

Rags.

J. GALES having a full stock of Rags, cannot receive any more at present.—He will give public notice when more will be taken.
Raleigh Paper Mills, Sept. 1, 1825.

Alexander Campbell,

INFORMS the citizens of Raleigh and the public generally, that he has commenced the Tailoring business in this city, and will faithfully execute all orders in his line. He has on hand some articles of ready made clothing, which will be sold on good terms. He has been taught Ward's mathematical rule for cutting, by Alexander Crossland, of Warrenton, agent for Ward. His shop is on Fayetteville street, next door to William Thompson's Cabinet Ware-Room.
Raleigh, August 20. 867t

An apprentice from 12 to 15 years of age, who can come well recommended, will be taken, if application be made as above.

China, Glass & Earthen Ware.
No. 108, Water Street, New-York.
Four doors from the Coffee House.

THE Subscriber, late of the House of Dummer & Hempsted, (Petersburg,) has received 300 Packages of the above articles, per the latest arrivals from Liverpool, comprising a complete assortment of new Ware and very beautiful patterns, which he is offering by the Package, or from the Shelves, on as favorable terms as any House in the Union.

ALSO,

14 sacks Bristol Porter Bottles,
30 cases half pint Tumblers.

B. HEMPSTED has made arrangements to receive, per Line of Packets from Liverpool, constant additions to his assortment, which will enable him to execute orders on very favorable terms.

N. B. North-Carolina money taken at par.
84-6w B. HEMPSTED.

State of North-Carolina.

Rutherford County.

In Equity.

Spring term, 1825.

James Thompson, Goolb Hoyt,
James B. Murray, Arthur Bron-
son and others, } Bill to fore-
close mort-
gage.

Augustus Sackett.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant, Augustus Sackett, is not an inhabitant of this State; it is ordered that publication be made three months successively in the Raleigh Register, that unless he appear at the next Court of Equity to be held for Rutherford county, at the Court-house in Rutherfordton, on the 3d Monday after the 4th Monday of September next, and plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint filed against him; it will be taken pro confesso, and heard ex parte.

Test. T. F. BIRCHETT, C. M. E.
May 30. 3m

State of North-Carolina,

MARTIN COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions,
June Term, 1825.

Henry Slade,

The heirs of Jeremiah } Petition of Partition.
Slade, dec'd.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Thomas B. Slade and Jas. B. Slade, two of the Defendants, are not inhabitants of this State: It is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Raleigh Register for six weeks, that unless they appear at our next court of pleas & quarter sessions, to be held for the county of Martin, at the court-house in Williamston, on the 2d Monday of September next, then and there to plead, &c. Judgment will be taken pro confesso as to them, and judgment entered accordingly.

Witness Henry B. Hunter, Clerk of the said Court at Williamston, the 2d Monday of June, 1825.

HENRY B. HUNTER, Clk.

State of North-Carolina.

Rutherford County.

In Equity.

Spring term, 1825.

David Patterson,
William Holloway and Ben-
jamin Jordan, } Original Bill.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendants are not inhabitants of this State; it is ordered that publication be made three months successively in the Raleigh Register, notifying them to appear at the next Court of Equity, to be held for the county of Rutherford, at the Court-house in Rutherfordton, on the 3d Monday after the 4th Monday of September next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the complaint now filed against them, or the same will be taken pro confesso, and heard ex parte.

Test. T. F. BIRCHETT, C. M. E.
May 3. 3m

Cape-Fear Navigation Com- pany.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

THAT a meeting of the President and Directors of the Cape-Fear Navigation Company will be held at Fayetteville, on Monday the 12th day of September next.
By order, JOHN CRUSOE, Sec'y.

Further Notice

IT HEREBY GIVEN, that the dividend of 4 cent declared and payable to the Stockholders of the Cape Fear Navigation Company on the 1st day of October next, will be paid only to persons who appear by the Books of the Company, to be the owners of the Stock, unless the real owners shall have procured a transfer of the Stock according to the following provisions of the charter, viz. Section 14th, That it shall and may be lawful for every proprietor to transfer his or her share or shares, by deed executed before two witnesses, and registered, after the proof of the execution in the Company's Books, and not otherwise, except by devise, which devise shall also be exhibited to the President and Directors and registered before the devisee shall be entitled to draw any part of the profits from said tolls.
By order, JOHN CRUSOE, Sec'y.
Fayetteville, Aug. 1. 82-6w

Congressional Register.

