

RALEIGH REGISTER,

AND NORTH-CAROLINA STATE GAZETTE.

"Ours are the plans of fair, delightful peace,
"Unwarp'd by party rage to live like brothers."

Vol. 11.

Friday, March 18, 1825.

No. 10.

THE REGISTER

Is published every Tuesday and Friday, by
JOSEPH GALES & SON,
At Five Dollars per annum—half in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Not exceeding 16 lines, neatly inserted three
times for a Dollar, and 25 cents for every suc-
ceeding publication; those of greater length
in the same proportion. COMMUNICATIONS
thankfully received. LETTERS to the Edi-
tors must be post-paid.



BY AUTHORITY.

An Act to reduce into one the several acts estab-
lishing and regulating the Post Office
Department.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of
Representatives of the United States of America,
in Congress assembled, That there be estab-
lished at the seat of Government of the
United States, a General Post Office, under
the direction of a Postmaster General. The
Postmaster General shall appoint two Assis-
tants, and such Clerks as may be necessary
for the performance of the business of his
Office, and as are authorized by law; and
shall procure and cause to be kept a Seal
for the said Office, which shall be affixed to
commissions of Postmasters, and used to au-
thenticate all transcripts and copies which
may be required from the Department. He
shall establish Post Offices and appoint Post-
masters, at all such places as shall appear to
him expedient, on the post roads that are or
may be established by law. He shall give his
Assistants, the Postmasters, and all other per-
sons whom he shall or may employ, or who
may be employed in any of the Departments
of the General Post Office, instructions rela-
tive to their duty. He shall provide for the
carriage of the mail on all post routes that
are or may be established by law, and as of-
ten as he, having regard to the productiveness
thereof, and other circumstances, shall think
proper. He may direct the route or road
where there are more than one, between the
places designated by law for a post road,
which route shall be considered the post road.
He shall obtain from the Postmasters their
accounts and vouchers for their receipts and
expenditures, once in three months, or oft-
ener, with the balances thereon arising, in favor
of the General Post Office. He shall pay
all expenses which may arise in con-
ducting the Post Office, and in the conveyance
of the mails and all other necessary
expenses arising on the portion of
the revenue and management of the
General Post Office. He shall prosecute
offenses against the Post Office Estab-
lishment. He shall once in three months,
render to the Secretary of the Treasury, a
quarterly account of all the receipts and ex-
penditures in the said Department, to be ad-
justed and settled as other public accounts.
He shall also superintend the business of the
Department, in all the duties that are or may
be assigned to it. Provided, That in case of
the death, resignation or removal from office
of the Postmaster General, all his duties shall
be performed by his Senior Assistant, until
a successor shall be appointed, and arrive at
the General Office to perform the business.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the
Postmaster General, and all other persons
employed in the General Post Office, or in
the care, custody, or conveyance of the mails,
shall, previous to entering upon the duties
assigned to them, or the execution of their
trusts, and before they shall be entitled to
receive any emolument therefor, respectively
take and subscribe the following oath or af-
firmation, before some magistrate, and cause
a certificate thereof, to be filed in the Gen-
eral Post Office: "I, A. B., do swear or affirm
(as the case may be) that I will faithfully per-
form all the duties required of me, and ab-
stain from every thing forbidden by the laws
in relation to the establishment of the Post
Office and Post Roads within the United
States." Every person who shall be, in any
manner, employed in the care, custody, con-
veyance or management of the mail, shall be
subject to all pains, penalties and forfeitures
for violating the injunctions or neglecting the
duties required of him by the laws relating
to the establishment of the Post Office
and Post Roads, whether said person shall
have taken the oath or affirmation above pre-
scribed, or not.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That it
shall be the duty of the Postmaster General
upon the appointment of any Postmaster, to
require and take of such Postmaster, bond,
with good and approved security, in such
penalty as he may judge sufficient, condi-
tioned for the faithful discharge of all the
duties of such Postmaster required by law,
or which may be required by any instruction
or general rule for the government of the
Department. Provided, however, That if de-
fault shall be made by the Postmaster afore-
said at any time, and the Postmaster General
shall fail to institute suit against such Post-
master, and said sureties, for two years from
and after that default shall be made, then,
and in that case, the said sureties shall not
be held liable to the United States, nor shall
said suit be instituted against them.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the
Postmaster General shall cause a mail to be
carried from the nearest Post Office, on any
established post road, to the Court House of
any county which is now, or may hereafter
be, established in any of the States or Terri-
tories of the United States, and which is with-
out a mail, and the road on which such mail

