Leward

A glub of ten, weekly, six months 10:00 FRIDAY, JULY 27, 1866.

A clab of ten, weekly, one year 20.00

LOCAL DEPARTMENT

POST OFFICE, NEWSERN, N. C., June 10, 1866.

JOB WORK .- We keep constantly on hand large and varied stock of material, also first-class ob Printers, for all kinds of work in that line. Grders in the city and from the country will resatisfaction is guar-

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Business Norice.-From and after this date, all transient advertising and job work must be paid for promptly, when the order is handed in. The expense and trouble of collecting little bills la so great that we are driven to this necessity: this rule of course will not apply to regular monthly advertising patrons.

MAYOR'S COURT:

Thursday July, 26 .- Before His Honor, Mayor F. S. Bangert, charged with withholding a

to pay the part withheld Sylvester Silvy, charged with an assault on Esther Latham, was held in a bond for the sum term of the County Court.

THE TURE NEWBOOK VS. GOLDSBORG'. the Newbern race course yesterday, the "Destiver." of Newbern, was pitted against the

1st heat, "Deceiver." " Deceiver. 2:54 "Buckskin;" 2:57 "Deceiver." 2:53 "Buckskin:

of course, as will be seen by the foregoing, Newbern carried off the stakes by accomplishing the clean job of best three in three.

This climate has no blossoms imbued with a scent as exquisite as that exhaled by Phalon's "Night-Blooming Cereus." In the tropical vales of the Andes grow the flowers from which it derives its name, and the fragrance which they pour out upon the moonlight air dwells unimpaired in every drop of this rare extract. - Off

CANCELLED POSTAGE STAMPS. For some time letters have been but in the Post Office at this place, with cancelled stamps upon them, but the Postmaster and clerks were unable to detect who the guilty party was until vesterday, Mr. CHAS. HEYWOOD, a clerk in the Post Office, being on the alert, caught Daniel Havens, a colored man, as he deposited in the office a letter with a cancelled stamp upon it. Upon being questioned about the matter, he stated that John Dixon, another colored man, had given him the stamp. John Dixon being brought to an account, there was found upon his person some ten or twelve of these old stamps.

The parties were arrested by U. S. Marshal KEROE and arraigned before Justice Oscood, and were required to enter into bond in the sum of \$500 each, for their appearance to the next term of the U. S. District Court to be held in October next.

PHUNNY .- The boys all got dry yesterday morning, and determined they'd have a drink. So they issued a number of bogus writs, appointed officers, and had a crowd arrested and carried to the Club House for trial. Arriving there they made the worst sold man treat the crowd. Phunny, warn't it?

Before the imitators of Lubin's Extracts can persuade the American public to adopt their spurious preparations, two miracles must be accomplished. The manufacture of Phalon's "Night-Blooming Cereus" must be stopped, and the nation deprived of its sense of smell. While both exist, the former will continue to enchant the latter .- Titusville Herald.

[For the Newbern Times, Mr. Epiron : I have read with considerable interest the articles of "Renym," upon the tax ordinances of the city. Articles of the kind when written in a proper spirit and with strict adherence to facts, are calculated to do good, and ought to be encouraged. A full and fair discussion by the citizens of the official acts of their servant, the City Government, cannot fail to exert a veneticial influence; producing a healthy effect, both upon the governed and the governors. It makes the citizen feel that he not only has an interest in the proper ordering of city aftairs, but this interest fitly urged, must necessarily exert a salutary effect upon those more immediately engaged in their administration.

But these discussions must be ingenuous. They must be intended honestly, to remedy a real evil, to point out a substantial good, or rebuke persistent and wilful wrong. They must be inspired by a genuine desire to promote the welfare of the entire city, not a part of it, or a particular class in it. The writers should feel an earnest interest in the advancement of the whole community, and a willingness to make sacrifices for this end; not a selfish desire to reap all the advantages of citizenship, but avoid all the bur-

dens it imposes.
Viewed in this light, it seems to me that the rticles of "Renym" are not calculated to do good. They are too narrow in their scope, al-legether too circumscribed by the object which underlie them. They are written in a leus tone, and seem calculated to provoke and in tal rather than reform. Some of the statemens, too, are made with too much rashness, and as in ensequence, not sustained by the facts, while others are distorted, and improper inferences are thus illogically deduced.

