Union Liberty and Equality before the Law FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1872. The Times has been designated us the official organ of the United

OUR NOMINEES.

FOR PRESIDENT, ULYSSES S. GRANT

FOR VICE PRESIDENT, HENRY WILSON

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTOR-IND DIS'T. Wm. F. LOFTIN.

ELECTORS AT LARGE : MARCUS ERWIN, of Buncombe. SAMUEL F. PHILLIPS, of Wake.

For Elector-1st District, Dr E. RANSOM, of Tyrell.

For Elector- 2nd District. WM. F. LOFTIN, of Lencir.

For Electer-3rd District. WM. A. GUTHRIE, of Camberland.

THOMAS M. ARGO, of Orange. For Elector-5th District, STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS, of Rockingham

For Elector-4th District,

For Elector-6th District. WILLIAM S. BYNUM, of Lincoln,

For Elector-7th District, Dr. James G. RAMSEY, of Rowan.

WAR CO. WAR ST. S. S. S. For Elector-8th District,

JAMES S. JUSTICE, of Rutherford. THE CAMPAIGN TIMES.

We are desirous of affording all Re-publicans the privilege of reading the Trues from now until after the election and will send our Weekly to any address until December 1st, for 30 cents and the Daily until that time for \$1.00. This is as low as it is possible for us to furnish a campaign paper, and our friends should bestir themselves and get up clubs in every neighborhood, and send in the names at once. All orders should be accompanied by the cash and addressed New Berne Times. [From the Connecticut Courant.]

TEN THOUSAND AT STAKE. The following has been sent to this

I will bet five thousand dollars that General Grant will be our next President if he lives. I will also bet five thousand dollars that he carries the State of New York, both bets to be taken together, or I will substitute Con-. necticut for New York. The money to be deposited in a bank in Hartford.

The above is from a responsible source and parties who may desire to take up the offer will have no trouble in finding their man.

[From the New York Times.

THE TRUEST FRIEND 10 THE SOUTH. In response to the reckless suggestion of the World, that "there are not lacking some indications that it is one of Mr. Grant's first purposes, if re-elected to remodel the State Governments of North Carolina and Georgia to suit his own views." Alex. H. Stephens says in the Atlanta (Ga.) Sun: "We know nothing of the 'indications' of Gen, Grant's purposes here referred to by the New York World; but we do know that when Gov Bullock wished a 'remodeling' of the Fifth Congressional District of this State, and represented it as being in a state of insurrection, after the election of 1870, he was backed by Mr. Greeley, who then refused the law abiding people of the district a hearing in his columns against the aspersions and calumnies cast upon them. The New York World itself refused this hea ing in its columns. We know, further, that Gen. Grant at that time, refused to interfere any further in the internal af-

fairs of Georgia, though the result of the elections just held had been the restoration of the State Administration to the hands of the Democracy. We are, therefore, inclined to look upon this note of alarm as only one of the tricks of the World to favor the cause of the man, who did as much, if not move, in e lecting the remodeling of the Governments of all the Southern States, first and last, than any man living; and who now holds that it is the duty of the se centra! herd to remodel as often as it may deem it necessary to do so, to ac-

JOHN POOL. John Pool is the apparition, the epoch in the history of a national pronightmare, hobgobhn, the Gorgon's gress to which the world has never be-

ner's terror at the mere mention of the ed Stephens should some day appear to the vile wretch and reveal all he knew, it would not make Joe's hair stand on end more rigidly than it does when he sees Pool walk along the streets of Ral-

Just now all the Greeley press of the State are terribly agitated lest John Pool may after all be elected Senator instead of Vance, and with chattering teeth they are reiterating their maledictions upon him. Why is this? No Republican has suggested that Mr. Pool could be elected. Who invented the story? Was it trumped up by theselying villians so that they could get an fresh opportunity to degrade themselves by insulting the ablest and most distinguished living North Carolinian? Who can tell us the origin of this canard?-Possibly we can suggest an answer. The masses of the people of the State have more confidence in John Pool than they have in as many Joe Turners as can stand, touching elbows, between Raleigh and Washington. And it may be that somebody has dropped a word which did not strike pleasantly on the infamous Turner's scrofulous tympanum. It may be that some Greeleyite or Merrimonite, as you please, has suggested to somebody that Pool could render the State more service in the Senate than Vance. This would be a quite natural reflection, even to a Greeleyite, and if it has actually been uttered, may account for the present prevalent trepidation on the part of our dearly beloved and severely terrified brethren

However it is, we sympathize profoundly with these afflicted fellows, who it appears, can't sleep o' nights for fear of John Pool. We therefore recommend to them a dose of "M's. Winlow's Soothing Syrup," the sedative qualities of which will be good for their disored nerves .- Wilmington Post.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 22, 1872. "NO ONE TO PITY ME."

