held in utter abhorrence by all the old bachelors.—is the most vexatious, perplexing and intolerable. The editor of the National Advocate gives the following picture of last *May-day* in New-York:

"The oldest of our inhabitants do not remember to have seen as much moving as on Saturday last, at any period in the history of city affairs. There are but two cities of any note where this custom prevails of moving on the 1st of May: New-York, and our beloved grandam, the city of Amsterdam, from whom we draw our being, our order, cleanliness, and stupidity; and surely no practice could be more stupid than that of moving a whole city in one day. Such an encounter of carts and handbarrows; such clashing of jurisdiction in relation to furniture and other moveables; such moving in and out at the same moment; such smashing of glasses and chimneys; cracking of card-tables and bedsteads. Such havoc among the decanters, sweet-meats and pickles; such clouds of dust, and remnants of dirt, left gratuitously by tenants. Such an army of black scrubbers and white-washers; such slopping and mopping; and above all, such a sweating and painful efforts to raise the quarter's rent, to appease the just demands of the landlord. Every thing is dear, difficult, and out of order: Mistresses are jaded to death; the maids fatigued to the loss of their Sunday evening walk in Broadway, and the master ready to make his escape, and actually escaping from a scene of dirt, dust, clamor and confusion."

The death of Joseph Peterson, an actor, long attached to the Norwich company was somewhat remarkable.—In October, 1753, he was performing the Duke, in Measure for Measure, which he played in a masterly style. Mr. Moody was the Claudio; and in the third act, where, as the friar, he was preparing Claudio for execution next morning, at these words,—

"—Reason thus with life;
If I do lose thee, I do lose a thing
That none but fools would keep, a breath thou art—

Here he dropped into Mr. Moody's arms, and never spoke more.

CONDITIONAL VERDICT.

A poor man, who was very obnoxious to the wealthier part of the population of the town of Wigan, in Lancashire, was tried at the quarter sessions for a misdemeanor. After hearing evidence on both sides, and after a very learned and impartial summing up from the chairman, the jury were ordered to withdraw, to consider their verdict.—After a quarter of an hour's consultation, they returned; and the foreman, (a fat substantial burgher,) said, "Not Guilty—if he'd leave the town."

THE PROPHETIC DEW DROPS.

A delicate child, pale and prematurely wise, was complaining on a hot morning that the poor dew-drops had been too hastily snatched away and not allowed to glitter on flowers like other happier dew-drops, that live the whole night through and sparkle in the moonlight and through the morning onwards to noon day.—"The sun," said the child has chased them away with his heat—swallowed them in his wrath.—Soon after came rain and a rainbow, whereupon his father pointed upwards.—"See, said he, there stand thy dew-drops gloriously reset—a glittering jewelty—in the heavens; and the clownish foot tramples on them no more. By this, my child, thou art taught that what withers upon Earth blooms again in heaven." Thus the father spoke, and knew not that he spoke prefiguring words.—for soon after the delicate child, with the morning brightness of his early wisdom, was exhaled like a dew drop, into heaven.

The Graduates of 1821.

THE Members of the Class which graduated in the University of North-Carolina in the year 1821, are earnestly requested by several of its members to attend at the approaching Commencement. It has been proposed to have a meeting of the Class at the University, the day before Commencement; many have promised each other to attend, and this notice is now given by them with the view that all may be informed of the expected meeting, and with the hope that every one will be present who can make it convenient to attend.
Chapel-Hill, May 12. 59



An Act declaring the consent of Congress to certain Acts of the State of Alabama.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, the consent of Congress be, and hereby is, granted to the operation of an Act of the General Assembly of the State of Alabama, passed on the thirtieth of December, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-three, entitled "An act to improve the navigation of the Coosa river, and to aid in its connexion with the Tennessee waters; and, also, to an Act passed on the thirty-first of December, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-three, entitled "An act to improve the navigation of the Tennessee river"

Approved: May 13th, 1824.