Newbern Dailp Eimes

VOL. 3 .-- NO. 109.

NEWBERN, N. C., FRIDAY, JULY 27, 1866.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

A very pretty little scene in a workshop described in yesterday's Times, critically examined, is shorn of its point, by a simple statement of facts. The election of Mayor and Councilmen took place on the 8th of February last. The Board was fully organized on the 12th. The first draft of the amendment to the City Charter, authorizing the present tax ordinances (that by which labor is taxed), was adopted by the Board on the 19th of the same month-was immedia ately sent to our representatives in Raleigh to be carried through the Legislature. This bill was passed early in March, and the first ordinance taxing the community, under it, was adopted the 14th of the same month by our Board of Council; and the citizens were thereby first informed of the existence of such a law. It will be perceived that this took place more than a month after the organization of a full Board, and when it was known to every person in the city who the Councilmen were, and that they would not be changed, in contemplation of law, until fourteen from Congress. months after. It must have been, therefore, a very funny as well as a most remarkable conversation, that could thus be enacted upon suppositions and anticipated facts. It is to be hoped that the remainder of the affecting story is based upon a more substantial foundation.

According to "Renym's" own statement, it is

they were not taxed at all. And as the conversation is represented to have taken place between entirely "jours," who are not taxed; I hope he will excuse me for being unable to see the point, or to appreciate their wrathful ebullitions on that occapart of the price of articles bought, was ordered sion. Now, it certainly was the earnest desire of the Board to let the tax bear as lightly upon the labor of the citizen as possible. Hence shops of their own, and employ if they choose, "jours" to work for them. The poor "jours," it was presumed, not being able to spare any of the pittance allowed them for their day's labor. their prices to such an exorbitant rate that the community had to decline employing them, and go directly to the "jours," it surely cannot be fairly laid to the charge of the tax ordinance. Certainly four dollars a month could not make such a difference. I am far from believing that the tax bill is perfect. I have in fact no doubt but that it bears unequally on certain classes of our people. And it is to be hoped that the Board will remedy that defect as far as it is possible to do so. I know that this cannot be entirely accomplished, as it is impossible to make specific taxes harmonize equally with ad valorem. In the meantime let us try to keep cool and have s little patience. W.

STATE NEWS.

Important to Turpentine Distillers. TREASURY DEP'T, OFFICE INT. REVENUE, WASHINGTON, July 20, 1866.

Siz: Yours of the 16th inst., is received, in which you state that a large quantity of Spirits Turpentine is stored at Wilmington and vicinity. which the tax has not been paid, and asking if it is not liable to the duty under the present

By reference to Special No. 16. it will be seen that the duty on Cotton and Spirits Turpentine is payable by the person in whose hands the articles are found by officers of Internal Revenue; hence the Turpentine to which you refer is subject to the rate imposed by the law now in force, if assessed prior to the 1st proximo the date on which the new law takes effect.

The above instructions do not, however, apply to Turpentine or other articles in the hands of the manufacturer or producer not removed from the place of manufacture or production. Very Respectfully.
E. A. ROLLINS,

L. G. Estes, Esq., Co Collector, Wilmington, N. C. Commissioner.

THE DISTRICT CONVENTION .- At the District Convention which assembled in Goldsboro' on Wednesday, the 25th inst., Hon. M. E. MANLY, of Craven, and W. A. WRIGHT, of New Hanover, were selected as the delegates from this district, and Hon. GEO. HOWARD, of Edgecombe, was recommended to the Raleigh Convention as a suitable man to be one of the four to represent the

The Goldsboro' News says :

THE CONVENTION YESTERDAY. -- Much unanimi-It was the decided wish of the delegates pres-

ent that the distinguished gentlemen, selected as delegates to the National Convention, should certainly attend the deliberations of that body; and it is to be hoped that the earnest desire of the Convention may be complied with.

