

# RALEIGH REGISTER,

## AND NORTH-CAROLINA STATE GAZETTE.

Vol. I.

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### THE REGISTER

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### ADVERTISEMENTS

Not exceeding 16 lines, neatly inserted three times for a Dollar, and 25 cents for every succeeding publication; those of greater length in the same proportion. COMMUNICATIONS thankfully received. LETTERS to the Editors must be post-paid.

### GENERAL LAFAYETTE.

We gratify ourselves, and we hope our readers, by publishing the Addresses delivered to the Guest of the Nation, at Philadelphia, by the Governor of the State and the Mayor of the city, with his answers to both.

The address of Gov. SHULZE is neat, comprehensive, and every way appropriate; and the sentiment expressed at the close of it is happily conceived and expressed. The answer of the General-Governor breathes those liberal sentiments, which are characteristic of the man. It will not escape observation, that he cautiously avoids a response or allusion to that sentiment, however grateful it must have been to his feelings, with which the Governor's Address concludes.

The Address of the Mayor, also, is very good, and well adapted to the place in which it was delivered—being the Hall in which the Congress sat when the Declaration of Independence was made. The answer of LAFAYETTE is in a noble spirit, and is marked by that unbounded reverence and respect for the character of WASHINGTON, which it has been his pride on all occasions to display.

Address of Gov. Shulze, of Pennsylvania, to Gen. Lafayette.

GENERAL LAFAYETTE: The citizens of Pennsylvania behold, with the most intense feeling and exalted regard, the illustrious friend and companion of Washington.

With sentiments of the highest veneration and gratitude, we receive the early and great benefactor of the U. States; the enlightened Statesman, Philanthropist, and Patriot of both hemispheres.

The sincere and universal joy which your arrival has diffused over the nation, is not where more ardently or enthusiastically felt than in Pennsylvania; whose fields & streams are rendered memorable by your achievements; whose citizens were the followers of your standard, and the witnesses of your sacrifices and toils in the defence of American Liberty. The eventful scenes of your useful life are engraven on our hearts. A nation has rejoiced at your successes, and sympathized with your sorrows.

With ardent pleasure we have ever observed your strenuous exertions as the friend of man; and while your great services rendered in the cause of humanity, have commanded our admiration, the purity of your motives has ensured the love and affection of Americans.

With the best feelings of the heart we now approach you, with the assurance that if anything could add to our happiness on this occasion, it would be the hope of enjoying the distinguished honor of your permanent residence among us, and that a long and splendid life of usefulness may be closed in the State whose soil has been moistened by your blood, generously shed in the cause of Virtue, Liberty, and Independence.

Answer of General Lafayette.

On the happy moment, long and eagerly wished for, when I once more tread the soil of Pennsylvania, I find in her affectionate welcome, so kindly expressed by her first magistrate, a dear recollection of past favors, and a new source of delightful gratifications. The very names of this State, and her capital recall to the mind those philanthropic and liberal sentiments which have marked every step of their progress.

Pennsylvania has been the theatre of most important events—a partaker in the arduous toils and meritorious sacrifices which have insured the success of our glorious and fruitful Revolution. I particularly thank you, sir, for your gratifying mention of my personal obligations to the Pennsylvania line; nor will I ever forget, that on Pennsylvanian ground, not far from this spot, I enjoyed, for the first time, the delight to find myself under American tents, and in the family of our beloved Commander in Chief. Now, sir, Pennsylvania is in full possession, and reaps all the prosperities and happy consequences of that great national union; of those special institutions, which, by offering in a self-governed people, the most perfect example of social order that ever existed, have reduced to absurdity and ridicule, the anti-popular arguments of pretended statesmen in other countries. In whatever manner I may be disposed of, by the duties and feelings in which you have been pleased to sympathize, I shall ever rank this day among the most fortunate in my life; and while I beg your cordial acknowledgments, I have the honor to offer to you, as Governor of the State, a tribute of my profound gratitude and respectful devotion, to the citizens of Pennsylvania.

LAFAYETTE.

Address of the Mayor of Philadelphia to Gen. Lafayette.

