

# RALEIGH REGISTER,

## AND NORTH-CAROLINA STATE GAZETTE.

"Ours are the plans of fair, delightful peace,  
"Unwar'd by party rage to live like brothers."

Tuesday, October 5, 1824.

No. 93

### THE REGISTER

Is published every **TUESDAY** and **FRIDAY**, by  
**JOSEPH GALES & SON,**  
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#### ADVERTISEMENTS

Not exceeding 16 lines, neatly inserted three times for a Dollar, and 25 cents for every succeeding publication; those of greater length in the same proportion. Communications thankfully received. Letters to the Editors must be post-paid.

#### LOSS OF THE SHIP FAME.

The following is an extract of a letter from Sir Thomas Stamford Raffles, late Governor of Bencoolen, communicating the destruction of the ship Fame, by fire, in which he had embarked with his family and suite on his return to Europe. A more Providential escape is scarcely to be found upon record:

"We embarked on the 2d February, in the Fame, and sailed at day-light for England, with a fair wind, and every prospect of a quick and comfortable passage. The ship was every thing we could wish, and, having closed my charge here much to my satisfaction, it was one of the happiest days of my life. We were perhaps too happy; for, in the evening, came a sad reverse. Sophia had just gone to bed, and I had thrown off half my clothes when a cry of fire! fire! roused us, and in five minutes, the whole ship was in flames! I ran to examine whence the flames principally issued, and found that the fire had its origin immediately under our cabin. Down with the boats; where is Sophia? here; the children? here; a rope to the side; lower Lady Raffles. Give her to me, says one; I'll take her, says the Captain. Throw the gun-powder overboard. It cannot be got at, it is in the magazine, close to the fire! Stand clear of the powder. Scuttle the water casks; water! water! Where's Sir Stamford? Come into the boat. Push off; push off; stand clear of the after part of the ship. All this passed much quicker than I can write it; we pushed off, and, as we did so, the flames were issuing from our cabins, and the whole of the after part of the ship was in flames. The masts and sails now taking fire, we moved to a distance, sufficient to avoid the immediate explosion, but the flames were now coming out of the main hatch-way, and, seeing the rest of the crew, we pulled back to her under the bows, so as to be most distant from the powder. As we approached, we perceived that the people from on board were getting into another boat on the opposite side. She pushed off; we hailed her—Have you all on board? Yes, all save one. Who is he? Johnson, sick in his cot. Can we save him? No, impossible. The flames were then issuing from the hatchway. At this moment, the poor fellow, scorched, I imagine, by the flames, roared out most lustily, having ran up on deck. I will go for him, says the Captain. The two boats then came together, and we took out some of the persons from the Captain's boat, which was overlaid. He then pulled under the bowsprit of the ship, and picked the poor fellow up. Are you all safe? Yes, we've got the man; all lives safe, thank God; pull off from the ship; keep your eye on a star, Sir Stamford; there's one barely visible.

We then hauled close to each other, and found the Captain fortunately had a compass, but we had no light but from the ship. Our distance from Bencoolen we estimated to be from 20 to 30 miles, in a southwest direction; there being no landing place to the southward of Bencoolen, our only chance was to regain that port. The Captain then undertook to lead, and we to follow, in a N.N.E. course, as well as we could, no chance, no possibility, being left that we could again approach the ship; for she was now one splendid flame, fore and aft, and aloft, her masts and sails in a blaze, and rocking to and fro, threatening to fall in an instant. There goes her mizen-mast; pull away, boys; there goes the gunpowder, thank God!

You may judge of our situation, without further particulars. The alarm was given at about 10 minutes past eight, and, in less than 10 minutes, she was in flames. There was not a soul on board at half past eight, and in less than ten minutes afterwards, she was one grand mass of fire!

