New-Bernie Daily Times.

E. Hubbs, Editor.

Union Liberty and Equality before the Law

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1871.

The Times has been designated as public printer and publishes the United States Laws, by authority.

Messrs. Griffin & Hoffman, Newspaper Advertising Agents, No. 4 South St., Baltimore, Md., are duly authorized to contract for advertisements at our lowest rates. Advertisers in that city are requested to leave their favors with this house.

Messrs. George P. Rowell & Co., Park Row New York, are authorized to make contracts for advertising in this paper, to whom, and all first class advertising houses, correspondents are referred. We cannot without much trouble answer all letters of enquiry, and take this method to post all parties.

MERITED COMPLIMENT—The following very merited compliment to Hon. C. R. Thomas, we take from the Goldsboro' *News*. We endorse every word of it.

Persona'.—Hon. C. R. Thomas passed here on Saturday on his way to Washington. We were glad to find the Honorable gentleman in good health. He carries with him to the scene of his labors the earnest and hearty good wishes of his whole constituency, in whose behalf we have no fear but he will prove himself to be a zealous worker. As a patriot, a statesman, a scholar and a christian, the second congressional district, so ably represented in ante-bellum days by a Stanley and a Ruffin, may well feel proud of him on whom the mantle of these honored predecessors has fallen; and we have no fear but his efforts will be to heal the troubled waters.

The *Tribune*, in commenting upon the President's message, finds "much more to approve than condemn," but for once the old philosopher and great agriculturalist has put his foot in it, for in the same article he refers to the proposed postal telegraph very much in the same style as he tells "What I know about farming." He assumes that the system will not pay, but by his argument, virtually admits that established lines are worth three times what they cost:

"Then as to "uniting the Telegraphic system of the United States with the Postal system," can the President be unaware that this means buying out the present stockholders in telegraphs at treble the cost of constructing the existing lines, and thus enriching a small number at the expense of the great body of their fellow-citizens? He ought to know this; for we warned him of it personally a year ago, and then advised him that the people would not stand it. Mr. President! be entreated to get out of this job and keep out! It is certain to damage you if you do not; for there will be a revolting odor generated by its consummation. Thirty millions are to be taken out of the Treasury by it to pay for property that never cost ten millions: and not one dollar of that thirty millions will ever come back again. Indeed, you tell us that the proposed system would "secure the further advantage of extending the Telegraph through portions of the country *where private enterprise will not construct it.*" Not a doubt of it! Only throw the cost of extending and maintaining the Telegraph on those who don't use it, and we can have poles and wires, offices and batteries, superintendents and operators, where there is no business, and probably never will be. But, until the Post-Office is made to pay its own way, we insist that it shall let the Telegraph alone. Nor will Congress vote otherwise, unless the members are bribed with other than legitimate inducements to go wrong."

In order to show how far the *Tribune* assumes in making the President responsible for the proposed purchase of existing lines, we quote his language, which, in our humble judgement, is nothing more nor less than a broad, enlightened and comprehensive suggestion to Congress, and entirely noncommittal upon the question of purchase:

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

The enlarged receipts of the Post-Office Department, as shown by the accompanying report of the Postmaster-General, exhibits a gratifying increase in that branch of public service. It is the index of the growth of education and of the prosperity of the people; two elements highly conducive to the vigor and stability of republics. With a vast territory like ours, much of it sparsely populated, but all requiring the services of the mail, it is not at present to be expected that this Department can be made self-sustaining; but a gradual approach to this end from year to year is confidently relied on, and the day is not far distant when the Post-Office Department of the Government will prove a much greater blessing to the whole people than it is now. The suggestion of the Postmaster-General for improvements in the Department presided over by him, are earnestly recommended to your special attention; especially do I recommend favorable consideration of the plan for uniting the telegraph system of the United States with the postal system. It is believed that by such a course the cost of telegraphing could be much reduced, and the service as well, if not better rendered. It would secure the further advantage of extending the telegraph through portions of the country where private enterprise will not construct it. Commerce, trade, and above all the efforts to bring a people widely separated into community of interest, are always benefitted by a rapid intercommunication. Education, the groundwork of republican institutions, is encouraged by increasing the facilities to gather speedy news from all parts of the country. The desire to reap the benefit of such improvements will stimulate education. I refer you to the report of the Postmaster General for full details of the operations of last year, and for comparative statements of results with former years.

LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY.

From the Raleigh Carolinian.

