

# RALEIGH REGISTER,

AND

## NORTH-CAROLINA STATE GAZETTE.

"Ours are the plans of fair, delightful peace,  
"Unwarped by party rage to live like brothers."

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### THE REGISTER

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#### ADVERTISEMENTS

Not exceeding 16 lines, neatly inserted three times for a Dollar, and 25 cents for every succeeding publication; those of greater length in the same proportion. Communications thankfully received. Letters to the Editors must be post-paid.

#### COTTON.

Our planting friends will not, we presume, greatly regret to find, that such is now the competition among the Cotton purchasers in this market, that no seller is under the necessity of seeking with anxious solicitude for a purchaser of any lots or loads of this valuable article he may have to dispose of.

Scarcely can a wagon loaded with Cotton be seen moving majestically through our streets, without its producing a magnetic influence upon many of those implements called Cotton Gimbles, which are within the reach of its attraction, one or two or more of which will be found ready to be applied to one or the other or both ends of each of the bales, whenever the load becomes stationary, in order that the quality of the article may be duly ascertained. And if upon such occasions, there are not as many gimbles in requisition as there are bales of Cotton in a wagon, it is in many instances, probably owing to the modesty of those who keep their weapons concealed, while they perceive others wielding theirs, with that kind of dexterity which a commercial spirit and a rising market is well calculated to produce.

The sight presented by this competition is unquestionably more pleasing, and the feelings occasioned by it are more agreeable, than what are called into exercise by a declining market, where an important article of produce languishes, and where the Planter raising it, can scarcely find an individual ready to invest his funds in the purchase of it. When the article is in demand as at present, a smile of complacency sits naturally and strikingly upon the countenance of both purchaser and seller; a contract may be made with promptitude, and an exchange of produce for the circulating medium is consummated with such facility, that both parties seem to be gratified if not obliged. In this case a load of Cotton becomes a sort of centre of commercial good humor, round which move in harmonious concert, not perhaps many luminous bodies, but many well-turned gimbles, which, faithful to their trust, draw forth the samples which without altercation, lead to bargains of reciprocal benefit, and terminate in a deposit of the Cotton bales at the Ware-house, and of the Bank bills in the seller's pocket book.

We congratulate our planting friends that the demand for their important staple is animated, and we hope it may prove beneficial to both growers and purchasers. We hope a good price may be some set-off against a short crop; and that the planter and the merchant may reciprocally aid in advancing each other's interest, and eliciting those smiles of satisfaction which will evidence how much their views and feelings harmonize.—Augusta Chron.

The late Governor EUSTIS, who died at Boston on Sunday week, in the 75th year of his age, had been in public life for half a century, commencing his career at Cambridge, in 1775, as a surgeon in the American army. In this capacity he served during the whole war, and acquired an influence in the army beyond any man in the country similarly situated. In 1787 he was appointed surgeon-general to Lincoln's forces, raised to suppress Shay's insurrection, and was surgeon, adviser, and warrior, during the campaign. Since the adoption of the Federal Constitution, he has been generally employed in public life. He has represented Boston in the Legislature of Massachusetts, for several years—then was sent to Congress from the district of Suffolk—has been Secretary at War, Foreign Minister, Representative of Norfolk, and has been twice elected to the office in which he died, Governor of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

The worthy Governor was distinguished for frankness of disposition and decision of character. In the staff, he discovered the spirit of a soldier, and never was satisfied with the duties of private life. His acts in his high office as Governor, have been marked

with no violence of character, but in all cases has heard patiently, and decided fearlessly. The duties of Chief Magistrate now devolve on the Lieutenant Governor, MARCUS MORTON, a gentleman in the prime of life, a man enlightened, courteous, cautious, independent, and eminently acquainted with every form of office. The heroes of the Revolution are falling around us as the last leaves of the tree in the autumnal blast.—Com. Gaz.

FROM THE PENSACOLA GAZETTE, Jan. 8.