THE Register of Debates in Congress, having swelled into a much larger volume than was at first anticipated by the publishers, its completion has, in consequence, been delayed beyond the period promised to its subscribers. The increased size of the work has been caused, in part, by the addition of a number of interesting public Documents, which were too voluminous for newspaper publication, and by a determination of the Editors to place in the Appendix of the volume, all the *Laws* passed during the session. The publishers have, however, the pleasure to inform the patrons of the work that it will be completed in the course of two or three weeks, and then forthwith forwarded to them by mail.

To all those who have sent in their names for the work, it will be furnished at the price originally proposed, viz. three dollars; but it is proper to make it known, that, in consequence of the great enlargement of the volume, the price will be raised, to non-subscribers, to five dollars.

GALES & SEATON.

Aug. 10, 1825.
Treasury Office, 15th August, 1825.

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA.
THE Public Treasurer considers it his duty to invite the attention of the Clerks and Sheriff of this State to the provisions of the acts of the General Assembly, passed in 1822—1823, & 1824, "for the promotion of Agriculture and family domestic Manufactures."

By these acts, the Clerks of the County, Superior and Supreme Courts, and Clerks and Masters in Equity, are required, at the first term of the Courts of which they are Clerks respectively, after the 1st day of August in each and every year, to make a statement on oath, of all monies remaining in their hands, and which were received by them officially, three years or more previous thereto; specifying therein the amount of each separate claim, and the name of the person to whom the same is payable; and if there be no such monies in their hands, they are to make affidavit of the same: which return or affidavit, the Judge or Chairman of the Court before whom it is made, shall cause to be transmitted to the Public Treasurer on or before the 1st of December in the same year, and the said clerks, after making such statements, are to pay into the Treasury, on or before the 1st of December, all the balance so stated to be in their hands.—Every clerk aforesaid failing to comply with these requisitions, forfeits \$1000,—to be sued for and recovered by the Public Treasurer, in Wake Superior Court; and is moreover liable for all the monies in his hands as aforesaid.—And on failure to pay over the monies as aforesaid, such clerk may be proceeded against by the Public Treasurer in any Court of record in like manner as defaulting revenue officers.—Every person who has heretofore been clerk of any court of record in this state, is to render to the court of which he may have been clerk, a statement of monies remaining in his hands as aforesaid, and shall account and pay over the same, in the same manner as clerks in office, and under the like penalty for failure—and it is made the duty of the law officers of the state for the circuit in which such person shall reside, to cause a sc. fa. to be issued against him (on his failure to make return and payment) returnable to the Superior Court of the county in which such person resides—on which, the court is to render judgment for the penalty, unless sufficient excuse be given for the failure.

All Sheriffs in office at the time of passing the act of 1823, are required, at the same times, to render a like statement and to account in the same manner, under a like penalty.

While the Public Treasurer takes pleasure in testifying to the punctuality of many of the present and former clerks, including some of our most distinguished citizens of the present day, it is with much regret that he is constrained to add, there remain still many who are defaulters under these laws.

Waiving all other considerations, the Treasurer would hereby respectfully suggest to those concerned, that it is certainly far more easy, and will eventually prove to be less troublesome and expensive, to furnish voluntarily and forthwith the returns required by law, than by longer neglect or delay to risk the being subjected to the compulsory process of the courts; which must & will be the certain and inevitable consequence of future neglect or omission.

JOHN HAYWOOD, P. Treas'r.

\$50 Reward.

RAN away from the farm of the subscriber not long since, two negro Boys of the following description:

AARON, about 20 years old, 5 feet 8 inches high, and stout in proportion to his height; a dirty, black skin, wide face and small eyes.

DAVID, 18 years old, about the height of Aaron, but not so square built. He is a dark mulatto, nearly black; his eyes are above the common size.