By the speech of Mr. Greeley at Lou-

sville, we are besought to pity the sorrows of a poor old man who earnestly desires to be President of the United States. but who is being rapid'y, though cautiously, convinced that he can't. At Cincinnat! his refrain was to the effect that, though a life editor and a diffuse writer, he was generally misunderstood and prosounced to be inconsistent and wanting in principle whereas he claimed to be neither. At Louisville he told a lachrymonse tale of woe as to his chances of securing the Negro vote, by insisting that the colored people did not understand him, and in this case he attributed their failing to understand him to ignorance. It may be noticable that he first admitted that he was generally misunderstood by white as well as black people all over the country, and that this was not alleged to have arisen from ignorance, hence the inference is fair that he may not have been misunderstood by the colored people through ignorance, because without ignorance he is generally misunderstood by white and black alike. But Nasby in his Kentucky bailiwick was badly needed at Mr. Greeley's elbow during his tear shedding to keep him from committing to the Confederate corners. He made a sad mistake in claiming the negro as a man and a brother on the soil of old Kentucky, and a much worse mistake in admitting that "there is no other class so generally and so bitterly opposing him as the colored people of the South," But-worse than all this, and more pitigble, is his lamentation over the fact that he, the Presidential candi late, is lied about. All good men and women everywhere are exhorted by him to discountenance and efute the charge made by some mad wag that he, the garulous, was ones a negro trader. The loss of subscribers to the New York Tribune which he so liberally charged opon Fresident Grant furing his crow-on-the-wing speech in Pennsplyania is not more annoying to the philosopher than this terrible charge of being a negro frader, and your corresponnent agrees with him that all

"LET US HAVE PEACE." The award of \$15,500,000 as damng s or the want of good faith of the British nation towards the United States during the rebellion, seems already to have almost gone out of the popular mind, Yet it distinctively marks an

goud men and women are bound to see

to it that neither of these labels should

be ever again pinned on the old white

coat which is only strong enough to

sustain that of Gratz Brown,

Richard dreamed of Clarence. They or morally in drawing the sword, how- of Missouri shall in all things have and retain hate him as conspirators hate patriots, and they fear him as fiends fear saints.

The horrid frenzy of Macbeth was mere complacency compared with Joe Tur- of Judge Hoar in Massachusetts "there the sword, now- jurisdiction of all matters arising therein; that a circuit court of the United States in and for the astern district of Missouri shall be held at the same time and place (at the city of Saint Louis) as now provided by taw for boding the circuit court of the United States. complicency compared with Joe Tur- of Judge Hoar in Massachusetts "there cannot be found on history's pages a case name of John Pool, and if the murder- in which a great nation has ever before deliberately submitted to judgment and

when it is expected the work on very extensive repairs to that dilapidated official dwe'ling which has caused him to remain out of Washington longer than he desired, will be completed.

The election of Delegates to Congress rom this District is making quite a stir. Gen'l N. P. Chipman has proved generally acceptable and very able, yet a few disappointed Republicans have been inluced to run an old stager against him in the interest of L. G. Hine, the Democratic candidate.

The general term of the Supreme Court of this District commences to-day. To-morrow the Criminal Court will reopen. Besides some hundred other cases, there are ten cases of homicide to be disposed of.

Following Father Hyacinthe's

Example. Father Hyacinthe's example will be followed, it would appear, by a large number of French priests, who, the Patrie states, are going to renounce publicly their vows of celibacy. The publicity of the renunciation is the chief novelty connected with the marriage of priests in France. The Paris Journal is a supporter of the throne and alter, and held in favor at the Archiepiscopal palace behind Notre Dame. And it says that in the diocese of Paris alone the average number of priests who marry is from twenty to thirty in the ear. It mentions that when the Abbe Michand announced to the Archbishop his intention to take a wife he met no opposition. All that was said to him was, "Marry you must, but make no noise about it." The French priests aspiring to matrimony have great difficulty in persuading women of respectable rank to espouse them. There is (says a Paris correspondent) both a strong prejudice against churchman who break their vows of ce'ibacy, and a legal hindrance to their getting married. The nulity of a miest's marriage was established a few years ago n a celebrated suit in which Madame Claude Vigon, the accomplished Parliamentary correspondent of the Indepen-

dance Belge, was plaintiff. I his lady, who has just become the wife of M. Rouvier, a Marseilles depug, had not much trouble in putting way her first husband, because he had been in holy orders before she married im. The child en born of the marriage went to the mother, for the father was incompetent to give them so much as the quasi legal status of enfants reconnus. Jules Favre exerted all bis eloquence on behalf of the repudiated husband; but the tribunal before which the case was brought ruled "that mar-riage with the Church precludes civil matrimony." This jurisprudence is disgrace to French society. But it is fact which should not be overlooked by ladies who fancy French priests.