We are under the disagreeable necessity of detailing an incident, which occurred in our streets on Monday last, for which a parallel can rarely be found in the history of any civilized community. Col. White was walking to his residence on Palafox street, accompanied by a young gentleman, a stranger of high respectability, engaged in earnest conversation, which prevented his attention to the objects about him, with a large cloak over his shoulders, tightly clasped at his collar, his cane hanging on his arm under it; in this defenceless, careless situation he was passed by Peter Alba, Jun. then Mayor of the city, a man of gigantic size and athletic strength, armed with a bludgeon and stiletto. After he had passed, without the slightest indication of his diabolical intention, he suddenly turned and struck the Colonel from the behind, on the back part of his head, staggering him to some distance and followed him up with additional blows, which were partly parried off by the Colonel's left arm; he having at length somewhat recovered, and disengaged his right arm from under the cloak, with his cane gave Alba several well directed blows and repelled him eight or ten steps. Alba then drew his stiletto and raised it in his left hand to complete assassination by plunging it in the Colonel's body in this he was disappointed, by a vigorous blow across his raised arm and shoulder, which disabled him from further exertion with that weapon. On the appearance of the dagger the young gentleman called for help, when a gentleman whose residence was near, appeared at the door; the assassin immediately concealed his stiletto and retreated.

That this attack was preconcerted, there can be no question. Alba was stationed behind a row of buildings near a corner, where he lay in wait, with others of his companions in the bloody work of murder, who were ready to lend him assistance and cover his retreat when he was repelled, although they remained motionless while he was successful in his villainy. Several of them were seen running from both corners of the square with great eagerness as soon as they saw him give back. The first blow of Alba, on the back part of Col. W's. head split open his hat, although a very strong one, and that undoubtedly preserved his life. The second blow, over his forehead, when his hat had fallen, is also very severe; it laid the head open for two or three inches—the blood from this wound filled his eyes, and prevented him from following the villain with success. After he got his right arm relieved, he received no injury of consequence.

We should not have troubled the public with a detail of this infamous transaction, were it not for the dastardly motives which produced it. Col. White is one of the commissioners for ascertaining land claims in West Florida. A more faithful, independent and determined officer the government has not in its service. In the course of investigating these claims, it was found, that many titles had been fabricated, to the most valuable property in the country. Public lots in Pensacola which have been proved by the officers of Gen. Jackson's army, to have been surrendered as such, in 1818, by the Spanish authorities, nay the very Governor whose name appears on the grants dated 1817. The most important sites for fortifications in the neighbourhood, and valuable tracts of land in the country, many of them including the improvements of poor but worthy and industrious settlers, had been grasped by a set of swindlers. In the course of investigation it was found that Peter Alba, Jun. had been deeply engaged in this scheme of fraud and imposition; at the time of this detection only two commissioners were in session, (Maj. Overton having retired to the country for the recovery of his health.) But Col. White, from his acquaintance with the Spanish language & history, well knew the periods and terms of the Spanish officers, formerly in command here, with many other important facts, which by a long course of investigation, had

enabled him to unravel the whole system of infamous speculation. This investigation was pursued with such determined perseverance, that the whole system of swindling was completely overthrown, and to the United States and the City of Pensacola, there has been saved property to the amount of many hundred thousand dollars. During this period Col. White had often been menaced with assassination; every blackguard of desperate circumstances was put in requisition to insult him, the newspapers teemed with false and scurrilous imputations against him. All this was to have been expected, and consequently it was disregarded. But a desperate attempt at assassination, in open day-light, in one of our principal streets, would never have been ventured on, had not the villains been instigated and supported by men, whose situation in society was expected to shield them from merited punishment. Such men did exist in Pensacola, more respectable by situation, but not less degraded in principle.