From the Raleigh papers we learn that the Hon. R. B. GILLIAM, of Granville, and the Hon-A. H. ARRINGTON, of Nash, were elected dele-

At the Salisbury Convention Messrs. Jos. H. Wilson and Nar. Boyden, were appointed delegates, and J. E. KEER and Col. PUBYEAR alter-

At a large meeting of Union men held at New pas-ed a joint resolution, amending the CoustiAlbany, Ind., on Wednesday, July 18, for the purpose of ratifying the nomination of Walter G.

Justice I have been describing, congress has pas-ed a joint resolution, amending the Coustitution of the United States, the second clause of which provides "that whenever the right to vote is denied in any State to any of the male inhabiis denied in any State to any of the male inhabi-Greewall for Congress, Gov. Morton reviewed the is denied in any State to any of the male inhabi-Congressional amendment at length, and discussed the revived disunion schemes of the Copperheads. In the following he shows how the party of Vallandigham and Voorhees have eaten their own words:—

tants of such State 21 years or age, and a cruzch of the United States, or is in any way abridged, except for participation in the rebellion, or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens 21 years of age in such State 21 years or age, and a cruzch of the United States, or is in any way abridged, except for participation in the rebellion, or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens 21 years of age in such State.

Some three or four weeks ago, a Democratic Convention was held in this city, at which a candidate for Congress was nominated, speeches were made by Messrs. Voorhees and McDonald, and a series of resolutions adopted, the second of which declares that "the war was just and necessary to prevent the disruption of the Union, and overthrow of the Constitution," and thanks the soldiers for their valor in preserving the na-

Sixteen months after the war was over, the the first time, that the var was "just and necessary" on our part—a truth which had been arrived at by the great body of the people of the United States more than five years before.

Tiect to deduct the whole negro population of the aggregate number for which representation is to be given, and will deprive them of 30 votes in Congress and in the Electoral College.

Well as the remedy, and to remain the draw from the confederation determination of its own will.

They held that we were not congress and in the Electoral College. men composing the Convention discovered, for This resolution is a complete and unreserved confession of the disloyal and the treasonable

The whole country will regard it as a dying repentence, forced from a convicted criminal who is standing in full view of the scaffold, but will regard it as a confession springing not from pen-itence of heart, but from hopes of pardon and renewed life. The men making this confession ask the country to receive it as an evidence that they have from the first been in favor of the war, and demand that they shall be received as good Union men. Who have protected and preserved their country, and not as friends, aiders and abet-

If "the war was just and necessary;" why did the Democracy of Washington county, in a meet-ing held at Salem, in February, 1861, resolve that if a separation took place between the North and South, the line of separation must run north of Washington county, and that if they were compelled to fight on either side they would be found fighting in the armies of the South?"

If the war was "just and necessary" on our part, then, of course, the rebellion was wicked, and rebels ought to be punished and excluded

If the war was "just and necessary," why did the "Sons of Liberty" conspire to overturn the state Government, release robel prisoners, seize arsenals, murder the Executive, and precipitate Indiana into rebellion? If the war was "just and necessary," why did

not these men encourage enlistments, enter the

If the war was "just and necessary," why did Democratic politicians go to Chicago in the midst of the last great campaign of 1864, in the very crisis of the fight, and there resolve that the war was wicked and unconstitutional on our part, that it was a failure, and we ought to fay

down our arms and sue for peace? cessary," why did Democratic politicians refuse to proclaim the fact until 16 months after it was no one is taxed of that class of the community over, and after they had done all the harm they of \$50 to keep the peace and appear at the next but the "boss" workmen, who were able to have could, and when their adhesion to the Government could do no good?

> REPRESENTATION. There are two kinds of representation in Congress. The representation of the States and of the people. Each State has two Representatives sage from it: that the people shall be equitably and equally

represented in the House.