shall be transported, shall become a post
road, and so continue, until the transporta-
tion thereon shall cease. It shall, also, be
lawful for the Postmaster General to enter
into contracts, for a term not exceeding four
years, for extending the line of posts, and to
authorize the persons, so contracting, as a
compensation for their expenses, to receive,
during the continuance of such contracts, at
rates not exceeding those for like distances,
established by this act, all the postage which
shall arise on letters, newspapers, magazines,
pamphlets and packets, conveyed by any
such posts; and the roads, designated in
such contracts, shall during the continuance
thereof, be deemed and considered as post
roads, within the provision of this act; and a
duplicate of every such contract shall, with-
in sixty days after the execution thereof, be
lodged in the office of the Comptroller of the
Treasury of the United States.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That the
Postmaster General be authorized to have
the mail carried in any steam boat, or other
vessel, which shall be used as a packet, in
any of the waters of the United States, on
such terms and conditions as shall be con-
sidered expedient: Provided, That he does
not pay more than three cents for each letter,
and more than one-half cent for each news-
paper, conveyed in such mail.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That it
shall be the duty of every master or manager
of any steam-boat, which shall pass from one
port or place to another port or place in the
United States, where a Post Office is estab-
lished, to deliver, within three hours after
his arrival, if in the day time, and within two
hours after the next sunrise, if the arrival be
in the night, all letters and packets ad-
dressed to, or destined for, such port or place,
to the Postmaster there, for which he shall be
entitled to receive, of such Postmaster, two
cents for every letter or packet so delivered,
unless the same shall be carried or conveyed
under a contract with the Postmaster Gen-
eral; and, if any manager of a steam-boat shall
fail so to deliver any letter or packet, which
shall have been brought by him, or shall have
been in his care, or within his power, he shall
incur a penalty of thirty dollars for every such
failure. And every person employed on
board any steam-boat, shall deliver every let-
ter, and packet of letters, entrusted to such per-
son, to the master or manager of such
steam-boat, and before the said vessel shall
touch at any other port or place; and, for
every failure or neglect so to deliver, a pen-
alty of ten dollars shall be incurred for each
letter or packet.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That no
other than a free white person shall be em-
ployed in conveying the mail; and any con-
tractor who shall employ, or permit, any other
than a free white person to convey the mail,
shall, for every such offence, incur a pen-
alty of twenty dollars.

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, That
whenever it shall be made appear to the sat-
isfaction of the Postmaster General, that any
road established, or which may hereafter be
established as a post road, is obstructed by
fences, gates or bars, or other than those law-
fully used on turnpike roads to collect their
toll, and not kept in good repair, with proper
bridges and ferries, where the same may be
necessary, it shall be the duty of the Postmas-
ter General to report the same to Congress,
with such information as can be obtained, to
enable Congress to establish some other road
instead of it, in the same main direction.

Sec. 9. And be it further enacted, That if
any person shall, knowingly and wilfully, ob-
struct or retard the passage of the mail, or of
any driver or carrier, or of any horse or car-
riage, carrying the same, he shall, upon con-
viction, for every such offence, pay a fine
not exceeding one hundred dollars; and if
any ferryman shall, by wilful negligence, or
refusal to transport the mail across any ferry,
delay the same, he shall forfeit and pay for
every ten minutes that the same shall be so
delayed, a sum not exceeding ten dollars.

Sec. 10. And be it further enacted, That it
shall be the duty of the Postmaster General
to give public notice, in one newspaper pub-
lished at the seat of government of the United
States, and in one or more of the newspapers
published in the state or states or territory,
where the contract is to be performed, for
at least twelve weeks before entering into
any contract for carrying the mail, that such
contract is intended to be made, and the day
on which it is to be concluded, describing
the places from and to which such mail is to
be conveyed, the time at which it is to be
made up, and the day and hour at which it is
to be delivered. He shall, moreover, within
ninety days after the making of any contract,
 lodge a duplicate thereof, together with the
proposals which he shall have received re-
spectively, in the office of the Comptroller of
the Treasury of the United States: Provided,
That no contract shall be entered into for a
longer term than four years.