GENERAL: The Citizens of Philadelphia

welcome to their homes the patriot who has long been dear to their hearts.

Grateful at all times for the enjoyment of a free government, they are, on this occasion, peculiarly anxious but unable to express a deep-felt sentiment of pure affection toward those venerated men whose martial and civil virtues, under Providence, have conferred upon themselves and their descendants this mighty blessing.

Forty-eight years ago, in this city, and in this hallowed Hall, which may emphatically be called the Birth Place of Independence, a convention of men, such as the world has rarely seen, pre-eminently for talents and patriotism, solemnly declared their determination to assume for themselves the right of self-government, and that they and their posterity should henceforth assert their just rank among the nations of the earth. A small but cherished band of those who breathed the storm, and sustained the principles thus promulgated to the world still remains—in the front rank of those worthies, History will find, and we now delight to honor, General Lafayette, whose whole life has been devoted to the cause of freedom and to the support of the unalienable rights of man.

General: Many of your co-patriots have passed away, but the remembrance of their virtues and services shall never pass from the minds of this people. Theirs is an imperishable fame, the property of ages yet to come. But we turn from the fond recollection of the illustrious dead, to hail, with heart-felt joy, the illustrious living, and again bid welcome, most kindly and affectionately welcome, to the Guest of the Nation, the Patriot, Lafayette.

Lafayette's Answer to the Mayor of Philadelphia.

My entrance through this fair and great city, amidst the most solemn and affecting recollections, and under all the circumstances of a welcome which no expression could adequately acknowledge, has excited emotions in my heart, in which are mingled the feelings of nearly fifty years.

Here, sir, within these sacred walls, by a council of wise and devoted patriots, and in a style worthy of the deed itself, was boldly declared the independence of these vast United States, which, while it anticipated the independence, and I hope, the republican independence of the whole American hemisphere, has begun, for the civilized world, the era of a new and of the only true social order founded on the unalienable rights of man, the practicability and advantages of which are every day admirably demonstrated by the happiness and prosperity of your populous city.

Here, sir, was planned the formation of our virtuous, brave, Revolutionary army, and the providential inspiration received, that gave the command of it to our beloved matchless Washington. But these and many other remembrances are mingled with a deep regret for the numerous contemporaries, for the great and good men whose loss we have remained to mourn. It is to their services, sir, to your regard for their memory, to your knowledge of the friendships I have enjoyed, that I refer the greater part of honors here and elsewhere received, much superior to my individual merit.

It is also under the auspices of their venerated names, as well as under the impulse of my own sentiments, that I beg you, Mr. Mayor, you Gentlemen of both Councils, and all the Citizens of Philadelphia, to accept the tribute of my affectionate respect and profound gratitude.

### PULPIT INGENUITY.

A preacher in the neighborhood of Blackfriars, London, not undeservedly popular, had just finished an exhortation strongly recommending the support of a certain very meritorious institution. The congregation was numerous, and the chapel crowded to excess. The discourse being finished, the plate was about to be handed round to the respective pews, when the preacher made this short address to the congregation:—"From the sympathy I have witnessed in your countenances, and the strict attention you have honored me with, there is only one thing I am afraid of: that some of you may be inclined to give too much. Now it is my duty to inform you, that justice, though not so pleasant, should always be a prior virtue to generosity; therefore, as you will all be immediately waited upon in your respective pews, I wish to have it thoroughly understood, that no person will think of putting anything into the plate who cannot pay his debts." I need not add that this produced a most overflowing collection.

### A GOOD ONE.

As we were going down street the other day, our attention was attracted by the jangling of some boys, stationed at a corner. One of our young buckish lads had just mounted a Lafayette watch ribbon, and strutting among his play fellows, with a Bobadil importance, came across one, the color of whose scalp would vie with the woodpecker's, save it the Lafayette flourish. (For all things now-a-days are a la mode de Lafayette) and hitting him a tap by the side of his fire-lock, sneeringly exclaimed, "You've no Lafayette watch chain." The youngster taking off his hat replied, "Ah, but I've got what you can't get—I've got Lafayette hair."

Reading Chronicle.

