RALEIGH REGISTER,

AND

NORTH-CAROLINA STATE GAZETTE.

"Ours are the plans of fair, delightful peace,
"Unwarp'd by party rage to live like brothers."

Vol. II. Tuesday, June 14, 1825. No. 165

THE REGISTER

Is published every Tuesday and Friday, by
JOSEPH GALES & SON,
At Five Dollars per annum—half in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Not exceeding 16 lines, neatly inserted three times for a Dollar, and 25 cents for every succeeding publication; those of greater length in the same proportion.....Communications thankfully received.....Letters to the Editors must be post-paid.

From the London New Monthly Magazine.

ILLUSTRIOUS EXAMPLE OF GRATITUDE.

A young man was passing with his regiment through Lyons, in 17—, where he fell sick, and was obliged to remain at an hotel. He was very ill supplied with money, and his purse was speedily exhausted by the expense his malady occasioned him: his hostess, untouched by his destitute situation, had him carried into a granary, where all the furniture she allowed him was a palliasse and a chair, and all the sustenance, a little barley-water: refusing to call in the aid of a physician, to avoid the responsibility in which she apprehended such an additional charge might involve her. It happened that the first floor of his furnished hotel was occupied by two Genevese ladies, Madame and Mademoiselle Agiee, who had visited Lyons for the benefit of change of air: they were both advanced in years, Mademoiselle Agiee being near fifty. These two ladies were clever and well informed; but, according to the Genevese habit, they did injustice to their real merit by a pretension to something beyond it, and a pedantry completely national. The fate of the young soldier interested all the domestics of the hotel, and the particulars of his friendless condition reached the ear of Mademoiselle Agiee through her maid, who acquainted her at the same time with the cruelty of the landlady, who threatened to send him to the hospital. The maid succeeded in awakening the sympathy of her mistress, who immediately sent for a physician, informing the hostess that she would answer all expenses, and that it was her pleasure the sick mane should be removed without delay to a comfortable chamber. The human Abigail, meanwhile, never quitted the chamber of the invalid whom she had taken so happily under her protection.

Weakened by his illness, which had been aggravated by neglect, the young soldier was in a frightful state of delirium when the physician visited him, and during the process of changing his apartment, so that, when he recovered his senses, he was greatly astonished to find himself in a well furnished chamber, and believed himself dreaming. Near his bed was a faithful nurse, whom he began to question, but who contented herself with replying that a friend who took an interest in him had given orders that he should be properly attended. Days, and even weeks escaped thus, till at length the young soldier, recovering his strength, insisted on being informed to whom he was indebted for so many benefits. There was in the expression of his countenance something that commanded respect, which, perhaps even excited fear; the good woman named her mistress, and, with all possible delicacy, related to him the miserable circumstances in which she had found him. He entreated to see Mad. Agiee, that he might lighten his heart of some of its gratitude; he was not yet able to rise, nor was he permitted to read; but he was nevertheless, sufficiently reinstated, to feel the weight and weariness of an idle life. Mademoiselle Agiee consented to the demand of the young soldier, and paid him her first visit; she remained with him only a few moments, but promised to return and bring him books, desiring him to make his choice, and offering to read for him till he should be no longer forbidden to occupy himself. He accepted her proposal with joy, and selected the "Life of Turenne," and a book on geometry.

Every day Mademoiselle Agiee passed some hours with the convalescent soldier, who listened eagerly as she read, often interrupting her to make observations which were always just, and some times very striking. He did not seem easily inclined to confidence, and it was not till some time had thus elapsed, that one day, as if led on by a military ardor beyond his power to restrain, he began to speak of his projects to Mademoiselle Agiee; she smiled as she listened to him. "In truth," said she, "I believe we shall one of these days see you a Colonel." "Colonel!" replied he in a tone of indignation, "I shall be a General—and perhaps——" but he interrupted himself, as if alarmed at what he was about to say, and perhaps even internally rebuked himself for what he had said. "until now," said Mademoiselle Agiee. "I have never asked you a single question, either with regard to your country or family. By your accent, I conceive you to be a foreigner, although you belong to a French regiment." "I am a Corsican, and my name is Napoleon." The young man was Bonaparte.