An Act altering the times of holding the Courts in the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, the Circuit Court, for Washington County, in the District of Columbia, shall hereafter commence and be held on the third Monday of December, and first Monday of May, in each year, instead of the days now fixed by law; and the Circuit Court for Alexandria County, in said District, on the fourth Monday of November, and the second Monday of April, instead of the days now established by law; and that all process whatsoever, now issued, or which may be issued, in the respective Counties of Washington and Alexandria, in said District, returnable to the days, respectively, now fixed by law, for each of the said Counties, shall be returnable, and returned, on the days prescribed by this act; and all causes, recognizances, pleas, and proceedings, civil and criminal, returnable to, and depending before, the said Courts, at the respective times of holding the same, as heretofore established, shall be returned, and continued, in the same Counties, respectively, in the same manner as if the said causes, recognizances, pleas, and proceedings, had been regularly returned or continued, to the said respective times appointed by this act for holding the said Courts.

Approved: May 13th, 1824.

A Boarding House

WILL be kept by the Subscriber, during the ensuing Summer and Fall Months, at Huntsville, eight miles south of Warrenton, and immediately between the Shocco and Sulphur Springs. The medicinal qualities of the latter (which is of recent discovery) are valuable, having been fully proved the last season.

Having added several rooms to his dwelling-house, he will be able to accommodate from forty to fifty Boarders with convenience.

Price of Boarding, one Dollar per day, six Dollars 12 cents per week. Children and servants half price. Hours, fifty cents per day.
WM. K. KEARNEY.
54-law11y.
May 17.

John Primrose & Co.

ARE now receiving and opening their Spring assortment of GOODS, which for variety and elegance has not yet been excelled in this market.

They deem it unnecessary to give in detail a description of the particular articles (indeed such a list would be too lengthy to gain admittance into a newspaper) suffice it to say their assortment consists of almost every article of Foreign and Domestic Goods suitable for this market and season; a full of the latest and most fashionable patterns.

They have also received a large addition to their Medicine, Paint and Hatting Establishment—and have on hand and daily expected, a superior assortment of Queens & Glass Ware. It is already known that they sell for cash only, and as to their prices they are content that those who buy will be thankful for a continuance of that encouragement they have hitherto so liberally experienced.

N. B. They have received six trunks of Ladies, Gentlemen's, Misses's and Children's Shoes also a case of elegant Parasols and Umbrellas; and have a variety of articles not usually to be found in Stores in this place or section of country.
Raleigh, May 20. 54 6t

David Shaw,

CONFECTIONER—RALEIGH, HAS just received a full supply of articles in his line of Business, viz: Noyeau, Perfect Love and Peppermint Cordials, Cherry Brandy and Sweet Shrub, fresh Lime-Juice; best Cogniac French Brandy, Madeira Wine, Jamaica Rum, &c. also Soft-Shell Almonds, Filberts, Palm Nuts, English Walnuts, Raisins, Jamison's Water Crackers and Candies of all sorts, whole-sale or retail.—His price for which is 5 cents an oz. and 50 cents by the pound. Lime-Juice 75 cents a bottle. And all other things at his usual reduced prices for cash.

His Ice-House is better fitted, this than any former season, with thick clear ice, all of which was got out of a neighboring Mill-pond—which he will sell by the pound or measure on accommodating terms, either to occasional customers, or families by the season. He is consequently well prepared to furnish Ice Creams, Ice Punch, Lemonade, &c. Toidy &c. which he will serve out to those who may favor him with their custom, on the shortest notice.
Raleigh, May 19. 54 3w

Contractors Wanted,

On the CAPE-FEAR RIVER between WILMINGTON and FAYETTEVILLE.

THE subscriber will be ready to receive Proposals, in writing, until the 15th of June, at Wilmington, for executing the work necessary for the construction of Jetties on the Cape-Fear River between Wilmington and Fayetteville, agreeably to the annexed Specification. The Proposals are to be given in at a price per lineal yard; the Contractors are to provide all Tools, Labor and Materials, except 2 inch plank, which will be furnished them on the spot free of all charges.

SPECIFICATION.

1. The Jetties are to consist of a single row of piles of 10 inches square, driven firmly into the bed of the river, at the distance of 10 feet from each other. Each of these piles is to have a tenon at the top of 3 inches thick, 10 inches wide and 6 inch long. On the top of these piles is to be placed a cap-sill 10 inches square, with mortices on the under side for the reception of the tenons on the piles, there is to be a trenail of sufficient size to fill an auger hole one and a half inches in diameter, to be driven through the cap-sill and tenon; the upper side of this cap-sill is to be 2 feet above the ordinary height of summer water, which will be marked at each of the shoals.