SENATE.

TWELFTH DAY.

MONDAY, Dec. 4, 1871.

The Senate met at 10 o'clock.

Mr. Graham of Orange in the Chair.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Atkinson of this city.

Journal of Saturday was read and approved.

Several bills introduced and referred.

Mr. Robbins, of Davidson, introduced a bill to re-enanct section six, chapter one hundred and two, of the Revised Code. Referred.

Mr. Love introduced the following preamble and resolutions relative to printing public laws, which was adopted:

WHEREAS, There was a great complaint, and the same well founded, in the year 1869 and also in 1870, against the Secretary of State or the Public Printer, or both, for the seemingly unnecessary delay in the printing and distribution of the public laws;

And whereas, There were stringent acts passed at the session of 1870-'71, to remedy this intolerable grievance;

And whereas, The delay aforesaid, is perpetrated in despite and in utter disregard of the legislation aforesaid, therefore,

Resolved, That the Committee on Public Printing be and they are hereby requested to enquire of the Secretary of State, whether or not he has complied with chapters 65 and 165, laws of 1870-'71; whether he is now complying with the 25th section of the last named chapter, and if not, why not?—and if no default is found in said Secretary that said Committee further enquire of the Public Printer the cause of this unreasonable delay, and report in writing at an early day, by bill or otherwise, that this vexatious delay may be removed.

Mr. Gilmer introduced a bill to establish a Board of Immigration. Referred.

Mr. Gilmer introduced a bill to amend the charter of the North Western North Carolina Rail Road Company Referred.

The leave of absence of Messrs Adams and Moore was extended.

Senate bill to authorize collection of arrears throughout the State, was read third time.

Mr. Gilmer moved to insert the year 1868, and advocated the passage of the bill.

Messrs, Olds, Love, Murphy and Norment, opposed the amendment.

Mr. Brogden favored the amendment.

The yeas and nays were called and the amendment was lost.

Mr. Mauney offered an amendment which was rejected.

The bill passed its third reading.

Message was received from the House of Representatives transmitting Senate bill to enable the Petersburg Railroad Company to erect a bridge across Roanoke River, with amendment was concurred in.

The hour for the special order having arrived, House resolution not to allow the Auditor's report to be published with the public laws of the State, was read.

Mr. Love moved to amend so as to include the Constitution of the State in the prohibition. Adopted.

The title of the resolution was amended and the resolution then passed second and third reading.

Senate bill concerning joint contracts, passed third reading.

Senate bill in regard to costs in cases of contested wills, failed to pass third reading—yeas, 9; nays, 25.

Senate bill to allow the transfer of certain causes pending in the late Courts of Equity, passed third reading.

Senate resolution authorizing the Governor to offer a reward of two hundred dollars for the apprehension of Luke Johnson, a criminal under sentence of death, who recently broke jail in Nash county, passed third reading.

Senate bill to consolidate the Planter's Railroad Company and the Wilmington & Onslow Railroad Company, passed third reading.

Senate bill to incorporate the Bogue Railroad Company, passed third reading.

The calendar having been exhausted, the Senate, on motion of Mr. Cook, adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TWELFTH DAY.

MONDAY, Dec. 4, 1871.

House called to order at the usual hour.

Speaker Jarvis in the Chair.

Prayer by the Rev. Dr. Atkinson of this city.

Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

INTRODUCTION OF RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Justice, a resolution to raise a joint committee to investigate certain charges against Col. Lee M. McAfee, and other members and officers of the General Assembly. Calendar.

Mr. Guyther, a resolution instructing the Public Treasurer not to move for judgement against delinquent sheriffs who have failed to settle public taxes for year 1871, until the 15th of December, unless in his opinion it shall appear that the interest of the State would be injured Calendar.

Mr. Dudley, (col.) a resolution repealing a resolution in favor of James H. Moore, Public Printer, passed at the session of 1870-'71, authorizing the Treasurer to pay Mr. Moore the sum of $700 per week for public printer. Calendar.

Mr. Tucker, of Craven, a resolution to raise a joint committee, one from each Congressional Districts, to examine and find out the indebtedness of the State. Referred.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS.

Mr. Dudly, (col.) a bill to repeal an act requiring that all State, County and Municipal officers to be voted for on a separate ballot. Referred.

Mr. McDaniel presented several bills for amending the Constitution, which were read and referred.