My only apprehension was the want of boats to hold the people, as there was not time to have got out a long boat, or make a raft, all we had to rely upon

were two small boats, which fortunately were lowered without accident, and in these two small open boats, without a drop of water or grain of food, or a rag of covering, except what we happened at the moment to have on our backs, we embarked on the wide ocean, thankful to God for his mercies. Poor Sophia having been taken out of her bed, had nothing on but a wrapper, neither shoes nor stockings; the children were just as taken out of bed, whence one had been snatched after the flames had attacked it. In short there was not time for any one to think of more than two things—Can the ship be saved? No; let us save ourselves then; all else was swallowed up in one great ruin.

To make the best of our misfortune, we availed ourselves of the light from the ship to steer a tolerably good course towards the shore; she continued to burn till about midnight, when the salt petre, of which she had 250 tons on board, took fire, and sent up one of the most splendid and brilliant flames that was ever seen, illuminating the horizon in every direction, to an extent of no less than fifty miles, and casting that kind of blue light over us, which is, of all others, most luridly horrible. She burnt and continued to flame in this style for about an hour or two, when we lost sight of the object in a cloud of smoke.

Neither Nelson, nor Mr. Bell, our medical friend, who had accompanied us, had saved their coats, the tail of mine with a pocket handkerchief, served to keep Sophia's feet warm; and we made breeches for the children with our neckcloths. Ram now came on, but fortunately it was not of long continuance, we got dry again—the night became serene and starlight. We were now certain of our course, and the men behaved manfully—they rowed incessantly and with good hearts and spirit, and never did poor mortals look out more for daylight and for land than we did. Not that our sufferings or grounds of complaint were any thing to what has often befallen others, but from Sophia's delicate health, as well as my own, and the stormy nature of our coast, I felt perfectly convinced we were unable to undergo starvation, and exposure to the sun and weather many days, and aware of the rapidity of the currents, I feared we might fall to the southward of the port.

At daylight, we recognized the Coast and Rat Island, which gave us great spirits, and though we found ourselves much to the southward of the port, we considered ourselves almost at home. Sophia had gone through the night better than could have been expected, and we continued to pull on with all our strength. About 8 or 9 o'clock, we saw a ship standing to us from the Roads, they had seen the flame of shore, and sent out vessels in all directions to our relief, and here certainly came a Minister of Providence in the character of a Minister of the Gospel, for the first person I recognized was one of our Missionaries. They gave us a bucket of water, and we took the captain on board as a pilot. The wind, however, was adverse, and we could not reach the shore, & took to the ship, where we got some refreshment, and shelter from the sun.

By this time, Sophia was quite exhausted, fainting continually. About two o'clock, we landed safe and sound, and no words of mine can do justice to the expression of feeling, sympathy, and kindness, with which we are hailed by every one. If any proof had been satisfactory, here we had it unequivocally from all; there was not a dry eye; and as we drove back to our former home, loud was the cry of God be praised!

But enough; and I will only add, that we are now greatly recovered, in good spirits, and busy at work in getting ready made cloths for present use. We went to bed at three in the afternoon, and I did not awake till six this morning. Sophia had nearly as sound a sleep, and with the exception of a bruise or two, and a little pain in the bones from fatigue, we have nothing to complain of.

The property which I have lost, on the most moderate estimate, cannot be less than \$20,000. I might almost say £30,000. But the loss which I have to regret above all, is my papers and drawings; all my papers of every description, including my notes and observations, with memoirs and collections sufficient for a full and ample history, not only of Singapore, but of Borneo, and every other island in these seas, my intended account of the esta-

lishment of Singapore; the history of my own administration, grammars, dictionaries, and last, not least, a grand map of Sumatra, on which I had been employed since my first arrival here, and on which, for the last six months, I had bestowed almost my whole undivided attention; this, however, was not all—all my recollections in natural history, and my splendid collection of drawings, upwards of one thousand in number, with all the valuable papers and notes of my friends Arnold and Jack; and to conclude, I will merely notice that there was scarce an unknown animal, bird, beast, or fish, or an interesting plant, which we had not on board. A living tapir, a new species of tiger, splendid pheasants, &c. &c. all domesticated for the voyage. We were, in short, in this respect, a perfect Noah's Ark. All, all has perished; but, thank God, our lives have been spared, and we do not repine.