2. Along the whole length of the cap-sill there is to be a row of 2 inch pine plank, to be fitted closely together and driven firmly into the bed of the river; none of the square piles, nor of the 2 inch pile planking, are to be shorter than 10 feet—and where the depth of the water or the nature of the soil will admit of it, they are to be as much longer as necessity requires; each of the pile planking is to have at least 2 wrought spikes of 5 inches long driven through the plank into the cap-sill.

3. When any deviation or alterations from the Plans, Sections, or Specifications, as the case may be, is proposed by the Engineer or Contractor, whereby the work may be increased, altered or diminished, due notice in writing shall be given of the same by the party proposing such deviation or alteration to the other, and the Contractor shall not begin to execute any part of the same until a price is fixed and an agreement made, otherwise he shall have no payment for what he does, and in case the deviation is agreed to, and the demand made by the Contractor for executing such deviation shall be more than the Principal Engineer shall think reasonable, then the Board of Internal Improvements or the Principal Engineer shall have it in their power to contract or agree with any other person for the same, at such under price as they may think proper, without the Contractor having any demand against the Board or Engineer aforesaid, for such transaction, and the Contractor shall deduct out of the contract price such sums as may be saved by such deviation.

4. Should it appear at any time during the execution of any part of the contract to the said Board or their Principal Engineer, that the Contractor is not executing his work agreeably to his contract, or that he shall give notice to him of such deficiency, and in case he does not immediately remedy the same, they shall have it in their power to stop the work until he can shew them satisfactorily that he possesses the power of remedying the defects or insufficiency complained of, and should he fail in performing the same, the Board or Principal Engineer shall have it in their power to discharge the Contractor from the work and take the contract out of his hands, the value of the work executed, and materials and tools on hand being previously ascertained by the Principal Engineer, and which shall be immediately paid. But in case the Contractor shall have been furnishing unnecessary tools and implements for the work, and which, in the Engineer's opinion may be of little or no use to the work, the said Engineer may reject such tools and implements, should he think proper.

5. All the work must be done to the entire satisfaction of the Principal Engineer, and such alterations may be made in the work or materials as may, from time to time, appear to him necessary, agreements being previously made as above specified, and in case any difference of opinion shall arise between the Superintendent of the work and the Contractor, respecting the explanation or meaning of any part of the Plans, Sections or Specifications, the same shall be left to the Principal Engineer, whose decision shall be final.

HAMILTON FULTON,
State Engineer.

Raleigh, 15th May, 1824. 54

State of North-Carolina.

BY THE GOVERNOR.

I HAVE received official information from the Hustings Court at Norfolk, Virginia, that a certain James Jackson, alias Copeland, is confined in their Jail for larceny; he having stolen a Negro Girl by name Kate, in North-Carolina, belonging to William Riddick—but I know not what County the said Riddick lives in. This is to request him or his friends to inform me of his residence; and also, to make affidavit before a Justice of the Peace, of the theft and of the escape of said Jackson alias Copeland, with a request of the Governor to demand and bring to Justice the aforesaid fugitive. Mr. Riddick will please have a Certificate with the County Seal annexed to the affidavit, from the acting County Court Clerk, that the person before whom he may swear is a Justice of the Peace.

Given under my hand and seal of the State, at Raleigh, this 27th April, 1824.
GAB. HOLMES.

N. B. Mr. Riddick will please use all possible expedition in this business, as the said fugitive will be released on the 27th of June next, unless apprehended.

BLANK DEEDS
For sale at this office.

Dry Goods.

I expect to be in Raleigh, the 20th day of August next, with a parcel of Superfine Goods, which I intend to sell upon good terms during that month for Cash.
WM. BUTLER,
Granville county, May 1. 1824. 49-6t.

Family Medicines.

J. GALES & SON have just received a fresh supply of Dr. Dorr's Medicines; amongst which are those valuable Articles, Stomachic Elixir, Nervous Cordial, Stomachic Bitters, &c.