The Clerk announced the following gentlemen as the committee to enquire into the official conduct of Judge Logan, of the 9th Judicial District:

Messrs. Waring, Scott, Fisher, Henderson and Brown.

House bill to be entitled an act to authorize the city of Washington to issue bonds for the purpose of funding and paying off the city debt, was taken up and passed its third reading.

Senate resolution requesting the attorney General to issue out a writ of *habeas corpus* for Allen Bettis. Referred.

House resolution repealing a resolution in favor of James H. Moore Public Printer, was taken up.

On motion of Mr. Sparrow the resolution was referred to the Committee on Printing.

House resolutions to appoint a joint committee to investigate certain charges against Col. Lee M. McAfee, and other members and officers of the General Assembly, was taken up.

Mr Sparrow moved to lay the resolution on the table. Lost, yeas 45, nays 47.

Mr Dushane moved to amend by inserting the words "Loyal Leagues and other political societies."

Mr Justice moved to postpone the resolution until to-morrow, and refer the same to the Committee on Privileges and Elections. Lost.

The yeas and nays being called on the amendment offered by Mr Dushane it was adopted by yeas 93, nays 2.

Mr Crawford moved to lay the resolution on the table, which was adopted by the following vote:

Yeas—46.

Nays—43.

Mr. Justice gave notice of his intention to enter his protest against the action of the House.

Message from the His Excellency, the Governor, transmitting the report on the Insane Asylum.

Mr. Guyther moved that the message and reports be transmitted to the Senate, with a proposition to print three copies for each member. Adopted.

On motion of Mr. Sparrow, the House adjourned until to-morrow at 10 o'clock.

SENATE.

THIRTEENTH DAY.

TUESDAY, Dec. 5, 1871.

Senate met at 10 o'clock.

President in the chair.

Prayer by the Rev. Dr. Mason of the city.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Graham, of Orange, from Finance Committee reported a resolution calling for statement of the public debt, and with a report in accordance with the resolution.

The report was ordered printed.

Mr. Dargan from the Judiciary Committee reported a bill to amend section 393 of the Code of Civil Procedure, and recommend that it do pass. Calendar.

Mr. Graham, of Alamance, reported a bill relative to suits against Railroad Companies, with an amendment. Calendar.

Senate bill to incorporate the Altamahaw Coal Company, passed second reading.

On motion of Mr. Gilmer, the rules were suspended, and the bill passed third reading.

The hour for the special order having arrived, Senate bill to amend the charter of the Chatham Railroad Company, was taken up.

Mr. Gilmer offered an amendment that the Chatham Railroad Company be not released from extending their road to the Gulf, in Chatham county, unless the pay a sum not to exceed one hundred thousand dollars to the Western Railroad Company.

The yeas and nays were called, and the amendment was lost by the following vote:

Yeas—13.

Nays—27.

A motion to adjourn was lost.

The bill passed second reading.

Mr. Flemming moved that the rules be suspended and the bill be put on its third reading. Lost.

On motion of Mr. Graham, of Orange, the bill was made the special order at 10½ o'clock to-morrow.

A message was received from the Governor transmitting a letter from Charles Beckwith, of Hartford, Conn., proposing to comp omise bonds that he holds of the State at the sum recommended by the Governor in his message. Laid on the table.

A message was received from the House of Representatives transmitting the report of the Fraud Commission, with a proposition to print ten copies for the use of each member. Concurred in.

The Senate then adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THIRTEENTH DAY.

TUESDAY, Dec. 5, 1871.

House met at 10 o'clock.

Speaker Jarvis in the chair.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Collis of the House.

Journal of yesterday read and corrected by inserting the name of Mr. Darden against the tabling of the resolution in reference to Col. Lee M. McAfee and other members and officers of the General Assembly.

MEMORIAL.

Mr. Martin presented a petition from the citizens of Beaufort, asking the incorporation of the Peabody Educational Seminary and against the sale of spirituous liquors. Referred.

Mr. Justice presented a petition from a portion of the citizens of Rutherford county, charging certain members of the General Assembly as belonging to the Kuklux Klan, and asking that said charges be investigated, and held himself responsible for the language of the petition, and could prove the charges contained in the petition.

After argument,

Mr Robbins moved to reject the petition, and called the previous question. Adopted.

The question recurring on the rejection of the petition, which was adopted by the following vote:

Yeas—[illegible]

Nays—4.

INTRODUCTION OF RESOLUTIONS.

Mr Brown, a resolution requesting the Treasurer to report the amount of money paid out on account of the Fraud Committee. Calendar.

