

THE NEWTON ENTERPRISE.

"Unawed by Influence—Unbribed by Gain."

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"THE ENTERPRISE,"
NEWTON, N. C.

"A DEMOCRATIC PERSPECTIVE."

The New York Herald of Saturday, says the Wilmington Star, contains some seven or eight closely printed columns in fine type, devoted to a summing up of interviews held with the Democratic members of the Forty-fifth Congress that expired on the 4th inst., concerning the next Presidential contest. The main object of the Herald appears to have been to ascertain what were the opinions of the members of the late Congress in regard to the chances of Mr. Tilden for the Democratic nomination. The result of the inquiries has not been favorable. It found great opposition to him both in the South and in the West. Senator Thurman was found to possess great strength. Mr. Hendricks proved to be the second favorite. Mr. Bayard showed a respectable following, whilst there were some voices for Hancock and McClellan, and even "a sporadic case" for Potter. The Herald found also that the belief was general that Grant would be the Radical candidate in 1880.

As a matter of interest to our readers we give the chief points in the interviews with our North Carolina Representatives:

"Mr. Jesse J. Yeates, of the First District of North Carolina, said that Thurman is a wise, good, honest and faithful patriot, and a suitable man to be the standard bearer of the democracy. Mr. Yeates thinks he will receive the Democratic nomination in 1880. Tilden was elected President and should have secured the office. Grant will be the Republican nominee."

"Mr. Alfred M. Waddell, of the Third District, thinks Thurman is the coming man. Tilden is not popular enough, although he was badly treated. North Carolina prefers Thurman. Hendricks is also liked. Grant, he thinks, will be the choice of the Republicans."

"Mr. Joseph J. Davis, of the Fourth District, believes Thurman has the inside track. If Bayard puts himself on proper record he will be a great favorite. Tilden had one fair trial. The wrong which was perpetrated on him will create sympathy, but not enough to justify the Democratic party in trying him again. Grant is the coming man with the Republicans, and will carry all that element that wants to inaugurate jobbery."

"Mr. Alfred M. Seales, Fifth District, thinks the contest rests between Thurman, Bayard and Tilden. A reaction has taken place in favor of Tilden, but before the re-action he had no chance. Thurman suits the South. The people of that section have not looked forward to Tilden's re-nomination. They are anxious for Thurman or Bayard. Some prefer Mr. Hendricks. His section of the State is favorable to Thurman. Grant will be nominated by the Republicans."

"Mr. Walter L. Steele, Sixth District, says Tilden has no chance. There is a feeling of hostility toward him. The Democrats have been particularly fond of New York for the past ten years, and a change is necessary. He, personally, does not want Tilden. Thurman is his preference. Under Thurman, he thinks, the liberty of citizens and proper rights of the

people will be fully protected. Grant, he says, is the winning horse for the Republican nomination."

"Mr. William M. Robbins, Seventh District, thinks the probabilities are that Thurman is the coming man with the Democrats, as he occupies a commanding position before the country and the Senate, and the country sees that he takes on all great measures manly and statesmanlike positions, such as to commend him to the Democratic party, who are zealous for popular liberty and local self-government. Hendricks is a good man, too, but he seems to be in the background. Bayard is in a prominent position, and has the confidence of the country for his noble character and unquestionable integrity and devotion to right. But he is comparatively a young man and can afford to wait. I think the party would prefer to take Thurman now. Grant has the inside track."

"Mr. Robert B. Vance, Eighth District, is of the opinion that either Hendricks or Thurman will be nominated by the Democrats. He thinks these men are more acceptable to the party, particularly in the South. Tilden cannot be re-nominated. Grant is sure of the Republican nomination. The Greenback movement amounts to nothing. It is limited in extent. The Democrats and Greenbackers will unite to carry out to some extent the wishes of the latter."

SILVER MINE ROMANCES.

About ten o'clock yesterday morning a crowbar was dropped down the main vertical shaft of the Savage from the surface and went directly through a cage at the bottom, piercing the bonnet and floor. No one was on the cage at the time and no one was hurt, yet it is unpleasant to one making a trip into a mine to reflect that such things sometimes occur. As the bar fell something over five hundred yards it was traveling with the rapidity and vim of a cannon ball when it struck the cage. A bit of gravel no larger than a filbert sings like a bullet toward the latter of such a journey. A dog once fell into a shaft at Gold Hill, and though the shaft was but 300 feet in depth, three men upon whom the animal landed were killed as also was the clumsy cur that had failed to hop across the top of the shaft. A rat once fell down the Consolidated Virginia shaft in attempting to spring across a compartment, from wall plate to wall plate, and 1,100 feet below landed on the bald head of a miner and exploded like a bomb, causing the miner to think a rock had cut open the top of his skull and let out his brains. A grain of birdshot dropped into the top of a shaft 1,500 feet in depth would probably bury itself in a plank or any piece of wood it might happen to strike at the bottom. This being the case, we repeat that it is not pleasant to think of such things as crowbars going down shafts.—*Virginia City (Nov.) Enterprise.*

CHEAP ELOCUTION.