They will probably take up about Raleigh, or in the neighborhood of Colonel Philemon Hawkins, in Warren. The above reward will be given for their apprehension and delivery to me, or for 30 dolls. for Aaron and 20 for David.

WILL A. BLOUNT.

Beaufort county, May 15. 60tf

Raleigh Register.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1825.

The Election Returns for members of Assembly, have not as yet been received from several Counties. We enumerate them with a hope, that some Postmaster in each, will favor us with the result. Those that remain to be heard from, are *Ashc, Columbus, Hyde, Jones, Lenoir and Sampson.*

Liberty.—Bolivar has offered to Mr Lancaster 20,000 dolls. to be employed in advancing the education of children at Caraccas.

The following ingenious Toast, was drank at Nantucket, on the Fourth of July last:

The Governor of New-York—whose colossal mind conceived the project of practically uniting these States, by locking them together.

The Court of Inquiry at Washington, whose duty it was to investigate the conduct of Commodore Porter, respecting the alleged employment of the West India squadron, in the transportation of specie, have made an ample report which has subsequently been published in the National Intelligencer.—The Court, it will be seen, not only acquits Comm. P. of all blame or impropriety on this score, but it bestows on him the most unqualified praise for his zeal and activity in effecting the important object entrusted to him, from the moment he left the situation of Commissioner of the Navy Board, to volunteer in the hazardous but inglorious service in which he asked permission to embark.

The following extract of a letter, dated August 20, signed D. Porter, to a friend in Philadelphia, speaks volumes in commendation of this distinguished officer: "I have been tried and judged by my peers, and I bow with deference to their decision. I have endeavored, throughout my trial, to defend my honor as became a man, and trust I can bear my punishment without repining. No one has yet heard me murmur at my sentence; and until they do, no apology appears necessary for either the Court or the prosecution. I do not express doubt that strict justice has been dispensed to me."

Naval Court Martial.—The proceedings in the case of Commodore Stewart are advancing as rapidly as the charges preferred against him, and a regard for justice will admit. The examination of a considerable number of witnesses has closed, and it is probable that this part of the business will be completed in a few days.

A man has been fined at Boston, for cruelly beating his horse. This is as it should be. There is no greater evidence of a dastardly and ungenerous spirit, than the abuse of creatures that have not the ability or disposition to defend themselves. He who would wantonly and unnecessarily torture a dumb animal, would exercise his savage disposition upon his fellow man if he dare. Whilst they add to our convenience and assist in our support, they ought to be kindly treated. Our favorite COWPER, says, in allusion to this subject,

I would not enter on my list of friends,
(Though graced with polished manners and fine sense,
Yet wanting sensibility,) the man
Who needlessly sets foot upon a worm.
If man's convenience, health,
Or safety interfere, his rights and claims
Are paramount, and must extinguish theirs.
Else they are all—the meanest things that are,
As free to live and to enjoy that life
As God was free to form them at the first,
Who in his sovereign wisdom made them all.

The ship *William Wallace*, from Savannah for New-York, was stranded and lost on the night of the 20th inst. on Great Egg Harbor Beach. The passengers (ten in number,) and crew, all saved. Her cargo consisted of only 30 bales of Cotton, and 100 casks of Rice.

The population of Cadiz, in Spain, formerly 63,000, is said to have dwindled to 40,000. One third of the dwellings are empty.

"The old Serpent."—An animal supposed to be a Sea-Serpent, not less than sixty feet long, is said to have exhibited himself in Halifax Harbor, to the gratification of many spectators.

Hayti.—The Port au Prince papers contain long accounts of the ceremonies used in approving, by the senate, the ordonnance of the king of France, recognizing the independence of Hayti.

After it had been read—one of the senators delivered an address of some length, concluding with the following words, "For twenty years past, we have annually renewed the oath to live free or die; henceforth we will add to it a wish, dear to our hearts, and which I hope will be heard in heaven; and that a reciprocal confidence and open heartedness may cement forever the compact which has just been formed between the French and Haytiens."

In the brig *Antelope*, which arrived at Providence, R. I. a few days ago, from Havana, came passenger Charles Savage, Esq. American Consul for the State of Guatemala, Central America, from which country he has just returned, via Havana.