Mr Ashe, a resolution to suspend the action of chapter 155, sec. 37, acts of 1870-'71. Referred.

A number of bills were introduced.

A message was received from the Attorney General, transmitting the report of the Fraud Commission, while the report was being read.

After a lengthy debate the report accompanied with a large quantity of evidence, was by a resolution offered by Mr Robinson, transmitted to the Senate, with a proposition to print ten copies for each member of the General Assembly.

CALENDAR.

House bill to be entitled an act to amend the Code of Civil Procedure, Chapter, 1, title 11, was taken up and passed its second reading.

Mr Mabson, (col) (by consent.) a resolution to raise a joint committee to investigate certain charges against F N Strudwick, and other members and officers of the General Assembly.

Under a suspension of the rules, a resolution requesting the Secretary of State to furnish a statement of the number and condition of the artificial legs now belonging to the State was taken up.

On motion of Mr Jones, of Caldwell, the resolution was referred to the Committee on Military affairs.

House bill to be entitled "an act to amend chapter 178, section 8, laws of 1868-'69, also to amend section 29, sub-division 2, of said chapter was taken up and passed several readings.

Under a suspension of the rules a resolution requesting the Treasurer to report the amount of money paid out for the Fraud Committee, was taken up.

On motion of Mr Martin the resolution was laid on the table.

Mr Cawthorn, (colored,) moved that the House adjourn. Lost.

House bill to be entitled "an act in regard to the attendance of witnesses in civil causes upon the regular terms of the Superior Courts was taken up and on motion laid on the table.

House bill to abolish the office of State Geologist, was taken up.

On motion of Mr. Waring, the bill was postponed and made special order for Tuesday next, at 11 o'clock.

The Calendar being exhausted,

On motion of Mr. Joyner, of Johnson, the House adjourned.

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111 CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES
District of North Carolina

United States vs. 1 bbl. whiskey, 1 empty branded spirit cask, the property of Adam R Bowers and cask of 15 gallons spirits, the property of Joseph Delap — Libel of Information.

To Adam R Bowers and Joseph Delap, and to all whom it may concern:—Greeting.

Notice is hereby given that the above mentioned property was seized by C S Winstead, Collector 5th District N. C. on the 8th day of November, 1871, as forfeited to the uses of the United States, for violation of the Internal Revenue Laws, and the same is libelled and prosecuted in the Circuit Court of the United States for condemnation for the causes in the said Libel of Information set forth; and that the said causes will stand for trial at the Court Room of said Court at Raleigh in the 15th day of December next, if that be a jurisdiction day, and if not at the next day of jurisdiction thereafter, when and where all persons are warned to appear to show cause why condemnation should not be decreed, and to intervene for their interest.

Given under my hand at office, in Raleigh, this 24th day of November, 1871. S T CARROW, U. S. M.

E. M. WILLIAMS,

NEW BERN, N. C.,

Gen'l Life, Casualty, Fire

AND

Marine Insurance Ag't.

GRAND TOURNAMENT

AND BALL!

Tuesday December 26th 1871

A TOURNAMENT WILL TAKE PLACE IN this city Tuesday Dec., 26th 1871.

A Fine Saddle and Bridle

will be awarded to the successful Knight at Figure head and Ring.

Knights from a distance are invited to attend and enter the list for the prize, and the privilege of crowning the Queen and choosing the Maids of Honor.

Rules of the Tournament will be made known in due time and published on the grounds.

The Coronation Ball

will take place at Tourthrop Hall the same evening.

By order of the Committee, W. H. BRAY, Chm'n.

Knights desiring to enter should correspond with the Secretary on or before the 23d inst.

J. L. H. MISELLIER, Sec'y. Dec 8-1f

Important Notice.

NOTICE TO TAX PAYERS IN TOWNSHIP No. 8.

Notice is hereby given to all persons owing the State and County Taxes, for the year 1871, that I shall proceed to levy and sell personal property to satisfy said Taxes on the 10th day of November, 1871.

No further indulgence will be given.

ORLANDO HUBBS, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,

New Bern, N. C., Nov. 7th, 1871. Nov8tf

92. CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.
District of North Carolina.

United States vs. 11 boxes manufactured Tobacco, Property of J W Bitting. — Libel of Information.

To J. W. Bitting, and to all whom it may concern:—Greeting.