Our plan is, to get another ship as soon as possible, and I think you may still expect us in July. There is a chance of a ship called the Lady Flora, touching here on her way home, and there is a small ship in the Roads, which may be converted into a packet, and take us home. I have a captain and crew at command."

### A Stray

WAS entered on the Stray books of Wake county, on the 6th of this inst, by Mr. J. S. Jones, who lives 18 miles north of Raleigh, on or near Little River, one bay MARE, four feet eight inches high, supposed to be twelve or thirteen years old, both of her hind feet white, and her right eye out. Valued to thirty-five dollars.

H. H. DILLIARD, Ranger.  
Sept 10th, 1824. 88-3t.

### Concentrated Tincture of Bark.

J. GALES & SON have received from J. Charlston, a Box of Dr. Dalton's celebrated Concentrated Tincture of Yellow Bark, a certain cure for Agues and Intermittents, and very useful in all complaints which require large doses of Bark. A tea-spoonful in a wine glass of water is equal to a large dose of the Powder, and is agreeable to take, and more likely to agree with the stomach than the powder in gross.

Price one dollar a bottle, with directions.

### The whole in Three Drawings.

THE final and finishing drawings of that patriotic and now very interesting Lottery, the **Washington Monument Lottery**, will take place on three successive days, in the City of Baltimore, under the superintendence of the Commissioners appointed by the Governor and Council of the State. The whole Lottery will be finished in three days, viz. the 26th, 27th, and 28th of October.

It seldom occurs that a Lottery is brought so beautifully to a close, the wheels will be rich and interesting, containing

**20,000 Dollars,**  
**10,000 Dollars,**

Besides Thousands, Hundreds, &c. all payable in cash, which is to be had at ALLEN'S OFFICE.

Distant Adventurers should send in their orders without delay, as they will not have an opportunity of renewing their prizes between the Drawings. Should orders arrive too late, adventurers may depend on having their money returned immediately. Adventurers will also be informed of the fate of their tickets as soon as drawn.

Tickets - - - \$12 Quarters - - - \$3  
Hives - - - 6 Eighths - - - 1 50

To be had warranted undrawn, at

### ALLEN'S

Lottery and Exchange Office, 165 Market st. Where was sold the 10,000 Dollar Prize in the 5th Class of this Lottery, and where was sold the 10,000 and paid the 10,000 and 20,000 in the State Lottery, and in a former State Lottery, sold and paid the 100,000, the 20,000 and no less than 8 of 10,000.

Orders for Tickets enclosing Cash, will be promptly attended to. Address  
S. & M. ALLEN, Baltimore.  
Sept. 23, 1824.

### University of Maryland

#### LOTTERY.

TO be drawn on the 11th day of November next, and completed in one day.

6 Prizes of \$5,000 is \$30,000  
6 of 1,000 is 6,000  
6 of 500 is 3,000  
6 of 213 is 1,278  
138 of 20 is 2,760  
690 of 12 is 8,280  
6072 of 6 is 36,432

6,924 Prizes \$87,750  
10,626 Blanks

17,550 Tickets—Present price of tickets \$6, half \$3. Quarter \$1 50, Eighths 75 cents. Package of nine whole tickets by certificate \$33 60, Half package \$16 80, Quarter do \$8 40. Orders enclosing the cash or prize tickets in any of the northern lotteries for tickets or shares will receive prompt attention if addressed to

**White's Lottery Office,**  
82— Petersburg, Va.

### Congressional Register.

Office of the National Intelligencer,  
September 1, 1824

ACCORDING to an intimation heretofore given, there will be published at this Office, during the next Session of Congress, and, if encouraged by the approbation of the Public, at every Session thereafter, a REGISTER OF DEBATES IN CONGRESS, intended to comprehend a more full Report of the Speeches on topics of general interest, in each House of Congress, than has ever heretofore been published, or than can be given to the public through the ordinary and limited channel, the columns of a newspaper. This compilation will be of the most authentic cast, printed with great regard to accuracy, and in a form for durable preservation.