Mademoiselle Agiee every day became more and more interested in Napoleon; and when he was quite recovered, she equipped him and supplied him with the money necessary to enable him to rejoin his regiment. On taking leave of his benefactress, the young man was much affected. "Believe me," said he, "I shall never forget what you have done for me! You will hear of me." He departed, and Mademoiselle Agiee and her mother returned to Geneva. Very soon the name of Napoleon became celebrated, and Mad. Agiee, in reading the gazettes, exulted in the successes of her protege, who meanwhile, seemed to have entirely forgotten her. Years passed thus away, when some time before the battle of Marengo, Bonaparte passed through Nyon, a little town of the Canton de Vaud, twelve leagues from Geneva, on his way into Italy—he could only stay a few hours—he sent an aid-de-camp to Geneva, with orders to enquire for a lady named Agie, very ugly and old, and to bring her to him; such were his directions. In Geneva, as in other small towns every body is known; and the aid-de-camp succeeded in finding Madle. Agiee; she was become nearly blind, and very seldom quitted her own house, but the name of her hero seemed to inspire her with new strength, and she hesitated not to follow his messenger. Bonaparte was impatient, and came to meet his friend on horseback, attended by his staff, as far as Versois; as soon as he perceived her carriage, he spurred on to receive her, and the feelings of Mademoiselle Agiee on this rencontre, may better be imagined than expressed. "Gentlemen," said Bonaparte, turning towards his suite, "you see my benefactress, she to whom I am indebted for life; I was destitute of every thing when she succoured me. I am happy and proud to be obliged to her, and I shall never forget it." Mademoiselle Agiee passed two hours at Nyon with Bonaparte, at the Hotel of the Croix Blanche, where he detailed to her all his plans, and on taking leave of her repeated the same words he had uttered at Lyons. "You will hear of me."

From that hour to the epoch of his coronation, she received from him no token of his existence: but fifteen days before the coronation, General Hullin was announced to Mademoiselle Agiee. He desired her to prepare to accompany him, as Bonaparte was resolved that she should witness his glory; he was furnished with the strictest and most minute orders. Mademoiselle Agiee was permitted to carry nothing with her beyond what was merely indispensable during the journey, and in spite of her age and infirmities, the day after the General's arrival she set out. On arriving at Paris, she alighted at a house in the Place du Carousel, opposite the palace of the Tuileries; there she found domestics in the livery of Bonaparte, & in short, a completely furnished mansion; a well stocked wardrobe had been prepared for her, Bonaparte had recollected even her favorite colors, and omitted nothing he imagined would give her pleasure; she had a long audience of Napoleon; he assigned her, besides a house, carriage and domestics, maintained at his expense, an annual income of six thousand francs.—He continued to preserve towards Mademoiselle Agiee the most marked attention, often consulting her even on the most important affairs. On the fall of Bonaparte, Mademoiselle Agiee lost the house and advantages he had conferred upon her, but I have reason to believe that her pension was always regularly paid by the agents of Napoleon till her death, which happened I believe in 1822. It is from herself that I received the details I have given: it is easy to imagine with what animation she descanted upon her hero; even without partaking her enthusiasm, it was impossible not to listen to her with interest; besides, noble and generous sentiments belong to our intellectual existence, no matter what country we belong to, or what are our opinions, the emotions of the heart wait not to consult our prejudices. Mademoiselle Agiee died in the Hotel de la Rochefoucauld, Faubourg du Roule, at Paris, of which she inhabited a small wing, after quitting her house in the Palace du Carousel. A. D. T.

Oxford Male Academy.

THE Examination this day closed. A vacation will take place until the 20th inst. when the Exercises will be resumed as heretofore, under the direction of James D. Johnson. W. M. SNEED, Sec'ry.

June 2. 644w

☞ The Editors of the Star, Petersburg Intelligencer, and Edenton Gazette, will insert the foregoing for three weeks, and forward their bills.

Notice.

