

# THE NEWTON ENTERPRISE.

"For us, Principle is Principle—Right is Right—Yesterday, To-day, To-morrow Forever"

VOL X

NEWTON, CATAWBA COUNTY, N. C., THURSDAY MARCH 8 1888.

NO. 5

## COUNTY DIRECTORY.

### COUNTY OFFICERS.

**SHERRIFF**—S. L. Young, Newton  
**CLERK**—P. A. Hoyle, Newton  
**DEPUTY CLERK**—D. W. Cook, Newton  
**TRUSTEE**—G. W. Rabb, Newton  
**COMMISSIONER**—M. T. Saunders, Newton  
**COUNTY SUPERVISOR**—J. S. Sandy, Newton  
**COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION**—R. A. Yoder, Newton

### BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

**Mr. J. A. Felt**, Chairman—Newton  
**J. A. Bridges**—Catawba  
**J. F. Merrill**—Richmond  
**Mr. R. A. Yoder**, Sec'y—Newton.

### COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

**A. C. Carpenter**, Chairman—Jones's Fork.  
**L. B. Whitener**—Richmond  
**M. S. Abernethy**—Monroe  
**H. S. Dull**—Newton  
**A. M. Saults**—Wetters

### TOWNSHIP OFFICERS.

**Mayor**—W. A. Yonkey  
**Commissioners**—R. J. Shipp, J. B. Spitzer, W. I. C. Hillen.  
**Sup. and Towns.**—T. R. Abernethy  
**Marshall**—J. S. Allen.

### POSTMASTER.

**Miss Rosa Campbell**

### ARRIVAL OF MAIL.

**Express Mail**—Arrives at 1:07 P. M.  
**Western Mail**—Arrives at 5:21 P. M.  
**Eastern Mail**—Arrives at 8:23 P. M.  
**Local Mail**—Arrives at 10:12 A. M.

### DEPARTURE.

**Express Mail**—Leaves Newton, N. C., on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 6 A. M. Arrives, same days at 7 P. M.

### LIBRARY.

**Newton Public Library**—Semi-weekly—Arrives Tuesday and Thursday at 8 P. M. Leaves Wednesday and Friday at 7 A. M.

### DR. J. B. LITTLE, DENTIST.

Has permanently located in Newton, N. C., and offers his professional services to the citizens of Catawba county. Work done at reasonable rates and warranted to give satisfaction.

### J. E. THORNTON.

Keeps constantly on hand all sizes of Good Cotton and different quality shirtings, as fine as can be bought anywhere for the same money.

### YOUNG HOUSE.

**W. M. YOUNT, Proprietor, NEWTON, N. C.**  
All furnished rooms; polite and attentive service; table supplied with the best of the market.

### J. C. Whiteside, M. D.

**PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON**  
Having located at Newton offers his professional services to the people of Newton and surrounding country. Prompt attention given to calls. Will be found at his office when not absent on professional business.

### Dr. P. P. Langenour, Dentist.

Does all kinds of Operative, Prosthetic or Mechanical Dentistry. He has all the modern improvements in Dental machinery, Appliances, Instruments, Materials, and methods of operating.

### Tooths Extracted Without Pain.

By administering Nitrous Oxide Gas. Each without pain. Asking little cost, as all filled and made useful and durable.

### A Warning to the Public.

We are prepared to do all kinds of work in our line in first class style. Substances and cleanliness strictly observed.

### We have reason to think that our

advertisements will make desperate efforts this year to restore the State to Radical rule with all its attendant evils. Let true men and good democrats attend the conventions of our party, resolved to present for the suffrages of the people the man of integrity and recognized character, the one to whom they have nominated, and only such, and the con-

## NO HOUSEHOLD SHOULD BE WITHOUT



### DEMOCRATIC STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

**Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 25th, 1888.**  
*To the Democratic Party of North Carolina:*

At a meeting of the Democratic State Executive Committee held in this city, on the 23d of February, it was resolved that the Democratic State Convention be held in the city of Raleigh on Thursday, the 30th day of May, 1888.