In the original formation of the Constitution representatives were apportioned among the several States by adding to the whole number of free persons, "excluding Indians, not taxed, three-

fifths of all other persons."

These three-fifths of all other persons were slaves, and in effect, every five slaves were counted as three free persons in making up the representation. This was a very hard provision for the people of the free States, but it was demanded by the slaveholders and conceded by our fathers in compromise, they believing that It affects to treat the subject as if the Senators and Representatives from those States had been

Kentucky, Maryland, Delaware, and Missouri, had a white population of 5,002,051, and had a negro population of 3,750,031. By the last apportionment, which allowed one representative "As essential to national union, we must for every 125,000 people, the white population maintain unimpaired the rights, the dignity, of these rebel States which entitle them to fortytwo representatives, and the colored population, now that slavery is abolished, and each negro thirty representatives more, making seventy-two tion of the Unnited States."

enjoy no political rights or considerations whatever. They have no more voice in making the laws by which they are governed, or in choosing their rulers, than the beasts of the field; and yet, as the Constitution now stands, their late masters will have thirty votes in Congress and in the Electoral College on their account-just equal to the united vote of Ohio and Indiana. In other words, the white men of these rebel States, nineteen-twentieths of whom are rebels and were engaged in the late rebellion, can vote down Ohio and Indiana by representing the negros, who are stripped of all political rights whatever. The negro, for himself, amounts to nothing, counts for nothing, and his existence is utterly ignored; but he amounts to a man and counts for a man for the benefit of white rebets by whom he is surrounded. The white people of the rebel States have ferty-two votes for themselves, and then will have thirty vo es more for the negros. Democratic politicians appeal to the vulgar prejudices of people by claiming that this is a white man's Government; but what kind of a

ty and good feeling prevailed in the District white man's government is it which has thirty Convention yesterday. The proceedings in full votes in Congress and thirty votes in the E ectomay be seen by reference to another column of to-day's issue.

This advantage which the rebel States now have is mons rous, and is not to be quietly endured. No Northern man, who has the least respect for himself, can for a moment consent that they shall retain it. Even if they were loyal -if they had tried to sustain the Governme t instead of destroying it-they could have no possible claim

They have thirty votes in Congress that have no constituency; thirty votes as from thirty rotten b roughs under the Engl sh system. And these thirty votes just balance and set off the ernment.

This is a gross inequality, and would seem to have but little foundation in reason, yet it was part of the original theory of the Government, that the State, without regard to the r population, should have equal representation in the perhead" Democracy. So that every man who HIS REVIEW OF THE AMENDMENT AND THE CALL Senate, and we are not seeking to change it.

In order to correct the shameful abuse and injustice I have been describing. Congress has it convention in the goes into that convention is advised in advance that whatever change of name be may undergo, he must subscribe unconditionally to the old

tants of such State 21 years of age, and a citizen

21 years of age bear the same proportion to the whole negro population that white males over 21 years of age bear to the whole white population, and deducts the negro population by that proportion from the whole number for which repre-sentation is to be given. This will have the effect to deduct the whole negro population of the

entation for her negroes, she has but to confer

published a call for a National Convention to be held in the city of Philadelphia on the 14th of August, and to be known as the National Union of the Democratic party, and renunciation of the name Democracy, and an invitation for its mem-

the dreadful burden.

The proposition to change its name is a humiliating acknowledgement of defeat; of dishonor, and of national condemnation, which could have According to 'Renym's' own statement, it is not perceived how the offerous tax complained and unite in all those things which should be cheerfully performed by every loyal and patriotic assume, will be the same old Copperhead conchestfully performed by every loyal and patriotic eern. Conposed of the same men, clothed with

the same history, and plotting the same dishon-ors and disasters to the country.

