

The Enterprise.

Newspaper Laws.

Any person who takes the paper regularly from the postoffice, whether directed to his name or whether he is a subscriber or not, is responsible for the pay.

The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers and periodicals from the postoffice is not evidence of intentional fraud.

THURSDAY, -- MARCH 15, 1888.

AFFAIRS IN GERMANY.

In the death of the aged Emperor of Germany there passes from the stage one of the chief actors of this century, and the most distinctive link between the present and the past. He was born just eleven years after the death of his uncle Frederick the Great, whom Macaulay calls "the greatest King who ever ascended by right of birth to a throne." But at his birth the fair kingdom which his great ancestor had carved out, and for thirty years successfully defended against the combined armies of Russia, France and Austria, was sorely pressed by his father's enemies; and while on the knees of his patriotic mother, the news was received of a disastrous defeat of the Prussian army at the hand of France. She called his elder brother and thus exhorted the boys, "Remember this defeat when you are men, not to mourn over it, but to avenge it, to throw off the shame of it, and to reconquer the glory France has snatched from us. Become men, anxious only for the glory of the great Generals and heroes. Without such ambition you are not worthy to be nephews of Frederick the Great. If you fail, seek an honorable death on the battlefield!"

On his tenth birthday he received his commission of second lieutenant in the army, and from that day lived in the lines or in camp. At seventeen he fought in the battle of Waterloo and saw the "old Guard" of Napoleon demolished by Blucher's Germans; and thus he began to carry out the injunction of his mother. He soon rose to commander in chief of the Prussian army, and immediately after he succeeded his brother, as King, in 1861 he silenced Austria on the famous field of Sadowa. In 1870 at Sedan he fulfilled the letter his mother's command by a complete overthrow of the French armies; and to make the fulfillment more conspicuous he was crowned in the French capital of Versailles, in the brilliant Hall of Mirrors, Emperor of Germany.

Since the close of the Franco-Prussian war he has devoted his time to strengthening and educating the army, and leaves to his descendants an empire larger and stronger than that of Frederick the Great, and an army that France and Russia combined are afraid to attack, though they would pounce upon it at any moment, but for this fear.

His son who succeeds him as Emperor, Frederick III, is 57 years old, and like his father was reared in the field. He is by all odds the most accomplished soldier of all the crowned heads of the world. He commanded in person the corps that struck the decisive blow at Sadowa, won the first victory in the Franco-Prussian war, and led the last charge at Sedan.

He married Victoria, the eldest daughter of the Queen of England, and both he and his wife are favorites with the people. They have been less exclusive and less inclined to despotism than the late Emperor, and the liberal classes have long looked forward with joy to his accession. But it is feared that his reign will be very short. He is afflicted with cancer of the throat, similar to that with which General Grant died, and has for months been on what has been considered his death bed. But seeming to gain strength by the excitement of the crisis he has arisen from his bed, and gone to Berlin to assume the reins of Government.

His son, Prince William who will succeed him, is 29 years old, a trained soldier, like his ancestors, but has not the admirable social qualities, or the love of the people, that his father possesses.

People are asking what effect this change of Rulers will have on the affairs of Europe. Will Russia and France consider it an opportune time to precipitate the war for which they have long been preparing? Perhaps they may, but the impression prevails that Bismarck, the great politician and diplomat who has long been the power behind the throne, will continue to guide the affairs of State, and that matters will continue during his life time as though there had been no change of Emperors.

We have thought it appropriate to dwell at length on this important crisis in Germany, because three-fourths of the people of this country are of German descent; and although through Americans and wedded to a Democratic form of Government, yet doubtless take a deep interest in the Fatherland.

All goods in my house will be sold to you on six months time by giving a good note. This offer holds good until the 1st of April.

T. M. WARLOCK.

THE REVENUE BILL.

We last week gave the text of the bill of the Ways and Means committee, framed with a view of modifying the internal revenue laws and reducing the amount annually collected. This will be joined to the tariff bill before the committee submits any bill to the full House. In its consolidated form the bill will be a fair and moderate measure, in regard both to the tariff and the internal revenue. We hope to see it pass. We analyzed the principal tariff features last week. The leading features of the internal revenue portion of the bill are: All taxes on tobacco, except cigars, cigarettes and cheroots, are abolished and all special taxes (that is license taxes) except for the sale of cigars, cigarettes and cheroots are abolished.