THE Subscribers beg leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that they have formed a connexion in business, under the firm of GILMOUR & DRINKARD, for the purpose of *Selling* (only) *Country Produce*. And have taken that spacious Brick Lumber House, (nearly fire-proof, and contiguous to no wooden building) on Back-street, in the rear of Mr. John V. Wilcox's Counting-House, & nearly opposite to Westbrook Warehouse—where they will attend to the *Sale* of any Produce that may be entrusted to their care, (always paying the strictest attention to instructions given)—and promise to use their best exertions to promote the interest of those who may think proper to patronize them.

WM. GILMOUR,
M. L. DRINKARD.

June 3.

Messrs. *Gilmour & Drinkard*, having commenced the Commission Business in this place, I hereby inform the public that I have known them almost from their infancy, (both having lived with me) and believe them to be men of the strictest integrity, & in whom the most implicit confidence can be placed.

JOHN V. WILLCOX.

Petersburg, June 3, 1825. 64

Stray.

ENTERED on the Stray Books of Wake county on the 7th of this instant, by Henry Andrews who lives 6 miles north-east of Raleigh, one certain bay Mare, 4 feet 10 inches high, with both of her hind feet white above the fetlock, and some white in her forehead; supposed to be six or seven years old, paces and trots. Which stray is valued to thirty dollars. This mare came to Mr. Andrews's on the 2d day of May, and had on at the time some old shoes on her forefeet, and was low in order.

Given under my hand the 8th June, 1825.

64 2t MERITT DILLIARD, Ranger.

Notice.

WILL be sold at the Courthouse in Rockford, Surry county, on the second Monday in August next, the following Tracts of Land, or as much thereof as will satisfy the taxes due thereon for the year 1823, with costs &c.

150 acres given in by Benjamin Mitchell, adjoining Arthur Larter, on Ararat river.
150 do do by John Cook, adjoining David Kethcum, on Bay's creek.
200 do do by John Ryan, adjoining M. M. Hughes, Mitchel's river.
272 do not listed, of Daniel Reece's heirs, adjoining Sebell Greenwood, Yadkin.
50 do do Daniel Reece's heirs, adjoining Rachael Reece, Mackefey's creek.
150 do do Owner unknown, adjoining Peter Simmons, Varnel's creek.
1000 do do Jesse Lester's heirs, adjoining Mickle & Dobson, Double creeks.
200 do do Jesse Lester's heirs, adjoining Joseph Axim, Turner's creek.
100 do do Jesse Lester's heirs, adjoining John Collins, waters Double creeks.
100 do do owner unknown, adjoining Nathan Bray, Codie's creek.
6 do do John Johnson's heirs, adjoining George D. Holcomb, Forbes cr'k.

JOHN WRIGHT. late Shff.

May 20. [pr. ad. $6] 61 2m

Milton Masonic Lottery,

Authorised by Special Act of Assembly, for the benefit of
GOLDEN FLEECE LODGE, No. 74, N. C.

SCHEME.

1	Prize	$3000	is	$3000
1		2000	is	2000
2		1000	is	2000
5		500	is	2500
10		100	is	1000
20		50	is	1000
100		10	is	1000
1500		5	is	7500
1639	Prizes			$20,000
2361	Blanks			
4000	Tickets at	$5	is	$20,000

Drawing to commence in Milton, as soon as a sufficient number of Tickets shall have been sold.—Superintended by the following Managers:

ALEX'R. HENDERSON,
JAMES RAINEY,
ARCHIMEDES DONOHO,
JOHN R. CLARK,
THOMAS L. STEVENS.
SAMUEL WATKINS.

Orders for tickets, post paid, and enclosing the Cash, will be thankfully received and punctually attended to by the Treasurer in Milton, N. C.

Tickets Five Dollars each;—Tickets to be had from Agents residing in the different towns, villages and public places throughout the State.

By order of the Managers,
PHILIP H. THOMAS, Treasr.

New Establishment,

AND

Cheap Seasonable Dry Goods!!