Sec. 11. And be it further enacted, That
every Postmaster shall keep an office, in
which one or more persons shall attend on
every day on which a mail shall arrive, by
land or water, as well as on other days, at
such hours as the Postmaster General shall
direct, for the purpose of performing the
duties thereof; and it shall be the duty of
the Postmaster, at all reasonable hours, on every
day of the week, to deliver, on demand, any
letter, paper or packet, to the person enti-
tled to or authorized to receive the same;
and all letters brought to any post office half
an hour before the time of making up the
mail at such office, shall be forwarded there-
in, except at such post offices where, in the
opinion of the Postmaster General, it requires
more time for making up the mail, and which
he shall accordingly prescribe; but this shall
in no case exceed one hour.

Sec. 12. And be it further enacted, That
no fees or perquisites shall be received by
any person employed in the general post of-
fice, on account of the duties to be performed
by virtue of his appointment.

Sec. 13. And be it further enacted, That
the following rates of postage be charged
upon all letters and packets, (excepting such
as are excepted by law) conveyed in the mail

of the United States, viz: For every letter
composed of a single sheet of paper, convey-
ed not exceeding thirty miles, six cents.—
Over thirty, and not exceeding eighty, ten
cents. Over eighty, and not exceeding one
hundred and fifty, twelve and a half cents.—
Over one hundred and fifty, and not exceed-
ing four hundred, eighteen and three quar-
ters of a cent. Over four hundred, twenty-
five cents.

And for every double letter, or letter com-
posed of two pieces of paper, double those
rates; and for every triple letter, or letter
composed of three pieces of paper, triple
those rates; and for every packet composed
of four or more pieces of paper, or one or
more other articles, and weighing one ounce
avoirdupois, quadruple those rates; and in
that proportion for all greater weights: Pro-
vided, That no packet of letters, convey-
ed by the water-mails, shall be charged with
more than quadruple postage, unless the
same shall contain more than four distinct
letters. No postmaster shall receive, to be
conveyed by the mail, any packet which
shall weigh more than three pounds; and the
postage marked on any letter or packet, and
charged in the post bill which may accom-
pany the same, shall be conclusive evidence
in favor of the postmaster who delivers the
same, of the lawful postage thereon; unless
such letter or packet shall be opened in the
presence of the postmaster or his clerk.—
Every four folio pages, or eight quarto pages,
or sixteen octavo, or twenty-four duodecimo
pages, or pages less than that of a pamphlet
size, or magazine, whatever may be the size
of the paper of which it is formed, shall be
considered a sheet, and the surplus pages of
any pamphlet or magazine, shall also be con-
sidered a sheet; and the journals of the leg-
islatures of the several states, not being
pamphlets, shall be liable to the same postage
as pamphlets.

Any memorandum, which shall be written
on a newspaper, or other printed paper, pam-
phlet or magazine, and transmitted by mail,
shall be charged with letter postage: Pro-
vided, The publisher of a newspaper may send
a printed or written notice to a subscriber,
stating the amount due on his subscription;
which notice shall be attached to the margin
of the newspaper, and the postmaster who
delivers the paper shall charge for such no-
tice the same postage as for a newspaper.

Sec. 14. And be it further enacted, That
the Postmaster General be, and he is hereby,
authorized to allow to each Postmaster, such
commission on the postage by him collected,
as shall be adequate to his services and ex-
penses: Provided, That his commission shall
not exceed the following several rates on the
amount received in one quarter, viz:

On a sum not exceeding one hundred dol-
lars, thirty per cent.
On any sum over and above the first hun-
dred dollars, and not exceeding four hun-
dred dollars, twenty-five per cent.
On any sum over and above the first four
hundred, and not exceeding two thousand
four hundred dollars, twenty per cent.
On any sum over and above the first two
thousand four hundred dollars, eight per
cent.