The said convention will be held for the nomination of candidates for the office of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor, Treasurer, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Attorney General, three Justices of the Supreme Court—one for the vacancy now filled by appointment of the Governor, and two to take their seats in case the number of Justices shall be increased by the vote of the people—and of two Electors for the State at large, and for the election of Delegates and alternate Delegates to the Democratic National Convention to be held in the city of St. Louis on the 5th day of June next. Also for the adoption of a platform of principles and the transaction of such other business as may come before it.

It will be observed that the State Convention is to be held earlier this year than usual. This was necessary in order that the delegates to the National Convention, to be held the week after, may be selected. The National Convention is called earlier than usual in order that the party may be better organized and a more thorough campaign made in behalf of its nominees and its great principles. The same advantage attends the earlier meeting of our State Convention and nomination of its candidates.

The State committee respectfully urge upon the county committees throughout the State to take early action for the call of their county conventions, in accordance with the plan of organization which is published with this address, giving full notice of meetings in the different townships, so that primaries may be fairly held and fully attended. Thus the fairness of all nominations and other business done must be universally conceded. It is obviously important that every county shall be represented in the State Convention by one or more of its own citizens, but if for any reason one cannot attend, provision has been made for the representation of the county by any person appointed by the chairman of the county convention, or in case of his failure to appoint, by one appointed by its secretary. For purposes of efficient organization it is desirable that all vacancies in the different committees be filled at once by active and zealous men.

At the recent meeting of the State committee it was made my duty to call special attention to the chairman of county and Congressional executive committees to the necessity of immediate steps to provide for the election of delegates to the National Convention for the different districts. If it shall seem impracticable to call conventions to meet in some of the districts for this purpose, it is suggested that the end may be effected by authorizing delegates to the State Convention from such districts to meet in Raleigh on or about the 30th of May in district conventions and elect delegates to represent the districts at St. Louis.

We have reason to think that our adversaries will make desperate efforts this year to restore the State to Radical rule with all its attendant evils. Let true men and good democrats attend the conventions of our party, resolved to present for the suffrages of the people the man of integrity and recognized character, the one to whom they have nominated, and only such, and the con-

tinued supremacy of the white race, which is synonymous in North Carolina with the supremacy of the Democratic party, will be assured for another term of years.

For the committee.  
**R. H. BATTLE, Chm'n.**  
**B. C. BROKWITH, Sec'y.**  
(State papers will please copy.)

### PLAN OF ORGANIZATION OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

**Dist. Central Ex. Committee.**  
**Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 23.**

The following is the plan of organization heretofore adopted by the State Democratic Committee for the guidance of the party:

#### TOWNSHIP ORGANIZATION.

1. The unit of county organization shall be the township. In each township there shall be an executive committee, to consist of five active Democrats, who shall be elected by the Democratic voters of the several townships in meeting called by the county executive committee. And said committee so elected shall elect one of its members as chairman, who shall preside at all committee meetings.

2. The several township executive committees shall convene at the meetings of the several county conventions, or at any time and place that a majority of them may elect, and shall elect a county executive committee, to consist of not less than five members, one of whom shall be designated as chairman, who shall preside at all of said committee meetings.

3. In case there shall be a failure on the part of any township to elect its executive committee for the period of thirty days, the county executive committee shall appoint said committee from the Democratic voters of said township.

4. The members of the township committees shall elect to any vacancy occurring in said committees.

5. The county executive committee shall call all necessary county conventions by giving at least ten days notice by public advertisement in three public places in each township, at the court house door, and in any Democratic newspaper that may be published in said county, requesting all Democrats of the county to meet in convention on a common day therein stated, which said day shall not be less than three days before the meeting of the county convention, for the purpose of electing their delegates to the county conventions. Thereupon the conventions so held shall elect their delegates to represent the township in the county conventions from the voters of the respective townships, which delegates, or such of them as shall attend, shall vote the full Democratic strength of their respective townships on all questions that may come before the said county conventions. In case no convention shall be held in any township in pursuance of said call, or no election shall be made, the township executive committee shall appoint such delegates.

6. Each township shall be entitled to cast in the county convention one vote for every twenty-five Democratic voters, and one vote for fractions of fifteen Democratic voters cast by that township at the last preceding gubernatorial election: *Provided*, That every township shall be entitled to cast at least one vote, and each township may send as many delegates as it may see fit.