This will give the tobacco farmer the right to sell or manufacture his tobacco when, where or how he may please. The Commissioner is given authority to extend to brandy distillers the same privilege of bonding their spirits and paying taxes any time within three years, that the whiskey distillers enjoy, instead of requiring the tax to be paid within four months as the law now requires. This is all the brandy men could expect as long as the whiskey tax remains, for it would be impossible to collect the tax on one if the other was free. The other leading feature is that it gives the commissioner authority to establish a joint warehouse for several distilleries instead of one for each, and to dispense with storekeepers at distilleries of less than 25 bushels daily capacity. This is left entirely to the discretion of the commissioner, and it is more than likely that it will be found impracticable, first because of the difficulty of collecting all the tax, which the bill specially enjoins, and secondly because it would be discriminative, as some States have all large distilleries and some all small ones.

THE RANDALL BILL.

Randall has just introduced his tariff bill. It proposes to reduce the internal revenue taxes \$70,000,000 and the tariff duties \$25,000,000; the main item being \$49,000,000, resulting from reducing the whiskey tax from 90 to 50 cents per gallon. Mr. Randall hopes to get it passed as a substitute to the bill of the Ways and Means Committee, in order to prevent the tariff reductions provided for in that bill. He claims that he will have the support of the Republicans and forty Democrats for his bill.

The bill of the Ways and Means Committee was carefully prepared, with due regard for the interests of all sections of the country. It is a fair compromise between the advocates of tariff reduction and internal revenue reduction. It meets the cry of West and North and South for lower duties on the necessities of life, and also meets the call from Virginia, North Carolina and Tennessee for a modification of the internal revenue laws.

We hope the members from North Carolina will stick squarely to the bill of the Committee, and not allow themselves to be entrapped by Randall's Schemes. We admit that a large portion of the Democrats of North Carolina would like to see more done to the revenue laws than is contained in the Committee's bill. But the only vital difference between that bill and Randall's is that the latter repeals the brandy tax, and the former does not. We admit that so far as the Democratic party in this State alone, is concerned, that it would be desirable to repeal the brandy tax. But that is manifestly impracticable so long as there is any tax on whiskey, whether 90 or 50 cents per gallon, and we do not believe North Carolina Democrats are so sentimental and so unreasonable as to demand the party to do for them alone, what the party at large considers.

Both bills repeal the tobacco tax. There cannot be made a single argument why the Randall bill would be more acceptable to North Carolina Democrats on account of the reduction of the whiskey tax from 90 to 50 cents. The system would remain. The machinery and expense of collecting the tax would be the same as now. And as long as whiskey is taxed there is not one good citizen in ten who would rather see the tax 50 cents than 90 cents. There is no demand for cheap whiskey. Especially is this so when it is secured for the sole purpose of keeping up the duties on the necessities of life. Here is a most potent issue between cheaper drinks, or cheaper sugar, cheaper clothes, cheaper salt, and cheaper farming utensils.

Fresh stock of clover seed at the Hardware Store.

New Spring Clothing arriving daily at ROYSTER & MARTIN, White Front Hickory, N. C.

My store is full of new goods and they must be sold. New Lawn 5 CENTS. J. R. GAITHER.

Largest and best assortment of men and boys clothing ever brought to this market. T. M. WARLOCK.

ANOTHER GREAT BLIZZARD.

The greatest blizzard ever known east of Chicago has been raging since Sunday noon, with its centre about New York City. At Norfolk a gale set in Sunday morning, and all along the Atlantic coast, north of that point, it raged with unprecedented fury till Monday morning. At Washington all the telegraph poles were blown down, cutting off communication absolutely from every direction; and the poles, wires and trees across the tracks stopped all the trains. During Sunday night it began snowing, and at places it is the deepest snow ever known. Below we give a few of the dispatches with which the Wednesday papers are filled:

Baltimore advices are to the following effect: None of the Western Union wires, except the Western lines, were open, and no messages could be received or sent.