The "call" establishes, the fact, however, that the recent revelation to the Democracy of this district, "that the war was just and necessary, was local in its character and did not extend to Washington," for it makes no mention of the war And, in short, if the war was "just and ne- at all, and for aught that appears in it; the authors of it never heard of the rebellion. They discuss the dangerous situation of the country, utterly ignoring, the fact that there has been a rebellion, and innevently seem to expect that the people will be equally dumb, apparently enter-taining the idea of the ostrich, who believes that when his head is thrust under the dirt his body is out of sight. But allow me to quote a pass-in all their stages, at little expense, little or no

"At present 11 States are excluded from the National Council. For seven long months the present Congress has persistently denied any representation to the people of these States. Laws affecting their highest and dearest interest have been passed without their consent, and in disregard of the fundamental principle of free government."

Here it claims in piteous terms, that for seven months 11 States have not been represented in Congress, but makes no reference whatever to the manner in which the Senators and Representatives from these States went out of Congress, or the condition of those States for the five years preceding these seven months.

It affects to treat the subject as if the Senators

dure a quarter of a century, and it became finally an almost intolerable burden and injustice, as it gave to the South a representation of twenty-two S. ates in the House of Representatives and in the Electoral College for President and Vice-President on account of their property.

According to the census of 1860, the eleven robal States and in the season of 1860, the eleven robal States and including in the season of 1860, the eleven robal states and including in the season of 1860, the eleven robal states from those States had been rudely expelled from Congress, without cause or fault on their part, and wickedly kept out of their seats for the long period of seven months, and very facilishly tries to ignore the fact that these Senators and Representatives, five years before that time, and in violation of their oaths, had voluntarily abandoned their seats and inau-According to the census of 1860, the eleven had voluntarily abandoned their seats and inaurebel States, not including in their number gurated a cruel war, in which, after a costly and bloody struggle of four years, they were over-whelmingly defeated.

Again they say:
"As essential to national union, we must right of representation in Congress, and the exclusive right of each State to control its own counts as one person, would entitle them to domestic concerns, subject only to the Constitu-

in all.

By the same census, the seven north-western States had a negro population of 65,000, 12,0:0 of whom lived in Indiana, and altogether making but half enough for one representative. And now in these eleven rebel States the negros tion of the Cunited States."

Now, all this is a mere trick of words, intended to obscure the truth. There is no issue involved concerning the rights or the dignity and equality of the States, but the real question is, what shall be the status and condition of the rebel States; upon what terms shall they be admitted back to the enjoyment of political rights, and what security shall be taken, what guarantees exacted by the loyal people of the nation to prevent the horrors and atrocities of another rebellion.

In conclusion, the authors of this call use the

following language: We therefore respectfully but earnestly urge upon our fellow-citizens of each State, Territory and Congressional District in the United States, in the interest of Union, and in a spirit of harmony, and with a direct reference to the princi-ples contained in said call, to act promptly in the selection of moderate and selection of moderate and conservative men to represent them in said Convention, to the end that all the States shall at once be restored to their practical relations to the Union, the Constitution be maintained, and peace bless the

Here we have the whole Democratic policy developed, which is that all the States shall at once by the immediate admission of their Senators and Representatives into Congress. Every Senator and Representative elected in nine out of eleven rebel States is, I am imformed, a rebel, and wholly unable to take the test oath. Many of them were leading rebels, and bore a large part in precipitating the South into rebellion, And Democratic Congressmen demand their immediate and unconditional restoration to power. and proclaim that the failure to admit them for seven months is a gross infraction of their rights and a wanton violation of the Constitution, aithough these rebel Repre entatives had for the preceding five years sta, e. . u o , their own atcount, and during four years of the time waged a most bloody war for the destruction of the Gov-

these Democratic members of Congress Lave in one respect overseached themselves. They have prescribed in advance the terms upon which this Flour, Previsions, convention must meet, and these constitute the exact basis and patform of the present "Cop-

cers and soldiers are invited to take their seats in convention in l'hiladelphia for the purpose of settling the questions and consequences growing out of the rebellion in which they have just been

This new party is to be dubbed the Nationa Union party.