7. In cases where townships consist of more than one ward or precinct, each of said wards or precincts shall be entitled to send delegates to county conventions, and shall cast its proportionate part of its township's vote, based upon the last preceding vote for Governor in said township.

8. The chairman of township committees shall preside at all township conventions. In their absence any other members of said committees may preside.

9. In cases where all the township executive committees are required to meet for the purpose of electing county executive committees, said meetings shall be deemed to have a quorum when a majority of such townships shall be represented in said meeting.

#### COUNTY AND DISTRICT CONVENTIONS.

1. The several County Conventions shall be entitled to elect to their Senatorial, Judicial and Congressional Conventions, one delegate and one alternate for every fifty Democratic votes, and one delegate for fractions over twenty-five Democratic votes cast at the last preceding gubernatorial election in their respective counties, and none but delegates or alternates so elected shall be entitled to seats in said conventions: *Provided*, That every county shall have at least one vote in each of said conventions.

2. The chairman, or in his absence member of the county, senatorial, judicial and congressional committee, shall call to order their respective conventions, and hold the chairmanship thereof until the convention shall elect its chairman.

3. The executive committees of the senatorial, congressional and judicial districts, respectively, shall at the call of their respective chairmen, meet at some time and place in their respective districts, designated in said call

And it shall be their duty to appoint the time and place for holding convention in their respective district; and the chairman of said respective committees shall immediately notify the chairman of the different county executive committees of said appointment, and the said county executive committees shall forthwith call conventions of their respective counties in conformity to said notice, to send delegates to said respective district conventions.

#### STATE CONVENTIONS.

1. The State Convention shall be composed of delegates appointed by the several county conventions. Each county shall be entitled to elect one delegate and one alternate for every one hundred and fifty Democratic votes, and one delegate for fractions over seventy-five Democratic votes cast therein at the last preceding gubernatorial election; and none but delegates or alternates so elected shall be entitled to seats in said convention: *Provided*, That every county shall have at least one vote in said convention.

#### GENERAL RULES.

1. Such delegates (or alternates of absent delegates) as may be present at any Democratic convention shall be allowed to cast the whole vote to which their township or county may be entitled.

2. If no delegate or alternate shall attend a State convention from any county any person appointed by the President of the County Convention, or on his failure by its Secretary, may represent the county.

3. In all conventions provided for by this system, after a vote is cast there shall be no change in such vote until the final result of the ballot shall be announced by the chairman of said convention.

4. All Democratic executive committees shall have the power to fill any vacancy occurring in their respective bodies.

5. That the chairmen of the different county conventions shall certify the list of delegates and alternates to the different district and State conventions, and a certified list of said delegates and alternates to the State conventions, shall be sent to the Secretary of the State Central Committee. For the committee:

**R. H. BATTLE, Chairman.**  
**B. C. BROKWITH, Secretary.**  
(State papers please copy.)

#### Ray and Anderson's Families.

**Richmond, N. C., Feb. 23, 1888.**  
The many statements going the rounds of the press caused us to write to Bakerville, and in reply we have from a source entirely reliable, the following: "Ray's family left here for parts unknown last fall. It was reported he came after them, but in our opinion that is not correct. Anderson's children are at Capt. Brown's but at this writing (Feb. 23d.) Mrs. Anderson and Capt. Bowman are on a visit to Madison county. The supposition is that she will see Anderson before returning, as it is generally believed that he is in hiding in Madison county among some of his relatives."

Ray and Anderson both married daughters of Capt. Bowman, who lives in Bakerville.

#### All Happily Ended.

**Charlotte Chronicle.**  
Dr. D. C. Atkinson of Chester, S. C. passed through the city last night with his bride, Miss Little, whose supposed marriage with a young man named Mintz, a few days previous to her marriage with Mr. Atkinson, has created so much talk. Dr. Atkinson has been in Gaffney's investigating the matter, and says that he is fully convinced of the truthfulness of his wife's statement. She stoutly avers that the alleged marriage with Mintz never took place, and that he got up the report out of jealousy merely to injure her in the eyes of Dr. Atkinson. Our Gaffney City correspondent says that the people there commend Dr. Atkinson's course in the matter.