B. B. SMITH & CO. have the pleasure of announcing to the Citizens of Raleigh, and the public in general, that they have just opened an extensive assortment of Seasonable Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, embracing almost every thing that is new, fashionable and useful; and which, having been purchased with great care, at the lowest prices, in the City of New York, they flatter themselves, as they will be sold for *cash only*, that they will be found at least as cheap as any in the market. They consist in part of

Superior blue and black velvet cloths
Do blue, black and fashionable mixed Cassimeres
Black, brown, drab and lead colored Denmark Satteens—an elegant article for gentlemen's pantaloons
White and olive colored silk striped Dantzic and French Drillings
Blue, brown, drab and gray plain & striped Angola Cassimeres, for summer coats &c.
Tom and Jerry, and silk striped Florentines of all qualities, and at all prices
Blue, gray and drab Union Mixtures, and Wilmington stripes
Plain and striped black Circassian
Plain and vine striped black Bombazetts
Splendid black silk, Valencia and Marseilles vestings
Irish Linens, thread Cambricks and long Lawns
Russia Sheeting, Ravens and brown Duck
Bleached and unbleached sheetings and shirtings
Cambrick, Manchester and superior Domestic Ginghams, 3-4 and 6-4 wide
3 and 5-4 super Cambrick Dimity
A most splendid selection of new style Calicoes, 9-8 printed Cambricks, & London Chints—some with all the colors of the Rainbow
4 and 5-4 elegant French and Honey-comb stampt Muslins
White and colored Jeans
Bed Ticking and Apron Checks
Rich new fashion Mandarin Crapes
Do superior Nankin and Canton Crapes & Crape Robes
Best plain glossy black Mandarin, Nankin and Canton dresses
Rich 8-4 satin damask Mandarin Crape Shawls
A variety of elegant light and dark, *silk & gauze* scarfs.
Do *Barege*, fancy, silk and gauze Handkerchiefs
White and green gauze veils
Superb brown, blue, lilac and pearl colored Gross de Naples and Gross dete silks
Figured satin striped black Gross de Naples
Do black Levantine—of a most superior texture and quality
Superb blue, brown, white and lilac Gross de Naples silk robes
4 and 6-4 Cambricks and Cambrick muslins
4 and 6-4 Mull and Jaconet do
Plain and Tambor'd Book & Swiss muslins
Superior 4 and 5-4 fashionable sprigged seeded, checked and satin striped muslins and muslin Robes
6, 7 & 8-4 Linen Table Diapers
Russia and Bird's eye do
Black figured Levantine silk, and muslin Cravats
Jackson, Washington, & Lafayette Silk Handkerchiefs
Red, yellow and brown real Bandano do
Flag and Cotton Bandanos
White brocaded and printed Cambrick Shaws
Black Canton and bird's eye silk Handkerchiefs
Fine white gause flannels
Black and gray Canton Camblet, and Pongees silk
Thread Laces and inserting trimming
Elegant fancy and feather edged ribands
White, black and colored gimps
Belt ribands and steel buckles and clasps
Morocco reticules and feather fans
Ladies' and gentlemen's white and black silk and cotton hose
White and mixed half hose.
Woodstock, Dogskin, Beaver, Casto and silk gloves
Best blue, black and assorted *Italian* sewings
Clark's spool and floss Cotton
Lewis & Tomes' best gilt buttons
Ivory, horn, and pearl, do
Large and small shell, tuck and side combs
Umbrellas and Parasols
6 cases fashionable Beaver and Leghorn hats
Fine morocco, prunella, and figured silk shoes
Best black buck and calf skin do
A variety of first rate double and four bladed knives
Knives and forks, pad and stock locks
Best German handsaw and caststeel files
Trace chains and cutting knives
Castings of all kinds
India and English china, by the box or sett
Liverpool and crockery ware, a large assortment
Cut and imitation cut glass tumblers, wine glasses, decanters, goblets, jelly glasses, pitchers, salvers and bowls
Fresh gunpowder and imperial Tea
Loaf sugar and London mustard
Pepper, alspice and ginger
Cloth, hair and shoe brushes
Patent coffee mills and sad irons
Cotton cards, wire sifters, curry-combs, & swinging glasses,

With many other articles too numerous to mention, all of which will be disposed of on the most reasonable terms, and as they calculate to receive additional supplies almost every month, it will be to the interest of those wishing to purchase to give them a call.