### Convention of St. Petersburg.

Sept. 13, 1824.

The board under this Convention, on Saturday last, the 11th inst. unanimously agreed upon and fixed the following averages to be allowed as compensation for each and every slave for whom indemnification may be due under the said Convention, viz:

For all Slaves taken from the State of Louisiana, Five Hundred and Eighty Dollars.

For all those taken from the States of Alabama, Georgia and South-Carolina, Three Hundred and Ninety Dollars.

For all those taken from Maryland, Virginia, and all other States not named as above, Two Hundred and Eighty Dollars.

The two Commissioners under the above named convention, met this day, under the new constitution of the Board as prescribed by the 3d article of the Convention, and notified the Secretary of State that they are ready to receive and proceed in the examination of the Definitive List whenever it may be submitted to them.

The Board then adjourned till Wednesday, the 8th December next, when, if the Definitive List, shall, in the mean time, be received, they will proceed to an examination of the claims which may be in a state of preparation for hearing.

The Board has decided that the testimony of witnesses shall be received in writing unless a personal examination shall be required.

The Board has also decided that all arguments of the claimants, their agents or counsel shall be in writing.

JAMES BAKER, Secy.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,  
Washington, 13th Sept. 1824.

### Notice.

Citizens of the United States having Claims under the Treaty of Ghent, for slaves and other private property, taken from them during the late war between the United States and Great Britain, are hereby notified, that the Definitive List, required by the subjoined article of the Convention of St. Petersburg, will be laid before the Joint Commission for ascertaining and determining the amount of such claims, at its next meeting in this city, on the 8th of December next, in the present year; that such as have not already exhibited their Claims, and the evidences of them to this Department, may do so before that time.

### ARTICLE III.

When the average value of slaves shall have been ascertained and fixed, the two commissioners shall constitute a board for the examination of the claims which are to be submitted to them, and they shall notify to the Secretary of State of the U. States, that they are ready to receive a definitive list of the slaves and other private property, for which the citizens of the United States claim indemnification; it being understood and hereby agreed that the commission shall not take cognizance of, nor receive, and that his Britannic majesty shall not be required to make compensation for any claims for private property under the first article of the treaty of Ghent, not contained in the said list. And his Britannic majesty hereby engages to cause to be produced before the commission as material towards ascertaining facts, all the evidence of which his majesty's government may be in possession, by returns from his majesty's officers or otherwise, of the number of slaves carried away. But the evidence so produced or its defectiveness, shall not go in bar of any claim or claims which shall be otherwise satisfactorily authenticated.

### House of Entertainment.



MARGARET ARMSTRONG, at her large and commodious two story House, on Fayetteville street, opposite to the Court-House, is well prepared to accommodate Twenty or Twenty-five MEMBERS of the approaching Assembly with BOARD—and takes this opportunity to inform them that every attention shall be paid so as to render their entertainment comfortable and agreeable. Her House is large, affording convenient and private Rooms for Families and Travellers. Her Bar is well furnished with the best of Liquors.

N. B. Transient people will be accommodated as usual, as there is an excellent Stable on the lot, well furnished with Corn, Fodder, Oats, and every thing necessary. Her terms of Board are low and reasonable. Raleigh, Aug. 30. 84 Jawt-oots

### State of North-Carolina.

Cumberland County.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, September Term, 1824.

Wm. Smith, adm'r. of Alex'r. M'Alister dec'd.

Samuel Micher, guardian to John Farmer's Heirs, Charles Stephens, Allen Ballenger and wife, Joseph Farmer, George Sillers, John Sillers, Sampson Sillers, Sterling Lee and wife, Kador Farmer, and Trappall Searcey, Heirs at law of Wm. Trappall, deceased.

Sci. fa. upon a Constable's Levy on two tracts of Land, joining Hector Stewart and others, on Mingo Swamp.

WHEREAS it appears to this Court, that Sampson Sillers, George Sillers, Kador Farmer and Trappall Searcey, are not inhabitants of this State: Ordered that publication be made in the Raleigh Register once a week for six weeks, that said defendants appear at the next term of this Court, at the Court-house in Fayetteville, on the first Monday of December next, and plead to issue or judgment will be granted according to Sci. fa. and the lands levied on sold to satisfy plaintiff's demand.