But according to the doctrines entertained by

The effect of this amendment will be to exclude the negro population from being counted in making up the basis of representation in any State in which negroes are denied the right of suffrage. It assumes that the male negroes over ment is a mere compact, a mere confederacy of States, of sovereign and independent States, each of which, according to the Kentucky and Virginia resolutions, which have long formed the corner-stone of the Democratic creed, had a right to judge of the in raction of the Constitution as well as the remedy, and to remain in or with-draw from the confederation according to the

They held that we were not one nation, but as many nations as S.ates, bound together in co-It also deducts the 12,000 in Indiana, from the partnership by articles called the Constitution, aggregate population for which she is entitled to and which might by dissolved at pleasure.

course pursued by the so-called Democratic party throughout the war, and a full admission that their principles and practices were hostile to the Union.

As to the Union, there would be none if the Democratic party of the North had not been defeated at the potts, and the Democratic party of the South had not been defeated upon the field

resentation for her negroes, she has but to conter the right of suffrages upon her male negroes over 21 years of age and she will have it. And the matter is referred entirely to her own determination, and so with every other State.

The principle enunciated by the amendment is thus I That wherever there is a race of people who are deduced no worthy or unfit to receive one and all were levied by the Democratic party. who are declared unworthy or unfit to receive and enjoy political rights, they shall not be made the, basis for conferring political rights and the, basis for conferring political rights and the, basis for conferring political rights and the great debt which now rests upon the country, not, indeed, by direct legislation, but by bringing upon the country the terrible necessi-

Had it not been for the assurances given by the Democratic party of the North, to the people Convention. This call is a formal disbandment to secession, and that the Government and the people of the North would be held still while the wo.k of establishing a Southern confederacy

bers to meet in convention with persons of the Union party as can be induced to units with them in forming a new organization. It is a direct confession that the Democratic party, indelibly stained with treason as it is, is a name too grievons to be borne, and the cunning the man." The encouragement you gave to rebe first levied these taxes. The assistance was gave to rebe lion continued them, and the malice with which you traduce the Government, the army, and the great cause for which we struggled, swelled them to what they are; and now you go about as public disturbers, by false y ascribing to others the direct consequences of your own wickedness.

HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT BUCHU Is the Great Diwretic.

MELMBOLDS CONCENTRATED EXTRACT Is the Great Blood Purifier.

For non-retention or incontinence of urine irritation, inflammation or ulceration of the bladder, or kidneys, diseases of the prostrate glands, stone in the bladder, calculus, gravel or brick-dust deposit, and all diseases of the bladder, Lidneys, and dropsical swellings, Use Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu.

Rose Wash cures secret and delicate disorders, change in diet, no inconvenience, and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediat in its action, and free from all injurious proper

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU gives health and vigor to the frame and bloom to the pallid cheek. Debility is accompanied by many alarming symptoms, and if no treatment is submitted to. consumption, insanity or epileptic fits ensue.

the nervous and debilitated should immediately USE HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. MANHOOD AND YOUTHFUL VIGOR are regained

THE GLORY OF MAN IS STRENGTH .- Therefore

by HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. SHATTERED CONSTITUTIONS RESTORED by HELM.

A READYAND CONCLUSIVE TEST of the proper-ties of HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRAOT BUGHU will be a comparison with those set forth in the United States Dispensatory.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is pleasant in taste and odor, free from all injurious properties, and immediate in its action.

REMEDIES for unpleasant and dangerous dis-eases. Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU and IMPROVED ROSE WASH. ENFERBLED AND DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, of

both sexes, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. It will give brisk and energetic feelings and enable you to sleep well.

Both are prepared according to the rules of Pharmacy and Chemistry, and are the most active that can be made. dec 7-3tawly

SHIPPING NEWS PORT OF NEWBERN.

has medt correction July 26.—Schr. E. T. Smith, Done, from New York, with mass, to C. P. Goodspeed.

Schr. Kate E. Ritch, Codery, from Washington, D. C., with hay for quartermaster, to Whitford, D.II & Co. DE CERARED July 27 .- Schr. M. O'Neill, Conklin, for Hyde county

light, by master. Schr. Mary Emma, Pugh, for Hyde county, light, by

New Advertisements. be restored to their practical relations to the Union PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE MRS. SUMRELL.