An act in addition to an act, entitled "an act to amend the Ordinance and acts of Congress for the Government of the Territory of Michigan," and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Governor and Legislative Council of the Territory of Michigan be, and they are hereby, authorized to divide the said Territory into townships, and incorporate [the] same, or any part thereof; to grant, define, and regulate the privileges thereof, and to provide by law for the election of all such township and corporation officers, as may be designated within the same.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That all county officers within said Territory shall hereafter be elected by the qualified electors residing in each county, at such time and place, and in such manner, as the said Governor and legislative Council may from time to time direct: Provided, That nothing in this section contained shall authorize the electors aforesaid to elect any Judge of any Court of Record, or Clerk thereof, or any Sheriff, or Judge of Probate, or Justice of the Peace. And that so much of the ordinance of Congress, passed July the thirteenth, seventeen hundred and eighty-seven, and of the laws of the United States, as are inconsistent with the provisions of this section, and as regard the Michigan Territory, be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the Governor of the said Territory shall nominate, and, by and with the advice and consent of the said Legislative Council, shall appoint, all other civil officers in said Territory, except such as are appointed by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate of the same. And the Governor of the said Territory shall have power to fill all vacancies in the offices required to be nominated by him, which may happen during the recess of said Legislative Council, by granting commissions, which shall expire at the end of their next session.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the qualified electors of said Territory shall, at their next and every subsequent election for members of their Legislative Council, choose, by ballot, eight persons, having the qualifications of electors, in addition to the number now by law authorized; and the names of the twenty-six persons, so elected, shall be transmitted by the Governor of said Territory, to the President of the United States, immediately after said election, who shall nominate, and, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate of the United States, appoint, therefrom, thirteen persons; which said thirteen persons shall compose the Legislative Council, any nine of whom shall form a quorum to transact business; and all vacancies occurring in said Council shall be filled in the same manner, from the list transmitted as aforesaid. The members of the Legislative Council shall receive three dollars each per day, during their attendance at the sessions thereof, and three dollars for every twenty miles in going to, and returning therefrom, in full compensation for their services; which shall be paid by the United States.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That appeals and writs of error shall lie, from the decision of the highest Judicial Tribunal of said Territory, to the Supreme Court of the United States, in the same manner, and under the same regulations as do lie and are taken from the Circuit Courts of the United States, where the amount in controversy shall exceed one thousand dollars, which shall be ascertained by evidence satisfactory to the Court allowing the appeal.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That not less than two Judges of the Supreme or Superior Court of said Territory, shall hereafter hold a Court to transact the business of said Court.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That so much of any ordinance or law of the United States as contravenes the provisions of this act, so far as respects the Territory of Michigan, be, and the same is hereby, repealed. Approved—Feb. 5, 1825.

An act confirming certain claims to lands in the Western District of Louisiana.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all the claims to land embraced in the report made by the Commissioners appointed for adjusting the titles and claims to land in the Western District of Louisiana, upon the thirtieth day of December, eighteen hundred and fifteen, and recommended by them for confirmation, be, and the same are hereby, confirmed: Provided, That no person or persons shall be entitled, by any one claim, to a greater quantity than one league square under this act. Washington: Approved, Feb. 5, 1825.

#### Notice.

THE subscriber has lost or mislaid, or there has been stolen from his possession a note which was signed by Peter Evans, and made payable to Tho's. Weathersby, an agent for the Subscriber, for the sum of \$553, due the 1st day of January, 1825. All persons arrested and advised against trading for said note, and I have advised Peter Evans, not to make payment there-of to any one but me, JAS. TAYLOR. Martin county, Dec. 21, 1824. 24-31w

#### Runaway.

TAKEN up and committed to the Jail of Wake County, on the 24th inst. a Negro Man about 20 years old, stout built, dark complexion, who says his name is YEARLY, and that he was bought of Col. Staples of Patrick county, Va. by a Mr. Ammel, who he believes lives in some part of Kentucky, & has been runaway more than 12 months. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be disposed of as the law directs. SAMUEL H. PULLEN, Jailor. Raleigh, Sept. 27. 91

#### Notice.

ON the 2d Monday in April next, will be sold for ready money at the Court-House in Snowhill, the following tracts of land, of so much thereof as will be sufficient to pay the tax thereon for the years 1821 and 1822, to wit:

28 acres on Sandy Run belonging to John H. Albright  
54 do do belonging to Thos. Dail (S. T.)  
13 do Contentnea Creek do James Dail  
900 do do do Zuel'r Elliott  
692 do do do Joseph Hause  
100 do Sandy Run do Uzzel Lassiter  
600 do Contentnea Creek do Heirs of Chas. Carr, (not given in)  
200 do do William Aldridge do  
345 do do John H. Edwards do  
400 do do Etheldred Mitchell  
121 do do Sarah Mitchell  
71 do do Christopher Reynolds  
56 do do Joseph Reynolds  
255 do do Josiah Sugg, jun.  
400 do do do Josiah Whitby  
50 do do do Nancy Ward  
121 do do do Christopher Wood  
322 do do do Joshua Rouse  
218 do do do Samuel Whitly  
300 do do do Henry Forrest  
1594 on Sandy Run do do Joseph Rasbury  
595 do do do John Joyner  
1817 do do do Stephen Rogers  
41 do do do May's heirs  
636 Naughtinto do do William Aldridge  
78 do do do Elizabeth Barrow  
34 do do do Cullen Edmondson  
525 do do do James Glasgow  
125 do do do Heirs of Burwell Edmondson  
50 do do do Isaac Hay  
320 do do do William Williams  
278 (1821) do do do John Aldridge  
200 do do do John Mooring  
200 do do do as Guardian  
60 do do do Sally Sauls  
570 do do do James Taylor  
213 do do do Avy Taylor  
200 do do do Elizabeth Dawning (not given in)

140 Contentnea c'k do Mary Coward  
100 do do do Jesse Coward  
615 6 lots in Hookerton Wm. Hooker  
790 5 do do Hymerick Hooker  
200 Contentnea c'k do Richard Hodges  
1334 do do do Wm. Kilpatrick  
337 1 lot in Hookerton do John Westbrook  
640 do do do John Dunn for Walter Dunn. do do do Susanna Dixon  
200 do do do William Philips for Lassiter's heirs  
676 (1821) do do Simon Breeton for heirs of Kilpatrick  
168 do do do John Creech  
220 do do do do Kinchen Dixon  
216 do do do do Obed Dixon  
50 on Contentnea c'k do Edmond Breeton  
490 do do do do Solomon Brad for Rasbury's heirs  
136 do do do Moses Cobb  
334 do do do do Asa Daniel  
203 do do do do W. Shackelford  
700 do do do do Elisha Woodward  
486 do do do do Theophilus Eason  
662 do do do do Abram Moore  
55 do do do do John McKeal, jun.  
50 do do do do Absalom Price  
50 do do do do Isaac Price  
412 do do do do James R. Price  
252 do do do do John Pope  
253 do do do do Jesse Rasbury  
270 do do do do William Rasbury  
370 do do do do Sabrina Daniel  
43 (1821) do do do do John Glasgow  
100 do do do do John McKeal, Sen'r  
12 do do do do Sarah Minshew  
200 do do do do Arthur Shackelford

All those having receipts for either of the above named years, are requested to produce them, as it is impossible for the subscriber to know who has and who has not paid—and he is under the necessity of collecting from those who have not paid, if not by fair means by law. JOHN HOLLIDAY, Adm. of Rich'd D. Bright late Shff. Greene co. Feb. 8, 1825. 121-31

J. GALES & SON, have received a few copies of the Hon. Alexander Smyth's Explanation of the Appearances.

#### For Rent.

THAT neat and commodious Dwelling, on Salisbury Street, nearly opposite the Presbyterian Church, and recently occupied by Mr. Alex. J. Lawrence. Possession will be given immediately. For terms apply to W. R. Gales. Jan. 20.

#### Committed.

TO the Jail in Ashboro', N. C. in December 1824, a Negro Man, as a Runaway, about 5 feet 10 inches high, with a sore under his right eye; has lost some of his teeth. Says his name is BARTLY, that he was sold by Thomas Williams, son of Elias Ballous. SILAS DAVIDSON, Jailor. Nov. 1824.—6mo.