From the minutes. Test,  
JOHN ARMSTRONG, Clk.

### Transylvania University.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

THE Lectures in this Department will commence, as usual, on the First Monday of November next, and terminate the first week in March.

Anatomy and Surgery by Benj. W. Dudley, M.D.

Institutes of Medicine, & Clinical Practice. Chas. Caldwell, M.D.

Theory and Practice of Physic. Samuel Brown, M.D.

Materia Medica & Medical Botany. Daniel Drake, M.D.

Obstetrics and the Diseases of Women & Children. W. H. Richardson, M.D.

Chemistry. James Blythe, D.D. and Robert Best, A.M.

B. W. DUDLEY,

Dean of the Faculty.

N. B. Commonwealth Paper received for Tickets as heretofore. 87-4t.



### Carriage Making.

THE Subscribers having entered into partnership in the carriage making business, under the firm of JACOB VAN WAGENEN & CO, beg leave to inform their friends and the public in general, that they can be supplied with any work in their line as low as it can be obtained elsewhere. The work in every instance shall be warranted for twelve months. Persons wishing to purchase carriages are respectfully invited to call.

N. B. Carriages of every description repaired at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms.

JACOB VAN WAGENEN.

WILLIAM F. CLARK.

June 9, 1824, 60-1wtf.

### State of North-Carolina,

Johnston County.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, August Term, 1824.

Washington & Thompson, Original Attachment.

James S. Murchie, vs. Original Attachment.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the Defendant, James S. Murchie, is not a resident of this State, it is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Raleigh Register, for three months, that unless he be and appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for said County, at the Court-House in Smithfield, on the 4th Monday in November next, and replevy and plead or demur, or judgment will be taken against him.

RM. SANDERS, Clk.

Sept. 28, 1824.

TO Messrs. William Whitley, Thomson Washington, Wm. Wall, the Administrators of John Sanders, dec'd, Jonathan Holder, David Thompson and all others whom it may or doth concern:

Gentlemen: Take Notice, That I am now confined in close prison in the common jail of Johnston County as a debtor, and that I shall apply for relief under the existing laws for the benefit of insolvent debtors, by an application to the proper legal authority to administer the prescribed oath to me as an insolvent debtor, at the jail in Smithfield in the county aforesaid, on the 20th day of October instant, in order that I may be released from imprisonment and duress, agreeably to law; when and where you may attend, &c.

Johnston County Jail, JOS. SMITH.

Oct. 1st, 1824.

### State of North-Carolina,

Johnston County.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, August Term, 1824.

Barnaba Bulls, vs. Original Attachment.

James S. Murchie, vs. Original Attachment.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the Defendant, James S. Murchie, is not a resident of this State, it is therefore ordered, that publication be made in the Raleigh Register for three months, that unless he be and appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for said County at the Court-House in Smithfield, on the 4th Monday in November next, and replevy and plead, or demur, or judgment will be taken against him.

RM. SANDERS, Clk.

Sept. 28, 1824.

### \$50 Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on the night of the 20th instant, a yellow Man by the name of SAM, (sometimes calls himself Sam-Freeman, at others Sam Graven.)—He has more the countenance of an Indian than a mulatto. He is 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, 24 years of age, bushy hair, his forehead decayed, is sensible and quick spoken, can read and write, and is a Carpenter and Painter by trade, and is also a pretty good Barber. He carried with him a blue homespun suit, also a blue broadcloth coat, a buff colored and a brown pair of pantaloons. I have no doubt he has a free pass, and is aiming to get to some free State. He some years ago ran away, and was apprehended and lodged in Harrisburg Jail, in Rockingham county, Virginia. I will give Fifty Dollars for his apprehension if taken out of the State, or Twenty-five Dollars within the State.

H. H. COOKE.

Raleigh, Sept. 27.

BLANK DEEDS  
May be had at this Office.