Except to the postmasters who may be
employed in receiving and despatching for-
eign mails, whose compensation may be aug-
mented, not exceeding twenty-five dollars
in one quarter; and excepting to the pos-
tmasters at offices where the mail is regularly
to arrive between the hours of nine o'clock
at night and five o'clock in the morning,
whose commission on the first hundred dol-
lars collected in one quarter, may be increas-
ed to a sum not exceeding fifty per cent.
The Postmaster General may allow to the
postmasters, respectively, a commission of
fifty per cent on the moneys arising from the
postage of newspapers, magazines and pam-
phlets; and to the postmasters whose com-
pensation shall not exceed five hundred dol-
lars in one quarter, two cents for every free
letter delivered out of the office, excepting
such as are for the postmaster himself; and
each postmaster, who shall be required to
keep a register of the arrival and departure
of the mails, shall be allowed ten cents for
every monthly return which he makes there-
of to the General Post Office. The Post-
master General may allow to the postmaster
at New-Orleans, at the rate of eight hundred
dollars a year in addition to his ordinary com-
missions. The Postmaster General is hereby
authorized to allow to the postmaster of the
city of Washington, in addition to the al-
lowances made by this act, for postage col-
lected, and for free letters received by him
for delivery, a commission of five per cent.
on the amount of mails distributed at his of-
fice: Provided, nevertheless, That the whole
annual emolument of the said postmaster, in-
cluding the extra compensation of eight hun-
dred dollars which is hereby allowed him,
shall be subject to the restrictions imposed
by the forty first section of this act.

Sec. 15. And be it further enacted, That
every letter or packet, brought into the
United States, or carried from one port there-
in to another, in any private ship or vessel, shall
be charged with six cents, if delivered at the
post office where the same shall arrive; and
if destined to be conveyed by post to any
place, with two cents added to the ordinary
rates of postage.

Sec. 16. And be it further enacted, That,
if any postmaster, or other person, autho-
rized by the Postmaster General to receive
the postage of letters, shall fraudulently de-
mand or receive, any rate of postage, or gra-
tuity, or reward, other than is provided by
this act, for the postage of letters, or pack-
ets, on conviction thereof, he shall forfeit, for
every such offence, one hundred dollars.

Sec. 17. And be it further enacted, That
no ship or vessel, arriving at any port within
the United States, where a post office is es-
tablished, shall be permitted to report, make
entry, or break bulk, until the master or com-
mander shall have delivered to the postmas-
ter all letters directed to any person or per-
sons within the United States, or the terri-
tories thereof, which, under his care, or
within his power, shall be brought in such
ship or vessel, except such as are directed

to the owner or consignee of the ship or ves-
sel. And it shall be the duty of the col-
lector or other officer of the port empowered
to receive entries of ships or vessels, to re-
quire from every master or commander of
such ship or vessel, an oath or affirmation,
purporting that he has delivered all such let-
ters, except as aforesaid; and if any com-
mander or master of any such ship or vessel
shall break bulk before he shall have com-
plied with the requirements of this act, ev-
ery such offender shall, on conviction there-
of, forfeit, for every such offence, a sum not ex-
ceeding one hundred dollars.
To be continued.

State of North-Carolina, Franklin County.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, Decem-
ber Sessions, 1824.

Milo Latimer, Original Attachment—
Levied on negro boy
Archibald H. Green, Nelson.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court,
that the Defendant resides beyond the
limits of this State; It is ordered, that pub-
lication be made in the Raleigh Register for
three months, that unless the Defendant ap-
pear at our next Court, to be held for
the County of Franklin, at the Court
house in Louisburg, on the second Monday
of March next, and there to replevy and
plead, otherwise, judgment will be made
final against him, and the property levied on,
be condemned to Plaintiff's recovery.
Test, S. PATTERSON, C. C. C.

Garden Seeds.

JOHN PRIMROSE & CO. have received a
large supply of Fresh Garden Peas and
Beans, and a superior assortment of all kinds
of Garden Seeds—which will be sold at their
usual reduced prices. Also, prime Northern
Seed Potatoes, New-York Pippin Apples,
Goshen Cheese, Bar Iron and Steel.
Raleigh, Feb. 14. 31

Notice.