This undertaking is not of course intended to substitute or supersede the Reports of Debates for the National Intelligencer, but rather, by withdrawing the heavy and ended Reports from its columns, to enable the Proprietors of that Journal to furnish, every day, in a comprehensive form, intelligible Reports of the Proceedings and Discussions on the day preceding in both Houses.

The "Register" is necessarily an experiment, but it is an experiment the success of which we see no reason to doubt. Every one who takes an interest in our political history, as well as all those who engage in the duties of political life, must have felt and lamented the want of a Record of Debates in Congress, in a convenient form, with indexes which might lead the inquirer to any object debated, and to the name of any one who engaged in debate. Such a work would be an elementary book for young politicians, and we have no hesitation in asserting that the possession of such a one, from the commencement of the existing government to this day, would be of immense value to the nation, were it only to show what has heretofore been said upon questions which are continually recurring for discussion, and producing needless consumption of time by superfluous debate. What is true of the years that have passed, will, as soon as they are gone, be equally true of those in which we live.

It is not only, therefore, as a vehicle of present information, but also as a book for future reference—as a National Political Repository and Text-Book, that we hope this work will be both useful and popular.

From the lowness of the subscription to the work, it will be seen that it is no part of our calculation to realize any present profit from it. On the contrary, we shall, in all probability, lose money by it for a year or two, hoping that thereafter its established character will ensure it a sufficient patronage to make it profitable.

GALES & SEATON.

#### CONDITIONS.

The publication of GALES & SEATON'S REGISTER OF DEBATES IN CONGRESS will commence as soon as the Debates at each successive Session of Congress shall afford materials to fill a sheet, (8 pages.) The work will be printed in the octavo form, on a super-royal paper, made for the purpose, and on a brier type, in double columns—each page comprising nearly as much matter as one of the columns of the National Intelligencer.

It will contain as full and accurate Reports as can be obtained of all Debates on main questions, and of all interesting Debates on incidental questions; with an Appendix, containing a List of the Members of each House, the Yeas and Nays in each House on questions which have been the subject of Debate, such Documents, connected with the subjects of Debate, as may be deemed essential to enable the reader to comprehend them, and the proper Indexes to the whole.

The Debates of the next Session, it is computed, will, with the Appendix, make a volume of five hundred pages, at least, and will be furnished to subscribers, through the Post Office, in sheets, as published, (or reserved at this office, at the subscriber's option,) at THREE DOLLARS for the volume, be more or less, to be paid in advance in all cases of transmission beyond the limits of the city. The sheets will be transmitted as completed, without regard to any particular days, as the publication must of course be regulated by the preparation of the matter of which it is to be composed.

The subscription will in no case, unless within the city, and not then unless specially indicated, be understood to extend beyond the volume actually paid for in advance.

To non-subscribers the price will be four dollars, bound in boards, for the volume now announced.

The Debates of the Session of Congress following the next, and of the first Session of every Congress, will, it is supposed, fill about one thousand pages, or perhaps more, making one very large volume, or two of a handsome size—the first Session of each Congress being nearly double the duration of the second. The price of the Register for the first Session of each Congress, be its Contents more or less than 1000 pages, will be fixed at five dollars to subscribers, and six to non-subscribers.

Subscriptions to the above publication received at the Book-store of J. Gales & Son.

Will shortly be published  
**A Digest of the Statute Law of North-Carolina,**  
relative to  
**Wills, Executors and Administrators, the Provision for Widows,**  
and the  
**Distribution of Intestate Estates,**  
With Abstracts of the Adjudged Cases containing Judicial Expositions of the several Acts.  
BY J. L. TAYLOR.  
Sept. 7.

### Just Published,

AND for sale at the Book-store of J. Gales & Son, price twenty cents "A SERRANO delivered on the Anniversary of the Female Benevolent Society, Raleigh, Sunday the 25th July 1824." By the Right Rev. J. S. RAVENSCROFT, D. D.