An inquiring New Yorker wrote to a prominent clergyman to name his favorite book. The clergyman replied "Shakespeare." He then wrote to a prominent actor, asking him the same question. The actor answered "The Bible."

Warner's Log Cabin Sarsaparilla Regulates the Regulator. Largest Sarsaparilla bottle in the market. Manufactured by proprietors of Warner's Safe Cure. Sold by all druggists. Take no other—it is the best.

In addition to the good name he so highly cherished, Mr. W. W. Corcoran has left his grandchildren \$1,000,000 apiece. This should make their names good—on the bottom of checks.

Be discreet in all things, and so render it unnecessary to be mysterious about any. There is nothing mysterious about the action of Warner's Log Cabin Hope and Buech Remedy. It puts the stomach in healthy action. Good digestion and health naturally follow. Be discreet and use this, the best remedy.

## THE TARIFF BILL.

Completed and Submitted to the Full Committee.

**WASHINGTON, March 1.**—The tariff bill which the Democratic members of the Ways and Means committee of the House have been at work on since Congress assembled in December has been completed and was today submitted to the full committee. It is very voluminous, containing about 15,000 words and specifying by name each of the 4,000 articles in the tariff, together with the duty, whether specific or ad valorem. The bill as presented applies only on custom duties and includes an amendment to the law and general provisions relating to the administration of the general laws. The internal revenue features will be added later. In many cases the specific duties have been changed to ad valorem, and a statement of the exact per cent of the reduction on the various items has not yet been completed.

The bill reduces the revenue by the closest estimate which can be made by at least \$53,000,000, of which \$22,250,000 come from the extension of the free list, \$12,000,000 from woolens; \$11,000,000 from sugar; \$15,000,000 from earthen and glass ware; nearly \$2,000,000 from metals; \$500,000 from chemicals; \$500,000 from provisions; \$250,000 from cottons; nearly \$2,000,000 from hemp, jute, etc., and about \$10,000,000 from sundries. Some of the more important items are "pig iron and iron keelings" duty reduced from \$7 per ton to \$6; steel railway bars, etc., weighing not more than 25 pounds to the yard, reduced from \$17 to \$11 per ton. The duty on awl-needles reduced from 40 per cent ad valorem to 10 per cent; duty on pen knives, pocket knives and razors reduced from 50 per cent to 35 per cent ad valorem; on type metal from 20 per cent to 15 per cent ad valorem; on cabin and house furniture of wood finished, reduced from 35 per cent to 30 per cent; round iron in coils and rod and rolled iron 1 cent per pound; black toggle iron 30 per cent; hoop iron 1 cent per pound; cast iron 6-10 of a cent per pound; nails 1 cent per pound; tacks 35 per cent per pound; awls, anchors, etc., 1 1/2 cent per pound; rivets, etc., 1 1/2 cent per pound; hammers, tubes, sledges, axes, etc., 1 1/2 cent per pound; chains 2 per cent per pound; files 35 per cent; ingots 4-10 per cent per pound. Wire and manufactures thereof are left unchanged, provided that no duty exceeds 50 per cent. Old copper clippings one cent per pound; copper manufactured two cents per pound; lead one and one fourth cents per pound, in sheets two and a quarter cents per pound; nickel in one ten cents per pound; zinc spelter two cents per pound; hollow ware two and a half cents per pound; machine needles twenty per cent.