On the 2d Monday in April next, will be
sold for ready money at the Court-
House in Snowhill, the following tracts of land,
or so much thereof as will be sufficient to pay
the tax thereon for the years 1821 and 1822,
to wit:

228 acres on Sandy Run belonging to John
H. Albritton
54 do on do, belonging to Thos. Dail (S. T.)
193 do Contentnea Creek do James Dail
900 do do do Zach'r Elliott
692 do do do Joseph Hanser
100 do Sandy Run do Uzzel Lassiter
600 do Contentnea Creek do Heirs of Chas.
Carr. (not given in)
200 do do William Aldridge do
345 do do John H. Edwards
400 do do Etheldred Mitchell
121 do do Sarah Mitchell
71 do do Christopher Reynolds
56 do do Joseph Reynolds
255 do do Josiah Sugg, jun.
400 do do do Josiah Whitby
50 do do do Nancy Ward
121 do do do Christopher Wood
322 do do do Joshua House
218 do do do Samuel Whitly
300 do do do Henry Forrest
1554 on Sandy Run do Joseph Rasbury
895 do do do John Joyner
817 do do do Stephen Rogers
41 do do do May's heirs
636 Naughtunto do William Aldridge
78 do do do Elizabeth Barrow
34 do do do Cullen Edmondson
525 do do do James G'asgow
125 do do do Heirs of Burwell
Edmonson
50 do do do Isaac Hay
320 do do do William Williams
278 (1821) do do John Aldridge
200 do do do John Mooring
200 do do do as Guardian
60 do do do Sally Sauls
570 do do do James Taylor
213 do do do Avy Taylor
200 do do do Elizabeth Dawning (not
given in)
140 Contentnea c'k do Mary Coward
100 do do do Jesse Coward
615 6 lots in Hookerton Wm. Hooker
790 5 do do Hymerrick Hooker
200 Contentnea c'k do Richard Hodges
1334 do do do Wm. Kilpatrick
337 1 lot in Hookerton Grey Westbrook
640 do do do John Dunn for Wal-
ter Dunn.
2 0 do do Susanna Dixon
410 do do do William Phillips for
Lassiter's heirs
676 (1821) do do Simon Breston for
heirs of Kilpatrick
168 do do do John Creech
220 do do do do Kinchen Dixon
216 do do do do Obad Dixon
50 on Contentnea c'k do Edmond Breemons
490 do do do Solomon Brand for
Rasbury's heirs
136 do do do Moses Cobb
334 do do do Asa Daniel
203 do do do W. Shackelford
700 do do do Elisha Woodward
486 do do do Theophilus Eason
662 do do do do Abram Moore
53 do do do do John McKeal, jun.
50 do do do do Absalom Price
59 do do do do Isaac Price
412 do do do do James R. Price
252 do do do do John Pope
253 do do do do Jesse Rasbury
270 do do do do William Rasbury
370 do do do do Sabrina Daniel
483 (1821) do do do John Glasgow
100 do do do do John McKeal, Sen'r
122 do do do do Sarah Minshew
200 do do do do Arthur Shackelford

All those having receipts for either of the
above named years, are requested to produce
them, as it is impossible for the subscriber to
know who has and who has not paid—and he
is under the necessity of collecting from those
who have not paid, if not by fair means by
law.
JOHN HOLLIDAY, Ad'r.
of Rich'd D. Bright late Shif-
Greene co. Feb. 8, 1825. 12-31

The Southern Preacher.

Price \$2 Bound.
A few copies of the above Work, which
contains a selection of Sermons from the
manuscripts of the following Divines, viz:
Rev. Dr. Caldwell, Rev. Adam Empe, Rev.
William Hooper, Rev. Arthur Hinst of S. C.
Rev. John S. Capers, Do. Rev. Eleazer Har-
is, Do. Rev. Benjamin M. Palmer, Do. Rev.
Andrew Flinn, Do. Rev. Benj. Gildersleeve of
Georgia, Rev. Oliver Hulbert, Do. Rev. Na-
thian S. Bemis, Do. Rev. Aaron W. Leland
of S. C. Rev. Alon M'Dougald, Rev. Francis
Cummins of Georgia, and Rev. Richard Fur-
man of South Carolina.

Jailors Notice.