LOFFICIAL. United States LAWS AND TREATIE

SECOND SESSION OF THE 42ND CONGRESS

Published by Authority.

[GENERAL NATURE-No. 115.] AN ACT to amend an act entitled "An act to required. egulate the diplomatic and consular systems of the United States," approved August eigh-Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Schedule C of section three of an act entitled "An act to regulate the dipomatic and consular systems of the United Stat s," approved August eighteenth, eighteen hondred and fifty-six, be consul at bantarem. Approved, June 8, 1872

[GENERAL NATURE-No. 1161 N ACT to amend an act entitled "An ac regulating proc eding in criminal cases, and for other purposes," as proved March third, eighteen hundr d and sixty-five.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Re-resentatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section two of the act entitled "An act regulating proceedings in priminal cases, and for other purposes," be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as fol-

treas n or a capital offence, the defendant shall be entitled to twenty and the United States to five peremptory challenges On the trial of any other felony, the defendant shall be entitled to ten and the United States to three peremptory criminal, each party shall be entitled to three remutory challenges; and in all cases where there are several defendants or several plantifies, the parties on each side shall be deemed a single party for the purposes of all challen es under this section. A lichallenges, whether to the array or paid, or to individual jurors, for cause or favor, shall be tried by the court without the aid of triers." Approved, June 8, 1872.

[GENERAL NATURE-No. 117.] AN ACT to provide for holding a circult goart of the United States in and for the western district of Misson i.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of Ameri-ea in Congress assembled, That a circuit

in and for both the districts of Missouri; that the said circu-teourt of the United States in and for the eastern district of Missouri shalf in a f things have and retain jurisdiction of all matters arising therein; and that the said arbitration the question whether she had circuit courts of the United States hereby committed a great national wrong. That dis ricts of Missouri shall, respectively, have grand trumph of civilzation is found in grand trumph of civilzation is found in one of the great measures of Gen'l Grant's administration.

CAPITAL TIEMS.

President Grant will return permanently to the White House Wednesday next, when it is several circuit courts of the United States for said eastern and western districts, respectively, as by existing laws is vested in the said several circuit courts of the United States for said eastern and western districts, respectively, as by existing laws is vested in the said several circuit courts of the United States for said eastern and western districts, respectively, as by existing laws is vested in the said several circuit courts of the United States for said eastern and western districts, respectively. courts of the United States over the district courts of the United States in their respective circuits. Said circuit courts shall be called, respectively, the circuit court of the United States in and for the western district of Missouri, and the circuit court of the United States in and for the eastern district of Missouri, and shall be composed, respectively, of the justice of the Supreme Court of the United States allotted to the eighth judicial circuit, the judge of the eighth judicial circuit, and the judge of the district court for the western district of Missouri, in the said western district, and of the said two first-negatives and the judge of the district court for the western district, and of the said two first-negatives. named judges, and the judge of the district said eastern district, but may be held by any one of said three judges in the absence of the the remainder. The clerk of the circuit court for present distric's of Missouri shall remain the cerk of the circuit court of the United Stutes in and for the eastern district of Missouri; and the district afterney and marshal for said eastern district of Missouri shall ucas such district attorney and marshal in said circuit court in and for the eastern district of Missouri as now provided by law. The circuit court in and for the western district of Missouri shall appoint a clerk of said court, who shall keep his office in the city of Jefferson aforesaid, perform its duties, and receive its fees and emoluments, subject and in conformity to existing laws requesting the duties, fees, and emolum nts of other clerks of circuit courts of the United States. And the district attorney and marshal for said western district of Missouri shall act as such district attorney and marsha in said circui court in and for the western district of Mis-

SEC. 3. That the United States circuit court for sald eastern and western districts of Missouri shall have power at any time to order adjourned terms of said circuit courts, re-spectively, at which adjourned terms any business may be transacted which could be transacted at any regular terms thereof. A c.py of said ord r, in the eastern district of Missauri, shall be posted on the door of the court-room, and advertised in some newspaper printed in the city of Saint Louis, and copy of said order, in the western district of Missouri, shall be posted on the court-room door and advertised in some newspaper printed in the city of J fferson, twenty days at least b. fore said adjourned terms shall be

Approved, June 8, 1872.