The snow lay so heavy upon the wires that hundreds of telegraph and telephone poles, strong as they are, were snapped off. Particularly was this true in the eastern section of our city.

As the night wore on the storm increased in violence, no one being in a position to appreciate its terrific character who did not make the experiment of going out on the street. The storm, however, was not local in its character, and was not confined to Baltimore. At Blue Ridge Summit, on the Western Maryland Railroad, a raging snow storm began falling at half-past one o'clock on Sunday morning, continuing unabated all day, until it had reached a depth of twelve inches. The storm extended unbroken from Union Bridge to Hagerstown. Indeed, the storm was quite extensive, taking in the entire East, and at half-past ten o'clock Baltimore was almost entirely cut off from the outside world.

New York advices say: The State of New York is absolutely snowed under. The oldest person never saw its equal; not one train was dispatched by either the Erie or Central Monday, something unprecedented. Telegrams from distances of two hundred miles have the same story to tell, namely—"It's the worst storm ever known here."

The police authorities say the storm has not been equalled since 1855. Owing to the tremendous gale and terrible snow storm, there have been no arrivals or departures from this port. Navigation has been almost wholly abandoned in the rivers and harbor, and even the boats on the different ferries made only infrequent trips.

Frozen ears and feet were never so numerous. The drug stores were filled with patients all day and evening. A woman absolutely froze to death at the corner of Fulton and Broadway streets, popularly supposed to be the busiest four corners on the earth.

Geo. Barrymore, a well-known importer and dealer in hops, at No. 33 Water street, was found frozen stiff in the snow on Seventh avenue. Barrymore lived with his wife and family in the Osborn flats on 51st street. He started for his office down town yesterday and it is supposed to be he came exhausted and dropped by the way. The body of Annie Halpin Fisher, aged about 30 years, was found yesterday evening frozen stiff in a hallway on West 39th street. She was once well known in society, but had fallen into bad habits.

The produce, coffee and cotton exchanges have all adjourned for the day.

Troy, N. Y., March 13.—It is snowing and the earth is covered to the depth of four feet.

SARATOGA, N. Y., March 13.—Forty inches of snow have fallen here. The wind is blowing from all quarters of the compass.

POLITICAL POINTERS.

The Secretary of the Treasury, estimates that the surplus revenue collected during the year ending June 30th, 1888 will be \$155,000,000 instead of \$140,000,000 according to the estimate contained in his message last fall.

The executive committee of the 6th Congressional district has called a convention at Raleigh, May 30th to appoint delegates to the National Conventional, and a second Convention in Wilmington to nominate candidates for Congress and elector, June 27th.

The Democrats of Burke were the first to hold their county convention. They met last week and appointed delegates to State convention. A resolution was adopted endorsing Judge A. C. Avery to the Supreme Court.

Some of the mountain counties talk about pitting Frank Cox against Rich. Pearson for Congress. It would be a new departure in North Carolina, if man's money carried him to Congress.

The Virginia State Convention will meet in Norfolk May 16th.

It is presumed in Washington that Blaine will be the candidate for Governor of Maine this year.

The report comes from New York that Gov. Hill will not antagonize President Cleveland at St. Louis, but will head the delegation and make the speech nominating Cleveland.

Buckton's Arnica Salve
The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chills, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Abernethy & Williams.

Your attention is invited to the Spring bargains now shown by ROYSTER & MARTIN, Hickory, N. C.

THE OLD NORTH STATE.

Two hundred and fifty persons were converted in New Bern during Mr. Pearson's meetings and fully as many nominal Christians re-awakened.

A town is being started on the Richmond and Danville railroad, 11 miles north of Charlotte, to be called Birmingham.

Duke & Co. of Durham have increased their paid in capital from \$250,000 to \$600,000, and will enlarge their works.

Last Friday evening Mrs. Louis Wickey an insane woman, was burned to death near Jonesboro. She had been left alone in the house when house and contents were consumed.

Capt. John E. Dugger, a noted educator, died in Warrington last Friday.

The State Convention of Y. M. C. A. will be held in Charlotte this year, beginning April 19th.