#### State of North-Carolina,

##### Randolph County.

Court of Equity—Fall Term, 1824. Hez. Johnston and others,

Robt. Walker and others.

Appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that Nathan Means, Agnes Means and others, the Representatives and distributees of John Means, dec'd. the defendants in this case, are not inhabitants of this State. It is therefore ordered, that publication be made in the Raleigh Register for six weeks, that unless they appear at our next Court of Equity to be held for the County of Randolph, on the 1st Monday after the 4th Monday of March next, and plead, answer or demur to the Complainant's bill, the same will be taken pro confesso and heard ex parte. A copy, B. ELLIOTT, C. M. E. Dec. 20, 1824. 15-w-6

#### Jailor's Notice.

TAKEN UP and committed to the Jail of Wilmington, (N. C.) on the 24th day of January, 1825, a negro man named GLASS GOW, about 6 feet, 2 or 3 inches high, black complexioned, and says he belongs to George Reaves of Orange County.—The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take said fellow away. C. B. MORRIS, Jailor. Feb. 9. 131-6

#### Committed.

TO the Jail in Ashboro' North-Carolina, in October last, a Negro man, as a runaway, about 55 years of age; 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high; speaks rather slow, has wide fore-teeth and wide apart. Who calls his name BEN, says, he belongs to William Arnold, of Alabama, and that he came from Isle Wight County, Va. last winter. SILAS DAVIDSON, Jailor. Nov. 1824.—6mo.

#### North-Carolina,

Duplin County—January 19, 1825. BY certificate from B. Gisson, Esq. of the Appraisement of two Stray Horses; on the day of the date above, Hepsiba Branch entered them on the Book of Strays for said county. Their description is as follows: One a Grey, about five feet high, with three & part of his fourth foot white, and a snip on his nose. The other is a bright Bay, five feet two inches high, has no particular flesh mark except a snip on his nose. Done at Duplin date above. TH. ROUTLEDGE, Ranger.

#### The Beautiful Arabian Stallions

Syphax, Will stand the next season, (being his first in America) at my Stable, three miles from Warrenton, on the Stage road to Raleigh, and will be let to mares at the moderate sum of Ten Dollars the season, if paid within the season, or Twelve Dollars, if paid after the season expires; Sixteen Dollars to insure a mare in foal; or Seven Dollars the single leap; and 50 cents to the groom in every instance. The season will commence the first day of March, and end the last day of August. SYPHAX is a handsome sorrel, and most beautifully marked, red mane and tail; he is upwards of fifteen hands high; eight years old, healthy and vigorous, and not inferior in point of form or muscular power, to any horse on the continent; and the most docile animal I have ever seen.

SYPHAX was brought to America in the United States' frigate Constitution, and safely landed at New York in May 1824. Syphax was obtained by Maj. Townsend Stitt, late American Consul, at the Regency of Tunis, and was purchased from an Arab of high distinction, who valued him above any horse in the actual possession of the Bey or King of Tunis. SYPHAX was foaled near Mecca, in the Kingdom of Yeaman, Arabia Felix—crossed the Red Sea to Derra, in Nubia—from thence through a part of the Desert, to Tebulla, in Terran—thence, through the regency of Tripoli, to Beludgerid—and from thence to the American Consulate in the city of Tunis—as is certified by Mr. Samuel C. Potter, a gentleman of honor and respectability.

To those who wish to raise from this deservedly stock of horses, the genuine Arabian, the present will be a favorable opportunity; for experience has long shown us the advantages to be derived from the improvement of our stock crossed with the Arabian.

SYPHAX's high form, muscular powers, and beautiful marks, I think constitute him a constellation among Stud Horses.

Good pasturage will be provided for mares left with the horse, or they will be fed with grain if required; but no liability for accidents or escapes. ROBERT RANSOM, Greenwood Warren, Jan. 14, 22-1st-25

Blanks for sale here.