Taken up, on the 22d of October, 1824,
and lodged in Jail at Wilmington, N. C.
a negro man who calls his name MOSES,
and says he belongs to Joseph Rogers, living
about 12 miles from Charlotte, in Meclenburgh
County, in this State. Said fellow is about
24 or 25 years of age, five feet 6 or 7 inches
high, complexion yellow, slender made and
speaks good English and had on when com-
mitted a grey Jacket considerably worn, two
shirts and trousers. The owner is requested
to come forward, prove property, pay charges,
and take said fellow away.
CHARLES B. MORRIS, Jailor.

Mansion Hotel, FAYETTEVILLE, NORTH-CAROLINA.

THE subscriber having leased this Estab-
lishment, formerly occupied by Captain
TABER, is now in readiness to accommodate
Travellers, and Boarders. He tenders his
thanks to the Public and the Citizens of Fay-
etteville, for the former patronage and friend-
ly support which he has received; and, in
soliciting a continuance of these favors, as-
sures them that every exertion shall be made,
and due attention bestowed in order to the
comfort and pleasure of Travellers and Board-
ers. His rooms are numerous, being new,
clean and large, are well adapted for comfort
and health, opening upon a garden which
presents a fine prospect; superadded, are
the comforts of ease and retirement, which
may be enjoyed in spacious Parlours by
Travelling Families. This situation, stand-
ing on one of the most elevated streets, is
healthy; attended with the advantage and
convenience arising from the important and
extensive business transacted on that street,
which will make it the interest of County
Merchants and Planters to call; it is constantly
supplied by means of aqueducts, with pure
water, issuing from one of the best fountains
in the State.

His Bar will be constantly supplied with
the best and choicest of Liquors; his Table
with the best of the country and market affords;
his Stables shall be attended to faithfully, steady
and honest Osters. Other advantages
are attendant upon this Establishment, rarely
to be excelled in any other Public House in
this State.

DILLON JORDAN,
Fayetteville, Feb. 26, 1825. 36-4t

A Card.

I have pleasure in stating that the Mansion
Hotel, in this town, has undergone a thorough
purification, and is reoccupied by Mr. Jordan.
The public may rest satisfied that there is no
danger of contracting the contagion of the
late epidemic disease either at the Hotel or
any other place in Fayetteville.
BENJ. ROBINSON, Health Officer.
Fayetteville, Feb. 23, 1825.

The Beautiful Arabian Stallion, Syphax,

Will Stand the
next season, (be-
ing his first in A-
merica) at my Sta-
ble, three miles
from Warrenton, on the Stage road to Raleigh,
and will be let to mares at the moderate sum
of Ten Dollars the season, if paid after
the season expires; Sixteen Dollars to insure
a mare in foal; or Seven Dollars the single
leap; and 50 cents to the groom in every in-
stance. The season will commence the first
day of March, and end the last day of August.

SYPHAX is a handsome sorrel, and most
beautifully marked, red mane and tail; legs
upwards of fifteen hands high; eight years
old, healthy and vigorous, and not inferior in
point of form or muscular power, to any horse
on the continent; and the most docile animal
I have ever seen.

SYPHAX was brought to America in the
United States frigate Constitution, and was
landed at New York in Aug. 1824. Syphax
was obtained by Maj. Townshend Smith, late
American Consul, at the Regency of Tunis,
and was purchased from an Arab of high dis-
tinction, who valued him above any horse in
the actual possession of the Bey or King of
Tunis.

SYPHAX was foaled near Mecca, in the
Kingdom of Yeaman, Arabia Felix; crossed
the Red Sea to Derra, in Nubia—from thence
through a part of the Desert, to Taoulia, in
Terra—thence, through the Regency of Tri-
poli, to Beledjgerid—and from thence to
the American Consulate in the city of Tunis—
as is certified by Mr. Samuel C. Potter, a
gentleman of honor and respectability.

To those who wish to raise from this de-
servedly stock of horses, the genuine Ara-
bian, the present will be a favorable oppor-
tunity; for experience has long shown us
the advantages to be derived from the im-
provement of our stock crossed with the Ara-
bian.

SYPHAX's high form, muscular powers,
and beautiful marks, I think constitute him a
constellation among Stud Horses.
Good pasturage will be provided for mares
left with the horse, or they will be fed with
grain if required; but no liability for acci-
dents or escapes.
ROBERT RANSOM,
Greenwood Warren, Jan. 14, 22-31st.