Land for Sale

NEAR RALEIGH.

WILL be sold on accommodating terms, a Tract of Land, containing 139 acres, within four miles of the city; adjoining the lands of Wm Hill, Judge Taylor and others. This land is entirely wood land. For terms, apply to
The Editors of the Register. 51
May 7.

Entered

ON the Stray Book of Orange county, by William Waddy living on Haw River, a Bay Horse, valued at thirty dollars; about 10 years old, 4 feet 9 inches high; had the fistula and pole evil, also some saddle spots. ALSO, a dark chestnut Sorrel Horse, 10 years old, 5 feet 1 inch high, a small blaze in his face, both hind feet white, shod before, marked with the letter R on his left shoulder. Entered by Abner Tate, living on the waters of Stony creek. Valued at 65 dollars.
BARNABAS O'FARRIL, Ranger.
May 12. 53 3t

Notice.

Adjutant General's Office,
Raleigh, May 8th, 1824.

THE Militia Laws, lately revised at this Office, have been forwarded to the address of the General and Field Officers; at the Court-houses of the Counties in which they reside. The Colonels of Regiments are furnished with a sufficient number to supply each Captain of a Company attached to their respective commands with a copy.

Raleigh Academy.

THE Semi-annual Examination of the Students of this Institution, will commence on Monday the 31st of May inst. Parents, Guardians and the friends of the Institution generally are respectfully invited to attend.

By order of the Board.
WM. HILL Sec'y.
May 17th, 1824.

C. J. Tooker,

Cabinet Maker & Upholsterer.

HAVING contracted to furnish the Capitol of North-Carolina—begs leave to inform the inhabitants of Raleigh and its vicinity, that he is about to establish himself in the above line, near the Capitol Square, where he hopes by the aid of good materials, sound workmanship, and some little display of taste, to merit a share of public patronage.
May 20. 54

Stray.

WAS Entered on the Stray Books of Wake county on 7th of this instant, by Doct. Allen W. Gilchrist, who lives 5 miles north of Raleigh, one Chestnut Sorrel Horse, supposed to be thirteen years old, four feet seven inches high, with a blaze in his forehead, some marks on his back, right hind leg white, and somewhat marked on the shoulders with gear, which stray was appraised to thirty dollars.

ALSO, one other Entered on the 10th inst. by Mr. Alexander M. High, who lives near the Falls of Neuse river, 14 miles north of Raleigh, one Sorrel Mare, with a star in her forehead, with her two hind feet white above the fetlock, also, a light coloured mane, and tail, five feet high, supposed to be three years old, which stray was valued to fifty dollars.

M. DILLIARD.
52-3t.

May 10, 1824.

Virginian.

It is deemed unnecessary to say more of Virginian, than that he will stand at my house in Brunswick county, at Penington's Old Ford, on Meherrin River; and will be put to Mares at thirty-five dollars the Season, which may be discharged by the payment of thirty, if paid within the season, which will expire on the first day of July next. Sixty dollars to Insure. One dollar to the Groom in all instances. Mares that went to Virginian last season, and may, from any cause, have failed, will be covered again this season, gratis. Mares may be fed with grain if required, at the neighborhood price.

All persons living above Mr. J. C. Goode's, and wishing to send Mares, may send them to him, and he will send them on to the Horse. JAMES J. HARRISON.
321Mt
March 4, 1824.

VIRGINIAN will stand a Fall Season in or near the City of Raleigh, at 25 dollars, which may be discharged by the payment of 20 dollars at the time of putting the mare.—The season will commence the 6th of July and terminate the 15th day of August. Myself or agent will be seen at Mr. Wm. Ruffin's Tavern at any time after the 6th July.
JOHN C. GOODE.
49 1t
April 21.

WAS Entered on the Stray Books of Wake county on 7th of this instant, by Doct. Allen W. Gilchrist, who lives 5 miles north of Raleigh, one Chestnut Sorrel Horse, supposed to be thirteen years old, four feet seven inches high, with a blaze in his forehead, some marks on his back, right hind leg white, and somewhat marked on the shoulders with gear, which stray was appraised to thirty dollars.