The entire wood schedule subjected to 30 per cent duty; cotton yarn reduced to 35 and 40 per cent; bleached linens to 25 per cent; other yarns 25 per cent; cotton cloth to 40 per cent. The duty on the various grades of sugar is reduced as follows: From 2 1/2 to 1.50 per cent; from 3 to 2.20 per cent; from 3.50 to 2.50 per cent. Starobes are reduced in duty from 2 cents per pound to 1 cent per pound; the duty on rice cleaned is reduced from 2 1/2 to 2 cents per pound; on uncleaned rice from 1 1/2 to 1 1/4 cents per lb; raisins were reduced from 2 cents to 1 1/2 cent per pound; peanuts (shelled) from 1 cent to 3-4 cent per pound; (shelled, from 1 1/4 to 1 cent per pound; mustard from 10 cents per pound to 6. As to woolen and worsted cloths, shawls and all manufactures of wool of every description, and having both specific and ad valorem duties, the specific duty is taken off, and an ad valorem duty of 40 per cent fixed. The specific duty is taken off flannels, blankets, hats of wool knit goods, etc. The specific duty is taken from women's and children's dress goods, coats, linings, calicos, cloths, etc., and the ad valorem duty raised from 35 per cent to 40 per cent. The specific duty of 40 per cent is taken off ready made clothes and the ad valorem only raised to 45 per cent. From cloaks, dolmans, jackets, etc., the specific duty of 45 per cent per pound is removed, and the ad valorem duty raised from 35 to 45 per cent. Brooms are reduced from 25 to 20 per cent ad valorem, canes and sticks from 35 to 20, matches from 25 to 25, gloves from 50 to 40, human hair from 35 to 20, bracelets, braids, chains, etc., from 35 to 25. On marble, sawed, dressed, etc., including marble slabs and paving tiles the duty is reduced from 1-10 to 85 per cent. Pipes, pipe bolts and smokers articles, not special, reduced from 10 per cent and 50 on common clay pipes from 35 to 25. Reductions are made in the rates of duty on a great variety of other articles: chiefly articles used in household and general consumption.

The free list is largely added to. Among the principal items being timber in its various forms. Salt, fax, straw, hemp, iron or steel shelters or plates or taggers, iron coated with tin or lead known as tinplate, terno plates and taggers tin. All non-dutiable minerals, but which have been advanced in value or condition by refining or grinding or by other pro-

cess of manufacture not especially enumerated or provided for; all earthen or clays unwrought or manufactured, China clay or kaoline, opium, crude, containing 9 per centum and over of morphia for medicinal purposes; iron and steel cotton ties or hoops for baling purposes, not thinner than number twenty wire gauge; needles sewing, darning and knitting, and all others not specially enumerated or provided for in this act; copper imported in form of ores, regulus of black or coarse copper and copper cement; all copper fit only for remanufacture; nickel in ore matter, or other crude form not ready for consumption in the antimony as regulus or metal; quicksilver, chromate of iron, or chromic ore; mineral substances in a crude state and metals unwrought, not specially enumerated or provided for.

### The North Carolina Historical Society.

**CHAPEL HILL, N. C., February 20 1888.**

**DEAR SIR:**—It has been truly said that "North Carolinians make history; they do not write it." Their noble State has lost incalculable treasures bought by the heroic sufferings and struggles of her children. She is worthy of honor, but the world esteems her not, for it has never heard of her greatness. She may always aim to be true to the present; she is certainly always unfaithful to the past; and that involves loss to both the present and the future. Alas! much that was most honorable in her history has perished from the earth. Shall it always be thus?

The North Carolina Historical Society, at the University is resolved to do what it can to rescue from threatened oblivion whatever of valuable historical material may still be saved. Realizing how swiftly the witnesses of the late war are passing away and how constantly the scattered and fragmentary proofs of its momentous events are being carelessly destroyed, the Society makes its earnest appeal to all patriotic citizens to join at once in the effort to gather all noteworthy material bearing on the part the State, her troops, or any other of her people bore in the great struggle of the Confederacy. We want the reports of her civil and military officers, the story of her troops in the field—embracing what is notable in the life of all, from the youngest private in the Junior Reserve to the chivalrous rank of her Generals. We want the history of the prisoners confined in her borders and of her sons who were prisoners in the North. We want the home life as it was experienced by different classes in every part of the State in those bloody years. We want the minute recital of what was said and done in the multitude of homes that fell within the power of the troops of Sherman, Stoneman, Foster and others. We want a graphic and minute account of every battle, skirmish and raid that occurred on her soil. We want all letters, master-rolls, commissions and other written or printed documents connected with the participants in the struggle.

Our object is not to revive or perpetuate bitterness of feeling, but to gather and preserve the materials of history for the instruction of the present and the future. The University will set apart a hall for the preservation and display of all relics and documents confided to the care of the Society, and it is proposed to make publications from time to time of such matter as may be of general interest.