Raleigh, May 25th, 1825. 60-6t.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
29th April, 1825.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on the first day of October next, the principal of the six per cent. Stock of the United States, created under the authority of an act of Congress entitled "An act authorising a loan for a sum not exceeding eleven millions of dollars," approved on the fourteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, together wih the interest then due thereon, will be paid to the proprietors of said stock or to their attorneys duly authorized, at the Treasury of the United States, in Washington, and at the several Loan Offices, on the books of which any portion of said stock may stand.

A surrender of the Certificates of said Stock will be required at the time of payment, and the interest on said stock will cease from and after the thirtieth day of September next.

SAML. L. SOUTHARD,
Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

State of North Carolina.

Duplin County.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions,
April Term, 1825.

Hosea Murray, vs. Amos J. Waller. } Original atta. levied, &c.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant is not an inhabitant of the State. It is therefore ordered that publication be made until the 3d Monday of July next in the Raleigh Register, that the defendant appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for said county at the Court-House in Duplin, then and there to plead, &c. or judgment will be entered against him according to plaintiff's demand.

Test. JAS. PEARSALL, Clerk.

State of North-Carolina,

MARTIN COUNTY.
Superior Court of Law—Spring Term, 1825

James Bullock, vs. Tabitha Bullock. } Petition for a Divorce.

IT appearing to the Court that Tabitha Bullock, is not a resident of this State: Ordered, that publication for three months be made in the Raleigh Register, for the Defendant to appear at the next Superior Court of Law to be held for Martin county, on the Monday before the first Monday in September next, then and there to plead, or the petition will then be heard exparte.

JOHN LUTEN, Clk
Sup. Court Martin County.

State of North-Carolina,

Granville County.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions,
May term, A. D. 1825.

Thomas Brown, surviving partner of Geo. & Tho's. Brown, vs. The Heirs of James Pittard, dec. } Scire facias to charge the real estate.
The same, vs. The same. } Do.

IT having been made to appear that Horace Somerhill, one of the defendants in these cases, is an inhabitant of another State: ordered that publication be made for three months in the Raleigh Register, for said defendant to come forward within the term of said Court, to be held on the 1st Monday in August next, at Oxford, and enter his appearance, or judgment will be entered against him. Witness,

STEPHEN K. SNEED, C. C.

State of North-Carolina,

Warren County.
May Sessions, 1825.

Stephen Davis, vs. Samuel Power. } Original attachment, levied in the hands of Thomas Power, and he summoned as garnishee

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant in this case is not an inhabitant of this State; it is therefore ordered, that unless the defendant Samuel Power, appear and enter into bond, as he is permitted to do by act of Assembly in such cases, on or before the fourth Monday of August next, that final judgment will be rendered in the premises. It is further ordered, that publication of the aforegoing rule be made once a week for six successive weeks in the Raleigh Register.

Test. C. DRAKE, C. W. C. C.

Sheriff's Sale.

ON the 2d Monday in August next, will be sold for cash, at Nash Courthouse, in the town of Nashville, the following tracts of Land, or so much thereof, as will be sufficient to pay the Tax due thereon, for the year 1823, and cost of advertising:

62½ acres given in by David Daniel, jr.
70 do do by John Pitman.
400 do do by Dolphin Anderson
661 do do by Guilford Nicholson
113 do do by Saml. B. Williams for Hopkins Rice.
407 do do by Redding Williams
100 do do by Abram Winbourn
106 do do by William Harrison of Franklin county
125 do do by Temp'e. Richardson
100 do do by Miles King
60 do not given in, the property of Wm. Garner's heirs
50 do do of do
114 do do of John Sturdevant
100 do do of Merrit Sellers
226 do do of Jane & Christian Roe
100 do do of John Fowler
200 do do of Crawford Hopkins
70 do do of Margaret Bailey
70 do do of Pursons Bailey
2 Lots in the Town of Nashville, not given in, the property of Littlebury Hines, dec'd.
2 do in said town not given in, the property of Jas. W. Dance, dec'd.

S. W. W. VICK, former Shff.

May 20, 1825. pr. ad. $8