### Quarterly Canal Lottery

FOURTH CLASS—SCHEME.		
1 Prize of	\$5000	\$5000
5	2000	10000
6	1000	6000
6	500	3000
6	250	1500
138	50	6900
690	10	6900
6072	5	30360
6924 Prizes		\$70300
10626 Blanks.		

17550 tickets. 13 blanks to a prize. This Lottery is formed by the ternary Combination and Permutation of 27 numbers. The fate of the above 17550 tickets will be determined in a few moments by the drawing of 4 numbers out of 27 put into the wheel.

The drawing will take place on Thursday the 25th day of November, or at a much earlier day, if the sale of tickets will warrant it. Tickets and shares in this Lottery, can be obtained without any advance on the price, by leaving orders for the same at the Book-store of J. GALES & SON, RALEIGH.

Whole Ticket \$5 00  
Half do 2 50  
Quarter do 1 25

Prizes payable 30 days after the drawing, and subject to a deduction of 15 per cent. Orders from the country (post paid) will meet with prompt attention.  
July 10. 60rd 76

### Trust Sale.

WILL be sold for cash, by virtue of a deed in trust, executed by Col. Edward Jones to Alexander Torrence, Esq. of Iredell county, for certain purposes therein expressed, at the dwelling house of said Edward Jones, on Friday the 22d day of October next, the following valuable property, viz: 500 acres of land lying on Haw River, adjoining the tract on which he now lives and including his Ferry; 250 acres adjoining the above mentioned tract, including an island of 50 acres which is very fertile; 250 acres adjoining the last mentioned tract; eight Negroes, among which are some valuable house servants; a Waggon and team; two other Horses, a stock of Cattle, Sheep and Hogs; an excellent assortment of Household and Kitchen Furniture, among which is some very valuable Plate, two Mills with distilling apparatus, a set of Blacksmith's tools, two Carriages, a large and well selected library, together with a variety of Farming Utensils.

H. D. BRIDGES, Agent for Alex. Torrence, Trustee, Chatham county, N. C. Sept. 10. 82nd

Some literary analyses should select all the facts, recipes, and prescriptions, useful to man, and condense them into a portable volume.

LOCKE.

In the Press, and shortly will be published, BY ABRAHAM SMALL, No. 165, Thomas street, Phil. delphia, FIVE THOUSAND RECEIPTS, IN ALL THE,

USEFUL AND DOMESTIC ARTS

Constituting a complete and universal PRACTICAL LIBRARY, And Operative Cyclopaedia.

BY COLIN MACKENZIE.

AS the object of all study, and the end of all wisdom, is practical utility, so a collection of the most approved receipts, in all the branches of domestic and social life, may be considered as a volume containing nearly the whole of the wisdom of man, worthy preservation. In truth, the present volume has been compiled under the feeling, that if all other books of Science in the world were destroyed, this single volume would be found to embody the results of the useful experience, observations, and discoveries of mankind during the past ages of the world.

Theoretical reasonings and historical details have, of course been avoided, and the object of the compiler has been to economise his space, and come at once to the point. Whatever men do, or desire to do, with the materials with which nature has supplied them, and with the powers which they possess, is here plainly taught and succinctly prescribed; whether it regard complicated manufactures, means of curing diseases, simple processes on various kinds, or the economy, happiness and preservation of life.

The best authorities have been resorted to, and innumerable volumes consulted, and wherever different processes of apparently equal value, for attaining the same end have been found, they have been introduced. A general, rather than a scientific arrangement has been adopted, because the object of the work is popular and universal, and, though likely to be useful to men of science, it is more especially addressed to the public at large. In like manner, as far as possible, technical and scientific language has been avoided, and popular names and simple descriptions have been preferred.

This volume will contain more than 600 pages of closely printed matter; and it is determined to charge it to subscribers at \$5 per vol. bound—so that it will be one of the cheapest books ever published. Subscriptions received at the Book-store of GALES & SON, Raleigh.