The Carolina Land and Lumber Company is digging canals to drain the famous Robinson cove swamps. They own about thirty-five or forty thousand acres and expect to get it all in a condition for cultivation soon, and also reap a rich harvest of timber.

The Salisbury cotton mills have bought 20 acres of land for their works outside town limits, near federal cemetery.

Col. Jno. R. Winston of Caswell county who has several times run for Governor, as a Greenbacker died at his home last Friday of consumption.

The Mt. Holly Fair will be held in enclosed ground this year, and a big time is expected.

Col. W. J. Martin, acting president of Davidson College recently received \$1000 from a lady who withheld her name, with instructions to use to the best advantage. He divided it equally between two poor boys struggling their way through College.

The Superintendents of public instruction of all the Southern States will meet at Morehead City June 20th and 21st, during the session of the teachers' association.

Mrs. J. E. B. Stewart, widow of the Southern cavalry hero of the late war, has notified the secretary of the North Carolina Teachers' Association that she will be with them at their meeting in June at Morehead City. Mrs. Stewart is president of the Female College at Staunton, Va.

Col. Charles R. Jones has bought the evening *Herald* of Charlotte and changed its name to the *Observer*. It has the old familiar head, and we hope it will soon become as prosperous and lively as the *Observer* was in its palmy days. If Col. Jones will stick squarely to the Democratic party and its nominees he can be very useful to the party and his work is sure of appreciation.

A Charlotte *Chronicle* reporter has interviewed most of the large tobacco manufacturers of the State and finds that nearly all are in favor of the total abolition of the tobacco tax.

E. D. Latta & Co. of Charlotte have sold to the racketeer stock 4,000 pairs of pants of their own manufacture.

The dwelling house of Mr. Logan Harris of Raleigh was burned Sunday night.

The Durham smoking tobacco manufacturers are opposed to the repeal of the tobacco tax, but favor the part of the bill giving farmers right to sell leaf tobacco as they please.

The New Bern Fish, Oyster and Game Fair was opened by Gov. Seales Tuesday, in the presence of 2000 people. It is said to be the finest fair of the kind ever held in the State. A live porpoise is on exhibition nine feet long. The survivors of Burnside's army that captured New Bern in 1862 are at the fair, and held a reunion at the battle ground Wednesday.

The plague of meningitis is playing sad havoc with the children on the Catawba river in the vicinity of Triangle and Denver in Lincoln county. A great many cases are reported, several of which have been fatal. The following died last Monday: A boy of Oliver Cherry, aged 10 years; one of Alfred Hagar, 8 months old; and a boy of James Black, 8 years old; also, on the 3rd instant, a daughter of David and Mary Cherry, aged 8 years. The above information was given the *Chronicle* by Esquire Davis, of Denver, who reported also that Col. Geo. Kincaid, of Denver, is at the point of death with heart disease.—*Charlotte Chronicle*.

CONGRESSIONAL SUMMARY.

In the Senate Thursday, March 8th the bill granting pensions to soldiers and dependents of soldiers, totally incapacitated on account of age passed the Senate. It is estimated that 21,801 names will be added to the rolls by this bill. Blair introduced a bill granting pensions to all soldiers who served three months in the federal army. In the House a bill was passed appropriating \$20,000 to purchase the sword of Gen. James Shields from his widow. A bill giving people the right to elect postmasters was reported by the postoffice Committee.

In the House Friday March 9th, a bill appropriating \$20,000 to the Episcopal Theological Seminary of Alexandria, Va. to pay for the use of the building by the Northern troops during the war, was passed. In the Senate on Monday March 12th Mr. Colquitt, of Georgia made a speech endorsing the President's message with regard to diminishing the surplus by reducing tariff duties. Dolph, of West Virginia replied, saying he favored getting rid of the surplus by building coast defenses, and keep up the protective duties. In the House Mr. Randall introduced his Revenue bill.

NEWS IN A NUTSHELL.

The *Evening Union* newspaper in Springfield Mass. was burned last Wednesday evening. The fifty persons in the building had a thrilling escape from the building, six perished in the flames.

Hon. C. C. Meminger, of South Carolina, a prominent Southern politician during the war, died at Charleston, last Wednesday.

Neal Dow, the great Maine prohibitionist, was defeated in the election for mayor of Portland.