Notice is hereby given, That the above mentioned property was seized by S H Wiley, Collector of Internal Revenue for the 6th Collection District of North Carolina, on the 30th day of August, 1871, as forfeited to the uses of the United States, for violation of the Internal Revenue Laws, and the same is libelled and prosecuted in the Circuit Court of the United States for condemnation for the causes in the said Libel of Information set forth; and that the said causes will stand for trial at the Court Room of said Court at Raleigh on the 15th day of December next, if that be a jurisdiction day, and if not at the next jurisdiction day thereafter, when and where all persons are warned to appear to show cause why condemnation should not be decreed, and to intervene for their interests.

Given under my hand at office, in Raleigh, this 24th day of November, 1871.

S. T. GARROW,
United States Marshal.

Nov. 27—1w2w.

93. CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.
District of North Carolina.

United States vs. 44 Gallons of corn whisky, the property of N A Blake; 33 gallons of apple brandy and 45 gallons of white whisky, the property of Parker Overby. — Libel of Information.

To N A Blake, Parker Overby, and to all whom it may concern:—Greeting.

Notice is hereby given, That the above mentioned property was seized by Isaac J. Young, Collector of Internal Revenue for the 4th Collection District of North Carolina, on the 29th day of May, 1871, as forfeited to the uses of the United States, for violation of the Internal Revenue Laws, and the same is libelled and prosecuted in the Circuit Court of the United States for condemnation for the causes in the said Libel of Information set forth; and that the said causes will stand for trial at the Court Room of said Court at Raleigh on the 15th day of December next, if that be a jurisdiction day, and if not at the next day of jurisdiction thereafter, when and where all persons are warned to appear to show cause why condemnation should not be decreed, and to intervene for their interest.

Given under my hand at office, in Raleigh, this 24th day of November, 1871.

S. T. CARROW,
U. S. Marshal.

94. CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.
District of North Carolina.

United States vs. 16 gallons rose whiskey, 2 gallons apple brandy, the property of M Schloss; 10 gallons of gin, the property of W. V. Clifton; 10 gallons of rye whiskey, the property of Pool & Holden, and 8 gallons of whiskey property of Charles Beasley. — Libel of Information.

To M. Schloss, W V Clifton, Pool & Holden, Charles Beasley, and to all whom it may concern:—Greeting.

Notice is hereby given, That the above mentioned property was seized by Isaac J Young, Collector of Internal Revenue for the 4th Collection District of North Carolina, on the 29th day of May, 1871, as forfeited to the uses of the United States, for violation of the Internal Revenue Laws, and the same is libelled and prosecuted in the Circuit Court of the United States for Condemnation for the causes in the said Libel of Information set forth; and that the said causes will stand for trial at the Court Room of said Court at Raleigh on the 15th day of December next, if that be a jurisdiction day, and if not at the next day of jurisdiction thereafter, when and where all persons are warned to appear to show cause why condemnation should not be decreed, and to intervene for their interests.

Given under my hand at office, in Raleigh, this 24th day of November, 1871.

S. T. CARROW,
U. S. Marshal.

95 CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.
District of North Carolina.

United States vs. 44 gallons of mixed whiskey and brandy, 7 gallons corn whiskey, 2 gallons rye whiskey, the property of W N Harris, and 4 gallons of swan gin, the property of Bashford & Overby. — Libel of Information.

To W N Harris, Bashford and Overby, and to all whom it may concern:—Greeting.

Notice is hereby given, That the above mentioned property was seized by Isaac J Young, Collector of Internal Revenue for the 4th Collection District of North Carolina, on the 29th day of May, 1871, as forfeited to the uses of the United States, for violation of the Internal Revenue Laws, and the same is libelled and prosecuted in the Circuit Court of the United States for condemnation for the causes in the said Libel of Information set forth; and that the said causes will stand for trial at the Court Room of said Court at Raleigh on the 15th day of December next, if that be a jurisdiction day, and if not at the next day of jurisdiction thereafter, when and where all persons are warned to appear to show cause why condemnation should not be decreed, and to intervene for their interest.

Given under my hand at office, in Raleigh, this 24th day of November, 1871.

S T CARROW,
U. S. Marshal.

96 CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.
District of North Carolina.

United States vs. 10 gallons rye whiskey, property of Hill & Pool; 45 gallons of Monongahela whiskey, property of Pool & Uzzle, 11 gallons of apple brandy, the property of J J Overby. — Libel of Information.