Miss E. GEDDY can accommodate 10 or 12 Members of the ensuing Legislature with Board, if early application is made. Oct. 5



### New Books.

GALES & SON, have just received the following addition to their stock of BOOKS, viz:

Massachusetts Reports, Chitty's Pleadings, Phillip's Evidence, Johnson's Chancery Reports, Maddox on Chancery, Duponceau on Jurisdiction of the Federal Courts, Life of Jackson, new edition, Aikin's Memoirs of James I. Armstrong on Typhus Fever Inheritance, Novel, Redwood, Do, Irving's Tales by a Traveller, parts 1 & 2, Witch of New-England, Redgauntlet, and an assortment of Stationary articles. Oct. 4, 1824.

### Bank Stock for Sale.

ON Monday the 6th day of December next will be sold before the door of the State Bank of North-Carolina, Forty Shares of the Capital Stock of said Bank, and Sixty of that of the Bank of Cape-Fear.

The public are assured that the said Stock will certainly be sold, as the sale is to be made in order to close the assignment of Robert Cochran's effects to the United States.

Terms will be made known at the day—or by application to either of the subscribers.

WM. W. JONES, Trustee.  
T. P. DEVEREUX, Dist. Atto.

Raleigh, Sept. 28. 91

### State of North-Carolina.

Franklin County.

Court of Equity, 2nd Monday after 4th Monday in March, A. D. 1824.

Jesse Reed, Complainant.

George Murphy, Williamson Murphy, Nicholas Murphy, William Murphy, Patience Murphy, Amey Murphy, Elizabeth Murphy, Darby Thomas and Nancy his wife, Joseph Bledsoe, and Winifred his wife, Frances M. Murphy and Temperance H. Murphy, are defendants.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that William Murphy and Elizabeth Murphy, two of the defendants in the above case, are not inhabitants of this State. It is therefore ordered, that publication be made in the Raleigh Register once a week for six months successively, that the said defendants, William Murphy and Elizabeth Murphy, make their personal appearance at the next Superior Court of Equity, to be held for the county of Franklin, at the Court-house in Louisburg, on the second Monday after the fourth Monday of September next, and plead answer or demur to the said bill of complaint; otherwise the said bill will be taken pro confesso, and heard ex parte as to them, and decree made accordingly.

Test, SAM. JOHNSON, C. M. E.

Some literary analysts should select all the facts, recipes, and prescriptions, useful to men, and condense them into a portable volume. LOCKE.

In the Press, and shortly will be published, By ABRAHAM SMALL, No. 163, Chesnut street, Philadelphia, FIVE THOUSAND RECEIPTS

IN ALL THE USEFUL AND DOMESTIC ARTS Constituting a complete and universal PRACTICAL LIBRARY, And Operative Cyclopaedia.

By COLIN MACKENZIE.

AS the object of all study, and the end of all wisdom, is practical utility, so a collection of the most approved Receipts, in all the branches of domestic and social life, may be considered as a volume containing nearly the whole of the wisdom of man, worthy preservation. In truth, the present volume has been compiled under the feeling, that if all other books of Science in the world were destroyed, this single volume would be found to embody the results of the useful experience, observations, and discoveries of mankind during the past ages of the world.

Theoretical reasonings and historical details have, of course been avoided, and the object of the compiler has been to economize his space, and come at once to the point. Whatever men do, or desire to do, with the materials with which nature has supplied them, and with the powers which they possess, is here plainly taught and succinctly preserved; whether it regard complicated manufactures, means of curing diseases, simple processes on various kinds, or the economy, happiness and preservation of life.

The best authorities have been resorted to, and innumerable volumes consulted, and wherever different processes of apparently equal value, for attaining the same end have been found, they have been introduced.

A general, rather than a scientific arrangement has been adopted, because the object of the work is popular and universal, and, though likely to be useful to men of science, it is more especially addressed to the public at large. In like manner, as far as possible, technical and scientific language has been avoided, and popular names and simple descriptions have been preferred.

This volume will contain more than 600 pages of closely printed matter; and it is determined to charge it to subscribers at \$2.50 per vol. bound—so that it will be one of the cheapest books ever published.

Subscriptions received at the Bookstore of GALES & SON, Raleigh.