A petition containing 102,000 names has been sent to the Senate against the admission of Utah as a State while under control of the Mormons.

Five expert counterfeiters were arrested in Norfolk last Friday for passing counterfeit silver dollars.

It is claimed that the remains of Alexander the Great have recently been discovered in Sidon.

Comptroller Durham has decided that U. S. witness and jury tickets are not transferable, and that the U. S. Marshal has no authority to pay them to anyone but the person whom they are issued.

Col. E. B. Cash, a noted South Carolinian, died of apoplexy at his home in Chesterfield county last Saturday.

John L. Sullivan and Charlie Mitchell, the United States and English champions fought for three hours and eleven minutes in France last Saturday, without either wounding the other. The fight was declared a draw.

The Imperial Commissioners, appointed by the Chinese Government to investigate the overflow of the yellow river, report to the Emperor that fully 100,000 people have been drowned and that 180,000 more are homeless.

Since complete arrangements have been made for the sale of immigrant tickets to the South, the greatest immigration movement ever known is expected from the West to the South.

A steamship has just arrived in San Francisco from China and brings news of an earthquake in that country on December 15th, last, in which 15,000 persons were killed.

Morrislow, Tenn. has a young lady who has discovered that she possesses all kinds of spiritualistic powers, and beats Lulu Hurst in doing some things. Her name is Miss Lucy Byrd.

In Illinois, Saturday a cyclone struck a frame house and carried it twelve feet. There were several persons in it but none were injured.

On Monday Major Blankenship, president of the Old Dominion Iron and Nail Works, was run over and is a cripple. He is being carried by a freight car in the yard of the R. & D. R. R. Company at its depot in Richmond. In crossing the track he stumbled and fell forward under the rear car of a moving train.

A passenger train collided with a freight train on the Potomac and near Pittsburg Tuesday. One engineer and one fireman were killed and several passengers badly hurt.

A mass-meeting in Denville Va. Tuesday resolved to hold a grand Southern tobacco exposition and trades display here next fall. There will be added exhibits of agricultural products, stock and machinery of all kinds.

NEWTON PRODUCE MARKETS.

Apples—Dried, per lb.....	5@
Butter per lb.....	10@15
Bacon per lb.....	10@
Beeswax—Dried, per lb.....	7
Beeswax per lb.....	20
Corn.....	60@65
Chickens, each.....	15@25
Eggs, per doz.....	12@
Flour, Strict Family.....	2.00
Flour, "Extra.....	40@50
Hides—Green, per lb.....	6@4
"Dry, per lb.....	10@12
Meal—Corn, per bu.....	70
Peas—Clay, per bu.....	60
"White, per bu.....	75
Potatoes—Irish, per bu.....	40
"Sweet, per bu.....	50
Rye, per bu.....	75
Tallow, per lb.....	8@
Wheat per bu.....	80@90



Be Sure to Get Hood's Sarsaparilla, my child. See that they do not give you anything else. You remember it is the medicine which did me so much good a year ago—my favorite.

Spring Medicine
Nearly everybody needs a good spring medicine like Hood's Sarsaparilla to expel impurities which accumulate in the blood during the winter, keep up strength as warm weather comes on, create an appetite and promote healthy digestion. Try Hood's Sarsaparilla and you will be convinced of its peculiar merits. It is the ideal spring medicine—reliable, beneficial, pleasant to take, and gives full value for the money. Be sure to get Hood's Sarsaparilla.

100 Doses One Dollar
Solely by all druggists. \$1.50 per box. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

House and Lot FOR SALE.
N. W. WANKMAKER will sell house and lot in Newton, on his lot price and terms. Jan 23rd.

For The Nervous The Debilitated The Aged.

Medical and scientific skill has at last solved the problem of the long needed medicine for the nervous, debilitated, and the aged, by combining the best of nature's gifts, Celery and Cocoa, with other effective remedies, which, acting gently but efficiently on the kidneys, liver and bowels, remove disease, restore strength and re-awaken vitality. This medicine

Paine's Celery Compound

It fills a place heretofore unoccupied, and marks a new era in the treatment of nervous troubles. Overwork, anxiety, disease, loss of foundation of nervous prostration and weakness, and experience has shown that the usual remedies do not meet the strain and paralysis of the nervous system. Recommended by professional and business men. Read for circulars.