To Hill & Pool, Pool & Uzzle, J J Overby, and to all whom it may concern:—Greeting.

Notice is hereby given, That the above mentioned property was seized by Isaac J Young, Collector of Internal Revenue for the 4th Collection District of North Carolina, on the 29th day of May, 1871, as forfeited to the uses of the United States, for violation of the Internal Revenue Laws, and the same is libelled and prosecuted in the Circuit Court of the United States for condemnation for the causes in the said Libel of Information set forth; and that the said causes will stand for trial at the Court Room of said Court at Raleigh on the 15th day of December next, if that be a jurisdiction day, and if not at the next day of jurisdiction thereafter, when and where all persons are warned to appear to show cause why condemnation should not be decreed, and to intervene for their interests.

Given under my hand at office, in Raleigh, this 24th day of November, 1871.

S T CARROW,
U S Marshal.

97 CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.
District of North Carolina.

United States vs. 45 gallons apple brandy, 13 gallons rye whiskey, 8 gallons of gin, the property of Marshal Roles; and 5 gallons of Cognac brandy, the property of W D Upchurch. — Libel of Information.

To Marshal Roles, W D Upchurch and to all whom it may concern:—Greeting.

Notice is hereby given that the above mentioned property was seized by Isaac J Young, Collector of Internal Revenue for the 4th Collection District of North Carolina, on the 6th day of October, 1871, as forfeited to the uses of the United States, for violation of the Internal Revenue laws, and the same is libelled and prosecuted in the Circuit Court of the United States for condemnation for the causes in the said Libel of Information set forth; and that the said causes will stand for trial at the Court Room of said Court at Raleigh on the 15th day of December next, if that be a jurisdiction day, and if not at the next day of jurisdiction thereafter, when and where all persons are warned to appear to show cause why condemnation should not be decreed, and to intervene for their interest.

Given under my hand at Office in Raleigh, this 24th day of November, 1871.

S. T. CARROW, U. S. Marshal.

98 CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.
District of North Carolina.

United States vs. 2 mules and harness, 1 buggy, 1 Carryall and 10 gallons of spirits, the property of J M Moore. — Libel of Information.

To J M Moore and to all whom it may concern:—Greeting.

Notice is hereby given that, the above mentioned property was seized by S H Wiley, Collector of Internal Revenue for the 6th Collection District of North Carolina on the 18th day of September 1871, as forfeited to the uses United States, for violation of the Internal Revenue laws, and the same is libelled and prosecuted in the Circuit Court of the United States for condemnation for the causes in the said Libel of Information set forth; and that the said causes will stand for trial at the Court Room of said Court at Raleigh on the 15th day of December next, if that be a jurisdiction day, and if not at the next day of jurisdiction thereafter, when and where all persons are warned to appear to show cause why condemnation should not be decreed, and to intervene for their interest.

Given under my hand at office, in Raleigh, this 24th day of November, 1871.

S. T. CARROW, U. S. Marshal.

99 CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.
District of North Carolina.

United States vs. 3 barrels of spirits, 1 wagon, 2 mules and harness, the property of James E Osborne. — Libel of Information.

To James E Osborne and to all whom it may concern:—Greeting.

Notice is hereby given that, the above mentioned property was seized by S H Wiley, Collector of Internal Revenue for the 6th Collection District of North Carolina, on the 14th day of September, 1871, as forfeited to the uses of the United States, for violation of the Internal Revenue laws, and the same is libelled and prosecuted in the Circuit Court of the United States for condemnation for the causes in the said Libel of Information set forth; and that the said causes will stand for trial at the Court Room of said Court at Raleigh on the 15th day of December next, if that be a jurisdiction day, and if not at the next day of jurisdiction thereafter, when and where all persons are warned to appear to show cause why condemnation should not be decreed, and to intervene for their interest.

Given under my hand at office, in Raleigh, this 24th day of November, 1871.

S. T. CARROW, U. S. Marshal.

100 CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.
District of North Carolina.

United States vs. 17 half boxes of manufactured tobacco, 1,100 lbs plug tobacco, 1,000 lbs leaf tobacco, 4 screws with shipes, shrouds, barrels and levers, &c., the property of Geo. D. Bennett. — Libel of Information.

To George D. Bennett and to all whom it may concern:—Greeting.