Mr. Savage, says the Providence Patriot, is in possession of much important information relative to the geography, statistics, and politics of that interesting, rich, and hitherto little understood, section of the country.—We understand that he is the first public functionary of any grade who has ever visited Guatemala, and was received by the government of that state with every mark of attention.—Mr. Savage has in possession several interesting papers, and also a file of newspapers printed in the city of Guatemala, from which we expect some translations as soon as Mr. Savage's health will admit. Mr. Savage, we are sorry to add, is in a feeble state of health from the effects of the fatigue and privations incident to his overland journeys, and a dangerous disease with which he was attacked in Havana. He is, however, on the recovery, and good air and rest, we think, will speedily re-invigorate him.

A writer in a Baltimore paper suggests a remedy to dispel drowsiness, which it may be useful to seamen to know, to whom he particularly addresses himself. Whilst on watch, the writer was seized with uncommon drowsiness, and finding, by accident, he had a biscuit in his pocket, "I began, says he, to eat it, and before I had swallowed the second mouthful, all my drowsiness left me. It came on, however, in about five minutes, when I began to masticate biscuit, when it left me as before. I found that one biscuit would keep me awake through the watch, and I never was without a biscuit afterwards." If this be truly a fact, how unfortunate, that Lieut. *Whitlock* who was lately suspended by the Court Martial, for sleeping on his post, did not always carry a quantum of the article with him.

Treating at Elections.—The Huntsville, (Ala.) Advocate, of the 5th inst. indulges in some very appropriate reflections on the vile practice of holding barbecues and giving whiskey at elections; and of the election on the preceding Monday, says—"Never in our lives before did we witness such a profusion of treating on any public occasion, and it is the first time that we have seen bottles paraded in the public square, in rows, with labels containing the names of the several candidates, which a stranger, who did not know the custom, would have taken for the name of the liquor the bottle contained, and not of the person who furnished it."

By the Florida, arrived at New-York, from Peru and Rio, we have accounts that Rear-Admiral Rosamel, commander of the French forces in the Pacific, had an interview with Bolivar at Magdalena, on the 18th of March, at which he made a declaration of the determination of France to pursue a strict neutrality with regard to the New States of South-America. Callao still held out on the 1st of April. A decree was issued in April, declaring that all Spanish manufactures, or effects belonging to the subjects of Spain, should thereafter be subject to confiscation. A second decree grants to foreigners the right to transact business in their own names and on their own responsibility in Peru; and, in all respects, to enjoy the protection of the laws equally with Peruvians, and to be subject to the same taxes.

Much consternation was produced at the place when it was known that Lord Cochrane had departed from Brazil, in the *Piranga* frigate; it being understood that he went off without taking leave of the Emperor, carrying with him all the money he had levied on the people at Pernambuco, Maranham, &c. and other property to a large amount, Admiral Jewett, who was suspected of being an accessory to this project, had since been arrested.

The last London papers state that the *Piranga* was repairing at Spithead, for the purpose of returning to Rio, but it was expected Lord Cochrane would not return in her. The seamen had been paid off, with liberty to continue in the service or not.

Melancholy Casualty.—A friend in Burke county informs us that on the night of the 2d instant, a young man by the name of Gabriel Cox, at the house of Mr. Jacob Mull, in the neigh-

borhood of Morantown, fell down stairs and broke his neck: he almost instantly died. It is supposed that, in a fit of somnambulancy, he was walking in his bed-chamber, and stepped off the stair-way, (there being no banister) and fell on his head, by which his neck was broken. He was a young man of excellent character, and highly esteemed by all of his acquaintance.

West. Caro.

Caution.—At a shooting-match at Mr. John Barringer's, in the north-east part of Cabarrus county, the other day, where a crowd had collected, in the midst of whom a man by the name of Troutman was fixing the flint of his gun, the gun was prematurely fired, the charge of which entered the back of Mr. Leonard Piller, near the shoulder, and came out at the breast.

Instances have so frequently occurred, of fatal accidents happening from the careless use of guns, that it is astonishing people are not more careful in handling those dangerous weapons.