Yesterday afternoon, while a Detroit justice of the peace sat warming his feet by the stove and his nose by a cigar, a stranger entered and all presently inquired:

"Judge, how much will you charge me to read over about fifteen lines of printed matter from a book I have?"

"Why can't you read them?" replied his honor.

"I can, but I want to hear how the lines sound when read aloud. I'll give you a quarter to read them to me."

"All right," replied the justice. "I can't earn two shillings any quicker."

A woman opened the door at that moment and the stranger put down the book on the desk, clasped her hand, and said:

"Begin at the pencil mark there and read slowly."

His honor's chin dropped exactly eighteen inches by drop measure as he saw that the reading matter was the usual form of marriage, but he didn't back down from his word. It was the cheapest marriage he ever attended, and he didn't half enjoy the chuckles of bride and groom as they went out.—*D. Wolf Free Press.*

GOOD SOCIETY.

Many parents who have sons and daughters growing up are anxious for them to get into good society. This is an honorable anxiety, if it interprets good society after some lofty fashion. Parents, your daughter is in good society when she is with girls who are sweet and pure and true-hearted; who are not vain and frivolous; who think of something else besides dress, or flirting, or marriage; between whom and their parents there is confidence; who are useful as well as ornamental in the house; who cultivate their minds, and train their hands to skilful workmanship. If society of this sort is not to be had, then none at all is preferable to a worthless article. See to it that you impress this on your children, and above all, that you do not encourage them to think that good society is a matter of fine clothes, or wealth, or boasting to be somebody. As you value your child's soul, guard her against these miserable counterfeits; and impress upon her that intelligence, and simplicity, and modesty, and goodness, are the only legal coin. The same rule holds for boys as well as for girls. You would have these enter good society. Do not imagine that you have accomplished it when you have got them in with a set of boys whose parents are wealthier than you, who dress better than your boys can afford to, and who pride themselves on their social position. Good society for a boy is the society of boys who are honest and straight-forward, who have no bad habits, who are earnest and ambitious. They are not in a hurry to be men. They are not ambitious for the company of shallow-hearted women, old enough to be their mothers, and are not jealous of their friends who fancy there is something grand in dalling all the edge of their heart's hope upon such jaded favorites. There is nothing sadder than to see either young men or women priding themselves upon the society which they enjoy, when verily it is a Dead Sea apple that will choke them with its dust, when they need some generous juicy fruit to cool their lips and stay the hunger of their souls!

A CHEERFUL WIFE.

What a blessing to a household is a merry, cheerful woman—one whose spirits are not affected by wet days or little disappointments—one whose milk of human kindness does not grow sour in the sunshine of prosperity! Such a woman, in the darkest hours, brightens the house like a piece of sunshine weather. The magnetism of her smiles and the electrical brightness of her looks and movements infect every one. The children go to school with the sense of something great to be achieved; the husband goes into the world in a conqueror's spirit. No matter how people annoy and worry him through the day, far off her presence shines, and he whispers to himself: "At home I shall find rest." So day by day she literally renews his strength and energy. And if you know a man with a beaming face, a kind heart, and a prosperous business in nine cases out of ten you will find he has a wife of this kind.

HOW MUCH WEIGHT WILL A CHAIR BEAR?—A Chicago father of several attractive girls put fashionable thin-legged chairs in his parlor, and was annoyed by the frequency with which the frail furniture was broken. He asked the girls about it, and one of them, as reported by the Chicago Tribune, said: "I was sitting in the easy chair by the fire, and Char!—that is to say Mr. Smith—was sitting on the sofa by the window, when suddenly—crack, down went the little rocking chair that no one was sitting on at all. It must be the poor glue they use, or perhaps it was the frost." The father studied the subject a few days. Then he gave to each daughter a locket plainly inscribed with her name and weight, and on each chair riveted a silver plate bearing the words, "Warranted to bear up—pounds." Calling the girls, he said: "Now, if there's any more chairs broken it is because your young men can't do a sum in simple subtraction, or else because they are bent on malicious mischief and destruction of property."

CAPITONS

TO THE ACTS AND RESOLUTIONS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF 1879.

[Raleigh Observer.]
ACTS.

An act to repeal the act of the session of 1874-75, providing for two additional terms of the superior court for the county of Wayne.

An act to amend section 12, chapter 156, laws of 1876-77, relating to the privilege tax on merchants, &c.—[Strikes out the words "five dollars."]