Notice is hereby given that, the above mentioned property was seized by C S Winstead, Collector of Internal Revenue for the 5th Collection District of North Carolina, on the 6th day of November, 1871, as forfeited to the uses of the United States, for violation of the Internal Revenue laws, and the same is libelled and prosecuted in the Circuit Court of the United States for condemnation for the causes in the said Libel of Information set forth; and that the said causes will stand for trial at the Court Room of said Court at Raleigh on the 15th day of December next, if that be a jurisdiction day, and if not at the next day of jurisdiction thereafter, when and where all persons are warned to appear to show cause why condemnation should not be decreed, and to intervene for their interest.

Given under my hand at office, in Raleigh, this 24th day of November, 1871.

S. T. CARROW, U. S. Marshal.

101 CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.
District of North Carolina.

United States vs. 3½ half barrels of spirits and 2 boxes of manufactured tobacco, 1 wagon, 2 mules and harness, the property of some person to the District Attorney, unknown. — Libel of Information.

To ——— all whom it may concern:—Greeting.

Notice is hereby given that the above mentioned property was seized by S.H Wiley, Collector of Internal Revenue for the 6th Collection District of North Carolina, on the 6th day of September, 1871, as forfeited to the uses of the United States, for violation of the Internal Revenue laws, and the same is libelled and prosecuted in the Circuit Court of the United States for condemnation for the causes in the said Libel of Information set forth; and that the said causes will stand for trial at the Court Room of said Court at Raleigh on the 15th day of December next, if that be a jurisdiction day, and if not at the next day of jurisdiction thereafter, when and where all persons are warned to appear to show cause why condemnation should not be decreed, and to intervene for their interest.

Given under my hand at office, in Raleigh, this 24th day of November, 1871.

S T CARROW, U. S. M.

102 CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES
DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA.

United States vs. 16 barrels of spirits, the property of W. D. McAdoo. — Libel of Information.

To W D McAdoo, and to all whom it may concern:—Greeting.

Notice is hereby given that the above mentioned property was seized by Isaac J. Young Collector of Internal Revenue for the 4th Collection District of North Carolina, on the 11th day of November, 1871, as forfeited to the uses of the United States, for violation of the Internal Revenue Laws, and the same is libelled and prosecuted in the Circuit Court of the United States for condemnation for the causes in the said Libel of Information set forth; and that the said causes will stand for trial at the Court Room of said Court at Raleigh on the 15th day of December next, if that be a jurisdiction day, and if not at the next day of jurisdiction thereafter, when and where all persons are warned to appear to show cause why condemnation should not be decreed and to intervene for their interest.

Given under my hand at office, in Raleigh this 24th day of November 1871.

S. T. CARROW,
U. S Marshal.

103 CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES,
DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA.

United States vs. 4 bbls whiskey, as the property of Joseph Thomburg. — Libel of Information.

To Joseph Thomburg, and to all whom it may concern:—Greeting.

Notice is hereby given that, the above mentioned property was seized by S. H. Wiley, Collector of Internal Revenue for the 8th Collection District of North Carolina on the 10th day of August, 1871, as forfeited to the uses of the United States, for violation of the Internal Revenue Laws, and the same is libelled and prosecuted in the circuit court of the United States for condemnation for the causes in the said Libel of Information set forth, and that the said causes will stand for trial at the Court Room of said court at Raleigh, on the 15th day December next, if that be a jurisdiction day, and if not at the next day of jurisdiction thereafter, when and where all persons are warned to appear to show cause why condemnation should not be decreed, and to intervene for their interest.

Given under my hand, at Office in Raleigh, this 24th day of November, 1871.

S. T. CARROW, U. S. Marshal.

104 CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES
District of North Carolina.

United States vs. 2 bbls. of brandy 1 wagon, 2 mules and harness, as the property of W F Vogler. — Libel of Information.

To W F Vogler, and to all whom it may concern—Greeting.

Notice is hereby given, that the above mentioned property was seized by C S Winstead, Collector 5th District North Carolina, on the 8th day of November, 1871, as forfeited to the uses of the United States for violation of the Internal Revenue Laws, and the same is libelled and prosecuted in the circuit court of the United States, for condemnation for the causes in the said Libel of Information set forth; and that the said causes will stand for trial at the Court Room of said Court at Raleigh, on the 15th day of December next, if that be a jurisdiction day, and if not at the next day of jurisdiction thereafter, when and where all persons are warned to appear to show cause why condemnation should not be decreed, and to intervene for their interest.

Given under my hand at office, in Raleigh, this 24th day of November, 1871.