Very respectfully,  
**KEMP P. BATTLE,**  
**A. W. MANOLE,**  
**GEO. T. WINSTON,**  
**CLAUDIUS DOCKERT,**  
**S. B. WELLS.**  
Ex. Com. of N. C. Historical Society.

#### The Oldest Woman.

The stories about old men and old women becoming so numerous that a Utah paper proposes to overtop them all and stop further discussion by producing a woman aged 172 years. She was born in Virginia and was present when Washington cut down the cherry tree. The old lady still bears a mark on the left shin where the father of his country hit her with a frying pan for threatening to tell his father.

The only way to be thought anything is to be it. The success of Warner's Log Cabin Liver Pills lies in the fact that they do what they purport to. They act pleasantly, effectively and at once. Purely vegetable and harmless.

Japanese papers tell of a native girl only 12 years and 5 months old who stands eight feet high and weighs over 270 pounds. Her hands are nine inches long and her feet fifteen inches. She will be considerable of a girl when she gets fully grown.

A sparrow in the hand is worth two on the roof. A bottle of Warner's Log Cabin Sarsaparilla is better for a man with impure blood than half a dozen doctors. It is an old-fashioned but certain remedy. Largest bottle on the market.

## STATE NEWS.

The Y. M. C. A. of Wilson, in having a thousand maps printed showing the location of the churches of the city. The maps are to be placed in hotels, boarding houses and other conspicuous places.—*Wilson Advance.*

March 15th will be North Carolina day at the Jacksonville (Florida) Exposition, and tickets will be on sale at Charlotte on March 13th and 14th. The tickets will be sold for one straight fare, \$17.25 and will be good for 30 days.—*Charlotte Chronicle.*

Wilkes takes the cake in the egg business. Mr. James Hunt has a common hen that lays eggs as large as goose eggs. We have just seen the recipients of four of these eggs which weighed in the aggregate 67 ounces. The largest one weighed 14 ounces, the next in size 5 ounces. They are certainly the largest we have yet seen or heard tell of. All who have any doubt about the matter can see the eggs by calling at this office. Remember that such eggs are produced in Wilkes from common breeds of chickens. What would be the consequence if we should put some of the improved stock on Wilkes soil.—*Wilkesboro Chronicle.*

The Counsel of State has assigned apartments in the new public building to the Superintendent of Public Instruction, the clerk of the Supreme Court and the State Attorney General. The irrepressible Col. Kenan, clerk of the Supreme Court, sat yesterday with his usual facetiousness that if any honor attached to the cases first dispatched in the new building as being the first to christen the establishment, that honor would belong to the fifth district, as appeals from that district would be the first business transacted in the new building. It has also been practiced that there is to be a scramble among the members of the legal fraternity for the honor of arguing the first case.—*News & Observer.*

## SILK RIBBONS!

Those of our lady readers who would like to have an elegant, large package of extra fine Assorted Ribbons (by mail), in different widths and all the latest fashionable shades, adapted for Bonnet Strings, Neckwear, Scarfs, Trimming for Hats and Dresses, Bows, Fancy Work, &c., can get an astonishing big bargain, owing to the recent failure of a large wholesale Ribbon Manufacturing Co. by sending only 25 cents (stamps) to the address we give below.

As a special offer, this house will give double the amount of any other firm in America if you will send the names and P. O. address of ten newly married ladies when ordering and mention the name of this paper. No pieces less than one yard in length. Satisfaction is guaranteed, or money cheerfully refunded. Three packages for 60 cents Address,

**LONDON RIBBON AGENTS, JEREMY CITY, N. J.**

March 1st 1888.

**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**  
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in compensation with the multitude of low cost, light weight adulterated imitations. Sold only in cans. Royal Baking Powder Co., N. Y.

### M. L. McCORKLE,

**ATTORNEY AT LAW,**  
**NEWTON, N. C.**

### L. L. WITHERPOON

**ATTORNEY AT LAW,**  
**NEWTON, N. C.**

### ASPEN GROVE

**Stock Farm,**  
**R. F. KENNARDT,**  
Proprietor of Short Horn Cattle.  
**NEWTON, N. C.**