An act to be entitled an act to repeal an act entitled an act providing for additional terms of the superior courts of Northampton and Halifax counties, ratified 17th day of March, 1875.

An act to be entitled an act to repeal chapter 50, acts of 1873-74, and also chapter 100, of the acts of 1873-74. [Relating to the times of holding terms of the superior courts in the 4th judicial district.]

An act to reduce and regulate the cost of the public printing. [Reduces the rate for composition from 75c. per 1,000 ems to 40 cents, and press work from 50 to 25 cents per token.]

An act to abolish the January term of Cumberland superior court.

An act to remedy a failure to levy taxes in the county of Granville, in the year 1878.

A joint resolution referring to a select committee on His Excellency's message, referring to public roads, &c.

An act for the relief of F. J. Satchell, sheriff of Beaufort county. [Time extended for the settlement for taxes to March 1st.]

An act to change the time of holding the superior courts in the 4th judicial district.

An act for the relief of the sureties of J. M. Monger, late sheriff of Moore county.

An act concerning the election in 1878 for certain officers. [Ratifies and confirms the election held in November last for Representatives in Congress. Also, the election held for Register of Deeds in the various counties.]

An act for the relief of B. F. Bullock, late sheriff of Granville county.

An act to authorize the collection of arrears of taxes in the towns of Salisbury and Goldsboro for the years 1876, 1877 and 1878.

An act to provide for the holding of the superior courts successively by the judges of said courts.

An act to empower the foremen of grand juries to administer oaths.

An act to establish a public ferry across the Pee Dee, in the counties of Montgomery and Stanley.

An act to amend section 1, chapter 104, laws of 1873-74, in relation to the shooting and seining of mountain trout in the waters of Elk river and its tributaries, in the counties of Mitchell and Watauga. [Includes Watauga and New River, and North Fork, and its tributaries.]

An act to amend chapters 36, laws of 1876-77. [Extends the time for the collection of arrearage of taxes by sheriffs and tax collectors.]

An act to amend the charter of Davidson College. [Increases the number of corporators from 48 to 60 members.]

An act for the punishment of the crime of larceny. [Makes the crime a felony. Also, makes it a misdemeanor for uncle and niece and nephew and aunt to intermarry.]

An act to repeal an act to provide a fund for the payment of jurors of Alleghany and Clay counties, being chapter 102, laws of 1876-77, ratified Feb. 16th, 1877.

An act to amend chapter 83, private laws of 1876-77. [Inserts "Mecklenburg" in place of "Union" in title and body of the act incorporating the trustees of Antioch Methodist church and camp ground.]

An act to amend sec. 1, chap. 269, laws of 1876-77. [Repeals the prohibitory liquor law in Graham, Alamance county.]

An act to amend chap. 48, Battle's Revisal. [Provides that a fence four feet high shall be deemed lawful in Carteret county.]

An act to incorporate Payne's benevolent society, in Rutherford county.

An act to change the time of holding the terms of the superior courts in the counties of Gates and Hertford.

An act to legalize the acts of the board of county commissioners of Wilkes county, at a meeting held on Dec. 16, 1878.

An act declaratory of the meaning of an act entitled "An act in relation to the probate of deeds and conveyances, and the privy examination of married women," ratified 3rd day of March, 1877, chap. 161, laws of 1876-77. [Validates certain acts of judges of probate.]

An act to allow Leaksville township, Rockingham county, to subscribe to the capital stock of a railroad.

An act to incorporate the Burgaw male and female academy.

An act to incorporate the town of Taylorsville, Alexander county.

An act for the relief of prisoners confined in the common jails of the State. [Requires the county commissioners to heat jails by stoves, heaters or otherwise during cold weather.]

An act supplemental to an act entitled "An act to change the time of holding the superior courts in the 4th judicial district."

An act for the relief of sheriffs and tax collectors. [Authorizes the collection of arrears of taxes for the years 1874, 1875, 1876, 1877 and 1878, &c.]

An act to incorporate Kinston fire company, No. 1, of the town of Kinston.

An act to amend chap. 245 of the acts of 1876-77, entitled "An act to divide the State into nine judicial districts." [Gives Montgomery county a one week court and Union county two weeks.]

An act to amend the charter of the Louisville branch of the W. & W. R. Road.

An act to incorporate Germania Lodge, No. 4, K. of P., of Wilmington.

An act to extend the time of paying the State taxes in the county of Dare.

An act to amend the charter of the Mt. Airy Railroad and provide for the building of a Railroad from Greensboro to Ore Knob.

An act to incorporate the Charlotte Home and Hospital.

An act to incorporate the town of Davidson College, in the county of Mecklenburg.