[GENERAL NATURE- No. 118.] AN ACT to revise, consolidate, and amend the statutes relating to the Post Office Department.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of Ameri-ca in Congress assembled, That there shall be established, at the seat of government of the United of America, a Department to be SEC 2. That the principal officers of the Post Office Department shall be one Postmas ter General and three Assistant Postmaster General, who shall be appointed by the Pre-sident, by and with the advice and consent of the Sentie, and who may be removed in the same manner; and the term of office of the Postmaster General shall be for and during the term of the President by whom he is appointed, and for one month thereafter, un-SEC. 3. That the Postmaster General may

appoint the following employees in the Post Office Department: One chief clerk for the Post master General and one for each of the As-istant Postmasters G. nera', one sup rin-tendent of Post Office bailding and distursing clerk, one superintendent and one chief clerk of the money-order system, one super-intendent and one chief clerk of foreign mails one topographer for Post Offi e Department, one assistant attorney general for the Post Office Department, one chief of division for the office of mail d predations, one chief of division of dearl-le ters, one superintendent of the b'ark-agency, one assistant superin-tendent and four assistants, for ricen clerks of class four, sixty-one clerks of class three, fifty cl rks of class two, seventy-one clerks of class one, fifty-seven female clerks, one messenger for the Postmuster General and one for each of the Assistant Postmaster Generals four assistant messengers, ten watchmen twenty five laborers, one engineer, one assistant engineer, one carpenter, one as-istant carpenter, one fireman and biacksmith, two firemen, three female laborers, a d such a bumber of ter perary clerks, female clerks, folders, watchmen, and laborers as may be

[To be Continued and published in fuil] I would sum up the policy of the Administration to be a thorough enforcement of every law; a faithful collection of every tax provided for; economy in the disbursement of the same; a prompt mended so as to add to the consuls in Brazil payment of every debt of the nation; a reduction of taxes as rapidly as the requirements of the country will admit : reduction of taxation and tariff to be arranged so as to afford the greatest relied to the greatest number; honest and fair dealings with all other peoples, to the end that war, with all its blighting consesequences, may be avoided, but without surrendering any right or obligation due to us; a reform in the treatment of In-dians, and, finally, in securing a pure, untrammeled ballot, where every man entitled to cast a vote may do so just once, at each election, without fear of molestation, or proscription on account of U. S. GRANT.

Walker & Guion have just received from Balmore 50 barrels of Flour, 10 sacks of Coffee, And to arrive by Ellen S. Terry 10 tubs of Butter; 30 barrels of Pork, 10 Tubs of Lant.
Also a nice tot of sugar-cured hams, Breakf bacon, and a few boxes of Lemons.

the stock of Ayer's Ague Cure in the Old North State became exhau tid, and before a supply could be received from Lowell, the suffering from chills and fever became fearful. A few parties were so fortunate as to have if on hand. and in Iredell County, the druggists eked out their a ender stocks by selling doses—a spoonful head, which is constantly putting in fore arrived, and makes it sure that at terror for Turner and all the other scoundrels in the State. They watch his footsteps by day in terror, lest his shaft may strike their rotten bodies, and they dream of him at night as fore any nation will be justified by ally and the state of the sure of the first court of the United States in and for the western district of Missouri her after be held at the civy of Jefferson, at the piece of holding the district court of the United States in and for the western district of Missouri her after be held at the civy of Jefferson, at the piece of holding the district court of the United States in and for the western district of Missouri her after be held at the civy of Jefferson, at the piece of holding the district court of the United States in and for the western district of Missouri her after be held at the civy of Jefferson, at the piece of holding the district court of the United States in and for the western district of Missouri her after be held at the civy of Jefferson, at the piece of holding the district court of the United States in and for the western district of Missouri her after be held at the civy of Jefferson, at the piece of holding the district court of the United States in and for the western district of Missouri, on the third district court of the United States in and for the western district of Missouri her after be held at the civy of Jefferson, at the piece of holding the district court of the United States in the United States in and for the western district of Missouri her after be held at the civy of Jefferson, at the piece of holding the district court of the United States in the United States in the United States in and for the western district of Missouri her after a court of the United States in the Uni each—for a dollar. Many paid to a hars for General LIFE, FIRE and MARINE

THE NEW-BERN DAILY TIMES.