Mr. Piller, we understand is since dead.—*Id.*

Fatal effects of unbridled Passion.—On Monday, the 15th inst. two negro men in the employ of Mr. Alexander Penny, about 15 miles from this town, while at work in the field, quarrelled about a drink of water; one of them seized an axe, with which he threatened to beat the other's brains out; the latter then picked up a heavy club, and in the scuffle that ensued, the one with a club struck the other so heavy a blow, as to split his head open the length of eighteen inches. He almost instantly expired.—*Id.*

HIRAM LODGE, No. 40.

"What man is he that liveth and shall not see death? The Lord giveth, and the Lord taketh away, blessed be the name of the Lord."

The Supreme Architect of the Universe, having been pleased to call away our worthy and well beloved brother John J. S. Ruffin from the labours, cares, and troubles of a transitory existence to a state of eternal duration and thereby to weaken the chain by which we are united, man to man, and to deprive our Lodge of one of its brightest ornaments.

Be it therefore unanimously resolved, that as a token of our esteem and brotherly love for our dear deceased brother John J. S. Ruffin, the members of this Lodge wear proper Masonic Mourning for thirty days.

Be it further resolved, that the Editors of the Register and Star be requested to publish the above.

C. DULL LEHMAN, Sec. P. T.
August 30, 1825.

MARRIED.

On the 24th inst. Mr. John McNeill to Miss Caroline Johnson, daughter of Mr. Neill Johnson, all of Richmond county.

In Rowan county, on the 4th inst. Mr. Lawrence Hudson to Miss Margaret Hendren.

In the same county, on the 14th inst. Mr. Wm. Miller to Miss Catharine Mowry.

On the 9th August, Mr. John A. Mason to Miss Mary Hendricks, both of Rowan.

In the same county, on the 9th of August, Rev. James H. Bowman, of Maury county, Tenn. to Miss Elizabeth S. daughter of the late Rev. Samuel McCorkle, of Rowan.

At Albany, N. Y. Mr. Thomas G. Thurston merchant, of Wilmington, N. C. to Miss Mary Ann Stoddard, daughter of John Stoddard, Esq.

"Man is but a shadow, and life a dream."
Of the truth of this, we have had, during the past week, a most melancholy illustration. In our last paper we mentioned the death of Mr. John J. S. Ruffin, and now it is our mournful task to record the decease of his father, our venerated friend, Mr. William Ruffin.

He died on Tuesday last, after nine days illness, brought on, doubtless, by a fatiguing journey to Virginia, which he had just accomplished. Our city has lost one of its most valued inhabitants—has been deprived of a citizen, whose private virtues secured the affection, and whose general conduct commanded the respect of every one who had the pleasure of his acquaintance. Mr. Ruffin was a soldier of the Revolution, and was present at the capitulation of York-town. When General Lafayette visited Raleigh, he called upon his associate in arms, and when the deceased spoke of the service in which he was engaged in that affair, so honorable to our country, the General, (whose active memory seems to grasp every thing,) remembered perfectly every incident, and recounted every particular of the achievement in which they had been connected. Mr. Ruffin possessed talents of the first order, though he was placed in no situation during his residence in this City fairly to develop them. He was a distinguished member of the Virginia Legislature, for many years, previous to his removal from that State, of which he was a native. His political information was perhaps surpassed by few, and his memory was a perfect chronicle of events connected with the history of the United States. He was an inflexible Republican, and in no breast did the *amor patrie* glow with more purity and fervor. In addition to the other traits in the character of this excellent man, he was an exemplary Christian, and one of the brightest ornaments of the Methodist Church, of which he was an old and most influential member; and in his dying moments, he bore testimony to the efficacy of that Religion which he had so zealously espoused.

It was a singular, and to him and them a truly gratifying circumstance, that his children, some of whom lived in extreme parts of our country, were, at the time of his death, all collected together at his house, and were thus afforded an opportunity of administering to his wants, and receiving the blessing of their beloved and highly revered Parent.

On the 23d instant, in the 20th year of her age, Mrs. Ann Tunstall, consort of Dr. Peyton H. Tunstall, at his residence in Nash county, after a few days illness—leaving an affectionate and disconsolate husband with two small children and a numerous circle of relatives and friends, to bewail their loss.