An act to amend sees. 8 and 10, chap. 39, Battle's Revisal, relating to the duties of county treasurers. [Specifically defines certain duties.]

An act to amend the act to charter the Watauga and Caldwell Narrow Gauge Railroad, in relation to its line of route.

An act to amend chap. 161, of the laws of 1876-77, entitled "An act in relation to the probate of deeds and conveyances, and the privy examination of married women." [Provides that no attestation of seal of the court shall be necessary or authorized to any instrument proved in the county in which it is to be registered.]

An act to prevent the felling of trees in Tar River from the Granville line to the Falls of Tar River, in the county of Nash.

An act for the relief of jurors in the county of Wilkes.

An act to amend sec. 1, chapter 67, laws of 1876-77, being an act to protect fish in Waccamaw lake and adjacent waters.

An act to amend "An act to reduce and regulate the cost of public printing," ratified Jan. 18th, 1879. [Provides for a bi-monthly examination of the accounts of the public printer.]

An act to establish a public road in Stokes county.

An act to incorporate the trustees of Centre Point Institute, in Iredell county, and for other purposes.

An act to amend an act entitled "An act to prohibit the sale of liquors in certain localities," chap. 269, laws of 1876-77, as far as relates to Zion Baptist church and other places in Halifax county.

An act to amend chapter 83, private laws of 1874-75, in regard to Wake Forest College. [Additional restrictions imposed regarding the sale of liquors, &c., to students.]

An act to abolish the tax fees of attorneys charged in bills of costs in

civil suits.

An act for the relief of the sureties of Jonas Cline, late sheriff of Catawba county.

An act to correct the erroneous numbering of certain State bonds.

An act to amend the charter of the N. W. N. C. Railroad, for the construction of a second division from the town of Winston and Salem, in Forsyth county, up the Yadkin valley by Wilkesboro to Patterson's factory, in Caldwell county.

An act to incorporate the love and charity society of Wilson Creek Academy, in Caldwell county.

An act to incorporate the Warrior camp ground, in Caldwell county.

An act to amend an act entitled

"An act to aid in the construction of the Chester & Lenoir Narrow Gauge Railroad, and the construction of the Caldwell & Watauga Narrow Gauge Railroad." [Provides for the employment of one hundred additional convicts on said roads.]

An act to prohibit the removal of cases from one county to another, except when the ends of justice absolutely require it, &c.

An act for the better protection of wild fowl in Carteret county. [Forbids the use of a swivel in hunting.]

An act to amend Battle's Revisal, chap. 65, sub-division 18, in relation to colts. [Provides that liens on colts shall cease twelve months from foaling, instead of six.]

An act to authorize the commissioners of Caldwell county to levy a special tax.

An act to amend sec. 5, chapter 71, laws of 1871-72, as brought forward in chap. 27, sec. 26, Battle's Revisal. [Applies to Robeson and Onslow counties, and relates to duties of county commissioners.]

An act to require the prosecutor to pay the costs in criminal proceedings in certain cases.

An act to repeal sees. 14 and 16, chap. 2, Battle's Revisal, and to provide for the re-organization of the Geological Bureau. [Provides for the appointment of a State Geologist by the Governor, by consent of the Senate, to hold office for two years, salary to be fixed by the agricultural bureau, and his compensation defrayed from the funds provided for the support of the department of Agriculture, &c.]

An act for the relief of sureties to the State and county bonds given by T. F. Lee, late sheriff of Wake county, for the collection of taxes for the year 1878.

An act concerning draining and damming low lands. [Re-enacts chap. 164, laws of 1868-69.]

An act to repeal sec. 29, chapter 6, Battle's Revisal, in reference to payment of expenses incurred in conveying insane persons to the Insane Asylum.

An act concerning streams, and to propel machinery. [Defines the rights and privileges of persons owning machinery propelled by water on running streams.]

An act to amend the charter of the town of Mooresville, in Iredell county, granting additional corporate privileges.

An act to continue in force an act to establish normal schools, &c. [Benefits extended so as to include females; a preparatory department provided for in connection with the colored normal schools, and appropriations annually directed to be paid as made for the years 1877 and 1878.]

An act to repeal chap. 206, laws of 1876-77. [Repeals the act entitled "An act to prevent the obstruction of fish in the waters of Black river and Six runs in the counties of New Hanover, Sampson, Cumberland and Harnett."]

An act to establish Black Mountain township in Bancombe county.

An act to change the time of holding the superior courts in the 5th judicial district.

An act to incorporate Brevard Station, Gaston county.

An act in favor of N. R. Jones, sheriff of Warren county.

An act for the benefit of the Winston, Salem and Mooresville Railroad company. [Provides for the employment of convicts not exceeding one hundred and fifty.]

[CONTINUED.]