OWN BERRIES No.

PERSONAL PROPERTY.

demonstrate by E.

NEWSPAPER IN EVERY SENSE OF THE WORD.

kepublican in Politics.

A Reflector of the Sentiments of the Republican Party.

UNION TO THE BACKBONE.

EEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF THE WHOLE PEOPLE.

Progressive in

"Man I have been shown been been been

ART, SCIENCE, COMMERCE. EDUCATION,

AGRICULTURE

TERMS, \$6 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.

Advertisements of a questionable character not admitted to its columns on any terme. Legitimate advertising done at

LIVING RATES.

THE PAPER SPEAKS FOR

citing tot gardinous structures.

MUTTERFION PUBLISHED DAILY

E. Hubbs & Co.,

No. 20 Graven Street, NEW-BERN, N. C.

D. T. CARRAWAY.

tem, but leaves the patient with unimpaired health and vior.—Raleigh (N. C.) Standard Mills, &c., at equitable rates.

WALKER, JONES & CO.,

Tobacco Manufacturers,

Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos

at prices unequalled. Have on hand a large and fine stock. PLUG from 52 to 85 cents, SMOKING, in } lbs., 65 cents, SMOKING, in & lbs., 60 cents. SMOKING, in 1 lbs., 55

Correspondence invited from the trade, as we feel assured we can please all as to price and quality. Samples sent free. LIBERAL DISCOUNTS ALLOWED ON LARGE ORDERS.

GROCERIESI

Flour.

Pork, Sugars,

Sugar Cured Hams, Breakfast Strips,

Roasted Coffee

Crackers,

Market Beef,

Best of Butter, &c., &c.

W. HOLLISTER'S

Je15tf three doors from Gaston House

Attention !

In order to make room for

OUR FALL STOCK,

sell our entire Summer Stock, consist

Dry Goods, Clothing. Shoes, Hats.

Furnishing Goods, &c.,

At Cost! At Cost!! At Cost!!

DRESS GOODS at a SACRAFICE

Come and Secure Bargains at once!

Weinstein & Bro's.

Cor. Pollock and Middle Sts.



PE ENDORSED AND PRESCRIEED BY MORE For Fever and Ague Intermittents, Biliousness and all disorders arising from mainfous causes. They re high'y recommended as an ANTI-DYSPEPTIC, and in cases of INDIGENTION are INVALUABLE. As an APPETISER and EECUPERINT, and in case of GENERAL DEBILITY they have never in a single instruce tailed in producing the most happy results.

st mee tailed in producing the most happy results. They are particularly

BENEFICIAL TO FEMALES.

Strengthoming the body, invigorating the mind, and
givin tone and elasticity to the whole system. The
HO'E BITTERS are compounded with the greatest
of care, and no tonic stimulant has ever before been
offered to the public so PLEASANT TO THE TASTE
and at the same time combinating so many remedial
agents endorsed by the medical traterility as the best
known to the Pharacopeia. It costs but little to give
them a fair trial and EVERY FAMILY should have a BOTTLE. No preparation in the world can produce so many unqualified endorsements by physicians of the very highest standing in their profession

Endorsed also by the Gergy and the leading denomi-

inqualified endorsements by physicians of the very highest standing in their profession

Endorsed also by the Clergy and the leading denominational papers.

REV. W.M. R. Barcock. the oldest Methodist minister in St. Louis. says the Home Bitters were most grateful in contributing in the restoration of my strength, and an increase of appetite.

ORBORN MO., June 25, 1871.

Persons greatly debilitated. as I have been, and who require a tonic of strauclary, heed seek for nothing better than the Home Bitters.

St. Louis Mo., Oct. S. 1870.

James A. Jackson & Co.—I have examined the formula for making the "Home Stomach Bitters." and used them in this hospital the last four months. I considered them the most valuable tonic and stimulant now in use.

St. Louis Mo., Oct. S. 1870.

James A. Jackson & Co.—Gentlemen. As you have communicated to the medical profession the recipe of the "Home Bitters." at cannot, therefore by considered as a patent medicine, no patent havity been taken for it. We have examined the formula for making the "Home Bitters." and unhesitatingly sa the combination is one of rare excellence, all the articles used in its composition are the best of the class to which they belong, being highly Tonic, Stimulent Stomachic, Carn initive, and slightly Laxative. The mode of preparing them is strictly in accordance with the rules of pharmacy. Having used them in our private practice, we take pleasure in recommending them to all pessons desirous of taking Bitters, as being the best Tonic and Stimulant now of cred to the public, Prof. Obstetrics and Diseases of Women, College of Physicians, and ate member Board of Health.