S. T. CARROW,
U. S. Marshal.

105 CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES,
DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA.

United States vs. 935 lbs manufactured tobacco, as the property of B Taylor. — Libel of Information.

To S B Taylor, and to all whom it may concern:—Greeting.

Notice is hereby given that the above mentioned property was seized by George P Peck, Collector 2d District North Carolina, on the 27th day of September, 1871, as forfeited to the uses of the United States for violation of the Internal Revenue Laws and the same is libelled and prosecuted in the circuit court of the United States for condemnation for the causes in the said Libel of Information set forth and that the said causes will stand for trial at the Court Room of said Court at Raleigh, on the 15th day of December next, if that be a jurisdiction day, and if not at the next day of jurisdiction thereafter, when and where all persons are warned to appear to show cause why condemnation should not be decreed, and to intervene for their interest.

Given under my hand, at office, in Raleigh this 24th day of November, 1871. S. T. CARROW, U. S. Marshal

106 CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES,
DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA.

United States vs. 1 still and fixtures and 70 acres of land, on which the still fixtures are situated, as the property of Wm R Rhodes, Samuel Miller and others. — Libel of Information.

To Wm R. Rhodes, Samuel Miller, and to all whom it may concern:—Greeting.

Notice is hereby given That the above mentioned property was seized by I. J. Young, Collector, 4th District of North Carolina, on the 13th day of May, 1871, as forfeited to the uses of the United States for violation of the Internal Revenue Laws, and the same is libelled and prosecuted in the circuit court of the United States for condemnation for the causes in the said Libel of Information set forth, and that the said causes will stand for trial at the Court Room of said court at Raleigh, on the 15th day December next, if that be a jurisdiction day, and if not at the next day of jurisdiction thereafter, when and where all persons are warned to appear to show cause why condemnation should not be decreed, and to intervene for their interest.

Given under my hand at office, in Raleigh, this 24th day of November, 1871.

S. T. CARROW,
U. S. Marshal.

107 CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES,
DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA.

United States vs. 3 boxes manufactured plug tobacco, as the property of Julius Henderson. — Libel of Information.

To Julius Henderson and to all whom it may concern:—Greeting.

Notice is hereby given that the above mentioned property was seized by S. H. Wiley, Collector of 6th District North Carolina, on the 8th day of August, 1871, as forfeited to the uses of the United States, for violation of the Internal Revenue Laws, and the same is libelled and prosecuted in the circuit court of the United States for condemnation for the causes in the said Libel of Information set forth; and that the said causes will stand for trial at the Court Room of said Court at Raleigh, on the 15th day of December next, if that be a jurisdiction day, and if not at the next day of jurisdiction thereafter, when and where all persons are warned to appear to show cause why condemnation should not be decreed, and to intervene for their interest.

Given under my hand at office, in Raleigh, this 24th day of November, 1871.

S T CARROW, U. S. M.

108 CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES,
District of North Carolina.

United States vs. 9860 lbs manufactured plug tobacco and 658 lbs leaf tobacco, as the property of George W. Norwood. — Libel of Information.

To George W Norwood and to all whom it may concern:—Greeting.

Notice is hereby given, that the above mentioned property was seized by C. S. Winstead, Collector 5th District North Carolina, on the 10th day of October, 1871, as forfeited to the uses of the United States, for violation of the Internal Revenue Laws, and the same is libelled and prosecuted in the circuit court of the United States for condemnation for the causes in the said Libel of Information set forth; and that the said causes will stand for trial at the Court Room of said Court at Raleigh, on the 15th day of December next, if that be a jurisdiction day, and if not at the next day of jurisdiction thereafter, when and where all persons are warned to appear to show cause why condemnation should not be decreed, and to intervene for their interest.

Given under my hand, at office, in Raleigh this 24th day of November, 1871. S. T. CARROW, U. S. Marshal.

109 CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.
District of North Carolina.

United States vs. 1 still and fixtures, the property of John Lucas, and 200 acres of land on which said distillery is situated in Rockingham County, about 2 miles eastwardly of Bethelcross roads. — Libel of Information.

To John A Lucas, and to all whom it may concern:—Greeting.

Notice is hereby given that the above mentioned property was seized by C S Winstead, Collector of 5th District N. C. on the 7th day of November, 1871, as forfeited to the uses of the United States, for violation of the Internal Revenue Laws, and the same is libelled and prosecuted in the Circuit Court of the United States for condemnation for the causes in the said Lib