> Craven St., between Pollok and Broad Sts., First House North of Bank of North Carolina,

IS prepared to accommodate BUARDERS ON REASONABLE TERMS. Those wishing board will please call soon. jy 2"-lt

P. HAMBLIN CRAVEN ST., NEAR SOUTH FRONT, thirty votes sent up by 3,642,000 white people And here I must be allowed to suggest that NEWBERN, NORTH CAROLINA, IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Groceries, Crockery,

Liquors, &c.,

Has always on hand a large and well selected stock of the dean interest Particular attention paid to Country Orders. HAY aways on hand. TERMS CASE.

TURNIP AND RUTA BAGA SEED.

PRIMROSE & DILLINGHAM.

FUN FOR NOTHING! THE ELM CITY BILLIARD SALOON BEING now under the suspices of Mr. J. W. STEELE, he respectfully informs the public that it is open at rates so reasonable that all can afford to enjoy this fascinating game at less expense han in any establishment in be country.
While NOTHING IS CHARGED for Billiards, he relies

upon the generosity of his patrons in parts ing of re-freshments o defray the expenses of the saloon.

He would call the attention of the public g nerally to the fact of his just receiving a most excellent variety of CHOICE LIQUORS, and a quality of SEGARS unequalled, in this city,

Traveler's Guide

CHANGE OF RAILROAD SCHEDULD.

OFFICE ATLANTIC AND N. C. R. R. COMPANY, NEWBERN, N. C., June 5, 1866.

Leave Newport. 8.00 Pass; nger train connects with North Carolina Railroad Train going West at 12.45 P. M., and returning leaves after arrival of Wilmington and Weldon Railroad train Passengers from West wait from 11.20 A. M. to 3.30

alternate day as follows : Leave Morehead City (Station)

Shipping.

GOODSPEED'S WEEKLY STEAMSHIP Carrying the U. S. Mail,

Between New York and Newbern. NORTH CABOLINA

> EL CFD HOBART, Master,

WILL sail from this port for New York direct on WEDNESDAY, Aug. 1st, at received and forwarded Free of Commission.

For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommutions, apply at WM. H. OLIVER & CO'S Brick Store to july 19-tf.

C. P. GOODSPEED, Agent.

PROCLA MATION

TO THE PEOPLE OF NORTH CAROLINA In obsdience to an Ordinance of the Sints Convention, ratified the 20th day of June, 1806, entitled "an Ordinance submitting to the qualified votars of the Sints the ratification or relection of the Convention dopted by the Convention," I, JUNATHAN WORTH, Governor of North Carofina, hereby give notice that on Thursday, the second day of August next, polls will be opened by the Sheriffs of the respective counties and kept open for three successive days, at the several election precincts in each and every county in the State, under the same rules and regulations as now axist for the election of members of the General Assembly may note for or against the ratification of the same; those who wish a ratification of the Constitution voting, with a written or printed ticket, "Ratification"—those, of a centrary opinion, voting, with a written or printed ticket, "Rejection." Sheriffs will observe the provisions of the Ordinance as to the outlet the State, has hereto set be affixed.

be affixed.

Done at the City or Raleigh, this the 1st day of July.

JUNATUAN WORTH.

By the Governor . WM. H. BAGLEY, Private Secretary. july 8-td par bar garbastedtiwic 198 No of T. Carros edt of blot mee

HAVING been duly appointed administrator of Mores Ernu', deceased, I hereby notify all persons to make payment of what they owe to said Estate, and I warn all persons from trading with or, in any manner disposing of any notes belonging to said Estate. I naderstand there are several notes out payable to Mr. Ernul for negro hire, &c. These notes are not negotiable, and persons in possession of them are requested to deliver them to me. Mr. Phillip Piptiti, of Newbern, my duly authorized agent, will attend to any business concerning

Newbern, july 24-tf & M. PATTERSON MIDDLE ST., NEWBERN, N. C.,

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