L. C. BOISLINIERE Prof. of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women, St. Louis Mc., Late Pres't, Mo. Medical College.

Drake McDowell, M. D., Late Pres't, Mo. Medical Archives.

Prof. Surgery, Mo. Medical College and late Kestoen Physician City Hospital, St. Louis Missouri.

Berbert Primm. Prof.

Practical Pharmacy, St. Louis College of Pharmary, J. C. Whitchill, Ed. Medical Archives.

Practical Pharmacy, St. Louis College of Pharmacy, J. C. Whitehill, Ed. Medical Archive Alf. Hencock, M. D.

W. A. Wilcox. M. D. E. C. Franklin, M. D. næpathic Medical College Prof. Surgery, Homepathic Medical College
T J Vastine. M D
T G Comstock M D
Prof. of Midwifery and Diseases of Women, College
of Homeopathic Physicians and Surgeons.
John T Temple. M D
Prof. Materia and Therappeutics, Homepathic
Medical College of Missouri.
Jon. Congleman. M D Lecturer
On Diseases of Children, Homepathic College of Missouri.
Charles Vastine. M D souri.

Prof. of Physiology, Homospathic Medical College of Mo.

John Hartman. M D Prof.

Clinical Medical Col. Homospathic Pphysician and

Clinical Medical Gol. Homosopathic Pphysician and Surg's.

They are Superior to all other Stomach Bitters.

Enno Sanders Analytical Chemist.

No Bitters in the Worl can excel them.

Simon Hirsch, Analytical Chemist.

Eminent Physicians of Chicago.

The formula for the Home Bitters has been submitted to us and we believe them to be the best tonic and stimulent for general use now effected to the public.

H Woodbury, M D

effered to the public.

H Woodbury, M D

Jas A Z Blaney, M D

Prof Chemistry, Russ

Medical College Chemist
H S Hahn, M D
B McVicar, M D
Nor's S Barnes, M D
T S Hoyse, M D
T S Hoyse, M D
T S Holms, M D
Ja A Collins, M D
Ja A Hahn, M D
Eminent Physicians in Cinciunati. Nearly all of whom are Professors in one of the other of the Medica. Colleges. No other bitters have ever been offered to the pay lio embracing so many valua
J L Vattier, M D
C T Simson, M D
C S Museraft, M D

S P Booner, M D G W Bigler, M D J J Quinn, M D W R Woodward, M D W T Tall. fero, M D J H Buckner, M D G A Doherty, M D C Woodward, M D G A Doherty, M B B R S Wavne, Chemist C Woodward, M D G K Taylor, M D D W McCarthy, M D P F Maley, M D K H Johnson M D 8 B Tominson, M D Eminent Physicians in Memphis.

The Home Bittlers are an invaluable remainson. C B Thorton, M D
in charge of City Hospital.

J M Rodgers, M D
M R Hodgers, M
Padi Otey, M D
Sandford Bell, M D
Eminent Physiciams in Pittsburgh

Eminent Physicians in

BF Dake, MD

WR Childs, MD

O Wuth, Chemiet,

And Hundreds of Others

in all parts of the North, West and South

SE Garnor, MD Milwaukee.

Conneil Bings, March 27, 1871.

JAMES A JACKSON & Co.—Having examined the formula of the 'Home Stomach Bitters." I have prescribed them in my practice for some time, and prenounce them the best Tonic Bitters now in use.

PH McMahon, MD. James A. Jackson & Ca., Proprietors. Lauratory 105 and 107 N. Second at at. Louis Misson

READ THIS! CHEAPEST BOARDING HOUSE IN THIS CITY, OR \$1.25 per day. Mrs. Smith on Middle Street

AMERICAN HOUSE, ENTERTAINS

TRANSIENT GUESTS with LODGING, and the best that the Market Affords.

E. M. WILLIAMS,

NEW BERN, R. C., Gen'l Life, Casualty, Fire

Marine Insurance Ag't

G. P. M. DATLE SORTH and Industry W. H. Dath DAIL BRO'S.

Wholesale Crocers,

Wholesale Liquor Dealers AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS

CASE AND CANNED GOODS, AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS

BEALERS IN ALL RINGS OF