Price \$1.00, sold by druggists.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors BURLINGTON VT.

MRS. GRIFF'S REAL HAIR RESTORER

REALLY REMOVES DANDRUFF.

REALLY STOPS HAIR FALLING.

REALLY RESTORES LOST HAIR.

REALLY AN EXCELLENT HAIR TONIC.

REALLY AN ELEGANT HAIR DRESSING.

REALLY DOES WHAT IT CLAIMS.

REALLY ONLY 50c PER BOTTLE.

MILLINERY.

In order to make a change in our business, in the Millinery goods at cost. We have now on hand a nice lot of black and colored silk velvets, also a nice lot of black and colored ribbons, also a nice lot of black and colored satins in almost every color. Type in black and all fancy shades, plumes, fancy bird wings and also felt and straw hats and every thing in the Millinery line. Don't fail to come and see our prices for we mean what we say.

We would also call attention to our stock of dress just received, consisting of China in several styles, painted, Bisque Indestructible wax etc.

RESPECTFULLY,

THE MISSES VANSTORY.

NORTH CAROLINA Superior Court pro CATAWBA COUNTY proceedings.

LUCINDA SIGMON, widow

vs.

H. S. SIGMON, J. M. SIGMON, J. E. SIGMON, ADA SIGMON and THOS. SIGMON.

In this proceeding for Dower, it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, from the affidavits of plaintiffs and the return of the sheriff that H. S. Sigmon, J. M. Sigmon, J. E. Sigmon, and Thos. Sigmon are non-residents of this State, therefore do hereby order that H. S. Sigmon, J. M. Sigmon and Thos. Sigmon, are notified to appear and answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the time given by statute, or the relief demanded, in the complaint will be granted.

P. A. HOYLE, C. C. C. Attorney for Plaintiff.

Feb. 23 1888—6 w.

LIVERY STABLES

Having bought Wilson and Trotts Livery Stock and added to my own, I am now better prepared than ever to carry on the Livery Business.

Persons from the South going to Sparkling Catawba Springs can save time and money by procuring conveyance from me at Newton.

Address all Correspondence to E. R. BOST

I will continue to sell Buggies and Wagons

W. H. WILLIAMS.

ALL PERSONS

debted to us are expected to call and

PAY UP.

Goods of Every Kind

WILL BE SOLD

CHEAP for CASH.

VOYNT & SHRUM.

CALL AND EXAMINE

MY NEW STOCK OF

Ladies and Gents Shoes—

Before you buy elsewhere as you can save money by so doing.

I also have Saddles, Harness, Collars, Whips, &c., which I will sell cheap for cash or produce

L. P. LONK.

G. E. COULTER & CO.

Just Received

—A LOT OF—

Men's Heavy and

Medium Grade

SHOES

Misses and children

heavy neat grained

Shoes.

Ladies and Misses

fine kid shoes.

Spring Mattress.

A. J. SEAGLE.

NEW GOODS.

Having just returned from the Northern markets, I am now receiving the largest stock of

DRY GOODS,

Notions,

HATS,

Clothing,

SHOES,

TINWARE,

and everything belonging to a general stock of goods that has ever been brought to the town and I propose to sell them cheap for cash. You will do well to call and examine my stock before buying. I will sell as cheap as the cheapest for the money down. Don't forget to call before buying.

J. R. GAITHER

WE

are still selling at cost and we have a few more pieces of Calicoes, Worsted Flannels and Pant goods, Table Cloth &c left

Also a few stockings, Ribbons, Collars, Ties, Hats, Caps and Shoes left yet

Now ladies and men if you want a chance at these

CHEAP GOODS

come right along and get your bargains. We also will have a good cheap

Coffee at 20 c Per lb.

Come and get some of it, and we are still giving those that invitation to come at once and pay us.

Yours Truly,

G. E. COULTER & CO.

The Sun.

FOR 1888.

The year 1888 promises to be a year of political developments, one of our most glorious and triumphal.

UNITED DEMOCRACY.

In the Front Line will be found